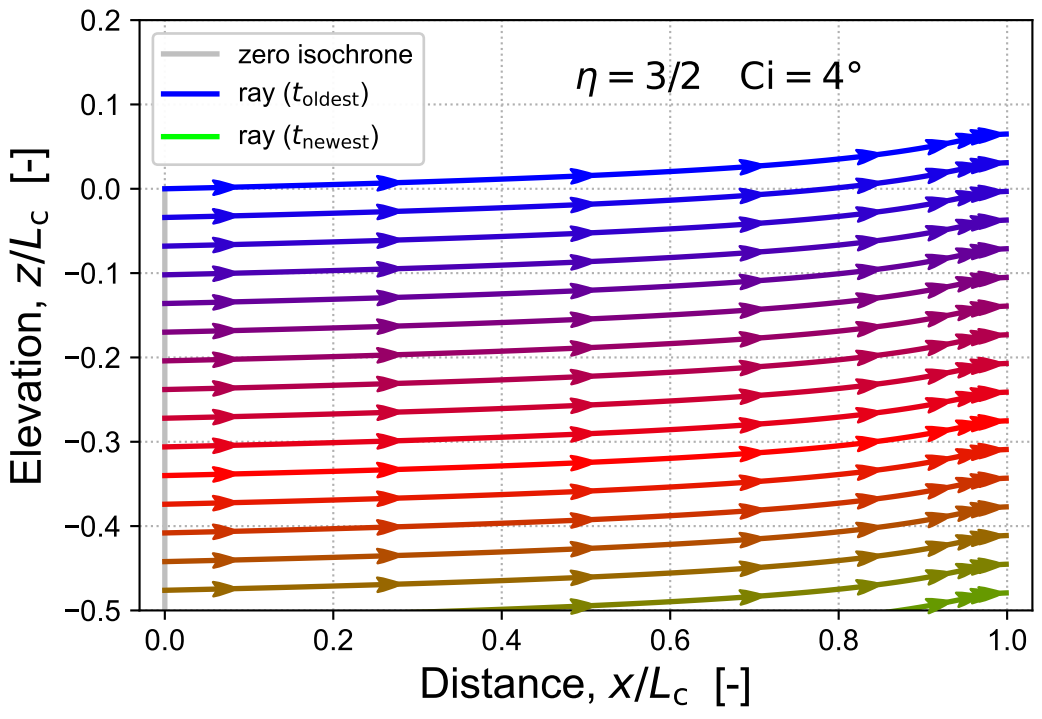
zero isochrone
ray (t_{oldest})
ray (t_{newest})
$\eta = 3/2$ Ci = 4°
Elevation, z/L_c [-]
Distance, x/L_c [-]
0.2
0.1
0.0
−0.1
−0.2
−0.3
−0.4
−0.5
0.0
0.2
0.4
0.6
0.8
1.0