MATH3431 Machine Learning and Neural Networks III

Epiphany term 2024

## Homework 1

Lecturer: Georgios P. Karagiannis

georgios.karagiannis@durham.ac.uk

As formative assessment, submit the solutions to all the Exercises

**Exercise 1.**  $(\star)$  Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}$  be a convex and  $\beta$ -smooth function.

1. Show that for  $v, w \in \mathbb{R}^d$ 

$$f(v) - f(w) \in \left(\left\langle \nabla f(w), v - w \right\rangle, \left\langle \nabla f(w), v - w \right\rangle + \frac{\beta}{2} \|v - w\|^2 \right)$$

2. Show that for  $v, w \in \mathbb{R}^d$  such that  $v = w - \frac{1}{\beta} \nabla f(w)$ , it is

$$\frac{1}{2\beta} \|\nabla f(w)\|^2 \le f(w) - f(v)$$

3. Additionally assume that f(x) > 0 for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$ . Show that for  $w \in \mathbb{R}^d$ ,

$$\|\nabla f(w)\| \le \sqrt{2\beta f(w)}$$

**Exercise 2.**  $(\star\star)$  Let  $f:\mathbb{R}^d\to\mathbb{R}$  be a  $\lambda$ -strongly convex function. Assume that  $w^*$  is a minimizer of f i.e.

$$w^* = \operatorname*{arg\,min}_{w} \left\{ f\left(w\right) \right\}$$

Show that for any  $w \in \mathbb{R}^d$  it holds

$$f(w) - f(w^*) \ge \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w - w^*\|^2$$

**Hint** Use the definition of  $\lambda$ -strongly convex function, properly rearrange it, and ...