MATH3431 Machine Learning and Neural Networks III — Epiphany term 2024

Homework 1

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As formative assessment, submit the solutions to all the Exercises

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Exercise 1. ($\star$) Let $f : \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}$ be a convex and β-smooth function.

(1) Show that for $v, w \in \mathbb{R}^d$

$$f(v) - f(w) \in \left(\langle \nabla f(w), v - w \rangle, \langle \nabla f(w), v - w \rangle + \frac{\beta}{2} \|v - w\|^2 \right)$$

(2) Show that for $v, w \in \mathbb{R}^d$ such that $v = w - \frac{1}{\beta} \nabla f(w)$, it is

$$\frac{1}{2\beta} \|\nabla f(w)\|^2 \leq f(w) - f(v)$$

(3) Additionally assume that $f(x) > 0$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$. Show that for $w \in \mathbb{R}^d$,

$$\|\nabla f(w)\| \leq \sqrt{2\beta f(w)}$$

Solution.

Exercise 2. ($\star$) Let $f : \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}$ be a λ-strongly convex function. Assume that w^* is a minimizer of fi.e.

$$w^* = \arg\min_{w} \{f(w)\}$$

Show that for any $w \in \mathbb{R}^d$ it holds

$$f(w) - f(w^*) \geq \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w - w^*\|^2$$

Hint: Use the definition of λ-strongly convex function, properly rearrange it, and let the coefficient $a \to 0$.

Solution.