

module_03.R

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2021-01-26

```
candidate_names <- c("Jeb", "Donald", "Ted", "Marco", "Carly", "Hillary",
"Bernie")
ABC_results <- c(4, 62, 51, 21, 2, 14, 15)
CBS_results <- c(12, 75, 43, 19, 1, 21, 19)

results <- cbind(candidate_names, ABC_results, CBS_results)
results

##      candidate_names ABC_results CBS_results
## [1,] "Jeb"          "4"           "12"
## [2,] "Donald"       "62"           "75"
## [3,] "Ted"          "51"           "43"
## [4,] "Marco"        "21"           "19"
## [5,] "Carly"        "2"            "1"
## [6,] "Hillary"      "14"           "21"
## [7,] "Bernie"       "15"           "19"

results.df <- data.frame(candidate_names, CBS_results, ABC_results)
results.df

##   candidate_names CBS_results ABC_results
## 1         Jeb          12           4
## 2        Donald          75          62
## 3          Ted          43          51
## 4         Marco          19          21
## 5         Carly           1           2
## 6        Hillary          21          14
## 7         Bernie          19          15

mean(results.df)

## Warning in mean.default(results.df): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA

## [1] NA

mean(results.df[,2:3])

## Warning in mean.default(results.df[, 2:3]): argument is not numeric or
## logical:
## returning NA

## [1] NA
```

#The above two methods for obtaining the mean of CBS and ABC columns are returning

#an error, so I will obtain their means another way

```
mean(results.df$CBS_results)
```

```
## [1] 27.14286
```

```
mean(results.df$ABC_results)
```

```
## [1] 24.14286
```

#The means and other descriptive information can also be attained with 'summary'

```
summary(results.df)
```

```
## candidate_names      CBS_results      ABC_results
## Length:7            Min.   : 1.00    Min.   : 2.00
## Class :character    1st Qu.:15.50    1st Qu.: 9.00
## Mode  :character    Median :19.00    Median :15.00
##                      Mean    :27.14    Mean    :24.14
##                      3rd Qu.:32.00    3rd Qu.:36.00
##                      Max.    :75.00    Max.    :62.00
```

#I ran into errors trying to perform matrix multiplication with the provided dataset,

#so I will attempt to recreate the conditions found in the provided text.

```
a <- c(1,2,3)
```

```
b <- c(10,20,30)
```

```
c <- c(100,200,300)
```

```
d <- c(1000,2000,3000)
```

```
C.df <- data.frame(a, b, c, d)
```

#Creating B object from what I can tell from example

```
B <- matrix(rep(1010101,12), nrow=3)
```

```
#as.matrix(C.df)%*%B
```

#That didn't work, so I will try it another way

```
C.m <- as.matrix(C.df)
```

```
B2 <- 1010101
```

```
C.m * B2
```

```
##           a           b           c           d
## [1,] 1010101 10101010 101010100 1010101000
## [2,] 2020202 20202020 202020200 2020202000
## [3,] 3030303 30303030 303030300 3030303000
```

#That way was successful, but I've still been unable to perform multiplication using the

%% operator....*

```
m <- matrix(1:8, nrow=2)
n <- matrix(8:15, nrow=4)
```

```
m%%n
```

```
##      [,1] [,2]
## [1,]  162  226
## [2,]  200  280
```

```
n%%m
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,]   32   72  112  152
## [2,]   35   79  123  167
## [3,]   38   86  134  182
## [4,]   41   93  145  197
```

#The operator functions properly with different matrices, so there must be an issue

#of compatibility between the C.m and B matrices I am attempting to multiply together.

#I will make a smaller matrix B to see if that will help.

```
B3 <- matrix(rep(1010101,4, nrow=2))
```

```
#C.m %% B3
```

#Welp that didn't work... moving on

```
C.m
```

```
##      a  b  c  d
## [1,] 1 10 100 1000
## [2,] 2 20 200 2000
## [3,] 3 30 300 3000
```

```
mean(C.m)
```

```
## [1] 555.5
```

```
#mean(as.data.frame(C.m))
```

```
mean(C.df)
```

```
## Warning in mean.default(C.df): argument is not numeric or logical:
returning NA
```

```
## [1] NA
```