```
# gerardo Herrera... random forest (500 arboles) con 28k instacias de normal y recovering y 2
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import os
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
from tqdm import tqdm notebook
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error
pd.options.display.precision = 15
import time
# Libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
pd.set_option('max_columns', None)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
!pip install lightgbm
!pip install catboost
import datetime
import lightgbm as lgb
from scipy import stats
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, StratifiedKFold, KFold, cross_val_score
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
import os
import lightgbm as lgb
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, roc auc score
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn import linear model
from tqdm import tqdm notebook
from catboost import CatBoostClassifier
     Requirement already satisfied: lightgbm in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (2.2.3)
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from lig
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from lig
     Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (1
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.11 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (1
     Collecting catboost
       Downloading <a href="https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/52/39/128fff65072c8327371e3c594f3@">https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/52/39/128fff65072c8327371e3c594f3@</a>
                                             66.2MB 61kB/s
     Requirement already satisfied: graphviz in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.16.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from catbout Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from cataged Requirement already satisfied: plotly in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from cataged Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-package Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Requirement already satisfied: python3.6/dist-packages (from Cataged Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Cataged Requirement already satisfied: pyth
```

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
    Mounted at /content/drive

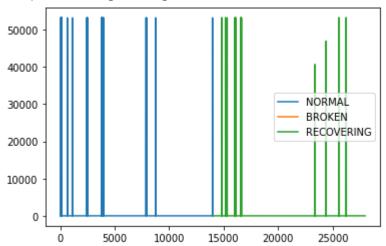
# sensor = pd.read_csv('../input/sensor.csv')
# sensor = pd.read_csv('../input/vombas/sensor_procesado.csv')
#sensor = pd.read_csv('dataset_sensor_procesado.csv')
#sensor = pd.read_csv('../input/bombas-sensores-conocidos/sensor2.csv')
#sensor = pd.read_csv('../input/bombas-sensores-conocidos/sensor2.csv')
#sensor = pd.read_csv('../input/28k-s24-balan-vombas/sensor2-ordenado_status_sin_broken_balan
#sensor.drop(['Unnamed: 0'], axis=1, inplace=True)

sensor = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/My Drive/datasets/sensor2-ordenado_status_sin_broken_balan)
sensor.head()
```

```
#sensor.drop(['sensor_15'], axis=1, inplace=True)
sensor.drop(['timestamp'], axis=1, inplace=True)

# lineA DE LOS 22K INSTANCIAS
plt.plot(sensor.loc[sensor['machine_status'] == 'NORMAL', 'sensor_02'], label='NORMAL')
plt.plot(sensor.loc[sensor['machine_status'] == 'BROKEN', 'sensor_02'], label='BROKEN')
plt.plot(sensor.loc[sensor['machine_status'] == 'RECOVERING', 'sensor_02'], label='RECOVERING
plt.legend()
```

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f5d05b9b470>



```
cleanup_nums = {"machine_status": {"NORMAL": 0, "RECOVERING": 1,"BROKEN": 2}}
sensor.replace(cleanup_nums, inplace=True)
```

sensor.head(30)

	Unnamed:	sensor_00	sensor_01	sensor_02	sensor_03
0	0	2.465394	47.092010000000002	53.211799999999997	46.310760000000002
1	1	2.465394	47.092010000000002	53.211799999999997	46.310760000000002
2	2	2.444734	47.352429999999998	53.211799999999997	46.397570000000002
3	3	2.460474	47.092010000000002	53.16839999999998	46.397567749023402
4	4	2.445718	47.135410000000000	53.211799999999997	46.397567749023402
5	5	2.453588	47.092010000000002	53.16839999999998	46.397567749023402
6	6	2.455556	47.048609999999996	53.168399810790994	46.397567749023402
7	7	2.449653	47.135410000000000	53.168399810790994	46.397567749023402
8	8	2.463426	47.092010000000002	53.168399810790994	46.397567749023402
9	9	2.445718	47.178820000000002	53.16839999999998	46.397567749023402
10	10	2.464410	47.4826400000000004	53125.0000000000000000	46.397567749023402
11	11	2.444734	47.916660000000000	53.16839999999998	46.397567749023402
12	12	2.460474	48.263890000000004	53125.0000000000000000	46.397567749023402
13	13	2.448669	48.4375000000000000	53.16839999999998	46.397567749023402
14	14	2.453588	48.567709999999998	53.16839999999998	46.397567749023402
15	15	2.455556	48.394100000000002	53125.0000000000000000	46.397570000000002
16	16	2.449653	48.394100000000002	53.16839999999998	46.310760000000002
17	17	2.463426	48.48089999999998	53.689240000000012	46.310760498046896
18	18	2.445718	48.611109999999996	53125.0000000000000000	46.310760498046896
19	19	2.464410	48.611109999999996	53.168399999999998	46.310760498046896
<pre>col in sensor.columns[1:-1]: sensor[col] = sensor[col].fillna(sensor[col].mean()) sque aleatorio</pre>					

for co se

```
# bosque aleatorio
```

23 23 2.453588 49.088540000000002 53.1683999999999 46.267360687255895 sensor.fillna(sensor.mean(), inplace=True) sensor.head()

```
Unnamed:
                   sensor 00
                                       sensor 01
                                                          sensor 02
                                                                              sensor 03
      0
                0
                    2.465394 47.092010000000002 53.21179999999997 46.310760000000002 6343
      1
                1
                    2.465394 47.092010000000002 53.21179999999997 46.310760000000002 6343
      2
                2
                    2.444734 47.35242999999999 53.21179999999997 46.397570000000002
                                                                                             6
print(sensor.shape)
     (28002, 26)
# Encontrar características importantes en Scikit-learn
# from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
#Create a Gaussian Classifier
#clf=RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=100)
#Train the model using the training sets y pred=clf.predict(X test)
#clf.fit(X train,y train)
# no correr
#import pandas as pd
#feature imp = pd.Series(clf.feature importances ,index=iris.feature names).sort values(ascen
#feature_imp = pd.Series(clf.feature_importances_,index=sensor.columns[19:27]).sort_values(as
#print(feature imp)
#Visualización
#import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
#import seaborn as sns
#%matplotlib inline
# Creating a bar plot
#sns.barplot(x=feature imp, y=feature imp.index)
# Add labels to your graph
#plt.xlabel('Feature Importance Score')
#plt.ylabel('Features')
#plt.title("Visualizing Important Features")
#plt.legend()
#plt.show()
```

```
#y=sensor['target'] # Labels
y=sensor['machine_status'] # Labels

# Split dataset into training set and test set
#X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3) # 70% training and
```

X=sensor[['sensor_00', 'sensor_01', 'sensor_02', 'sensor_03', 'sensor_04', 'sensor_11', 'senso

```
# Split dataset into training set and test set
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2) # 80% training and 2
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
#Create a Random Forest Classifier
clf=RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=500)
start = time.time()
#Train the model using the training sets y_pred=clf.predict(X_test)
clf.fit(X train,y train)
stop = time.time()
print(f"Training time: {stop - start}s")
y pred=clf.predict(X test)
#Import scikit-learn metrics module for accuracy calculation
from sklearn import metrics
# Model Accuracy, how often is the classifier correct?
print("Accuracy:", metrics.accuracy score(y test, y pred))
#predicciones del item 17156 q es 1
clf.predict([[0.0,53.55902,52.77777,43.402774810790994,204.72509765625,3.7302410000000004,404
    Training time: 13.407578945159912s
    Accuracy: 1.0
    array([1])
#predicciones
array([1])
#predicciones
clf.predict([[0.0,53.55902,52.77777,43.402774810790994,204.72509765625,3.7302410000000004,404
    array([1])
# Extract single tree
estimator = clf.estimators [5]
#from sklearn.tree import export_graphviz
# Export as dot file
#export graphviz(estimator, out file='tree.dot',
                fastura namas - ['canson AA'
                                            'cancon 01'
                                                         'cancon 02'
                                                                     'concon 03' 'concon
```

```
5/2/2021
                                          fork-of-rf-teziz-28k-v3.ipynb - Colaboratory
                     י בפרווסר , בפרווסרו , שפרווסר , שפרווסר , ספרווסרו על , ספרווסרו , ספרווסרו , ספרווסרו
   #
                     class_names = [ 'machine_status'],
                     rounded = True, proportion = False,
    #
                     precision = 2, filled = True)
   # validacion cruzada
   # https://jamesrledoux.com/code/k fold cross validation
   from sklearn.model selection import cross validate
   start1 = time.time()
   model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=1)
   cv = cross_validate(model, X, y, cv=10)
   print(cv['test score'])
   print(cv['test score'].mean())
   stop1 = time.time()
   print(f"Training time: {stop1 - start1}s")
        [0.99464477 0.99964298 1.
                                                                   1.
         1.
                     1.
                                1.
                                            0.85642857]
        0.9850716325802009
        Training time: 28.07333517074585s
   #https://stackoverflow.com/questions/20662023/save-python-random-forest-model-to-file
   from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
   start1 = time.time()
   #model = RandomForestClassifier(random state=1)
   model = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=500)
   cv = cross validate(model, X, y, cv=10)
   print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred))
   print(cv['test score'])
   print(cv['test score'].mean())
   stop1 = time.time()
   print(f"Training time: {stop1 - start1}s")
   print(confusion matrix(y test,y pred))
   print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
   #plot confusion matrix(clf, X test, y test)
   # plot_confusion_matrix(clf, X_test, y_test)
   plot_confusion_matrix(clf, X_test, y_test, cmap=plt.cm.Blues)
   plt.show()
```

```
[[2792
           0]
     0 2809]]
[0.99393074 0.99964298 1.
                                                    1.
                                                                1.
                                       0.880714291
             1.
0.9874288009384402
Training time: 139.9744303226471s
[[2792
           0]
     0 2809]]
                precision
                               recall
                                        f1-score
                                                     support
            0
                      1.00
                                 1.00
                                             1.00
                                                        2792
            1
                      1.00
                                 1.00
                                             1.00
                                                        2809
                                             1.00
                                                        5601
    accuracy
   macro avg
                      1.00
                                 1.00
                                             1.00
                                                        5601
weighted avg
                      1.00
                                 1.00
                                             1.00
                                                        5601
                                           2500
          2.8e+03
                             0
   0 -
                                           2000
Frue label
                                           1500
                                           1000
   1
             0
                          2.8e+03
                                           500
                             i
             0
```

```
# version with multi scroring
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot confusion matrix
start1 = time.time()
#model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=1)
model = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=500)
cv = cross_validate(model, X, y, cv=10)
#recall_score=cross_validation.cross_val_score(clf, X,y, cv=10, scoring ='recall')
#recall_score=cross_val_score(model, X,y, cv=10, scoring ='recall')
f1=cross_validate(model, X,y, cv=10, scoring ='f1')
recall_score=cross_validate(model, X,y, cv=10, scoring ='recall')
pre_score=cross_validate(model, X,y, cv=10, scoring ='precision_macro')
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred))
print(f"precision_macro_score:")
print(pre score['test score'])
print(pre score['test score'].mean())
print(f"test score:")
print(cv['test score'])
```

Predicted label

```
print(cv['test_score'].mean())
print(f"recall:")
print(recall_score['test_score'])
print(recall_score['test_score'].mean())
print(f"f1score:")
print(f1['test_score'])
print(f1['test_score'].mean())
stop1 = time.time()
print(f"Training time: {stop1 - start1}s")

print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred))
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

#plot_confusion_matrix(clf, X_test, y_test)
# plot_confusion_matrix(clf, X_test, y_test)
plot_confusion_matrix(clf, X_test, y_test, cmap=plt.cm.Blues)

plt.show()
```

```
[[2792
               0]
          0 2809]]
     precision_macro_score:
     [0.9975142 0.99964311 1.
                                                              1.
                                                   1.
      1.
                                        0.92225241]
                 1.
                            1.
     0.9919409723151702
     test score:
     [0.99393074 0.99964298 1.
                                                              1.
                                        1.
                                                   1.
      1.
                 1.
                                        0.888571431
     0.9882145152241545
# version with multi scroring mejorada
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import plot confusion matrix
start1 = time.time()
#model = RandomForestClassifier(random state=1)
model = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=500)
#GH
model.fit(X train,y train)
y pred=model.predict(X test)
#GH
cv = cross validate(model, X, y, cv=10)
#recall score=cross validation.cross val score(clf, X,y, cv=10, scoring ='recall')
#recall_score=cross_val_score(model, X,y, cv=10, scoring ='recall')
#scoring = ['neg_mean_absolute_error','r2']
scores=cross validate(model, X,y, cv=10, scoring = ['accuracy','f1','recall','precision'],ret
#recall score=cross validate(model, X,y, cv=10, scoring ='recall')
#pre score=cross validate(model, X,y, cv=10, scoring ='precision macro')
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred))
print(f"multi_metric_scores:")
#print(scores['test score'])
print(scores)
#print(scores['test_score'].mean())
#print(scores.mean())
#print(f"precision macro score:")
#print(pre score['test score'])
#print(pre score['test score'].mean())
#print(f"test score:")
#print(cv['test score'])
#print(cv['test_score'].mean())
#print(f"recall:")
#print(recall score['test score'])
```

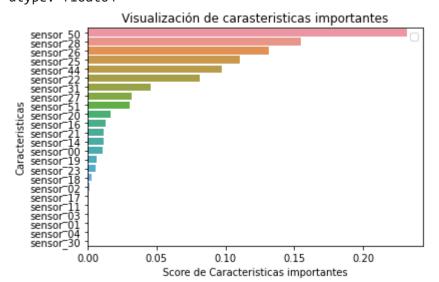
```
#print(recall score['test score'].mean())
#print(f"f1score:")
#print(f1['test score'])
#print(f1['test_score'].mean())
stop1 = time.time()
print(f"Training time: {stop1 - start1}s")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred))
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
#plot_confusion_matrix(clf, X_test, y_test)
# plot_confusion_matrix(clf, X_test, y_test)
plot_confusion_matrix(clf, X_test, y_test, cmap=plt.cm.Blues)
plt.show()
gh4 = scores.get("test_accuracy")
print(f"accuracy:")
print(gh4)
print(gh4.mean())
gh3 = scores.get("test_precision")
print(f"precision:")
print(gh3)
print(gh3.mean())
gh = scores.get("test_recall")
print(f"recall:")
print(gh)
print(gh.mean())
gh2 = scores.get("test_f1")
print(f"f1:")
print(gh2)
print(gh2.mean())
CM = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
print(f"----")
print(f"matriz de confusion:")
TN = CM[0][0]
FN = CM[1][0]
TP = CM[1][1]
FP = CM[0][1]
print(f"TN={TN}, FP={FP} ")
print(f"FN={FN}, TP={TP} ")
```

```
print(f"----")
print(f"matriz de confusion %:")
total1=(TN+TP+FN+FP)
print(f"TN={100*TN/total1}, FP={100*FP/total1} ")
print(f"FN={100*FN/total1}, TP={100*TP/total1} ")
print(f"----")
acc1=(TN+TP)/(TN+TP+FN+FP)
print(f"accuracy1={acc1}")
print(f"----")
re1=(TP)/(TP+FN)
print(f"reca1={re1}")
print(f"----")
pre1=(TP)/(TP+FP)
print(f"pre1={pre1}")
print(f"----")
f1s1=(2*pre1*re1)/(pre1+re1)
print(f"f1score={f1s1}")
 С→
```

```
[[2792
                                          0]
                            0 2809]]
              multi_metric_scores:
              {'fit time': array([13.70309615, 13.68394828, 13.90837884, 13.79051661, 13.67019773,
                                  14.14955759, 14.21738338, 14.35204458, 14.29634309, 13.40078807]), 'score time':
                                   \hbox{\tt 0.11818528, 0.12190866, 0.12092113, 0.12525129, 0.11808348]), 'test\_accuracy': argument of the property of the property
                                                                                                                                                                    , 0.82964286]), 'test f1': array([6
                                                               , 1.
                                                                                                , 1.
                                  1.
                                                                                                                                  , 1.
                                                              , 1.
                                                                                                                                  , 1.
                                  1.
                                                                                                 , 1.
                                                                                                                                                                    , 0.85426214]), 'test_recall': arra
                                                                                                                                                                    , 0.99857143]), 'test_precision': a
                                  1.
                                                               , 1.
                                                                                                 , 1.
                                                                                                                                   , 1.
                                                               , 1.
                                                                                                 , 1.
                                                                                                                                                                    , 0.74639616])}
                                  1.
                                                                                                                                   , 1.
              Training time: 295.0970540046692s
              [[2792
                                          0]
                            0 2809]]
                 Γ
                                                      precision
                                                                                          recall f1-score
                                                                                                                                                 support
                                             0
                                                                    1.00
                                                                                                 1.00
                                                                                                                             1.00
                                                                                                                                                          2792
                                             1
                                                                                                 1.00
                                                                                                                             1.00
                                                                    1.00
                                                                                                                                                          2809
                         accuracy
                                                                                                                             1.00
                                                                                                                                                         5601
                                                                    1.00
                                                                                                 1.00
                                                                                                                             1.00
                                                                                                                                                         5601
                      macro avg
              weighted avg
                                                                    1.00
                                                                                                 1.00
                                                                                                                             1.00
                                                                                                                                                          5601
                                                                                                                         2500
                                       2.8e+03
                                                                                      0
                      0 -
                                                                                                                        2000
               Frue label
                                                                                                                        1500
                                                                                                                        1000
                      1
                                              0
                                                                                2.8e+03
                                                                                                                        500
                                              0
                                                     Predicted label
              accuracy:
                                      import joblib
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
# create RF
                                                                                                               0 7/6396161
joblib.dump(clf, "my random forest.joblib")
              ['my random forest.joblib']
              f1:
# load
loaded_rf = joblib.load("my_random_forest.joblib")
              -----
#predicciones
```

```
#predicciones
array([1])
# 1 es recovering
array([1])
    £1.0000-1 0
# 0 es recovering
loaded rf.predict([[2.465394,47.09200999999995,53.2118,46.31075999999995,634375,47.52422,41
    array([1])
# 2 es broken
loaded rf.predict([[2.258796,47.26563,52.73437,43.4461784362793,200.11573791503898,43.62322,4
    array([1])
# https://seaborn.pydata.org/generated/seaborn.barplot.html
import pandas as pd
#feature imp = pd.Series(clf.feature importances ,index=iris.feature names).sort values(ascen
#feature imp = pd.Series(clf.feature importances ,index=X.columns[1:8]).sort values(ascending
feature imp = pd.Series(clf.feature importances ,index=X.columns[0:24]).sort values(ascending
print(feature imp)
#Visualización
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
# Creating a bar plot
sns.barplot(x=feature imp, y=feature imp.index)
# Add labels to your graph
#plt.xlabel('Feature Importance Score')
plt.xlabel('Score de Caracteristicas importantes')
#plt.ylabel('Features')
plt.ylabel('Caracteristicas')
#plt.title("Visualizing Important Features")
plt.title("Visualización de carasteristicas importantes")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
#plt.savefig('destination_path.eps', format='eps', dpi=1000)
plt.savefig('myimage.svg', format='svg', dpi=1200)
```

```
No handles with labels found to put in legend.
sensor_50
             0.232008614527387
sensor_28
             0.155139301713169
sensor_26
             0.131795898646431
sensor 25
             0.110861851269088
sensor_44
             0.097505361456306
sensor 22
             0.081278757345340
sensor_31
             0.045465172383412
sensor_27
             0.031709722277840
sensor 51
             0.030814483227659
sensor 20
             0.016924944332720
sensor_16
             0.013014833663071
sensor 21
             0.011633081219379
sensor_14
             0.011314503461296
sensor_00
             0.010804480943123
sensor_19
             0.006824543819885
sensor 23
             0.005805154043774
sensor_18
             0.003030557161612
sensor 02
             0.001205321192704
sensor_17
             0.000589871703175
sensor_11
             0.000555745724755
sensor 03
             0.000537576783007
sensor 01
             0.000515291133954
sensor_04
             0.000410336591203
sensor_30
             0.000254595379709
dtype: float64
```



https://towardsdatascience.com/how-to-visualize-a-decision-tree-from-a-random-forest-in-pyt