3 - Advanced topics in Python

December 4, 2015

1 JSON / XML Parsing

```
1.1 JSON Parsing
```

```
In []: # importing the Python json library
        import json
1.1.1 Importing JSON to Dict
From string
In [ ]: # Example string
        json_string = '{"first_name": "Guido", "last_name": "Rossum"}'
       json_string
In [ ]: parsed_json = json.loads(json_string)
       parsed_json
  From file
In []: # %load files/example.json
In []: with open('files/example.json', 'r') as f:
           content = f.read()
       parsed_json = json.loads(content)
       parsed_json
1.1.2 Exporting Dict { } to JSON
In [ ]: \# Example dict
       d = { 'first_name': 'Guido',
              'second_name': 'Rossum',
              'titles': ['BDFL', 'Developer'],
            }
        d
In [ ]: json_string = json.dumps(d)
        json_string
1.2 XML Parsing
In [ ]: import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
```

1.2.1 Importing XML to ElementTree

From string

```
In [ ]: # Example string
       xml_string = """<catalog>
          <book id="bk101">
             <author>Gambardella, Matthew</author>
             <title>XML Developer's Guide</title>
             <genre>Computer
          </book>
       </catalog>"""
       xml_string
In [ ]: root = ET.fromstring(xml_string)
       print root.tag
       print root.attrib
  From file
In []: # %load files/example.xml
In [ ]: tree = ET.parse('files/example.xml')
       root = tree.getroot()
       print root.tag
       print root.attrib
1.2.2 Exporting ElementTree to XML
In [ ]: tree.write("files/example_output.xml")
In [ ]: # %load files/example_output.xml
1.2.3 Getting items
In []: # Each XML element contains a tag, an attribute (optional), a text and a list of childs
       # XML Element: <tag attr:attr_value> text </tag>
       print root.tag
                                # tag : name of XML element
                                # attrib : attribute of XML element
       print root.attrib
       print root.text
                               # text : content of XML element
       for child in root: # loop through all subchildrens
           print "\t", child.tag, child.attrib, child.text
           for subchild in child:
               print "\t\t", subchild.tag, subchild.attrib, subchild.text
           print
       children = list(root) #Get children
       print children
       print root
In [ ]: # iter('element_tag') - search all subtrees
       for title in root.iter('title'):
           print title.text
```

```
In [ ]: # findall('element_tag') - get direct childs of parent
        for book in root.findall('book'):
            # Get items
            book_id = book.get('id')
                                              # Get attribute 'id' of 'book' element
            title = book.find('title')
                                              # Get first child named 'title'
            author = book.find('author')
            genre = book.find('genre')
            price = book.find('price')
            pdate = book.find('publish_date')
            descr = book.find('description')
            # Print items
            print "ID ", book_id
            print title.tag, title.text
           print author.tag, author.text
            print genre.tag, genre.text
            print price.tag, price.text
            print pdate.tag, pdate.text
           print descr.tag, descr.text
            print
In [ ]: # find('element_tag') - finds first child with tag
        for book_content in root.find('book'):
            print book_content
1.2.4 Modifying items
In []: # set('attribute', 'attribute_value')
        for price in root.iter('price'):
           price.text = str(float(price.text) + 1)
            price.set('increased', 'yes')
            print price.text, price.attrib
In [ ]: # Create new element
       new_book = ET.Element('book', {'id': 'bk113'})
       new_book.text = "\n"
        # Create sub elements
       author = ET.SubElement(new_book, 'author')
       title = ET.SubElement(new_book, 'title')
       genre = ET.SubElement(new_book, 'genre')
       price = ET.SubElement(new_book, 'price')
       pdate = ET.SubElement(new_book, 'publish_date')
       descr = ET.SubElement(new_book, 'description')
        # Populate sub elements
        author.text = "J.K Rowlings"
        title.text = "Harry Potter and the Sorcerer's Stone"
       genre.text = "Fantasy"
       price.text = "31.50"
       pdate.text = "2001-10-16"
       descr.text = "A very nice fantasy book."
        # Add element to existing tree
       root.append(new_book)
```

```
# ET. dump(new_book)
In []: # A ten times nicer way of doing it (focus on what matters)
        def create_new_ET(element_name, attributes={}):
            book = ET.Element('book', attributes)
            for key in elements:
               new_elem = ET.SubElement(book, key)
                new_elem.text = elements[key]
            return book
        # Create new element
       name
                = 'book'
                = {'id': "bk114"}
       attr
       elements = {'author': "J.K Rowlings",
                    'title': "Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets",
                    'genre': "Fantasy",
                    'price': "35.50",
                    'publish_date': "2002-10-15",
                    'description': "The second volume of a very nice fantasy book."}
       new_book = create_new_ET(name, attr, elements)
        # Append to existing tree
       root.append(new_book)
        # ET.dump(root)
     Bonus: Pretty Print and Conversion
1.3.1 Pretty Print
In [ ]: def indent(elem, level=0):
            i = "\n" + level*" "
            if len(elem):
                if not elem.text or not elem.text.strip():
                   elem.text = i + " "
                if not elem.tail or not elem.tail.strip():
                   elem.tail = i
                for elem in elem:
                   indent(elem, level+1)
                if not elem.tail or not elem.tail.strip():
                   elem.tail = i
            else:
                if level and (not elem.tail or not elem.tail.strip()):
                   elem.tail = i
        indent(root)
        tree.write("files/example_output.xml")
       ET.dump(tree)
```

In []: # %load files/example_output.xml

1.3.2 Etree to Dict

```
In [ ]: from collections import defaultdict
        def etree_to_dict(t):
            d = {t.tag: {} if t.attrib else None}
            children = list(t)
            if children:
                dd = defaultdict(list)
                 for dc in map(etree_to_dict, children):
                     for k, v in dc.iteritems():
                         dd[k].append(v)
                 d = \{t.tag: \{k:v[0] \text{ if } len(v) == 1 \text{ else } v \text{ for } k, v \text{ in } dd.iteritems()\}\}
            if t.attrib:
                d[t.tag].update(('0' + k, v) for k, v in t.attrib.iteritems())
            if t.text:
                text = t.text.strip()
                if children or t.attrib:
                     if text:
                       d[t.tag]['#text'] = text
                 else:
                     d[t.tag] = text
            return d
In [ ]: d = etree_to_dict(root)
1.3.3 Dict { } to Etree
In [ ]: def dict_to_etree(d):
            def _to_etree(d, root):
                 if not d:
                    pass
                 elif isinstance(d, basestring):
                     root.text = d
                elif isinstance(d, dict):
                     for k,v in d.items():
                         assert isinstance(k, basestring)
                         if k.startswith('#'):
                             assert k == '#text' and isinstance(v, basestring)
                             root.text = v
                         elif k.startswith('0'):
                             assert isinstance(v, basestring)
                             root.set(k[1:], v)
                         elif isinstance(v, list):
                             for e in v:
                                  _to_etree(e, ET.SubElement(root, k))
                             _to_etree(v, ET.SubElement(root, k))
                 else: assert d == 'invalid type', (type(d), d)
            assert isinstance(d, dict) and len(d) == 1
            tag, body = next(iter(d.items()))
            node = ET.Element(tag)
            _to_etree(body, node)
            return node
```

1.4 Exercise: Analyze an XML file

1.4.1 Problem

Objectives: - Extract Maven plugins information from base-corporate-pom. - Add a new Maven plugin to base-corporate-pom. - Write Maven plugins information to a new file "files/pom_maven_plugins.xml" Information:

- base-corporate-pom pom.xml is located in files/pom.xml
- XML plugin structure:

```
project>
<!-- Plugin version -->
properties>
    <maven-surefire-plugin.version>2.12.4</maven-surefire-plugin.version>
</properties>
<!-- Plugin info -->
<build>
    <pluginManagement>
        <plugins>
            <plugin>
                <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugin</groupId>
                <artifactId>maven-surefire-plugin</version>
                <version>$(maven-surefire-plugin.version)
             </plugin>
        </plugins>
     </pluginManagement>
</build>
</project>
```

- Some plugins don't have a <version> or a <groupId> tag. Print "N/A" when there is no tag.
- All plugins have an <artifactId> tag.

Desired output:

maven-surefire

```
groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins artifactId: maven-surefire-plugin version: 2.12.4
```

1.4.2 Solution

```
In [4]: import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
    root = ET.parse('files/pom.xml').getroot()

# Variables
    plugin_list = []
    base = "{http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0}"
```

```
build = root.find(base + 'build')
        properties = root.find(base + 'properties')
        # Find 'pluginManagement' XML tag in 'build'
        pluginManagement = build.find(base + 'pluginManagement')
        # Find 'plugins' XML tag in 'pluginManagement'
        plugins = pluginManagement.find(base + 'plugins')
        # Populate plugin_list
        plugin_list = list(plugins)
        # Loop through plugin_list elements (of class ElementTree)
        for plugin in plugin_list:
                # Get plugin information
                artifactId_str = plugin.find(base + 'artifactId').text
                name = artifactId_str.replace('-plugin', '')
                # Not all plugins have a groupId !
                try:
                    groupId_str = plugin.find(base + 'groupId').text
                except:
                    groupId_str = "N/A"
                # Not all plugins have a version !
                try:
                    version_str = plugin.find(base + 'version').text
                    # Get pluqin from properties> element
                    version_str = version[2:-1] # strip '£', '{', and '}' from version
                    version_str = properties.find(base + version).text
                except:
                    version_str = "N/A"
                # Print plugin information
                print name
                print "\t" + "groupId: " + groupId_str
                print "\t" + "artifactId: " + artifactId_str
                print "\t" + "version: " + version_str
                print
maven-surefire
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-surefire-plugin
        version: N/A
properties-maven
        groupId: org.codehaus.mojo
        artifactId: properties-maven-plugin
        version: N/A
maven-release
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
```

Find 'build' and 'properties' XML tags in root

artifactId: maven-release-plugin

version: N/A

maven-install

groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
artifactId: maven-install-plugin

version: N/A

maven-deploy

groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
artifactId: maven-deploy-plugin

version: N/A

versions-maven

groupId: org.codehaus.mojo

artifactId: versions-maven-plugin

version: N/A

ccc-versions-maven

groupId: com.cccis.build.maven

artifactId: ccc-versions-maven-plugin

version: N/A

oc4j-admin-maven

groupId: com.cccis.build.maven
artifactId: oc4j-admin-maven-plugin

version: N/A

weblogic-maven

groupId: com.oracle.weblogic
artifactId: weblogic-maven-plugin

version: N/A

wls-maven

groupId: com.oracle.weblogic
artifactId: wls-maven-plugin

version: N/A

 ${\tt gmaven}$

groupId: org.codehaus.gmaven
artifactId: gmaven-plugin

version: N/A

maven-enforcer

groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
artifactId: maven-enforcer-plugin

 ${\tt version:} \ {\tt N/A}$

maven-eclipse

groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
artifactId: maven-eclipse-plugin

 ${\tt version:}\ {\tt N/A}$

lifecycle-mapping

```
groupId: org.eclipse.m2e
        artifactId: lifecycle-mapping
        version: N/A
maven-site
       groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-site-plugin
       version: N/A
maven-assembly
       groupId: N/A
       artifactId: maven-assembly-plugin
        version: N/A
deployment-maven
        groupId: com.cccis.build.maven
        artifactId: deployment-maven-plugin
        version: N/A
site-publish-helper
        groupId: com.cccis.build.maven
        artifactId: site-publish-helper
        version: N/A
maven-antrun
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-antrun-plugin
        version: N/A
1.4.3 Solution 2 (improved)
In [9]: import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
        import re
        def concat(list_tags):
            # Small function to concatenate the base with the tag name for a list of names.
            # Return a tuple containing the new names.
            t = tuple()
            for tag in list_tags:
                t += (base + tag,)
            return t
        def build_path(list_, base = ''):
            # Create a path from a list of subpaths.
            # If a base is defined, append the based before each path element.
           path = "."
            for a in list_:
                if base:
                    path += "/" + base + a
                    continue
                path += "/" + a
            return path
        def get_plugin_info(plugin):
```

```
# Get concatenated names
    names = ['artifactId', 'groupId', 'version']
    aId, gId, v = concat(names)
    # Get elements from plugin ET
    artifactId = plugin.find(aId)
    groupId = plugin.find(gId)
    version = plugin.find(v)
    # Set output values
    try:
        aId_str = artifactId.text
    except Exception as e:
        raise(e)
    try:
        gId_str = groupId.text
    except:
        gId_str = "N/A"
    try:
        version_str = version.text # strip '£', '{', and '}' from version.text
        try:
            float(version_str)
            version_str = str(version_str)
        except ValueError:
            version_str = version_str[2:-1]
            version_str = properties.find(base + version_str).text
    except:
        version_str = "N/A"
    # Return plugin information
    name_str = aId_str.replace('-plugin','')
    return (aId_str, gId_str, version_str, name_str)
def format_plugin_info(plugin):
    artifactId, groupId, version, name = get_plugin_info(plugin)
    to_print = name + "\n" + \
    "\t" + "groupId: " + groupId + "\n" + \
    "\t" + "artifactId: " + artifactId + "\n" + \
    "\t" + "version: " + version
    return to_print
def print_plugin(plugin):
    print format_plugin_info(plugin)
def write_plugin_to_file(plugin, filepath):
    to_print = format_plugin_info(plugin)
    with open(filepath, 'a') as f:
        f.write(to_print)
# main function
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
root = ET.parse('files/pom.xml').getroot()
            base = "{http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0}"
            # Generate plugins path and properties path
                            = build_path(['build', 'pluginManagement', 'plugins'], base=base)
            plugins_path
            properties_path = build_path(['properties'], base=base)
            # Get plugins ET and properties ET
            plugins = root.find(plugins_path)
            # Get plugins info and print plugins
            for p in plugins.findall(base + 'plugin'):
                print_plugin(p)
                write_plugin_to_file(p, 'files/pom_maven_plugins.xml')
maven-surefire
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-surefire-plugin
        version: 2.12.4
properties-maven
        groupId: org.codehaus.mojo
        artifactId: properties-maven-plugin
        version: 1.0-alpha-2
maven-release
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-release-plugin
        version: 2.2.1
maven-install
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-install-plugin
        version: 2.4
maven-deploy
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-deploy-plugin
        version: 2.7
versions-maven
        groupId: org.codehaus.mojo
        artifactId: versions-maven-plugin
        version: 2.1
ccc-versions-maven
        groupId: com.cccis.build.maven
        artifactId: ccc-versions-maven-plugin
        version: 0.0.38
oc4j-admin-maven
        groupId: com.cccis.build.maven
        artifactId: oc4j-admin-maven-plugin
        version: 0.0.37
weblogic-maven
        groupId: com.oracle.weblogic
        artifactId: weblogic-maven-plugin
        version: 10.3.4
wls-maven
        groupId: com.oracle.weblogic
        artifactId: wls-maven-plugin
```

```
version: 12.1.1.0
gmaven
        groupId: org.codehaus.gmaven
        artifactId: gmaven-plugin
        version: 1.3
maven-enforcer
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-enforcer-plugin
        version: 1.2
maven-eclipse
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-eclipse-plugin
        version: N/A
lifecycle-mapping
        groupId: org.eclipse.m2e
        artifactId: lifecycle-mapping
        version: 1.0.0
maven-site
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-site-plugin
        version: 3.3
maven-assembly
        groupId: N/A
        artifactId: maven-assembly-plugin
        version: 2.3
deployment-maven
        groupId: com.cccis.build.maven
        artifactId: deployment-maven-plugin
        version: 0.0.41
site-publish-helper
        groupId: com.cccis.build.maven
        artifactId: site-publish-helper
        version: 0.0.37
maven-antrun
        groupId: org.apache.maven.plugins
        artifactId: maven-antrun-plugin
        version: 1.7
1.4.4 Solution 3 (OOP approach)
In [2]: import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
        import re
        class Plugin(object):
            """ A plugin has a name, an artifactId, a groupId and a version."""
            def __init__(self, plugin, base):
               self.base = base
                self.__get_plugin_info(plugin)
            def __str__(self):
                to_print = self.name + "\n" + \
                "\t" + "groupId: " + self.groupId + "\n" + \
                "\t" + "artifactId: " + self.artifactId + "\n" + \
                "\t" + "version: " + self.version + "\n"
```

```
return to_print
    # PRIVATE
    def __concat(self, list_tags):
        """Small function to concatenate the base with the tag name for a list of names.
        Return a tuple containing the new names."""
        t = tuple()
        for tag in list_tags:
            t += (self.base + tag,)
        return t
    def __get_plugin_info(self, plugin):
        """ Takes a plugin of class ElementTree and populates this Plugin object.
        Fields are: name, artifactId, groupid, version"""
        # Get concatenated names
        names = ['artifactId', 'groupId', 'version']
        aId, gId, v = self.__concat(names)
        # Get elements from plugin ET
        artifactId = plugin.find(aId)
        groupId = plugin.find(gId)
        version = plugin.find(v)
        # Set output values
        try:
            aId_str = artifactId.text
        except Exception as e:
            raise(e)
        try:
            gId_str = groupId.text
        except:
            gId_str = "N/A"
        try:
            version_str = version.text # strip '£', '{', and '}' from version.text
            try:
                float(version_str)
                version_str = str(version_str)
            except ValueError:
               version_str = version_str[2:-1]
                version_str = properties.find(base + version_str).text
        except:
            version_str = "N/A"
        name_str = aId_str.replace('-plugin','')
        # Populate Plugin object
        self.artifactId = aId_str
        self.groupId = gId_str
        self.version = version_str
        self.name = name_str
class POMPluginExtractor(object):
```

```
"""This class serves as extractor of plugins from any POM file."""
    def __init__(self, filepath, base):
       self.filepath = filepath
        self.base = base
        self.plugins = []
        self.__get_root()
        self.__get_plugins()
    def print_plugins(self):
        for p in self.plugins:
            print p
    def save_plugins(self, filepath):
        with open(filepath, 'w') as f:
            for p in self.plugins:
                print >>f, "test"
        print "Plugins saved to %s" % filepath
    # PRIVATE
    def __get_root(self):
        self.root = ET.parse(self.filepath).getroot()
    def __get_plugins(self):
        plugins_path = self.__build_path(['build', 'pluginManagement', 'plugins'], base=self.ba
        plugins = self.root.find(plugins_path)
        for p in plugins.findall(self.base + 'plugin'):
            self.plugins.append(Plugin(p, self.base))
    def __build_path(self, list_, base = ''):
        path = "."
        for a in list_:
            if base:
                path += "/" + base + a
                continue
            path += "/" + a
        return path
# main function
if __name__ == '__main__':
    inputFile = 'files/pom.xml'
    outputFile = 'files/pom_maven_plugins.xml'
    base = "{http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0}"
    analyzer = POMPluginExtractor(inputFile, base)
    analyzer.save_plugins(outputFile)
```

Plugins saved to files/pom_maven_plugins.xml

2 REST API (Django)

2.1 Serialization

```
In []:
```

```
In []:
In []:
In []:
2.2 Requests and Responses
In []:
In []:
In []:
In []:
2.3 Class Based view
In []:
In []:
In []:
In []:
2.4 Authentication and Permission
In []:
In []:
In []:
In []:
2.5 Relationships and Hyperlink APIs
In []:
In []:
In []:
In []:
    SQL Data Access (MySQL)
In [ ]: import mysql.connector
3.0.1 Connecting to MySQL DB
In []:
3.0.2 Creating a table
In []:
```

```
3.0.3 Populating a table
In []:
3.0.4 Querying data from a table
In []:
In []:
   NoSQL Data Access (DynamoDB)
In []: import boto3
4.0.1 Connecting to DynamoDB
In []:
4.0.2 Populating a table
In []:
4.0.3 Querying data from a table
In []:
In []:
   Exercise: Parse a switch record and output to MySQL
In []:
In []:
In []:
```