

**NAME**

errors – errors returned by Shore Value-Added Server

**SYNOPSIS**

```
typedef int  VASResult;

enum TxStatus { Stale, Active, Prepared, Aborting,
                 Committing, Ended, NoTx };

enum error_type { ET_USER=0x1, ET_VAS=0x2, ET_FATAL=0x4000 };

struct Status {
    int      vasresult;
    int      vasreason;
    int      smresult;
    int      smreason;
    int      unixreason;
    TxStatus txstate;
};

void        shore_vas::perr(
    const char *message,
    int       line = -1, // not printed if <0
    const char *filename=0, // not printed if null
    error_type ekind = ET_VAS // not printed if
                             // ekind == ET_USER and !this->printusererror
) const;

void        shore_vas::perr(
    ostream &out,
    const char *message,
    int       line = -1, // not printed if <0
    const char *filename=0, // not printed if null
    error_type ekind = ET_VAS // not printed if
                             // ekind == ET_USER and !this->printusererror
) const;

static const char*  p_status(unsigned int x);
static bool         unp_status(const char *msg, unsigned int *res) ;
```

**DESCRIPTION**

Each function (method) in the Shore Value-Added Server class returns either SVAS\_OK (zero), SVAS\_FAILURE (non-zero), or SVAS\_WARNING (non-zero). In general, return values of functions (through output arguments) are not valid unless the function returns SVAS\_OK. If the function returns SVAS\_FAILURE or SVAS\_WARNING, the *status* member indicates the reason for the failure. The reason can be a condition discovered by the SVAS, or it might have been a failure discovered by a lower level, such as the operating system or the Storage Manager.

If the condition is discovered by the SVAS, *status.vasresult* is SVAS\_FAILURE or SVAS\_WARNING, *status.vasreason* has a value from the list below, and the fields *status.smresult*, *status.smreason*, *status.osreason* have the value zero.

If the condition is discovered by the Storage Manager, *status.vasresult* is *SVAS\_FAILURE* or *SVAS\_WARNING*, *status.vasreason* has the value *SVAS\_SmFailure*, and the fields *status.smresult*, *status.smreason*, *status.osreason* have nonzero values, which indicate the reason for the problem.

The field *status.osreason* takes its values from the list found in `<errno.h>`.

The functions **perr(...)** can be called to print a message that interprets the SVAS's *status* member. The *message* argument is any string that the caller wishes to be printed along with the interpretive messages (similar to the C library's **perror()** ).

The function **p\_status** interprets its argument as a candidate for *status.vasreason*, and if the value is one of those that the SVAS can return in the circumstance of an error, **p\_status** returns the string name of the error condition.

The function **unp\_status** converts a string name to an integer error code. If the string is associated with an error condition, the integer error code is returned in *\*res*, and the Boolean value TRUE is returned. If the string is not associated with any error condition, the Boolean value FALSE is returned and *\*res*, is unchanged.

```
SVAS_WARNING
SVAS_FAILURE
SVAS_OK
SVAS_NotImplemented - function or feature isn't implemented yet
SVAS_TxNotAllowed - this method cannot be called inside a transaction
SVAS_TxRequired - this method must be called inside a transaction
SVAS_Missing - object with the given OID does not exist
SVAS_Already - function has already been completed (e.g., format)
SVAS_CantFormat - volume cannot be formatted
SVAS_SmFailure - Storage Manager discovered an error
SVAS_RpcFailure - network failure, server crashed
SVAS_WrongObjectType - tried to use an object as if it were
    a type other than what it is
SVAS_NotFound - could not find object with the given path name
SVAS_BadParam1 - problem with first argument to method
SVAS_BadParam2 - problem with second argument to method
SVAS_BadParam3 - problem with third argument to method
SVAS_BadParam4 - problem with fourth argument to method
SVAS_BadParam5 - problem with fifth argument to method
SVAS_BadParam6 - problem with sixth argument to method
SVAS_BadParam7 - problem with seventh argument to method
SVAS_BadParam8 - problem with eighth argument to method
SVAS_BadParam9 - problem with ninth argument to method
SVAS_InUse - volume cannot be unmounted because it is in use
    by some user
SVAS_TxNotActive - the current transaction was not found to be
    in the active state, as expected.
SVAS_MallocFailure - internal error: server could not malloc space
SVAS_BadRange - the given range of bytes is inappropriate for the
    object being read or written
SVAS_IntegrityBreach - the integrity of the type system has been compromised,
    or would be compromised if this were to completed and the
    transaction were to commit
SVAS_IndexScanIsOpen - this function cannot be invoked during an index scan
SVAS_PoolScanIsOpen - this function cannot be invoked during a pool scan
SVAS_ScanNotInProgress - a scan must be opened before this function can
    be invoked
```

SVAS\_CantChangeCoreSize - an attempt to truncate an object would have removed part of the object's core.

SVAS\_NotAPool - this function applies to a pool, and the object given is not a pool

SVAS\_BadPathSyntax - the string given does not have proper syntax for a pathname

SVAS\_BadFileNameSyntax - the string given does not have proper syntax for a file name

SVAS\_IsAnonymous - the object referenced is anonymous; the function applies to registered objects

SVAS\_VolumesDontMatch - an attempt to create an object with a given, preallocated OID failed because the OID was created on a volume different from the volume on which the pool resides.

SVAS\_XdrError - the object could not be byte-swapped

SVAS\_ShmError - the SVAS could not allocate or attach shared memory

SVAS\_InternalError - unspecified internal error

SVAS\_BadType - an attempt to operate on the object's type object failed, possibly because the type object's OID is bad

SVAS\_AuthenticationFailure - could not authenticate the client to the server

SVAS\_UnixFailure - a failure was returned from a Unix library function, such as getpwuid()

SVAS\_BadSerial - this is an internal error

SVAS\_UserAbort - the reason for aborting the transaction is that the user (caller, client, application) requested it

SVAS\_NotMounted - the directory requested is not on a mounted file system

SVAS\_NotADirectory - this function applies to directories; the object named is not a directory

SVAS\_IsADirectory - this function does not apply to directories; the object named is a directory

SVAS\_NotEmpty - an attempt to remove something failed because the object was not empty (e.g., a directory)

SVAS\_NotOwner - you have to be the owner of the object to do this

SVAS\_PermissionDenied - you don't have the necessary permission (read/write/execute) to do this

SVAS\_ReadOnlyFS - an attempt to update an object failed because the object resides on a read-only file system

SVAS\_TooManySymlinks - while expanding symbolic links during path -resolution, too many symbolic links were encountered (possibly a loop)

SVAS\_TooManyLinks - an attempt to create a hard link to an object failed - because the maximum number of links per object was reached

SVAS\_PathTooLong - after expansion of symbolic links, the pathname exceeds the maximum length permitted

SVAS\_CrossDeviceRef - you cannot make cross-references or links across devices (volumes, file system)

SVAS\_AlreadyExists - an attempt to create an object with a pre-allocated OID failed because there is already an object with that OID

SVAS\_BadAddress - the caller gave an invalid address for an argument

**VERSION**

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**SEE ALSO**

**transaction(svas).**