

$$c := 299792.458 \cdot \text{km} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \quad k_b := 1.38 \cdot 10^{-23} \cdot \text{J} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}$$

Define a band width $BW := 250 \text{ kHz}$

Sampling rate $Sr := 2 \cdot BW$

and sampling interval $dt := Sr^{-1}$

$$Nt := 8 \cdot 1024 \cdot 1024 \quad Tspan := Nt \cdot dt \quad Tspan = 16.777216 \text{ s}$$

$$jt := 0..Nt - 1 \quad tt_{jt} := jt \cdot dt$$

Rest frequency of a carrier line $Fco := 8400.100 \cdot \text{MHz}$ $Lam := c \cdot Fco^{-1}$ $Lam = 0.035689153462459 \text{ m}$

And additional tones $Fso1 := Fco - 10 \cdot \text{kHz}$ $Fso1 = 8400090000 \text{ s}^{-1}$

$$Fso2 := Fco + 20 \cdot \text{kHz} \quad Fso2 = 8400120000 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$Fso3 := Fco - 50 \cdot \text{kHz} \quad Fso3 = 8400050000 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

Receiver LO $FLO := 8400.100 \cdot \text{MHz}$

Amplitude of the carrier $Amplc := \sqrt{0.1}$ $Amplc = 0.316227766016838$

Amplitudes of tones $Ampls1 := Amplc \cdot 0.1$

$$Ampls2 := Amplc \cdot 0.5$$

$$Ampls3 := Amplc \cdot 0.3$$

RMS of the additive thermal noise $Anoise := 1.0$

Noise power per Hz of bandwidth $Pnhz := \frac{Anoise^2}{BW}$ $Pnhz = 0.000004 \text{ s}$

Signal power to noise power per Hz $SNRhz := \frac{0.5 \cdot Amplc^2}{Pnhz}$ $SNRhz = 12500.000000000000 \text{ s}^{-1}$

SNR in 1 Hz in dB $10 \cdot \log(SNRhz \cdot s) = 40.96910013008056$

add to get it in 1/16 Hz $10 \cdot \log(16) = 12.041199826559248$

Motion model

Initial distance $Ro := 150 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{km} - 1.8 \text{ cm}$

Initial velocity $Vo := 2.5 \cdot \text{km} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$

Initial acceleration $Ao := 15.0 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$

Initial third derivative $Bo := -2.0 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{s}^{-3}$

Power balance between carrier line and noise is about what can be expected for 2.5 W Tx power, 1.5 m Tx antenna, 32 m Rx antenna with Tsys 35 K at X-band and distance 1 AU

$$Rs := 150 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{km} \quad Ta := 35 \text{ K} \quad bw := 1 \text{ Hz}$$

$$Dt := 1.5 \text{ m}$$

$$Dr := 32 \text{ m} \quad Aeff := 0.6$$

$$Pt := 2.5 \text{ W}$$

$$Pr := \frac{Pt}{4\pi \cdot Rs^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{Dt}{Lam} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot Dr^2 \cdot Aeff \quad Pn := kb \cdot Ta \cdot bw$$

Power ratio in 1 Hz $10 \cdot \log\left(\frac{Pr}{Pn}\right) = 40.88341490205394$

$$PN := kb \cdot Ta \cdot 16 \cdot \text{MHz}$$

Power ratio in 16 MHz $10 \cdot \log\left(\frac{Pr}{PN}\right) = -31.157784924505307$

S/C spinning model with a period of 1.53s and TX antenna offset 2.5 cm

$$W_{spin} := \frac{2\pi}{1.53s}$$
$$A_{spin} := 0.0 \cdot cm$$

Spin frequency amplitude

$$\frac{W_{spin} \cdot A_{spin}}{c} \cdot F_{co} = 0$$

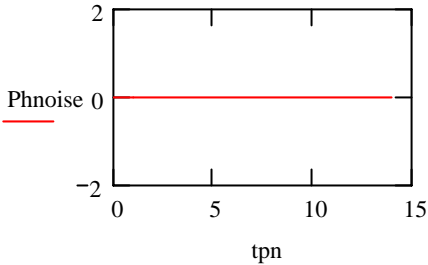
Spin is disabled

Make a reasonable phase noise of onboard LO, 1.0 radian sigma on a time scale ~1 s

$$N_{pn} := 15 \quad Phnoise := rnorm(N_{pn}, 0, 1.0) \quad j_{pn} := 0 .. N_{pn} - 1 \quad t_{pn,j_{pn}} := j_{pn} \cdot 1s$$
$$\text{~~~~~} Phnoise := \text{han}(Phnoise) \quad rmsPhnoise := stdev(Phnoise) \quad \text{~~~~~} Phnoise := 0 \cdot Phnoise \cdot rmsPhnoise^{-1}$$

LO phase noise is disabled

Phnc := Spline(tpn, Phnoise, tt)



Phase noise in radians

Compute "Doppler" parameters of the motion

$dFco := Fco \cdot \frac{Vo}{c}$	$dFco = 70049.29390184993 \text{ s}^{-1}$	$dFso1 := Fso1 \cdot \frac{Vo}{c}$	$dFso1 = 70049.21051082613 \text{ s}^{-1}$
$vFc := Fco + dFco - FLO$	$vFc = 70049.29390144348 \text{ s}^{-1}$	$vFs1 := Fso1 + dFso1 - FLO$	$vFs1 = 60049.21051120758 \text{ s}^{-1}$
$aFc := Fco \cdot \frac{Ao}{c}$	$aFc = 420.29576341109953 \text{ s}^{-2}$	$aFs1 := Fso1 \cdot \frac{Ao}{c}$	$aFs1 = 420.2952630649567 \text{ s}^{-2}$
$bFc := Fco \cdot \frac{Bo}{c}$	$bFc = -56.03943512147994 \text{ s}^{-3}$	$bFs1 := Fso1 \cdot \frac{Bo}{c}$	$bFs1 = -56.0393684086609 \text{ s}^{-3}$
$dFso2 := Fso2 \cdot \frac{Vo}{c}$	$dFso2 = 70049.46068389753 \text{ s}^{-1}$	$dFso3 := Fso3 \cdot \frac{Vo}{c}$	$dFso3 = 70048.87694673093 \text{ s}^{-1}$
$vFs2 := Fso2 + dFso2 - FLO$	$vFs2 = 90049.46068382263 \text{ s}^{-1}$	$vFs3 := Fso3 + dFso3 - FLO$	$vFs3 = 20048.87694644928 \text{ s}^{-1}$
$aFs2 := Fso2 \cdot \frac{Ao}{c}$	$aFs2 = 420.2967641033851 \text{ s}^{-2}$	$aFs3 := Fso3 \cdot \frac{Ao}{c}$	$aFs3 = 420.29326168038557 \text{ s}^{-2}$
$bFs2 := Fso2 \cdot \frac{Bo}{c}$	$bFs2 = -56.039568547118016 \text{ s}^{-3}$	$bFs3 := Fso3 \cdot \frac{Bo}{c}$	$bFs3 = -56.03910155738474 \text{ s}^{-3}$

And initial phases

$PLamco := Ro \cdot Fco \cdot c^{-1}$	$Phc0 := 2\pi \cdot (PLamco - \text{floor}(PLamco))$	$Phc0 = 3.083301383650139$
$PLamso1 := Ro \cdot Fso1 \cdot c^{-1}$	$Phs01 := 2\pi \cdot (PLamso1 - \text{floor}(PLamso1))$	$Phs01 = 0.395767043274495$
$PLamso2 := Ro \cdot Fso2 \cdot c^{-1}$	$Phs02 := 2\pi \cdot (PLamso2 - \text{floor}(PLamso2))$	$Phs02 = 2.17825271879761$
$PLamso3 := Ro \cdot Fso3 \cdot c^{-1}$	$Phs03 := 2\pi \cdot (PLamso3 - \text{floor}(PLamso3))$	$Phs03 = 2.205864372979552$

Carrier line phase polynomial coefficients

$$Cpp_0 := Phc0$$

$$Cpp_1 := 2\pi \cdot vFc \cdot s$$

$$Cpp_2 := 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot aFc \cdot s^2$$

$$Cpp_3 := 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot bFc \cdot s^3$$

Write them down for bookkeeping

WxRITEPRN("Data3.Model.PhaseCoeffs.tone0.txt") := Cpp

Compute the phases

$$\text{Phc}_{jt} := 2\pi \cdot \left[vFc \cdot tt_{jt} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot aFc \cdot (tt_{jt})^2 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot bFc \cdot (tt_{jt})^3 \right] + \text{Phc0} + \text{Phnc}_{jt} + 2\pi \text{Aspin} \cdot \frac{Fco}{c} \cdot \cos(Wspin \cdot tt_{jt}) \quad vFc = 70049.29390144348 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Phs1}_{jt} := 2\pi \cdot \left[vFs1 \cdot tt_{jt} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot aFs1 \cdot (tt_{jt})^2 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot bFs1 \cdot (tt_{jt})^3 \right] + \text{Phs01} + \text{Phnc}_{jt} \cdot \frac{Fso1}{Fco} + 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{Aspin} \cdot \frac{Fso1}{c} \cdot \cos(Wspin \cdot tt_{jt})$$

$$\text{Phs2}_{jt} := 2\pi \cdot \left[vFs2 \cdot tt_{jt} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot aFs2 \cdot (tt_{jt})^2 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot bFs2 \cdot (tt_{jt})^3 \right] + \text{Phs02} + \text{Phnc}_{jt} \cdot \frac{Fso2}{Fco} + 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{Aspin} \cdot \frac{Fso2}{c} \cdot \cos(Wspin \cdot tt_{jt})$$

$$\text{Phs3}_{jt} := 2\pi \cdot \left[vFs3 \cdot tt_{jt} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot aFs3 \cdot (tt_{jt})^2 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot bFs3 \cdot (tt_{jt})^3 \right] + \text{Phs03} + \text{Phnc}_{jt} \cdot \frac{Fso3}{Fco} + 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{Aspin} \cdot \frac{Fso3}{c} \cdot \cos(Wspin \cdot tt_{jt})$$

Make a signal

$$\text{signal}_{jt} := \text{Amplc} \cdot \cos(\text{Phc}_{jt}) + \text{Ampls1} \cdot \cos(\text{Phs1}_{jt}) + \text{Ampls2} \cdot \cos(\text{Phs2}_{jt}) + \text{Ampls3} \cdot \cos(\text{Phs3}_{jt}) \quad \text{stdev}(\text{signal}) = 0.259807648226341$$

Make the additive thermal noise

$$\text{noise} := \text{rnorm}(\text{Nt}, 0, \text{Anoise}) \quad \text{stdev}(\text{noise}) = 0.999948073723099$$

$$\text{data} := \text{noise} + \text{signal} \quad \text{rsd} := \text{stdev}(\text{data}) \quad \text{rsd} = 1.032995969114083$$

Automatic Gain Control is set to put +/- 4 sigma range into 256 levels of 8 bit ADC

$$\text{sigma} := \frac{128}{4} \quad \text{sigma} = 32 \quad \text{agn} := \frac{\text{sigma}}{\text{rsd}}$$

$$\text{data} := \text{data} \cdot \text{agn} \quad \text{stdev}(\text{data}) = 32.000000000000153$$

Sampler

$$\text{data}_{jt} := \text{if} \left(\text{data}_{jt} \cdot \text{sign}(\text{data}_{jt}) \leq 127, \text{data}_{jt}, 127 \cdot \text{sign}(\text{data}_{jt}) \right)$$

$$\text{data}_{jt} := \text{floor}(\text{data}_{jt} + 127 + 0.5)$$

$$\text{min}(\text{data}) = 0$$

$$\text{max}(\text{data}) = 254$$

$$\text{mean}(\text{data}) = 127.0034967660904$$

$$\text{WxRITEBIN}(\text{"Data3.NoSpin.NoPhNoise.byte"}, \text{"byte"}, 0) := \text{data}$$

$$N_d := 1000 \quad N_{td} := \text{floor}\left(\frac{N_t}{N_d}\right) \quad j_{td} := 0 \dots N_{td} - 1 \quad j_{td1} := 0 \dots N_{td} - 2$$

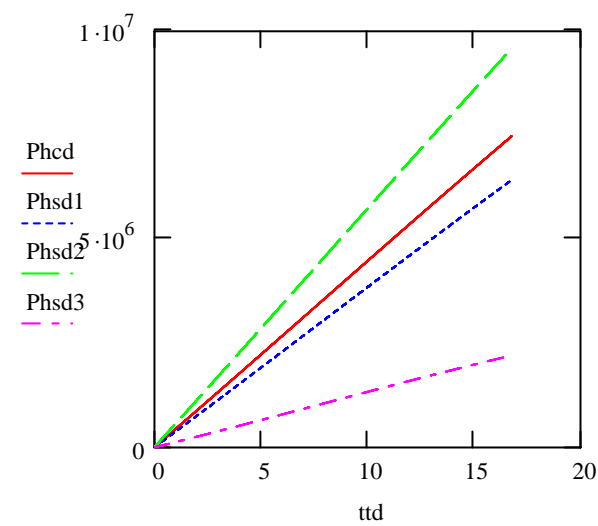
$$ttd_{j_{td}} := tt_{j_{td} \cdot N_d} \quad ttd_1 - ttd_0 = 0.002 \text{ s}$$

$$Phcd_{j_{td}} := Phc_{j_{td} \cdot N_d} \quad Phsd1_{j_{td}} := Phs1_{j_{td} \cdot N_d} \quad Phsd2_{j_{td}} := Phs2_{j_{td} \cdot N_d} \quad Phsd3_{j_{td}} := Phs3_{j_{td} \cdot N_d} \quad Fhcd_{j_{td1}} := \frac{Phcd_{j_{td1}+1} - Phcd_{j_{td1}}}{2\pi \cdot (dt \cdot N_d)} \quad Fhcd_{N_{td}-1} := Fhcd_{N_{td}-2}$$

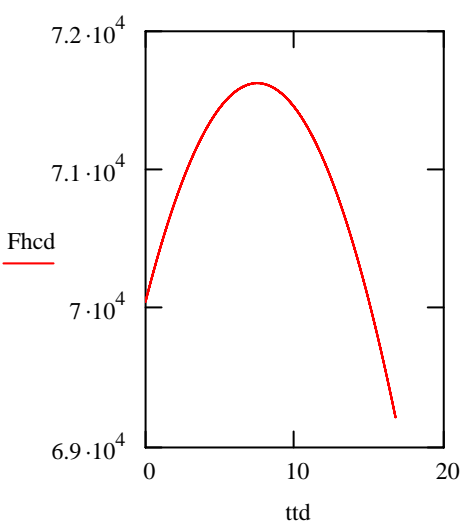
$$Phmdat := \text{augment}\left(ttd \cdot s^{-1}, Fhcd \cdot s, Phcd, Phsd1, Phsd2, Phsd3\right)$$

$$\textcolor{red}{WxRITEPRN("Data3.NoSpin.NoPhNoise.PhaseModel.txt") := Phmdat}$$

Phases (in video band) for all tones



Frequency of the carrier in video band



Briefly check the spectrum on the sub-sample of the full data

```

Ns := 16 · 2048  js := 0..Ns - 1          Ts := Ns · dt      dfs := Ts-1      fsjs := js · dfs
Ds := submatrix(data, 0, Ns - 1, 0, 0)  Ds := Ds - 127
Ss := cfft(Ds)
Psjs := Re(Ssjs)2 + Im(Ssjs)2

```

