

# Suggested Readings

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## 1 Incrementality in Deterministic Dependency Parsing

- Why incrementality?
  - Practical and can be used in real time applications
  - Theoretical i.e human parsing is largely incremental, so it makes sense to try it out in the text as well.
  - **Core aim:** Build a complete syntactic analysis for the input string
  - Dependencies can be done by labelling each word in the sentence by POS tags and the arcs between each of these words with their grammatical function
  - Parser configs represented by triples (S, I, A). S = Stack, I = List of input tokens, A = current arc relation in dependency graph
  - **Incremental:** For bottom up parsers, idea is to have a term related to graph at all times. Number of elements in stack is not greater than 2
  - **Arc eager parsing:** Do both bottom-up and top-down parsing. Left dependents bottom-up and right dependents top-down
  - In standard algorithm, Right-reduce is bottom-up approach i.e it is a Right-Arc + Reduce function.
  - **Incremental for arc parsing:** Enforce that the graph should be connected at all times, since two tokens need not be present on the stack to create the dependency
  - *Top Down parsing:* Head is attached to dependant before dependent is attached to its other dependents
  - *Bottom up parsing:* Dependent is attached to its head before head is attached to its parent's head.
  - **Performance:** Evaluation based on arc-eager parsing with memory-based classifier for predicting next transition
  - 90% of all configs have no more than three connected components on the stack.
  - Sentences that violate the incremental parsing property are because:
    - \* Can't be parse into a well formed tree i.e single projective dependency tree

## 2 Conclusion

- This paper shows that strict incremental parsing is not achievable with the framework presented.
- HOWEVER, arc-eager parsing algorithm is optimal for incremental parsing.