Package 'polypharmacy'

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polypharmacy-package Calculate several polypharmacy indicators

Description

This package analyse prescription drug deliveries to calculate several indicators of polypharmacy corresponding to the various definitions found in the literature.

Details

It is essential to know the concepts used to calculate the various polypharmacy indicators to adequately use this package.

The core of the package is the data_process() function that creates the data.table of drug treatments by restructuring the drug delivery records (usually extracted from a pharmacy or a health insurance information system) into continuous periods of drug availability (called drug treatments), applying user-defined arguments such as the grace periods between renewals or the longest treatment duration that an individual may accumulate through the successive renewals.

Then, each polypharmacy indicator can be computed using the corresponding function (ind_simult(), ind_stdcumul(), ind_wcumul(), ind_stdcontinuous(), ind_ucontinuous()) or using the overall function indicators() to select the desired indicator(s) to be calculated at once.

Prior to running data_process() the user may need to pre-process the table of original drug delivery records to break down combination drug into their individual components (drugs_bkdn()) and/or to overwrite some delivery durations of specified drugs with constant durations (cst_trt_dur()).

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See Also

Useful links:

• Report bugs at https://github.com/guiboucher/polypharmacy/issues

cst_deliv_duration

Constant delivery duration drugs

Description

Overwrites the delivery durations with constant durations for each drug code listed in a user-provided table.

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Usage

```
cst_deliv_duration(
  Rx_deliv,
  Rx_drug_code,
  Rx_deliv_dur,
  Cst_deliv_dur,
  Cst_drug_code,
  Cst_duration
)
```

Arguments

Rx_deliv
 Rx_drug_code
 Column name of Rx_deliv that contains the drug unique identifier.
 Rx_deliv_dur
 Column name of the constant treatment duration in the Rx_deliv table.
 Cst_deliv_dur
 Name of the table that contains the constant delivery durations that will overwrite that in the Rx_deliv table for the specified drug codes.
 Cst_drug_code
 Column name of Cst_deliv_dur that contains the drug unique identifier (same format as Rx_drug_code).
 Cst_duration
 Column name of the constant treatment duration in the Cst_deliv_dur table (same format as Rx_deliv_dur).

Value

data.table of the same structure as Rx_deliv.

Examples

data_process

Create the table of the drug treatments

Description

Reads a table of successive drug delivery records (usually extracted from a pharmacy or a health insurance information system) and creates the table required for the calculation of the polypharmacy indicators by applying various user-defined arguments, incorporating hospital stays into the treatment periods and reconstruct continuous treatment periods by merging quasi continuous and/or overlapping drugs deliveries.

data_process

Usage

```
data_process(
  Rx_deliv,
  Rx_id,
  Rx_drug_code,
  Rx_drug_deliv,
  Rx_deliv_dur,
  Cohort = NULL,
  Cohort_id = NULL,
  Hosp_stays = NULL,
  Hosp_id = NULL,
  Hosp_admis = NULL,
  Hosp_discharge = NULL,
  study_start = NULL,
  study_end = NULL,
  grace_fctr = 0.5,
  grace_cst = 0,
  max_reserve = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Rx_deliv	Name of the table listing all prescription drugs deliveries including the run-in period. See <i>Details</i> .	
Rx_id	Column name of Rx_deliv containing individual's unique identifier (any format).	
Rx_drug_code	Column name of Rx_deliv that contains the drug's unique identifier (any format).	
Rx_drug_deliv	Column name of Rx_deliv that contains the dates of the drug delivery (Date format, see <i>Details</i>).	
Rx_deliv_dur	Column name of Rx_deliv that contains the duration of the delivery (integer number).	
Cohort	Name of the table providing the unique identifiers of the study cohort. Only the ids listed in both the Cohort and the Rx_deliv tables will be returned. if Cohort = NULL, all ids of the Rx_deliv table will be returned.	
Cohort_id	Column name of Cohort containing individual's unique identifiers (same format as Rx_id). If Cohort is not NULL and Cohort_id is NULL, Cohort_id will take the same value as Rx_id.	
Hosp_stays	Name of the table listing all hospital stays. (see <i>Details</i> for possible format).	
Hosp_id	Column name of Hosp_stays containing individual's unique identifier (same format as Rx_id). If Hosp_stays is not NULL and Hosp_id is NULL, Hosp_id will take the same value as Rx_id.	
Hosp_admis	Column name of Hosp_stays that contains the date of admission in hospital (Date format, see <i>Details</i>).	
Hosp_discharge	Column name of Hosp_stays that contains the date of discharge from hospital (Date format, see <i>Details</i>).	
study_start, study_end		

Defines the first and last day of the study period for which the polypharmacy indicator(s) need to be calculated. All treatment periods prior to study_start

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and past study_end are not transcribed into the result table (Date format, see *Details*).

grace_fctr, grace_cst

Numbers ≥ 0 . Two types of grace periods can be applied. One is proportional to the treatment duration of the latest delivery (grace_fctr) and the other is a constant number of days (grace_cst).

max_reserve

An integer number ≥ 0 or NULL. Longest treatment duration, in days, that can be stored from successive overlapping deliveries. When max_reserve = NULL no limit is applied. When max_reserve = 0 no accumulation of extra treatment duration is accounted for.

Details

Variables:

- Rx_id, Cohort_id and Hosp_id columns must be of the same class (integer, numeric, character, ...).
- Rx_drug_deliv, Hosp_admis and Hosp_discharge can be 1) as.Date('yyyy-mm-dd'), 2) as.character('yyyy-mm-dd') or 3) as.integer() where 0 is January 1st, 1970.

Arguments:

• study_start and study_end can be 1) as.Date("yyyy-mm-dd"), 2) as.character("yyyy-mm-dd") or 3) as.integer() where 0 is January 1st, 1970.

Hospital stays:

Drug availability is assumed to continue during the hospital stay as it is on the day prior admission. The patient is assumed to resume the consumption of the drugs delivered by community pharmacists (as recorded in Rx_deliv) the day after hosp_discharge.

Run-in period:

A run-in period is necessary to account for the medications that are available to the individuals on the day of study_start. It is recommended to include a run-in period of about 6 months (e.g. 7 months to account for possible delays) as some drugs are delivered for up to 6 months at once.

Grace period:

The grace period is used to determine if two successive deliveries can be considered as a continuous treatment even if there is a gap of several days for which no treatment is apparently available. Two successive deliveries of an identical drug are considered part of a single continuous treatment if the next delivery doesn't occur more than grace_cst + (grace_fctr × Rx_deliv_dur) days after the end of the latest drug delivery. The availability of extra drugs accumulated over the successive deliveries is accounted for prior to evaluating the duration of the gap between deliveries.

Performance

For better performance, date columns are converted to integer numbers.

Value

data.table with four (4) variables:

- The individual unique identifier which name is defined by Rx_id.
- The drug unique identifier which name is defined by Rx_drug_code.
- tx_start: The date of initiation of the reconstructed continued treatment (format as date).
- tx_end: The date of the last day of the reconstructed continued treatment (format as date).

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Examples

```
Rx_dt1 <- data.frame(id = 1, code = "A",</pre>
              date = c("2020-01-01", "2020-01-09", "2020-01-21", "2020-02-05", "2020-02-21"),
                     duration = 10)
Rx1 <- data_process(Rx_deliv = Rx_dt1,</pre>
                    Rx_id = "id", Rx_drug_code = "code",
                     Rx_drug_deliv = "date", Rx_deliv_dur = "duration")
## With a study cohort
Rx_dt2 \leftarrow data.frame(id = c(1, 1, 1, 2, 2), code = "A",
              date = c("2020-01-01", "2020-01-09", "2020-01-21", "2020-02-05", "2020-02-21"),
                     duration = 10)
Cohort_dt2 = data.frame(id = 1, age = 65, sex = "F", x1 = "ind8", x2 = "ex1")
Rx2 <- data_process(Rx_deliv = Rx_dt2,</pre>
                    Rx_id = "id", Rx_drug_code = "code",
                     Rx_drug_deliv = "date", Rx_deliv_dur = "duration",
                     Cohort = Cohort_dt2, Cohort_id = "id")
## With hospital stays
Hosp_dt2 <- data.frame(id = 1,</pre>
                        start = c("2019-01-01", "2019-12-25"),
                        end = c("2019-05-20", "2019-12-31"))
Rx3 <- data_process(Rx_deliv = Rx_dt2,</pre>
                     Rx_id = "id", Rx_drug_code = "code",
                     Rx_drug_deliv = "date", Rx_deliv_dur = "duration",
                     Cohort = Cohort_dt2, Cohort_id = "id",
                     Hosp_stays = Hosp_dt2, Hosp_id = "id",
                     Hosp_admis = "start", Hosp_discharge = "end")
## With study_start not NULL
Rx3_start <- data_process(Rx_deliv = Rx_dt2,</pre>
                           Rx_id = "id", Rx_drug_code = "code",
                           Rx_drug_deliv = "date", Rx_deliv_dur = "duration",
                           Cohort = Cohort_dt2, Cohort_id = "id",
                           Hosp_stays = Hosp_dt2, Hosp_id = "id",
                           Hosp_admis = "start", Hosp_discharge = "end",
                           study_start = "2019-12-29")
```

drug_bkdn

Translate combination drug deliveries into single active ingredients

Description

Replaces each combination drug into several deliveries of elementary active ingredients according to a user-provided correspondence table.

Usage

```
drug_bkdn(Rx_deliv, Rx_drug_code, Combn_drugs, Combn_drug_code, Combn_act_code)
```

Arguments

Rx_deliv Name of the table listing all prescription drugs deliveries.

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Rx_drug_code Column name of Rx_deliv that contains the combination drug unique identifiers

(any format).

make up each combination drug.

Combn_drug_code

Column name of Combn_drugs that contains the combination drug unique iden-

tifiers (same format as Rx_drug_code).

Combn_act_code Column name of elementary active ingredients that is present in Combn_drugs

(same format as Rx_drug_code).

Value

data.table of the same structure as Rx_deliv.

Examples

indicators

Title

Description

Description

Usage

indicators(arg)

Details

Detail

Value

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ind_stdcumul Title

Description

Description

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ind_stdcumul(arg)

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Value

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Title

Description

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Usage

ind_ucontinuous(arg)

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Title

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Description

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ind_wcumul(arg)

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