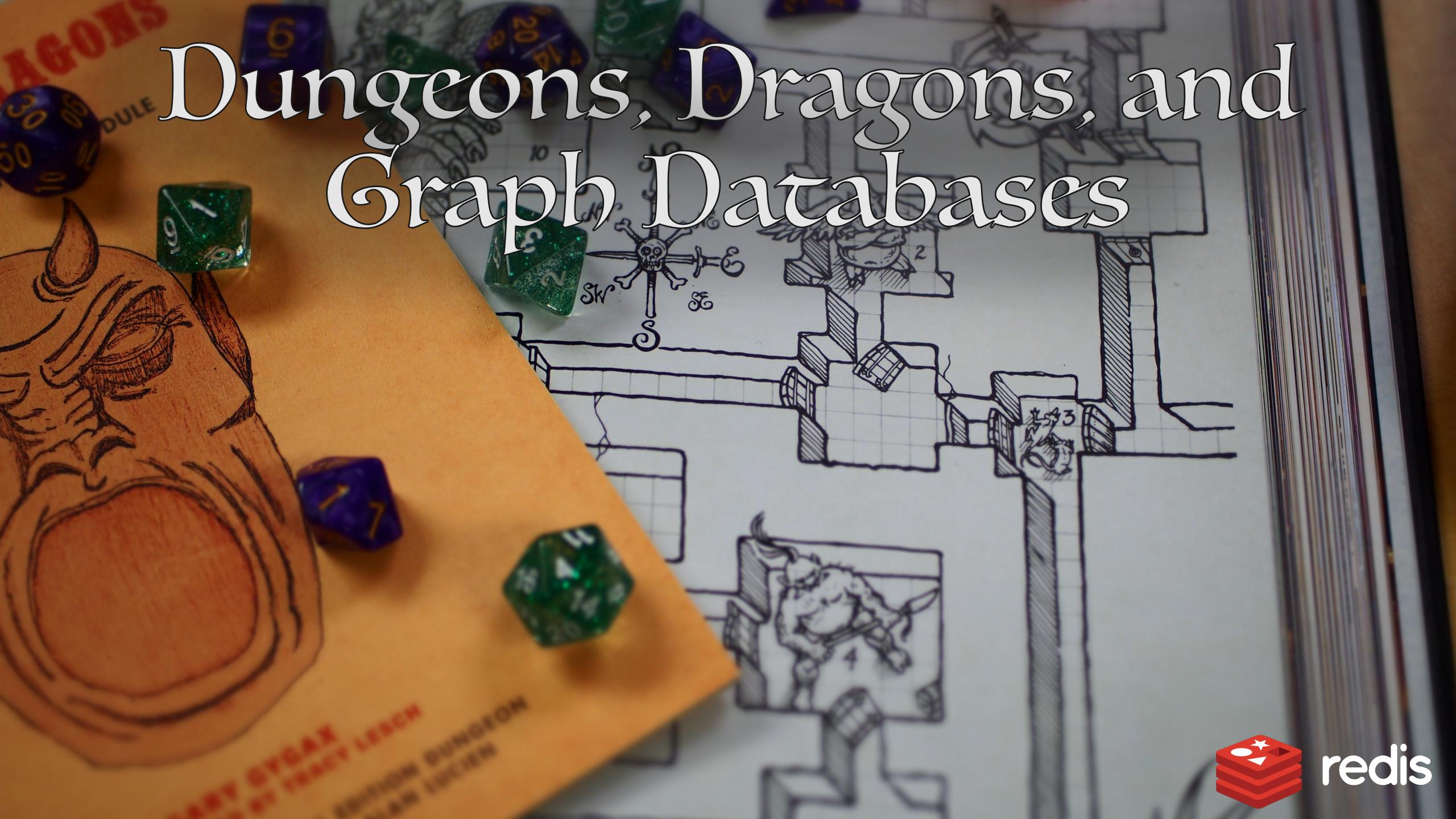


Dungeons, Dragons, and Graph Databases





Guy Royse

Developer Advocate



 @guyroyse

 github.com/guyroyse

 guy.dev



Name: Guy Royse

Alignment: Neutral good

Class: Bard

Str: 10

Race: Dwarf

Dex: 8

Level: 5

Con: 12

AC: 11

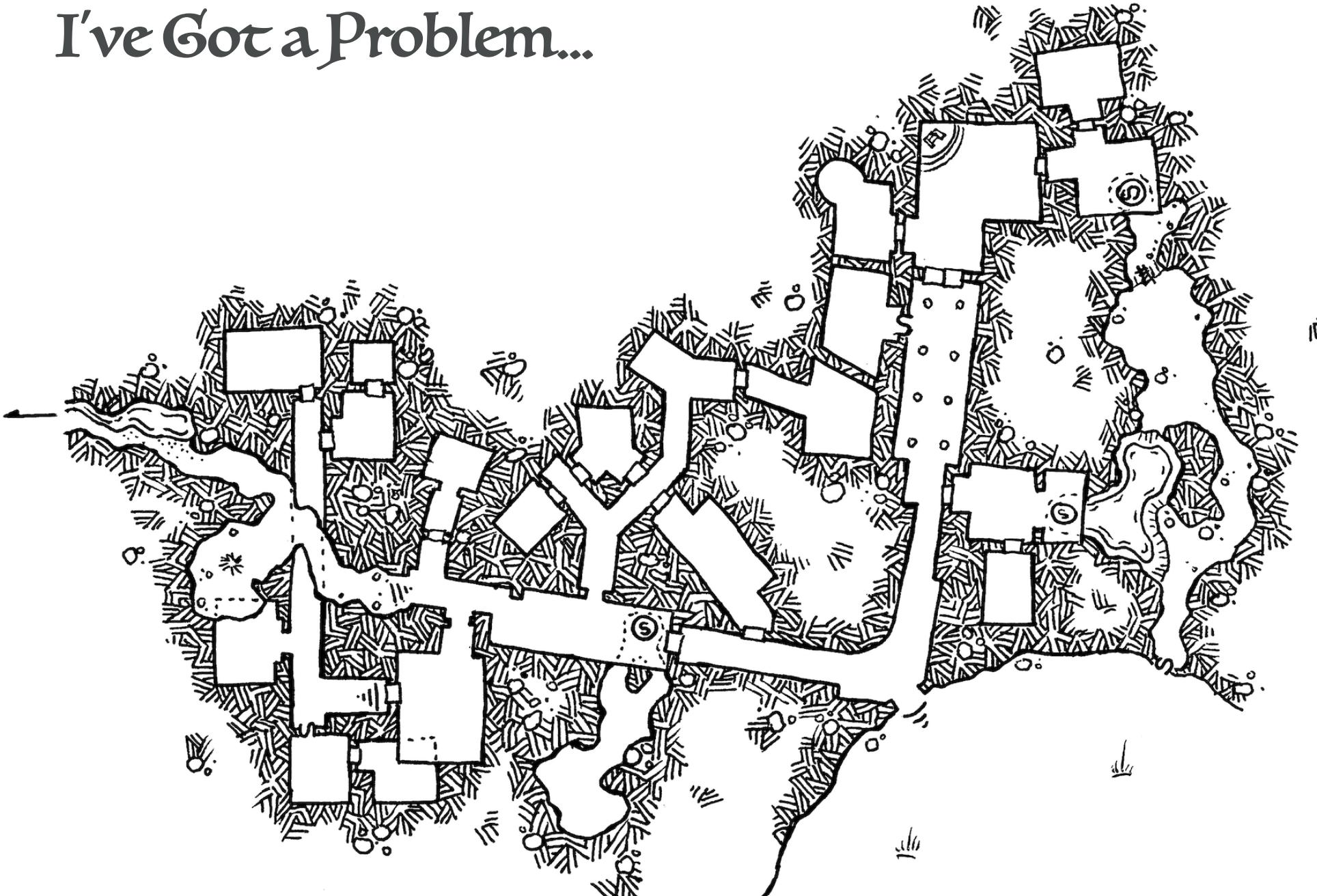
Int: 8

HP: 32

Wis: 8

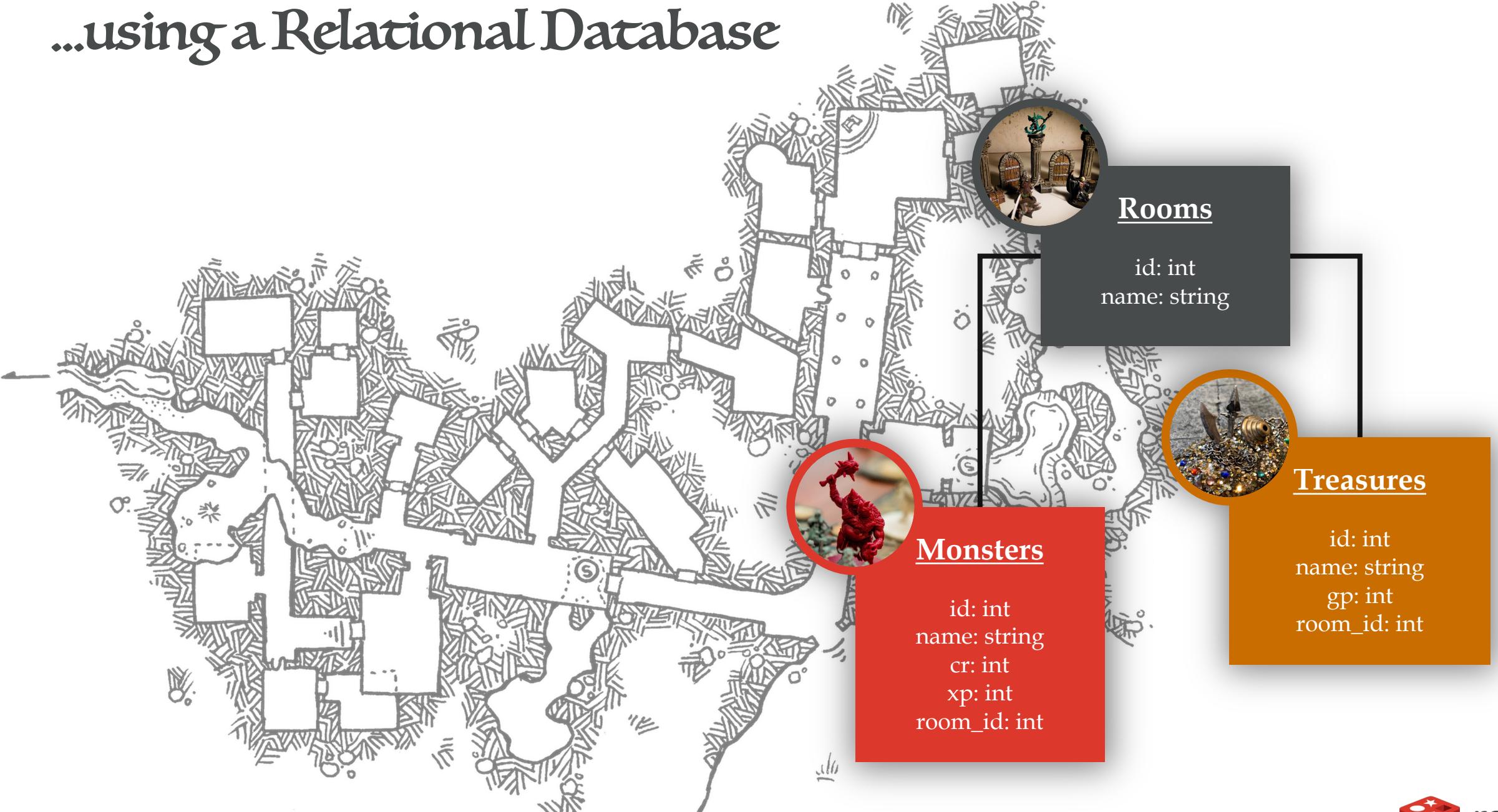
Cha: 16

I've Got a Problem...

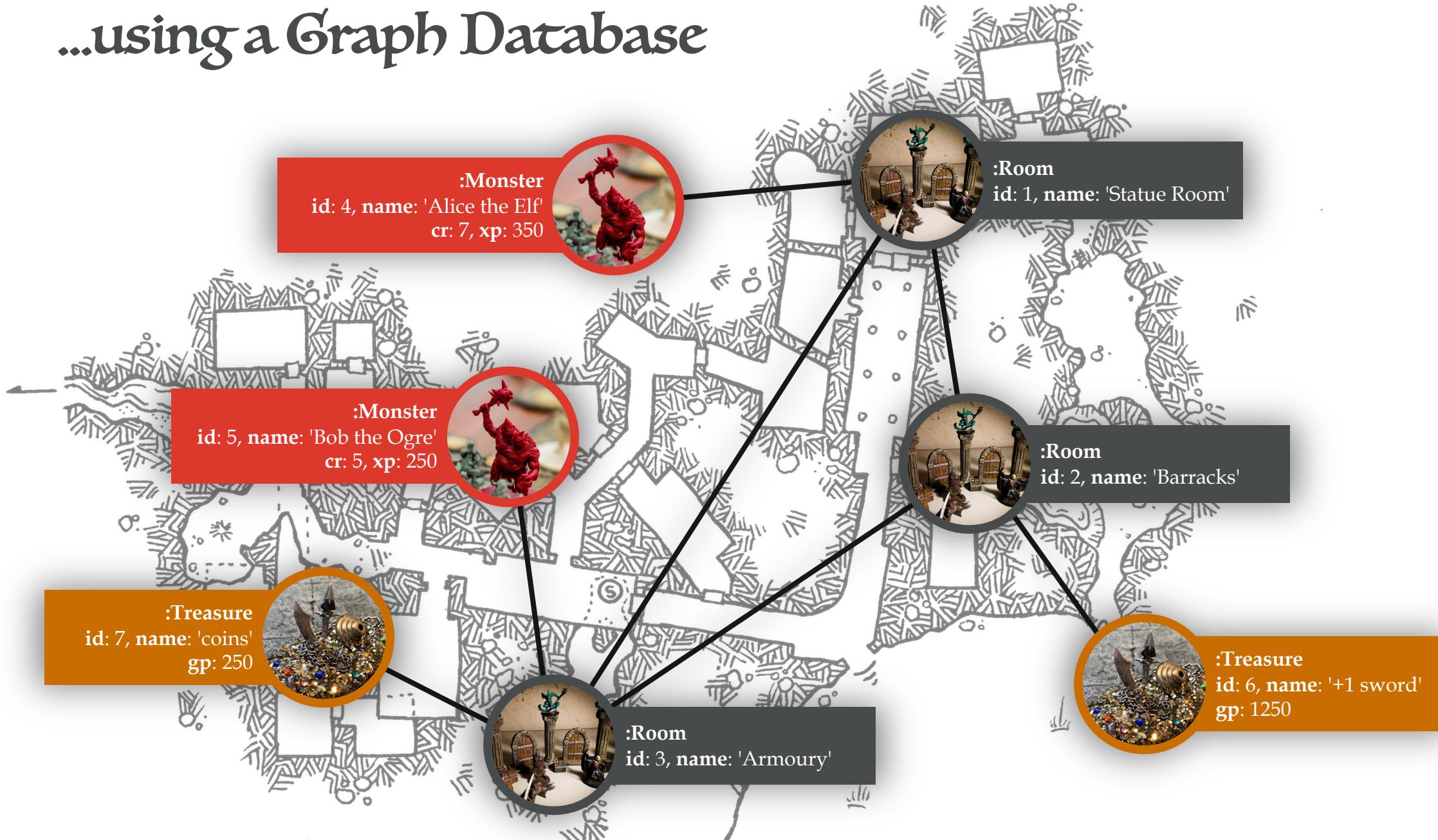


Cartography by Dyson Logos

...using a Relational Database

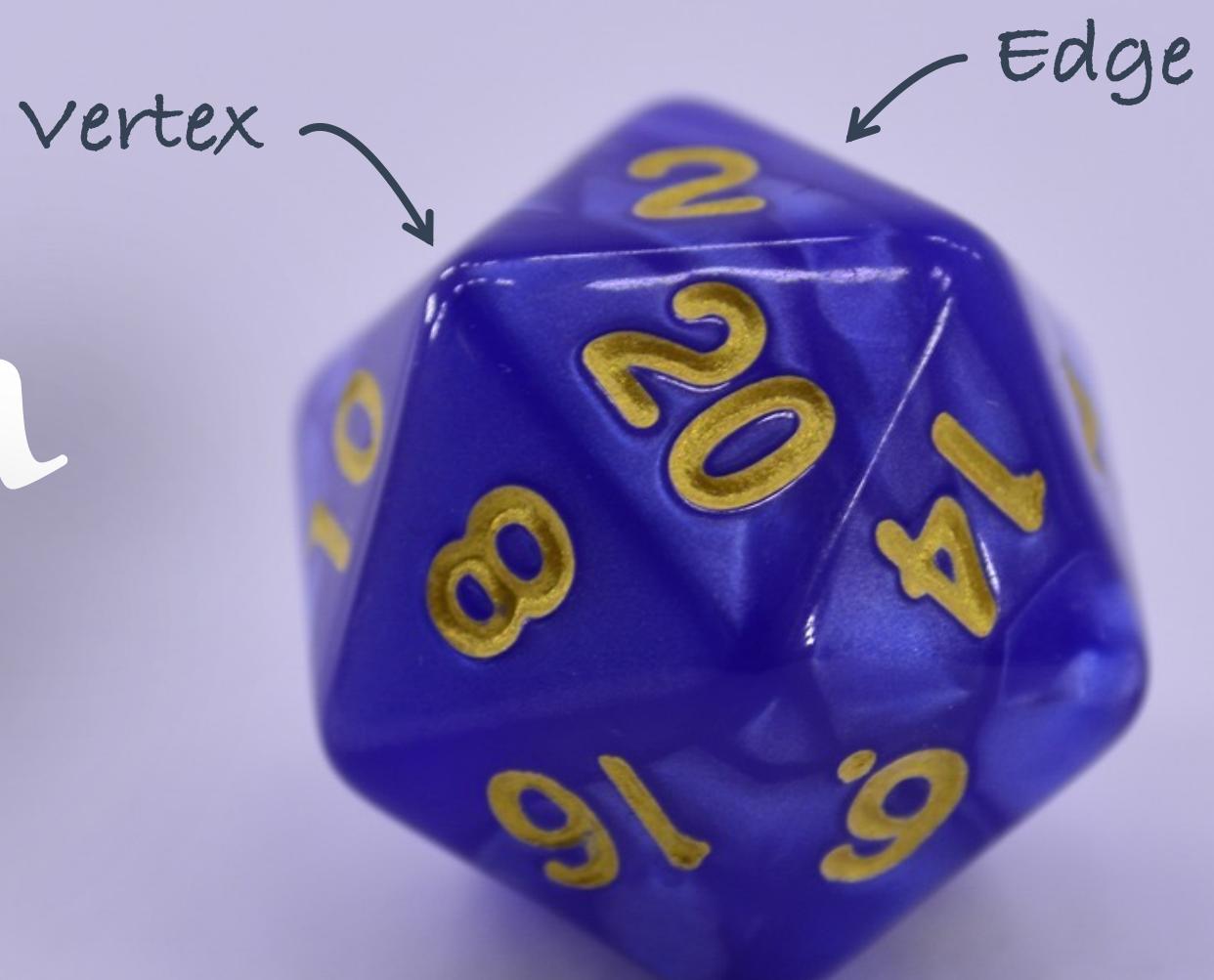


...using a Graph Database



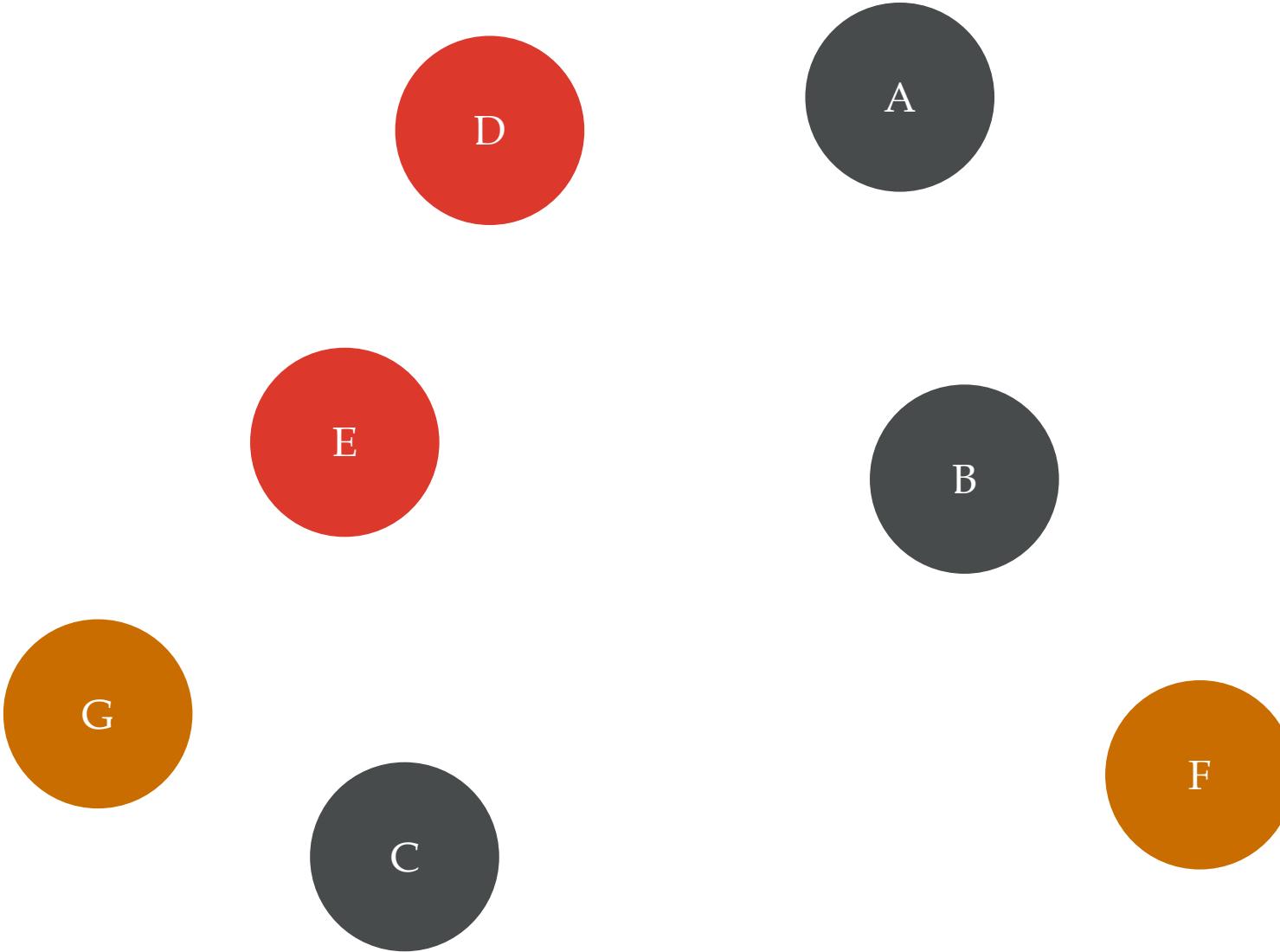
What's a Graph
Database?

What's a Graph?

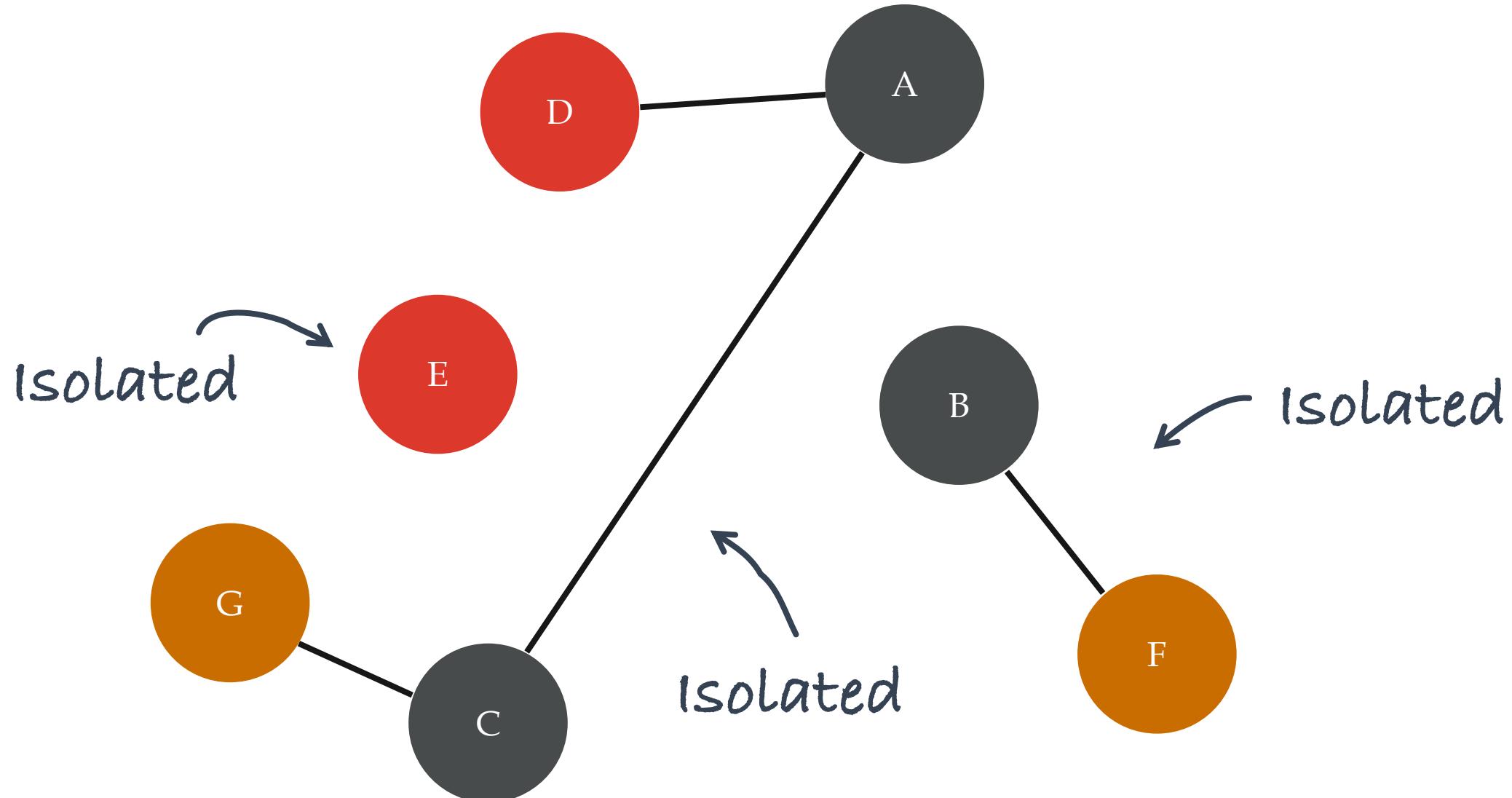


Null Graph

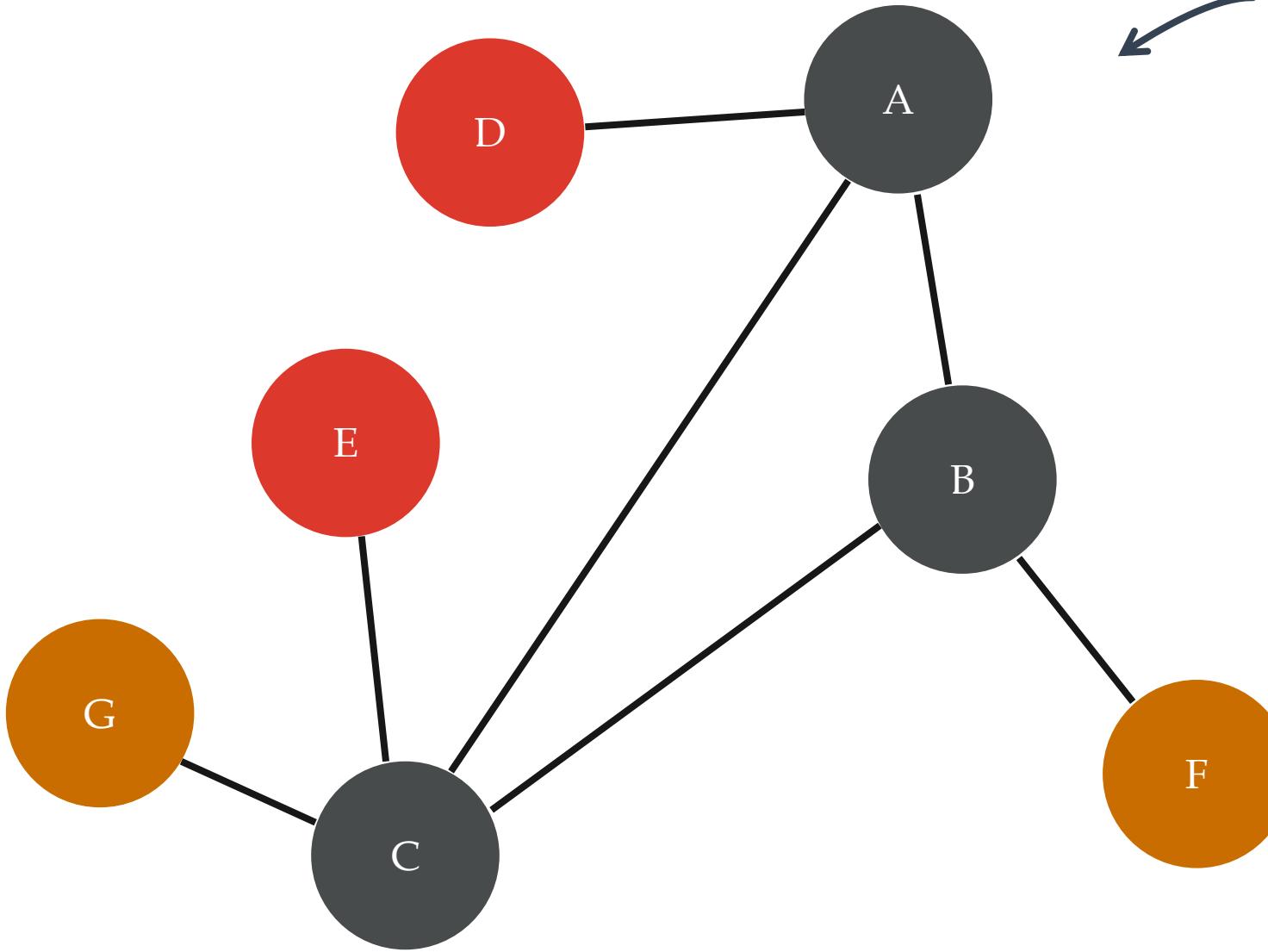
Add Some Nodes



Add Some Relationships

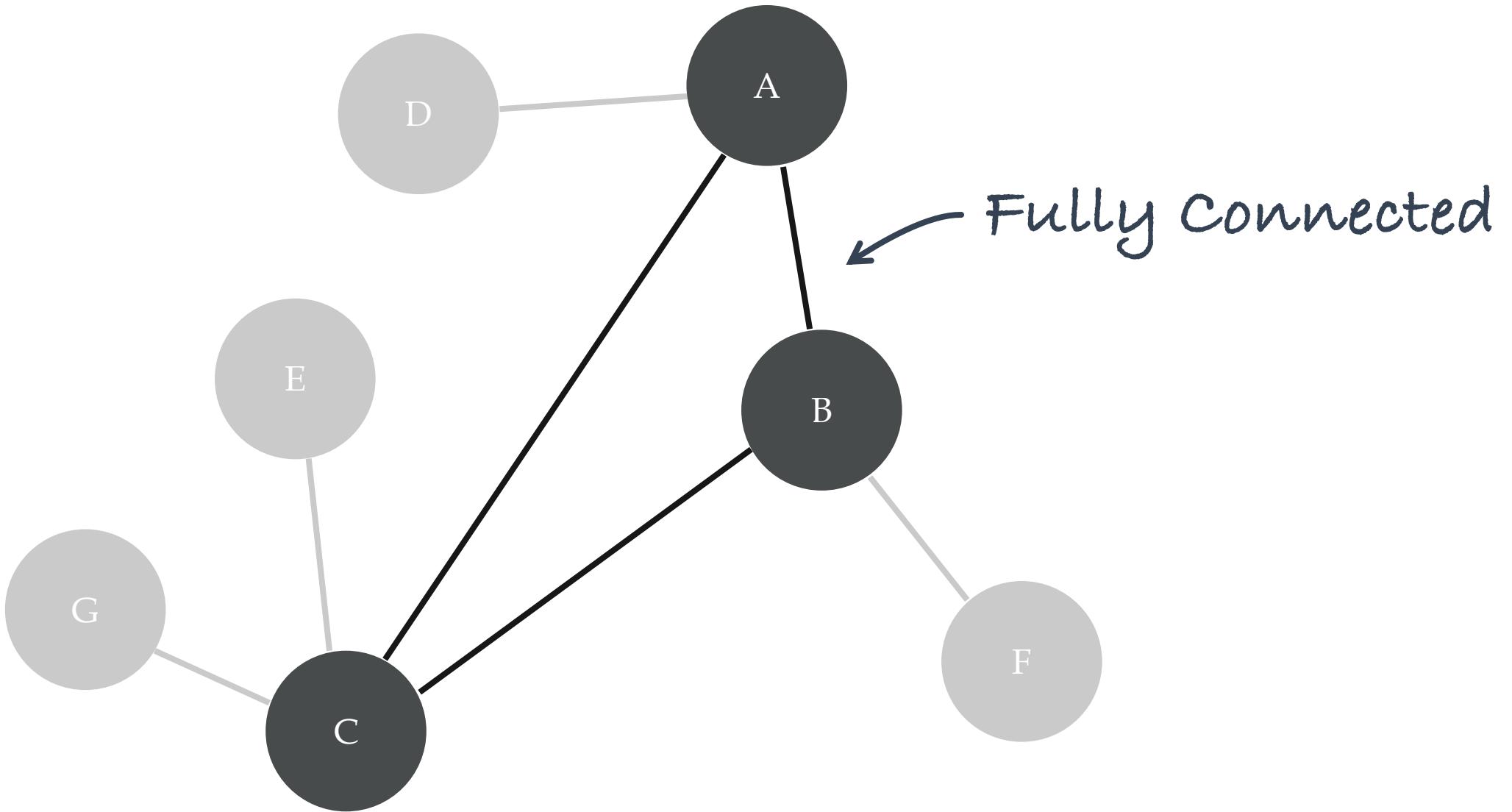


Connect All the Nodes



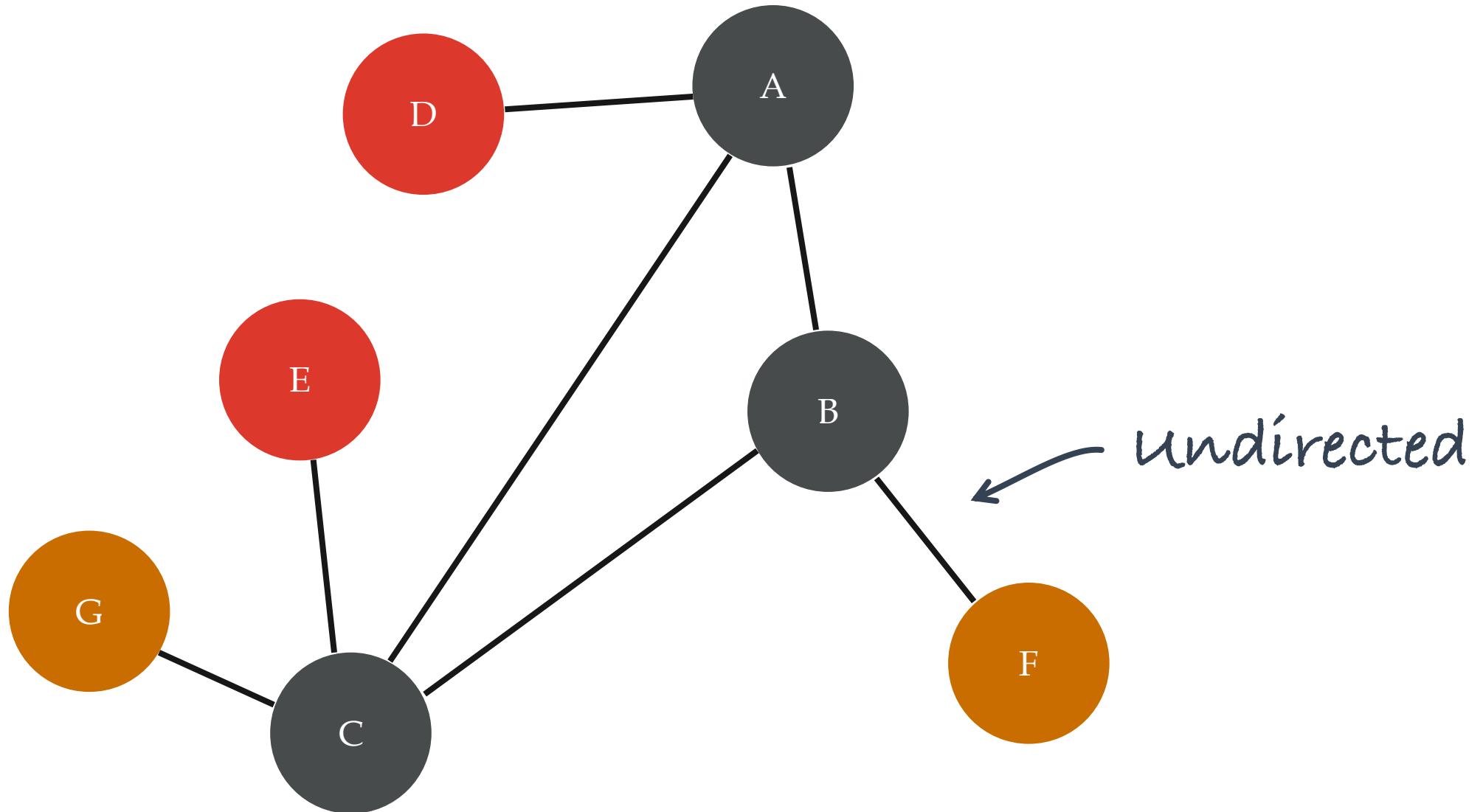
Connected

Fully Connected

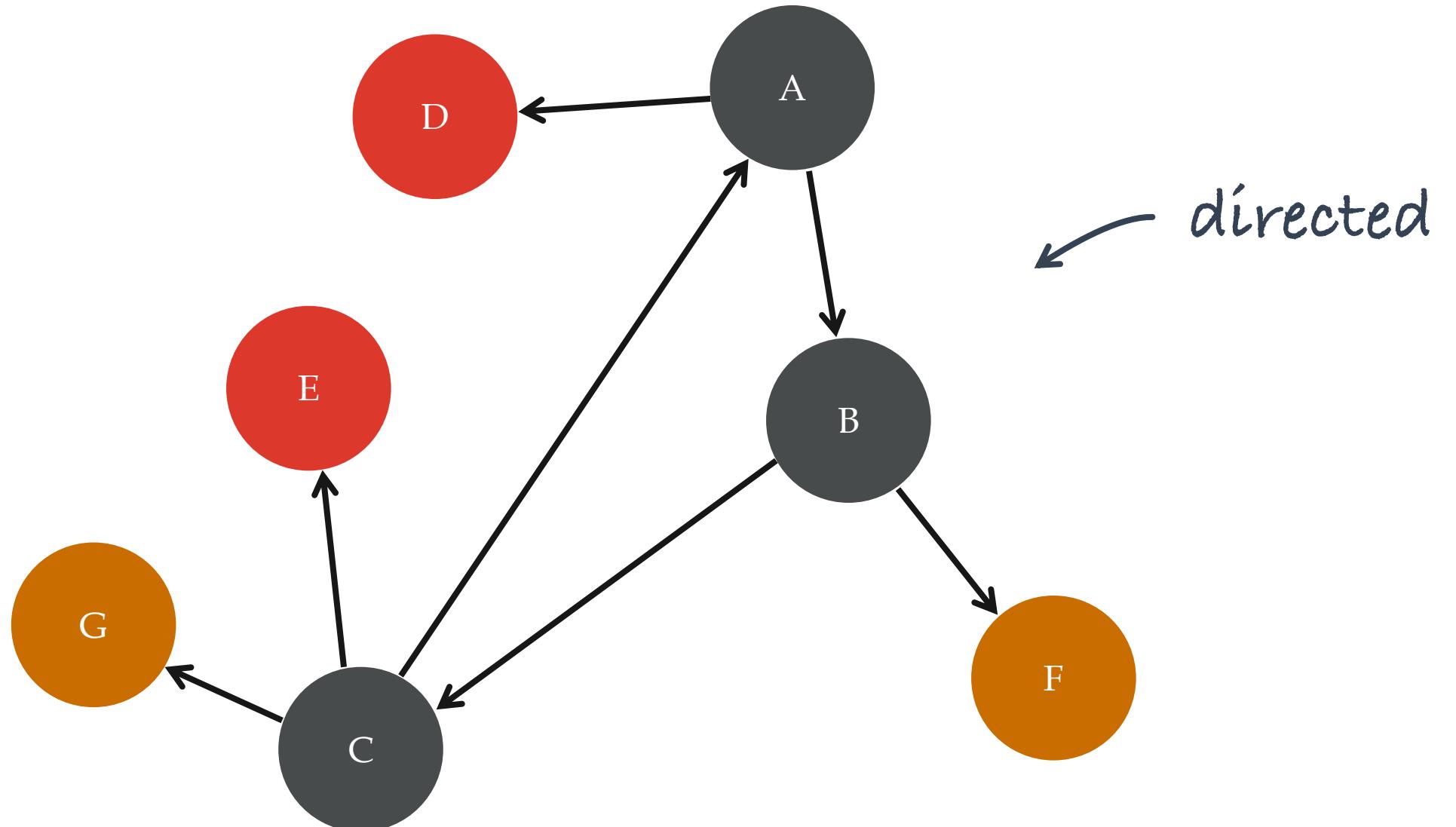


Fully Connected

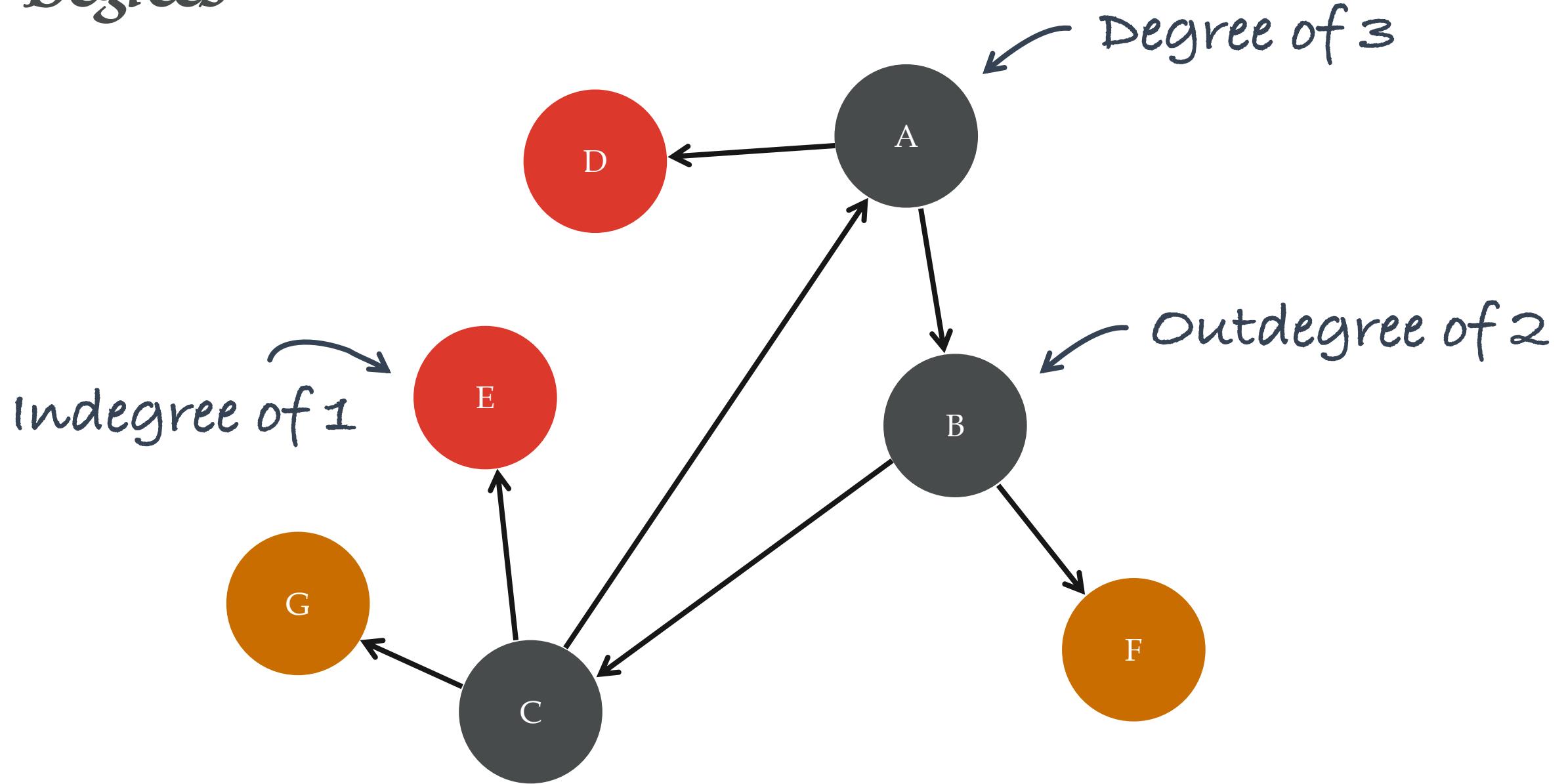
An Undirected Graph



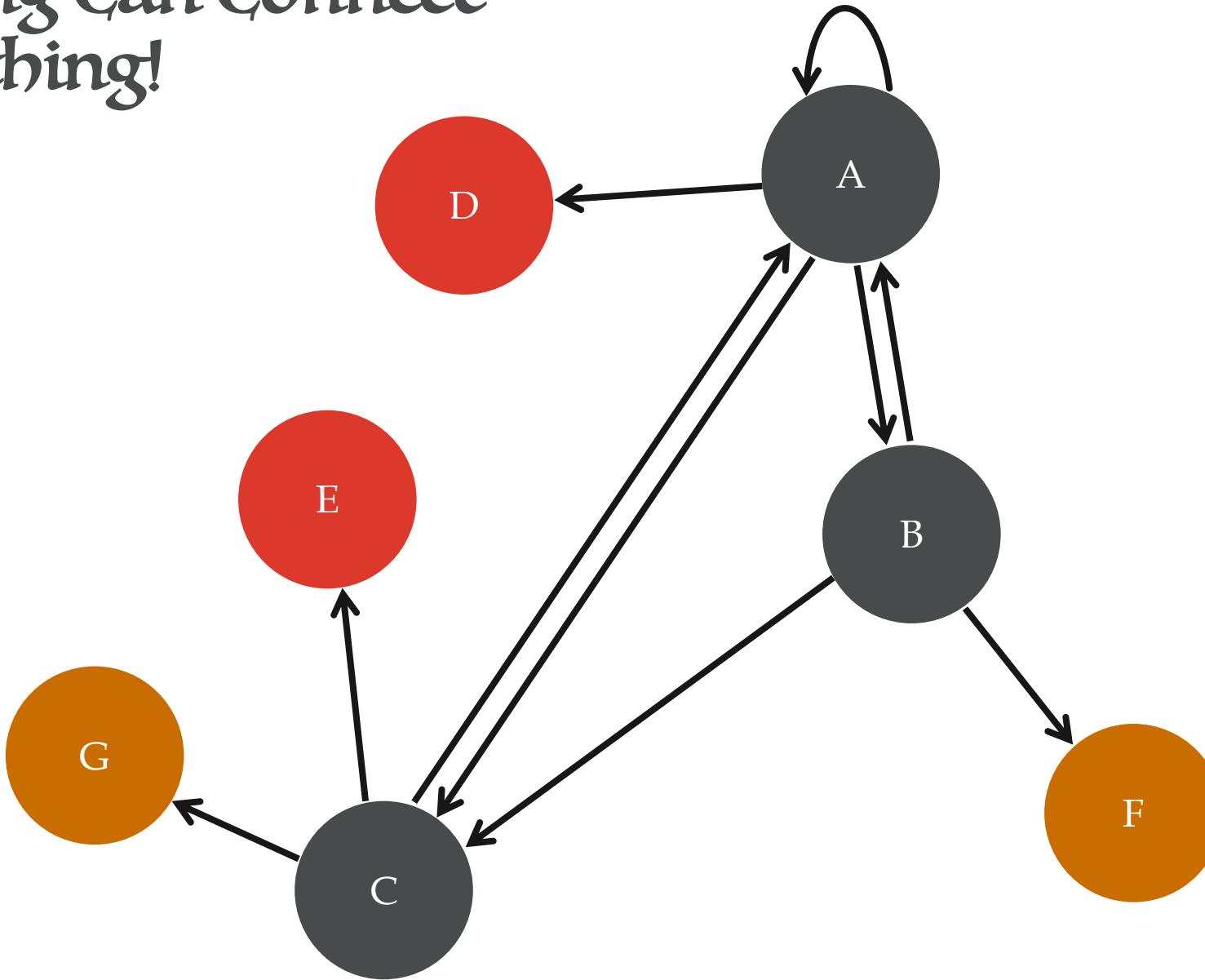
A Directed Graph



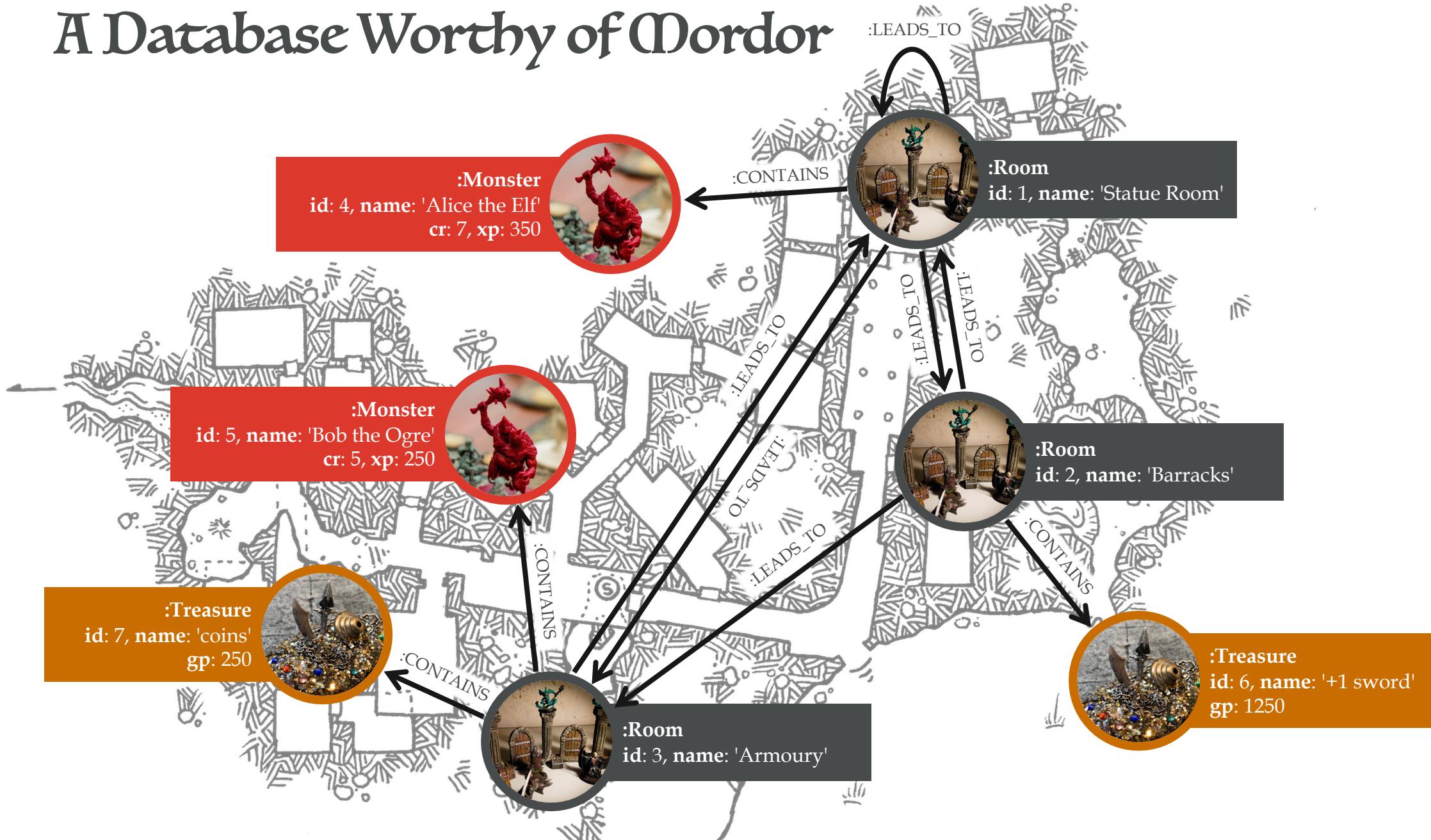
Degrees



*Anything Can Connect
to Anything!*



A Database Worthy of Mordor



Nodes & Relationships

Nodes

- Represent items
 - Can have labels
 - Can have attributes
- Can stand alone



:Room
id: 3
name: 'Armoury'

Relationships

- Represent connections
 - Connect two nodes
 - Have a type
 - Have a direction
 - Can have attributes
- Cannot exist without nodes to connect

— :LEADS_TO —>
distance: 45

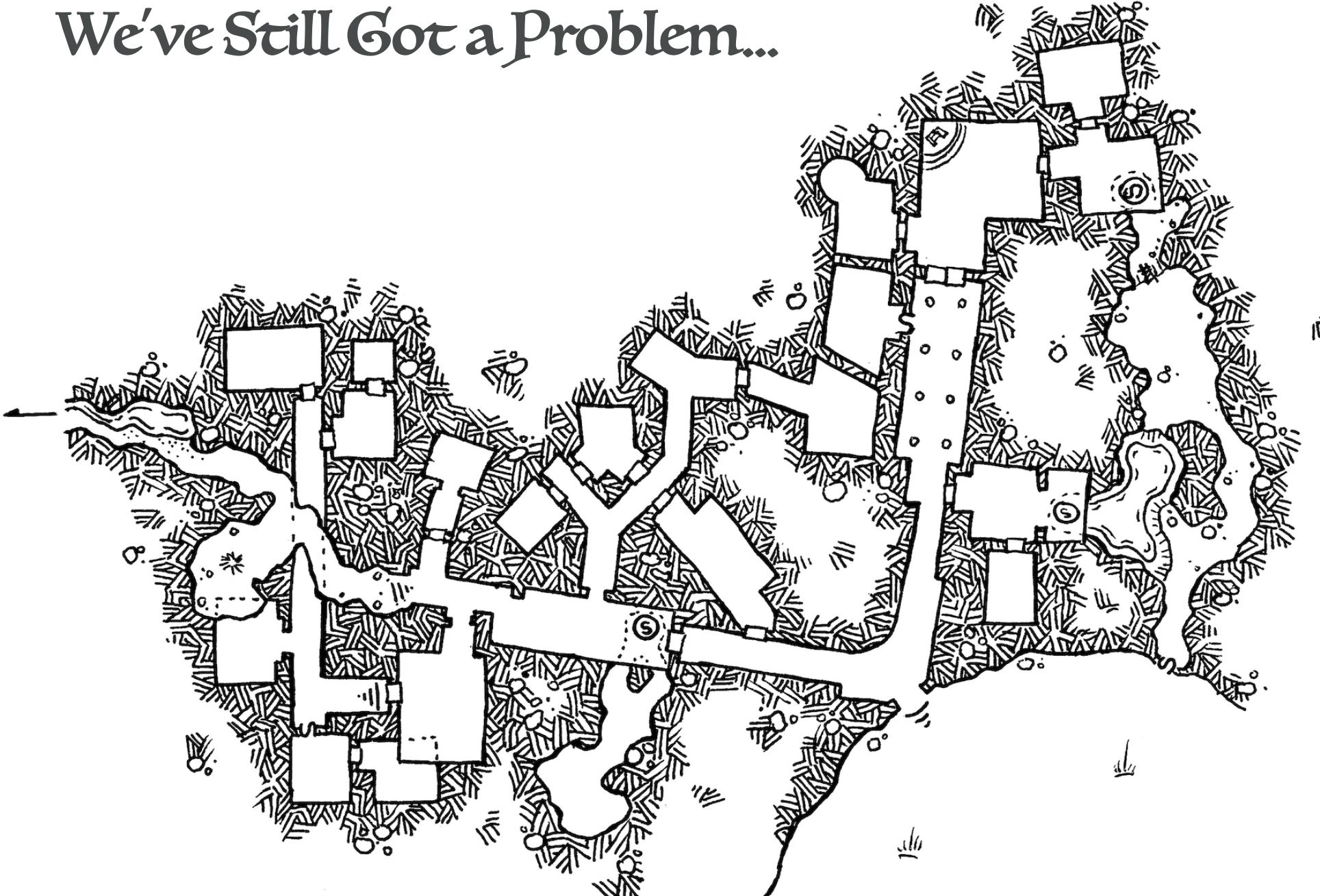
Reads Like a Sentence



The room contains a monster.

Enough Theory!

We've Still Got a Problem...



Cartography by Dyson Logos

How We Gonna Solve It?

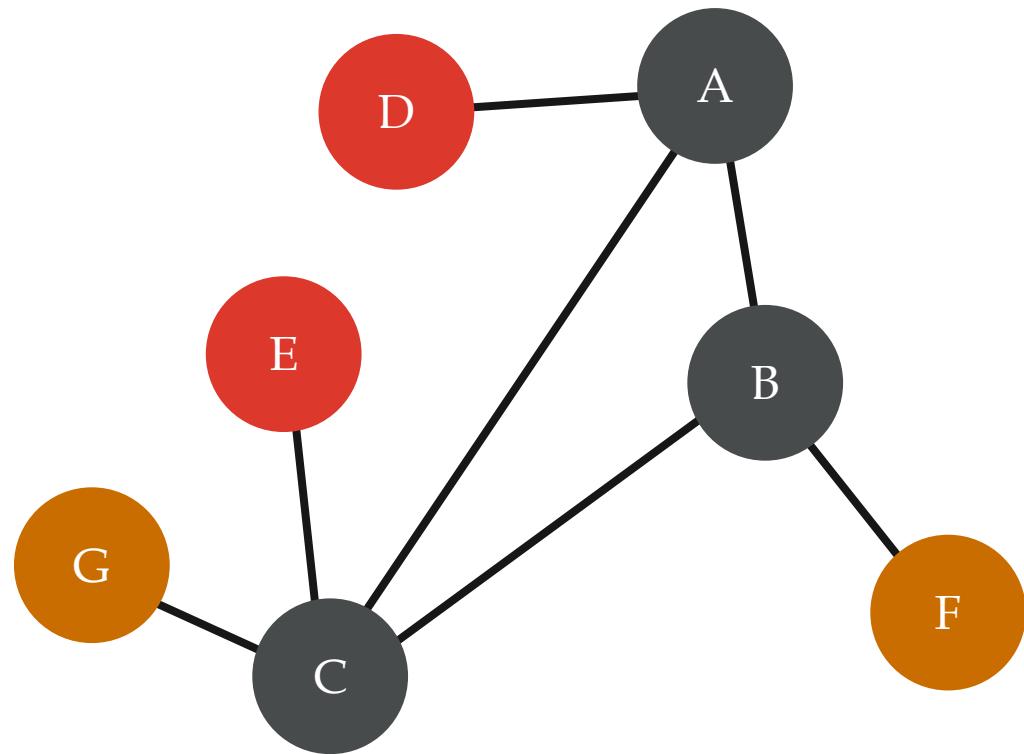
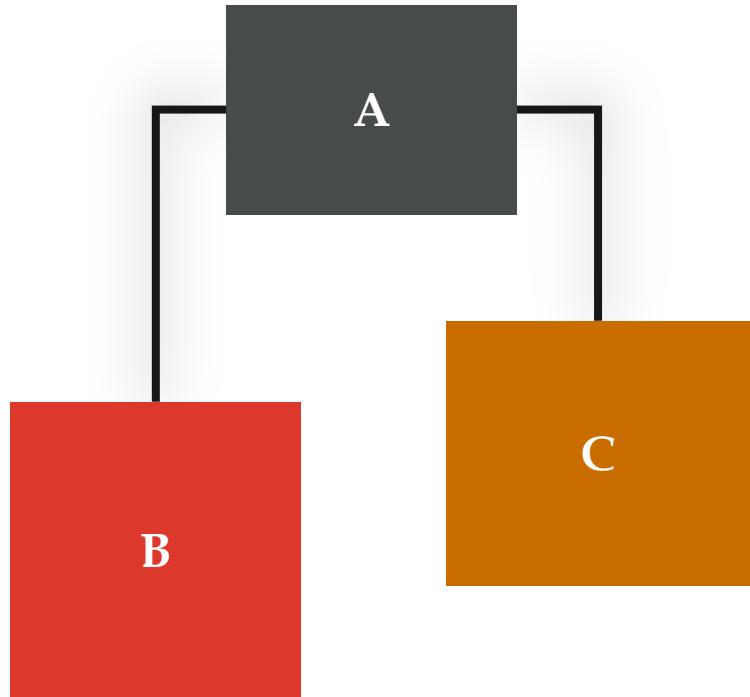


Table Talk

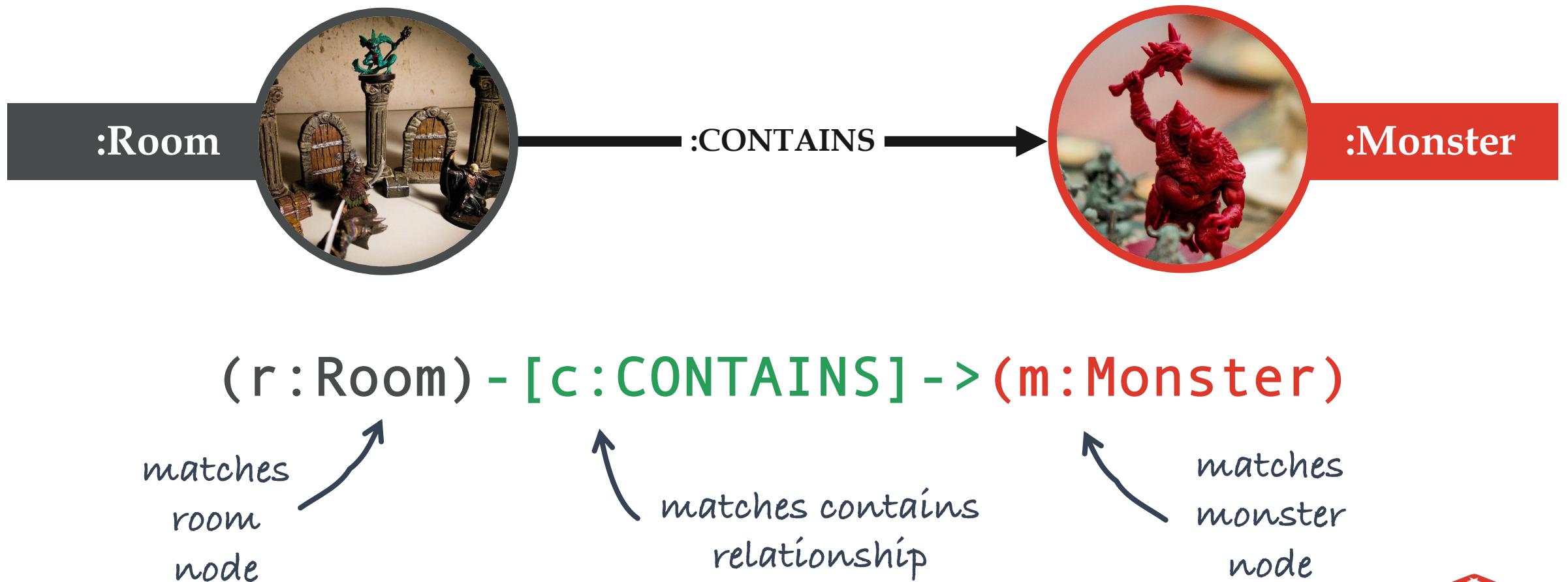
SQL

```
SELECT
    r.id, r.name, t.id, t.name, t.gp m.id, m.name, m.cr, m.xp
FROM
    Rooms as r, Treasures as t, Monsters as m
WHERE
    t.room_id = r.id AND m.room_id = r.id;
```

Cypher

```
MATCH
    (t:Treasure)<- [:CONTAINS] - (r:Room) - [:CONTAINS] -> (m:Monster)
RETURN
    r, t, m
```

Matching



Creating Rooms



Rooms		
	id	name
	1	Statue Room
	2	Barracks
	3	Armoury



:Room
id: 1, name: 'Statue Room'



:Room
id: 2, name: 'Barracks'



:Room
id: 3, name: 'Armoury'

```
INSERT INTO Rooms
(id, name)
VALUES
(1, 'Statue Room');
```

```
CREATE (r:Room)
SET
r.id = 1,
r.name = 'Statue Room'
```

Reading Rooms



Rooms		
	id	name
	1	Statue Room
	2	Barracks
	3	Armoury

```
SELECT id, name  
FROM Rooms  
WHERE id = 1;
```



```
:Room  
id: 1, name: 'Statue Room'
```



```
:Room  
id: 2, name: 'Barracks'
```



```
:Room  
id: 3, name: 'Armoury'
```

```
MATCH (r:Room)  
WHERE r.id = 1  
RETURN r
```

Updating Rooms



Rooms		
	id	name
	1	Statue Room
	2	Barracks
	3	Armoury



:Room
id: 1, name: 'Statue Room'



:Room
id: 2, name: 'Barracks'



:Room
id: 3, name: 'Armoury'

```
UPDATE Rooms
SET name = 'Statue Hall'
WHERE id = 1;
```

```
MATCH (r:Room)
WHERE r.id = 1
SET r.name = 'Statue Hall'
```

Deleting Rooms



Rooms		
	id	name
	1	Statue Room
	2	Barracks
	3	Armoury

```
DELETE FROM Rooms  
WHERE id = 1;
```



```
:Room  
id: 1, name: 'Statue Room'
```



```
:Room  
id: 2, name: 'Barracks'
```



```
:Room  
id: 3, name: 'Armoury'
```

```
MATCH (r:Room)  
WHERE r.id = 1  
DELETE r
```

A Note on Nodes



:Room
id: 1, name: 'Statue Room'



:Room
id: 2, name: 'Barracks'



:Room
id: 3, name: 'Armoury'

```
MATCH (r:Room) WHERE r.id = 1
```

```
MATCH (r:Room { id: 1 })
```

```
CREATE (r:Room)  
SET r.id = 1, r.name = 'Statue Room'
```

```
CREATE (:Room {  
    id: 1, name: 'Statue Room'  
} )
```

Creating Monsters



Monsters

	id	name	cr	xp
	4	Alice the Elf	7	350
	5	Bob the Ogre	5	250

```
INSERT INTO Monsters
  (id, cr, xp, name)
VALUES (4, 7, 350,
       'Alice the Elf');
```

:Monster
id: 4, name: 'Alice the Elf'
cr: 7, xp: 350



:Monster
id: 5, name: 'Bob the Ogre'
cr: 5, xp: 250



```
CREATE (:Monster {
  id: 4, cr: 7, xp: 350,
  name: 'Alice the Elf' })
```

Creating Treasure



Treasures			
	id	name	gp
	6	+1 sword	1250
	7	coins	250

```
INSERT INTO Treasures
  (id, name, gp)
VALUES
  (6, '+1 sword', 1250);
```



```
:Treasure
id: 6, name: '+1 sword'
gp: 1250
```



```
:Treasure
id: 7, name: 'coins'
gp: 250
```

```
CREATE (t:Treasure {
  id: 6, gp: 1250 })
SET t.name = '+1 sword'
```

The Relational Database So Far...

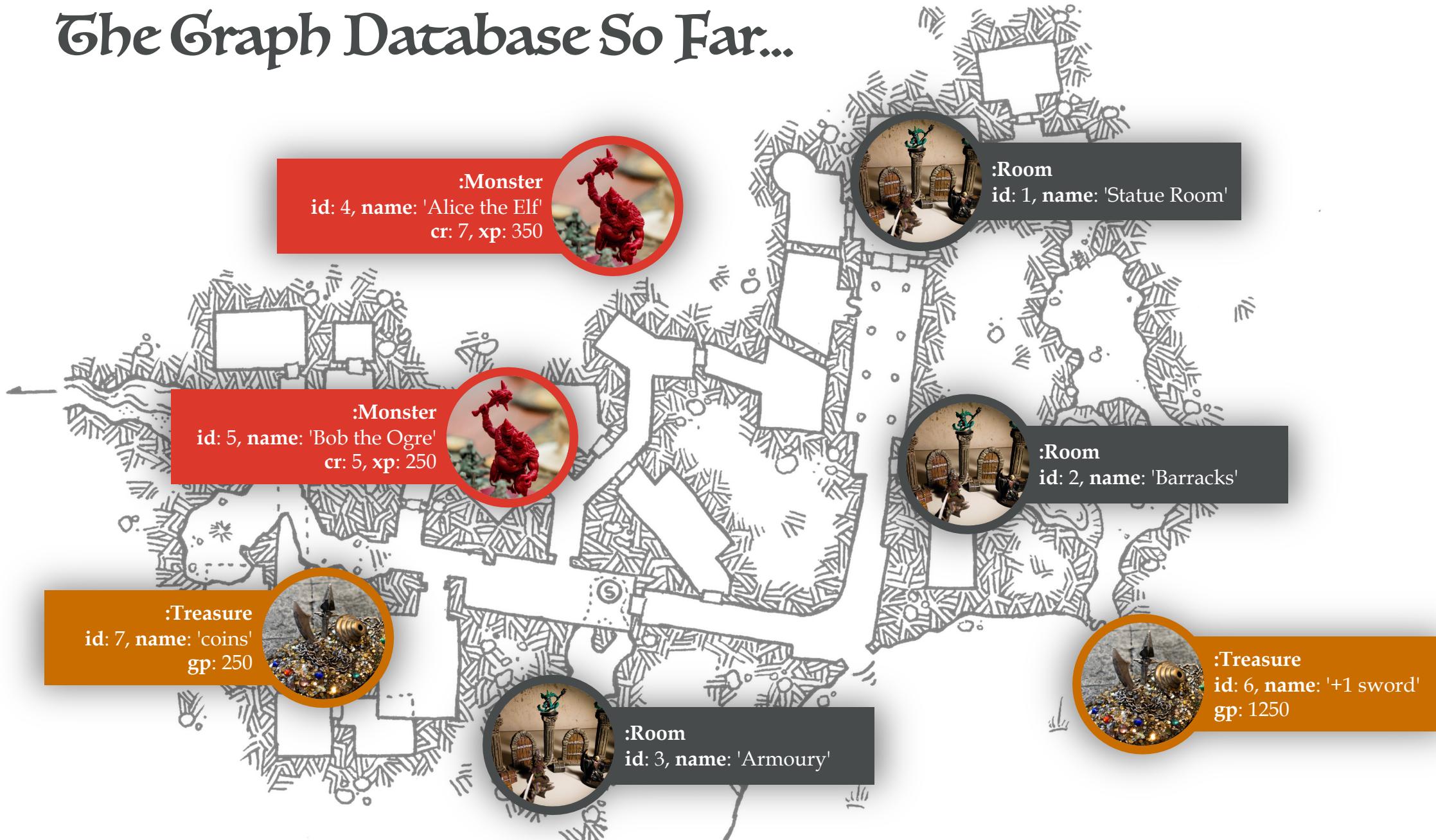
The image shows a hand-drawn map of a dungeon or castle layout. Several rooms are labeled: 'Statue Room', 'Barracks', and 'Armoury'. A red circle highlights a red dragon-like creature in the Statute Room. A black circle highlights a statue in the same room. An orange circle highlights a pile of gold coins in the Armoury. The map includes various rooms, hallways, and a central courtyard area.

Rooms			
		id	name
		1	Statue Room
		2	Barracks
		3	Armoury

Monsters					
		id	name	cr	xp
		4	Alice the Elf	7	350
		5	Bob the Ogre	5	250

Treasures				
		id	name	gp
		6	+1 sword	1250
		7	coins	250

The Graph Database So Far...



Putting a Monster in a Room



Rooms		
	id	name
	1	Statue Room
	2	Barracks
	3	Armoury

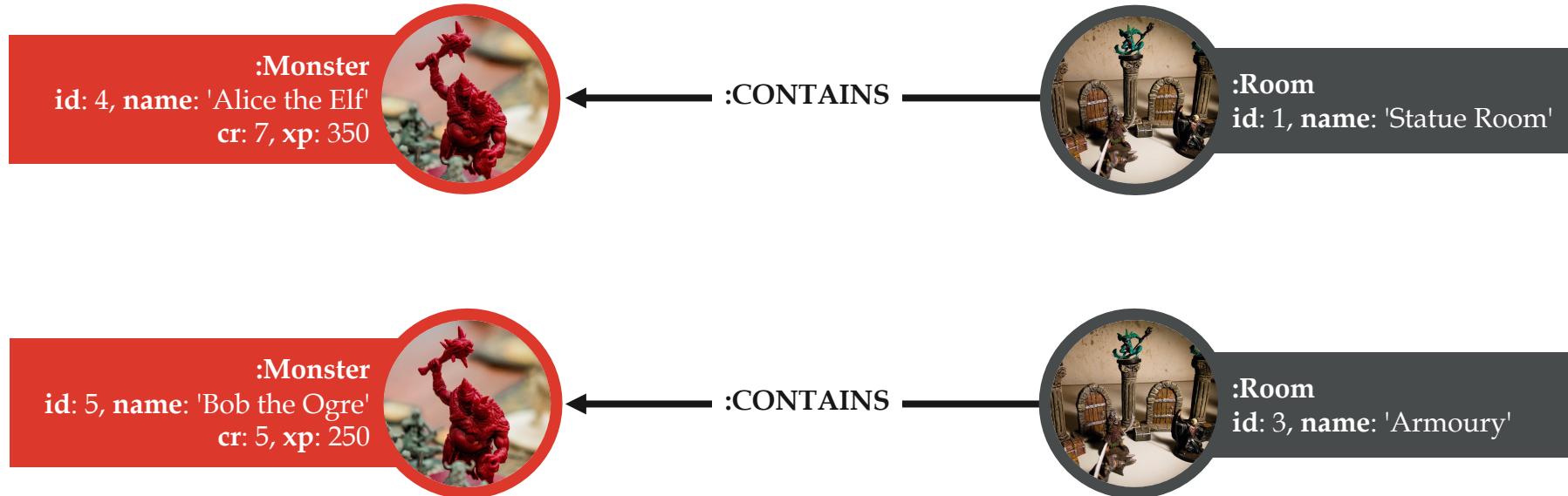


Monsters					
	id	name	cr	xp	room_id
	4	Alice the Elf	7	350	1
	5	Bob the Ogre	5	250	3

```
ALTER TABLE Monsters  
ADD room_id int;
```

```
UPDATE Monsters  
SET room_id = 1  
WHERE id = 4;
```

Putting a Monster in a Room



```
MATCH (r:Room { id: 1 })
MATCH (m:Monster { id: 4 })
CREATE (r)-[:CONTAINS]->(m)
```

Putting Treasure in a Room



Rooms		
	id	name
	1	Statue Room
	2	Barracks
	3	Armoury

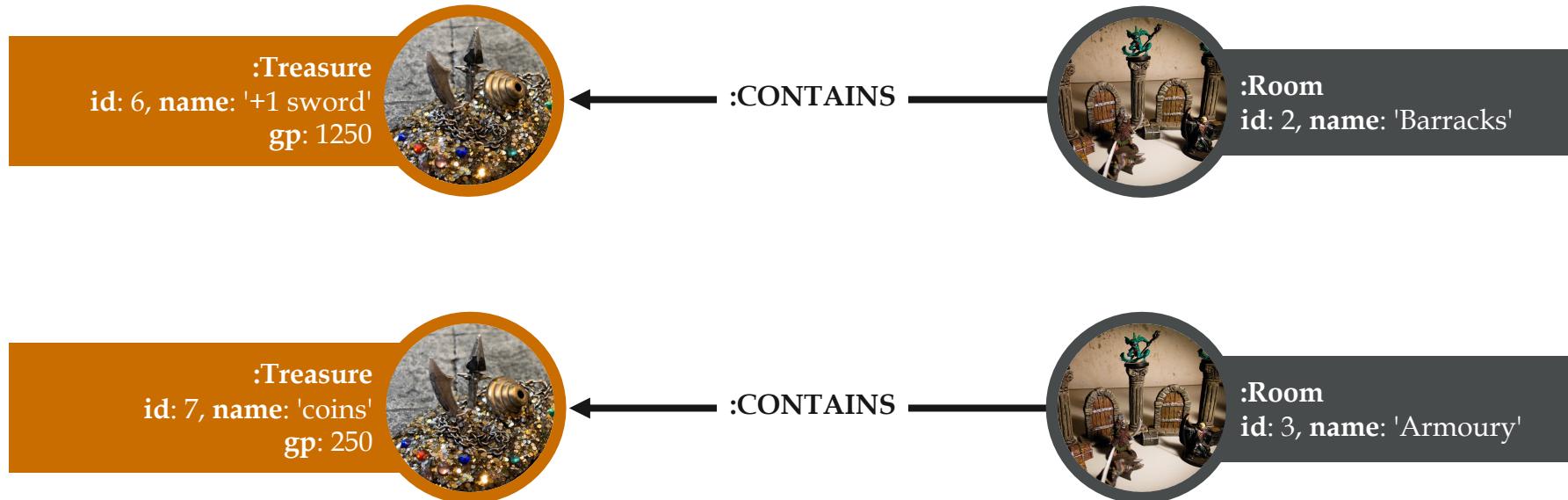


Treasures				
	id	name	gp	room_id
	6	+1 sword	1250	2
	7	coins	250	3

```
ALTER TABLE Treasures  
ADD room_id int;
```

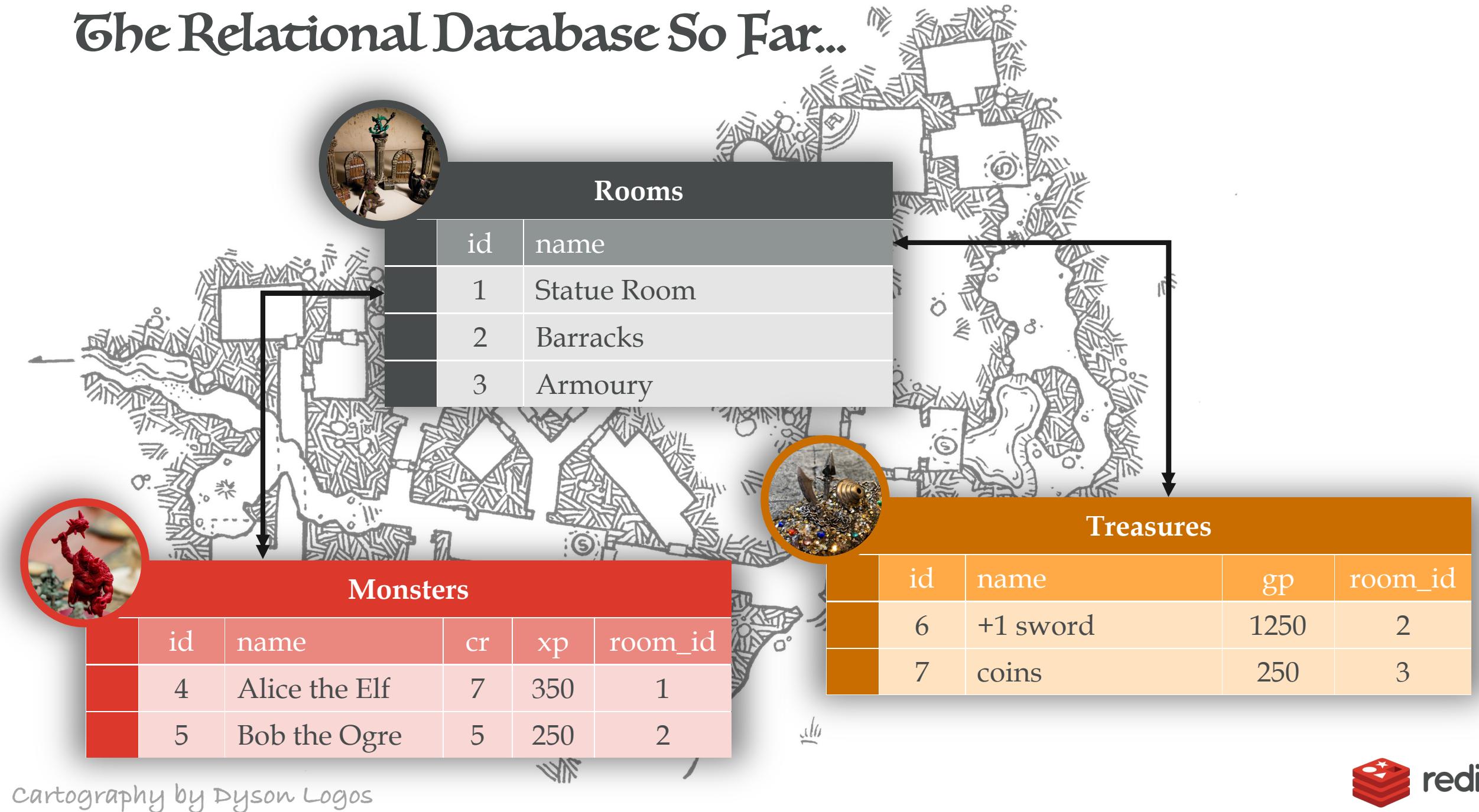
```
UPDATE Treasures  
SET room_id = 2  
WHERE id = 6;
```

Putting Treasure in a Room

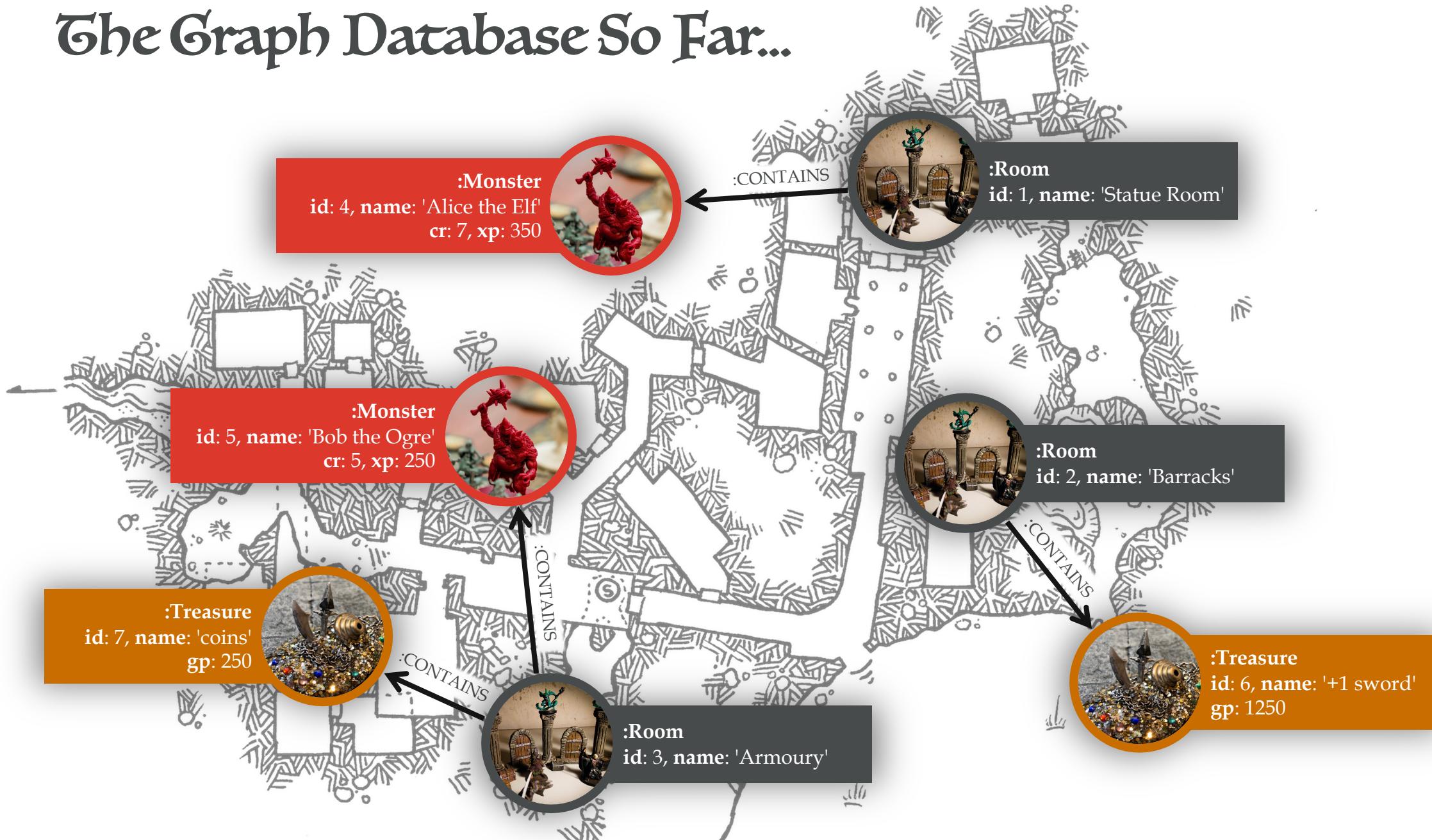


```
MATCH (r:Room { id: 2 })
MATCH (t:Treasure { id: 6 })
CREATE (r)-[:CONTAINS]->(t)
```

The Relational Database So Far...



The Graph Database So Far...



Munchkin Time!



Cartography by Dyson Logos

Farming All the XP!



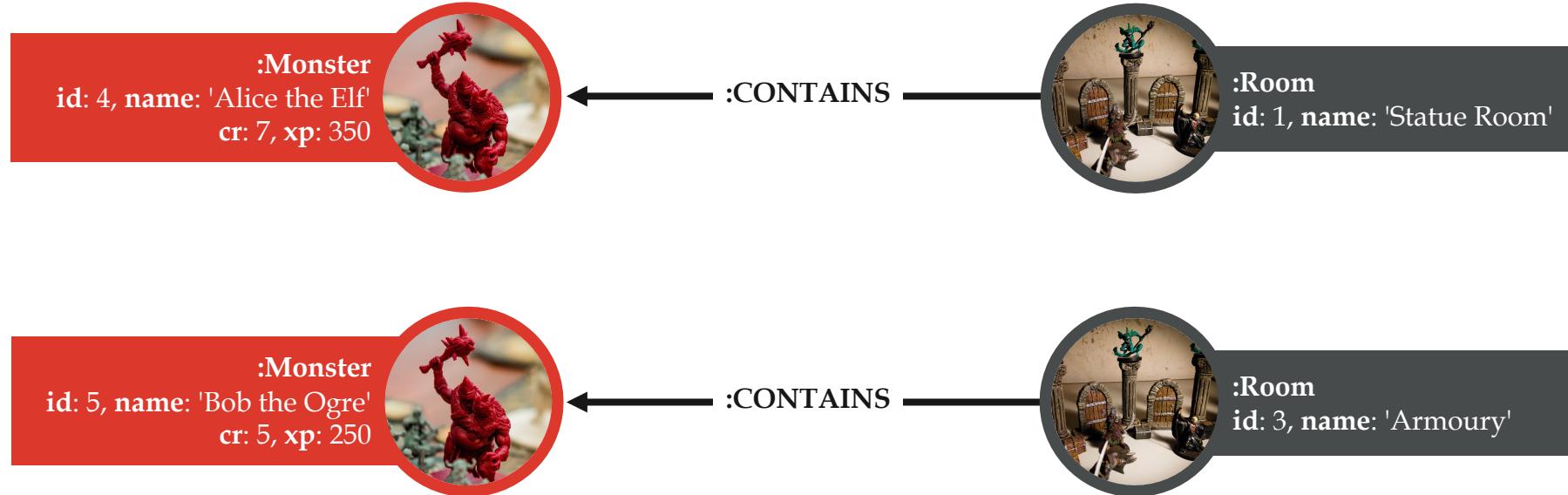
Rooms		
	id	name
	1	Statue Room
	2	Barracks
	3	Armoury



Monsters					
	id	name	cr	xp	room_id
	4	Alice the Elf	7	350	1
	5	Bob the Ogre	5	250	3

```
SELECT
    r.id, r.name, m.xp
FROM
    Rooms as r,
    Monsters as m
WHERE
    r.id = m.room_id
ORDER BY
    m.xp DESC;
```

Farming All the XP!



```
MATCH (r:Room) - [:CONTAINS] -> (m:Monster)
RETURN r.id, r.name, m.xp
ORDER BY m.xp DESC
```

Getting All the Gold!



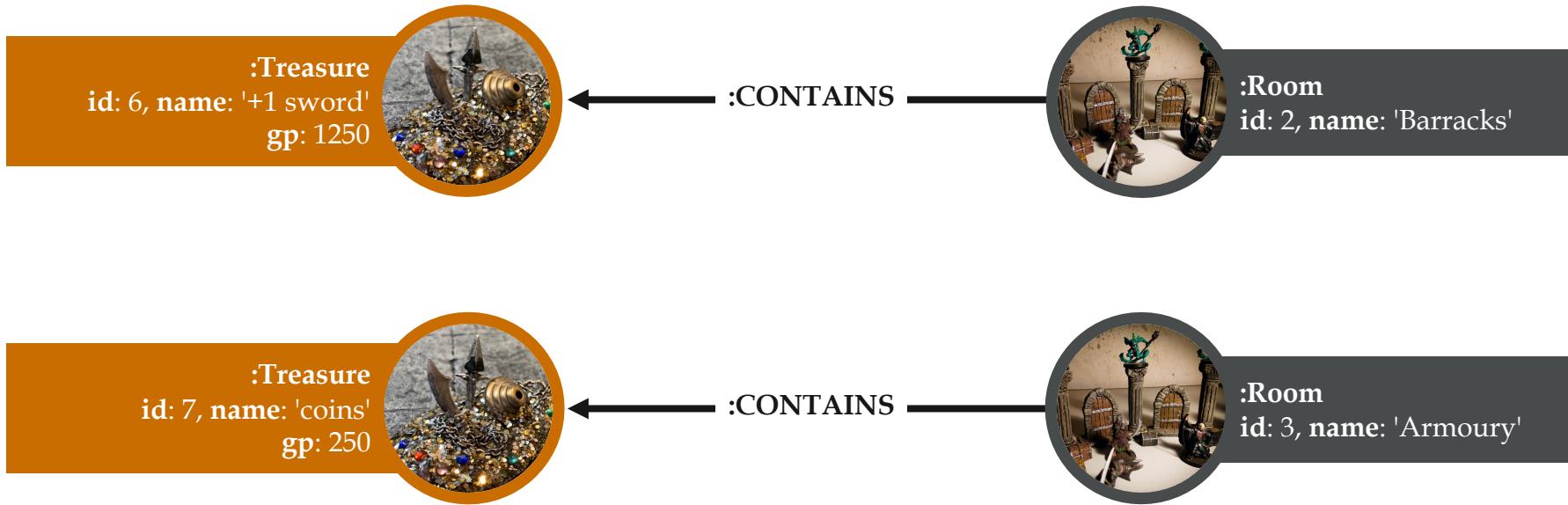
Rooms		
	id	name
	1	Statue Room
	2	Barracks
	3	Armoury



Treasures				
	id	name	gp	room_id
	6	+1 sword	1250	2
	7	coins	250	3

```
SELECT
    r.id, r.name, t.gp
FROM
    Rooms as r,
    Treasures as t
WHERE
    r.id = t.room_id
ORDER BY
    t.gp DESC;
```

Getting All the Gold!



```
MATCH (r:Room)-[:CONTAINS]->(t:Treasure)  
RETURN r.id, r.name, t.gp  
ORDER BY t.gp DESC
```

So Far, So Good... So What?

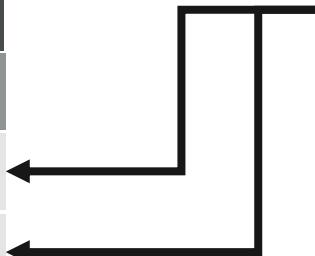


Cartography by Dyson Logos

Connecting Rooms



Rooms		
	id	name
	1	Statue Room
	2	Barracks
	3	Armoury

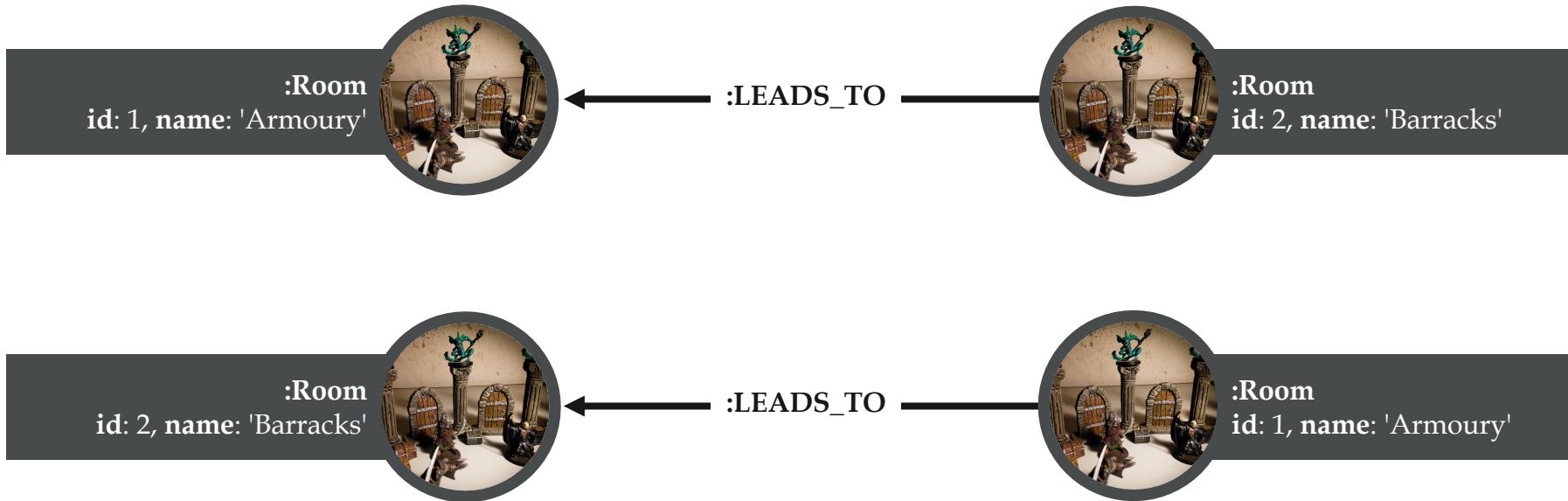


Connections		
	from_id	to_id
	1	1
	1	2
	1	3
	2	1
	2	3
	3	1

```
CREATE TABLE Connections (
    from_id int,
    to_id int
);
```

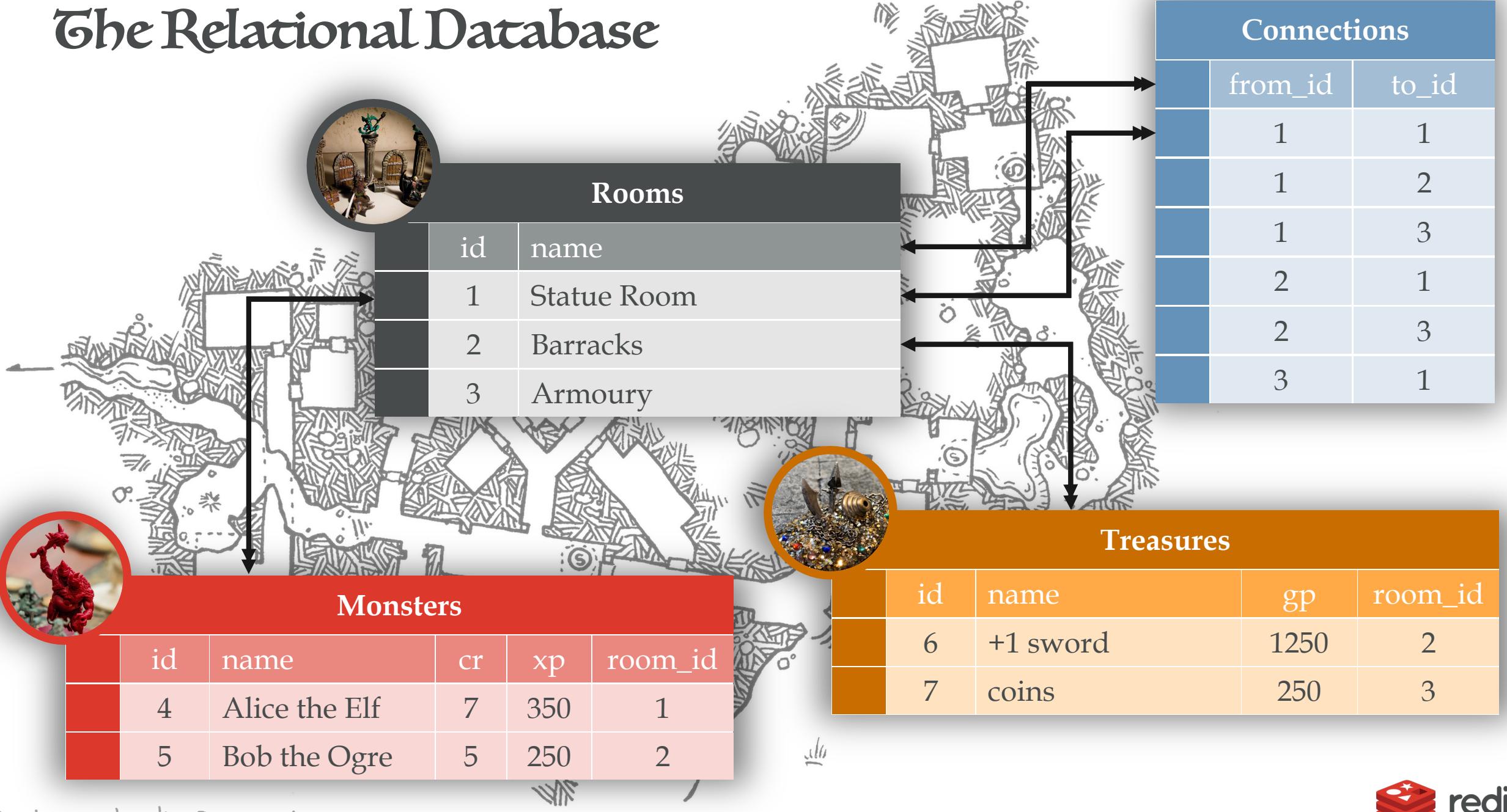
```
INSERT INTO Connections
    (from_id, to_id)
VALUES
    (1, 2);
```

Connecting the Rooms

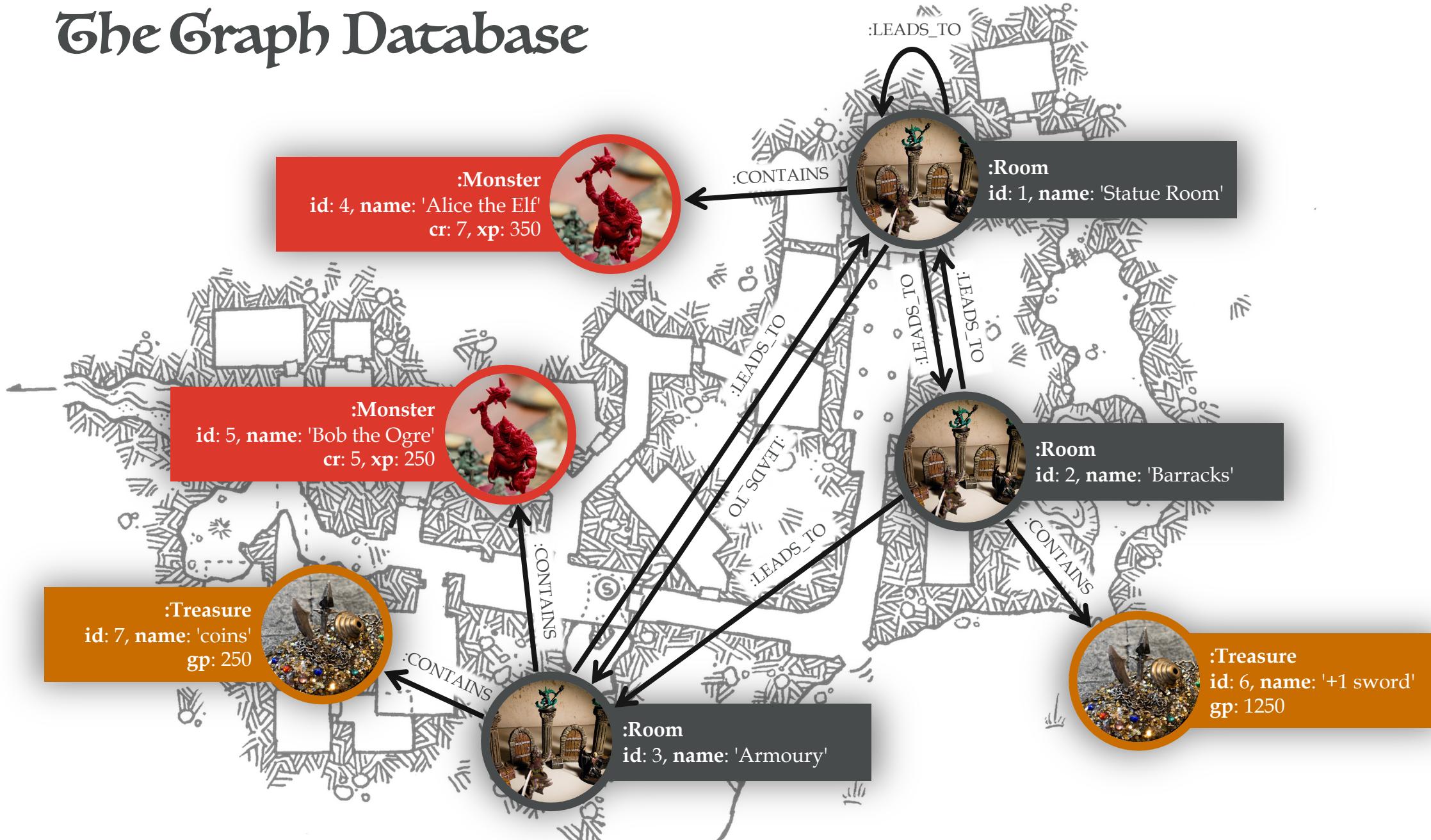


```
MATCH (r1:Room { id: 1 })
MATCH (r2:Room { id: 2 })
CREATE (r1)-[:LEADS_TO]->(r2)
```

The Relational Database



The Graph Database

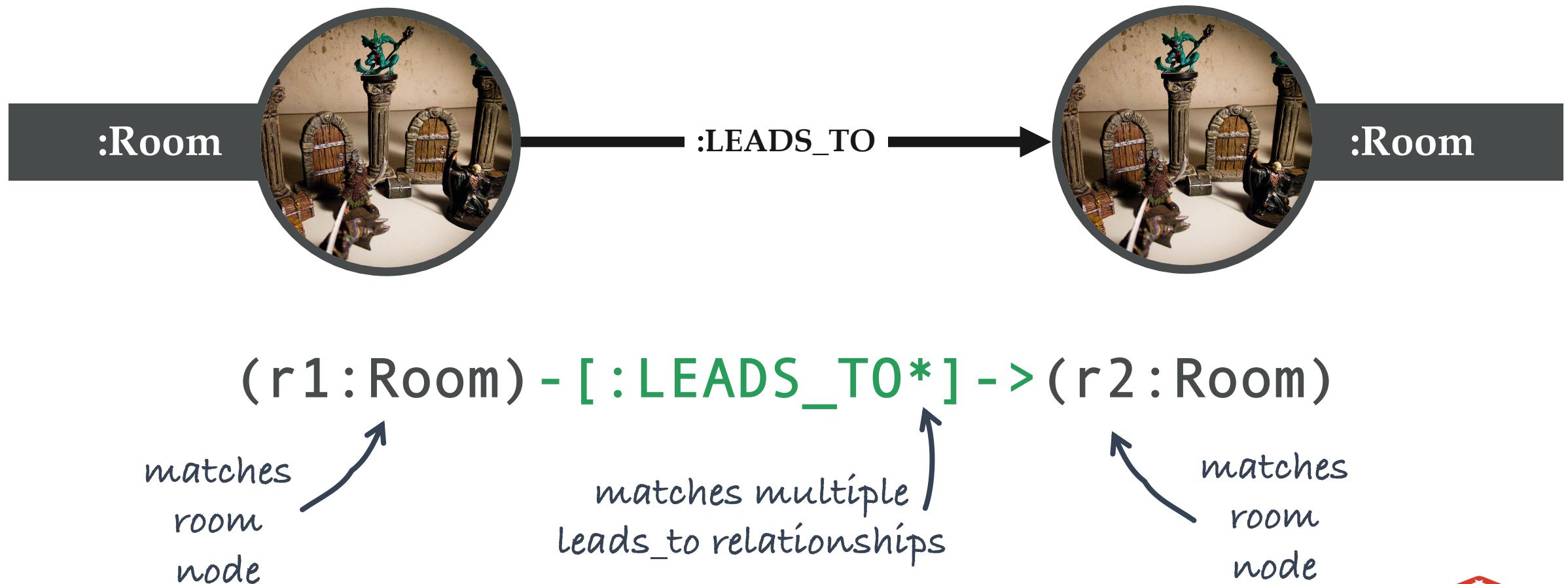


Super Munchkin Time!

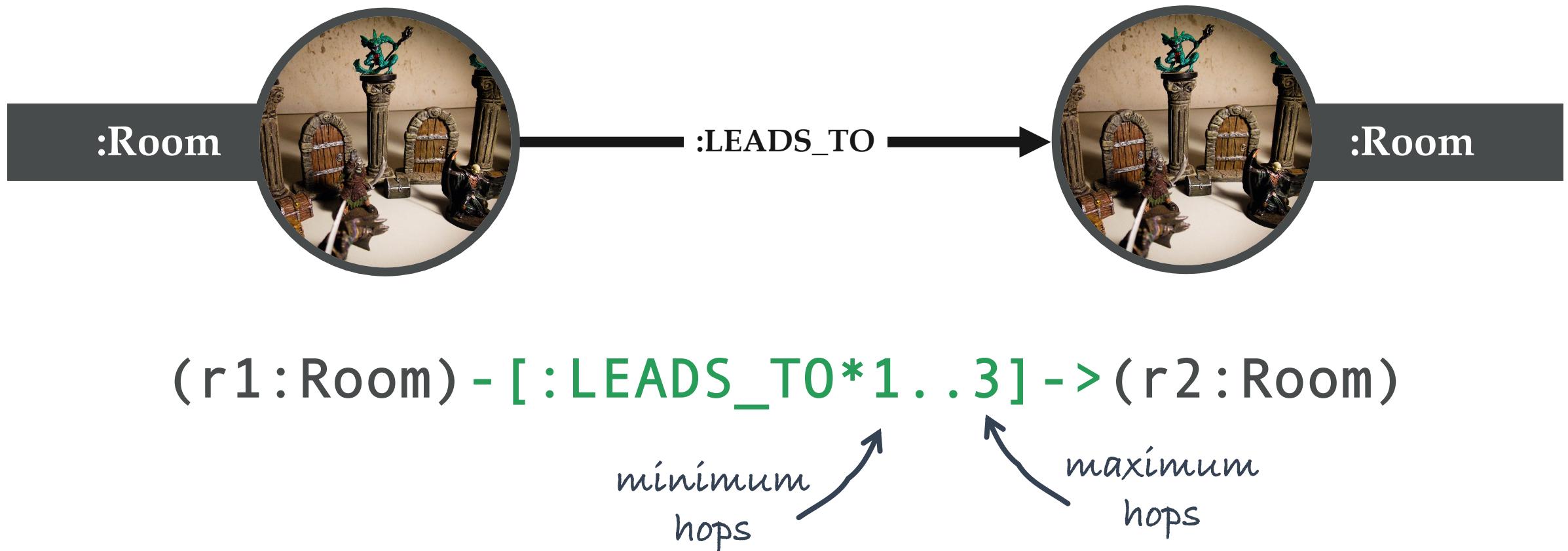


Cartography by Dyson Logos

Variable Length Relationships



Variable Length Relationships



Nearby Rooms

```
MATCH
  (:Room { id: 1 })-[:LEADS_TO*1..2]->(r:Room)
RETURN
  r.id, r.name
```

Nearby Room with the Most Gold!

MATCH

```
(:Room { id: 1 })-[:LEADS_TO*1..2]->  
(r:Room) -[:CONTAINS]->(t:Treasure)
```

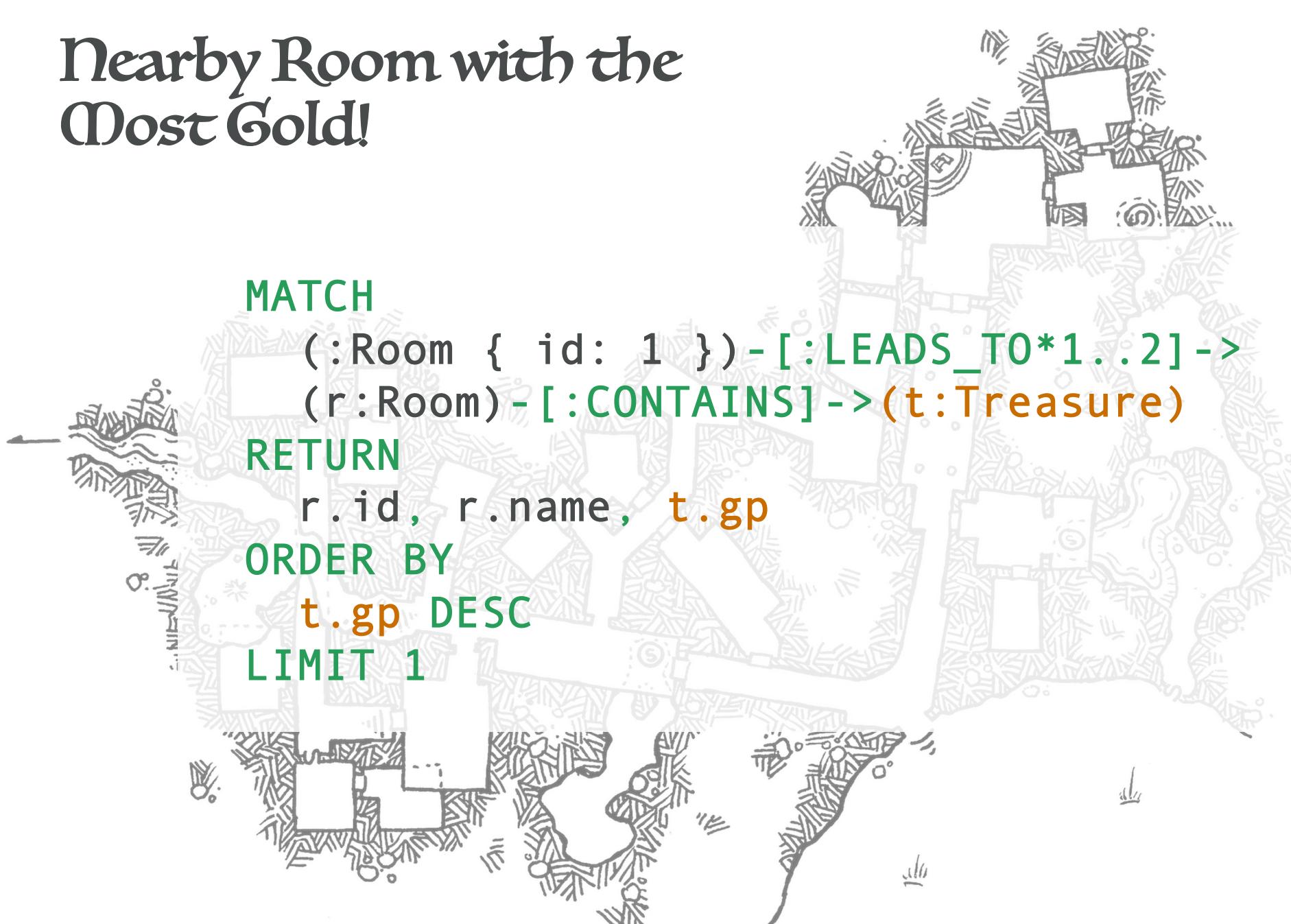
RETURN

```
r.id, r.name, t_gp
```

ORDER BY

```
t_gp DESC
```

LIMIT 1



The Longest Path Through the Dungeon!

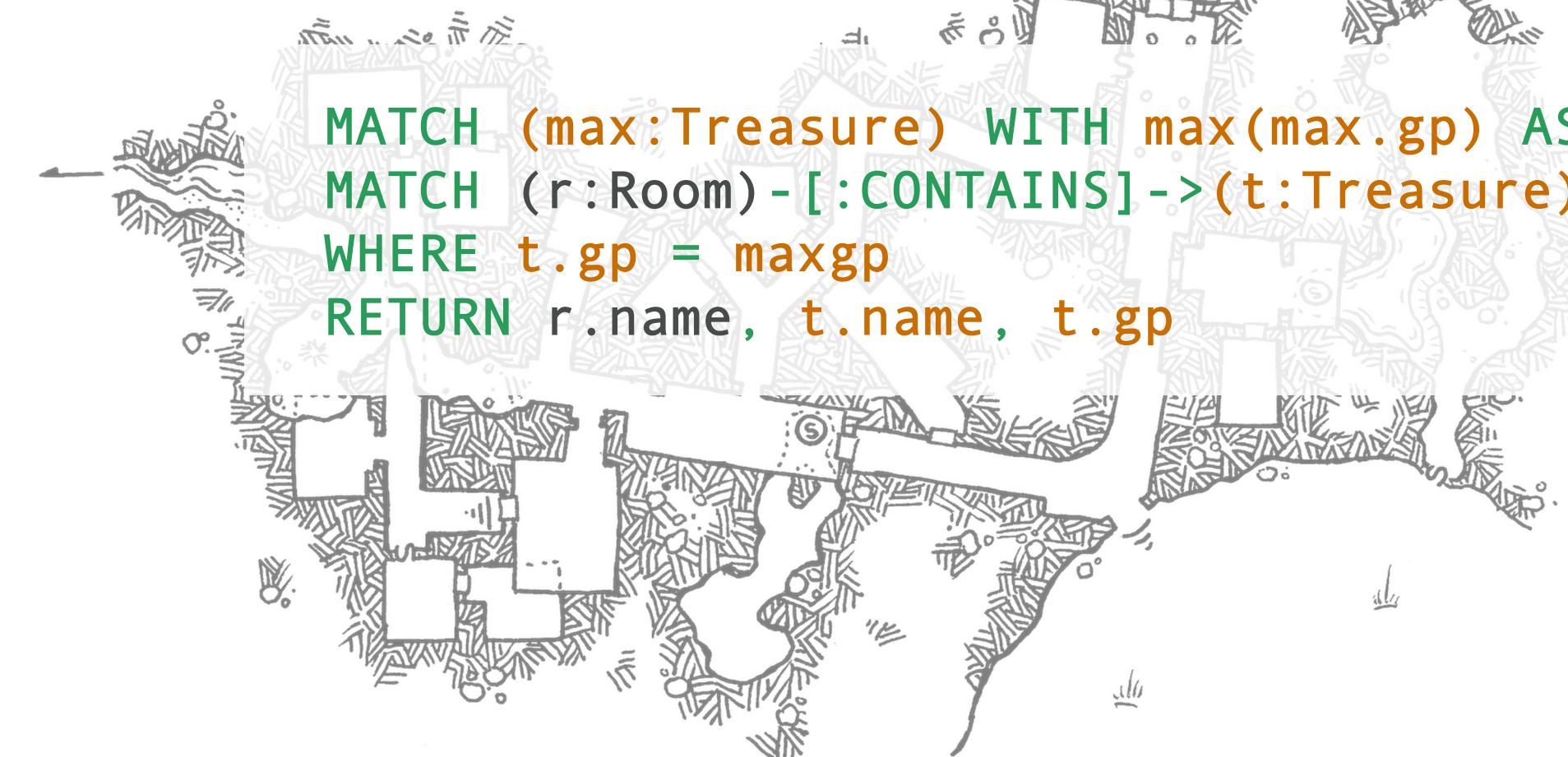


```
MATCH
  p = (:Room) - [:LEADS_TO*] -> (:Room)
RETURN
  nodes(p), length(p) AS len
ORDER BY
  len DESC
LIMIT 1
```

The Room with the Biggest Treasure!



```
MATCH (max:Treasure) WITH max(max.gp) AS maxgp
MATCH (r:Room)-[:CONTAINS]->(t:Treasure)
WHERE t.gp = maxgp
RETURN r.name, t.name, t.gp
```



The Path to the Gold!

```
MATCH (max:Treasure)
      WITH max(max.gp) AS maxgp
MATCH (r:Room) - [:CONTAINS] -> (t:Treasure)
      WHERE t.gp = maxgp
      WITH r.id AS dest_id
MATCH p = (start:Room) - [:LEADS_TO*] -> (stop:Room)
      WHERE start.id = 1 AND stop.id = dest_id
RETURN nodes(p), length(p) AS len
ORDER BY len ASC
LIMIT 1
```

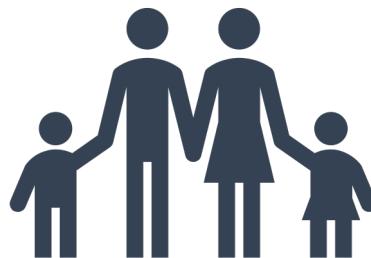
The Shortest Path to the Gold!

```
MATCH (max:Treasure)
      WITH max(max.gp) AS maxgp
MATCH (r:Room)-[:CONTAINS]->(t:Treasure)
      WHERE t.gp = maxgp
      WITH r.id AS dest_id
MATCH (start:Room), (stop:Room)
      WHERE start.id = 1 AND stop.id = dest_id
RETURN
    shortestPath((start)-[:LEADS_TO*]->(stop))
```



demo

Practical Applications



Social Networks – find friends of a friend and a friend of your friends

Genealogy – querying descendants, find who is related to whom

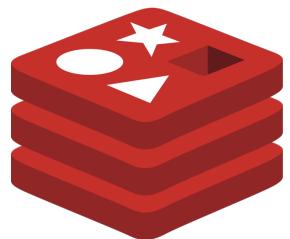
Transportation Networks – optimizing routes for drivers and mass transit riders

Logistics – finding the source of goods for a store; finding all the stores a source ultimately distributes to

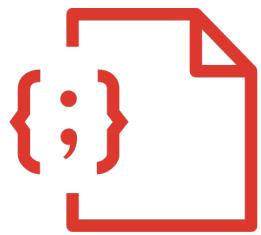




redis stack



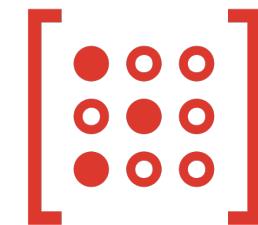
Redis



RedisJSON



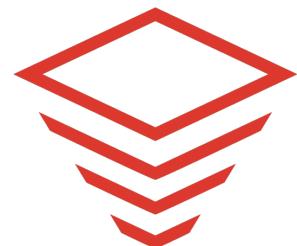
RediSearch



RedisGraph



RedisTimeSeries



RedisBloom

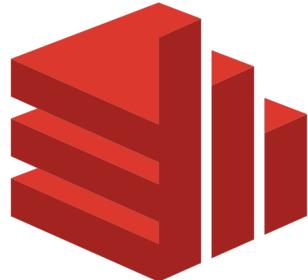
redis.io/docs/stack/

I've Been Working for Redis for 1d4-1 Years



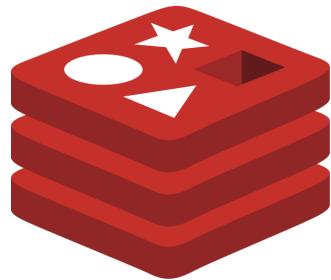
Redis Discord

<https://discord.gg/redis>



Redis Insight

<https://redis.com/redisinsight>



Redis Cloud

<https://redis.com/try-free/>





Code, Slides, and 3d6+2 Pull Requests

[https://github.com/guyroyse/
dnd-and-graph-databases](https://github.com/guyroyse/dnd-and-graph-databases)



Guy Royse

Developer Advocate



 @guyroyse

 github.com/guyroyse

 guy.dev

