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SNLP - Project presentation

CANINE: Pre-training an Efficient Tokenization-Free Encoder for Language Representation

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Summary

- 1 Introduction
- Reproduction of the paper Information Seeking Named Entity Recognition
- 3 Further experiments Entailment Analysis Translation
- 4 Conclusion



Introduction

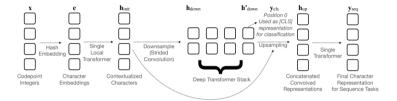


Figure: CANINE Neural Architecture

Character-level model (tokenizer-free)

Efficient downsampling

Two pre-trained models

- Canine-C: Auto-regressive Character loss
- CANINE-S: Subword loss

Information Seeking

 Datasets: TyDi QA (primary task) dataset of information-seeking questions in 11 typologically diverse languages (Japanese, Arabic, English, ...)

Models: Canine-C and Canine-S

Evaluation : SQUAD metric

	CANINE C		CANINE S	
	Ours	Paper	Ours	Paper
Exact matches	19%	N/A	21%	N/A
F1-Score	72.9	65.7	76.1	66.0

Named Entity Recognition

Datasets:

- CoNLL. 3 European languages: Spanish, Dutch (2002), English (2003).
- MasakhaNER. 10 African languages: Amharic, Hausa, Igbo, Kinyarwanda, Luganda, Luo, Nigerian Pidgin, Swahili, Wolof, Yorùbá.

- Models:
 - mBert
 - CANINE-C
- Classes:
 - 'PER', 'ORG', 'LOC', 'MISC' (CoNLL only), 'DATE' (MasakhaNER only).
 - 'B-' (beginning), 'I-' (intermediate).

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Cornellá
           de
                  Llobregat
                                 Barcelona
                                                     23
                                                                      EFE
                                                          may
         I-LOC
B-LOC
                   I-LOC
                            0
                                  B-LOC
                                                 0
                                                     0
                                                           0
                                                                 0
                                                                     B-ORG
```

Named Entity Recognition

CoNLL	Paper		Ours	
Language	mBERT	CANINE-C	mBert	CANINE-C
Dutch	90.2	74.7	90.3	87.0
English	91.1	79.8	90.3	89.9
German	82.5	64.1	-	-
Spanish	87.6	77.4	87.1	88.6
Macro Avg	87.8	74.0	89.3*	88.5*

Table: F1 score on CoNLL test sets.

Named Entity Recognition

MasakhaNER	Paper		Ours	
Language	mBert	CANINE-C	mBert	CANINE-C
Amharic	0.0	44.6	0.0	15.6
Hausa	89.3	76.1	78.2	69.7
Igbo	84.6	75.6	76.5	69.6
Kinyarwanda	73.9	58.3	61.7	45.3
Luganda	80.2	69.4	64.7	59.9
Luo	75.8	63.4	27.6	15.7
Nigerian Pidgin	89.8	66.6	82.7	71.1
Swahili	87.1	72.7	83.0	68.2
Wolof	64.9	60.7	57.8	54.6
Yorùbá	78.7	67.9	69.3	52.4
Macro Avg	72.4	65.5	60.2	52.2

Table: F1 score on MasakhaNER test sets.



Entailment analysis

- Dataset: XNLI
 - Translation of MNLI, in 14 languages, 400k pairs
 - NLI: predict if two sentences are in agreement, disagreement or neutral
- Model: 3 label classification
 - Baseline: pretrained multilingual BERT
 - Evaluation: pretrained CANINE
 - CANINE-C on character level loss
 - CANINE-S on subword level loss



Entailment Analysis

Model	Train languages	English	Bulgarian	German	Greek
BERT	0.673	0.707	0.653	0.617	0.597
Canine-C	0.667	0.703	0.667	0.475	0.474
Canine-S	0.654	0.676	0.658	0.458	0.447

Table: F1 score on different test sets. The F1 score is a weighted average between the 3 class and languages for the first column, and is evaluated on a test set of 5k observations never seen during training. The train languages are English, French, Spanish, Bulgarian and Russian.



Entailment Analysis

	Premise	Hypothesis	Label	BERT predictions	CANINE-C predictions
Original	Eh bien, je ne pensais même pas à cela, mais j'étais si frustré, et j'ai fini par lui reparler.	Je ne lui ai pas parlé de nou- veau	Contradiction [2]	(0.47 , 0.44, <u>0.09</u>)	(0.91 , 0.04, <u>0.05</u>)
Augmented	Eh b ien, je ne p ensa mêm pas à c ela, m ais j ' étai si us tré, et j ' ai fni par lui rep aer.	Je ne lui ai pas palé de oveau	Contradiction [2]	(0.28, 0.63 , <u>0.09</u>)	(0.57 , 0.35, <u>0.08</u>)
Original	Mercredi, Clinton a choisi de parler d'une industrie différente.	Clinton a parlé ce Mercredi.	Entailment [0]	(<u>0.05</u> , 0.1 , 0.84)	(0.70 , 0.17, 0.13)
Augmented	Mercredi, Clinton a cih osi de ap rlre d' une indu strie dfiéfrente.	Clniotn a paré ce recdei.	Entailment [0]	(<u>0.50</u> , 0.05, 0.45)	(0.51 , 0.08, 0.41)
Original	Et maintenant j'ai une sœur en Allemagne	J'ai une sœur qui parle alle- mand.	Neutral [1]	(0.58 , <u>0.19</u> , 0.22)	(0.90 , <u>0.04</u> , 0.05)
Augmented	et mainttan j ' ai une sœr en Allemagne	J' ai une sœr qui ap rle ea madn.	Neutral [1]	(0.25, <u>0.14</u> , 0.61)	(0.19, <u>0.49</u> , 0.31)

Figure: Case study of the NLI task with 3 random examples.

Entailment Analysis

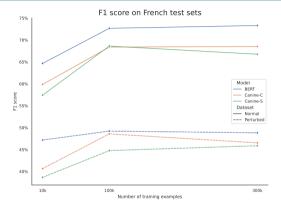


Figure: Performance of the three French models trained on 10k, 100k and 300k observations, evaluated using weighted F1 on the original and augmented French test set.

Translation

- Dataset: WMT14 (French, Czech, Hindi, ...)
- Model: Encoder-Decoder
 - Encoder: CANINE (frozen)
 - Decoder: Bart (fine-tuned)

- Problems:
 - Embedding too large to be computed (1,114,112 unicode characters) → restrict on latin-characters,
 - Some words are not correct.
- Success:
 - Generates \pm correct sentences
 - Perceives sentences structures (dialogue, ...)

Translation

Input	Ground truth	Canine output
"You saw?" he said.	-Tu as vu? dit-il.	- Vous êtes prises, dit Arthos
		Conseigne a Marguteries.
"We shall have to beat the forest,"	 II faudra battre la forêt, dit 	lls étaient de la maison, les com-
said the engineer, "and rid the is-	l'ingénieur, et débarrasser l'île de	pagniers, et se regardait avec
land of these wretches.	ces misérables.	une chambre explication dans
		longtemps du souvert l'autres.
Phileas Fogg, having shut the	Phileas Fogg avait quitté sa mai-	Il avait été par une fois, et les
door of his house at half-past	son de Saville-row à onze heures	conseillement de cette heure, il
eleven, and having put his right	et demie, et, après avoir placé	faut pour la plusie dans sous
foot before his left five hundre	cinq cent soixante-quinze foi	longtemps du bonher se rappel



Conclusion

- Interesting/Important to work on characters
- Good results on a wide variety of tasks
- Still limitations (sequence generation, ...)

 Might be interesting to compare to character-levels tokenizer (sentencepiece, ...)