Beyond Digital "Echo Chambers": The Role of Viewpoint Diversity in Political Discussion

Rishav Hada¹, Amir Ebrahimi Fard², Sarah Shugars³, Federico Bianchi⁴, Patricia Rossini⁵, Dirk Hovy⁶, Rebekah Tromble⁷, Nava Tintarev²

Microsoft Research, India
 Maastricht University, The Netherlands
 Rutgers University, USA
 Stanford University, USA
 University of Glasgow, UK

⁶ Bocconi University, Italy ⁷ George Washington University, USA

This research was supported by a gift from Twitter, Inc. Twitter exerted no control over the direction or findings of the research

Echo Chamber

An echo chamber is an environment where a person only encounters information or opinions that reflect and reinforce their own. – The Oxford Dictionary.

Problems?

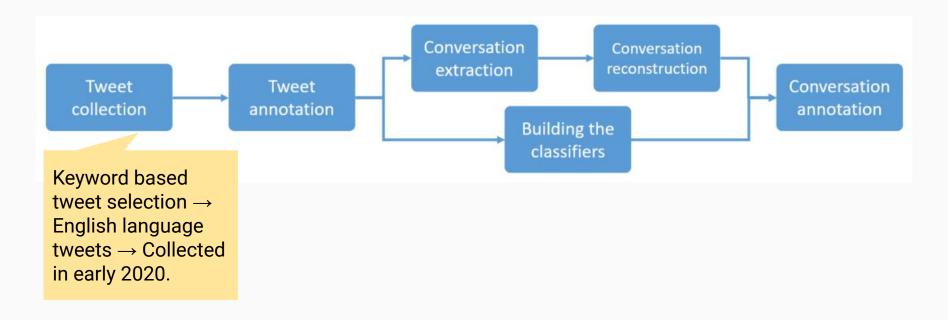
- Misinformation
- Confirmation Bias
- Bad for a healthy democracy

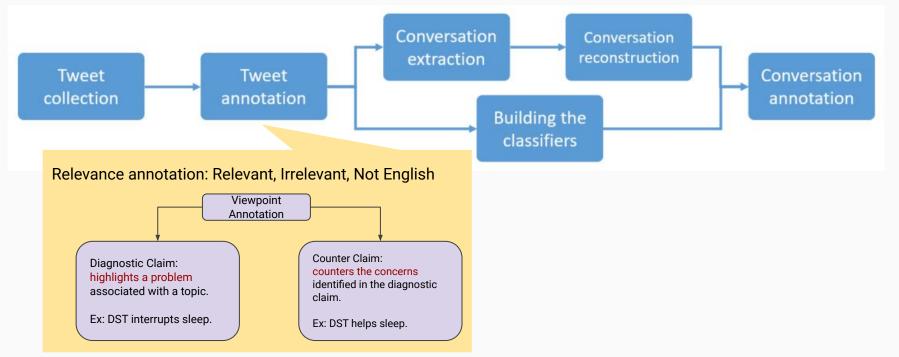
Related work

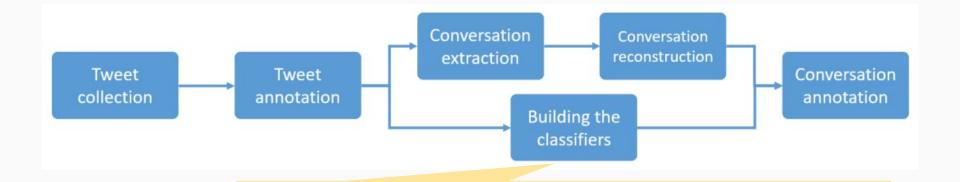
- Deliberative democratic theory highlights the importance of political conversations between citizens. (Cohen, 1984, Freelon et al. 2020)
- Past work focuses on studying online conversations using metrics such as toxicity, rationality, and mutual respect. (Mansbridge, 2015)
- Past work on studying echo chambers focuses on ideological diversity.
 (Bakshy et al., 2015, Barberá, 2015, Bastos et al., 2018, Cinelli et al., 2018)
- It is important to study whether and how different viewpoints come in contact with each other.
- Inspired by viewpoint diversity metrics conceptualized for the news recommender systems domain by Vrijenhoek et al. (2021).

Our Work

- We propose novel operationalization of two viewpoint diversity metrics.
 - Representation conversation-level metric
 - Fragmentation user-level metric
- First study to apply the two metrics to real world data.
- We present in-depth analysis of the metric behavior and discuss what it means in the context of deliberative democratic theory.
- We show that echo chambers exist for the immigration in the U.S. and control topic of Daylight Savings Time (DST).



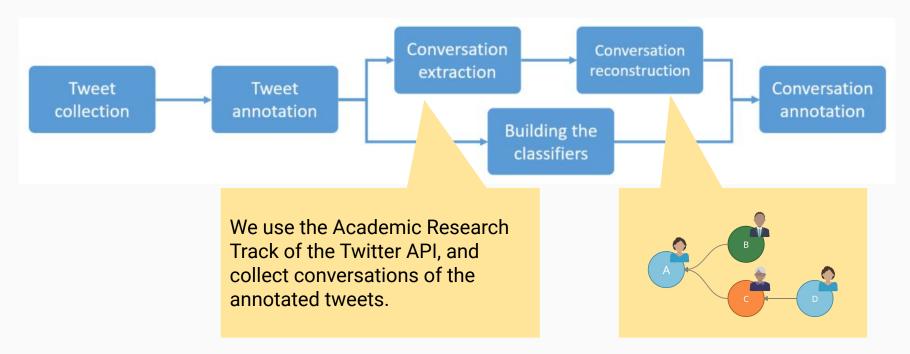


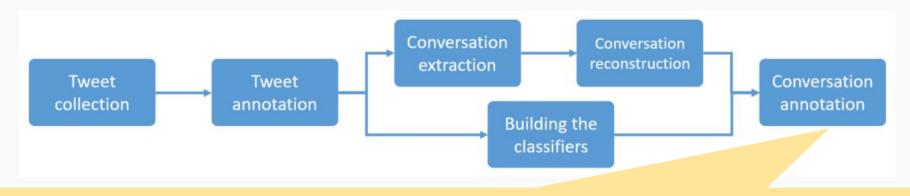


Tasks: Relevance classification, Viewpoint classification.

BERTweet: BERTweet is a large language model pre-trained on tweets.

We fine-tune BERTweet on our tasks.





Topic	# of conversations	# of nodes	Irrelevant (L1)	No viewpoint (L2)	Diagnostic Claim (L3)	Counter Claim (L4)
DST	1756	15362	86.85%	6%	4.04%	3.1%
Immigration	404	13304	78.43%	9.86%	7.7%	4.01%

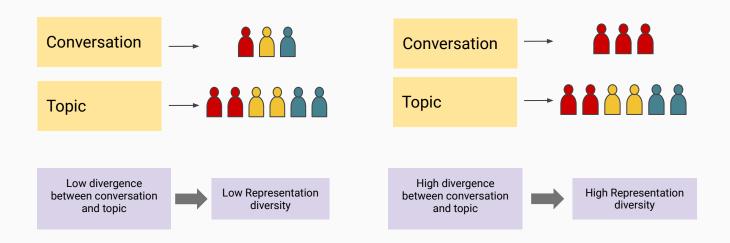
Viewpoint Diversity Metrics

Representation Diversity — Notion

Compares the views expressed in a single conversation to the breadth of views expressed for the topic overall.

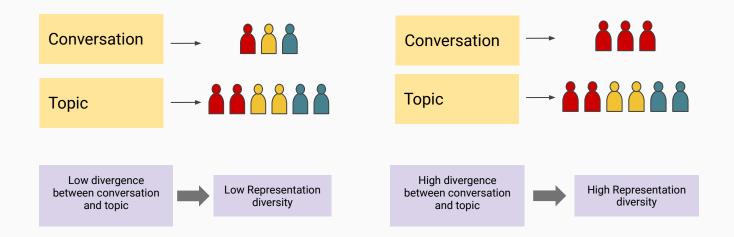
Representation Diversity — Notion

Compares the views expressed in a single conversation to the breadth of views expressed for the topic overall.



Representation Diversity — Notion

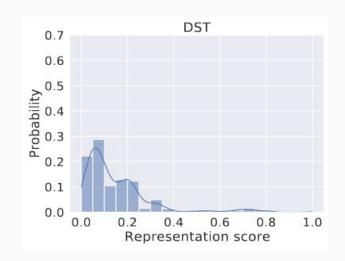
Compares the views expressed in a single conversation to the breadth of views expressed for the topic overall.

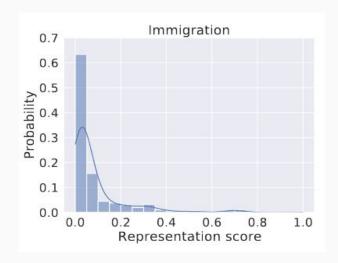


This metric aims to capture at **conversation level**, the degree to which conversations are restricted to certain views or capture the diversity of possible opinions.

Representation Diversity — Operationalization and Results

Representation diversity = **KL divergence** between the probability distribution of the viewpoint categories in a single conversation to the viewpoint distribution of the topic.





Representation Diversity→ 0

Representation Diversity→ 1

Discrepancy between conversation and topic is low

Discrepancy between conversation and topic is high

Fragmentation — Notion

The complement of the overlap between users' viewpoint



This metric aims to capture at **user-level**, the extent to which individuals within a conversation are exposed to different viewpoints

Fragmentation — Operationalisation

Conversation network

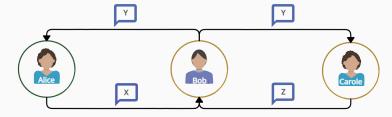


Fragmentation — Operationalisation

Conversation network

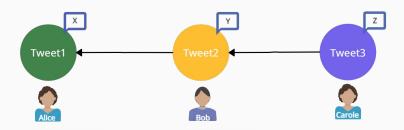
Viewpoint network



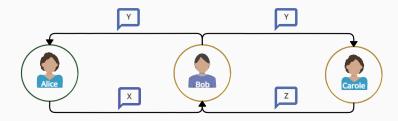


Fragmentation — Operationalisation

Conversation network

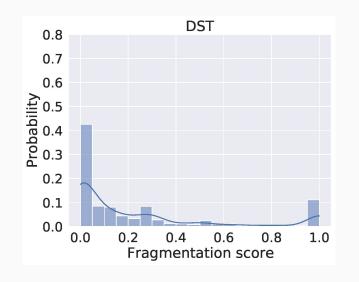


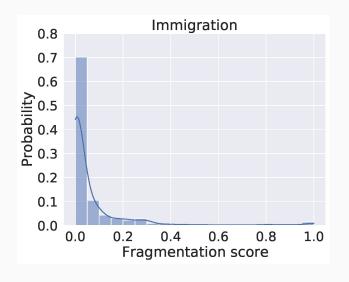
Viewpoint network

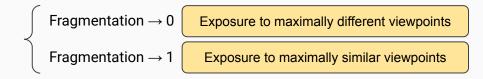


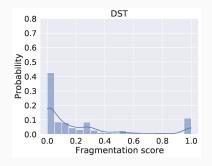
Fragmentation computation

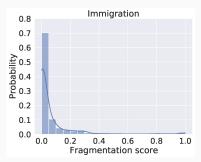
Fragmentation — Results

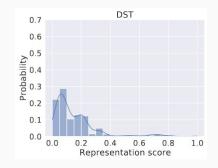


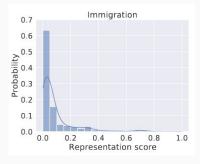


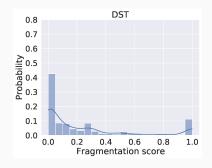


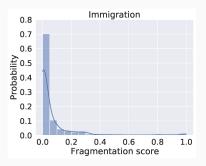


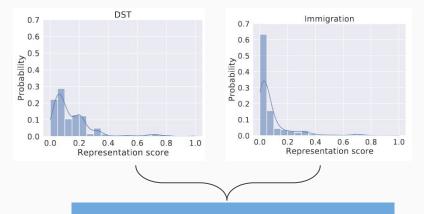




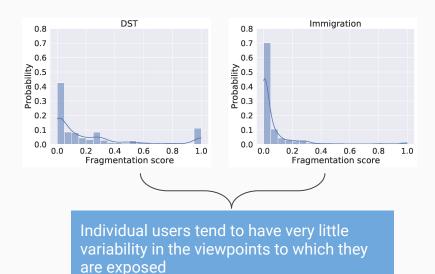


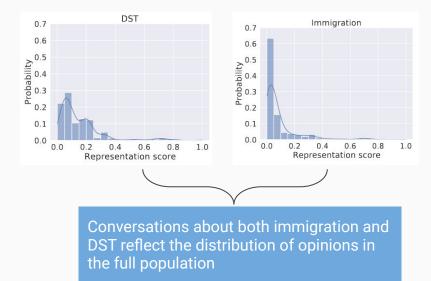


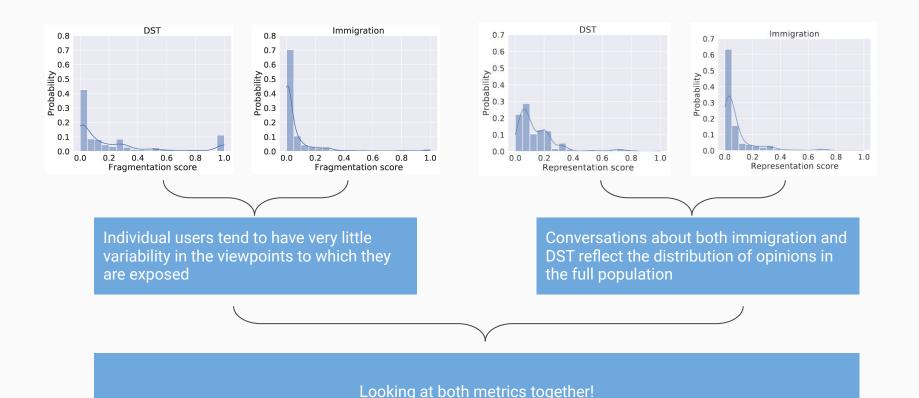




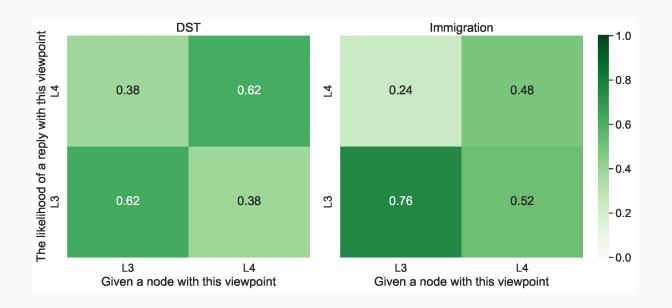
Conversations about both immigration and DST reflect the distribution of opinions in the full population







Dyadic Interaction



 $P(L_n|L_m)$ where m,n $\in \{3,4\}$: the likelihood of a reply with label L_n to a tweet with label L_m

Conclusion

- Echo chambers
- Measurement of viewpoint diversity
 - Representation
 - Fragmentation
- Daylight Saving Time (DST) and Immigration
 - The diversity scores for both Fragmentation and Representation are lower for immigration than for DST
- Taken together, Representation and Fragmentation paint a meaningful and important new picture of viewpoint diversity
- Next steps
 - Expanding our dataset with even more fine-grained labels
 - Analysis of the robustness by exploring other design choices and operationalization metrics

Code and Data available at:



https://github.com/hadarishav/beyond-digital-echo-chambers



