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Sem: II

Course Name - FQ C

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Roll No 1- 11

Branch: - CSE

Shows Algorithm

N=15 a=7

i) (create 2 quartum registers

Rog 1:- (14,>): k= 3 qubits orepresenting the number 0 to 7 (AN)

Reg 2!-(142>)! m= 4 qubits supresenting the number 0 to 15 (≤N)

gcd (7,15) = 1

2) Initialize all 7 (3+4) qubits to lo>

[Ψ>= 10000000> = |Ψ1> |Ψa>= 1000 >10000>

Apply Hadamard gate to each of the 3 qubits in 1000>

1. e 1中>=(适(10>+11>), 益(10>11>), 去(10>+11>) 10000>

 $3) | \psi > = \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} (1000 > + 1001 > + 1010 > + ... + 1111 >) 10000 >$

14>=(1 \frac{1}{18} \frac{1}{18

4) The values of f(x) for a = 7 f(x) = 7 med 15

76 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 (x) 1 7 4 13 1 7 4 13

f(x) = a mod N for all x in forst register 5) The result of (0...7) is in the second oregister 14>=1 (1000>10001>+1001>10111>+1010>10100>+1011>11101>. + 1100>10001>+1001>10111>+1110>10100>+1111>11101> Combining like forms 14>= too> +100> 1001> + [1001> +101>] 10111> + [1010>+1110>] 10100> + [1011> +1117] 1101>]) 6) Register I contains and previous of intrest but only for identical measurement results of vogister 4 -The distance b/w components (0,4 on 1,5 on 2,6 on 3,7) in 1est gragister single state of the and gregieter (The risever 7) The factors of N=15 one p=6,00(N, a 1/2+1) = $q = GCD(N, \tilde{a}^{1/2} - 1) = [GCD(15, 42) = 3]$: Factors are 5 and 3)