# Hashdist – Yet Another Desperate Attempt at Fixing Scientific Software Distribution

Dag Sverre Seljebotn Ondřej Čertík Chris Kees

Simula, January 24, 2013

http://github.com/hashdist

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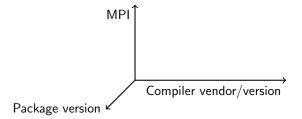
- No root access
- Sometimes you need the very latest version
- ► Fortran/C++ instead of C/Java/.NET
- Intersection of "need speed" and "do not pay dedicated application sysadmins"

## Combinatorial explosion

```
/cluster/software/VERSIONS/hdf5-1.6.1/lib/libhdf5.so
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 $\times$  LAPACK  $\times$  FFT library  $\times$  IDL/Python version...

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- HPC environment modules
  - The sysadmins hate them
  - ► The users need newer/their own libraries

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- Debian, RedHat, cluster sysadmins, dorsal is all about curated software stacks
- ▶ Perhaps you want 60% curated, 20% bleeding edge or manually tweaked, 20% your own code...

▶ Others have failed, we're trying yet again

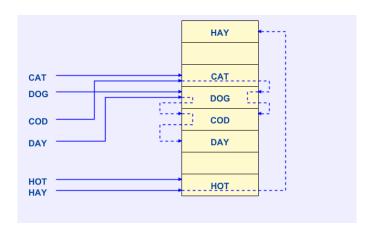
- ▶ Others have failed, we're trying yet again
- ► Need to have new ideas



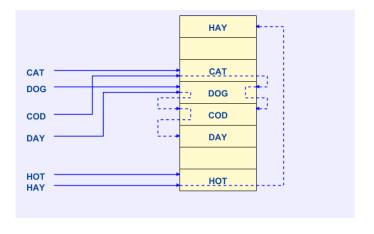
# Hash function

$$h(k): \mathbb{N} \to \mathbf{H}$$

# ${\bf Digression}-O(1)\ {\bf hash\ table\ table\ lookups}$

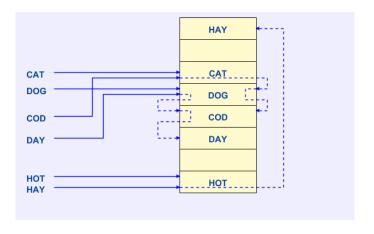


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If you know contents up front: Create  $perfect\ h$ 

h should be very fast; don't care so much about properties Image: Hopgood (1968), Computer Bulletin

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```
h('The dark fox') = h(546865206461726b20666f78 hex)
= b6589fc6ab0dc82cf12099d1c2d40ab994e8410c hex
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```
h('The dark fog') = h(546865206461726b20666f67 hex)
= da4b9237bacccdf19c0760cab7aec4a8359010b0 hex
```

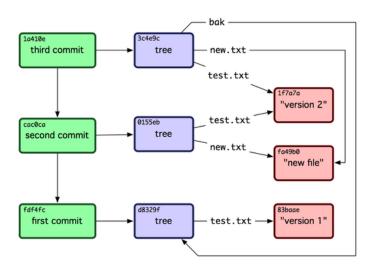
# Example 1: Store passwords

Use the one-way nature

## Example 2: git

```
$ (cd code/hashdist/.git/objects; find)
./59/5a2f8e3890d0ece24514f3e32ae874f1f03ac2
./2f/780151688e1f122a5b9072d42009c80c36140c
./2f/4b2eef40b51bc2d46027d1864653b37dd05f8f
./2f/237d74e3f81f498212629ac0b96bedac4b0b36
./2f/dff799c54fed6fe96a91e1d5f1593996228ebc
./2f/27bd4efa5f8521fb98eb82181a67aae97b7f1a
./2f/3fedf882f1b28905199961356f4e00281ddf76
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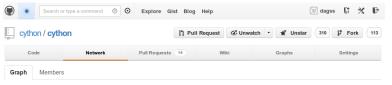
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- Random ID's would work...
  - ► E.g., UUID like 550e8400-e29b-41d4-a716-446655440000
- ...but a hash simultaneously verifies the content!



Keyboard shortcuts available

#### The cython network graph

All branches in the network using cython/cython as the reference point. Read our blog post about how it works.



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- $\blacktriangleright$  Accidental collision: May happen in a collection of  $2^{80}\sim 10^{25}$  keys due to "birthday paradox"
  - ▶ 6.5 billion programmers...
  - ...each produce one Linux kernel history every second...
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- ▶ Brute-force SHA-1 still needs only 2<sup>60</sup> operations due to weaknesses in SHA-1
  - \$2.5M today, \$50K after 2020.



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~/.hit/opt/hdf5/i7ni/lib/libhdf5.so
```

~/.hit/opt/hdf5/qgpd/lib/libhdf5.so

(really hdf5/efn3i7ni7lbtik4frlb5wcnqgpdmi3ql)

# Step 1: Hash the build

#### Internal protocol!

```
"name": "hdf5",
"import" : [{ "id" : "gcc/apyicmxgafb564zz7rwhwvon7padvxdx"},
           { "id" : "unix/v-1"},
            { "id" : "zlib/wbg27phinbgwjg4nasb4xzf3ypo72otn"}],
"sources" : [{ "key" : "tar.bz2:7jxgwn5xs5xnvsdaomvypridodr35or2"}],
"cmd": ["sh", "$in0"].
"inputs": [
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# Step 2: Every build installs to separate location

Same as with the "module load" system:

```
$ echo opt/*/*
opt/hdf5/avnj opt/hdf5/a5df opt/hdf5/a4sf opt/python/arxd
opt/python/rvdo opt/readline/6vvu opt/readline/v7fw
opt/zlib/fh7n opt/zlib/i7yr ...
```

```
$ ls opt/zlib/fh7n/lib
libz.a libz.so libz.so.1 libz.so.1.2.5 pkgconfig
```

```
$ ls opt/hdf5/avnj/lib
libhdf5.a libhdf5.so libhdf5.so.7 libhdf5.so.7.0.4
```

# Step 3: Make a profile with links

```
$ ls -la opt/profile/ldhn/bin
h5dump -> ../../../hdf5/avnj/bin/h5dump
h5import -> ../../../hdf5/avnj/bin/h5import
h5ls -> ../../../hdf5/avnj/bin/h5ls
...
```

~/mystack \$ ls
default.yml sources.yml build.yml abel-cluster.yml

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### Sophisticated features with simple implementation

Prior art: Eelco Dolstra's PhD thesis/the Nix project

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- ▶ NP-complete problem, e.g.:
  - Integer linear programming
  - Belief propagation (from Bayesian network theory)

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- ► Leaving build input variables free (e.g., LAPACK) allows "re-seating" a software stack description from one system to another
- Small step towards the "reproducible paper"



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- Integrate with host system (Debian, environment modules, "generic") to specify dependencies on package on host system
- "hdist-jail" can issue warnings if a build process accesses files it shouldn't (or hide them)

## User-facing software stack definitions

Declarative approach (because you can git it and share it):

```
include:
  - sources # pull in ./sources.yml
  - build
  - when cluster == "abel":
    - abel-overrides
profiles:
  - name: "default"
    configuration:
      lapack_type: "openblas"
      cluster: "hexagon"
    select:
      - project: "hdf5"
        version: 1.8.2
      - project: "h5py"
        . . .
```

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        version: 1.8.2 to 1.8.5 # with integer linear programming
      - project: "h5py"
        . . .
```

## For stack developers: DSL focused on overrides

Manage the combinatorial explosion without creating packages for hdf5\_intel\_mpich, hdf5\_gcc\_openmpi, ...:

```
rules:
  . . .
  CFLAGS: ["-g", "-O$optlevel"]
  when recipe == "configure-make-install":
    optlevel: 2
  when project == "hdf5":
    recipe: "configure-make-install"
    when version == 1.5.2:
      optlevel: 0
    build_deps:
      - project: "zlib"
        version: 1.2.5 to 1.2.7
```

## Temporary internal representation in Hashdist

```
dict(
 package='hdf5',
 version='1.8.10',
 recipe='configure-make-install',
 downloads=['http://www.hdfgroup.org/ftp/HDF5/current/'
            'src/hdf5-1.8.10.tar.bz2'],
 sources=['tar.bz2:7jxgwn5xs5xnvsdaomvypridodr35or2'],
 configure=['--prefix=$ARTIFACT', '--with-pic'],
 CFLAGS=['-02'],
 jail='warn',
 build_deps=[zlib, unix, gcc]
```

### For Hashdist developers

#### Feed it through a Python pipeline:

# Generated, read by Hashdist developers while debugging