

Hashdist – Yet Another Desperate Attempt at Fixing Scientific Software Distribution

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<http://github.com/hashdist>

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The Problem

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- ▶

```
$ ls /usr/mpi/*  
/usr/mpi/gcc:  
mvapich-1.2.0  mvapich-1.2.0-qlc  mvapich2-1.7  
mvapich2-1.7-qlc  openmpi-1.4.3  openmpi-1.4.3-qlc  
/usr/mpi/intel:  
mvapich-1.2.0-qlc  mvapich2-1.7-qlc  openmpi-1.4.3-qlc  
/usr/mpi/pgi:  
mvapich-1.2.0-qlc  mvapich2-1.7-qlc  openmpi-1.4.3-qlc
```


Scientific Python

- ▶ Python applications/scripts have large dependency trees
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Scientific Python

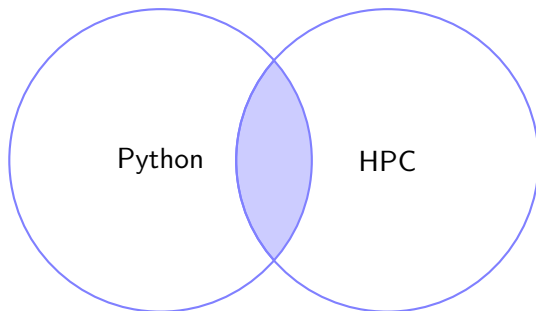
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- ▶ Grand Unified Builder, 0install: Lack scientific packages
- ▶ Python environment provided by sysadmins: Outdated

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- ▶ Simple (good) \Leftrightarrow lack features (minor inconvenience)
- ▶ Easy to do oneself \Rightarrow difficult for one to get momentum
- ▶ The details are different for everybody
 - ▶ Best LAPACK for Sage is not best LAPACK for EPD/Anaconda

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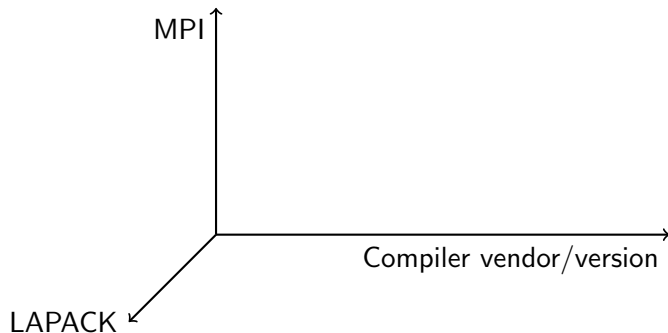
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- ▶ Tedious to move between clusters
- ▶ Reproducibility

The real knot

Combinatorial explosion:



× Python version × NumPy version × FFT library...

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- ▶ Build from source
- ▶ dorsal, EasyBuild: Contribute your own configuration
 - ▶ `dolphin.package` vs. `dolphin-intel.package`

Hashdist

Hash-based installation

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`/usr/lib/libhdf5.so`

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- ▶ HPC environment modules:

`/cluster/software/VERSIONS/hdf5-1.6.1/lib/libhdf5.so`

`/cluster/software/VERSIONS/hdf5-1.6.1_intel/lib/libhdf5.so`

`/cluster/software/VERSIONS/hdf5-1.6.1_pgi/lib/libhdf5.so`

`/cluster/software/VERSIONS/hdf5-1.8.9/lib/libhdf5.so`

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- ▶ Hashdist:

`~/hdist/opt/hdf5/efn3/lib/libhdf5.so`

`~/hdist/opt/hdf5/i7ni/lib/libhdf5.so`

`~/hdist/opt/hdf5/qgpd/lib/libhdf5.so`

(really hdf5/efn3i7ni7lbtik4frlb5wcnqgpdmi3ql)

(demo)

Using a hash-based software store

(1) Describe the build (**internal protocol!**)

```
{ "import" : [{ "id" : "gcc/apyicmxgafb564zz7rwhwvon7padvvdx"},
               { "id" : "unix/kmbvakqpvmhl65d2unzmjupxjbjkxge2"},
               { "id" : "zlib/wbg27phinbgwjg4nasb4xzf3ypo72otn"}],
  "sources" : [{ "key" : "tar.bz2:7jxgwn5xs5xnvdaomvypridodr35or2"}],
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(3) If not found, do an *isolated* build on the fly

Using a hash-based software store

(4) When all packages are built reate symbolic links to package contents in a *profile*:

```
$ ls -l ~/local
local -> /home/dagss/.hdist/opt/profile/w6gp

$ ls -l /home/dagss/.hdist/opt/profile/w6gp/bin
h5copy -> /home/dagss/.hdist/opt/hdf5/whfk/bin/h5copy
h5ls -> /home/dagss/.hdist/opt/hdf5/whfk/bin/h5ls
...

$ ldd /home/dagss/.hdist/opt/hdf5/whfk/lib/libhdf5.so
linux-vdso.so.1 => (0x00007ffffeb3ff000)
libsz.so.2 => /home/dagss/.hdist/opt/szip/5a5t/lib/libsz.so.2
libz.so.1 => /home/dagss/.hdist/opt/zlib/c116/lib/libz.so.1
libm.so.6 => /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libm.so.6
libc.so.6 => /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6
/lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2
```

Consequences of hash-based installation

1. More dimensions! Even

`.../h5py-hdf5_1.8.9_pgi-python2.7-numpy1.6.3_debug_ubuntu12.10`
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Sophisticated features with simple implementation

Prior art: Eelco Dolstra's PhD thesis/the Nix project

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- ▶ Integrate with host system (Debian, environment modules, “generic”) to specify dependencies on package on host system
- ▶ “hdist-jail” can issue warnings if a build process accesses files it shouldn’t (or hide them)

Frontend: Software stack definitions (in progress)

Declarative approach (because you can git it and share it):

```
include:
```

- sources # pull in ./sources.yml
- build
- when cluster == "abel":
 - abel-overrides

```
profiles:
```

- name: "default"
 - configuration:
 - lapack_type: "openblas"
 - cluster: "hexagon"

```
select:
```

- project: "hdf5"
 - version: 1.8.2
- project: "h5py"
- ...

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- project: "hdf5"
 - version: 1.8.2 to 1.8.5 # with integer linear programming
- project: "h5py"
- ...

Domain-specific language focused on overrides

Manage the combinatorial explosion without creating packages for
hdf5_intel_mpich, hdf5_gcc_openmpi, ...:

rules:

```
...
CFLAGS: ["-g", "-O$optlevel"]
when recipe == "configure-make-install":
  optlevel: 2
when project == "hdf5":
  recipe: "configure-make-install"
  when version == 1.5.2:
    optlevel: 0
  build_deps:
    - project: "zlib"
      version: 1.2.5 to 1.2.7
...
```

Build description pipeline

Results in a set of attributes per package:

```
dict(  
  package='hdf5',  
  version='1.8.10',  
  recipe='configure-make-install',  
  downloads=['http://www.hdfgroup.org/ftp/HDF5/current/'  
             'src/hdf5-1.8.10.tar.bz2'],  
  sources=['tar.bz2:7jxgwn5xs5xnvdaomvypridodr35or2'],  
  configure=['--prefix=$ARTIFACT', '--with-pic'],  
  CFLAGS=['-O2'],  
  jail='warn',  
  build_deps=[zlib, unix, gcc]  
)
```


Build description pipeline

Feed it through a Python pipeline:

```
@pipeline.add_recipe('configure-make-install')
def configure_make_install_recipe(ctx, cfg, build):
    build['build']['script'].extend([
        ["LDFLAGS=$(hdist", "build-ldflags", ")"],
        ["CFLAGS=$(hdist", "build-cflags", ")"],
        ["CFLAGS+= " + " ".join(cfg.CFLAGS)],
        ['./configure'] + cfg.configure,
        ['make'],
        ['make', 'install']
    ])
```

Build description pipeline

To get build specification:

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