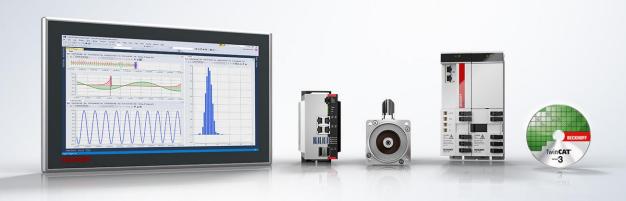




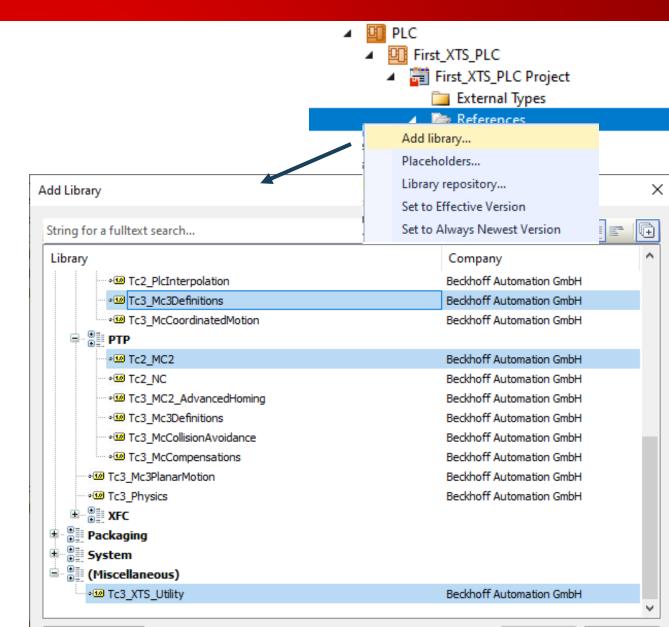
XTS - PLC



- 1. PLC-Library XTS
- 2. AXIS_REF
- 3. XTS-Utility Library
- 4. PLC StartUp condition
- 5. Mover1 detection via PLC
- 6. Overview TF5400 Collision Avoidance (CA)
- 7. CA-Group Object
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Necessary PLC-Libraries XTS



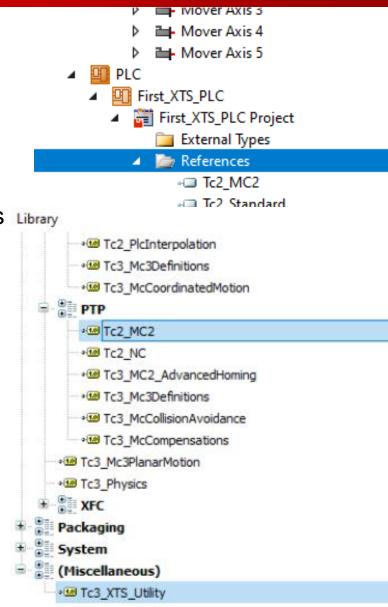
Necessary PLC-Libraries XTS

Tc2_MC2

Library containing PLCOpen standardized motion control function blocks Library

Tc3_XTS_Utility

Library containing Diagnosis and Visualization for the XTS-System

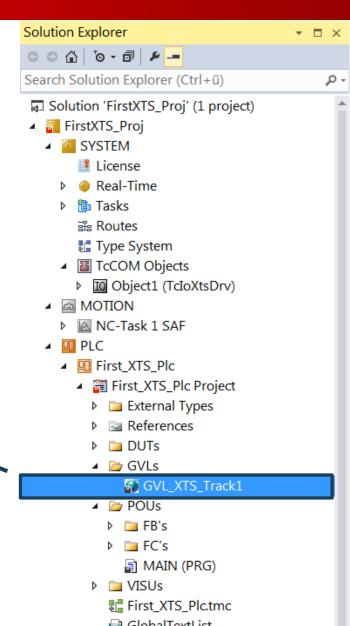


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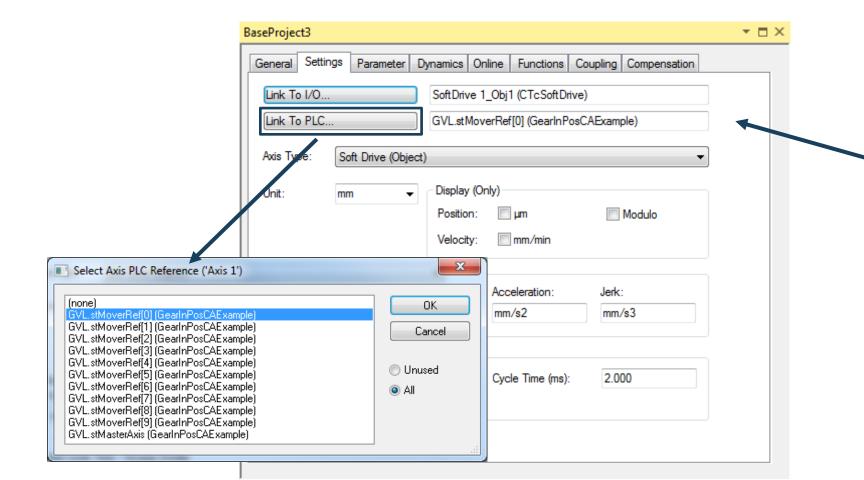


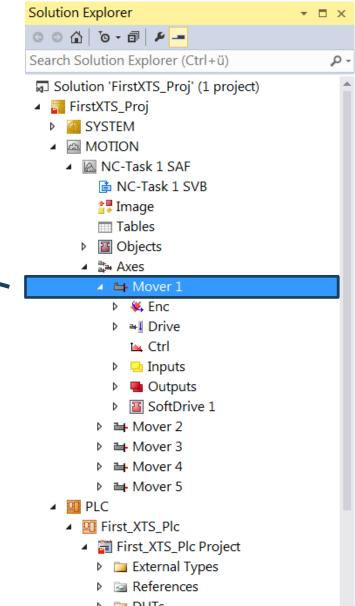
- AXIS_REF for linking the PLC with the Axis
 - definition of AXIS_REF
 - ➤ AXIS_REF is an interface between the PLC and the NC. It is added to MC function blocks as axis reference.

```
VAR_GLOBAL CONSTANT
    // Number of Movers (Starting by 1)
    gciNumMovers
                         : INT := 5 ;
END_VAR
VAR_GLOBAL
    // IO-Interface to MoverModule
                         : ARRAY [1..gciNumMovers] OF AXIS REF;
    stMoverRef
END_VAR
                       #
                            Build
                            Rebuild
                            Check all objects
                            Clean
```



- AXIS_REF for linking the PLC with the Axis
 - link the AXIS_REF to the Axis (Mover)

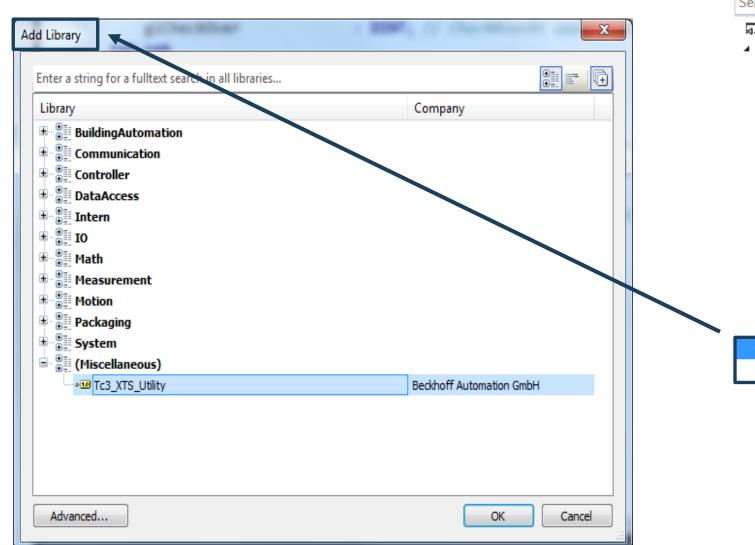




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XTS-Utility PLC-Libraries

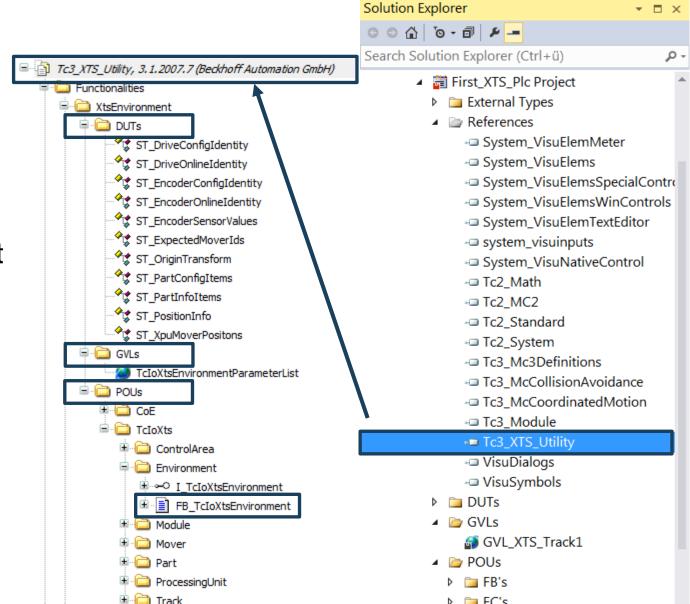


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Search Solu	ution Explorer (Ctrl+ü)	م
Solutio First Solutio Market Marke	on 'FirstXTS_Proj' (1 project) EXTS_Proj YSTEM License Real-Time Tasks Routes Type System TcCOM Objects Object1 (TcIoXtsDrv) NC-Task 1 SAF	,
	First_XTS_Plc Project	
	External Types	
	▶ ™ References	
	Add library	
	Placeholders Library repository Set to Effective Version Set to Always Newest Version	
	 MAIN (PRG) VISUs First_XTS_Plc.tmc 	

Solution Explorer

XTS-Utility PLC-Libraries contains

- DUTs
- GVLs
 - TcloXtsEnvironmentParameterList
- POUs
 - FB_TcloXtsEnvironment



TcloXtsEnvironmentParameterList

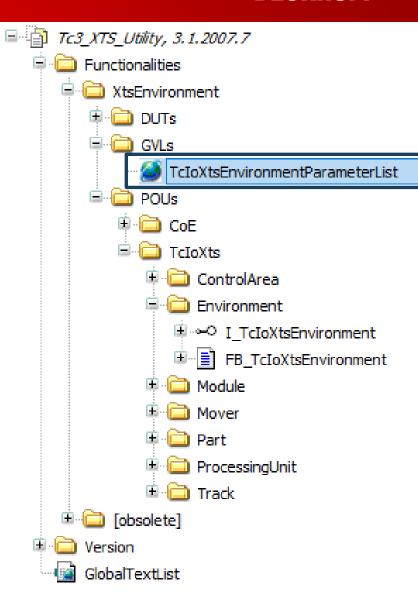
The constant list can be changed in the library.

TcloXtsEnvironmentParameterList (PARAMS)

InOut:

Scope	Name	Type	Initial	Comment
Constant	MaxEtherCatMaster	UDINT	32	Maximum EtherCAT Masters used in one XTS
	MaxXtsProcessingUnits	UDINT	5	Number of XtsProcessingUnits used in this project
	MaxXtsPartsPerXpu	UDINT	10	Maximum number of XtsParts used under one XtsProcessingUnit
	MaxModulesPerPart	UDINT	128	Maximum number of XtsModules used for one XtsPart
	MaxAreasPerPart	UDINT	20	Maximum number of XtsAreas used for one XtsPart
	MaxXtsTracksPerXpu	UDINT	100	Maximum number of XtsTracks used under one XtsProcessingUnit
	MaxPartsPerTrack	UDINT	10	Maximum number of XtsParts used for one XtsTrack
	MaxXtsMoversPerXpu	UDINT	120	Number of XtsMovers used under one XtsProcessingUnit
	MaxXtsTasksPerXpu	UDINT	6	Number of XtsTasks used under one XtsProcessingUnit

The parameters must be adapted for the respective system

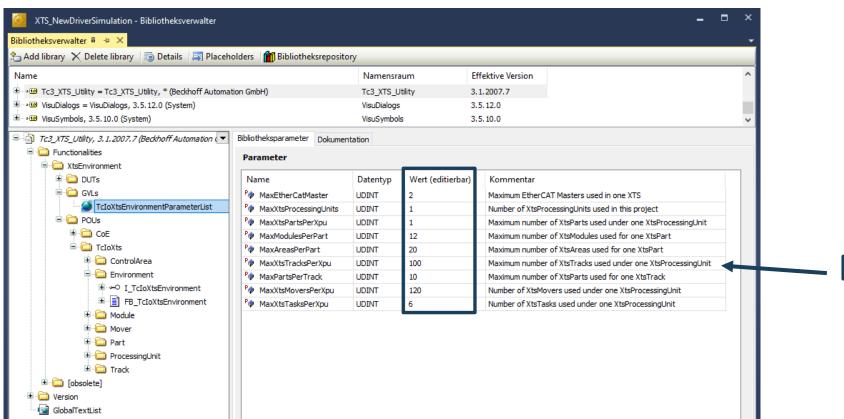


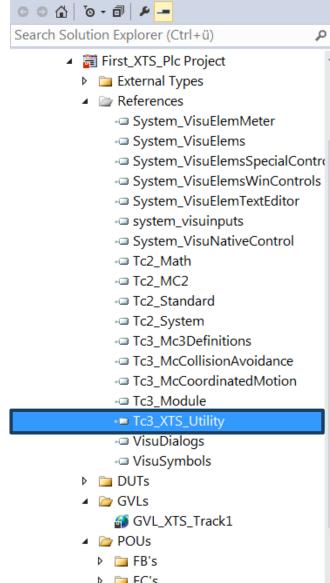
▼ 🗖 X

TcloXtsEnvironmentParameterList

To change this Parameters

"Double-click" the entry within the library.





Solution Explorer

FB_TcloXtsEnvironment

For easy gathering of XTS diagnostic data and accessing object parameters in the PLC.

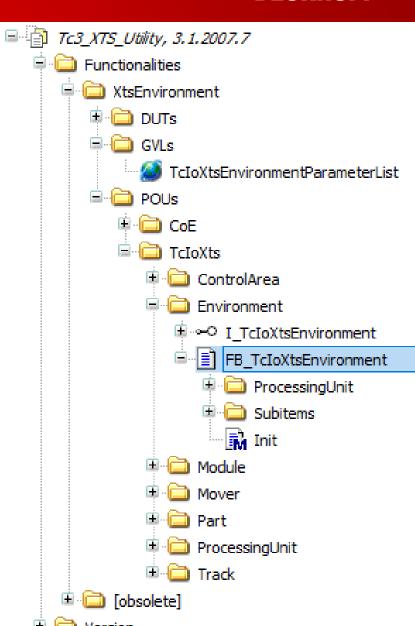
FB_TcIoXtsEnvironment

BOOL bBusy—

BOOL bDone—

BOOL bError—

I_TcMessage ipResultMessage—



FB_TcloXtsEnvironment

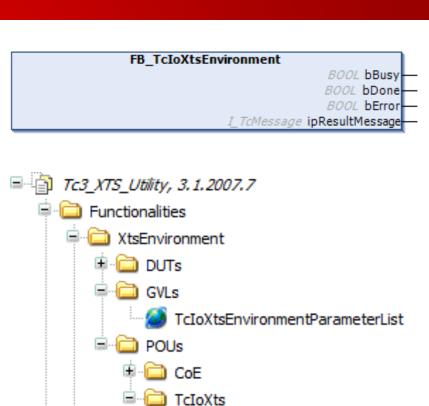
FB_TcloXtsEnvironment (FB)

FUNCTION BLOCK FB TcloXtsEnvironment IMPLEMENTS I TcloXtsEnvironment

InOut:

Scope	Name	Туре	Initial
Output	bBusy	BOOL	
	bDone	BOOL	
	bError	BOOL	
	ipResultMessage	I_TcMessage	fbResult

- FB TcloXtsEnvironment.Init (METH)
- ProcessingUnit
 - FB_TcloXtsEnvironment.GetXpuCount (METH)
 - FB TcloXtsEnvironment.GetXpuOids (METH)
 - FB TcloXtsEnvironment.P XpuCount (PROP)
 - FB TcloXtsEnvironment.P XpuOids (PROP)
- Subitems
 - FB_TcloXtsEnvironment.XpuTclo (METH)



ControlArea

Environment

□ I_TcIoXtsEnvironment

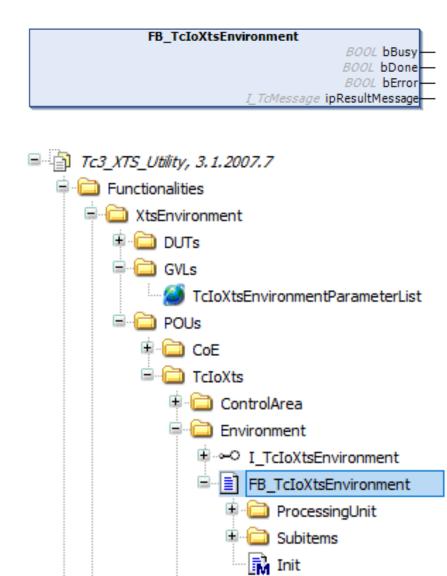
ProcessingUnit

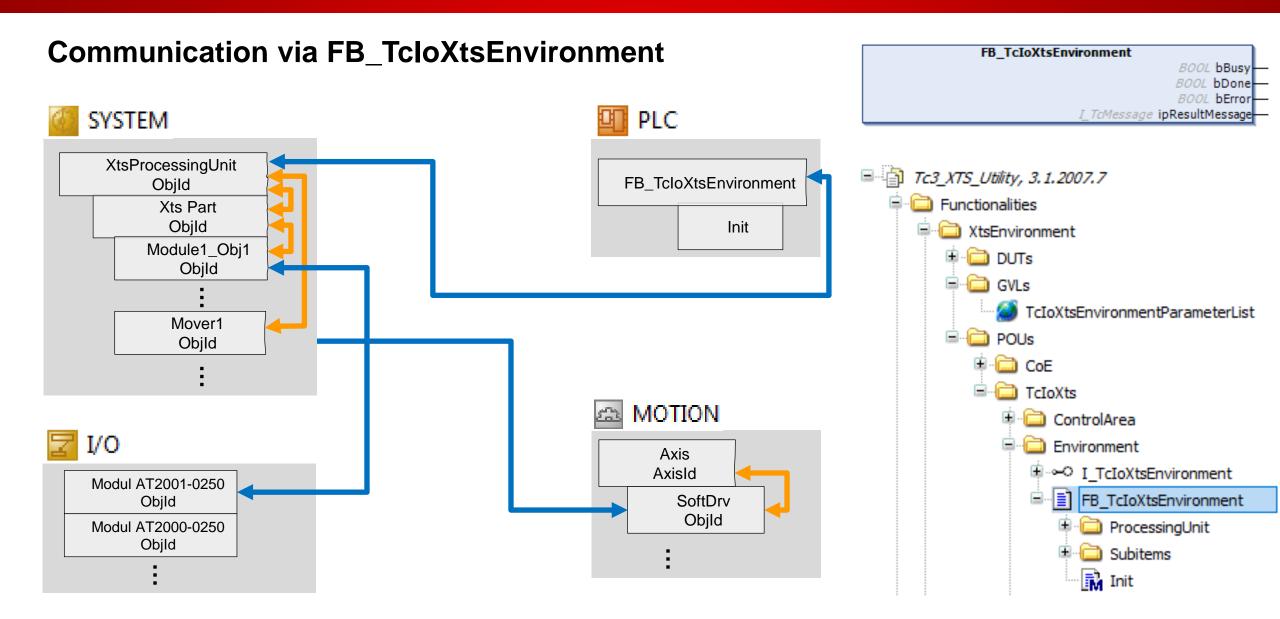
Subitems

FB_TcIoXtsEnvironment

FB_TcloXtsEnvironment

- only one FB_TcloXtsEnvironment is needed the XTS project.
 From this FB, all the XtsProcessingUnits and other objects can be accessed
- Once initialized, the Function Block have access to all the connected objects of the XtsEnvironment structure and their methods.
- There is no automatic cyclic update for data!
- The user can use the methods to get the required information if necessary.





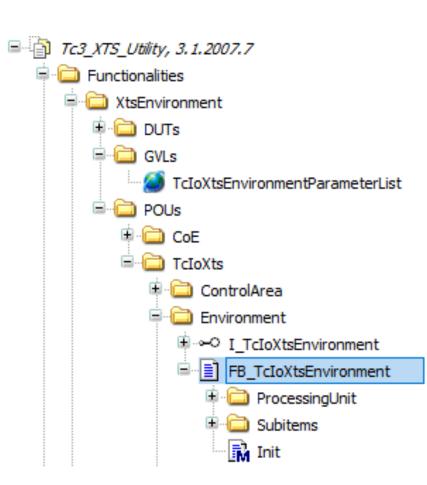
FB_TcloXtsEnvironment

declaration

```
// XTS Utility
VAR_GLOBAL
  fbXtsEnvironment : FB_TcIoXtsEnvironment;
  {attribute 'init_on_onlchange'}
  bInit : BOOL := FALSE;
END_VAR
```

• cal in Main()

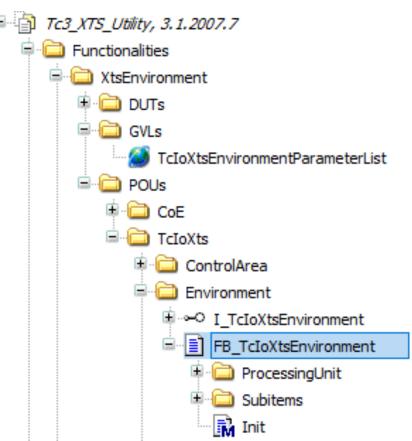




FB_TcloXtsEnvironment

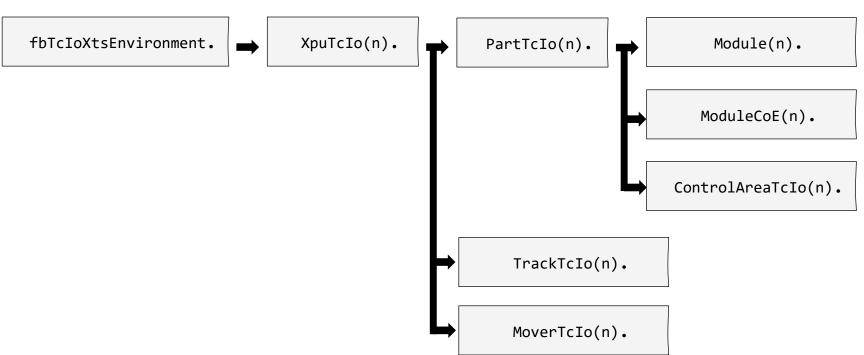
- The FB_TcloXtsEnvironment is seen as a hub function block for all XTS relatedobjects within the project.
- Each object has its respective function block (e.g.FB_TcloXtsProcessingUnit) in the PLC.
 They can either be accessed via theFB_TcloXtsEnvironment but also can be used standalone.

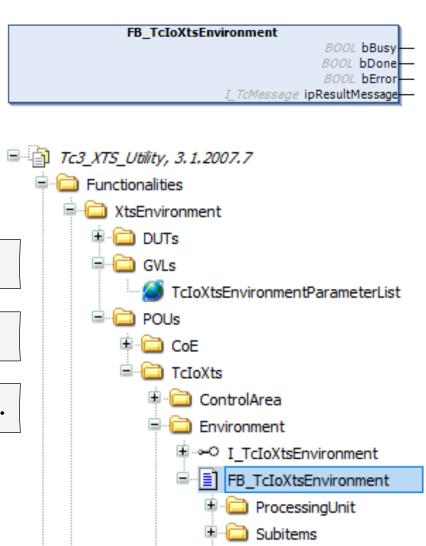




FB_TcloXtsEnvironment

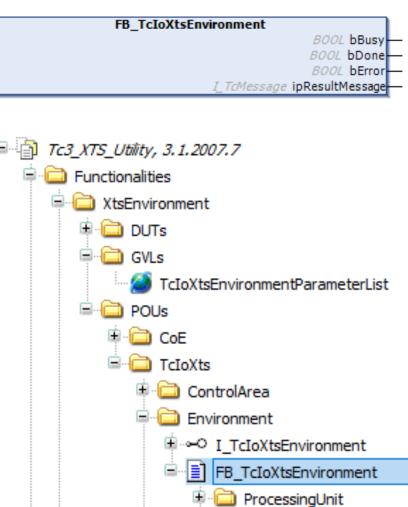
To access the methods and gather the data easily, the below call chain can be followed which is very close to the actual object structure within the project:





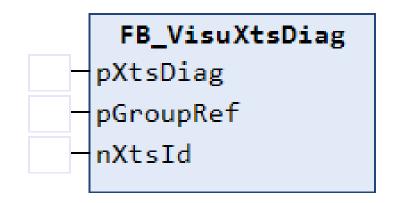
Read/Write Parameter via FB_TcloXtsEnvironment

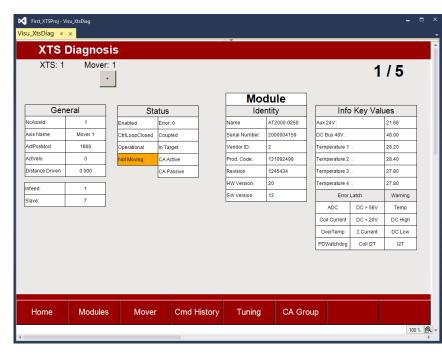
read parameter // Position valid bAllPositionsValid := fbXtsEnvironment.XpuTcIo(1).GetAreAllPositionsValid(); // Position valid bTeachingValid:= fbXtsEnvironment.XpuTcIo(1).GetIsTeachingValid(); write parameter // Set ModuleOffset fbXtsEnvironment.XpuTcIo(1).PartTcIo(1).ModuleTcIo(1).SetOffset(fNewModuleOffset); METHOD SetOffset: BOOL tc3_xts_utility, 3.1.2007.7 (beckhoff automation gmbh) VAR INPUT **fOffset** LREAL



Subitems

- FB_VisuXtsDiag & VI_XTSLib
 - FB_VisuXtsDiag
 collect all necessary Information
 from the XTS-Track
 VI Ytol "
 - VI_XtsLib
 display all necessary Information
 from the XTS-Track
 inside of a PLC-Visualization (templet)



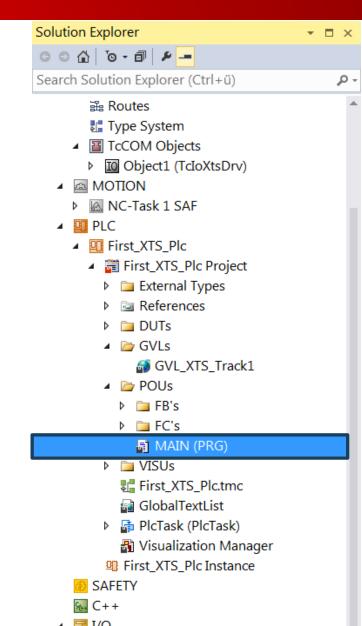


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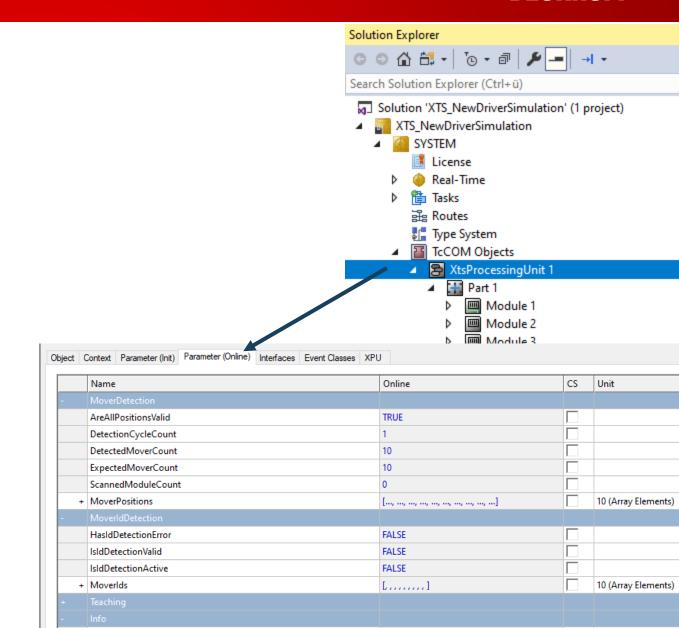
XTS- Start Up Condition

- The XTS I/O Driver requires time to find all of the movers on the track. During this process the XTS Task will exceed its cycle time, preventing the PLC Task from running normally.
- Therefore, the PLC program should not execute any logic until the XTS Task has successfully located all the configured movers



XTS- StartUp Delay

- The actual state of the XTS-System are shown in "Parameter (Online)" for e.g.:
 - AreAllPositionsValid
 - DetectionCycleCount
 - DetectedMoverCount
 - ExpectedMoverCount
 - ScannedModuleCount

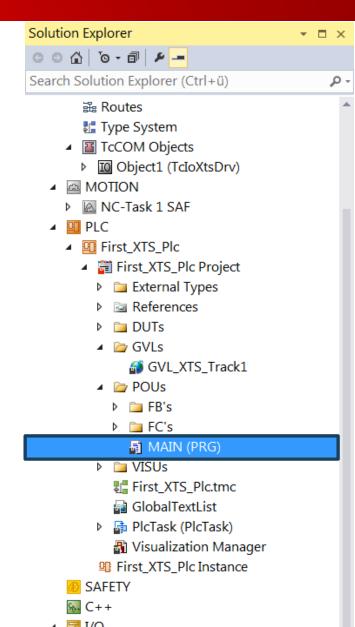


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Mover1 detection via PLC

```
// Mover1 detection
// Check if "MoverIdDetectionMode" has been activated under the XtsProcessingUnit object.
IF fbXtsEnvironment.XpuTcIo(1).GetMoverIdDetectionMode() = MoverIdDetectionMode.Mover1 THEN
    // Check if the "MoverIdDetection" has already been started or the Mover1 was found.
    IF bStartMoverIdDetection AND NOT (bMoverIdDetectionActive OR bMoverIdDetected) THEN
        bStartMoverIdDetection
                                  := FALSE;
        // Trigger the "MoverIdDetection".
        fbXtsEnvironment.XpuTcIo(1).TriggerMoverIdDetection();
    END_IF
    // Check for error or success of "MoverIdDetection".
    // If the detection has an error, check for errors in output and try again.
    IF fbXtsEnvironment.XpuTcIo(1).GetHasMoverIdDetectionError() THEN
        RETURN;
    END_IF
    // Do not process any further until the "MoverId" was deteced.
    IF NOT fbXtsEnvironment.XpuTcIo(1).GetIsMoverIdDetectionValid() THEN
        RETURN;
    END_IF
// If the "MoverIdDetection" was not activated in the XtsProcessingUnit object,
// then the activation of the "MoverIdDetection" and the search of Mover1 is skipped.
ELSE
END IF
```



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XTS – Collision Avoidance

BECKHOFF

 TC3 Motion Collision Avoidance as TcCOM Module (TwinCAT Component Object Models

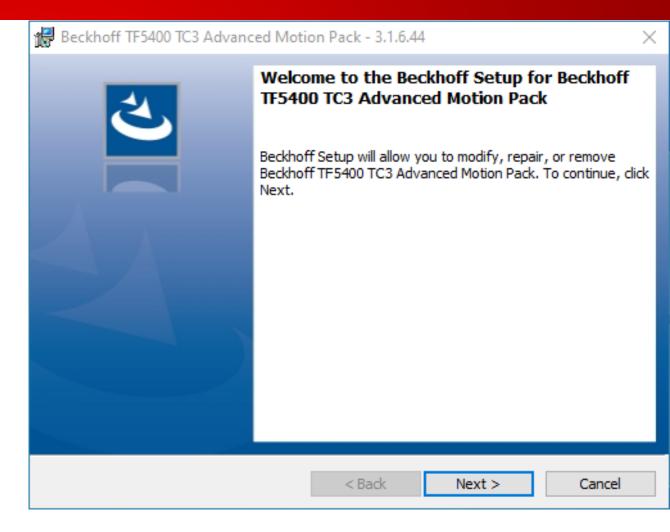
- TF5400 | TC3 Advanced Motion Pack
 - Included

TC3 Kinematic Transformation

TC3 Motion Collision Avoidance

TC3 Motion Pick-and-Place

TC3 Planar Motion



XTS – Collision Avoidance

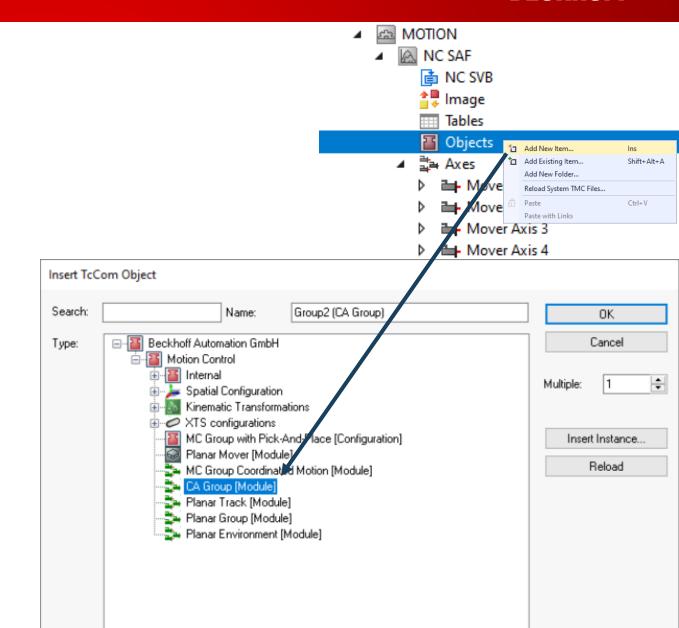
Collision Avoidance Overview

- The purpose of collision avoidance is to prevent collisions between movers, and also to maintain a parameterized "Gap" between any two movers.
- Therefor PTP axes are added to a CA (collision avoidance) group.
- Motion function blocks for collision avoidance are included in library Tc3_McCollisionAvoidance.
- Administrative function blocks are included in library Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.
- For detailed collision avoidance information see the online Beckhoff Information System section on Advanced Motion

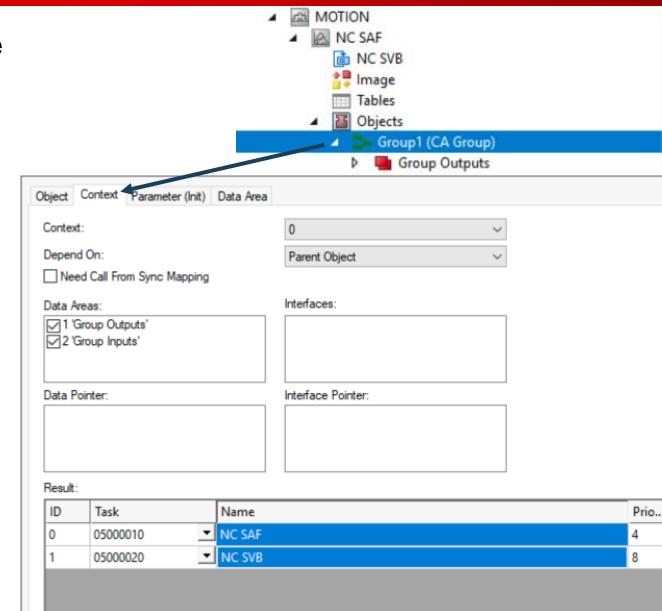
- 1. PLC-Library XTS
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Adding the CA Group Object



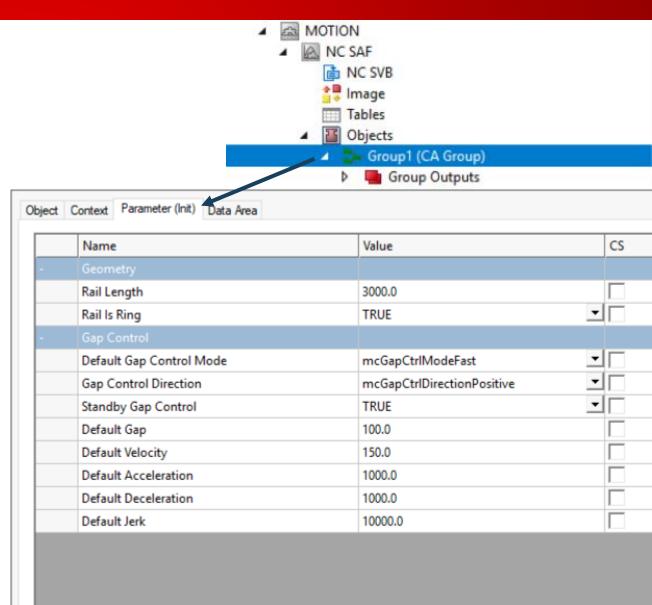
 Set the Context of the Collision Avoidance group to the NC-SAF Task



Collision Avoidance Group Settings

The CA Group has 4 key settings.

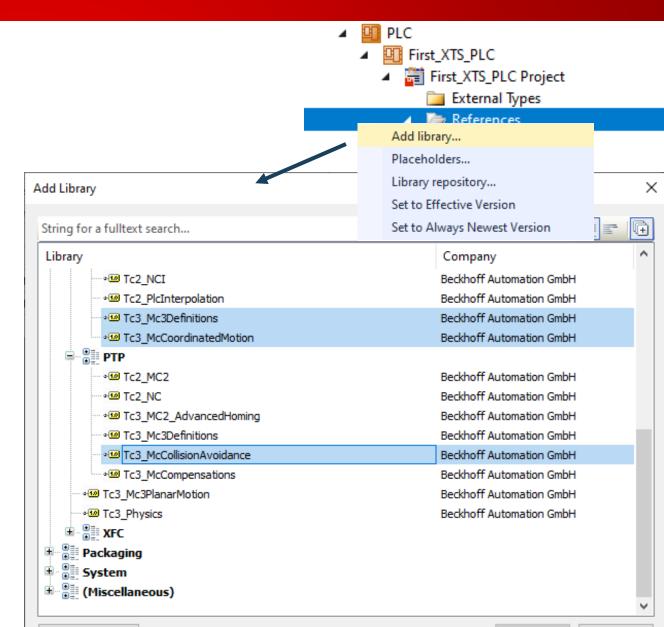
- Rail Length(Same as the HardwareModulo)
- Rail is a ring
- Gap Control Mode
 - > mcGapCtrlModeStandard
 - > mcGapCtrlModeFast
- Standby Gap Control



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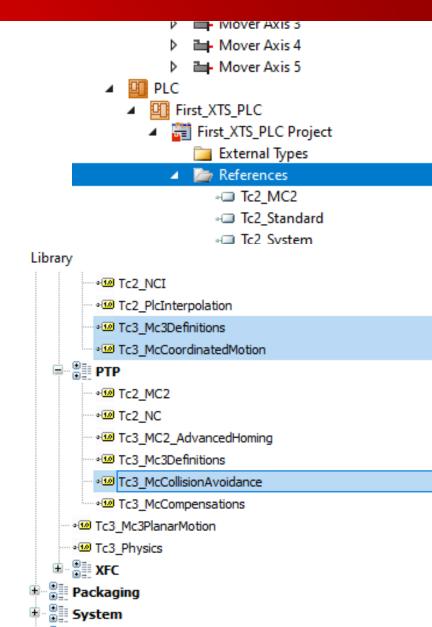


Necessary PLC-Libraries Collision Avoidance



Necessary PLC-Libraries Collision Avoidance

- Tc3_McCollisionAvoidance
 Library containing control function blocks for Collision Avoidance
- Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion
 Library containing control function blocks for Axis Group handling
- Tc3_Mc3Definitions
 Library with definition for the motion functions

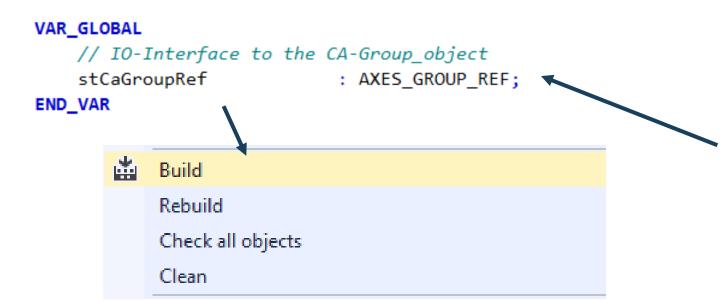


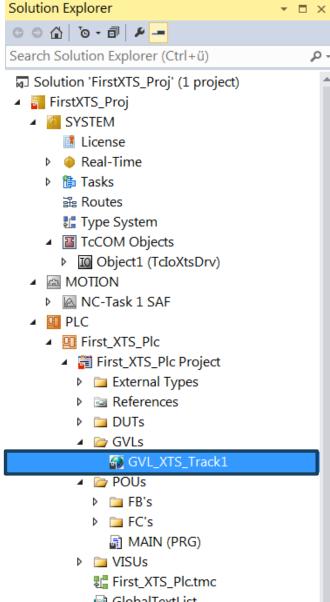
Agenda | XTS – PLC

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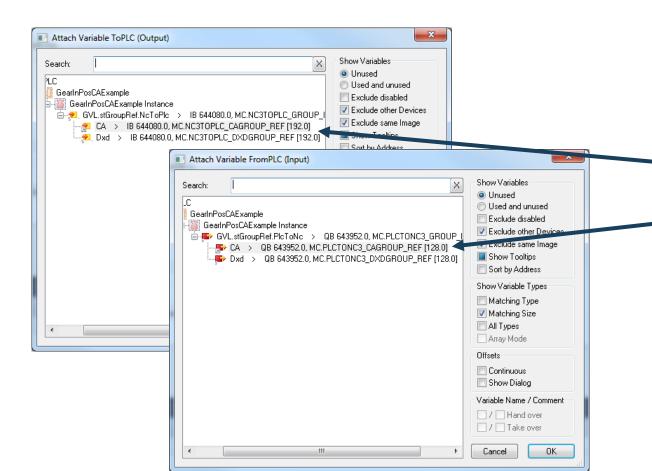


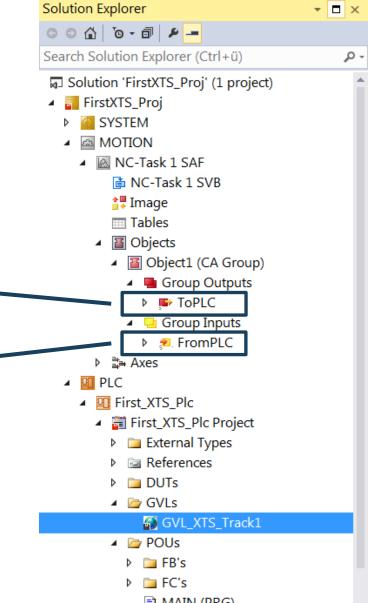
- AXES_GROUP_REF for linking to the CA Group Object
 - definition of AXES_GROUP_REF
 - ➤ AXES_GROUP_REF interface provides the cyclical data exchange between PLC and a NC group object.





- AXES_GROUP_REF for linking then PLC with the CA Group Object
 - link the AXES_GROUP_REF to the CA-Group



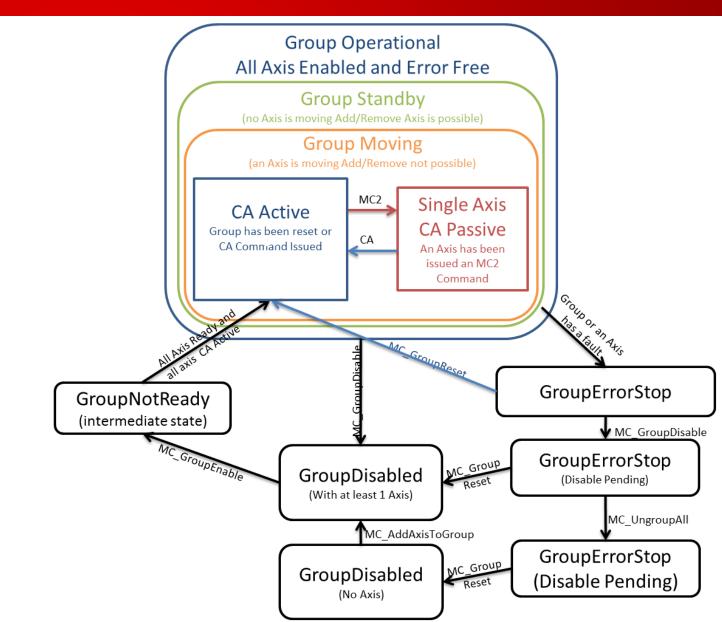


Agenda | XTS – PLC

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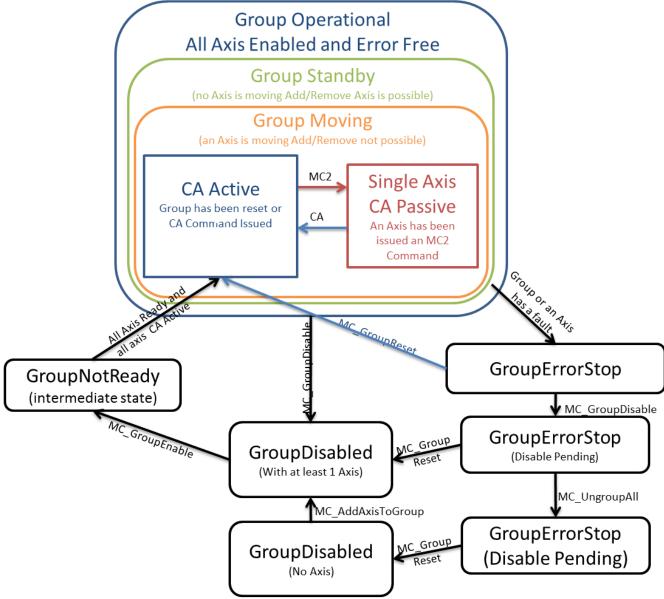
Collision avoidance State Model



Collision avoidance State Model

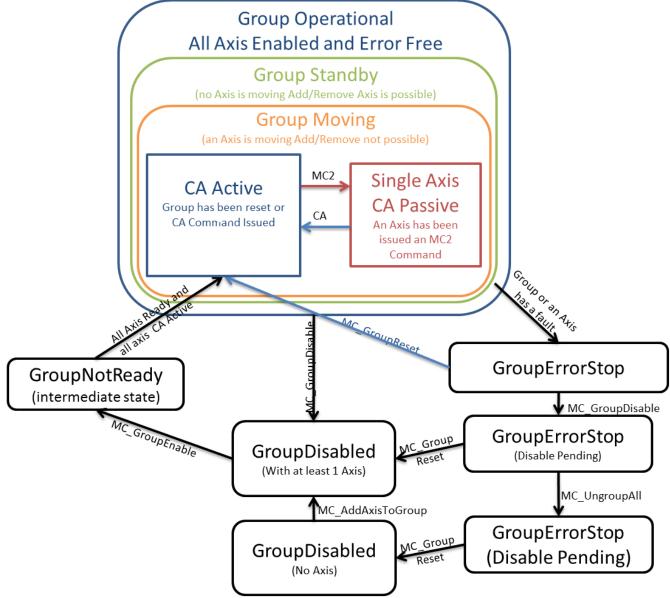
There are effectively 3 Group states that effect a Collision Avoidance axis.

- Operational (Standby or Moving)
- GroupErrorState (Faulted and Enabled, Faulted with Disable Pending, Faulted with Ungroup all pending)
- 3. Group Disabled (with at least 1 Axis or without any axis)



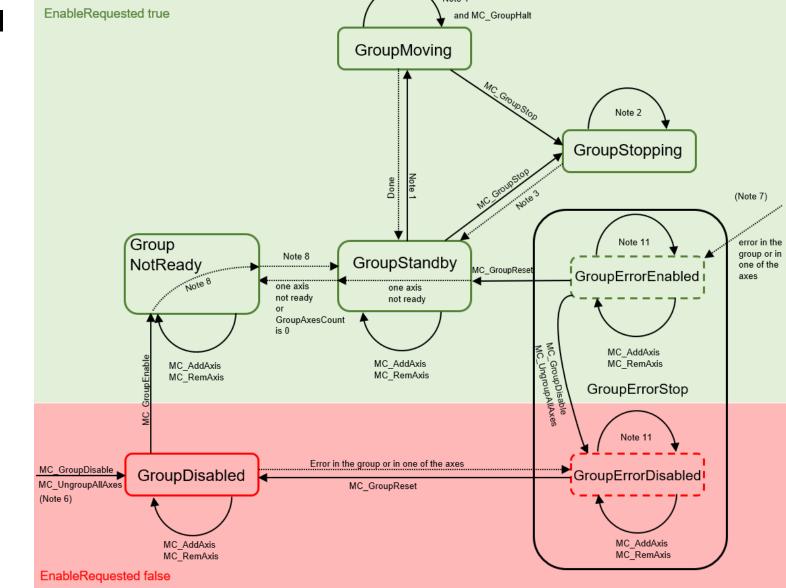
Collision Avoidance State Model

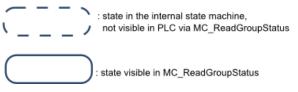
- A group without any axes is always disabled - it cannot be enabled.
- GroupNotReady is a short transitional state or waiting for axis to be enabled.
- GroupErrorState is a special state.
 The only method to leave this state is to issue a GroupReset.
- However, Group Reset will have different outcomes depending on the next requested or required state.



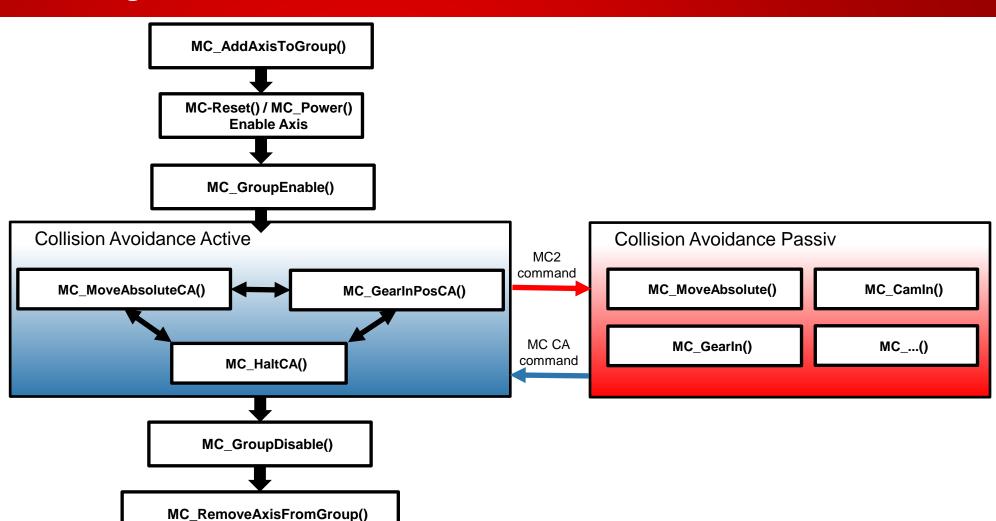
Collision Avoidance State Model

simpler presentation(State diagram valid for V3.1.10)





Full Sequence

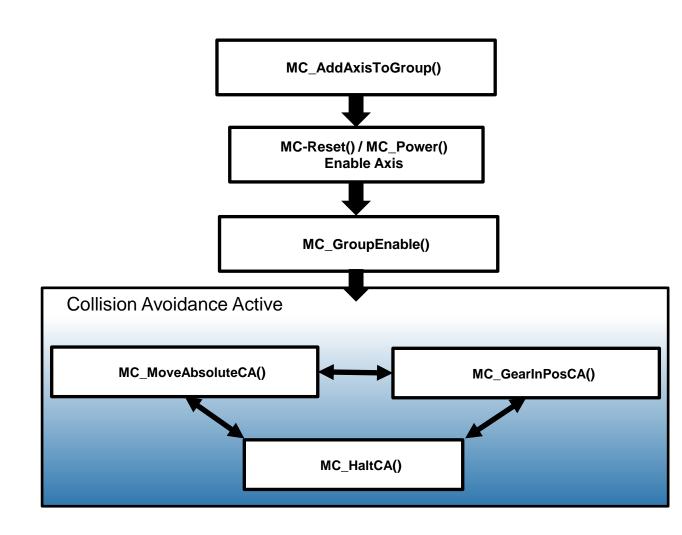


MC_Power()
Disable Axis

Full Sequence

Startup Sequence:

- 1. Add All Axes to the group
- Reset/Enable All axes
 (ensure all axes are enabled and error free)
- 3. Enable the Group

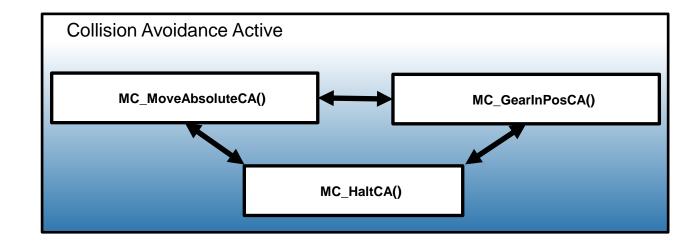


Full Sequence

Collision avoidance is active:

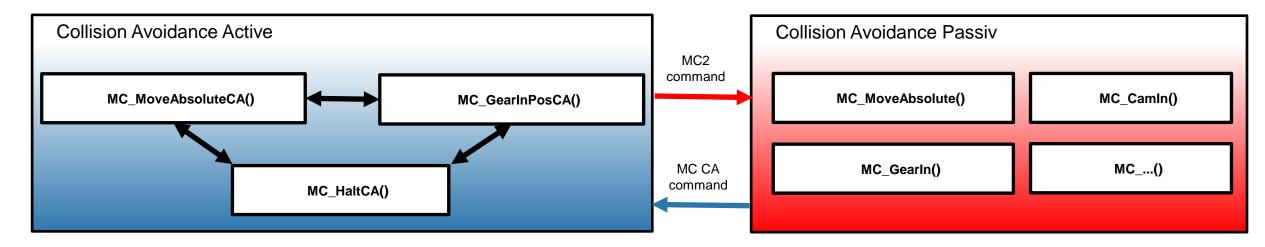
If Standby Gap is active the movers will separate

Should a failure occur, GroupReset will return the system to the running state



Full Sequence

By using a MC2-Command the axis change in "CA-Passiv"



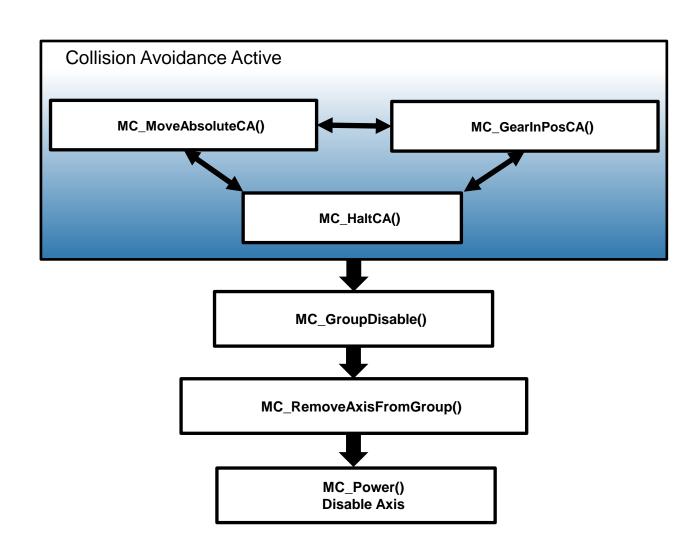
With using a MC_CA-Command the Axis change in "CA-Active"

Full Sequence

Reset or Shutdown Sequence:

Halt-Command for all Movers

- 1. Disable Group
- 2. Remove all Axes from Group
- 3. Disable Axes



Agenda | XTS – PLC

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- MC_MoveAbsoluteCA
 - Moves a single axis to an absolute position with collision avoidance.
- MC_MoveRelativeCA

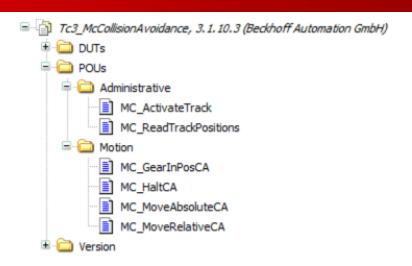
Moves a single axis over a relative distance with collision avoidance.

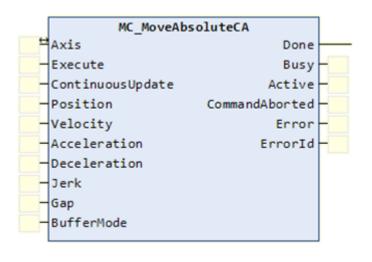
MC_HaltCA

Stops a single axis with collision avoidance without locking it for further motion commands.

MC_GearInPosCA

Couples a slave axis with a gearing factor and collision avoidance to a master axis.

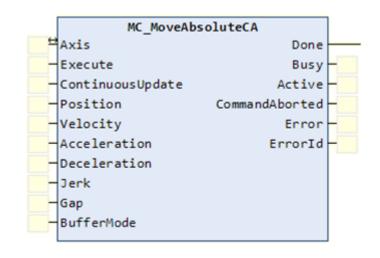




MC_MoveAbsoluteCA

This function block commands the specified mover to the specified absolute position according to the parameterized gap of the collision avoidance input.

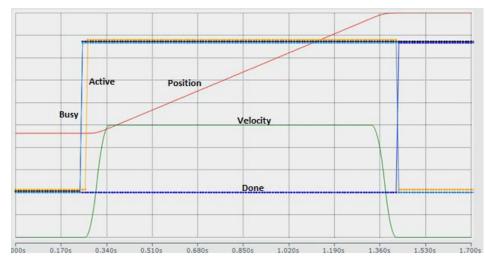
The collision avoidance functionality has higher priority than the absolute motion command.



During execution of the move, the axis may slow down or stop and wait to avoid a collision. The axis will prioritize maintaining the gap overreaching the destination position.

When the path is clear the axis will complete the absolute position command.

The Done output of the function block will become True when the target position has been reached.



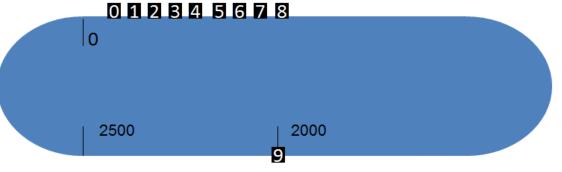
MC_MoveAbsoluteCA

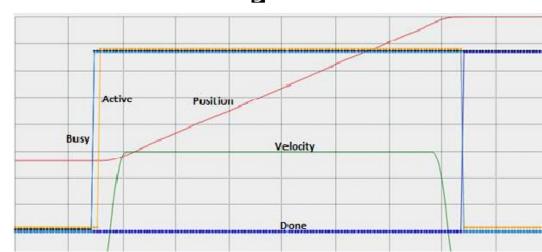
Mover 9 is free to move towards the target position of 2000 with a velocity of 1000.

Once the target position is reached, Done becomes True and Busy and Active become False.

The move has been completed successfully and mover 9 is now at position 2000.







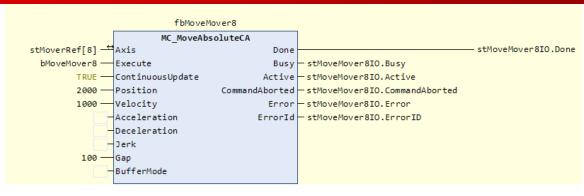
MC_MoveAbsoluteCA

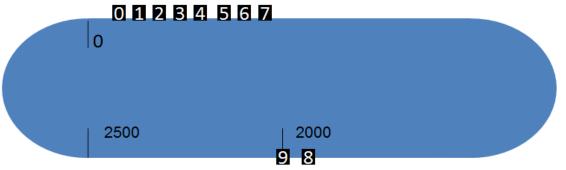
Mover 8 is commanded to move to the same position as Mover 9; however, Mover 9 is in the way. Collision Avoidance will prevent Mover 8 from reaching position 2000 but it will also prevent Mover 8 from colliding with Mover 9.

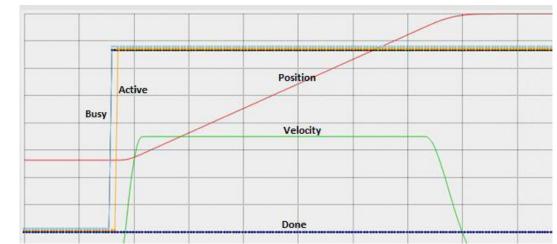
The profile of Mover 8 will look as follows.

Mover 8 stops to maintain the gap spacing but the Active bit and the Busy bit remain true and Done remains false.

This move is not complete.







MC_MoveAbsoluteCA

Mover 9 is free to move towards the target position of 2500 with a velocity of 1000.

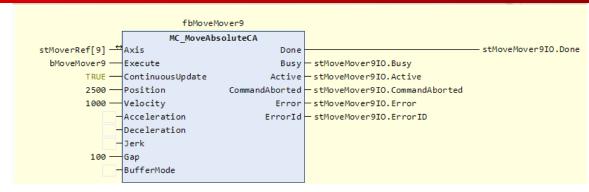
Mover 9 starts to move out of the way.

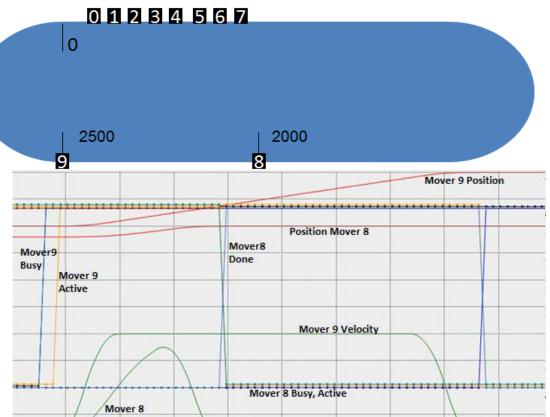
Mover 8 begins to move, ramps up its velocity and then stops in its final target position, "2000".

Mover 8's Busy and Active bits become false and the done bit for Mover 8 is set.

Mover 8's mover is now complete.

Then finally mover 9 completes its commanded move.





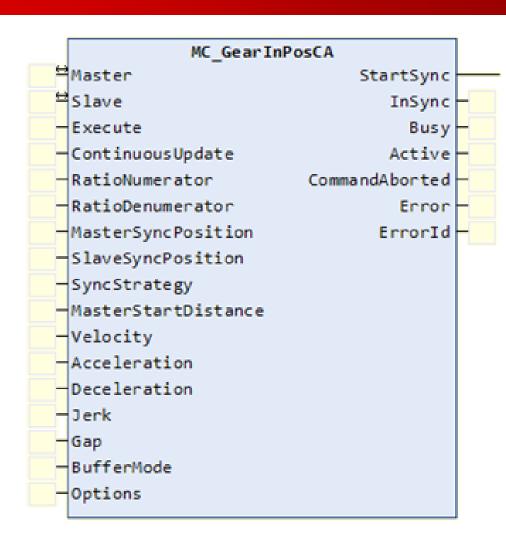
MC_GearInPosCA

This function block couples a slave axis to a master axis.

The set values for both axes are calculated based on the master axis set values.

Like all collision avoidance commands, priority is given to satisfying collision avoidance.

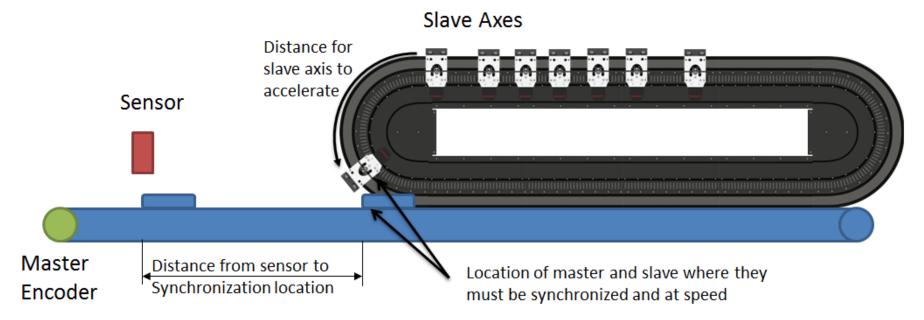
Completion of the commanded move occurs when there is no possibility of striking another axis or violating the collision avoidance gap.



MC_GearInPosCA

A typical use for the MC_GearInPosCA block is to synchronize a mover to a product on a conveyor. To accomplish this, the conveyor is equipped with a servo motor or encoder and a sensor is used to mark positions of products on the conveyor.

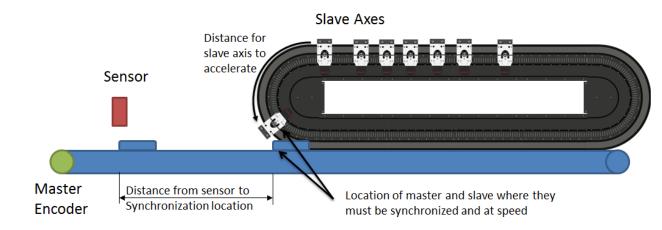
In all cases, Gap control overrides the move command, if the mover would approach another axis, it will slow down regardless of the command issued.



MC_GearInPosCA

Input "SyncStrategy" from Type MC_SYNC_STRATEGY

This data type defines the synchronization profile of the slave



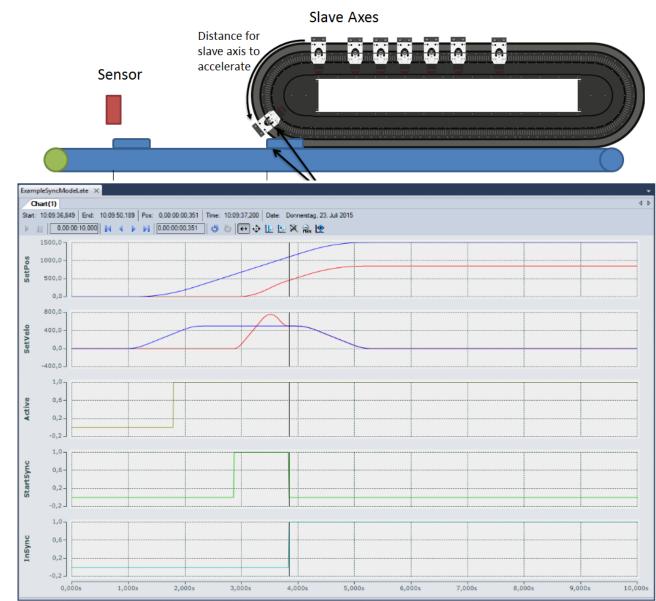
TYPE MC_SYNC_STRATEGY	
mcSyncStrategyLate	16#1
mcSyncStrategySlow	16#2
mcSyncStrategyEarly	16#3

MC_GearInPosCA

mcSyncStrategyLate

The slave starts the synchronization as late as possible and with full dynamics (according to the input values velocity, acceleration, deceleration, jerk).

It reaches the SlaveSyncPosition just in time with the correct gear ratio.

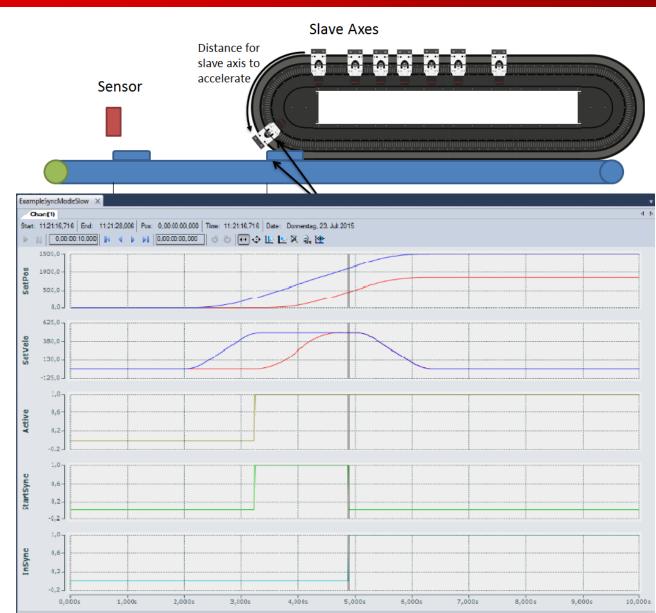


MC_GearInPosCA

mcSyncStrategySlow

The slave starts its sync in motion as soon as the master passes the MasterStartDist (MasterSyncPosition - MasterStartDistance). If the MasterStartDist is not set then the motion begins as soon as the FB is Active.

The dynamics of the slave are reduced such that the slave reaches the SlaveSyncPos with the correct gear ratio just in time when the master reaches the MasterSyncPos.



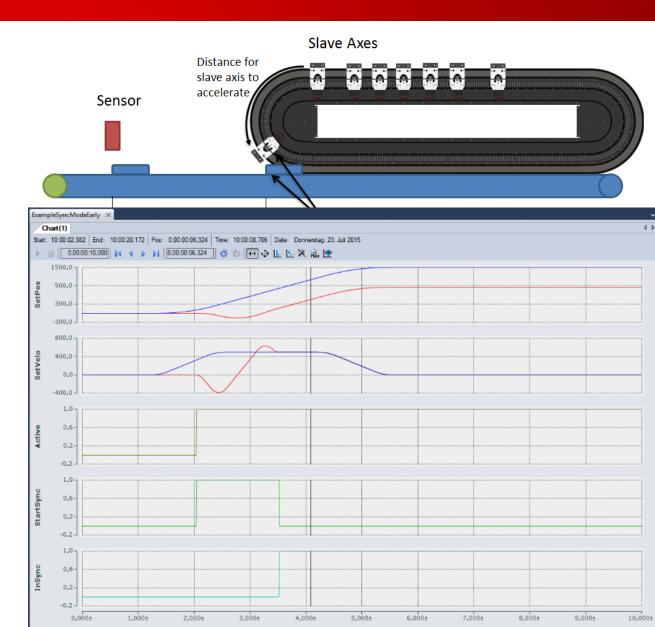
MC_GearInPosCA

mcSyncStrategyEarly

The slave starts its motion as soon as the master passes the MasterStartDist. If the MasterStartDist is not set then the motion begins as soon as the FB is Active.

The dynamics are not reduced.

The slave signals earlier InSync than demanded by the SlaveSyncPosition, but it is still guaranteed that the demanded offset between master and slave (MasterSyncPosition – SlaveSyncPosition) is reached with the correct gear ratio.



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