# XTS TRANSPORT LAYER – a station-based approach



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#### 1. Introduction

#### 2. Requirements

- XtsTransport (main control)
- Xpu (XTS Processing Unit)
- CaGroup (Collision Avoidance)
- Mover (MC and CA)
- Station (process handshake)

- use with any cyclic runtime
- use with non-cyclic software
- 4. Examples
- 5. License

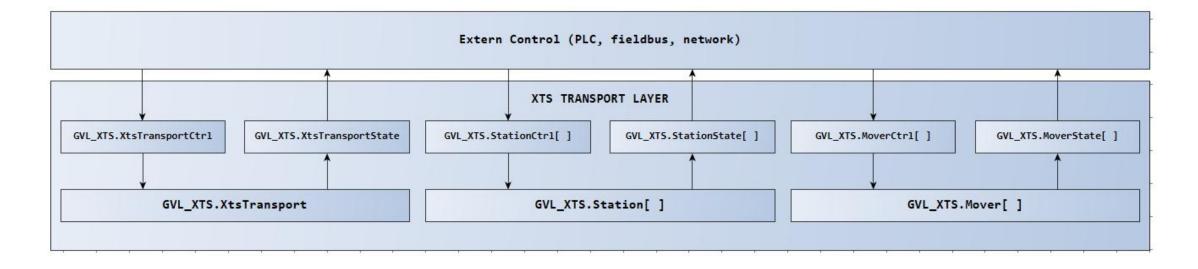
- This project collection is intended to convey the idea of a stand alone XTS transport layer to use in heterogeneous environments / applications.
- One main idea is that for every process you require, a corresponding position on the XTS exists.
  - The station
- Another fundamental principle is that before anybody does anything, they must know what to do and that everybody involved in transport gets a list with atomic RW access.
  - The sending of movers runs parallel to sending information
    - This rids us from stations needing to talk to each other

- A transport layer shall have a data driven way to manipulate a stations behaviour
- A transport layer shall work a combination of discrete processes and continuous processes
- A transport layer shall have an interface for guiding a mover through a process station
- A transport layer shall have an interface to manipulate a mover within a station
- A transport layer shall have an interface for setting-up or clearing the CollisionAvoidance Group
- A transport layer shall provide higher level layers for grouping of stations and coding of transport logic
- This transport layer shall enable use of all, or some layers provided.

- In combination with the Collision Avoidance library, sending movers does not require extra monitoring of the movement. The Collision Avoidance Group (CA Group) is controlling the gap between movers.
   The gap is an input parameter of the CA motion function blocks.
- Can be used for a station-based approach, in which a station class is available for interaction with your process control.
- Can be used for a mover-based approach, your process control has a direct connection to every mover.
- Can be used as a combination of station based and mover-based approach.
- The use of predefined datafields enables control of XTS TRANSPORT LAYER via fieldbus or network.

- The XTS transport system enables a flexible product transport for various use cases.
- This transport layer deliberately tackles a specific subset of the flexibility of the XTS system.
- This subset is working on:
  - One closed loop
  - One Track
  - Constant Mover count
- As all movers are bound to the same rail:
  - No passing at all times
  - A station table seems like a good choice
- This transport layer will focus on enabling high throughput and high flexibility process flow
  - Layered approach to offer you granular BlackBox building.

- designed for use with any cyclic or non-cyclic flow control (PLC, EtherCAT, any network)
  - Ctrl / State datafields for extern to access
- station based approach and individual manipulation of mover
- handshake in station with extern process flow (ST\_STATION\_CTRL / ST\_STATION\_STATE)
- individual cyclic mover interface with given set of movement functionalities (ST\_MOVER\_CTRL / ST\_MOVER\_STATE)



- TransportUnit
  - Access to CA group function blocks (interface pointer)
  - Access to Stations (interface pointer)
  - Access to Movers (interface pointer)
  - Commands for getting all members to defined state
  - Cyclic interface for access from extern control
    - Ctrl (write): command
    - State (read): response to command
      - information from Xpu
      - Information from CA Group

### 2. Requirements

- Xpu (XTS Processing Unit)
  - Check Init Parameter
  - Check Online Parameter
  - Get Module Info Data
  - Connect TcCOM Objects to instances from XTS\_Utility.lib function blocks
  - Provide interface pointers from XTS\_Utility.lib for advanced features
  - Cyclic plausibility checks
    - Mover ID detection after init
  - Cyclic interface for access from main control
    - Ctrl (write): command
    - State (read): response to command
    - Info (read): details from cyclic checks

- CaGroup
  - Access to group function blocks
    - Build Group
    - Clear Group
    - Reset Group
  - Access to movers for group commands
    - Mover interfaces must be available
  - Get Group Info Data
    - Cyclic check of GroupState
  - Must implement interface for use in
    - TransportUnit

- Mover
  - Access to MC function blocks
  - Access to CA function blocks
  - Cyclic interface for access from extern control
    - Ctrl (write): command
    - Data (write): command parameter
    - State (read): response to command
  - Implements Interface pointer for access from:
    - TransportUnit
    - Station
    - CaGroup

## 2. Requirements

- Station
  - Handshake mover transport with extern control
  - Close observation of movements in station with feedback to extern control
  - Linked List for movers in queue for infeed into station
  - Access to Linked List of target station for outfeed of mover
  - Cyclic interface for access from extern control
    - Ctrl (write): command and parameter
    - State (read): response to command and information about mover and queue
  - requires interface pointer to Mover / CA functionblocks

<<global>> **GVL XTS** Namespace GVL\_XTS StationStart ST STATION PARAMETER UINT StationStartIndex Station ARRAY [1..MAX STATION] OF fb StationProcess Station ARRAY [1..MAX STATION] OF fb StationGearInPos StationGearIn Handshake with Process ARRAY [1..MAX\_STATION] OF fb\_Station\_LinkedListCtrl StationList ARRAY [1..MAX\_STATION] OF ARRAY [1..MAX\_LIST\_NODES] OF ST\_STATION\_MOVER\_DATA StationQueue for mover transport StationListItf ARRAY [1..MAX STATION] OF I Station LinkedList ARRAY [1..MAX\_STATION] OF I\_XtsTransport\_Station StationCtrlltf XtsTransport ARRAY [1..MAX STATION] OF ST STATION CTRL StationCtrl StationState ARRAY [1..MAX\_STATION] OF ST\_STATION\_STATE Main command interface to ARRAY [1..MAX STATION] OF ST STATION PARAMETER StationParameter ARRAY [1..MAX\_STATION] OF T\_NEST\_OFFSET PositionOffset extern control XtsTransport fb TransportUnit XtsTransportCtrl ST XTS TRANSPORT CTRL Xpu XtsTransportState ST XTS TRANSPORT STATE Xpu fb XpuCtrl XpuCtrl ST XPU CTRL Access to TcCOM Objects ST XPU STATE XpuState Xpulnfo ST XPU INFO Cyclic plausibility checks XpuModules ARRAY [1..MAX MODULE] OF Tc3 XTS Utility.ST InfoDataView CaGroup FB CaGroup CaGroup I\_XtsTransport\_CaGroup CaGroupItf Tc3 McCoordinatedMotion.AXES GROUP REF CaGroupRef CaGroupInfo ST GROUP INFO Access to CA library Mover ARRAY [1..MAX MOVER] OF fb MoverCtrl ARRAY [1..MAX\_MOVER] OF ST\_MOVER\_CTRL MoverCtrl Mover MoverState ARRAY [1..MAX MOVER] OF ST MOVER STATE ARRAY [1..MAX\_MOVER] OF I\_XtsTransport\_Mover MoverItf Access to MC and CA library LastPosition ARRAY [1..MAX MOVER] OF LREAL LastGap ARRAY [1..MAX MOVER] OF LREAL ARRAY [1..MAX MOVER] OF ST MOVER INFO MoverInfo ARRAY [1..MAX MOVER] OF ST MOVE DATA MoveData ARRAY [1..MAX\_MOVER] OF ST\_GEAR\_DATA GearData AxisRefMover ARRAY [1..MAX MOVER] OF Tc2 MC2.AXIS REF

#### Yes, ...but why?

- The ,WHYs' for the station explains the rest of the design
  - I focus on stations first, since they are the center of attention when production runs
- The goal is to build maintainability into the transport layer
   (e.g. in case MC3 becomes available in the stable feed of the package manager)
- This transport layer is intended to be flexible in complexity and application
  - This is why you'll discover ABSTRACT classes
- OOP? it makes XTS so much easier.
  - IEC 61131-3:**2013**

# ■ Yes, ...but why?

Fb / Class	Concern	Solution
Station	To whom am I talking?	Ctrl / State pair
	Where does the mover come from?	Process-flow handshakes (please study the flowcharts in the doc folder)  I_Station_LinkedList.GetHead()
		Who cares, I'll just take the one from the top. Interface of LinkedList and struct datafields for tickets
	How to move the mover?	I_Transport_Mover[nMoverDetected]
	Where is everybody?	Pointer / Reference to table of stations ST_STATION_PARAMETER[]
	Who am I?	MAIN injects loop counter:  GVL_XTS.Station[nStation].StationId := MAIN.nStation;
	Where am I?	ST_STATION_PARAMETER[StationId].rPosWait
	Where am I precisely?	Pointer to <b>static offset datafields</b> [MAX_STATION, MAX_MOVER, MAX_NESTS]

- Namespace XTS\_Parameter
  - Project constants must match configuration:
  - Copied from ParameterList in: Tc3\_XTS\_Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList

```
:= TO_UINT(Tc3_XTS_Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxXtsMoversPerXpu);
MAX MOVER
                    : UINT
                              := TO_UINT(Tc3 XTS Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxModulesPerPart);
MAX MODULE
                    : UINT
                              := TO_UINT(Tc3 XTS Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxXtsPartsPerXpu);
MAX PART
                    : UINT
                              := TO_UINT(Tc3 XTS Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxXtsTracksPerXpu);
MAX TRACK
                    : UINT
MAX GROUP
                    : UINT
                              := TO_UINT(Tc3 XTS Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxXtsCaGroup);
                              := TO_UINT(Tc3 XTS Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxXtsInfoServer);
MAX INFO SERVER
                    : UINT
                              := TO_UINT(Tc3 XTS Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxXtsInfoStation);
MAX INFO STATION
                    : UINT
MAX INFO STOP POS
                              := TO_UINT(Tc3 XTS Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxXtsStopPositionsPerStation);
                    : UINT
MAX PARAMETER SET
                    : UINT
                              := TO_UINT(Tc3 XTS Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxXtsParameterSet);
MAX NCT BASE UNIT
                              := TO_UINT(Tc3 XTS Utility.TcIoXtsEnvironmentParameterList.MaxXtsNctBaseUnitInterfaces);
                   : UINT
MAX STATION
                              := 2;
                    : UINT
MAX STATION NEST
                    : UINT
                              := TO_UINT(SIZEOF(ST STATION STATE.nMask)*8);
MAX_LIST_NODES
                    : UINT
                              := MAX MOVER;
MAX MASTER
                    : UINT
                              := 1;
```

3. Design BECKHOFF

- GVL\_XTS.Station
  - fb\_StationBase
    - Abstract base class
    - Allowing for user defined XtsStations
    - Provides datafields and properties
    - Cycle placeholder; override with your station logic when extending this base class

```
fb StationBase
nStationId
                  UINT
sState
                  STRING(255)
                  E PROGRESS
elnitList
                  E STATION STATE
eFatalError
stCtrl
                  REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1..MAX_STATION] OF ST_STATION_CTRL
stState
                  REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1..MAX STATION] OF ST STATION STATE
eCmd
                  E STATION CTRL
eCmdOld
                  E STATION CTRL
                  REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1..MAX STATION] OF I Station LinkedList
ItfStation
ItfMover
                  REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1...MAX MOVER] OF I XtsTransport Mover
rMoverOffset
                  REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1...MAX STATION] OF T NEST OFFSET
stParameter
                  REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1...MAX STATION] OF ST STATION PARAMETER
Mover
                  REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1..MAX_MOVER] OF AXIS_REF
stListEnter
                  ST STATION LIST RESULT
stListTarget
                  ST_STATION_LIST_RESULT
stListDelete
                  ST STATION LIST RESULT
stMoverDataSend ST STATION MOVER DATA
stMoverData
                  ST STATION MOVER DATA
stinfeed
                  ST MOVE DATA
stOutfeed
                  ST MOVE DATA
                  E PROGRESS
Result
                  E PROGRESS
eStateProgress
_stMsg
                  ST_Message
eMessageLevel
                  E MessageType
+ Check()
                               BOOL
+ Cycle()
+ DelBitWord(...)
                               WORD
+ GetBitWord(...)
                               BOOL
+ Init()
                               e progress
+ SetBitWord(...)
                               WORD
+ Ctrl Set(...)
+ ItfMover Set(...)
+ ItfStations Set(...)
+ MessageLevel Set(...)
+ Mover Set(...)
+ MoverOffset Set(...)
+ State Set(...)
+ StationId Set(StationId : UINT)
                               UINT
+ StationId Get()
+ StationParameter Set(...)
+ TargetWindow Set(...)
                               LREAL
+ TargetWindow Get()
```

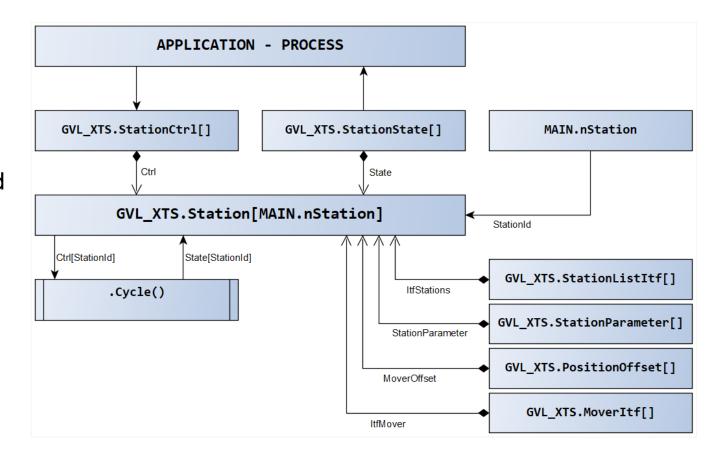
#### GVL\_XTS.Station

- fb\_StationProcess[].Cycle
  - State machine for handshaking with extern control (check example pdf in [doc] folder)
    - Init (clears everything in station)
    - Enable
    - Mover Enter
    - Stop Position(s)
    - Mover Out
    - Empty

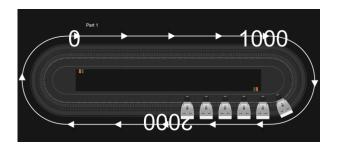
- fb\_StationProcess[].Cycle
  - Control writes ticket for mover
    - MoverId
    - TargetStation
    - Mask
    - Offset

#### GVL\_XTS.Station

- nStation injected from loop call in MAIN
- fb\_StationBase set properties (REF=):
  - Ctrl / State: handshakes
  - ItfStations: interface pointer to linked list methods for getting and setting of mover data
  - StationParameter: Coordinates and dynamic constraint of XtsStation
  - MoverOffset: correction values for every mover in every station with every nest (PosStop[])
  - ItfMover: interface pointer to CA movements



- GVL\_XTS.Station
  - Planning requirements for use of fb\_StationProcess
    - One station: one mover
      - If you require multiple movers for your process (e.g. this one's a slow one):
        - Work in parallel → multiplication of the same task:
          - → fb\_StationCollector and fb\_ProcessCollector will help grouping the stations to a single Ctrl/State interface. (see example XTS\_DEMO\_APPLICATION\_108)
    - Station to Station: only forward
      - We're on a closed loop (the defining part of the subset my focus lies on)



- GVL\_XTS.Station
  - Planning requirements for use of fb\_StationProcess
    - Put the Modulo turn anywhere, BUT NOT within PosWait, PosStop, ReleaseDistance of a station.
       The code does not support crossing the modulo turn within a station.
    - Since the project is designed for stations to send movers to a flexible target, with flexible nest positions, the control struct of a station you have to use, to forward those parameters. The Moverld is forwarded by the Station in possession of the mover.
      - ST\_STATION\_CTRL.nMask: commands the nest count and nest position of the mover in target station
      - ST\_STATION\_CTRL.nTargetStation: index of station in GVL\_XTS.StationParameter[]
      - ST\_STATION\_CTRL.rOffset: optional dynamic inline offset (added to every nest)

- GVL\_XTS.Station
  - Planning requirements for use of fb\_StationProcess
    - The Use of LinkedList methods (AddTail, GetHead)
       requires thought about when the mover is entered into the target station.
      - → why? → The targets' list must stay sorted → see examples on next pages
      - fb\_StationProcess.Cycle() is built in a way (see handshake flowcharts for this) that the movers' ticket is written via the list interface of the target station after having moved rReleaseDistance (a station parameter):

The movement: $\rightarrow$ 

```
CASE _stState[_nStationId].eState
 E_STATION_STATE.STATION_MOVER_RELEASE:
   _ItfMover[_stMoverData.nMoverId].MessageLevel := SEL(_bMatchMessageLevel, E_MessageType.eMessageError, _eMessageLevel);
   _Result
                                     := _ItfMover[_stMoverDataSend.nMoverId].SendToModuloPosCa(TRUE, _stOutfeed);
   IF (_Result = E_PROGRESS.PROGRESS_DONE)
   THEN
     _stState[_nStationId].eState := E_STATION_STATE.STATION_MOVER_WRITE_TARGET;
   ELSIF (_stCtrl[_nStationId].eCmd = E_STATION_CTRL.STATION_MOVER_GONE) // in case outfeed has to be terminated by ctrl
     _stState[ nStationId].eState := E_STATION_STATE.STATION_MOVER_WRITE_TARGET;
   ELSIF ( Result = E PROGRESS.PROGRESS ERROR)
                                     := E_STATION_STATE.STATION_ERROR_OUTFEED_ERROR; // ctrl has to fix this, go tell ctrl
     _stState[_nStationId].eState
                                     := E MessageType.eMessageError;
     _stMsg.eType
     LogState( stMsg.eType);
   END IF
```

- GVL\_XTS.Station
  - Planning requirements for use of fb\_StationProcess
    - The Use of LinkedList methods (AddTail, GetHead)
       requires thought about when the mover is entered into the target station.
      - → why? → The targets' list must stay sorted → see examples on next pages
      - fb\_StationProcess.Cycle() is built in a way (see handshake flowcharts for this) that the movers' ticket is written via the list interface of the target station after having moved rReleaseDistance (a station parameter):
        - The ticket:→

```
CASE stState[ nStationId].eState
 E STATION STATE.STATION MOVER WRITE TARGET
                                     := ItfStation[ stMoverDataSend.nTargetStation].AddTailValue(                 stMoverDataSend);
   IF (_stListTarget.wState <> 0)
    // adding mover in target list was NOT successful
      stState[ nStationId].eState := E_STATION_STATE.STATION_ERROR_LIST_ADD_TAIL_FAULT; // fatal error
      _stMsg.eType
                                    := E_MessageType.eMessageError;
      LogState( stMsg.eType);
     IF (_eMessageLevel > E_MessageType.eMessageWarning)
        _stMsg.eType
                                     := E_MessageType.eMessageInfo;
        _stMsg.eSubdevice
                                    := e Subdevice.StationAddTail;
        _stMsg.iErrorNumber
                                    := stState[ nStationId].nMoverId;
       _stMsg.sText
                                     := concat('TargetStation: ', TO_STRING(_stListTarget.stData.nTargetStation));
       f MessageSet(_stMsg);
      END IF
      _ItfMover[_stMoverDataSend.nMoverId].SendToModuloPosCa(FALSE, _stOutfeed);
      stState[ nStationId].eState := E STATION STATE.STATION MOVER GONE; // go tell ctrl that station is empty
      IF (_eMessageLevel = E_MessageType.eMessageVerbose)
        _stMsg.eType
                                     := _eMessageLevel;
       LogState(_stMsg.eType);
      END_IF
    END_IF
```

- GVL\_XTS.Station Planning requirements for use of fb\_StationProcess
  - all coordinates are modulo values,
    - from station to station only forward
    - within station: movement by use of nest offset(PosStop[]) or use of ST\_MOVER\_CTRL.
    - Within station: all kind of MC functions (CAM, NCI)
  - IF move backwards is required you have to make sure that there is room for it by setting ST\_STATION\_PARAMETER so the movement of the movers match your process requirements for each station
    - Check PosStop[]
    - Each PosStop[] is relative to PosWait

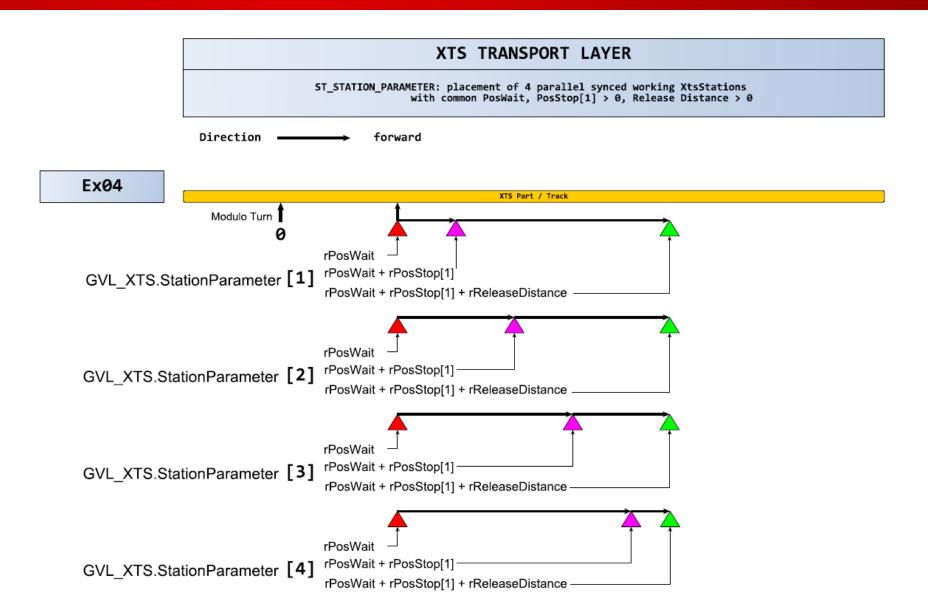
### **BECKHOFF**

- GVL\_XTS.Station (Example)
- ST\_STATION\_PARAMETER: parallel Xts stations for a process with common waiting position
  - Process uses GVL\_XTS.Station[1] to GVL\_XTS.Station[4]
    - Define PosWait(Queue position)
      - [1].rPosWait := 100
      - [2].rPosWait := 100
      - [3].rPosWait := 100
      - [4].rPosWait := 100
    - Define how many rPosStop(nests) the stations may have (configured count)
      - [1].nConfiguredStopCount := 1 (default)
      - [2].nConfiguredStopCount := 1
      - [3].nConfiguredStopCount := 1
      - [4].nConfiguredStopCount := 1

- Process uses GVL\_XTS.Station[1] to GVL\_XTS.Station[4]
  - Define the process position(s) relative to rPosWait
    - [1].rPosStop[1] := 100
    - [2].rPosStop[1] := 200
    - [3].rPosStop[1] := 300
    - [4].rPosStop[1] := 400
  - The ReleaseDistance of the last station shall be shortest, all other stations follow accordingly.
    - [1].rReleaseDistance := 40
    - [2].rReleaseDistance := 30
    - [3].rReleaseDistance := 20
    - [4].rReleaseDistance := 10

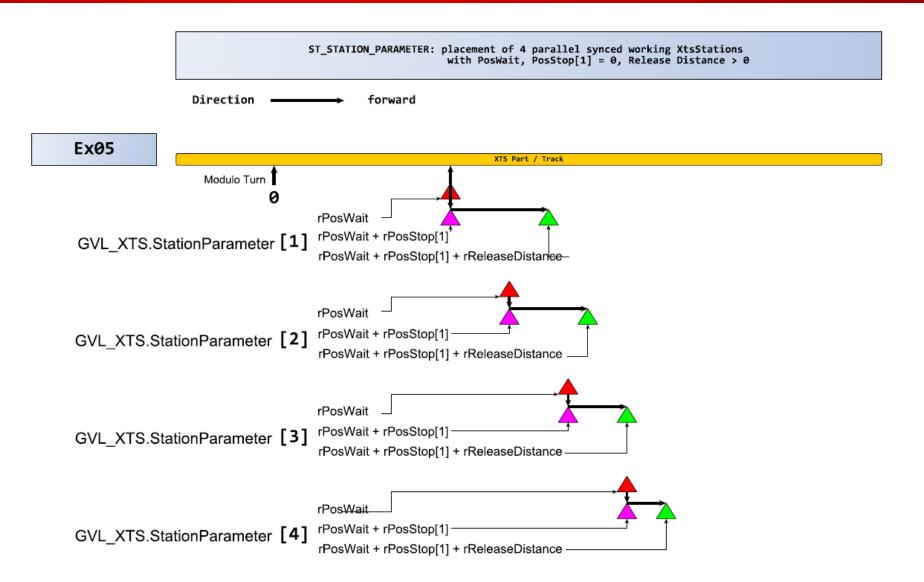
- GVL\_XTS.Station (Example)
- What it may look like: parallel Xts stations for a process with common waiting position
  - drawings are not to scale, the possible configurations shall be illustrated
  - Ex04:

This configuration is useful if you require the working area to be completely empty before pulling in movers. (move something other than your directly involved process mechanics out of the way of the mover etc.)



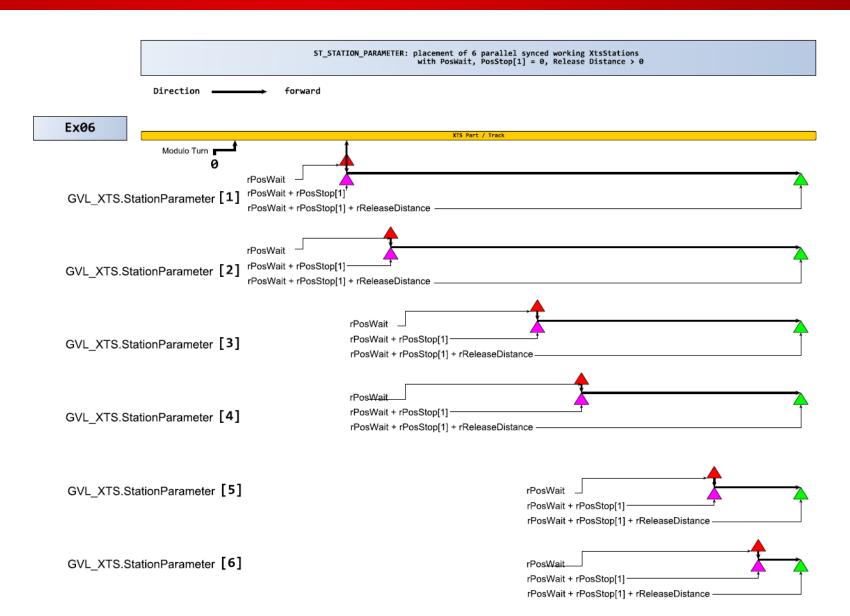
- GVL\_XTS.Station (Example)
- What it may look like: parallel Xts stations for a process with common waiting position
  - drawings are not to scale, the possible configurations shall be illustrated
  - Ex05:

This configuration is useful if you require high throughput with minimal stops of the mover. rPosWait[1-4] are already commanded by the sending station.



- GVL\_XTS.Station (Example)
- What it may look like: parallel Xts stations for a process with common waiting position
  - drawings are not to scale, the possible configurations shall be illustrated
  - Ex06:

This configuration is useful if you require high throughput and **irregular spacing** with minimal stops of the mover. rPosWait[1-6] are already commanded by the sending station.



**BECKHOFF** 

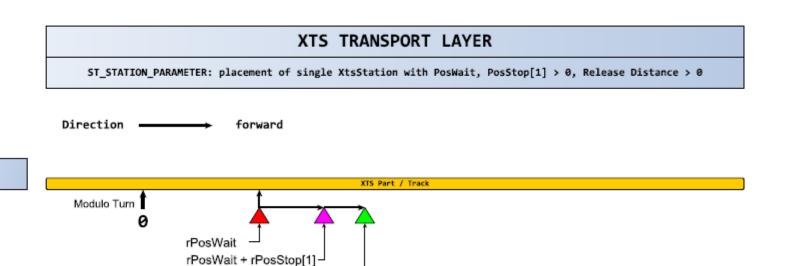
### 3. Design

- GVL\_XTS.Station
   (On behalf of all the singles on your XTS)
- What it may look like: single Xts station for a process
  - drawings are not to scale, the possible configurations shall be illustrated

Ex01

Ex01:

This configuration is useful if you require the working area to be completely empty before pulling in movers. (move something other than your directly involved process mechanics out of the way of the mover etc.)



rPosWait + rPosStop[1] + rReleaseDistance

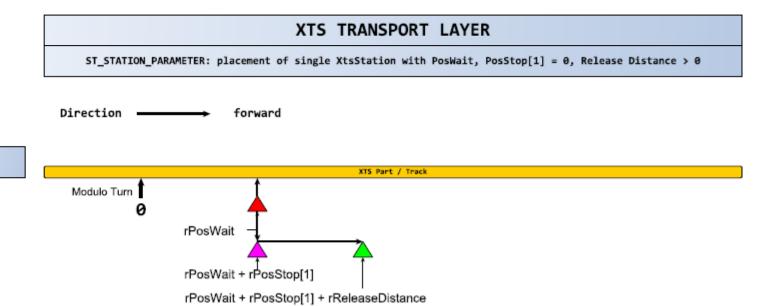
3. Design BECKHOFF

- GVL\_XTS.Station
   (On behalf of all the singles on your XTS)
- What it may look like: single Xts station for a process
  - drawings are not to scale, the possible configurations shall be illustrated

Ex02

■ Ex02:

This configuration is useful if you require high throughput with minimal stops of the mover. rPosWait is already commanded by the sending station.



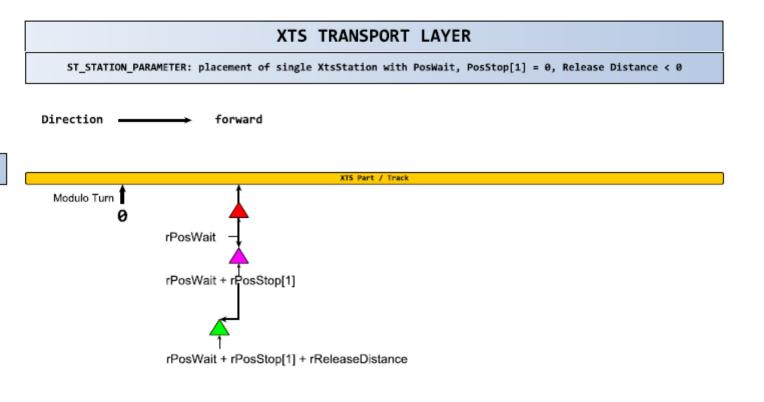
#### **BECKHOFF**

- GVL\_XTS.Station
   (On behalf of all the singles on your XTS)
- What it may look like: single Xts station for a process
  - drawings are not to scale, the possible configurations shall be illustrated

Ex03

■ Ex03:

This configuration is useful if you require **instantaneous** handshake after the mover was released. This is really helpful if the station is a Distributor. (if you are fast enough with your reactions: the mover needs not to stop here.



GVL\_XTS.Station (Example)

#### using stations sparsely:

- In this case it is easiest to always handshake the stations and use the forwarding command if a station shall be skipped.
- On Infeed state of mover, use: **E\_STATION\_CTRL**. **STATION\_MOVER\_SEND**.
  - There are different handshake 'routes' → see pdfs GVL\_XTS.Station\_Example\_\*.pdf

#### deactivating stations:

- Make sure the queue is empty before deactivating, since the waiting mover will hold up all other, in case of required deactivation while movers are in the queue:
  - handshake mover with E\_STATION\_CTRL.STATION\_MOVER\_SEND to new target station if mover in queue cannot be processed
  - Handshake regular infeed if mover in queue can still be processed.
  - Do not send any new mover to the station in question
    - If queue of station is empty: E\_STATION\_CTRL.STATION\_DISABLE
    - preceding stations continue workflow with changed ST\_STATION\_CTRL.nTargetStation

- GVL\_XTS.Station
  - Ctrl[nStation] : ST\_STATION\_CTRL
    - eCmd (E\_STATION\_CTRL):
      - enumeration for handshakes with State[nStation].eState (E\_STATION\_STATE)
    - nMask (BYTE):
      - bit mask to be used with multiple stop positions within a XtsStation.
         This mask tells the target station which PosStop[] (nest) has to be worked.
    - nTargetStation (USINT):
      - target to send mover to GVL\_XTS.Station[nTargetStation].rPosWait
    - rOffset (REAL):
      - Optional offset for mover, used in target station in addition to static offset

- GVL\_XTS.Station
  - State[nStation] : ST\_STATION\_STATE
    - eState (E\_STATION\_STATE):
      - Enumeration for active station state,
         Ctrl has to react to
    - nMask (BYTE):
      - Bitmask for active PosStop[] (nest)
    - nMoverId (USINT):
      - Active mover index in station
    - rMoverModPos (LREAL):
      - Modulo position of active mover
    - nQueue (USINT):
      - Count of movers, which were sent to XtsStation

```
ST_STATION_STATE + ×
ST_STATION_CTRL
       {attribute 'pack_mode' := '2'}
       TYPE ST_STATION_STATE :
       STRUCT
         eState
                        : E STATION STATE;
        {attribute 'displaymode':='bin'}
        nMask
                        : BYTE;
        nMoverId
                        : USINT;
        rMoverModPos
                        : LREAL;
                        : USINT;
        nQueue
       END_STRUCT
       END TYPE
```

#### GVL\_XTS.StationParameter

#### – eType:

- STATION\_PROCESS
- STATION\_GEAR\_IN\_POS

#### - sText:

Description only

#### - rPosWait:

 start of station, a sending station is using this value to send mover to

#### rReleaseDistance :

 distance mover has to travel (from ActPos) in order for station to go back to mover detection

#### - rGap:

 Active gap on infeed and outfeed of station

#### - rVelo :

 Active velocity on infeed and outfeed of station

#### - rAccDec :

Active dyn constraint

#### - rJerk :

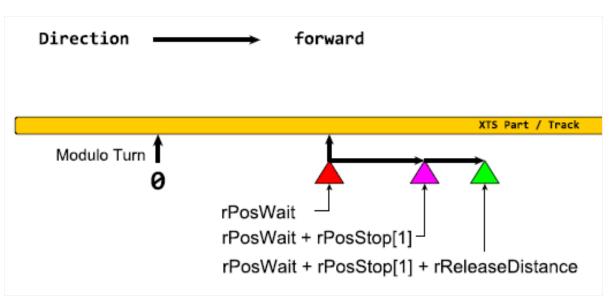
Active dyn constraint

#### nConfiguredStopCount :

 Count of PosStop (nests) a mover may has to stop at in XtsStation

#### - rPosStop[] :

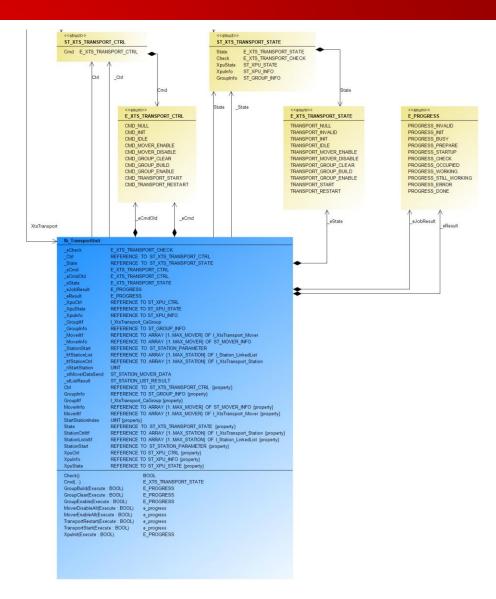
Relative to rPosWait



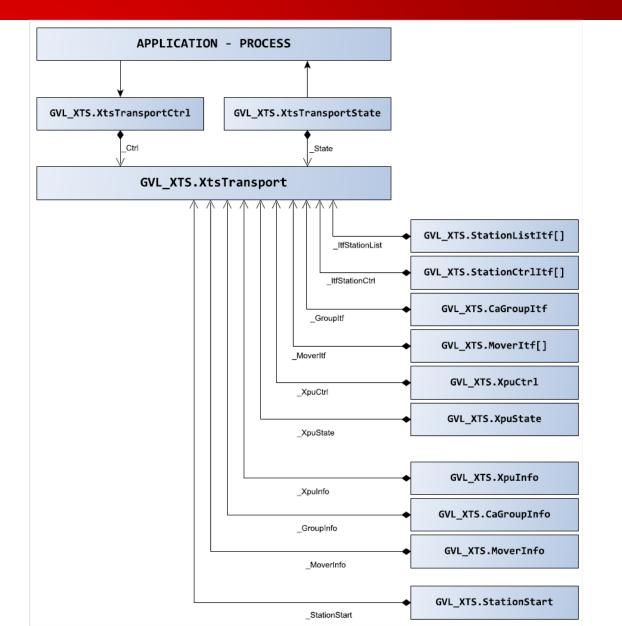
#### **BECKHOFF**

- TransportUnit
  - Fb\_TransportUnit():
    - Top level control of XtsTransport
    - Cycle check for change of command:
      - E\_XTS\_TRANSPORT\_CTRL:

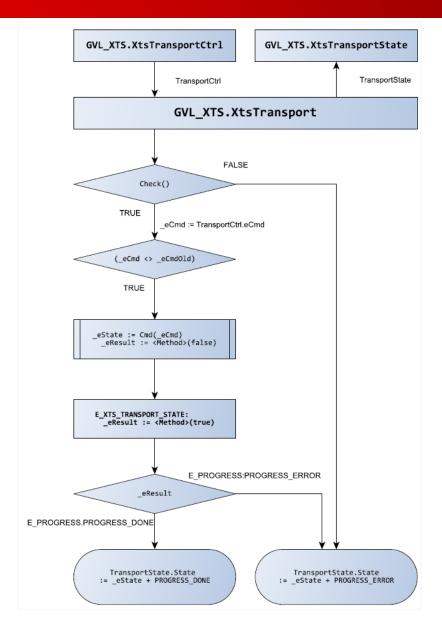
```
{attribute 'strict'}
{attribute 'to string'}
TYPE E_XTS_TRANSPORT_CTRL :
  CMD_NULL,
  CMD INIT
                             := 10,
  CMD_IDLE,
  CMD_MOVER_ENABLE
                             := 20,
  CMD_MOVER_DISABLE,
  CMD_MOVER_HALT_CA,
  CMD MOVER STOP,
  CMD_GROUP_CLEAR
                             := 30,
  CMD_GROUP_BUILD,
  CMD GROUP ENABLE,
  CMD_GROUP_STOP,
  CMD TRANSPORT START
                             := 40.
  CMD TRANSPORT RESTART
)UINT;
END_TYPE
```



- TransportUnit
  - Fb\_TransportUnit():
    - Members:



- TransportUnit
  - Fb\_TransportUnit():
    - Change of command triggers execution
    - Execution result is added to state
    - Extern control needs to react to BUSY,
       DONE or ERROR



- TransportUnit
  - GVL\_XTS.XtsTransportCtrl:ST\_TRANSPORT\_UNIT\_CTRL
    - Struct for commanding FB\_TransportUnit
    - eCmd : E\_XTS\_TRANSPORT\_CTRL

```
TYPE ST_XTS_TRANSPORT_CTRL :

TYPE ST_XTS_TRANSPORT_CTRL :

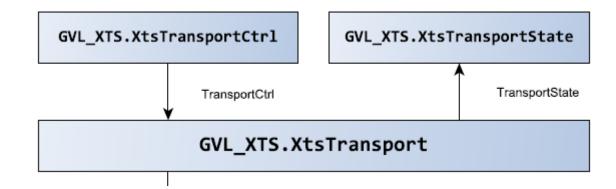
STRUCT

Cmd : E_XTS_TRANSPORT_CTRL;

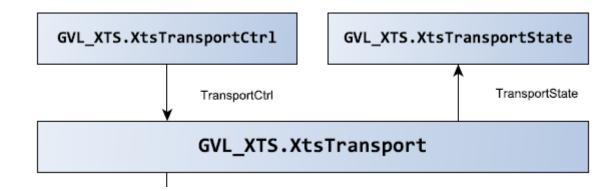
END_STRUCT

END_STRUCT

END_TYPE
```

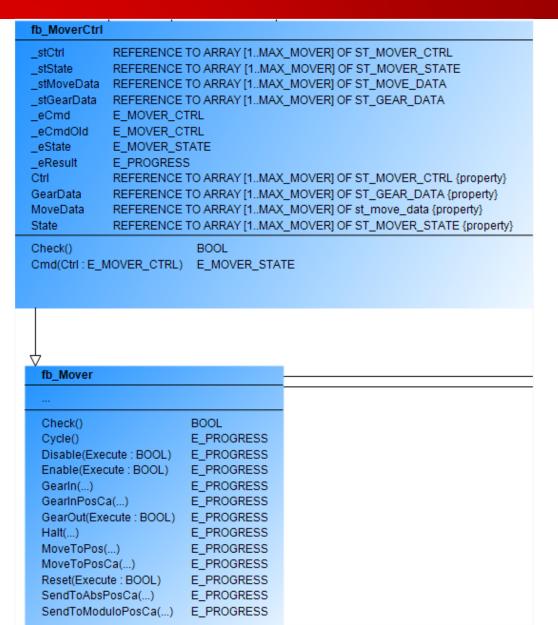


- TransportUnit
  - GVL\_XTS.XtsTransportState:ST\_TRANSPORT\_UNIT\_STATE
  - State: combines active command and result
  - Check: cyclic pointer checks
  - XpuState: state from fb\_Xpu
  - XpuInfo: cyclic plausibility checks to TcCOM Objects
  - GroupInfo: cyclic information from FB\_CaGroup

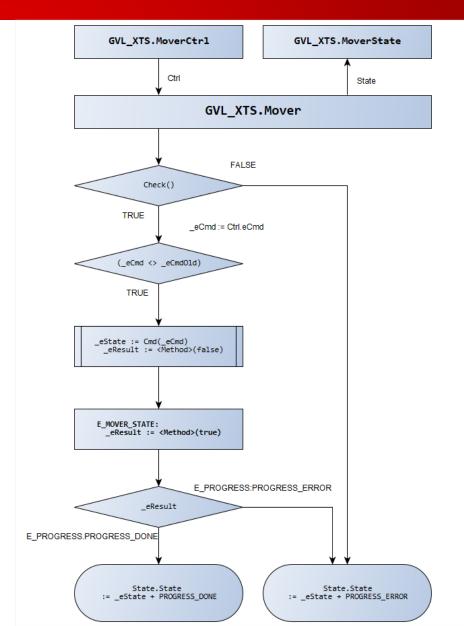


```
ST XTS TRANSPORT STATE + X
        {attribute 'pack mode' := '2'}
        TYPE ST XTS TRANSPORT STATE :
        STRUCT
                         : E XTS TRANSPORT STATE;
          State
                         : E XTS TRANSPORT CHECK;
          Check
          XpuState
                         : ST XPU STATE;
          XpuInfo
                         : ST XPU INFO;
                         : ST_GROUP_INFO;
          GroupInfo
        END STRUCT
        END TYPE
```

- GVL\_XTS.Mover[] (fb\_MoverCtrl)
  - Inherits fb\_Mover
    - Access to MC function blocks in library
    - Implements Interface for use in other classes
  - Contains cyclic interface
    - OnChange check of command
    - Ctrl datafield for setting commands
    - State data field for checking responses
    - Parameter datafields for using motion functions



- fb\_MoverCtrl:
  - Mover index is passed as value from caller
  - Global datafields are passed as references
     (REF=) into fb\_MoverCtrl properties
    - OnChange Ctrl / State: handshakes
      - standard return value for method (E\_PROGRESS)
    - OnExec log LastPosition of CA/MC function
    - OnExec log LastGap on CA function



3. Design BECKHOFF

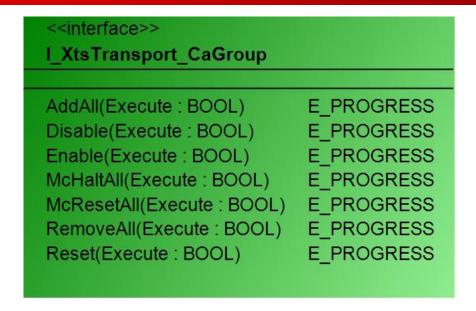
- fb\_CaGroup:
  - Collision Avoidance class wrapper
  - Implements I\_Transport\_CaGroup
  - Cyclic information from AXES\_GROUP\_REF
  - Mover commands via interfaceI\_XtsTransport\_Mover

FB_CaGroup	
GROUP_HALT_JERK	LREAL
GROUP_HALT_DEC	LREAL
_eCheck	E_GROUP_CHECK
_bError	BOOL
_GroupRef	REFERENCE TO Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.AXES_GROUP_REF
_GroupCommon	MCTOPLC_GROUP_COMMON_PART
_AxisRefMover	REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1MAX_MOVER] OF Tc2_MC2.AXIS_REF
_MoverItf	REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1MAX_MOVER] OF I_XtsTransport_Mover
_stMoveData	ST_MOVE_DATA
_fbAddAxisGroup	ARRAY [1MAX_MOVER] OF Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.MC_AddAxisToGroup
_fbRemoveAxisGroup	ARRAY [1MAX_MOVER] OF Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.MC_RemoveAxisFromGroup
_fbGroupDisable	Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.MC_GroupDisable
_fbGroupEnable	Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.MC_GroupEnable
_fbGroupErrorRead	Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.MC_GroupReadError
_fbGroupStatusRead	Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.MC_GroupReadStatus
_fbGroupReset	Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.MC_GroupReset
_stGroupInfo	ST_GROUP_INFO
_rtrigGroupStatusRead	Tc2_Standard.R_TRIG
_rtrigGroupErrorRead	Tc2_Standard.R_TRIG
_stMsg	ST_Message
_eMessageLevel	E_MessageType
AxisRef	REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1MAX_MOVER] OF Tc2_MC2.AXIS_REF {property}
GroupInfo	REFERENCE TO ST_GROUP_INFO {property}
GroupRef	REFERENCE TO Tc3_McCoordinatedMotion.AXES_GROUP_REF {property}
MessageLevel	e_messagetype {property}
MoverItf	REFERENCE TO ARRAY [1MAX_MOVER] OF I_XtsTransport_Mover {property}

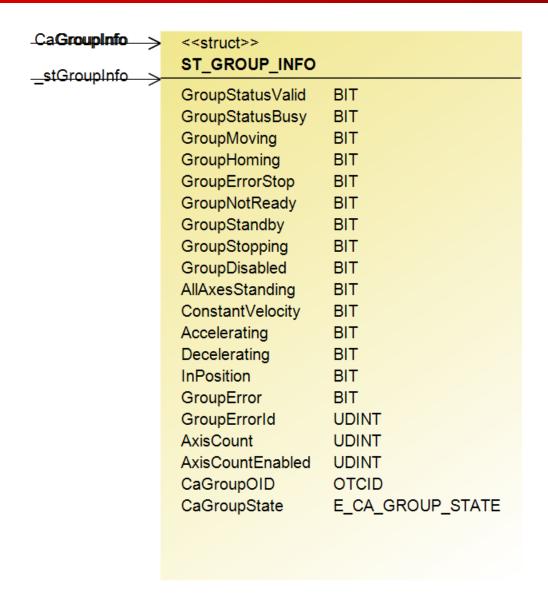
...

3. Design BECKHOFF

- fb\_CaGroup:
  - Implements I\_Transport\_CaGroup
    - Used in fb\_TransportUnit



- fb\_CaGroup:
  - Cyclic information to ST\_GROUP\_INFO

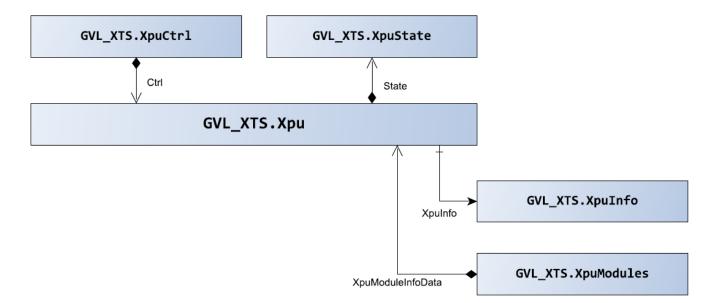


- GVL\_XTS.Xpu (fb\_XpuCtrl)
  - Inherits fb\_Xpu:
    - Class for interacting with XTS ProcessingUnit
    - XpuInit()
      - Connects to OTCIDs of XTS TcCOM Objects
    - Cycle
      - Plausibitlity checks, get module info data
    - ModuleInfoData, used in Cycle

```
fb_XpuCtrl
          REFERENCE TO ST_XPU_CTRL
_Ctrl
State
          REFERENCE TO ST XPU STATE
_eCmd
          E XPU CTRL
          E XPU CTRL
eCmdOld
          E PROGRESS
eResult
          E_XPU_STATE
_eState
Ctrl
          REFERENCE TO ST_XPU_CTRL {property}
State
          REFERENCE TO ST_XPU_STATE {property}
                          BOOL
Check()
Cmd(Ctrl : E_XPU_CTRL)
                          E_XPU_STATE
DetectMoverId(Enable: BOOL) E XPU CHECK
```

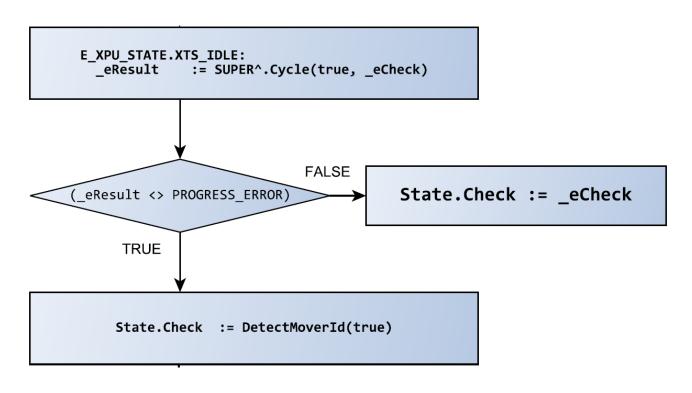
fb_Xpu	
<b></b>	
Cycle()	E_PROGRESS
GetEnvironment()	I_TcloXtsEnvironment
IdDetectionModeToString()	STRING(20)
ModuleInfoData(Enable : BOOL)	E_PROGRESS
MoverPositionAssignementToString()	STRING(20)
OpModeToString()	STRING(20)
Xpulnit()	E_XPU_INIT

- GVL\_XTS.Xpu (fb\_XpuCtrl)
  - Wraps cyclic execution of fb\_Xpu
  - Cyclic check for command change (ST\_XPU\_CTRL.Cmd)

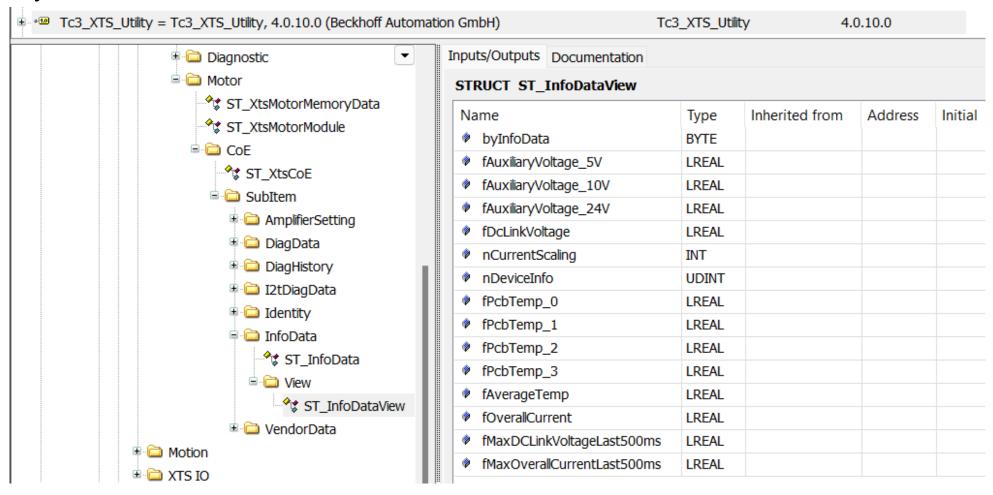


- fb\_XpuCtrl cyclic data:
  - SUPER^.Cycle():
    - Cyclic plausibility checks
    - Cyclic update motor modules data
  - Cyclic data ST\_XPU\_INFO:

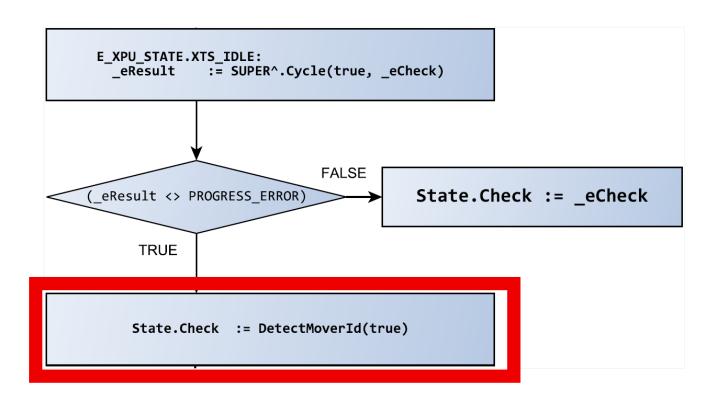
```
ST XPU INFO 😕 🗙
      {attribute 'pack_mode' := '2'}
      TYPE ST XPU INFO :
      STRUCT
        AllPositionsValid
        IdDetectionError
                           : BIT;
        IdDetectionValid
                           : BIT;
        IdDetectionActive : BIT;
        OperationMode
                            : UINT;
        IdDetectionMode
                                  : UINT;
        MoverPositionAssignement : UINT;
        nDetectedAxisCount : UINT;
        nExpectedAxisCount : UINT;
      END_STRUCT
      END_TYPE
```



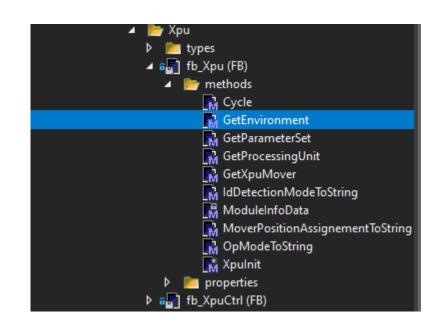
- fb\_XpuCtrl:
  - Cyclic motor module data:



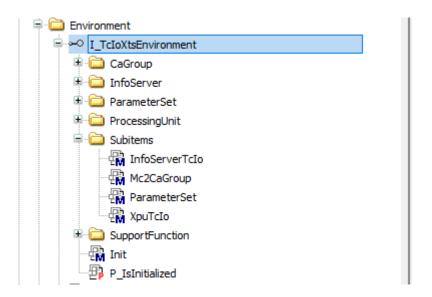
- fb\_XpuCtrl:
  - DetectMoverId:
    - Cyclic checks for valid
       Mover ID Detection
    - Check pdf flowchart in [doc] folder of project



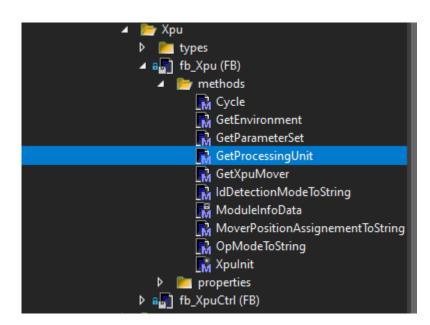
- fb\_Xpu.GetEnvironment():
  - Interface methods to Tc3\_XTS\_Utility.lib:
    - GetEnvironment() : I\_TcloXtsEnvironment
      - Startup initialization of \_fbEnvironment is done by fb\_Xpu.Init()
      - Top level interface
        - See interface structure (Library Manager) in order to reach lower level interfaces



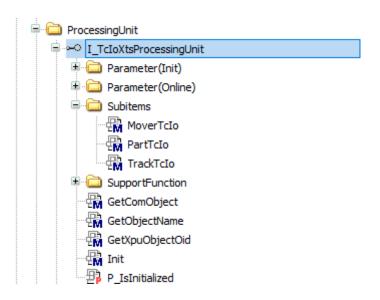
- fb\_Xpu.GetEnvironment():
  - I\_TcloXtsEnvironment:
    - See LibraryManager
    - Provides access to members



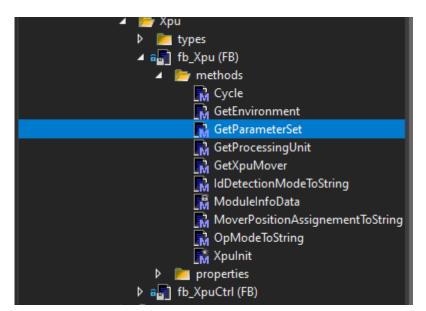
- fb\_Xpu.GetProcessingUnit():
  - Interface methods to Tc3\_XTS\_Utility.lib:
    - GetProcessingUnit : I\_TcloXtsProcessingUnit
      - Startup initialization of \_fbProcessingUnit is done by fb\_Xpu.Init()
      - Interface for Processing Unit
        - See interface structure (Library Manager) in order to reach lower level interfaces



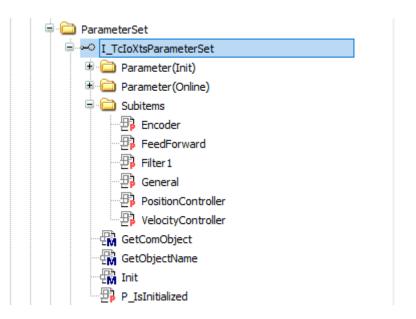
- fb\_Xpu.GetProcessingUnit():
  - I\_TcloXtsProcessingUnit:
    - See LibraryManager
    - Provides access to members



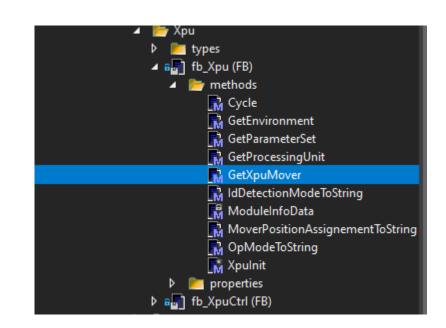
- fb\_Xpu.GetParameterSet(Index):
  - Interface methods to Tc3\_XTS\_Utility.lib:
    - GetParameterSet(Index) : I\_TcloXtsParameterSet
      - Startup initialization of \_fbParameterSet[] is done by fb\_Xpu.Init()
      - Interface for ParameterSets
        - See interface structure (Library Manager) in order to reach lower level interfaces



- fb\_Xpu.GetParameterSet(Index):
  - I\_TcloXtsParameterSet:
    - See LibraryManager
    - Provides access to members



- fb\_Xpu.GetXpuMover(Index):
  - Interface methods to Tc3\_XTS\_Utility.lib:
    - GetXpuMover(Index) : I\_TcloXtsXpuMover
      - Startup initialization of \_fbMoverXpu[] is done by fb\_Xpu.Init()
      - Interface for Mover
        - See interface structure (Library Manager) in order to reach lower level interfaces



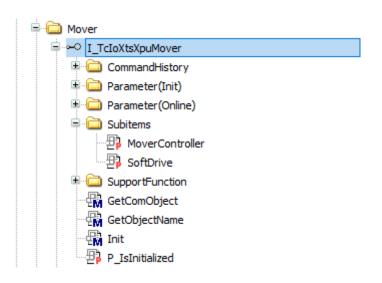
- fb\_Xpu. GetXpuMoverByAxisId(AxisId):
  - Interface methods to Tc3\_XTS\_Utility.lib:
    - GetXpuMoverByAxisId(AxisId): I\_TcloXtsXpuMover
      - Startup initialization of \_fbMoverXpu[] is done by fb\_Xpu.Init()
      - Interface for Mover
        - See interface structure (Library Manager) in order to reach lower level interfaces

```
E Xpu
 📜 types

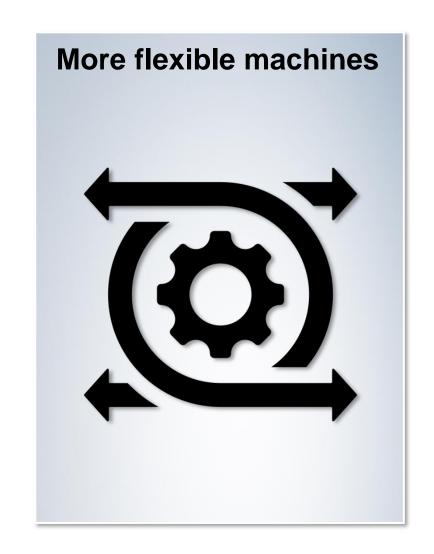
▲ A B fb Xpu (FB)

  methods
      Cycle
     GetEnvironment
      GetNctBaseUnit
     GetNctController
     GetParameterSet
      GetProcessingUnit
      GetXpuMover
      GetXpuMoverByAxisId
      ■ IdDetectionModeToString
      ModuleInfoData
      MoverPositionAssignementT
     OpModeToString
      M XpuInit
 properties
♦ A a fb XpuCtrl (FB)
```

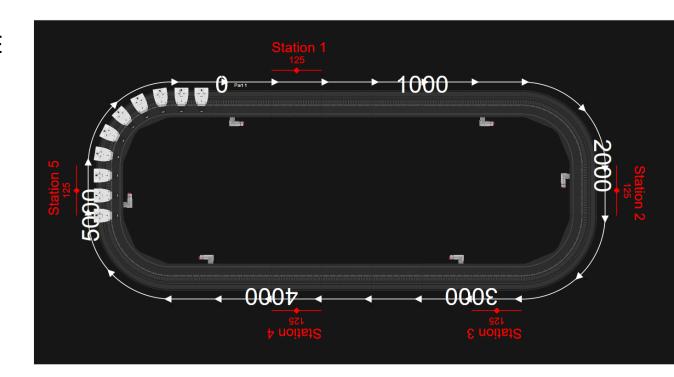
- fb\_Xpu.GetXpuMover(Index):
- fb\_Xpu.GetXpuMoverByAxisId(AxisId):
  - I\_TcloXtsXpuMover:
    - See LibraryManager
    - Provides access to members



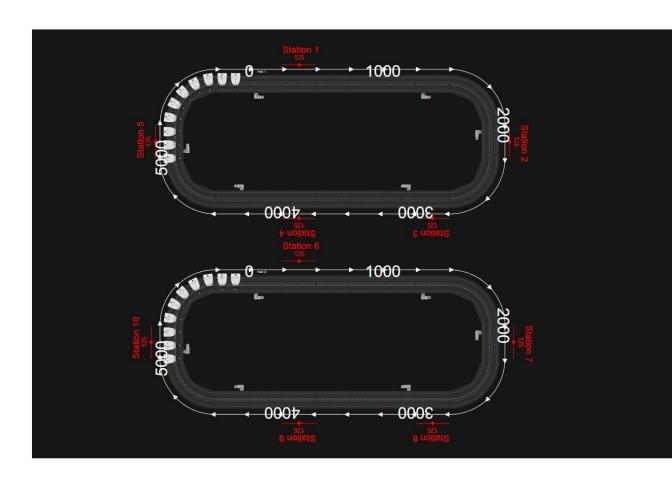
- Transport Logic can be easy or may be complex
  - Examples shall help you to easily build any product transport.
  - All examples consider one specific aspect of the XTS transport system
    - Work as simple IndexTable
    - Work as Index Table where processes may host a number of XtsStations, working in parallel.
    - Complex, lot based decisions in order to achieve maximum production flexibility in one machine
    - Fast and precise for high speed packaging machines
    - Fast, synchronuous and precise for high end sorting and/or assembly machines



- XTS\_DEMO\_11
  - Single Station, Single Nest
    - ST\_STATION\_CTRL/ST\_STATION\_STATE
       is used for mover handshakes
  - Easy example for a XTS transport which requires only stations in which a mover stops once.
  - Easy transport logic; Target[n] := n+1; n+1 > MAX; n+1 := 1

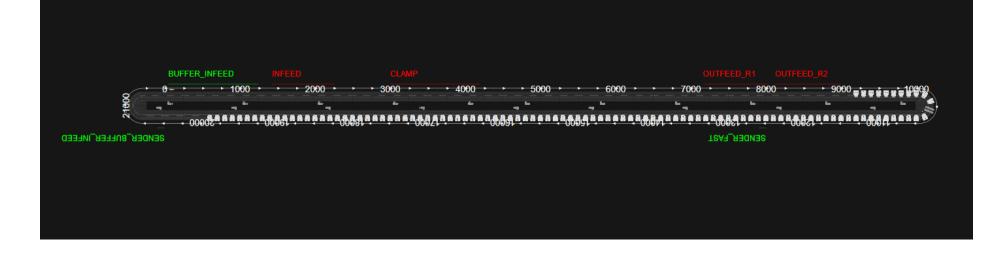


- XTS\_DEMO\_22
  - Multiple XPU
    - 2 ProcessingUnits in one PLC
  - Single Station, Single Nest
    - ST\_STATION\_CTRL/ST\_STATION\_STATE is used for mover handshakes
  - Easy example for an XTS transport requiring only stations in which a mover stops once.
  - Easy transport logic: Target[n] := n+1; n+1 > MAX; n+1 := 1

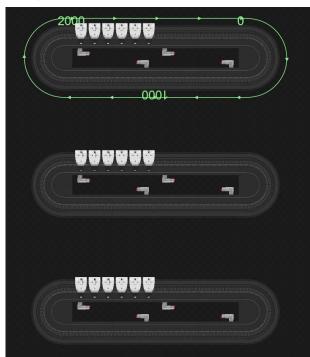


- XTS\_DEMO\_APPLICATION\_108
  - High volume packaging application
  - 450 500 Mover/Minute
  - INFEED with gaps [1..12] possible
  - Any OUTFEED without gaps
    - 12 Movers per outfeed
  - 4 OUTFEED scenarios
    - software switch (PLC)
    - R1 or R2
    - R1 and R2
    - R1 xor R2
    - CLAMP

- Complex transport logic:
  - fb\_ProcessCollector: grouping of XtsStations
  - fb\_Instance: base class for logic implementation
  - Process\_Instances: extending fb\_Instance with transport details



- XTS\_DEMO\_LASER\_CUT
  - Flying Saw application with 3 XPU
  - ConveyerBelt MasterAxis
  - CutMark detection (simulated in example)
  - GearInPosCA for 3 XPU with 6
    - Movers each
  - Use of multiple PLC
    - XtsTransport
    - ExternControl



- Complex transport logic:
  - fb\_ProcessCollector: grouping of XtsStations
  - fb\_Instance: base class for logic implementation
  - Process\_Instances: extending fb\_Instance with transport details
  - fb\_GearInPos extendsfb\_StationBase
  - Control and Feedback datafields for ADS or fieldbus access

- XTS\_DEMO\_DISPENSING\_MOVER
  - Station based example
  - Dispensing Station
    - Gearln of Mover in Station (standstill)
    - Select \*.nc file
    - Build NCI Config
    - Activate NCI config
    - Start \*.nc program
    - Use of Mfunc to start dispenser axis
  - Use of PLC\_MOTION\_LAYER
    - https://github.com/haud-ba/PLC\_MOTION\_LAYER

- Complex transport logic:
  - fb\_ProcessCollector: grouping of XtsStations
  - fb\_Instance: base class for logic implementation
  - Process\_Instances: extending fb\_Instance with transport details

#### XTS\_TRANSPORT\_LAYER project

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