MA0301

ELEMENTARY DISCRETE MATHEMATICS NTNU, SPRING 2022

Set 1

Deadline: Monday 24.01.2022, 11:59 pm

Exercise 1. Write out the truth table for the following compound statements:

$$a)p \Rightarrow (q \lor r) \quad b)r \Rightarrow (p \Rightarrow q) \quad c)p \Rightarrow (q \Rightarrow \neg r) \lor (p \oplus r)$$

Can you make the statements in a) and b) logically equivalent by just adding one single negation?

Exercise 2. Let p, q and r be propositional variables. Verify whether the following compound statements are satisfiable, tautologies or unsatisfiable. Hint: You may use truth tables but it is also possible to use shorter arguments in sentences.

$$a)(p \lor q) \lor (p \Rightarrow q) \quad b)[p \Rightarrow (q \land \neg q)] \land p \quad c)[p \Rightarrow (q \land \neg q)] \land p \Rightarrow r$$

Exercise 3. Let $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$ denote real numbers and consider the following statements about them

(1) p: a is smaller than b.

(4) s: a is equal to b.

(2) q: b is smaller than c.

(5) t: b is equal to c.

(3) r: a is smaller than c.

(6) u: a is equal to c.

Translate the following into an English sentence and comment on whether they should be reasonable statements about real numbers.

$$a)p \wedge q \Rightarrow r \quad b)p \wedge q \Rightarrow u \quad c)(p \vee s) \wedge (q \vee t) \wedge u \Rightarrow s$$

Exercise 4. If the statement q has the truth value T, determine all truth value assignments for the propositional variables p, r and s for which the truth value of the statement

$$(q \Rightarrow [(p \vee \neg r) \wedge s]) \wedge [s \Rightarrow (r \wedge q)]$$

is T.

Exercise 5. Negate each of the following and simplify the resulting statement

$$a)(p \land q) \Rightarrow (\neg r \lor \neg s) \quad b)p \Rightarrow (r \oplus s)$$

Exercise 6. Lewis, Zax: Exercise 9.3

Exercise 7. Lewis, Zax: Exercise 9.5

Exercise 8. Lewis, Zax: Exercise 9.6 a.

Date: January 14, 2022.