

Cairo University - Faculty of Engineering  
Computer Engineering Department  
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# **Languages & Compilers Project Report**

## **Team #12**

Team members:

Name	Section	BN
Donia Gameel	1	24
Shaza Mohammed	1	32
Heba Ashraf Raslan	2	32

## Project Overview

The project aims to develop a simple programming language compiler using Lex and Yacc. The compiler is designed to support basic programming constructs such as variable declarations, assignments, conditional statements, loops, and print statements. It also includes support for constants and basic arithmetic operations.

## Tools and Technologies Used

- Lex: For lexical analysis.
- Yacc: For syntax analysis and parser generation.
- C Programming Language: For implementing the compiler.

## Tokens:

Token	Description	Example	Regex
<b>IF</b>	Keyword for if statement	if (condition) { ... }	if
<b>ELSE</b>	Keyword for else statement	if (condition) { ... } else { ... }	else
<b>WHILE</b>	Keyword for while loop	while (condition) { ... }	while
<b>DO</b>	Keyword for do-while loop	do { ... } while (condition);	do
<b>REPEAT</b>	Keyword for repeat-until loop	repeat { ... } until (condition);	repeat
<b>UNTIL</b>	Keyword for repeat-until loop	repeat { ... } until (condition);	until
<b>FOR</b>	Keyword for for loop	for (initialization; condition; update) { ... }	for

<b>SWITCH</b>	Keyword for switch statement	switch (expression) { ... }	switch
<b>CASE</b>	Keyword for case statement	case value: ...	case
<b>DEFAULT</b>	Keyword for default case in switch	default: ...	default
<b>INTEGER</b>	Keyword for integer data type	int variable;	int
<b>FLOAT</b>	Keyword for float data type	float variable;	float
<b>CHAR</b>	Keyword for char data type	char variable;	char
<b>STRING</b>	Keyword for string data type	string variable;	string
<b>BOOL</b>	Keyword for boolean data type	bool variable;	bool
<b>VOID</b>	Keyword for void data type	void function();	void
<b>CONTINUE</b>	Keyword for continue statement	continue;	continue
<b>BREAK</b>	Keyword for break statement	break;	break
<b>CONST</b>	Keyword for const keyword	const int MAX_SIZE = 10;	const
<b>PRINT</b>	Keyword for print statement	print("Hello, world!");	print
<b>ENUM</b>	Keyword for enum declaration	enum Days { MON, TUE, WED };	enum
<b>EQUALS</b>	Operator for equality comparison	if (x == y) { ... }	==
<b>NOT_EQUALS</b>	Operator for inequality comparison	if (x != y) { ... }	!=

<b>LESS_THAN</b>	Operator for less than comparison	if (x < y) { ... }	<
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<b>LESS_THAN_OR_EQUALS</b>	Operator for less than or equal comparison	if (x <= y) { ... }	<=
<b>GREATER_THAN</b>	Operator for greater than comparison	if (x > y) { ... }	>
<b>GREATER_THAN_OR_EQUALS</b>	Operator for greater than or equal comparison	if (x >= y) { ... }	>=
<b>LOGICAL_AND</b>	Operator for logical AND	if (x && y) { ... }	&&
<b>LOGICAL_OR</b>	Operator for logical OR	` if (x	
<b>LOGICAL_NOT</b>	Operator for logical NOT	if (!x) { ... }	!
<b>INCR</b>	Operator for increment	x++;	++
<b>DECR</b>	Operator for decrement	x--;	--
<b>;</b>	Semicolon token	statement;	;
<b>,</b>	Comma token	func(arg1, arg2);	,
<b>?</b>	Question mark token	condition ? true : false;	?
<b>:</b>	Colon token	case value: ...	:
<b>=</b>	Assignment operator token	variable = value;	=
<b>(</b>	Left parenthesis token	( ... )	(
<b>)</b>	Right parenthesis token	( ... )	)
<b>{</b>	Left brace token	{ ... }	{
<b>}</b>	Right brace token	{ ... }	}
<b>[</b>	Left bracket token	[ ... ]	[
<b>]</b>	Right bracket token	[ ... ]	]
<b>+</b>	Addition operator token	x + y;	+
<b>-</b>	Subtraction operator token	x - y;	-
<b>UMINUS</b>	Unary minus operator	-x	handed in parser
<b>*</b>	Multiplication operator token	x * y;	*
<b>/</b>	Division operator token	x / y;	/

<b>^</b>	Exponentiation operator token	$x \wedge y$ ;	<b>^</b>
<b>%</b>	Modulo operator token	$x \% y$ ;	<b>%</b>
<b>FLOAT_VAL</b>	Float literal token	3.14	$[0-9]^*\.[0-9]^+$
<b>INTEGER_VAL</b>	Integer literal token	42	$[1-9][0-9]^*$
<b>CHAR_VAL</b>	Char literal token	'a'	$['^\\']$
<b>STRING_VAL</b>	String literal token	"Hello, world!"	$`"([^\\";])$
<b>TRUE_VAL</b>	Boolean true literal token	true	true
<b>FALSE_VAL</b>	Boolean false literal token	false	false
<b>IDENTIFIER</b>	Identifier token	variableName	$[a-zA-Z\_][a-zA-Z0-9\_]^*$

### Quadruples:

Quadruple	Description
<b>ADD</b>	Adds two operands and stores the result in a temporary variable.
<b>SUB</b>	Subtracts the second operand from the first operand and stores the result.
<b>MUL</b>	Multiplies two operands and stores the result.
<b>DIV</b>	Divides the first operand by the second operand and stores the result.
<b>POW</b>	Raises the first operand to the power of the second operand and stores the result.
<b>MOD</b>	Computes the remainder of the division of the first operand by the second operand.
<b>LOGICAL_AND</b>	Performs logical AND operation between two operands and stores the result.
<b>LOGICAL_OR</b>	Performs logical OR operation between two operands and stores the result.
<b>EQ</b>	Checks if two operands are equal and stores the result as a boolean value.

<b>NEQ</b>	Checks if two operands are not equal and stores the result as a boolean value.
<b>LT</b>	Checks if the first operand is less than the second operand and stores the result.
<b>LTQ</b>	Checks if the first operand is less than or equal to the second operand.
<b>GT</b>	Checks if the first operand is greater than the second operand and stores the result.
<b>GTE</b>	Checks if the first operand is greater than or equal to the second operand.
<b>NEG</b>	Negates the operand (unary minus operation).
<b>PRE_INCR</b>	Increments the operand before using its value.
<b>POST_INCR</b>	Increments the operand after using its value.
<b>PRE_DEC</b>	Decrements the operand before using its value.
<b>POST_DECR</b>	Decrements the operand after using its value.
<b>PUSH</b>	Pushes a value onto the stack.
<b>POP</b>	Pops a value from the stack into a specified variable.
<b>LABEL:</b>	Marks a position in the code with a label for jumps and calls.
<b>END LABEL</b>	Marks the end of a labeled block or function.
<b>CALL LABEL</b>	Calls a labeled block or function.
<b>JMP LABEL</b>	Unconditionally jumps to the specified label.
<b>JZ LABEL</b>	Jumps to the specified label if the top of the stack is zero (false).

# GUI

