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MODULE OT -
    Specification of OT (Operational Transformation) functions. It consists of the basic OT functions
    for two operations and more general ones involving operation sequences.
7 EXTENDS Op Operators, Additional Set Operators
   Nop \stackrel{\Delta}{=} PickNone(Nat)
10 ⊦
    OT (Operational Transformation) functions.
    Naming convention: I for "Ins" and D for "Del"
    The left "Ins" lins transformed against the right "Ins" rins.
    X form II(lins, rins) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
20
        If lins.pos < rins.pos
21
         THEN lins
22
         ELSE IF lins.pos > rins.pos
23
                 THEN [lins EXCEPT !.pos = @ + 1]
24
                 ELSE IF lins.ch = rins.ch
25
                         THEN Nop
26
                         ELSE IF lins.pr > rins.pr
27
28
                                  THEN [lins EXCEPT !.pos = @+1]
                                  ELSE lins
29
    The left "Ins" ins transformed against the right "Del" del.
    X form ID(ins, del) \triangleq
34
        If ins.pos \leq del.pos
35
         THEN ins
36
         ELSE [ins \ EXCEPT \ !.pos = @-1]
37
    The left "Del" del transformed against the right "Ins" ins.
    X form DI(del, ins) \triangleq
42
        If del.pos < ins.pos
43
         THEN del
44
         ELSE [del \ EXCEPT \ !.pos = @ + 1]
45
    The left "Del" ldel transformed against the right "Del" rdel.
    XformDD(ldel, rdel) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
50
        IF ldel.pos < rdel.pos
51
         THEN ldel
52
         ELSE IF ldel.pos > rdel.pos
53
                 THEN [ldel EXCEPT !.pos = @ -1]
54
                 ELSE Nop
55
56
    Transform the left operation lop against the right operation rop with appropriate OT function.
   Xform(lop, rop) \triangleq
61
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CASE $lop = Nop \lor rop = Nop \to lop$

62

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\square lop.type = "Ins" \land rop.type = "Ins" \rightarrow XformII(lop, rop)
 63
             \square lop.type = "Ins" \land rop.type = "Del" \rightarrow XformID(lop, rop)
 64
             \square lop.type = "Del" \land rop.type = "Ins" \rightarrow XformDI(lop, rop)
 65
             \square lop.type = "Del" \land rop.type = "Del" \rightarrow XformDD(lop, rop)
 66
 67
     Generalized OT functions on operation sequences.
     Iteratively/recursively transforms the operation op against an operation sequence ops.
     RECURSIVE XformOpOps(\_, \_)
     X form Op Ops(op, ops) \triangleq
         If ops = \langle \rangle
 78
               THEN op
 79
               ELSE X form Op Ops(X form(op, Head(ops)), Tail(ops))
 80
     Iteratively/recursively transforms the operation op against an operation sequence ops. Being
     different from XformOpOps, XformOpOpSX maintains the intermediate transformed operation
     RECURSIVE XformOpOpsX(\_, \_)
     X form Op Ops X(op, ops) \triangleq
 89
          IF ops = \langle \rangle
 90
               THEN \langle op \rangle
 91
               ELSE \langle op \rangle \circ XformOpOpsX(Xform(op, Head(ops)), Tail(ops))
 92
     Iteratively/recursively transforms the operation sequence ops against an operation op.
     XformOpsOp(ops, op) \triangleq
          LET opX \stackrel{\triangle}{=} XformOpOpsX(op, ops)
 99
              [i \in 1 .. Len(ops) \mapsto Xform(ops[i], opX[i])]
100
     Iteratively/recursively transforms an operation sequence ops1 against another operation sequence
     See also Definition 2.13 of the paper "Imine @ TCS06".
    RECURSIVE X form Ops Ops(\_,\_)
X form Ops Ops(ops1, ops2) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
109
         IF ops2 = \langle \rangle
110
          THEN ops1
111
           ELSE X form Ops Ops(X form Ops Op(ops1, Head(ops2)), Tail(ops2))
112
113
     \* Modification History
     \* Last modified Tue Aug 28 15:21:56 CST 2018 by hengxin
     \* Created Sun Jun 24 15:57:48 CST 2018 by hengxin
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