

Embedding Representation for Categorized Knowledge Graphs: The Effectiveness of Hyperparameters and Constraints

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Abstract. Learning knowledge representation is an increasingly important technology that supports a variety of machine learning related applications. However, the choice of hyperparameters is seldom justified and relies on exhaustive search. Understanding the effect of hyperparameter combinations on embedding quality is crucial to avoid the inefficient process and enhance practicality of vector representation methods. In this study, we evaluate the effects of distinct hyperparameters and learning constraints focused on translational embedding representation models for multi-relational categorized knowledge graphs. We assess the influence of multiple hyperparameters and constraints regarding the quality of embedding models by contrasting traditional link prediction task accuracy against a classification task. **HT: needs review here to generalize hyperparameters** The findings provide evidence that lower values of margin are not rigorous enough to help with the learning process, whereas larger values produce much noise pushing the entities beyond to the surface of the hyperspace, thus requiring constant regularization. Finally, the correlation between link prediction and classification accuracy shows traditional validation protocol for embedding models is a weak metric to represent the quality of embedding representation.

Supplementary Material

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Table 1: Examples of embedding scoring functions and their specific definitions.

Method	Scoring function $f_r(h, t)$	Specific definitions
TransE [2]	$\ \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}\ _{l_{1/2}}$	–
HEXTRATO [13]	$\ \mathbf{h}_{c_h} + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}_{c_t}\ _2$	–
UM [1]	$\ \mathbf{h} - \mathbf{t}\ _{l_{1/2}}$	–
TransH [14]	$\ \mathbf{h}_\perp + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}_\perp\ _2^2$	$\mathbf{h}_\perp = \mathbf{h} - \mathbf{w}_r^\top \mathbf{h} \mathbf{w}_r, \quad \mathbf{t}_\perp = \mathbf{t} - \mathbf{w}_r^\top \mathbf{t} \mathbf{w}_r$
TransR [10]	$\ \mathbf{h}_\perp + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}_\perp\ _2^2$	$\mathbf{h}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_r \mathbf{h}, \quad \mathbf{t}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_r \mathbf{t}$
TransD [8]	$\ \mathbf{h}_\perp + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}_\perp\ _2^2$	$\mathbf{h}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,h} \mathbf{h}, \quad \mathbf{t}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,t} \mathbf{t}$ $\mathbf{M}_{r,h} = \mathbf{w}_r \mathbf{w}_h^\top + \mathbf{I}$ $\mathbf{M}_{r,t} = \mathbf{w}_r \mathbf{w}_t^\top + \mathbf{I}$
SE [3]	$\ \mathbf{h}_\perp - \mathbf{t}_\perp\ _1$	$\mathbf{h}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,h} \mathbf{h}, \quad \mathbf{t}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,t} \mathbf{t}$
STransE [12]	$\ \mathbf{h}_\perp + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}_\perp\ _{l_{1/2}}$	$\mathbf{h}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,h} \mathbf{h}, \quad \mathbf{t}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,t} \mathbf{t}$
TransF [4]	$\ \mathbf{h}_\perp + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}_\perp\ _2^2$	$\mathbf{h}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,h} \mathbf{h}, \quad \mathbf{t}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,t} \mathbf{t}$ $\mathbf{M}_{r,h} = \sum_{i=1}^s \alpha_r^{(i)} \mathbf{U}^{(i)} + \mathbf{I}$ $\mathbf{M}_{r,t} = \sum_{i=1}^s \beta_r^{(i)} \mathbf{V}^{(i)} + \mathbf{I}$
TransM [5]	$\theta_r \ \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}\ _{l_{1/2}}$	–
ManifoldE [16]	$\ \mathcal{M}(h, r, t) - D_r^2\ ^2$	linear kernel hyper-spheres: $\mathcal{M}(h, r, t) = \ \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}\ _2^2$ hyperplanes: $\mathcal{M}(h, r, t) = (\mathbf{h} + \mathbf{r}_h)^\top (\mathbf{t} + \mathbf{r}_t)$
TransE-FT [6]	$(\mathbf{h} + \mathbf{r})^\top \mathbf{t} + (\mathbf{t} - \mathbf{r})^\top \mathbf{h}$	–
TransA (Xiao) [15]	$(\mathbf{h} + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t})^\top \mathbf{M}_r (\mathbf{h} + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t})$	–
KG2E [7]	symmetric: $\frac{1}{2} \{ \mu^\top \Sigma_r^{-1} \mu + \ln(\det(\Sigma)) \}$ asymmetric: $\frac{1}{2} \{ \text{tr}(\Sigma_r^{-1} (\Sigma_h + \Sigma_t)) + \mu^\top \Sigma_r^{-1} \mu - \ln \frac{\det(\Sigma_h + \Sigma_t)}{\det(\Sigma_r)} \}$	$\mathbf{h} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_h, \Sigma_h), \quad \mathbf{t} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_t, \Sigma_t),$ $\mathbf{r} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_r, \Sigma_r)$ $\mathbf{h} - \mathbf{t} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_h - \mu_t, \Sigma_t + \Sigma_h)$ $\mu = \mu_h - \mu_r - \mu_t$ $\Sigma = \Sigma_h + \Sigma_r + \Sigma_t$
TKRL [18]	$\ \mathbf{h}_\perp + \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{t}_\perp\ $	$\mathbf{h}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,h} \mathbf{h}, \quad \mathbf{t}_\perp = \mathbf{M}_{r,t} \mathbf{t}$ $\mathbf{M}_{r,h} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i \mathbf{M}_{c_i}}{\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i}, \quad \alpha_i = \begin{cases} 1, & c_i \in C_{r_h} \\ 0, & c_i \notin C_{r_h} \end{cases}$ $\mathbf{M}_{r,t} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i \mathbf{M}_{c_i}}{\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i}, \quad \alpha_i = \begin{cases} 1, & c_i \in C_{r_t} \\ 0, & c_i \notin C_{r_t} \end{cases}$ recursive: $\mathbf{M}_c = \prod_{i=1}^m \mathbf{M}_{c(i)}$ weighted: $\mathbf{M}_c = \sum_{i=1}^m \beta_i \mathbf{M}_{c(i)}, \quad \beta_i : \beta_{i+1} = (1 - \eta) : \eta, \quad \sum_{i=1}^m \beta_i = 1$
TransT [11]	$\begin{cases} -\ln p(h r, t, true) + \ln p(h' r, t, true), & h' \neq h \\ -\ln p(t h, r, true) + \ln p(t' h, r, true), & t' \neq t \\ -\ln p(r h, t, true) + \ln p(r' h, t, true), & r' \neq r \end{cases}$	$p(t h, r, true) = \begin{cases} \frac{p(true h, r, t)p(t h, r)}{p(true h, r)}, & p(t h, r) \neq 0 \\ 0, & p(t h, r) = 0 \end{cases}$

Table 2: Link prediction scores for WN18 and FB15k reported in multiple translational models.

Embedding Method	WN18						FB15K					
	MR		MRR		Hits@10		MR		MRR		Hits@10	
	Raw	Filter	Raw	Filter	Raw	Filter	Raw	Filter	Raw	Filter	Raw	Filter
TransE [2]	263	251	–	–	75.4	89.2	243	125	–	–	34.9	47.1
HEXTRATO [13]	–	–	–	–	–	–	116	–	–	–	53.5	–
TransH [14]	401	388	–	–	73.0	82.3	212	87	–	–	45.7	64.4
TransR [10]	238	225	–	–	79.8	79.4	198	77	–	–	48.2	68.7
CTransR [10]	231	218	–	–	79.4	92.3	199	75	–	–	48.4	70.2
TransD [8]	224	212	–	–	79.6	92.2	194	91	–	–	53.4	77.3
TranSparse [9] (shr, S)	237	224	–	–	80.4	93.6	194	88	–	–	53.4	77.7
TranSparse [9] (shr, US)	233	221	–	–	80.5	93.9	191	86	–	–	53.5	78.3
TranSparse [9] (sep, S)	224	221	–	–	79.8	92.8	187	82	–	–	53.3	79.5
TranSparse [9] (sep, US)	223	211	–	–	80.1	93.2	190	82	–	–	53.7	79.9
STransE [12]	217	206	0.469	0.657	80.9	93.4	219	69	0.252	0.543	51.6	79.7
TransF [4]	–	198	–	0.856	–	95.3	–	62	–	0.564	–	82.3
TransM [5]	293	281	–	–	75.7	85.4	197	94	–	–	44.6	55.2
ManifoldE [16] (sphere)	–	–	–	–	80.7	92.8	–	–	–	–	55.7	86.2
ManifoldE [16] (hyperplane)	–	–	–	–	84.2	94.9	–	–	–	–	55.2	88.1
TransA(Xiao) [15]	405	392	–	–	82.3	94.3	155	74	–	–	56.1	80.4
TransA(Jia) [19]	165	153	–	–	–	–	164	58	–	–	–	–
KG2E [7]	342	331	–	–	80.2	92.8	174	59	–	–	48.9	74.0
TransG [17]	357	345	–	–	84.5	94.9	152	50	–	–	55.9	88.2
UM [1]	315	304	–	–	35.3	38.2	1074	979	–	–	4.5	6.3
SE [3]	1011	985	–	–	68.5	80.5	273	162	–	–	28.8	39.8
TKRL [18]	–	–	–	–	–	–	184	68	–	–	49.2	69.4
TransT [11]	137	130	–	–	92.7	97.4	199	46	–	–	53.3	85.4

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