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#### Course Outline for KIN AQJD

#### **AQUA JOGGING - DEEP WATER**

Effective: Spring 2009

### I. CATALOG DESCRIPTION:

KIN AQJD — AQUA JOGGING - DEEP WATER — 0.50 - 2.00 units

Students will participate in a conditioning program in the deep water of a pool. A variety of low impact movements, centered on jogging, will be performed while utilizing an Aqua Jogger buoyancy belt. Students will improve cardiorespiratory endurance, muscle endurance/strength and flexibility. Students must feel comfortable in the water.

0.50 - 2.00 Units Lab

#### **Grading Methods:**

### **Discipline:**

MIN **MAX** Lab Hours: 27.00 108.00 **Total Hours:** 27.00 108.00

- II. NUMBER OF TIMES COURSE MAY BE TAKEN FOR CREDIT: 4
- III. PREREQUISITE AND/OR ADVISORY SKILLS:
- IV. MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES:

### Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:

- A. Participate in the activities of this fitness class;
- B. Describe the unique characteristics of water including buoyancy, inertia, action/reaction, and drag;
- Identify deep water depth;
- Adjust and yield to buoyancy equipment;
- Perform fundamental skills including sculling and good body position;
- Practice basic movements in deep water including jogging, kicking, and scissors; Vary their surface area, speed, and size of movement to take advantage of the characteristics of water; Utilize aquatic equipment including buoyancy belts, aqua gloves, and water noodles appropriately;

- Modify his/her exercise intensity as appropriate;
   Complete all assignments in a professional and timely manner;
   K. Improve his/her fitness level;
- L. Describe the benefits of exercise and its importance to a healthy lifestyle.

# V. CONTENT:

- A. Characteristics of water and the technical differences between land and water
  - 1. Resistance

  - Dalatice
    Inertia, Surface Area and Drag
    Gravity and Buoyancy
    Speed, Action/Reaction
    Force 3.
- 7. Leverage, Surface Area

  B. Physiological Differences between exercising on land and in water

  1. hydrostatic pressure on body

  2. buoyancy reduces impact

  3. modifying exercising intensity

  - 4. thermoregulation5. monitoring exercise intensity and heart rate
- C. Components of an aquatic workout
  - 1. buoyancy warm-up
  - 2. cardio warm-up
  - 3. aerobic segment
  - 4. aerobic cool down
  - 5. muscular conditioning 6. stretching / warm-down
- D. Safety skills
  - 1. recovery to vertical/upright
  - 2. travel to side of pool
- 3. awareness of surroundings

- E. Basic lower body movements
  - extension and downward movements
  - jogging
  - kičking
  - 4. scissors
- F. Basic upper body movements
  - 1. balance and sculling
  - 2. traveling
  - 3. push and pull
  - 4. resistance
  - 5. lever length
- G. Synergize and balance movements
  - 1. work same arm/leg.
  - 2. work opposite arm/leg
  - 3. correction of movements to support synergy and balance
- H. Working positions
  - 1. suspended (buoyant)
- I. Workout types
  - 1 basic
  - deep water jogging
     interval training
- J. Aquatic equipment
  - 1 buoyancy belts
  - 2. webbed gloves
  - 3. noodles
  - 4. kickboards
  - 5. fit and adjustments
  - 6. goals
- K. Techniques to assess exercise intensity
  - 1. Ratings of Perceived Exertion (RPE)
- L. "Talk Test"
- M. How to modify exercise intensity
  - 1. Importance of working at one's own pace
- N. Benefits of Exercise and its importance to a healthy lifestyle
- Benefits of cardiovascular endurance Benefits of muscular strength and endurance
- Benefits of flexibility
- Q. Benefits of a healthy body composition

### VI. METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:

- A. Verbal explanation of jogging technique
- B. Visual and physical demonstration
- Verbal and visual cueing
- D. Handouts
- E. Individual, small group and entire class drills and activities
- Class discussions
- G. Practice of technique with student participation

### VII. TYPICAL ASSIGNMENTS:

A. Read hand-out on exercise intensity and Ratings of Perceived Exertion (RPE) 1. Student identifies his/her appropriate RPE B. Students perform a progression of movements while suspended with a buoyancy belt in the deep water: 1. jogging 2. bicycling 3. bicycling with travel 4. bicycling with travel against current

# VIII. EVALUATION:

#### A. Methods

- 1. Exams/Tests
- Class Participation
   Class Performance
- 4. Other:
  - a. Methods
    - Daily evaluation of student's progress/participation level by instructor
       Student participation
    - - a. Effort demonstrated
      - b. Participation is evaluated daily
    - 3. Performance of proper technique
      - a. proper posture
      - b. proper working position and body movement
    - 4. Completion of assignments/handouts in a timely manner
      - a. For Example: Rating of Perceived Exertion calculation

# **B. Frequency**

- 1. Frequency
  - a. Dáily evaluation of student's progress/participation level by instructor
  - b. Midterm and Final examination

## IX. TYPICAL TEXTS:

# X. OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED OF STUDENTS:

A. Students will provide their own bathing suit, towel and water bottle for class participation.