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Course Outline for EMS 91

EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN - REFRESHER

Effective: Fall 2010

I. CATALOG DESCRIPTION:

EMS 91 — EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN - REFRESHER — 1.50 units

Provides a refresher in the foundation and knowledge required of the EMT – 1 scope of practice. The EMT – 1 certification is the minimum requirement for ambulance attendants and most entry-level firefighter positions. EMT-1 certification is also required for entry into paramedic training. This refresher program is accredited by the Alameda County Emergency Medical Services Agency. The course provides 24 hours of continuing education units and skills verification testing that EMT's must complete every two years. Prerequisite: Emergency Medical Services 81 (completed with a grade "B" or higher). 1.5 hours lecture.

1.50 Units Lecture

Grading Methods:

Pass/No Pass

Discipline:

MIN **Lecture Hours:** 27.00 **Total Hours:** 27.00

- II. NUMBER OF TIMES COURSE MAY BE TAKEN FOR CREDIT: 4
- III. PREREQUISITE AND/OR ADVISORY SKILLS:
- IV. MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES:

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. explain how the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) system works and how the first responder's role in the EMS system differs from citizen responder's role
- identify guidelines to follow to ensure personal safety and the safety of others at an emergency scene
 explain what happens in the body if one or more body systems fail to function
- identify ways in which diseases are transmitted and describe the universal safety precautions to prevent transmission
- 5. explain the four emergency action principles
- recognize breathing emergencies, such as choking, and provide proper care for them recognize life-threatening bleeding and demonstrate how to control it

- 8. identify the major risk factors for cardiovascular disease and injury, and describe how to control them
 9. recognize the signs and symptoms of a possible heart attack, and describe how to care for someone who is experiencing a persistent chest pain and/or other signs and symptoms of heart attack
- 10. recognize the signs and symptoms of cardiac arrest, and demonstrate how to provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) for the infant, child and adult
- 11. identify breathing devices and demonstrate how to use them
- 12. recognize the signs and symptoms of shock, and describe how to minimize the effects of shock
- 13. recognize the signs and symptoms of medical emergencies, including poisoning, heat and cold emergencies, and stroke, and describe both general and specific care for medical emergencies
- 14. recognize the signs and symptoms of medical emergencies, including poisoning, heat and cold emergencies, and stroke, and describe both general and specific care for medical emergencies
 15. recognize emergency care needs of special populations
- 15. recognize emergency care needs or special populations
 16. describe the care of the pregnant woman to include child birth and care of the newborn
 17. identify situations that require crisis intervention
 18. identify the correct process for gaining access and moving patients
 19. describe the process for managing multiple casualty incidents
 20. recognize situations that require automated external defibrillation
 21. recognize the importance of healthy life styles, to include illness and injury prevention

V. CONTENT:

- A. Review of preparatory information, including:

 1. Roles and responsibilities of the EMT-1, medical direction, quality improvement, and continuing education

 2. Well-being of the EMT-1, body substance isolation, protective equipment, and scene safety

 3. Medical, legal, and ethical issues; reviews of Federal, State, and Local laws pertinent to EMT-1 scope of practice, including confidentiality, advance directives, and ethical/moral issues

 4. Basic anatomy, physiology, and medical terminology

 5. Vital signs and patient history, review and development of skills learned in prerequisite coursework

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- 6. Techniques for lifting and moving patients with a focus on body mechanics and injury prevention
- B. Review of airway management including
 - 1. Ventilation and oxygen therapy
 - Respiratory function and anatomy of adult and pediatric patients
 - Utilization of airway adjuncts including oxygen administration techniques and utilization for pediatric and adult patients and assisting the Paramedic with the endotracheal tube
- C. Review of patient including:

 1. Scene evaluation determination of mechanism of injury, resource needs, and identification of scene hazards
 - 2. Patient evaluation an assessment-based approach to patient evaluation; diagnosis of specific injuries and illness is de-emphasized; integration of patient assessment techniques into overall scene management and treatment modalities

 3. Assessment of geriatric patients – understand the differences between the average adult; geriatric, and pediatric patient

 - Communications skills, equipment, and systems used by the EMT-1. Emphasis on medical direction and on-line communications
 - Documentation utilization of the "Prehospital Care Report" and standardized data set established by the 1994 DOT Emt-1 curriculum
- D. Review of medical, behavioral, and obstetrics/gynecology including:

 1. General pharmacology medication terminology, indications, contraindications, dosage, actions, and side effects of the six medications within the EMT-1 scope of practice
 - 2. Respiratory emergencies signs and symptoms of breathing difficulty and respiratory distress. Pathophysiology of common respiratory conditions. Review of adult and pediatric anatomy, training in treatment modalities for respiratory distress and failure
 - Cardiac emergencies signs and symptoms of cardiac compromise. Pathophysiology of cardiovascular disease. Recognition of acute cardiac events and rapid intervention
 - Automated External Defibrillation awareness level training in the use of AED equipment by the EMT-1
 - Altered Mental Status, diabetic emergencies recognition of the signs and symptoms of altered mental status and the relationship of life-threatening conditions. Pathophysiology of diabetic emergencies and prehospital treatment
 - Altered Mental Status with loss of function understanding the cause, nature and care of patients with cerebrovascular accidents and transient ischemic attacks
 - Altered Mental Status, seizures and syncope review the causes, nature, and treatment of patients experiencing a loss of consciousness or seizure activity
 - Allergic reactions recognition of the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis and prehospital care of these patients
 - Poisoning emergencies recognition of the signs and symptoms of accidental or intentional poisonings and the management of these patients
 - 10. Drug and alcohol emergencies recognition of the signs and symptoms of drug and alcohol emergencies and management of these patients
 - Acute abdominal pain discussion of the pathophysiology of acute abdominal pain and recognition of urgent situations requiring management and rapid transport
 - 12. Environmental emergencies recognition of the signs and symptoms of hypothermia and hypothermia and related conditions. Management of these patients in the prehospital environments
 - Drowning, near-drowning, and diving emergencies understanding of water-related emergencies with and emphasis on rescuer safety
 - 14. Behavioral emergencies awareness, recognition, and management of behavioral emergencies with an emphasis on scene and rescuer safety
- E. Review of trauma including:
 - 1. Mechanism of injury kinetics of traumas, study of the physics of motion that may produce injury, patterns of injury produced by vehicle accidents, falls, and projectiles
 - Bleeding and shock recognition and management of internal and external bleeding and decreased perfusion states
 - Soft tissue injuries management of various types of soft tissue injuries with emphasis on bleeding control and hypo perfusion
 - Burn emergencies recognition and management of thermal, chemical, and electrical burns with emphasis on inhalation injuries and rescuer safety
 5. Musculoskeletal injuries – recognition and management of sprains, strains, dislocations, and fractures. Review of splinting
 - techniques and assessment
 - Injuries to the head recognition and management of head injury patients with an emphasis on airway management and altered mental status Injuries of the spine – utilizing scene size-up and mechanism of injury considerations to maintain a high index of suspicion of
 - spinal injury. Utilize various methods of spinal immobilization and patient extrication Eye, face and neck injuries - recognition and management of facial injuries with emphasis on airway management and spinal
 - stabilization
 - Chest, abdomen, and genitalia injuries recognition, and management of chest, abdominal, and genitalia emergencies and identification of life-threatening injuries Agricultural and industrial emergencies - special situations that require specialized teams of rescuers on equipment. Review of scene safety and evaluation
- F. Review of infants and children including:
 - 1. Anatomical and physiological differences between children and adults
 - 2. Injuries and illnesses in infants and children
- G. Review of operations including:
 - Moving patients study of various techniques and equipment for moving patients. Identify the need for emergency, urgent and non-urgent moves
 - 2. Ambulance operations maintenance and operation of the ambulance as well as cleaning, disinfections, and disposal of contaiminated items
 - Gaining access and extrication awareness of rescue procedures and recognition of the need for special training and equipment for technical rescue situations
 - 4. Hazardous Materials emergencies first responder awareness training as required by Title 22. Recognition of Haz-Mat
 - incidents and rescuer safety
 5. Multiple casualty incidents utilizing the incident command system and standardized triage systems for the management of multiple casualties

VI. METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:

- A. Lecture Lectures in basic concepts and skills
- B. Lab Scenario-based skills lab
- C. Reading assignments in text and other resources

VII. TYPICAL ASSIGNMENTS:

A. Lecture 1. Respiratory emergencies B. Reading 1. Read Chapter 14 in text (Respiratory Emergencies) 2. Review Airway Management skills in skills book C. Skills Lab 1. Practice patient assessment skills in small groups with primary instructor 2. As a team, manage a simulated gunshot victim and critique performance with the primary instructor

VIII. EVALUATION: A. **Methods**

- 1. Exams/Tests 2. Other:

B. Frequency

- IX. TYPICAL TEXTS:
 1. Hafen, Karren, Mistovich Prehospital Emergency Care. 9th ed., Brady, Prentice Hall Publisher, 2009.
 2. Hafen, Karren, Mistovich Prehospital Emergency Care Workbook. 9th ed., Brady, Prentice Hall, 2009.
 3. Gatkin, Joshua EMT-1 Skills Workbook and Selected Protocols. 5th ed., Las Positas College, 2008.

X. OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED OF STUDENTS: