The Gallio Book

The Gallio Documentation Team

The Gallio Book

by The Gallio Documentation Team 3.1 beta

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Preface

MbUnit is unit testing on crack. --Scott Hanselman, Microsoft

In the world of software development, the concept of *test-driven development* (TDD) is not a new one. Conceived in 1999 as part of the *Extreme Programming* process, its popularity within the .NET world began to rise in October 2002 when *nUnit* v2.0 was released. A completely reworked version of *jUnit* written entirely in C#, it started many .NET developers down the agile programming path. It was simple to learn, easy to use, and quite versatile. However, just as nUnit had many advantages, it also had several disadvantages and other viable test frameworks such as *MbUnit* and *xUnit* have emerged.

MbUnit began life in 2004 when Marc Clifton wrote a series of articles proposing the formalization of various test patterns beyond basic test-driven development. A young developer by the name of *Jonathan* "Peli" de Halleux read them while recovering from surgery and proceeded to write the first prototype of MbUnit (or gUnit as it was first called) before he had left hospital. MbUnit wasn't designed as a replacement for nUnit, but thanks to very smart developers such as Jamie Cansdale and Andy Stopford, it became a definite, more powerful alternative to its kindred framework.

In Autumn 2007, a new face took the reins of the MbUnit project – *Jeff Brown* – and started a ground-up rewrite of MbUnit as two separate projects. **MbUnit v3** would remain the test framework that developers knew and used, but the automation platform underneath the framework was to be isolated and made framework-neutral. This new platform, codenamed *Gallio* (because of a typo), would aim to run any framework's tests – for example nUnit, *nBehave* or *csUnit* – and allow them to be run from any host – for example *Resharper*, *TeamCity* or *Visual Studio*. It was agreed that in doing this, other open-source and commercial projects would be able to leverage the platform's services to create rich, interoperable and extensible testing solutions, thereby adding great value to the community. Going forward, the Gallio project continues to become visible to other open source projects so that the capabilities of the platform can bring unity and value to the many projects in the testing space.

This book is written to document the 3.1 series of the MbUnit test framework and Gallio Automation Platform. We have made every attempt to make it as accurate as possible. However, both projects are in active development, so while we will attempt to keep this text up to date with the software, please note that future versions may change some of the functionality detailed in this text.

The Aim Of This Book

This book has two aims:

- to bring the reader up to speed with the capabilities of MbUnit v3 and Gallio
- to make it easier to start contributing back to the project

It is not our intention to look at the theory of unit testing or the application generic unit test patterns to your own applications beyond the basic introduction to test-driven development given in Chapter 2, My First Tests.

Who Should Read This Book?

This book is aimed at .NET developers with an interest in writing tests for their applications. It is written on the premise that the reader is coming to unit testing for the first time. Those readers who have used

nUnit or MbUnit v2 before will be able to use our Appendix A, *Migration Guide* as a quick reference to find the information they need to use MbUnit v3. All our examples will initially be written in C# and subsequently translated into Visual Basic .NET, F# and whatever other flavours of CLR language people kindly volunteer to translate them into.

Even if you don't intend to use MbUnit as your test framework, you might still want to use Gallio to run your tests, so you may also find parts of the text useful. Similarly, while Gallio does allow for the running of tests within other applications, we'll focus on using the two applications it ships with to run tests:

- Echo is a command-line based application
- *Icarus* is a GUI-based application

Note also that the source code examples used throughout the book are only examples. While they will compile with the proper compiler incantations, they are intended to illustrate a particular scenario and not necessarily to serve as examples of good programming style or practices.

Books like Roy Osherove's The Art Of Unit Testing [http://www.manning.com/osherove/] and Gerard Meszaros's Unit Test Patterns [http://xunitpatterns.com] teach various types of testing so rather than be a full-on introduction to testing in general, it will stay very specific to what is available in MbUnit v3 supported by Gallio.

How To Read This Book

Because this book is aimed at several different groups of readers, the structure of this book is aimed at what we perceive to be the largest of these groups – the newcomer to test-driven development who wants to writes tests and learn by doing. That doesn't preclude anyone else from reading this however and we'd suggest the following routes through the book for various types of readers:

Newcomers to Test-Driven Development & MbUnit

If you're just starting out with test-driven development, install the default options shown in Chapter 1, *Installing & Configuring Gallio* and start reading from Chapter 2, *My First Tests* to the end of the book.

Those who want to move to MbUnit v3 from another test framework or MbUnit v2

The assumption here is that you are already familiar with a test framework and want to know how to switch to MbUnit v3. Use Appendix A, *Migration Guide* to see how the attributes and features in your framework compare up to MbUnit and Chapter 3, *MbUnit Fundamentals*, Chapter 4, *Testing Recipes 1*, Chapter 5, *Testing Recipes 2*, and Chapter 6, *Domain Testing* to find more detail on the specific implementation in MbUnit v3. Chapter 7, *Test Reports* demonstrates how to interpret the results of your tests once you are up and running and Chapter 2, *My First Tests* shows how you can run your current tests in Gallio while you make the switch. Chapter 8, *Extending MbUnit* covers how to extend the base MbUnit functionality with your own custom code.

Those who just want to use Gallio to run their tests

If you're happy using your current test framework but would like to leverage Gallio as the platform to run your tests, Chapter 8, *Extending MbUnit* shows how you can run your current tests in Gallio, and Chapter 2, *My First Tests*, how to debug into your code using Gallio. Chapter 7, *Test Reports* covers how to use the reports generated by Gallio after a test report and Chapter 9, *Automated Testing With Gallio* looks at how to integrate it into an automated test build.

If you'd like to contribute to the Gallio or MbUnit code base with your own fixes and features, check out Part II, "Developing MbUnit and Gallio" on how to start.

Structure Of The Book

This book is broadly divided into three sections:

1. Section 1 is all about using Gallio and MbUnit to build your own applications.

Installation Walks you through the various options you have to install Gallio

and MbUnit and the applications it can hook into.

My First Tests Explains the basics of test-driven development and uses MbUnit

to write tests for a basic application. You'll see how to run those tests first in Gallio's native applications, Icarus and Echo, and then within other applications for which Gallio has a plug-in. You'll also see tests written with other frameworks all run to-

gether within Gallio.

MbUnit Fundamentals Building on Chapter 2, you'll look at the basic class and method

attributes provided in MbUnit v3 for test construction. You'll see how to structure your application projects for testing, and step into your own code from running tests to debug it when your

tests fail.

Testing Recipes 1 Discusses some of the core features in MbUnit which have made

it one of the more popular test frameworks today. You'll look at row tests, how to supply metadata to tests from various resources, creating test factories, contract verifiers and how to order tests. We'll also cover how to run your tests in parallel and the problems that can create, as well as how to dynamic generate

tests within 'test suites'.

Testing Recipes 2 Looks at the various options you have to influence the tests

you've written from outside the test classes themselves. You'll see how to use test assembly config files, the assembly decorators provided by MbUnit v3, inclusion and exclusion filters, and

mock objects.

Domain Testing Covers scenarios where MbUnit is being used to test specific

domains. We'll look at testing database scripts and data access layers, web testing, and unit testing a more generic domain model with Moq and Rhino.Mocks. Finally, we'll look at how to deal with elevating privileges and the dreaded Vista\Win 7 UAC in

your tests.

Test Reports Looks at the various types of report that Gallio generates after a

test run, how to navigate them and how to customize their con-

tents to your requirements.

Extending MbUnit Takes the bonnet off the MbUnit engine and looks at how you

can extend its core functionality with your own.

Automated Testing With Gallio For those who use automated test servers or who would like to

get started building one, this chapter looks at how to control

Gallio with various build engines and how to integrate it into complementary applications such Cruise Control, TeamCity or nCover.

- 2. Section 2 is all about contributing to the MbUnit and Gallio project and will be developed further once section 1 is complete.
 - · Development Basics
 - · Creating Gallio Plug-ins
 - · Creating Test Frameworks
- 3. Section 3 is the reference area containing a number of appendices for quick reference.
 - Migration Guide From MbUnit v2 to MbUnit v3
 - · A copy of the Creative Commons Attribution License, under which this book is licensed.
 - · Glossary of Terms

This Book Is Free

One of the biggest problems in many open source projects is the lack of proper documentation. This is a shame because there is no point in implementing a thousand features if no one knows about them. The Gallio development team was very aware of this issue, so documentation was given a high priority from the beginning of the project. The API reference documentation, which is automatically generated from the source code, was the first sign of this concern, but the team knew users need more: they need a guide to show them how to use the multiple features, the runners and so on under different scenarios. So the idea of writing a book was there from the beginning, in our wishlist, but we knew it was a big task so it was postponed.

This book is an evolution of the documentation written in various forms (wikis, blog posts, etc) by MbUnit and Gallio developers into a single work. As such, it has always been under a free license (see Appendix B, *Creative Commons License*) and two things will remain true:

- You will always find the latest version of this book in the book's own Subversion repository [http://code.google.com/p/mb-unit/source/browse/].
- You can make changes to this book and redistribute it however you wish—it's under a free license. Your
 only obligation is to maintain proper attribution to the original authors. Of course, we'd much rather
 you send feedback and patches to the Gallio developer community, instead of distributing your private
 version of this book.

The online home of this book's development and most of the volunteer-driven translation efforts regarding it is http://www.gallio.org/Docs.aspx. There you can find links to the latest releases and tagged versions of the book in various formats, as well as instructions for accessing the book's Subversion repository (where its DocBook XML source code lives). Feedback is welcomed—encouraged, even. Please submit all comments, complaints, and patches against the book sources to gallio-book@googlegroups.com[mailto:gallio-book@googlegroups.com].

What Is MbUnit?

MbUnit is a unit testing framework in the tradition of xUnit frameworks such as JUnit. In addition, MbUnit includes a rich suite of features designed to simplify other automation tasks that arise during integration

testing. The present incarnation of MbUnit, MbUnit v3, represents a complete rewrite and redesign of Peli's original work to improve the end-user experience, consolidate features, enhance extensibility, and enable advanced integration testing and reporting.

- MbUnit v3 is a .Net 2.0 based framework. It uses generic types and methods where possible to encourage code reuse. It also provides additional features for .Net 3.5 clients in a separate assembly. MbUnit v3 leverages the Gallio test automation platform heavily to provide integration with numerous other tools and to enable functionality such as rich reporting.
- MbUnit v2 is a .Net 1.1 based framework with a few .Net 2.0 add-ons. It is stand-alone framework that includes its own suite of test runners. Gallio includes an adapter plugin so that Gallio-based tools may also be used with MbUnit v2 (when running tests in a .Net 2.0 environment). However, since MbUnit v2 was not originally designed for Gallio, it does not provide as many advanced features as MbUnit v3.

MbUnit v2 is being maintained concurrently with MbUnit v3 for the benefit of existing projects based on MbUnit v2 that have not yet migrated to MbUnit v3. For new projects, we recommend adopting MbUnit v3.

MbUnit v3 is mostly backwards compatible with MbUnit v2 except for some APIs that have been renamed or redesigned. Transitioning to MbUnit v2 is relatively straightforward.

For more information about the differences between MbUnit v2 and v3, please refer to Appendix A, *Migration Guide*.

What Is Gallio?

The Gallio Automation Platform is an open, extensible, and neutral system for .NET that provides a common object model, runtime services and tools (such as test runners) that may be leveraged by any number of test frameworks.

The History Of Gallio & MbUnit

In January 2004 Marc Clifton, a frequent contributor at Codeproject, wrote a series of articles that sought to expand the unit testing discussion. Among other things, Marc proposed a formalization of various test patterns beyond basic TDD. Marc then took his ideas into code as AUT (Advanced Unit Testing), an independed project that you can find at Codeproject.

Two months later, Jonathan "Peli" de Halleux took a look at Marc's proposals and created gUnit (which was later renamed to MbUnit) while recovering from surgery in a hospital. In fact, Peli wrote most of MbUnit while still in the hospital.

MbUnit had some new ideas and concepts and it caught the attention of Jamie Cansdale who while on a trip to Brussels hooked up with Peli to work on an add-on for TD.net. TD.net started life as a NUnit project and so this made MbUnit the next framework after NUnit to be supported by TD.net, as such since the very early days of this great tool there has been MbUnit support.

In 2005 Peli made MbUnit opensource and continued working on the framework while finishing his PhD. Shortly after completing his PhD he accepted a job with Microsoft as a *SDET* on the CLR team. Unable to carry on MbUnit, he handed it over to Jamie Cansdale as short time caretaker. Peli blogged about needing someone to take on MbUnit and shortly after Andy Stopford as a long time MbUnit user read this and stepped up.

Since then MbUnit has grown as a framework and project, with two major releases and triple the downloads per release it has firmly rooted itself in main stream Microsoft .net culture as a viable unit test framework next to NUnit.

In the autumn of 2007, MbUnit v3 - a ground up rewrite of MbUnit, started. In one of those funny turn of events, v3 was to be code named *Galileo* but due to a typo became *Gallio*. The name stuck and development continued on MbUnit v3, code name: Gallio.

With MbUnit v3 development well under way, long time MbUnit core member Jeff Brown attended the *Alt.Net* conference in Austin, Texas. Following discussions with other programmers at the conference, Jeff made the case to the MbUnit team that there was value to the community at large in isolating the test runner capabilities of the system to create a neutral platform upon which MbUnit could then be hosted as one of many supported frameworks. Other open-source and commercial projects would be able to leverage the platform's services to create rich, interoperable and extensible testing solutions, thereby adding great value to the community.

After much discussion, the decision was made to separate the test runner from MbUnit and Gallio the Automation Platform was born.

Going forward the Gallio Project seeks to become visible to other open source projects so that the capabilities of the platform can bring unity and value to the many projects in the testing space.

What's New In Gallio & MbUnit?

The first version of this book is aimed for release during the v3.1 life-cycle. A quick run-down of new features in subsequent version will be found here. Full release notes can be found at http://www.gallio.org/Docs.aspx.

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Chapter 1. Installing & Configuring Gallio

Before you can do anything, you'll need to install Gallio & MbUnit, and if required configure it to your needs. In this chapter, we'll look at both installation and configuration.

Installing Gallio

To install Gallio and MbUnit v3, you'll need to visit gallio.org/downloads.aspx [http://gallio.org/downloads.aspx] and download the version you need for your system. There are three options:

- An installer for 64-bit systems (GallioBundle-3.x.y.z-Setup-x64.msi)
- An installer for 32-bit systems (GallioBundle-3.x.y.z-Setup-x86.msi)
- A zip file of the code for you to install as you will (GallioBundle-3.x.y.z.zip)

A fourth option is to download the source code for Gallio from its Google Code project (http://code.google.com/p/mb-unit) and build it manually. You'll find instructions on how to do this in Part II, "Developing MbUnit and Gallio".

Using the MSIs

Let's start by using the installer. Once you've downloaded the correct installer for your system, double-click it to start the installation. You'll soon see the start screen as shown in Figure 1.1, "Starting the Gallio Installer".

Figure 1.1. Starting the Gallio Installer



Click Next. The second screen shows you that Gallio and MbUnit are licensed under the Apache Licence v2.0 and where to get a copy of it. For reference, you can find it at http://www.apache.org/licenses/LI-CENSE-2.0. Check the box accepting the terms of the agreement and then hit Next.

The third screen, shown in Figure 1.2, "Choosing Setup Type" offers three levels of setup option.

Figure 1.2. Choosing Setup Type

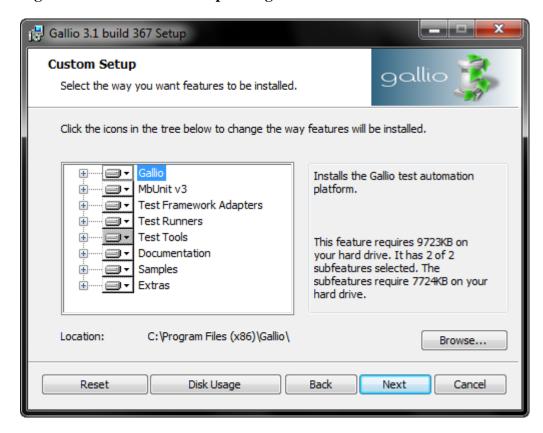


Clicking Custom will show you all the possible options that can be installed as part of this setup. By default, those already selected are the options installed as part of the Typical setup. Selecting all the options is the same as choosing the Complete setup option.

Choosing Your Options

The custom setup option, shown in Figure 1.3, "The Custom Setup Dialog" allows you to install only the elements of Gallio that you need for your system along with any documentation or samples you might need. In this section we'll run through the various options this custom setup allows you to pick.

Figure 1.3. The Custom Setup Dialog



We'll walk through them in order.

Gallio

The first option, shown in Figure 1.4, "Choosing Gallio Options To Install", installs the main Gallio automation framework and optionally the libraries that allow Gallio to interact with Visual Studio for debugging through tests and for navigating to source. You can also install:

• A set of libraries that allow Gallio to work with the dynamic library runtime enabling use with *IronPython.NET* and *IronRuby.NET*, for example.

Gallio 3.1 build 367 Setup Custom Setup gallic Select the way you want features to be installed. Click the icons in the tree below to change the way features will be installed. Installs the Gallio test automation Visual Studio Support platform. DLR Integration MbUnit v3 Test Framework Adapters This feature requires 9723KB on Test Runners your hard drive. It has 2 of 2 Ė Test Tools subfeatures selected. The subfeatures require 7724KB on your Documentation hard drive. Location: C:\Program Files (x86)\Gallio\ Browse... Disk Usage Back Next Cancel Reset

Figure 1.4. Choosing Gallio Options To Install

MbUnit v3

The second option, shown in Figure 1.5, "Choosing MbUnit v3 Options To Install", installs the libraries for MbUnit v3. Optionally, you can also install

• A set of project templates for Visual Studio that allow for easier set up of test projects with MbUnit v3.

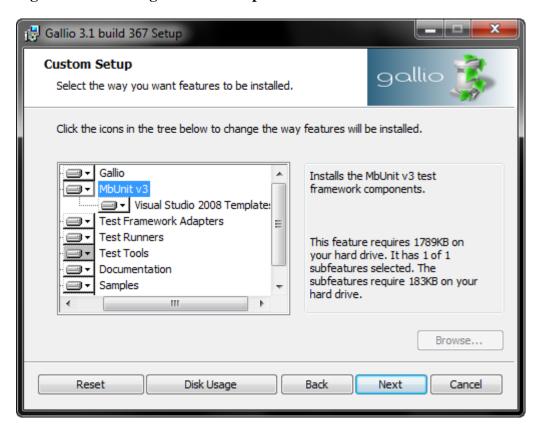


Figure 1.5. Choosing MbUnit v3 Options To Install

Test Framework Adapters

One half of Gallio's flexibility comes from its ability to run tests written with any framework. All it needs is an adapter written to tell it how to run those tests and interpret the results. The third option, shown in Figure 1.6, "Choosing Test Framework Adapters To Install", allows you to select from those adapters already written.

- csUnit : Allows you to run csUnit tests with Gallio
- MbUnit v2: Allows you to run MbUnit v2 tests with Gallio
- MSTest: Allows you to run *MSTest* tests with Gallio (only if you have Visual Studio 2008 / Visual Studio Team System installed)
- NUnit: Allows you to run NUnit tests with Gallio
- RSpec: Allows you to run RSpec tests with Gallio
- xUnit.NET: Allows you to run xUnit tests with Gallio

🗒 Gallio 3.1 build 367 Setup **Custom Setup** gallic Select the way you want features to be installed. Click the icons in the tree below to change the way features will be installed. MbUnit v3 Fest Framework Adapters csUnit Adapter MbUnit v2 Adapter MSTest Adapter This feature requires OKB on your NUnit Adapter hard drive. It has 6 of 6 RSpec subfeatures selected. The subfeatures require 5312KB on your Xunit Adapter hard drive. Test Runners Browse... Disk Usage Back Next Reset Cancel

Figure 1.6. Choosing Test Framework Adapters To Install

Note that unless you need to run tests created with these frameworks, you don't need to install these plugins.

Test Runners

The other half of Gallio's flexibility is its test runners. *Runners* are programs or plug-ins for other programs that provide different ways to run tests through Gallio. The fourth option, shown in Figure 1.7, "Choosing Test Runners To Install", allows you to select which runners to install for other programs already installed on your machine. You have the choice of:

- PowerShell commands: Allows you to run Gallio from a PowerShell script
- ReSharper v4.5 plug-in: Allows you to run Gallio from ReSharper
- Visual Studio 2008 Add-in: Allows you to run Gallio from Visual Studio's Team System
- Icarus: Gallio's own graphical test runner
- Echo: Gallio's own console test runner
- MSBuild tasks: Allows you to run Gallio from an MSBuild build script
- NAnt tasks: Allows you to run Gallio from a NAnt build script
- TestDriven.NET runner: Allows you to run tests with Gallio from the *TestDriven.NET* Visual Studio add-in

🖶 Gallio 3.1 build 367 Setup Custom Setup gallic Select the way you want features to be installed. Click the icons in the tree below to change the way features will be installed. ■ ▼ PowerShell Commands Visual Studio 2008 Add-In Icarus (GUI Test Runner) Echo (CLI Test Runner) This feature requires 0KB on your MSBuild Tasks hard drive. It has 7 of 7 NAnt Tasks subfeatures selected. The subfeatures require 1832KB on your TestDriven.Net Runner hard drive. Browse... Disk Usage Back Reset Next Cancel

Figure 1.7. Choosing Test Runners To Install

Note that no matter how you choose to run Gallio, you will always be able to run tests written against any of the frameworks you have installed adapters for. For example, you'll be able to run csUnit tests through Resharper as long as you have installed the Resharper test runner and the csUnit framework adapter.

Test Tools

The fifth set of options, shown in Figure 1.8, "Choosing Test Tools To Install", allows some integration between Gallio and other tools you have installed separately on your machine.

- AutoCAD Integration: Allows tests that depend on the AutoCAD API (ObjectARX) to run inside the AutoCAD process.
- Ambience: *Ambience* is Gallio's own utility for storing persistent data across multiple test runs. We'll look at using Ambience in Chapter 5, *Testing Recipes 2*
- Browser Integration: Allows you to navigate directly from Gallio test reports to the source code the report is highlighting.
- NCover integration: Allows you to enable code coverage with NCover by simply setting a property
- TeamCity integration: Allows you to integrate Gallio reports into *TeamCity*.
- TypeMock integration: Allows you to enable *TypeMock.NET* by simply setting a property

🗒 Gallio 3.1 build 367 Setup Custom Setup gallic Select the way you want features to be installed. Click the icons in the tree below to change the way features will be installed. AutoCAD Integration Ambience Browser Integration NCover Integration This feature requires OKB on your TeamCity Integration hard drive. It has 4 of 6 TypeMock, Net Integration subfeatures selected. The subfeatures require 3144KB on your Documentation hard drive. Browse... Disk Usage Back Next Reset Cancel

Figure 1.8. Choosing Test Tools To Install

We'll look at the various ways that Gallio reports integrate into the browser and more in Chapter 7, *Test Reports*.

Documentation & Samples

The Gallio installer also comes with a variety of documentation and code samples for your reference. Figure 1.9, "Choosing Documentation And Samples To Install" shows the options. You have the choice of:

- Standalone Help Docs: Puts the standalone CHM documentation file on your system
- Visual Studio Help Docs: Installs the integrated documentation for Visual Studio
- Gallio Samples: Puts the (to be written) Gallio code samples on your system.
- MbUnit Samples: Puts the MbUnit code samples on your system.

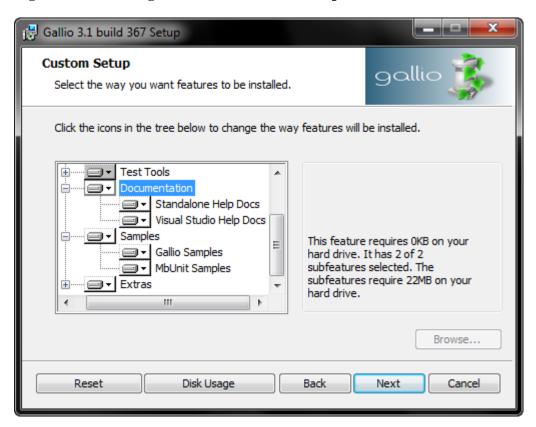


Figure 1.9. Choosing Documentation And Samples To Install

The samples and standalone documentation can be found at <code>%programfiles%\Gallio\samples</code> and <code>%programfiles%\Gallio\docs</code> for your use later on. The samples are saved in zip files for you to extract yourself.

Extras

The final set of options, shown in Figure 1.10, "Choosing Extras To Install", contain just one feature at the moment.

• CruiseControl .Net extensions: Provides an extension to allow downloading attachment from the *CCNet* build report. It's only useful if you are implementing a build server.

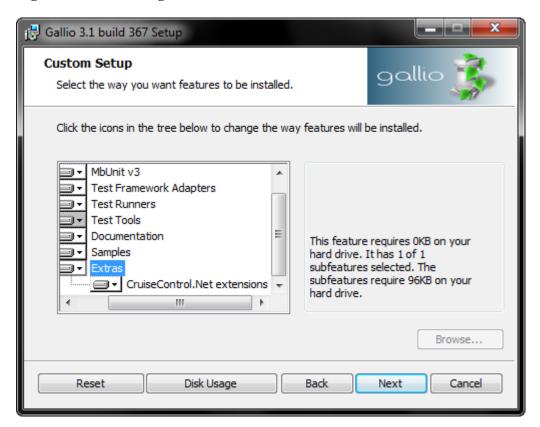


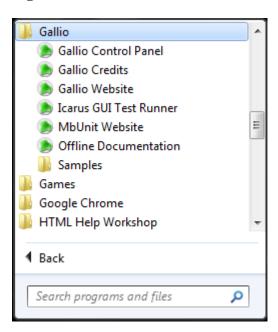
Figure 1.10. Choosing Extras To Install

Completing the Installation

The wizard is now ready to install your options. Click Install to have it run. If you ran the setup program as a standard user in Windows Vista or Windows 7, User Account Control will ask you for an administrator's account and password before installation begins. When everything is installed, the wizard lets you know.

Click Finish to close the setup wizard. You'll find that the installer has created a folder in the Start Menu (Figure 1.11, "The Gallio Start Menu", where you will see shortcuts for the Icarus GUI Test Runner, the MbUnit Website, the Offline Documentation, and the online documentation amongst others.

Figure 1.11. The Gallio Start Menu



Using the ZIP Installer

If you need access to the Gallio samples, docs and DLLs but don't want it registered on your system – for example, you just need the DLLs for source code check in or a build server – you can download a zipped archive of all the Gallio files instead of the standard MSI installer. If you visit gallio.org/downloads.aspx [http://gallio.org/downloads.aspx] you'll find that each release has a zip file alternative for download as well.

The contents of the zip file, shown in Figure 1.12, "The Contents Of The Gallio Zip Download", mirror those installed to programfiles \Gallio by the MSI installer.

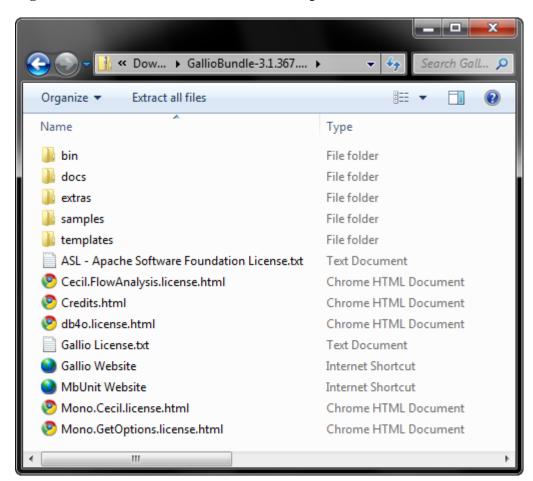


Figure 1.12. The Contents Of The Gallio Zip Download

Besides the root folder which contains the license files for the various pieces of software used by Gallio and shortcuts for the Gallio website, you'll find four folders.

- The bin folder contains the main Gallio and MbUnit v3 DLLs along with the Echo and Icarus test runner applications.
- The various bin\xyz subfolders each contain one of the test framework adapters, runners or tools
 mentioned earlier.
- The bin\Resources subfolder also contains the various files needed for the HTML and XML reports that Gallio builds after a test run.
- The docs folder contains the API documentation for Gallio and MbUnit. It is available as a standalone .chm file, as files for integration into Visual Studio help (and as Help 3 files forthcoming). The h2reg.exe program for integrating these files is in the extras folder.
- The extras folder contains the aforementioned h2reg.exe program, project templates for Visual Studio (2005/8/10) and files for incorporating Gallio into your CruiseControl.net build server.
- The samples folder contains a zip folder of an example C# solution demonstrating various features in MbUnit v3. Once you've extracted the solution, note that MbUnit.Samples.sln is a VS2005 file. MbUnit.Samples.2008.sln is for VS2008 users.

Configuring Gallio

Once Gallio is installed, you can use the Gallio Control Panel to:

- Integrate any of your own plugins into Gallio
- Change various settings for Icarus, Gallio's GUI-based test runner
- Specify which test frameworks Gallio will run for TestDriven.NET and which it will let TestDriven.NET run itself.
- Configure the startup mode for Ambience, Gallio's database server.
- Check which versions of the various framework adapters, test runners and tools are currently working with your version of Gallio.

If you've not used Gallio before, try working with the default options before tweaking things with the Control Panel. You can find it under the Start Menu # All Programs # Gallio # Gallio Control Panel.

Runtime Settings

The *Runtime* tab, shown in Figure 1.13, "Configuring Additional Gallio Plugins", allows you to specify the path to any additional Gallio plugins that you may want to use beyond those in the standard installation.

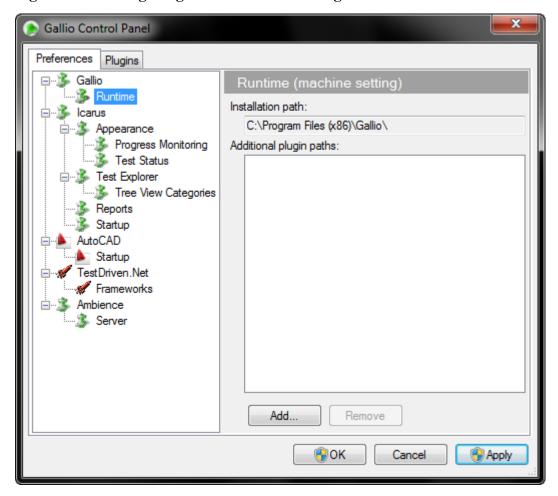


Figure 1.13. Configuring Additional Gallio Plugins

To add a new plugin directory:

- 1. Click Add
- 2. Navigate to the directory holding the plug-in
- 3. Click OK.

The directory will be listed under "Additional plugin paths".

To remove the directory from the list, select it and click Remove.

Icarus Settings

Icarus is Gallio's own GUI-based test runner. Gallio also provides a console-based test runner called Echo, but Echo's settings must always be specified when it is run. Icarus on the other hand stores some of its default settings on disk to be altered by the Gallio Control Panel. You can access the Control Panel from Icarus directly via Tools # Options.

Progress Monitoring

The *Progress Monitoring* tab, shown in Figure 1.14, "Configuring Icarus Progress Monitoring", has one option which lets you set whether or not Icarus should show progress dialogs as tests are run.

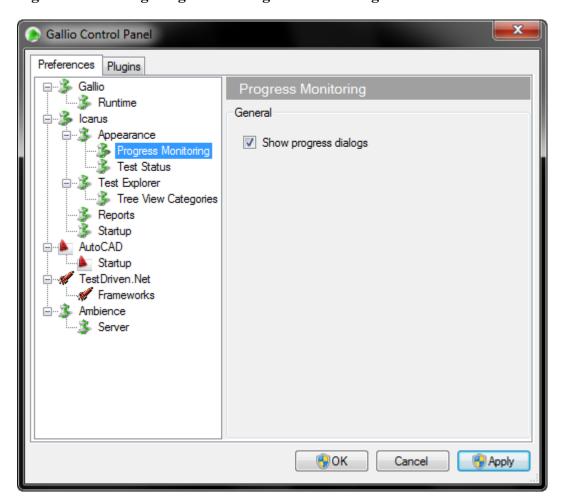


Figure 1.14. Configuring Icarus Progress Monitoring

Colours and Progress Bar Style

The *Appearance* \ *Test Status* dialog, shown in Figure 1.15, "Configuring Icarus Test Status Colours", allows you to specify the colours associated with the four states of a test and the style of the test progress bar used in Icarus.

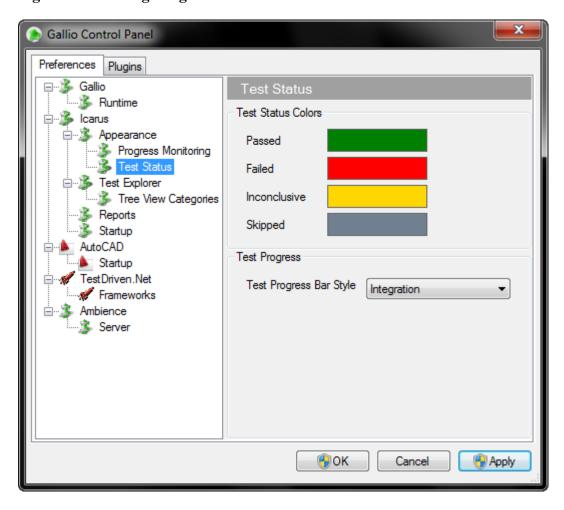


Figure 1.15. Configuring Icarus Test Status Colours

By common association, the colours green, red and yellow represent a test's success, failure or inconclusive ending. However, if you need to change them, for example because of colour-blindness, click on the colour block for each state and choose another colour more to your preference. The changes in colour will affect the progress bar, the test tree in Icarus (and the report).

The test progress bar in Icarus has two modes:

- In "Integration" mode, the progress bar displays red, green and yellow sections in proportion to the number of failed, passed and inconclusive tests just run.
- In "Unit" mode, the progress bar displays fully green until a test fails at which point it turns totally red.

Select the one you want to use and click Apply to have Icarus use it.

Test Explorer Settings

The *Test Explorer* dialog, shown in Figure 1.16, "Configuring Icarus Test Explorer Settings", lets you set several options directly related to the execution of tests by Gallio.

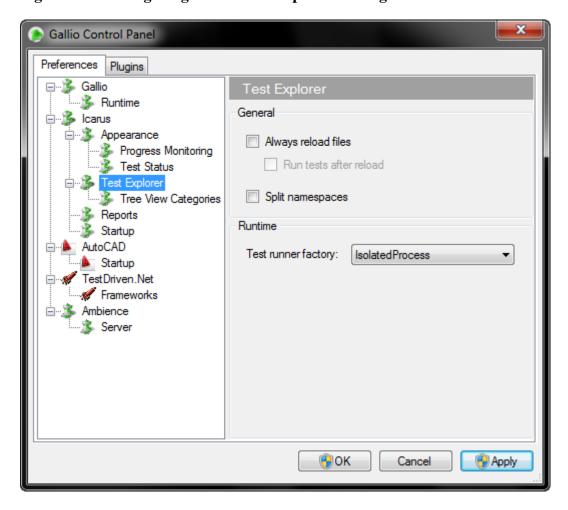


Figure 1.16. Configuring Icarus Test Explorer Settings

From top to bottom, the options allow you to

- Force Icarus to reloading your test DLLs and associated files when any of them has changed (e.g. when an assembly is rebuilt)
- Make the Icarus test tree split at the dots in the tree.
- Choose which application will generate and process the test runner factory to run the tests for your application. The default is for Gallio to use its own test runner factory within an Isolated Process.

Tree View Categories

The *Test Explorer* window, shown in Figure 1.17, "The Icarus Test Explorer Window", allows you to view the tests currently loaded into Icarus grouped in a tree view based on one of a number of options you can choose from a drop-down.

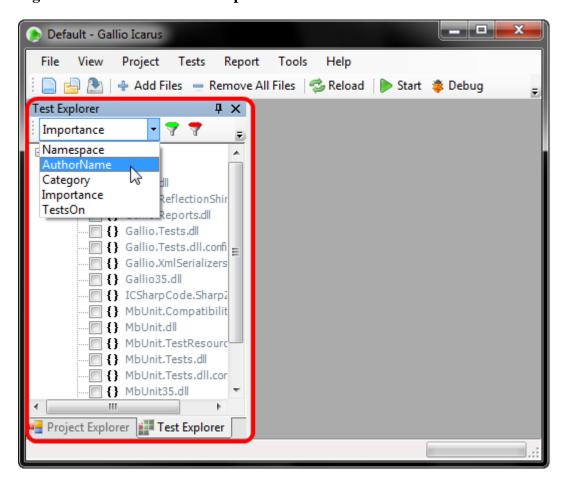


Figure 1.17. The Icarus Test Explorer Window

The *Tree View Categories* dialog in the Gallio control panel, shown in Figure 1.18, "Configuring Test View Categories", allows you to set the available categories by which the test explorer will attempt to order your tests.

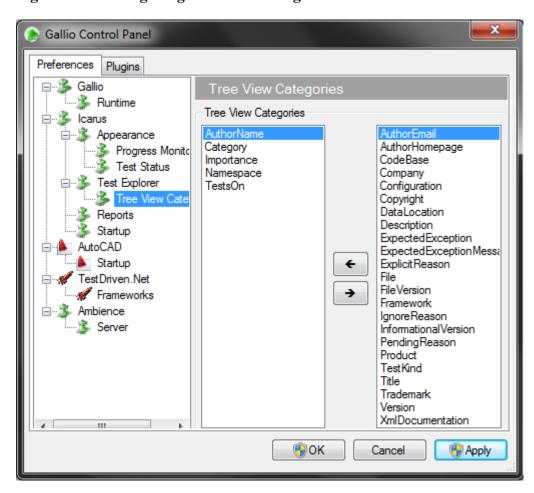


Figure 1.18. Configuring Test View Categories

The categories in the left hand column are those that will appear in the test explorer drop down list. We'll look in more detail at how each category works in Chapter 2, My First Tests.

Reports

The *Reports* tab, shown in Figure 1.19, "Configuring Test Reports", has one option which lets you set whether or not Icarus should generate a report once a test run is complete.

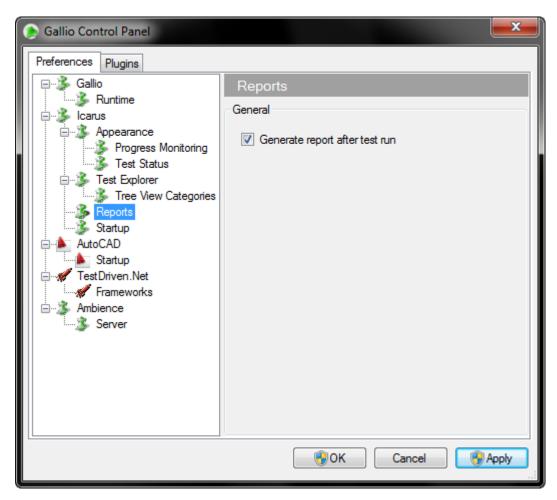


Figure 1.19. Configuring Test Reports

Startup

The final dialog for Icarus, shown in Figure 1.20, "Configuring Icarus Startup Actions", allows to set whether or not Icarus should automatically load back in the test assemblies it had loaded when it was last closed.

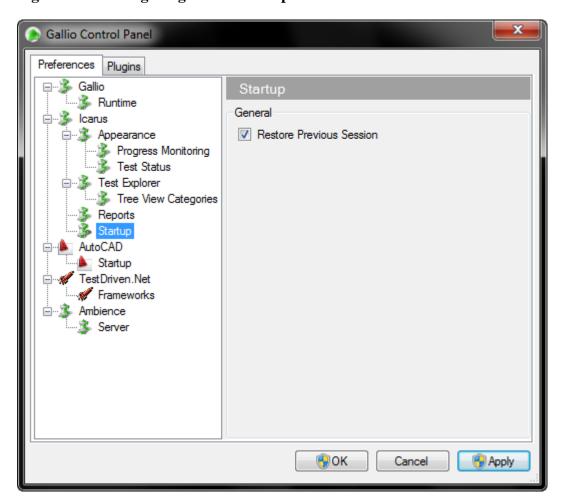


Figure 1.20. Configuring Icarus Startup Actions

AutoCAD Settings

If you use Gallio to write tests that automate AutoCAD, you can use the *AutoCAD \ Startup* dialog, shown in Figure 1.21, "Configuring AutoCAD Integration", to define how Gallio will link into AutoCAD when a test run starts.

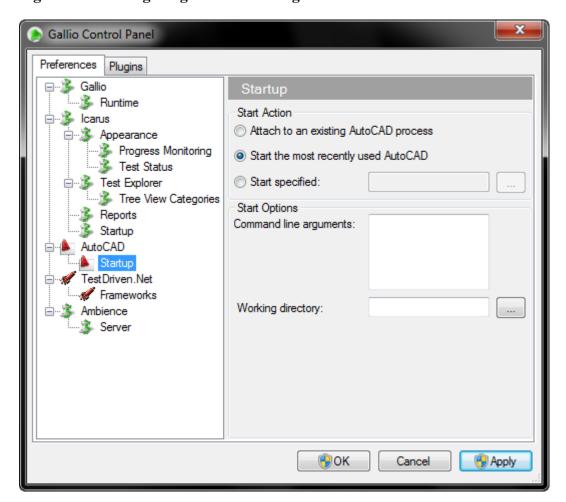


Figure 1.21. Configuring AutoCAD Integration

TestDriven.NET Settings

If you use the TestDriven.NET add-in for Visual Studio to run the tests in your solutions, adding Gallio now gives you a few more options for running tests from within Visual Studio. You can either run the tests directly within TestDriven.NET, or set TestDriven.NET to run the tests within Gallio.

Use the *TestDriven.Net* \ *Frameworks* dialog, shown in Figure 1.22, "Configuring TestDriven.NET Integration", to set which tests are run by either TestDriven.NET or Gallio according to the test framework they are written with.

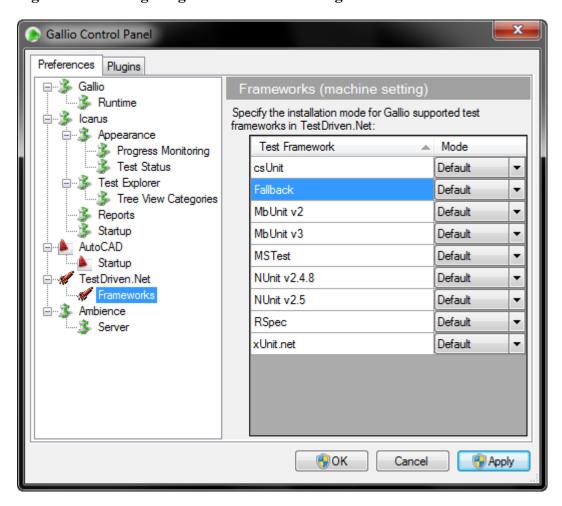


Figure 1.22. Configuring TestDriven.NET Integration

The Mode drop down list for each test framework has three options:

- Default: Use the default runner for the framework
- Preferred: Use Gallio to run the tests
- Disabled: Use TestDriven.NET to run the tests.

Ambience Settings

Ambience is Gallio's own utility for storing persistent data across multiple test runs. It runs in the background as a Windows service when called upon. If you used the MSI installer to install Gallio and included Ambience in the option list, you'll have been asked whether the Ambience service should be started manually or automatically. The *Ambience* \ Server dialog, shown in Figure 1.23, "Accessing The Ambience Service", provides a shortcut to the Windows Services administration tool to let you change that setting.

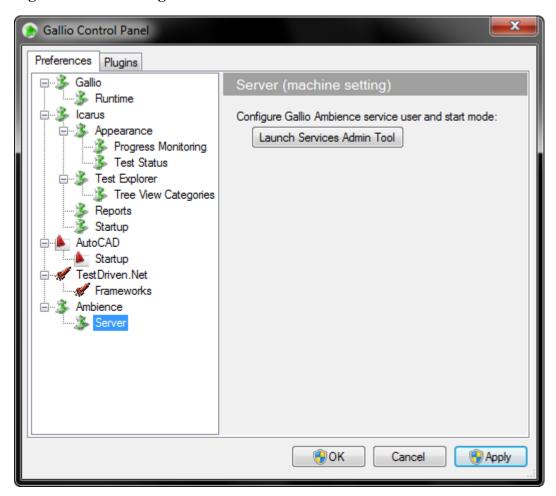


Figure 1.23. Accessing The Ambience Service

Conclusion

In this chapter, we've seen how to install and configure Gallio and MbUnit v3. In Chapter 2, My First Tests we'll introduce the idea of unit testing.

Chapter 2. My First Tests

Chapter 3. MbUnit Fundamentals

Chapter 4. Testing Recipes 1

Chapter 5. Testing Recipes 2

Chapter 6. Domain Testing

Chapter 7. Test Reports

Chapter 8. Extending MbUnit

Chapter 9. Automated Testing With Gallio



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Chapter 11. Creating Gallio Plugins

Chapter 12. Creating Test Frameworks

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Appendix A. Migration Guide

Appendix B. Creative Commons License

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Glossary

Α

Alt.Net A community of .NET developers who embrace tools, techniques and knowledge

from all development communities, and not just Microsoft's own tooling and guid-

ance.

Ambience Gallio's own utility for storing persistent data across multiple test runs.

C

CruiseControl.NET A free and open source build management and continuous integration server writ-

ten in C#.

csUnit A unit-testing framework written in C++. Tests written against csUnit can be run

by Gallio.

E

Echo The Gallio project command-line based test runner

Extreme Programming A type of agile software development, advocating frequent "releases" in short de-

velopment cycles. The idea is to improve developer productivity and create points in the process where new customer requirements can be included into the software

specification.

G

Gallio The framework-neutral Automation Platform half of the Gallio project, written in

C#.

gUnit The original name for MbUnit.

Icarus The Gallio project's GUI-based test runner

IronPython.NET An implementation of the Python programming language running under .NET and

Silverlight.

IronRuby.NET An implementation of the Ruby programming language running under .NET and

Silverlight.

J

jUnit A unit-testing framework written in Java.

M

MbUnit The unit-testing framework half of the Gallio project, written in C#.

MSBuild A build platform with an XML syntax built into Visual Studio.

MSTest The unit-testing framework built into Visual Studio.

T

TeamCity TeamCity is a Java-based build management and continuous integration server.

N

nAnt A free and open source build platform with an XML syntax.

nBehave One of the first behavior-driven development frameworks written in C#. Tests

written against nBehave can be run by Gallio.

nCover A code coverage tool measuring how much of your code is run by the tests you

have written.

nUnit One of the first unit-testing frameworks written in C#. Tests written against nUnit

can be run by Gallio.

0

ObjectARX (AutoCAD Runtime Extension) is an API for customizing and ex-

tending AutoCAD.

R

Resharper A refactoring plug-in for Visual Studio. It has a test runner which can use Gallio

to run tests written against any framework that Gallio supports.

RSpec The original Behaviour Driven Development framework for Ruby

S

Software Development Engi-

neer in Test

A development role at Microsoft that sees a product through two phases of the

software lifecycle - Development and Testing.

T

TeamCity A build management and continuous integration server. It has a test runner which

can use Gallio to run tests written against any framework that Gallio supports.

Test-Driven Development A style of software development with four simple steps.

1. Create a test case for code that fails.

2. Write code so the test case and all other test cases pass.

3. Refactor all the code so there are no code smells and the test cases still pass

4. Repeat

TestDriven.NET is a plug-in for Visual Studio that allows you to run or debug

their (non-MSTest) tests from within Visual Studio

Test Runner A test runner is a program or plug-in for other programs that provide different

ways to run tests through Gallio

TypeMock A mock object framework written in C#.

X

xUnit One of the newer unit-testing frameworks written in C#, written from scratch by

some members of the nUnit team based on their experience with that. Tests written

against xUnit can be run by Gallio.