## $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Math~128B,~Spring~2021.}\\ {\bf Homework~9,~due~April~17.} \end{array}$

**Prob 1.** Use fixed-point iteration to find all solutions to the following nonlinear system, accurate to within  $10^{-5}$ , using the  $\ell_{\infty}$ -norm. Justify that you have indeed found all solutions.

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 - x_1 = 0$$
  
$$x_1^2 - x_2^2 - x_2 = 0.$$

**Prob 2.** Let A be an  $n \times n$  matrix and let  $F : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^n$  be defined by F(x) := Ax. Show that F is continuously differentiable on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . What is its Jacobian at an arbitrary point x?

**Prob 3.** Use Newton's method with  $x^{(0)} = 0$  to compute  $x^{(1)}$  and  $x^{(2)}$  for the following nonlinear system:

$$x_1^2 + x_2 - 37 = 0$$

$$x_1 - x_2^2 - 5 = 0$$

$$x_1^2 + x_2 - 37 = 0$$
  

$$x_1 - x_2^2 - 5 = 0$$
  

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - 3 = 0.$$

## **Prob 4.** The nonlinear system

$$4x_1 - x_2 + x_3 = x_1x_4$$

$$-x_1 + 3x_2 - 2x_3 = x_2x_4$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 = x_3x_4$$

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = 1$$

has six solutions. (a) Show that if  $(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)^T$  is a solution, then so is  $(-x_1, -x_2, -x_3, x_4)^T$ . (b) Use Broyden's method three times to approximate each solution. Iterate until  $||x^{(k)} - x^{(k-1)}||_{\infty} < 10^{-5}$ .