LANGTON'S ANT

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1. INTRODUCTION

Langton's ant is a two-dimensional universal Turing machine with a very simple set of rules but complex emergent behavior. It was invented by Chris Langton in 1986 and runs on a square lattice of black and white cells. The universality of Langton's ant was proven in 2000. The idea has been generalized in several different ways, such as turmites which add more colors and more states.

1.1. Rules

Squares on a plane are colored variously either black or white. We arbitrarily identify one square as the "ant". The ant can travel in any of the four cardinal directions at each step it takes. The "ant" moves according to the rules below:

- At a white square, turn 90° right, flip the color of the square, move forward one unit
- At a black square, turn 90° left, flip the color of the square, move forward one unit

Langton's ant can also be described as a cellular automaton, where the grid is colored black or white and the "ant" square has one of eight different colors assigned to encode the combination of black/white state and the current direction of motion of the ant.

2. PROGRAM FUNCTIONALITY

When running the program the user can select in between different simulation options, these include:

- Console Dimension: This refers to the size in pixels of the console where the simulation will be displayed.
- How close ants should be: This means how conglomerated the ants will be, the greater the number the closer the range.
- Number of ants
- Queen life steps
- Soldier life steps
- Worker life steps
- \bullet Percentage of queens at start
- Percentage of soldiers at start
- Percentage of workers at start

By playing around with all these options one can find interesting behaviours in the colony. The program also generates a density histogram of the ants over the space.

3. TESTING THE PROGRAM

When you run the program it looks like this:

```
james@dragmail: ~/Documents/ESCOM_SEMESTRE_8/3CM5_CST/La
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
(base) james@dragmail: ~/Documents/ESCOM_SEMESTRE_8/3CM5_CST/Langton$ g++ langton
sr/include/SDL2 -lSDL2 -pthread
(base) james@dragmail: ~/Documents/ESCOM_SEMESTRE_8/3CM5_CST/Langton$ ./langton
Enter console dimension: 100
Enter how close you want them: 2
Enter number of ants: 1000
Enter queen life steps: 200
Enter soldier life steps: 150
Enter worker life steps: 100
Enter queen percentage at start: 0.1
Enter soldier percentage at start: 0.5
Enter worker percentage at start: 0.4
```

Figura 1: Program menu

Asking you to fulfill all the parameters. Then you will see the simulation running, showing in the console the number of iteration, workers population, soldiers population and queens population, respectively.

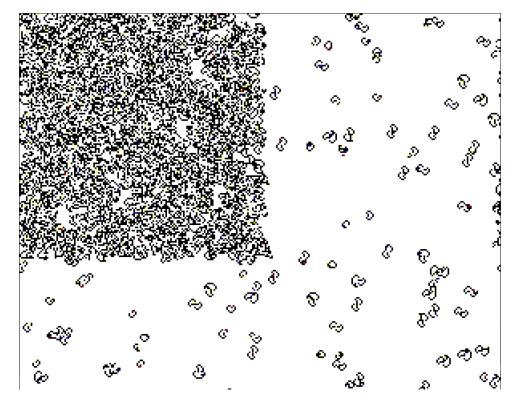


Figura 2: Simulation running 1

```
(base) james@dragmaii:~/Documents/ESCOM_SEMESTRI
Enter console dimension: 300
Enter how close you want them: 2
Enter number of ants: 1000
Enter queen life steps: 200
Enter soldier life steps: 150
Enter worker life steps: 100
Enter queen percentage at start: 0.1
Enter soldier percentage at start: 0.4
Enter worker percentage at start: 0.5
 500 400 100
  500 400 100
  500 400
          100
  500 400
          100
  500 400
          100
  500 400
          100
  500 400 100
  500 400 100
  500 400 100
  500 400 100
  500 400 100
  500 400 100
```

Figura 3: Population on console

Accompained by the graph of the density:

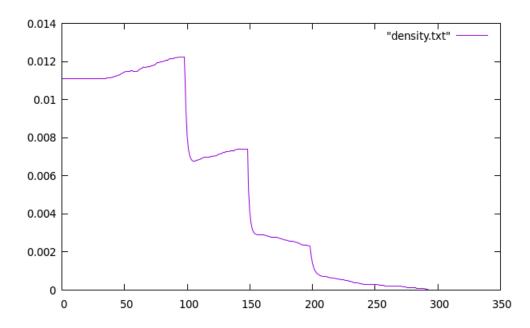


Figura 4: Density Graph

4. CODE

```
V4
\stackrel{\cdot}{//} Includes support for multiple class of ants (queen, soldier, worker) and life span steps // Ants are divided in 3 vectors
// Supports reproduction up to 10000 soldiers and 1 queen in the same square
// Supports queen anhilitation when in the same square
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
#include "olcConsoleGameEngineSDL.h"
class OneLoneCoder_GameOfLife : public olcConsoleGameEngine
public:
         int queen_life , soldier_life , worker_life;
         double queen_percentage, soldier_percentage, worker_percentage;
         int nants, close_range;
         OneLoneCoder_GameOfLife(int nants, int close_range, int queen_life, int soldier_life, int
             worker_life, double queen_percentage, double soldier_percentage, double
             worker_percentage)
         {
                 m_sAppName = L"Langton's_Ant_James";
                 this \rightarrow nants = nants;
                 this->close_range = close_range;
                 this\!\to\! queen\_life\ =\ queen\_life;
                 this->soldier_life = soldier_life;
                 this -> worker_life = worker_life;
                 this->queen_percentage = queen_percentage;
                 this->soldier_percentage = soldier_percentage;
                 this->worker_percentage = worker_percentage;
private:
        int *m_output, *m_state;
        \mathbf{int} \ i \ , \ j \ , \ k \, ;
         vector<int *> worker_ants;
         vector<int *> soldier_ants;
         vector <int *> queen_ants;
         int *ant, *soldier_ant, *queen_ant;
         int *newborn_ants[1000];
         int queen_apogee_begin , queen_apogee_end , newborn_probability;
         int newborn_counter, queens_counter, queens_to_erase_cnt;
         bool reproduction180angle = true, reproduction90angle = true, allowreproduction;
         bool this_ant_erased, already_dead;
         int queens_to_erase[1000], iterations = 0;
         double average;
         ofstream density_writer;
protected:
        // Called by olcConsoleGameEngine
         virtual bool OnUserCreate()
                 int no_queens = nants * queen_percentage;
                 int no_soldiers = nants * soldier_percentage;
                 int no_workers = nants * worker_percentage;
                 // int no_queens = 3, no_soldiers = 0, no_workers = 0;
                 {\bf int} \ {\tt cnt\_soldiers} \ = \ 0 \, , \ {\tt cnt\_workers} \ = \ 0 \, , \ {\tt cnt\_queens} \ = \ 0 ;
                 queen\_apogee\_begin = (queen\_life / 2) - ((queen\_life - 10) / 3);
                 queen_apogee_end = (queen_life / 2) + ((queen_life - 10) / 3);
                 m_output = new int[ScreenWidth() * ScreenHeight()];
                 m_state = new int[ScreenWidth() * ScreenHeight()];
                 memset(m_output, 0, ScreenWidth() * ScreenHeight() * sizeof(int));
                 memset(m_state, 0, ScreenWidth() * ScreenHeight() * sizeof(int));
                 for (i = 0; i < nants; i++)
```

```
{
                                ant = (int *) malloc(4 * sizeof(int));
                                if(cnt_queens < no_queens) // QUEEN</pre>
                                                \begin{array}{lll} & \text{ant} \, [\, 0\, ] \, = \, \text{rand} \, (\, ) \, \, \, \% \, (\, \text{ScreenWidth} \, (\, ) \, \, / \, \, \text{close\_range} \, ) \, ; \, \, / / \, \, \textit{X position} \\ & \text{ant} \, [\, 1\, ] \, = \, \text{rand} \, (\, ) \, \, \, \% \, \, (\, \text{ScreenHeight} \, (\, ) \, \, / \, \, \, \text{close\_range} \, ) \, ; \, \, / / \, \, \textit{Y position} \\ & \text{ant} \, [\, 2\, ] \, = \, \text{rand} \, (\, ) \, \, \, \% \, \, 4 \, ; & / / \, \, \, \textit{Direction N-E-S-W} \end{array}
                                                ant[3] = queen_life;
                                                                                                                                                                 // Life
                                                       steps
                                                cnt_queens++;
                                                queen_ants.push_back(ant);
                                else if(cnt_soldiers < no_soldiers)</pre>
                                                \begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{ant}\left[0\right] &= \operatorname{rand}\left(\right) & %\left(\operatorname{ScreenWidth}\left(\right) / \operatorname{close\_range}\right); \\ \text{} / / & X \ \operatorname{position} \\ \operatorname{ant}\left[1\right] &= \operatorname{rand}\left(\right) & %\left(\operatorname{ScreenHeight}\left(\right) / \operatorname{close\_range}\right); \\ / / & Y \ \operatorname{position} \end{array} \end{array}
                                                ant [2] = rand () % 4;
                                                ant[3] = soldier_life;
                                                cnt_soldiers++;
                                                soldier_ants.push_back(ant);
                                else if(cnt_workers < no_workers)</pre>
                                                \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{ant}\left[0\right] = \operatorname{rand}\left(\right) \ \% \left(\operatorname{ScreenWidth}\left(\right) \ / \ \operatorname{close\_range}\right); \ / / \ X \ position \\ \operatorname{ant}\left[1\right] = \operatorname{rand}\left(\right) \ \% \left(\operatorname{ScreenHeight}\left(\right) \ / \ \operatorname{close\_range}\right); \ / / \ Y \ position \\ \operatorname{ant}\left[2\right] = \operatorname{rand}\left(\right) \ \% \ 4; \end{array}
                                                ant[3] = worker_life;
                                                cnt_workers++;
                                                worker_ants.push_back(ant);
                                }
                //OPENING FILES
                density_writer.open("density.txt", ios_base::out | ios_base::trunc);
                if (! density_writer)
                                cout << "Error: _Cannot_open_'density'_file" << endl;
                                return true;
                // SETTING PRECISION
                cout.precision(8);
                density_writer.precision(8);
                return true;
}
// Called by olcConsoleGameEngine
virtual bool OnUserUpdate(float fElapsedTime)
                cout << iterations++ << "_" << worker_ants.size() << "_" << soldier_ants.size() <<
                        "_" << queen_ants.size() << endl;
                if(m_keys[VK_SPACE].bHeld)
                                return true;
                this_thread::sleep_for(100ms);
                auto cell = [\&](int x, int y)
                                return m_output[y * ScreenWidth() + x];
                };
                auto setcell = [\&](int x, int y)
                                m_{state}[y * ScreenWidth() + x] = 1;
                };
                auto unsetcell = [\&](int x, int y)
                                m_state[y * ScreenWidth() + x] = 0;
                // Store output state
```

```
for(i = 0; i < ScreenWidth()*ScreenHeight(); i++)</pre>
         m_{\text{output}}[i] = m_{\text{state}}[i];
for(int x = 0; x < ScreenWidth(); x++)
         for (int y = 0; y < ScreenHeight(); y++)
         {
                  if(cell(x, y))
                            Draw(x, y, PIXEL_SOLID, FG_BLACK);
                  else
                            Draw(x, y, PIXEL_SOLID, FG_WHITE);
         }
// WORKER ANTS
i = 0;
for(auto iterator = worker_ants.begin(); i < worker_ants.size(); iterator++, i++)
         \mathtt{ant} \, = \, *\mathtt{iterator} \, ;
         // DRAWING WORKER ANT
         Draw(ant[0], ant[1], PIXEL_SOLID, FG_RED);
         // ANT COMPUTATION
         \mathbf{if}(\text{cell}(\text{ant}[0], \text{ant}[1]) == 0)
                  if(ant[2] == 3)
                            ant [2] = 0;
                  else
                            ant [2]++;
                  \operatorname{setcell}(\operatorname{ant}[0], \operatorname{ant}[1]);
         else
                  if(ant[2] == 0)
                            ant [2] = 3;
                  else
                            ant [2] - -;
                  unsetcell(ant[0], ant[1]);
         // MOVING ANT
         if (ant [2] = 0) // Looking North
                  if(ant[1] == 0)
                            ant[1] = ScreenHeight() - 1;
                  else
                            ant [1] - -;
         else if (ant [2] == 1) // Looking East
                  if(ant[0] = (ScreenWidth() - 1))
                            ant [0] = 0;
                  else
                            ant[0]++;
         else if (ant [2] == 2) // Looking South
                  if(ant[1] = (ScreenHeight() - 1))
                            ant [1] = 0;
                  else
                            ant[1]++;
         else if (ant [2] == 3) // Looking West
                  if(ant[0] == 0)
                            ant[0] = ScreenWidth() - 1;
                  _{
m else}
                            ant [0] - -;
         // UPDATING LIFE STEPS
         ant [3] --;
         // ERASING ANT WHEN LIFE STEPS REACH 0
         if(ant[3] == 0)
                  worker_ants.erase(iterator);
}
```

```
// SOLDIER ANTS
for (auto iterator = soldier_ants.begin(); i < soldier_ants.size(); iterator++, i++)
         ant = *iterator;
         // DRAWING SOLDIER ANT
          \operatorname{Draw}\left( \, \operatorname{ant}\left[ \, 0 \, \right] \,, \  \, \operatorname{ant}\left[ \, 1 \, \right] \,, \  \, \operatorname{PIXEL\_SOLID} \,, \  \, \operatorname{FG\_BLUE} \right); 
         // ANT COMPUTATION
         \mathbf{if}(\operatorname{cell}(\operatorname{ant}[0], \operatorname{ant}[1]) = 0)
         {
                   if(ant[2] == 3)
                            ant[2] = 0;
                   else
                            ant [2]++;
                   setcell(ant[0], ant[1]);
         else
         {
                   if(ant[2] = 0)
                            ant[2] = 3;
                   else
                            ant[2] - -;
                   unsetcell(ant[0], ant[1]);
         // MOVING ANT
         if (ant [2] = 0) // Looking North
                   if(ant[1] == 0)
                            ant[1] = ScreenHeight() - 1;
                   else
                            ant[1] - -;
         else if (ant [2] = 1) // Looking East
                   if(ant[0] = (ScreenWidth() - 1))
                            ant [0] = 0;
                   else
                            ant[0]++;
         else if (ant [2] == 2) // Looking South
                   if(ant[1] = (ScreenHeight() - 1))
                            ant [1] = 0;
                   _{
m else}
                            ant[1]++;
         else if (ant [2] == 3) // Looking West
                   if(ant[0] == 0)
                            ant[0] = ScreenWidth() - 1;
                   else
                            \mathrm{ant}\left[ 0\right] --;
         ,
// UPDATING LIFE STEPS
         ant [3] - -;
         // ERASING ANT WHEN LIFE STEPS REACH 0
         \mathbf{if}(\operatorname{ant}[3] = 0)
                   soldier_ants.erase(iterator);
}
// FINDING QUEEN ANTS IN THE SAME POSITION
i = 0:
queens_to_erase_cnt = 0;
for(auto iterator = queen_ants.begin(); iterator != queen_ants.end(); iterator++, i
    ++)
{
         this_ant_erased = false;
         already_dead = false;
```

```
for(j = 0; j < queens_to_erase_cnt; j++)
           if(i == queens_to_erase[j])
                     already_dead = true;
if (already_dead)
          continue;
ant = *iterator;
// LOOKING FOR ANY OTHER QUEEN IN THE SAME POSITION
queens\_counter = 0;
\mathbf{for}\,(\mathbf{auto}\ \mathsf{queen\_iterator}\ =\ \mathsf{queen\_ants}\,.\,\mathsf{begin}\,(\,)\,\,;\,\,\,\mathsf{queen\_iterator}\ !=\ \mathsf{queen\_ants}\,.
     end(); queen_iterator++, queens_counter++)
           already_dead = false;
           for(j = 0; j < queens_to_erase_cnt; j++)
           {
                      if(queens\_counter == queens\_to\_erase[j])
                                already_dead = true;
           if (already_dead)
                     continue;
           queen_ant = *queen_iterator;
           // \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{cout} \; << \; "Ant \; " \; << \; i \; << \; " \; vs \; " \; << \; queens\_counter \; << \; endl;
           if(iterator != queen\_iterator && ant[0] == queen\_ant[0] && ant[1]
               = queen_ant[1]) // A QUEEN IN THE SAME POSITION NOT BEING
                 ITSELF
           {
                     \begin{array}{l} \textbf{if} (\, \text{ant} \, [\, 3\, ] \, < \, \text{queen\_apogee\_begin} \, \, | \, | \, \, \text{ant} \, [\, 3\, ] \, > \, \text{queen\_apogee\_end} \\ ) \, \, / / \, \, \textit{THIS QUEEN IS TOO YOUNG OR TOO OLD} \end{array}
                                if(queen_ant[3] >= queen_apogee_begin && queen_ant
                                                                        // THE OTHER
                                      [3] <= queen_apogee_end)
                                      QUEEN IS IN APOGEE
                                {
                                           // cout << " eliminated by " <<
                                                 queens\_counter << endl;
                                           // this\_thread::sleep\_for(1000ms);
                                           queens_to_erase[queens_to_erase_cnt++] = i;
                                           this_ant_erased = true;
                                else if ((rand() \% 2) == 0)
                                                                         // BOTH ARE TOO
                                     YOUNG OR TOO OLD
                                {
                                           queens_to_erase[queens_to_erase_cnt++] = i;
                                           this_ant_erased = true;
                                else
                                           queens_to_erase[queens_to_erase_cnt++] =
                                                queens_counter;
                     else // THIS QUEEN IS IN ITS APOGEE
                                \begin{array}{lll} \textbf{if} \, (\, \text{queen\_ant} \, [\, 3\, ] \, < \, \text{queen\_apogee\_begin} \, \mid \mid \, \text{queen\_ant} \\ [\, 3\, ] \, > \, \text{queen\_apogee\_end} \, \big) & // \, \textit{THE OTHER} \end{array}
                                      QUEEN IS TOO YOUNG OR TOO OLD
                                {
                                           queens\_to\_erase[queens\_to\_erase\_cnt++] =
                                                queens_counter;
                                else if ((rand() %2) == 0)
                                                                         // BOTH ARE IN
                                      THEIR APOGEE
                                {
                                           queens_to_erase [queens_to_erase_cnt++] = i;
                                           this_ant_erased = true;
                                else
                                           queens_to_erase[queens_to_erase_cnt++] =
                                                queens_counter;
```

```
}
                   if (this_ant_erased)
                             // cout << "This ant erased" << endl;
                             break;
                   }
^{'}// cout << "FINISHED" << endl;
// ACTUALLY ERASING QUEEN ANTS
i = 0;
j = 0;
for (auto iterator = queen_ants.begin(); j < queens_to_erase_cnt; i++)
         // cout << i << " == " << queens\_to\_erase[j] <math><< endl;
         if(i = queens\_to\_erase[j])
                   // \ cout << \ "Erasing \ " << \ i << \ endl;
                   queen_ants.erase(iterator);
                   if(j != queens_to_erase_cnt)
                             iterator++;
                   j++;
// cout << "KILLED" << endl;
// QUEEN ANTS
i = 0;
queens_to_erase_cnt = 0;
newborn\_counter = 0;
for(auto iterator = queen_ants.begin(); iterator != queen_ants.end(); iterator++, i
{
         ant = *iterator;
         // cout << "Queen" << i << " " << ant [0] << " : " << ant [1] << " : " << ant [2] << " : " << ant [3] << end l;
         // DRAWING QUEEN ANTS
          Draw(\,ant\,[\,0\,]\,\,,\,\,\,ant\,[\,1\,]\,\,,\,\,\,PIXEL\_SOLID\,,\,\,FG\_YELLOW)\,\,;
         // ANT COMPUTATION
         \mathbf{if}(\text{cell}(\text{ant}[0], \text{ant}[1]) == 0)
         {
                   if(ant[2] == 3)
                             ant [2] = 0;
                   else
                             ant [2]++;
                   setcell(ant[0], ant[1]);
         }
         else
         {
                   if(ant[2] == 0)
                             ant[2] = 3;
                             \mathrm{ant}\left[ 2\right] --;
                   unsetcell(ant[0], ant[1]);
          // MOVING ANT
         if (ant [2] == 0) // Looking North
         {
                   if(ant[1] == 0)
                             ant[1] = ScreenHeight() - 1;
                   else
                             ant [1] - -;
         else if (ant [2] == 1) // Looking East
         {
                   if(ant[0] = (ScreenWidth() - 1))
                             ant[0] = 0;
                   _{\mathbf{else}}
                             ant [0]++;
         }
```

```
else if (ant [2] == 2) // Looking South
        if(ant[1] = (ScreenHeight() - 1))
                 ant [1] = 0;
        else
                 ant[1]++;
else if (ant [2] == 3) // Looking West
        if(ant[0] == 0)
                 ant[0] = ScreenWidth() - 1;
        else
                 ant [0] - -;
// UPDATING LIFE STEPS
ant [3] --;
// ERASING ANT WHEN LIFE STEPS REACH 0
\mathbf{if} (ant [3] \ll 0)
{
        queens_to_erase[queens_to_erase_cnt++] = i++;
        continue;
}
.
// REPRODUCTION PERIOD
if (ant [3] >= queen_apogee_begin && ant [3] <= queen_apogee_end)
        // cout << "Reproduction Period" << endl;
        // LOOKING FOR ANY OTHER SOLDIER ANT IN THE SAME POSITION
        i = 0;
        for (auto soldier_iterator = soldier_ants.begin(); j < soldier_ants.
            size(); soldier_iterator++, j++)
                 soldier_ant = *soldier_iterator;
                 // A SOLDIER IN THE SAME POSITION
                 if(soldier_ant[0] = ant[0] & soldier_ant[1] = ant[1])
                         allowreproduction = false;
                         if(((soldier_ant[2] + 2) \% 4) = ant[2] \&\&
                             reproduction 180 angle)
                                                          // SOLDIER AND
                             QUEEN MET AT 180
                                  allowreproduction = true;
                         else if (((soldier_ant [2] + 3) \% 4) == ant [2] &&
                                                      // SOLDIER AND QUEEN
                             reproduction 90 angle)
                             MET AT 90
                                  allowreproduction = true;
                         if(allowreproduction)
                                  for(k = 0; k < 2; k++) // GIVING BIRTH TO
                                      TWO OTHER ANTS
                                          newborn_ants[newborn_counter] = (
                                              int *) malloc(4 * sizeof(int));
                                          // newborn_ants[newborn_counter][0]
                                               = \ ant \ [0] \ - \ (k \ + \ 1) \ ; \ // \ X
                                              position
                                          // newborn_ants[newborn_counter][1]
                                               = ant[1] - (k + 1); // Y
                                              position
                                          newborn_ants[newborn_counter][0] =
                                              rand() % ScreenWidth(); // X
                                              position
                                          newborn_ants[newborn_counter][1] =
                                              rand() % ScreenHeight(); // Y
                                              position
                                          newborn_ants[newborn_counter][2] =
                                              rand() % 4;
                                                               // Direction N-
                                              F_{-}S_{-}W
                                          newborn_counter++;
                                  }
                         }
```

```
}
                                  }
                 // INSERTING NEW BORNS WHERE THEY BELONG
                 for(k = 0; k < newborn\_counter; k++)
                          newborn_probability = rand() % 100;
                          if (newborn_probability < 30)
                                  newborn_ants[k][3] = worker_life;
                                  worker_ants.push_back(newborn_ants[k]);
                         else if (newborn_probability < 60)
                                  newborn\_ants\,[\,k\,]\,[\,3\,]\ =\ soldier\_life\;;
                                  soldier_ants.push_back(newborn_ants[k]);
                         else if (newborn_probability < 100)
                                  newborn_ants[k][3] = queen_life;
                                  queen_ants.push_back(newborn_ants[k]);
                 // ACTUALLY ERASING QUEEN ANTS
                 i = 0;
                 i = 0;
                 for (auto iterator = queen_ants.begin(); i < queen_ants.size() && j <
                     queens_to_erase_cnt; iterator++, i++)
                          if(i = queens\_to\_erase[j])
                                  queen_ants.erase(iterator);
                         }
                 // WRITING
                 density_writer << (double) (worker_ants.size() + soldier_ants.size() + queen_ants.
                     size()) / (ScreenWidth() * ScreenHeight()) << endl;</pre>
                 return true;
        }
};
int main()
{
        // Seed random number generator
        srand(clock());
        int queen_life , worker_life , soldier_life;
        double queen_percentage, soldier_percentage, worker_percentage;
        int nants, console_dimension, close_range;
        string life_steps;
        cout << "Enter_console_dimension:_";</pre>
        cin >> console_dimension;
        cout << "Enter_how_close_you_want_them:_";</pre>
        cin >> close_range;
        cout << "Enter_number_of_ants:_";</pre>
        cin >> nants;
        cout << "Enter_queen_life_steps:_";</pre>
        cin >> queen_life;
        cout << "Enter_soldier_life_steps:_";</pre>
        cin >> soldier_life;
        cout << "Enter_worker_life_steps:_";</pre>
        cin >> worker_life;
        cout << "Enter_queen_percentage_at_start:_";</pre>
        cin >> queen_percentage;
        cout << "Enter_soldier_percentage_at_start:_";</pre>
        cin >> soldier_percentage;
```