Correlated random effects: `iid1d`, `iid2d`, `iid3d`, `iid4d` and `iid5d`

This model is available for dimensions $p = 1, 2, 3, 4$ and 5. We describe in detail the case for $p = 2$, and then the changes required for $p = 1$, $p = 3$, $p = 4$ and $p = 5$

Parametrization

The 2-dimensional Normal-Wishard model is used if one want to define two vectors of "random effects", u and v, say, for which (u_i, v_i) are iid bivariate Normals

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_i \\ v_i \end{pmatrix} \sim \mathcal{N}\left(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{W}^{-1}\right)$$

where the covariance matrix $\mathbf{W}^{-1}$ is

$$\mathbf{W}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1/\tau_a & \rho/\sqrt{\tau_a \tau_b} \\ \rho/\sqrt{\tau_a \tau_b} & 1/\tau_b \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

and τ_a, τ_b and ρ are the hyperparameters.

Note that ρ is the correlation coefficient, and that τ_a and τ_b are the *marginal precisions, not* the elements in the precision matrix.

For these models the precision matrix $\mathbf{W}$ is Wishart distributed

$$\mathbf{W} \sim \text{Wishart}_p(r, \mathbf{R}^{-1}), \quad p = 2$$

with density

$$\pi(\mathbf{W}) = c^{-1} |\mathbf{W}|^{(r-(p+1))/2} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}\text{Trace}(\mathbf{WR})\right\}, \quad r > p + 1$$

and

$$c = 2^{(rp)/2} |\mathbf{R}|^{-r/2} \pi^{(p(p-1))/4} \prod_{j=1}^{p} \Gamma((r + 1 - j)/2).$$

Then,

$$\text{E}(\mathbf{W}) = r\mathbf{R}^{-1}, \quad \text{and} \quad \text{E}(\mathbf{W}^{-1}) = \mathbf{R}/(r - (p + 1)).$$

Hyperparameters

The hyperparameters are

$$\theta = (\log \tau_a, \log \tau_b, \tilde{\rho})$$

where

$$\rho = 2\frac{\exp(\tilde{\rho})}{\exp(\tilde{\rho}) + 1} - 1$$

The prior-parameters are

$$(r, R_{11}, R_{22}, R_{12})$$

where

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} R_{11} & R_{12} \\ R_{21} & R_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

and $r_{12} = R_{21}$ due to symmetry.

The `inla` function reports posterior distribution for the hyperparameters τ_a, τ_b, ρ in equation (1).

The prior for θ is **fixed** to be `wishart2d`

Specification

The model `iid2d` is specified as

```
y ~ f(i, model="iid2d",n = <length>) + ...
```

and the `iid2d` model is represented internally as one vector of length n,

$$(u_1, u_2, \ldots, u_m, v_1, v_2, \ldots, v_m)$$

where $n = 2m$, and n is the (required) argument in `f()`.

For this model the argument `constr=TRUE` is interpreted as

$$\sum u_i = 0, \quad \text{and} \quad \sum v_i = 0.$$

Hyperparameter spesification and default values

doc Gaussian random effect in dim=2 with Wishart prior

hyper

    theta1

        hyperid 26001
        name log precision1
        short.name prec1
        initial 4
        fixed FALSE
        prior wishart2d
        param 4 1 1 0
        to.theta function(x) log(x)
        from.theta function(x) exp(x)

    theta2

        hyperid 26002
        name log precision2
        short.name prec2
        initial 4
        fixed FALSE
        prior none
        param
        to.theta function(x) log(x)
        from.theta function(x) exp(x)

    theta3

        hyperid 26003
        name logit correlation
        short.name cor
        initial 4
        fixed FALSE

prior `none`

param

to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

constr `FALSE`

nrow.ncol `FALSE`

augmented `TRUE`

aug.factor `1`

aug.constr `1 2`

n.div.by `2`

n.required `TRUE`

set.default.values `TRUE`

pdf `iid123d`

Example

In these examples we demonstrate the use of the iid2d-model, with observations that are without noise (essentially).

```
n = 1000
N = 2*n

## need it to simulate data
library(mvtnorm)

if (TRUE)
{
    ## first example - each variable in the correlated pair has its own row in data

    #Using fixed covariance matrix
    rho = 0.5
    ## set variances
    Sigma = matrix(c(1/1, NA, NA, 1/2), 2, 2)
    ## and the correlation
    Sigma[1,2] = Sigma[2,1] = rho*sqrt(Sigma[1,1]*Sigma[2,2])

    y = yy = rmvnorm(n, sigma=Sigma)
    y = c(y[,1], y[,2])

    i = 1:N
    formula = y ~ f(i, model="iid2d", n=N)

    r = inla(formula, data = data.frame(i,y),
            control.family=list(initial=10,fixed=TRUE))
```

```
    print(summary(r))

    print(1/diag(cov(yy)))
    print(cor(yy)[1,2])
}

if (TRUE)
{
    ## second example - both correlated variables occur in the same row of data

    #drawing covariance matrix from hyperprior
    #Let's specify non-default values, expecting strong covariance
    r = 4
    R11 = 5
    R22 = 4
    R12 = 3

    R = matrix(c(R11,R12,R12,R22), 2, 2)
    #Take a single sample from wishart_2(r,R^-1)
    W = rWishart(1,r,solve(R))[,,1]
    Sigma = solve(W) #Compute the covariance matrix


    y = yy = rmvnorm(n, sigma=Sigma)
    z = rnorm(n)
    zz = rnorm(n)
    y = y[,1] + z*y[,2] + zz
    i = 1:n
    j = n + 1:n
    formula = y ~ f(i, model="iid2d", n=N) + f(j,z,copy="i") + zz

    r = inla(formula, data = data.frame(i,j,y,z,zz),
            control.family=list(initial=10,fixed=TRUE),keep=T)
    print(summary(r))

    #The params as in the Sigma matrix
    print(1/diag(Sigma))
    print(cov2cor(Sigma)[1,2])

    #The params as seen in data
    print(1/diag(cov(yy)))
    print(cor(yy)[1,2])
}
```

The case $p = 1$

For $p = 1$ the hyperparameter is the marginal precision

$$\theta = \log \tau_1$$

The prior is fixed to be `wishart1d` with parameters

$$param = \quad r \ R_{11}$$

where
$$\mathbf{R} = \left[\begin{array}{c} R_{11} \end{array} \right]$$

Hyperparameter spesification and default values

doc Gaussian random effect in dim=1 with Wishart prior

hyper

> **theta**
>
>> **hyperid** 25001
>> **name** precision
>> **short.name** prec
>> **initial** 4
>> **fixed** FALSE
>> **prior** wishart1d
>> **param** 2 1e-04
>> **to.theta** function(x) log(x)
>> **from.theta** function(x) exp(x)

constr FALSE

nrow.ncol FALSE

augmented FALSE

aug.factor 1

aug.constr

n.div.by

n.required FALSE

set.default.values TRUE

pdf iid123d

The case $p = 3$

For $p = 3$ the hyperparameters are
$$\theta = (\log \tau_1, \log \tau_2, \log \tau_3, \tilde{\rho}_{12}, \tilde{\rho}_{13}, \tilde{\rho}_{23})$$

The prior is fixed to be wishart3d with parameters

$$param = \quad r \ R_{11} \ R_{22} \ R_{33} \ R_{12} \ R_{13} \ R_{23}$$

where

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} R_{11} & R_{12} & R_{13} \\ R_{12} & R_{22} & R_{23} \\ R_{13} & R_{23} & R_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

The reported hyperparameters are the marginal precisions τ_1, τ_2 and τ_3 and the correlations ρ_{12}, ρ_{13} and ρ_{23}.

In this case, the internal representation is given as

$$(u_1, u_2, \ldots, u_m, v_1, v_2, \ldots, v_m, w_1, w_2, \ldots, w_m)$$

where $n = 3m$ is a required argument, and where (u_i, v_i, w_i) are trivariate iid Normal.

Hyperparameter spesification and default values

doc Gaussian random effect in dim=3 with Wishart prior

hyper

    theta1

        hyperid 27001

        name log precision1

        short.name prec1

        initial 4

        fixed FALSE

        prior wishart3d

        param 7 1 1 1 0 0 0

        to.theta function(x) log(x)

        from.theta function(x) exp(x)

    theta2

        hyperid 27002

        name log precision2

        short.name prec2

        initial 4

        fixed FALSE

        prior none

        param

        to.theta function(x) log(x)

        from.theta function(x) exp(x)

    theta3

        hyperid 27003

        name log precision3

        short.name prec3

        initial 4

        fixed FALSE

        prior none

        param

        to.theta `function(x) log(x)`

        from.theta `function(x) exp(x)`

   theta4

        hyperid `27004`

        name `logit correlation12`

        short.name `cor12`

        initial `0`

        fixed `FALSE`

        prior `none`

        param

        to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

        from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

   theta5

        hyperid `27005`

        name `logit correlation13`

        short.name `cor13`

        initial `0`

        fixed `FALSE`

        prior `none`

        param

        to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

        from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

   theta6

        hyperid `27006`

        name `logit correlation23`

        short.name `cor23`

        initial `0`

        fixed `FALSE`

        prior `none`

        param

        to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

        from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

constr `FALSE`

nrow.ncol `FALSE`

augmented `TRUE`

aug.factor `1`

aug.constr `1 2 3`

n.div.by `3`

n.required `TRUE`

set.default.values `TRUE`

pdf `iid123d`

The case $p = 4$

For $p = 4$ the hyperparameters are

$$\theta = (\log \tau_1, \log \tau_2, \log \tau_3, \log \tau_4, \tilde{\rho}_{12}, \tilde{\rho}_{13}, \tilde{\rho}_{14}, \tilde{\rho}_{23}, \tilde{\rho}_{24}, \tilde{\rho}_{34})$$

The prior is fixed to be `wishart4d` with parameters

$$param = \quad r \; R_{11} \; R_{22} \; R_{33} \; R_{44} \; R_{12} \; R_{13} \; R_{14} \; R_{23} \; R_{24} \; R_{34}$$

where
$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} R_{11} & R_{12} & R_{13} & R_{14} \\ R_{12} & R_{22} & R_{23} & R_{24} \\ R_{13} & R_{23} & R_{33} & R_{34} \\ R_{14} & R_{24} & R_{34} & R_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

The reported hyperparameters are the marginal precisions τ_1, τ_2, τ_3 and τ_4, and the correlations ρ_{12}, ρ_{13}, ρ_{14}, ρ_{23}, ρ_{24} and ρ_{34}.

In this case, the internal representation is given as

$$(u_1, u_2, \ldots, u_m, v_1, v_2, \ldots, v_m, w_1, w_2, \ldots, w_m, x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_m)$$

where $n = 4m$ is a required argument, and where (u_i, v_i, w_i, x_i) are fourvariate iid Normal.

Hyperparameter spesification and default values

doc Gaussian random effect in dim=4 with Wishart prior

hyper

    theta1

        hyperid 28001

        name log precision1

        short.name prec1

        initial 4

        fixed FALSE

        prior wishart4d

        param 11 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0

        to.theta function(x) log(x)

        from.theta function(x) exp(x)

    theta2

        hyperid 28002

        name log precision2

        short.name prec2

        initial 4

        fixed FALSE

        prior none

        param

        to.theta function(x) log(x)

from.theta `function(x) exp(x)`

theta3

    hyperid `28003`

    name `log precision3`

    short.name `prec3`

    initial `4`

    fixed `FALSE`

    prior `none`

    param

    to.theta `function(x) log(x)`

    from.theta `function(x) exp(x)`

theta4

    hyperid `28004`

    name `log precision4`

    short.name `prec4`

    initial `4`

    fixed `FALSE`

    prior `none`

    param

    to.theta `function(x) log(x)`

    from.theta `function(x) exp(x)`

theta5

    hyperid `28005`

    name `logit correlation12`

    short.name `cor12`

    initial `0`

    fixed `FALSE`

    prior `none`

    param

    to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

    from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

theta6

    hyperid `28006`

    name `logit correlation13`

    short.name `cor13`

    initial `0`

    fixed `FALSE`

    prior `none`

    param

    to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

    from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

theta7

    hyperid `28007`

    name `logit correlation14`

        short.name `cor14`

        initial `0`

        fixed `FALSE`

        prior `none`

        param

        to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

        from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

    theta8

        hyperid `28008`

        name `logit correlation23`

        short.name `cor23`

        initial `0`

        fixed `FALSE`

        prior `none`

        param

        to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

        from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

    theta9

        hyperid `28009`

        name `logit correlation24`

        short.name `cor24`

        initial `0`

        fixed `FALSE`

        prior `none`

        param

        to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

        from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

    theta10

        hyperid `28010`

        name `logit correlation34`

        short.name `cor34`

        initial `0`

        fixed `FALSE`

        prior `none`

        param

        to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

        from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

constr `FALSE`

nrow.ncol `FALSE`

augmented `TRUE`

aug.factor `1`

aug.constr `1 2 3 4`

n.div.by 4

n.required `TRUE`

set.default.values `TRUE`

pdf `iid123d`

The case $p = 5$

The case $p = 5$ follows by a direct extention of $p = 3$ and $p = 4$, and is therefore not included.

Hyperparameter spesification and default values

doc `Gaussian random effect in dim=5 with Wishart prior`

hyper

    theta1

        hyperid `29001`
        name `log precision1`
        short.name `prec1`
        initial `4`
        fixed `FALSE`
        prior `wishart5d`
        param `16 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0`
        to.theta `function(x) log(x)`
        from.theta `function(x) exp(x)`

    theta2

        hyperid `29002`
        name `log precision2`
        short.name `prec2`
        initial `4`
        fixed `FALSE`
        prior `none`
        param
        to.theta `function(x) log(x)`
        from.theta `function(x) exp(x)`

    theta3

        hyperid `29003`
        name `log precision3`
        short.name `prec3`
        initial `4`
        fixed `FALSE`
        prior `none`
        param
        to.theta `function(x) log(x)`

from.theta `function(x) exp(x)`

theta4

    hyperid `29004`

    name `log precision4`

    short.name `prec4`

    initial `4`

    fixed `FALSE`

    prior `none`

    param

    to.theta `function(x) log(x)`

    from.theta `function(x) exp(x)`

theta5

    hyperid `29005`

    name `log precision5`

    short.name `prec5`

    initial `4`

    fixed `FALSE`

    prior `none`

    param

    to.theta `function(x) log(x)`

    from.theta `function(x) exp(x)`

theta6

    hyperid `29006`

    name `logit correlation12`

    short.name `cor12`

    initial `0`

    fixed `FALSE`

    prior `none`

    param

    to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

    from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

theta7

    hyperid `29007`

    name `logit correlation13`

    short.name `cor13`

    initial `0`

    fixed `FALSE`

    prior `none`

    param

    to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

    from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

theta8

    hyperid `29008`

    name `logit correlation14`

short.name `cor14`

initial `0`

fixed `FALSE`

prior `none`

param

to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

theta9

hyperid `29009`

name `logit correlation15`

short.name `cor15`

initial `0`

fixed `FALSE`

prior `none`

param

to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

theta10

hyperid `29010`

name `logit correlation23`

short.name `cor23`

initial `0`

fixed `FALSE`

prior `none`

param

to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

theta11

hyperid `29011`

name `logit correlation24`

short.name `cor24`

initial `0`

fixed `FALSE`

prior `none`

param

to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

theta12

hyperid `29012`

name `logit correlation25`

short.name `cor25`

initial `0`

fixed `FALSE`

prior `none`

param

to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

   theta13

     hyperid `29013`

     name `logit correlation34`

     short.name `cor34`

     initial `0`

     fixed `FALSE`

     prior `none`

     param

     to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

     from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

   theta14

     hyperid `29014`

     name `logit correlation35`

     short.name `cor35`

     initial `0`

     fixed `FALSE`

     prior `none`

     param

     to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

     from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

   theta15

     hyperid `29015`

     name `logit correlation45`

     short.name `cor45`

     initial `0`

     fixed `FALSE`

     prior `none`

     param

     to.theta `function(x) log((1 + x) / (1 - x))`

     from.theta `function(x) 2 * exp(x) / (1 + exp(x)) - 1`

constr `FALSE`

nrow.ncol `FALSE`

augmented `TRUE`

aug.factor `1`

aug.constr `1 2 3 4 5`

n.div.by `5`

n.required `TRUE`

set.default.values `TRUE`

pdf `iid123d`

Notes

The model `iid1d` is similar to the model `iid` (and included for completeness only). The prior for `iid1d` is fixed to be Wishart-distributed, which reduces to a Gamma-distribution for the precision with parameters

$$a = r/2 \qquad \text{and} \qquad b = R_{11}/2$$

hence

```
y ~ f(i, model="iid1d", hyper = list(theta=list(param=c(3, 4))))
```

is equivalent to

```
y ~ f(i, model="iid", hyper = list(theta=list(param=c(1.5, 2), prior="loggamma")))
```