$\begin{array}{c} MA226: Monte-Carlo \ Simulation \\ Variation \ Reduction \ Techniques \\ & Assignment \ 8 \end{array}$

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1 Problem 1

We have to use Monte Carlo Estimator for random variable $I=E[e^{U^{1/2}}]$

1.1 Source code of the solution

```
e < -c(2,3,4,5)
for(x in e){
        cat ("\nSample_Size:_",x,"\n")
        M \leftarrow 10^x
        u1<-runif(M)
        u2 < -runif(M)
        sample < -(exp(u1^(1/2)) + exp(u1^(1/2)))/2
         cat("Mean_without-antithetic_:_",mean(sample),"\n")
         cat("Variance\_without-antithetic\_:\_", var(sample), "\n")
         var_original<-var(sample)
        u1<-runif (M)
        u2<-1-u1
        sample1 < -exp(u1^(1/2))
        sample2 \leftarrow exp(u2^(1/2))
        sample < -(sample1 + sample2)/2
        mean\_sample < -mean(sample)
        var\_sample < -var(sample)
         \mathbf{cat} ("Mean_of_Y_:_", mean(sample), "\n")
         cat("Variance_of_Y_:_", var(sample),"\n")
         cat ("Percentage_reduction_in_Variance:_",
                  (var_original-var(sample))/(var_original)*100,"\%\n")
         alpha<-0.05
         x<-mean_sample-qnorm(1-alpha/2)*var_sample/sqrt(M)
        y < -mean\_sample + qnorm(1 - alpha/2) * var\_sample/sqrt(M)
         cat ("Confidence _ Interval : _ (",x," _ , _",y,")","\n")
```

1.2 Observation

Sample Size: 2 Mean: 1.967482 Variance: 0.1850384 Confidence Interval: (1.931215 , 2.003749) Sample Size: 3 Mean: 1.995675 Variance: 0.2132864 Confidence Interval: (1.982456 , 2.008894)

Sample Size: 4 Mean: 1.994284 Variance: 0.1934042

Confidence Interval: (1.990494 , 1.998075)

Sample Size: 5 Mean: 2.00165 Variance: 0.1938415

Confidence Interval: (2.000448 , 2.002851)

2 Problem 2

We have to to estimate following random variable using antithetic variates.

. The given random variable $Y_i = \frac{e^{U_i^{1/2}} + e^{1-U_i^{1/2}}}{2}$

2.1 Source code of the solution

```
e < -c(2,3,4,5)
for(x in e){
            cat("\nSample_Size:_",x,"\n")
MK-10^x
            u1<-runif(M)
            u2<-runif(M)
            sample < -(exp(u1^(1/2)) + exp(u1^(1/2)))/2
            cat("Mean\_without-antithetic\_:\_", mean(sample)," \n")
            cat("Variance\_without-antithetic\_:\_", var(sample), "\n")
            \mathbf{var}\, \_\, o\, r\, i\, g\, i\, n\, a\, l \!<\!\! -\mathbf{var}\, (\, \mathbf{sample}\, )
            u1 < -runif(M)
            u2 < -1 - u1
            sample1 < -exp(u1^(1/2))
            sample2 \leftarrow exp(u2^(1/2))
            sample < -(sample1 + sample2)/2
            mean\_sample < -mean(sample)
            var_sample < -var(sample)
            \begin{array}{l} \textbf{cat} (\text{"Mean\_of\_Y\_:\_"}, \textbf{mean}(\textbf{sample}), \text{"} \setminus \text{n"}) \\ \textbf{cat} (\text{"Variance\_of\_Y\_:\_"}, \textbf{var}(\textbf{sample}), \text{"} \setminus \text{n"}) \end{array}
            cat ("Percentage_reduction_in_Variance:_",
                         (var_original-var(sample))/(var_original)*100,"\%\n")
            alpha<-0.05
            x \leftarrow mean\_sample\_qnorm(1-alpha/2)*var\_sample/sqrt(M)
            y \le -\text{mean\_sample} + \text{qnorm}(1 - \text{alpha}/2) * \text{var\_sample} / \text{sqrt}(M)
            cat ("Confidence _ Interval : _ (",x," _ , _",y,")","\n")
```

2.2 Observation

Sample Size: 2

Mean without-antithetic: 2.022732 Variance without-antithetic: 0.1862374

Mean of Y : 1.996541Variance of Y : 0.001562767

Percentage reduction in Variance: 99.16087 Confidence Interval: (1.996235 , 1.996847)

Sample Size: 3

Mean without-antithetic: 2.014986 Variance without-antithetic: 0.1968573

Mean of Y : 2.000812Variance of Y : 0.001030568

Percentage reduction in Variance: 99.47649 Confidence Interval: (2.000748 , 2.000876)

Sample Size: 4

 $\label{eq:mean_substitution} \begin{aligned} & \text{Mean without-antithetic}: 1.992309 \\ & \text{Variance without-antithetic}: 0.1980112 \end{aligned}$

Mean of Y : 2.000028Variance of Y : 0.001067097

Percentage reduction in Variance: 99.46109 Confidence Interval: (2.000007 , 2.000049)

Sample Size: 5

Mean without-antithetic: 2.000763 Variance without-antithetic: 0.1935972

Mean of Y : 2.000117Variance of Y : 0.00106421

Percentage reduction in Variance: 99.4503 Confidence Interval: (2.000111 , 2.000124)

3 Problem 3

We have to to estimate above given random variable using control variate estimate. We take control variate estimate as $U^{1/2}$.

3.1 Source code of the solution

```
#control variate
e < -c(2,3,4,5)
for(x in e){
        cat ("\nSample_Size:_",x,"\n")
        M \leftarrow 10^x
        #simulation to estimate correlation
        u1 < -\mathbf{sqrt}(\mathbf{runif}(M))
        u2<-exp(u1)
        c<-(cov(u1, u2))/var(u1)
        \#variance\ reduction
        \#sam \leftarrow exp(sqrt(u1))
        w < -u2 + c * (0.66 - u1)
        cat("Mean_of_sample_:_",mean(w),"\n")
        cat ("Variance of sample: ", var (w), "\n")
        cat ("Percentage reduction in Variance: ",
                 (var(u2)-var(w))/(var(u2))*100," \%\n")
        var_sample<-var(w)
        alpha < -0.05
        x<-mean_sample-qnorm(1-alpha/2)*var_sample/sqrt(M)
        y<-mean_sample+qnorm(1-alpha/2)*var_sample/sqrt(M)
        cat ("Confidence_Interval: _(",x,"_,_",y,")","\n")
```

3.2 Observation

Sample Size: 2

Mean of sample: 1.990714

Variance of sample: 0.003255635

Percentage reduction in Variance: 98.41249 Confidence Interval: (1.990076 , 1.991352)

Sample Size: 3

Mean of sample: 1.988595

Variance of sample: 0.002865602

Percentage reduction in Variance: 98.5398 Confidence Interval: (1.988417 , 1.988772)

Sample Size: 4

Mean of sample : 1.986998

Variance of sample : 0.002730015

Percentage reduction in Variance: 98.58755 Confidence Interval: (1.986945 , 1.987052)

Sample Size: 5

Mean of sample: 1.98782

Variance of sample : 0.002717987

Percentage reduction in Variance: 98.60639 Confidence Interval: (1.987803 , 1.987837)