MA226 : Monte-Carlo Simulation Generation of Multivariate Random Numbers Assignment 9

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1 Problem 1 and 2

We have to generate Bivariate Random Numbers for the given parameters.

1.1 Source code of the solution

```
library (MASS)
n < -10000
a = arr < -c(-0.25, 0, 0.25)
mu \leq -matrix(c(5,8),nrow=2,ncol=1)
for(a in 1:length(a_arr)){
            cat("Calculation_for_c_=_",a_arr[a],"\n")
            sigma<-matrix(c(1,2*a_arr[a],2*a_arr[a],4),nrow=2,ncol=2)
            \operatorname{sigma\_root} \leftarrow \operatorname{\mathbf{matrix}} (\mathbf{c} (\operatorname{\mathbf{sqrt}} (\operatorname{\mathbf{sigma}} [1,1]), 0,
                                    a_arr[a]*sqrt(sigma[2,2]),
                                    sqrt(sigma[2,2]*(1-a_arr[a]*a_arr[a]))),
                                    nrow=2,ncol=2,byrow=TRUE)
            sample1<-vector(length=n)
            sample2<-vector(length=n)
            for(i in 1:n){
                        normal_mat<-matrix(c(rnorm(1),rnorm(1)),nrow=2,ncol=1,byrow=TRUE)
                        mat<-mu+sigma_root %*% normal_mat
                        sample1 [ i ]<-mat[1,1]
                        sample2 [ i ]<-mat [2,1]
            mean1<-mean(sample1)
            mean2<-mean(sample2)
            var1<-var(sample1)
            var2<-var(sample2)
            cov_final<-cov(sample1, sample2)
            cor_final<-cor(sample1, sample2)
           cat("Mean_vector_:=[",mean1,"=,=",mean2,"]\n")
cat("Cov_Matrix_:=[",var1,"=,=",cov_final,"]\n")
cat("______[",cov_final,"=,=",var2,"]\n")
cat("Correlation=:=",cor_final,"\n")
            png(paste("cdf_sample1_", toString(a),".png"))
            \mathbf{plot}\left(\operatorname{ecdf}\left(\mathbf{rnorm}(n,\mathbf{mean}\!\!=\!\!\operatorname{mu}[1\,,1]\,,\mathbf{sd}\!\!=\!\!\mathbf{sqrt}\left(\operatorname{sigma}\left[1\,,1\right]\right)\right)\right),\mathbf{col}\!\!=\!'\operatorname{cyan}'\right)
            par (new=TRUE)
            plot(ecdf(sample1), col='red')
            png(paste("cdf_sample2_",toString(a),".png"))
```

```
plot(ecdf(rnorm(n,mean=mu[2,1],sd=sqrt(sigma[2,2]))),col='cyan')
par(new=TRUE)
plot(ecdf(sample2),col='red')

z<-kde2d(sample1,sample2)
png(paste("contour_plot_",toString(a),".png"))
contour(z)
dev.off()
}</pre>
```

1.1.1 Plots

In the following plots, red line represents Emperical Distribution while blue line represents the actual Distribution.

ecdf(rnorm(n, meanecdf(sfámtj),st) = sqrt(sigma[1, 1])))

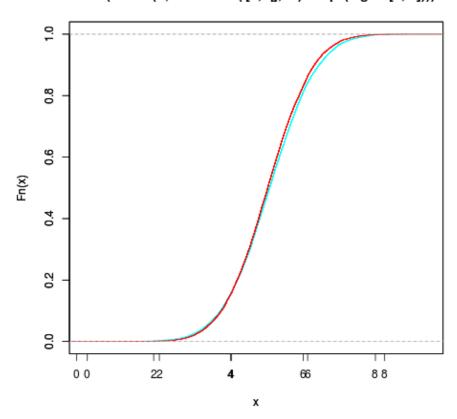


Abbildung 1: Cumulative Distribution Plot for Sample 1 when a=-0.25

ecdf(rnorm(n, meanecdf(4[amb]e2) = sqrt(sigma[2, 2]))) 90 70 70 00 55 100 1515

Abbildung 2: Cumulative Distribution Plot for Sample 2 when a=-0.25 $\,$

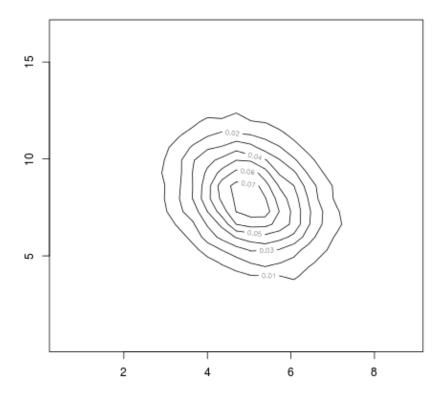


Abbildung 3: Contour Plots a=-0.25

ecdf(rnorm(n, meanecdf(44mt))est) = sqrt(sigma[1, 1]))) 90 90 90 20 22 44 66 88 1100

Abbildung 4: Cumulative Distribution Plot for Sample 1 when a=0 $\,$

ecdf(rnorm(n, meanecdf(s[2]mlp].es2) = sqrt(sigma[2, 2])))

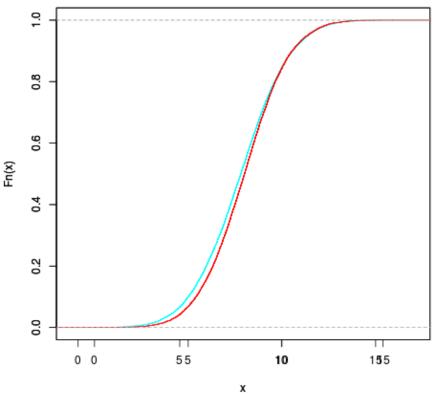


Abbildung 5: Cumulative Distribution Plot for Sample 2 when a=0 $\,$

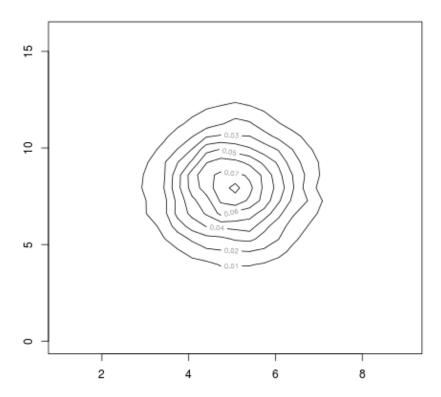


Abbildung 6: Contour Plots a=0

ecdf(rnorm(n, meanecdf(samti))est) = sqrt(sigma[1, 1]))) 90 90 70 22 44 66 88 10

Abbildung 7: Cumulative Distribution Plot for Sample 1 when a=0.25 $\,$

ecdf(rnorm(n, meanecdf(4[amb]e2) = sqrt(sigma[2, 2]))) 90 90 70 90 100 155

Abbildung 8: Cumulative Distribution Plot for Sample 2 when a=0.25 $\,$

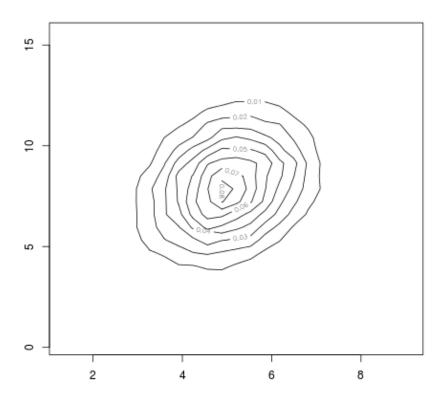


Abbildung 9: Contour Plots a=0.25

1.2 Observation

 $\label{eq:Calculation} \begin{aligned} & \text{Calculation for a} = -0.25 \\ & \text{Correlation} : -0.2593595 \end{aligned}$

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm Calculation~for~a=0} \\ {\rm Correlation: -0.008781629} \end{array}$

$$\label{eq:Calculation} \begin{split} & \text{Calculation for a} = 0.25 \\ & \text{Correlation} : 0.2582313 \end{split}$$

2 Problem 3

We have to generate Bivariate Normal Distribution using Conditioning which has same Parameters as problem before.

2.1 Source code of the solution

```
n < -10000
a < -c (-0.25, 0, 0.25)
\operatorname{sigma1} < -1
sigma2 < -2
mu1<-5
mu2<-8
for(i in 1:length(a)){
             cat ("Calculatiog _for _a == ", a[i], "\n")
             u1<-rnorm(n)
             u2<-rnorm(n)
             x1 \le -mu1 + sigma1 * u1
             x2<-mu2+ a[i]*sigma2*(x1-mu1)/sigma1 +
                          sqrt((1-a[i]*a[i])*sigma2*sigma2)*u2
             mean1 < -mean(x1)
             mean2 < -mean(x2)
             var1 < -var(x1)
             var2<-var(x2)
             \operatorname{\mathbf{cor}} _ final<-\operatorname{\mathbf{cor}}(\operatorname{x1},\operatorname{x2})
             cov_final<-cov(x1,x2)
             cat("Mean_vector_:_[",mean1,"_,_",mean2,"]\n")
cat("Cov_Matrix_:_[",var1,"_,_",cov_final,"]\n")
cat("______[",cov_final,"_,_",var2,"]\n")
cat("Correlation_:_",cor_final,"\n")
```

2.2 Observation

Calculating for a = -0.25

Mean vector : [5.013493, 8.019835]

Correlation : -0.2459039

Calculating for a = 0

Mean vector : [4.99696, 7.973594]

Correlation: -0.008732466

Calculating for a = 0.25

Mean vector : [4.999652, 8.016126]

Correlation: 0.2522113