## DATA130026.01 Optimization Assignment 6

Due Time: at the beginning of the class, Apr. 27, 2018

1. Consider the primal optimization problem

min 
$$x_1^4 - 2x_2^2 - x_2$$
  
s.t.  $x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_2 \le 0$ .

- (i) Is the problem convex?
- (ii) Does there exist an optimal solution to the problem?
- (iii) Write a dual problem. Solve it.
- (iv) Is the optimal value of the dual problem equal to the optimal value of primal problem? Find the optimal solution of the primal problem.

2. Find a dual problem to the following convex minimization problem:

min 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} (a_i x_i^2 + 2b_i x_i + e^{\alpha_i x_i})$$
  
s.t.  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i = 1$ ,

where  $\mathbf{a}, \alpha \in \mathbb{R}_{++}^{\mathbf{n}}, \mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{R}^{\mathbf{n}}$ .

3. Consider the following optimization problem in the variables  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $q \in \mathbb{R}^n$ :

where  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ ,  $f \in \mathbb{R}^m$ ,  $\epsilon \in \mathbb{R}_{++}$ . Assume in addition that the rows of A are linearly independent.

- (a) Explain why strong duality holds for problem.
- (b) Find a dual problem to problem (P). (Do not assign a Lagrange multiplier to the quadratic constraint.)
- (c) Solve the dual problem obtained in part (ii) and find the optimal solution of problem (P).
- 4. Consider the convex optimization problem

min 
$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} x_j \ln \frac{x_j}{c_j}$$
s.t. 
$$Ax \ge b$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} x_j = 1,$$

where c > 0,  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ ,  $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ . Find a dual problem. Simplify it as much as possible.

5. Consider the following optimization problem in the variables  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $q \in \mathbb{R}^n$ :

$$(P) \quad \begin{array}{ll} \min & \alpha \\ \text{s.t.} & Aq = \alpha f \\ & \|q\|_2^2 \le \epsilon, \end{array}$$

where  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ ,  $f \in \mathbb{R}^m$ ,  $\epsilon \in \mathbb{R}_{++}$ . Assume in addition that the rows of A are linearly independent.

- (a) Explain why strong duality holds for problem.
- (b) Find a dual problem to problem (P). (Do not assign a Lagrange multiplier to the quadratic constraint.)
- (c) Solve the dual problem obtained in part (ii) and find the optimal solution of problem (P).