

Skeleton Key for RNAseq analysis

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About

This is the script used to perform differential gene expression analysis using **edgeR**. The tissue came from p4 leaves of *Solanum lycopersicum* using Laser Capture Microdissection.

Key to Samples

genotype: either wildtype or *tf2*

region: A. tip B. early emerging leaflet C. base

type: MBR = Marginal Blastozone Region, other = the rachis or midvein region

Run this first chunk before rendering knitted document

See README.md for more detailed instructions of how to use script

```
library(edgeR)
library(yaml)

### Set Working Directory
rstudioapi::getActiveDocumentContext

## function ()
## {
##   context <- callFun("getActiveDocumentContext")
##   context$selection <- as.document_selection(context$selection)
##   structure(context, class = "document_context")
## }
## <environment: namespace:rstudioapi>

setwd(dirname(rstudioapi::getActiveDocumentContext()$path))

### Read in YAML guide
## This reads in the information in the `de.yaml` file which has the two names of the samples you are in

yaml <- yaml.load_file("de.yaml")

## This part assigns your YML to a object in R. This will be used throughout the script to specify wh

sample1 <- yaml$sample1
sample2 <- yaml$sample2

sample1

## [1] "tf2cmbr"

sample2
```

```
## [1] "tf2cother"
```

To make report

Run the `render()` function below and everything will be run with report at end.

```
library(rmarkdown)
render("skeletonDE_sept2017.Rmd", "pdf_document", output_file = paste(sample1,"_",sample2,"_", "DE.pdf",
```

Samples:

```
print(sample1)
```

```
## [1] "tf2cmbr"
```

```
print(sample2)
```

```
## [1] "tf2cother"
```

Analysis (Acutal start)

Read in Data

Read in raw count data per gene.

```
counts <- read.delim("../data/Ciera_coveragebed_counts.txt", row.names = 1)

colnames(counts)
#need to convert NA to 0 counts
counts[is.na(counts)] <- 0

## Get rid of low count libraries "wtbother1.4", "wtbmr8", "tf2ambr3"
counts <- counts[,-c(36,35,2)]
```

Subset DE expirement

Start by subsetting the particular treatments which are being compared. This might need to be modified depending on the naming of your samples. In my case each sample is named by sample and rep number, so the script is identifying any sample with the sample name given in the `de.yml` file.

```
colnames(counts)
```

```
## [1] "tf2ambr1"      "tf2ambr4"      "tf2ambr6"      "tf2aoother1"
## [5] "tf2aoother2"   "tf2aoother4"   "tf2aoother7"   "tf2bmr2"
## [9] "tf2bmr5"       "tf2bmr6"       "tf2bother1"    "tf2bother3"
## [13] "tf2bother4"    "tf2bother6"    "tf2cmbr1.4"    "tf2cmbr3"
## [17] "tf2cmbr6"      "tf2cmbr7"      "tf2cother2"    "tf2cother5"
## [21] "tf2cother6"    "tf2cother7"    "wtambr2"       "wtambr4"
## [25] "wtambr5"       "wtaoother1"    "wtaoother5"    "wtaoother6"
## [29] "wtaoother7"    "wtaoother8"    "wtbmr2"        "wtbmr3"
## [33] "wtbmr6"        "wtbother3"     "wtbother5"     "wtbother8"
## [37] "wtcmbr1.4.6"   "wtcmbr10"      "wtcmbr2"       "wtcmbr3"
## [41] "wtcmbr7"       "wtcmbr9"       "wtcother1.3.4" "wtcother2"
## [45] "wtcother6"
```

```
counts1 <- counts[,grep(sample1, colnames(counts), value = TRUE)]
count1Len <- length(colnames(counts1)) #used to specify library group in next step.

counts2 <- counts[,grep(sample2, colnames(counts), value = TRUE)]
count2Len <- length(colnames(counts2)) #used to specify library group in next step.

counts <- cbind(counts1, counts2)

head(counts)
```

```
##          tf2cmbr1.4 tf2cmbr3 tf2cmbr6 tf2cmbr7 tf2cother2 tf2cother5
## Solyc00g069887      2        4        5        4        6        6
## Solyc00g009145     182       11        2        6       16        8
## Solyc00g021530      2        3        3        0        2        3
## Solyc00g023020      0        0        0        1        3        0
## Solyc00g024690      2        0        1        1        0        2
## Solyc00g042147      0        1        0        1        0        0
##          tf2cother6 tf2cother7
## Solyc00g069887      10         7
## Solyc00g009145       0        16
## Solyc00g021530       2         0
## Solyc00g023020       2         0
## Solyc00g024690       2         1
## Solyc00g042147       0         0
```

Add column specifying library Group

Make a vector called group that will be used to make a new column named group to identify library region type.

```
group <- c(rep(sample1, count1Len), rep(sample2, count2Len))
d <- DGEList(counts = counts, group = group)
```

Check to see if the group column matches your sample name and they are appropriate.

```
d$samples

##          group lib.size norm.factors
## tf2cmbr1.4  tf2cmbr  3676403         1
## tf2cmbr3    tf2cmbr  7500766         1
## tf2cmbr6    tf2cmbr  4126462         1
## tf2cmbr7    tf2cmbr  4087482         1
## tf2cother2  tf2cother 6384339         1
## tf2cother5  tf2cother 6783700         1
## tf2cother6  tf2cother 3596218         1
## tf2cother7  tf2cother 4446279         1
```

Differential expression using edgeR

Make sure there is full understanding of each edgeR command being used. The manual is amazing so read it *before* running the DE analysis below edgeR manual. There are many options and they must be set to be appropriate for your analysis.

```

cpm.d <- cpm(d) #counts per million
d <- d[rowSums(cpm.d > 5) >= 3,] #This might be a line to adjust. It is removing genes with low counts.
d <- estimateCommonDisp(d,verbose = T)

## Disp = 0.15421 , BCV = 0.3927

d <- calcNormFactors(d)
d <- estimateCommonDisp(d)

DEtest <- exactTest(d, pair = c(sample1, sample2))
head(DEtest$table)

##              logFC    logCPM      PValue
## Solyc00g107055 -0.2042303  5.055901  6.243854e-01
## Solyc00g143770  1.3323511  2.401744  3.724171e-03
## Solyc00g183555 -2.2450898  4.651603  1.925995e-07
## Solyc00g212265 -2.3833565  5.564733  2.877019e-08
## Solyc00g005050 -0.3998046  3.983542  3.456724e-01
## Solyc00g005092 -1.4287176  5.308854  5.901379e-04

results <- topTags(DEtest, n = Inf)

dim(results$table)

## [1] 23318      4

sum(results$table$FDR < .05) # How many are DE genes?

## [1] 826

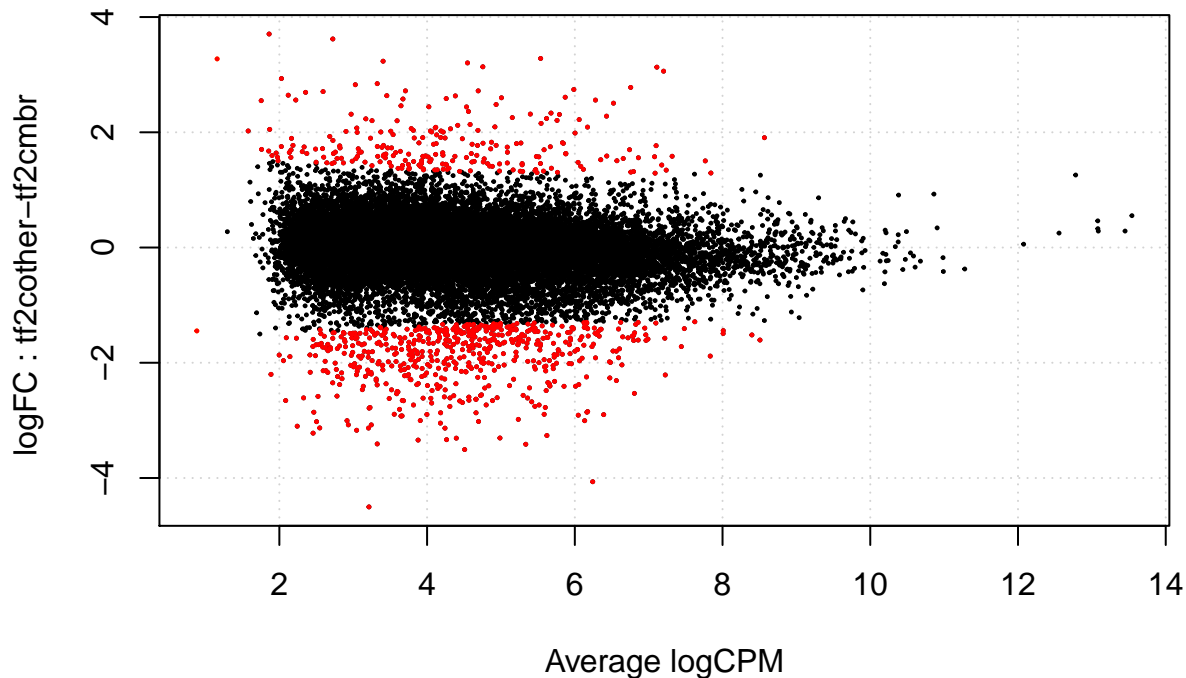
summary(decideTestsDGE(DEtest,p.value = .05))

##      [,1]
## -1    590
##  0   22492
##  1     236

sig.genes <- rownames(results$table[results$table$FDR < 0.05,]) # outputs just significant gene names

plotSmear(d,de.tags = sig.genes)

```



Subset all the genes with a significant FDR score less than .05.

```
results.sig <- subset(results$table, results$table$FDR < 0.05)
dim(results.sig)
```

```
## [1] 826 4
```

What are the genes that are misexpressed? For this we need to add some annotation.

Essentially we are merging two annotations files to 1.) only sig genes 2.) all genes

```
annotation1 <- read.delim("../data/ITAG2.3_all_Arabidopsis_ITAG_annotations.tsv", header = FALSE) #
colnames(annotation1) <- c("ITAG", "SGN_annotation")
annotation2 <- read.delim("../data/ITAG2.3_all_Arabidopsis_annotated.tsv")
annotation <- merge(annotation1, annotation2, by = "ITAG")

## Remove the trailing
annotation$ITAG <- gsub("^(.*)[.]*", "\\1", annotation$ITAG)
annotation$ITAG <- gsub("^(.*)[.]*", "\\1", annotation$ITAG)

#Making the only significant gene table
results.sig$ITAG <- rownames(results.sig) #change row.names to ITAG for merging
results.sig.annotated <- merge(results.sig, annotation, by = "ITAG", all.x = TRUE) #This is merging only

#Making all table
results$table$ITAG <- rownames(results$table)
results.all.annotated <- merge(results$table, annotation, by = "ITAG")
```

Write table with results.

```
write.table(results.all.annotated, file = paste(sample1, "_", sample2, "_", "DE_all.txt", sep = ""),
            sep = "\t", row.names = F)
write.table(results.sig.annotated, file = paste(sample1, "_", sample2, "_", "DE_sig.txt", sep = ""),
            sep = "\t", row.names = F)
```

Now run the script below for a full `knitr` report of what was run and leave this report in the folder that the analysis was done with output files.