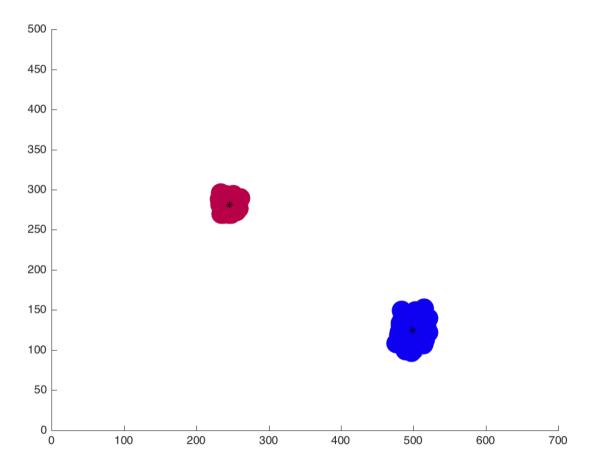
Optimal gaze control

THROUGH REINFORCEMENT LEARNING

What is it really?

A biologically inspired robotics model.

A general learning strategy for where to look to optimise the current task.



Previous Work

Optimal gaze control thesis by Nunez Varela

Decision under uncertainty paper by Rashej Rao (2010)

Prerequisite

- 1. Particle Filters
- 2. Reinforcement Learning
- 3. Radial Basis Function Networks

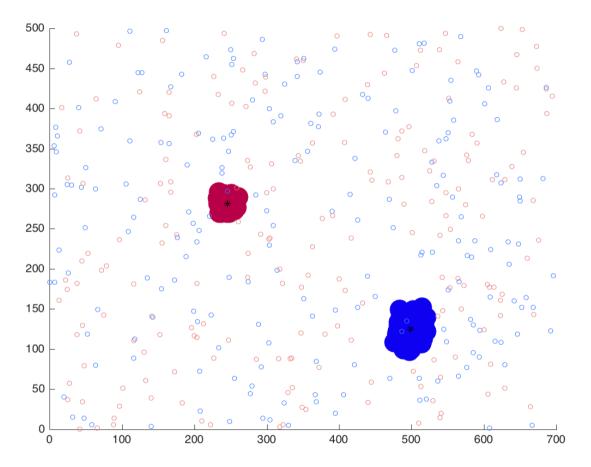
Prerequisite

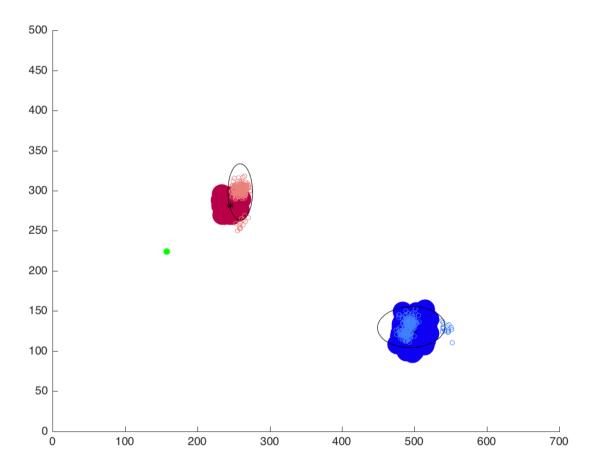
- 1. Particle Filters
- 2. Reinforcement Learning
- 3. Radial Basis Function Networks
- 4. Learning formula for where to optimally look

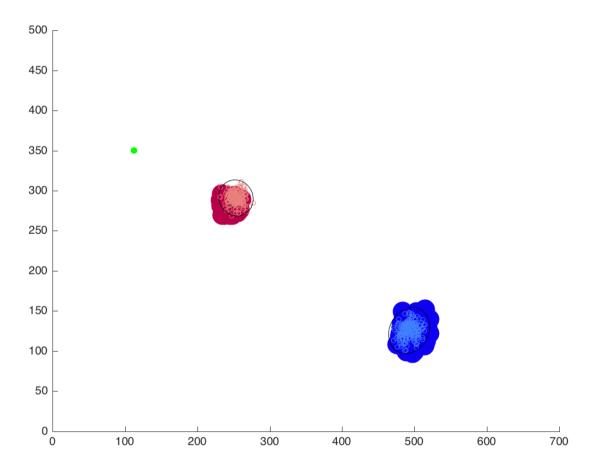
1. Particle Filter

Approximates the state of the system (i.e. object location).

Approximates the current uncertainty on the object location.







2. Reinforcement learning

Teaches robot task objective through positive and negative rewards

image source: http://mnemstudio.org

Problems

Suitable for discrete space, but our space has continuous values.

What do we do?

Problems

Suitable for discrete space, but our space has continuous values.

What do we do?

Store the reward for state – action pairs in a neural network.

Radial Basis Function Networks

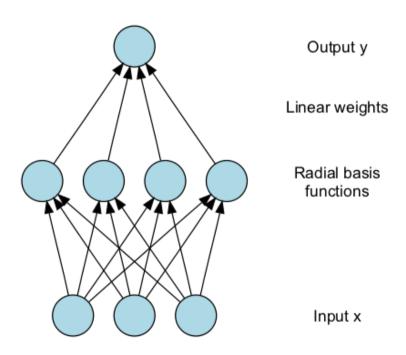


image source: http://en.wikipedia.org/

Rashej Rao

Radial Basis Functions are used to store the reward and action.

Rashej Rao

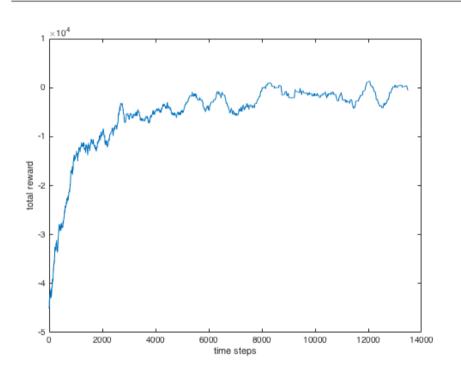
Radial Basis Functions are used to store the reward and action.

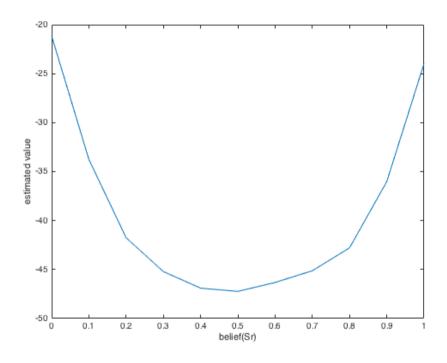
Network input is the belief space.

For Rao, it is a state $b_s = [p(left) p(right)]$

In our case it is the eigen value and reward value of each target.

Rashej Rao (implementation)





Current Progress

Implemented reinforcement learning over grasping uncertainty

