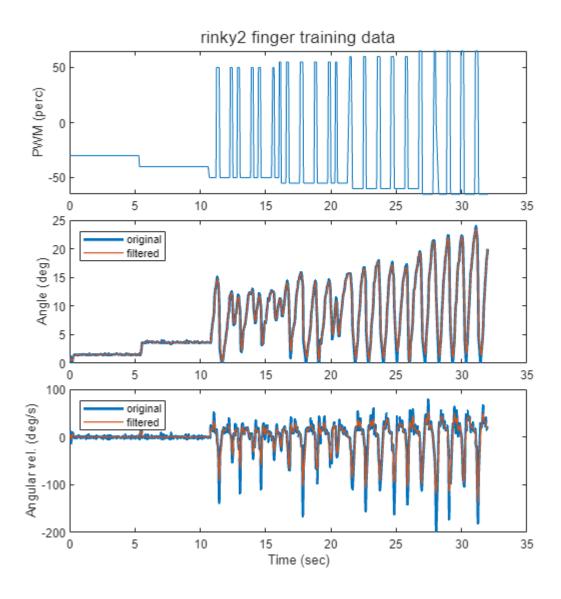
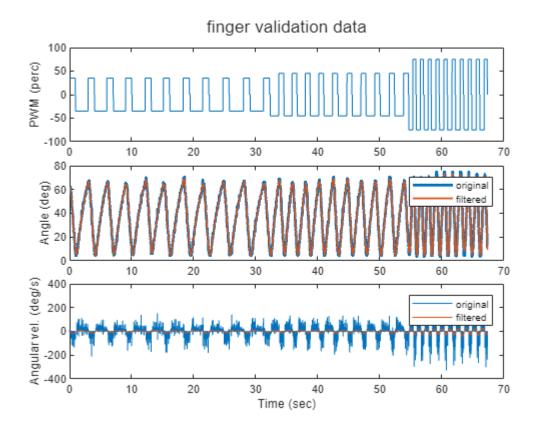
ergoCub Finger PID tuning

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Read and plot datasets





Run identification as process model

We target a continuous LTI model in the form

$$\frac{y}{u} = \frac{k(s - z_1)}{(s - p_1)(s - p_2)}$$

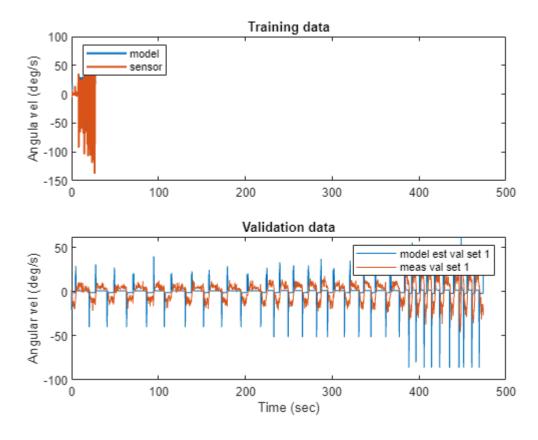
The poles can be real or complex conjugate.

```
ans =
   From input "u1" to output "y1":
    -8.5371 (s+0.09388)
    -----(s^2 + 10.59s + 31.68)

Continuous-time zero/pole/gain model.
```

Plot results.

Model Properties



name: "Validation set 1 result"

value: 15.3583

Add integrator for position control

We change the IO relationship from $\frac{\dot{\theta}}{u}$ to $\frac{\theta}{u}$ since we want to control the finger position.

Run autotuning

Here we define the specifications to tune the position controller in a robust way, and run the tuning algorithm.

Define tuning goals

Define the desired specifications.

option 3 - custom

Ts:0.05, responsetime:0.5, dcerror:0.005, peakerror:1.1, Overshoot:20

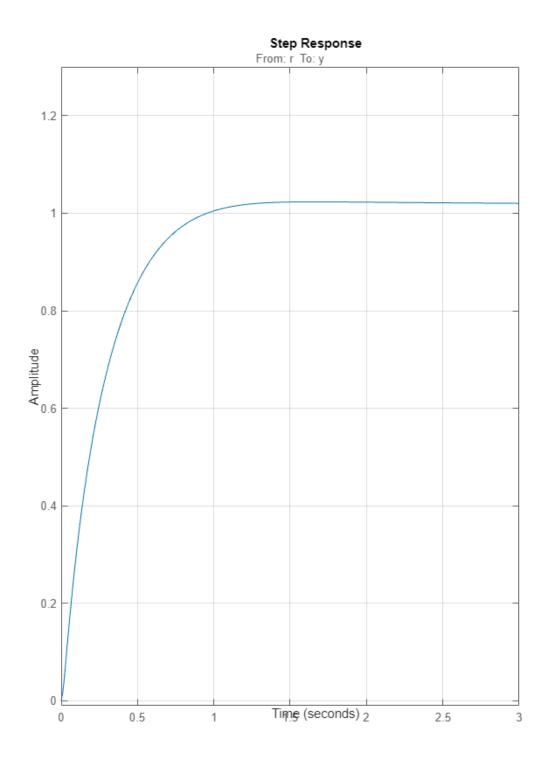
Define the goals.

hard_goals: tracking

soft_goals: margin, overshoot

Tune up the controller

Tune a PI controller. The D is zero since the system is highly damped due to friction. Plot tuning results.



Get the discretized controller.

Cz =

Sample time: 0.05 seconds

Discrete-time PIDF controller in parallel form.

Model Properties

