$$Q(\Pi 3) = 1 - \prod_{i=1}^{n} [1 - Q_i(\Pi \Pi)]$$

$$Q_i(\Pi \Pi) = 1 - \{\prod_{i=1}^{m} [1 - Q(\Pi T A_j)]\} \cdot [1 - Q_i(\Pi O)]$$

$$Q_i(\Pi O) = Q_i [\bigcup_{k=1}^{K} \bigcup_{n=1}^{N} (\Gamma C_k \bigcap \cdot \mathcal{U} 3_n)]$$

$$Q_i(\Pi O) = 1 - \prod_{k=1}^{K} \prod_{n=1}^{N} [1 - Q_i(\Gamma C_k) \cdot Q_i(\mathcal{U} 3/\Gamma C_k)]$$