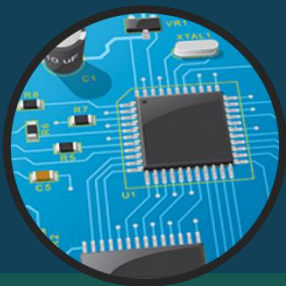




x86 Addressing Modes



Topic 4
Fall 2019



Addressing modes

Immediate

Register addr. \ll Data

Reg. direct

Register addr. \ll Register addr.

Reg. indirect

Memory addr. \ll Register

Reg. relative

Register addr. \ll Memory addr.

Direct

Memory addr. \ll Register addr.

[2]



Addressing modes

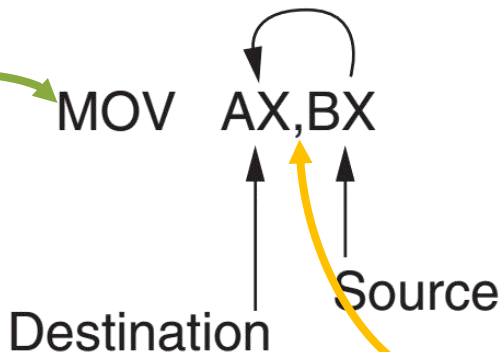
Immediate

Reg. direct

Reg. indirect

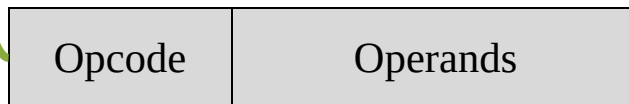
Reg. relative

Indirect



An opcode, or operation code, tells the microprocessor which operation to perform.

Instructions



[3]



Addressing modes

Immediate

Reg. direct

Reg. indirect

Reg. relative

Direct

Destination

Source

Register
CH

Data
3AH

Register addr. << Data

- **MOV CH, 3AH**
- **MOV AL, 'N'**

Not allowed

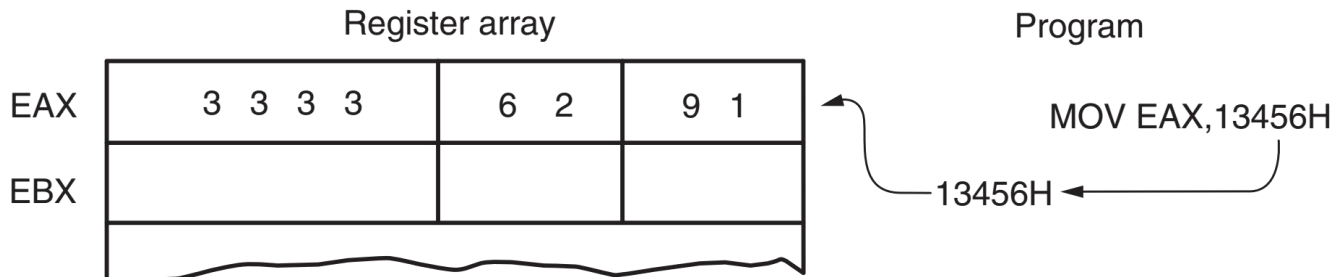
- **MOV AL, 0200H**



Addressing modes

FIGURE 3–4 The operation of the MOV EAX,3456H instruction. This instruction copies the immediate data (13456H) into EAX.

MOV EAX, 3456H





Addressing modes

Immediate

Reg. direct

Reg. indirect

Reg. relative

Direct

Destination

Register
BX

Source

Register
AX

Instructions

Opcode

Reg. Address

Register

Operand

[6]



Addressing modes

Immediate

Reg. direct

Reg. indirect

Reg. relative

Direct

Destination

Source

Register
BX

Register
AX

Register addr. << Register addr.

• **MOV BX, AX**

Not allowed

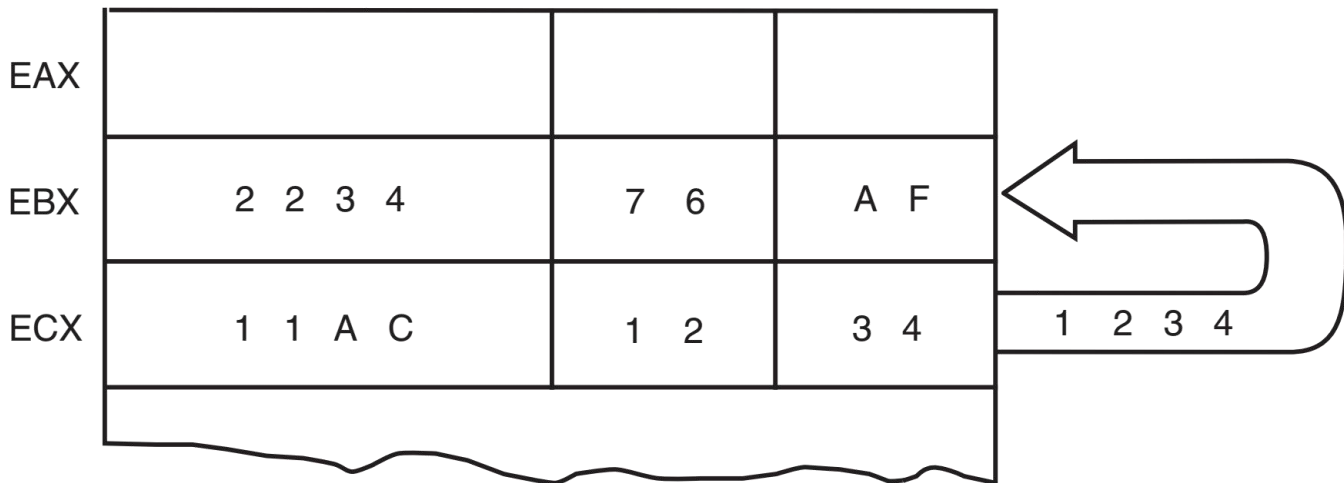
- MOV ES, DS ; segment to segment
- MOV CS , AL ; Code segment is not destination
- MOV BL , DX ; Mixed Sizes



Register direct addressing modes

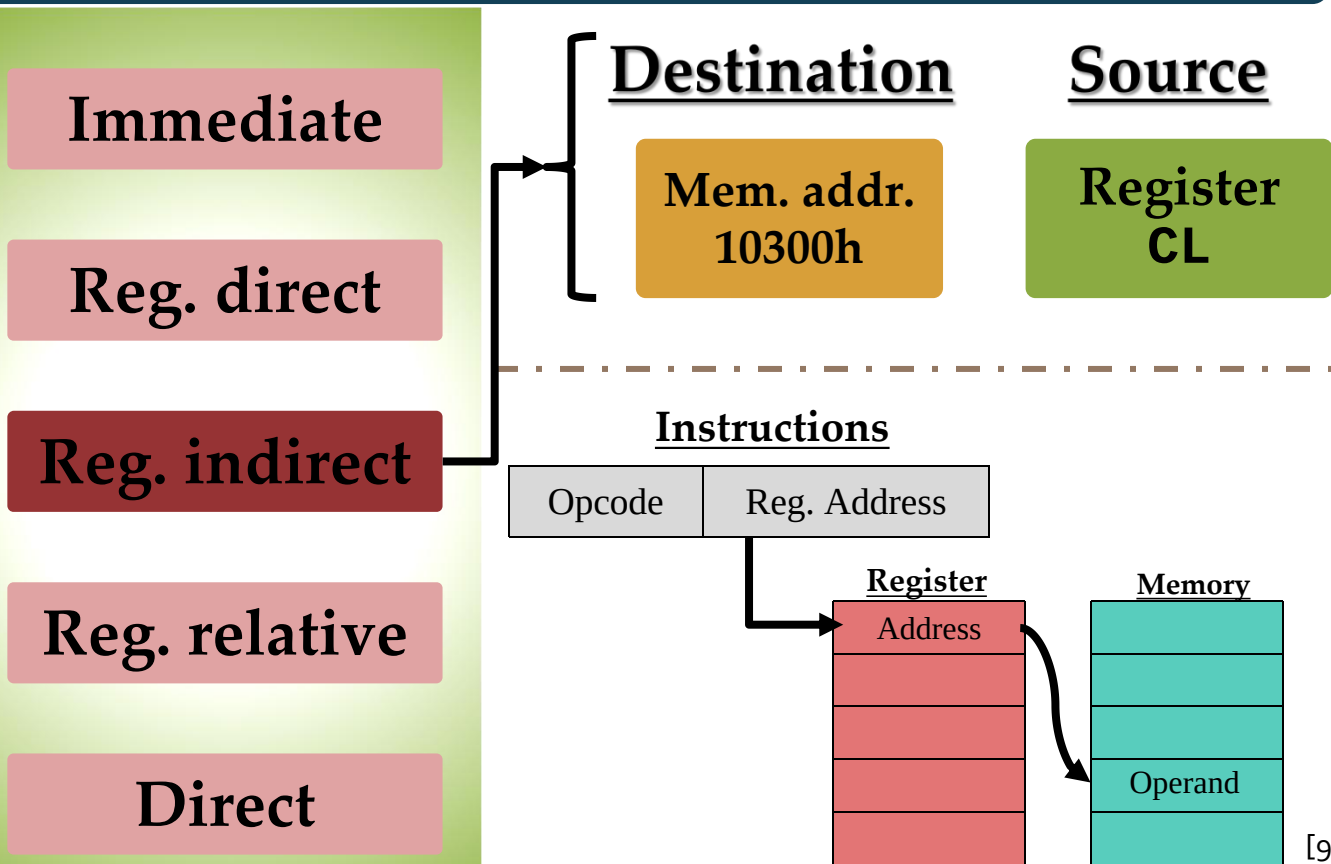
MOV BX, CX

Register array





Addressing modes





Addressing modes

Immediate

Reg. direct

Reg. indirect

Reg. relative

Direct

Destination

Source

Mem. addr.
10300h

Register
CL

Memory addr. << REgister addr.

• **MOV [BX], CL**

Memory address:

$DS \times 10H + BX$

$10000H + 0300H = 10300H$



Addressing modes

Immediate

Reg. direct

Reg. indirect

Reg. relative

Direct

Destination

Source

Register
CL

Mem. addr.
10304h

Register addr. << Memory addr.

- MOV CL, [BX+4]**

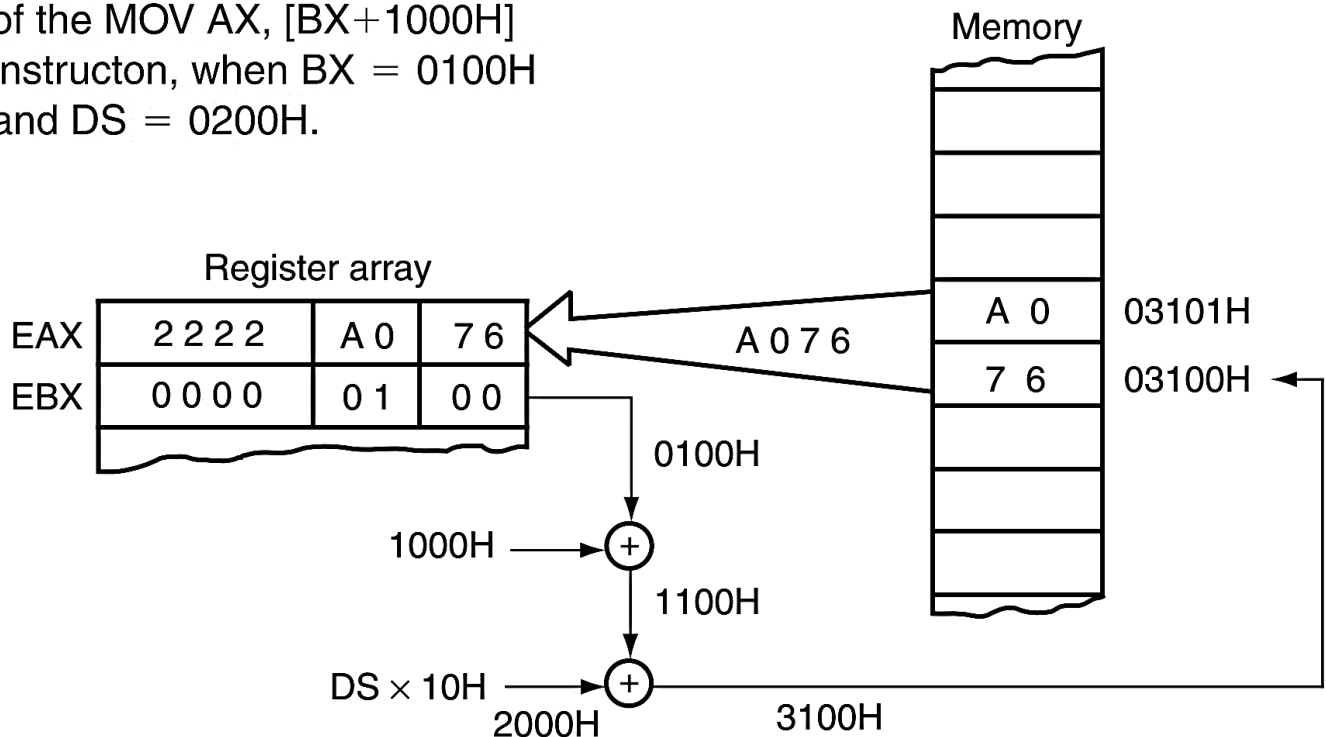
Memory address:

$$\begin{aligned} & DS \times 10H + BX + 4 \\ & 10000H + 0300H + 4 \\ & = 10304H \end{aligned}$$



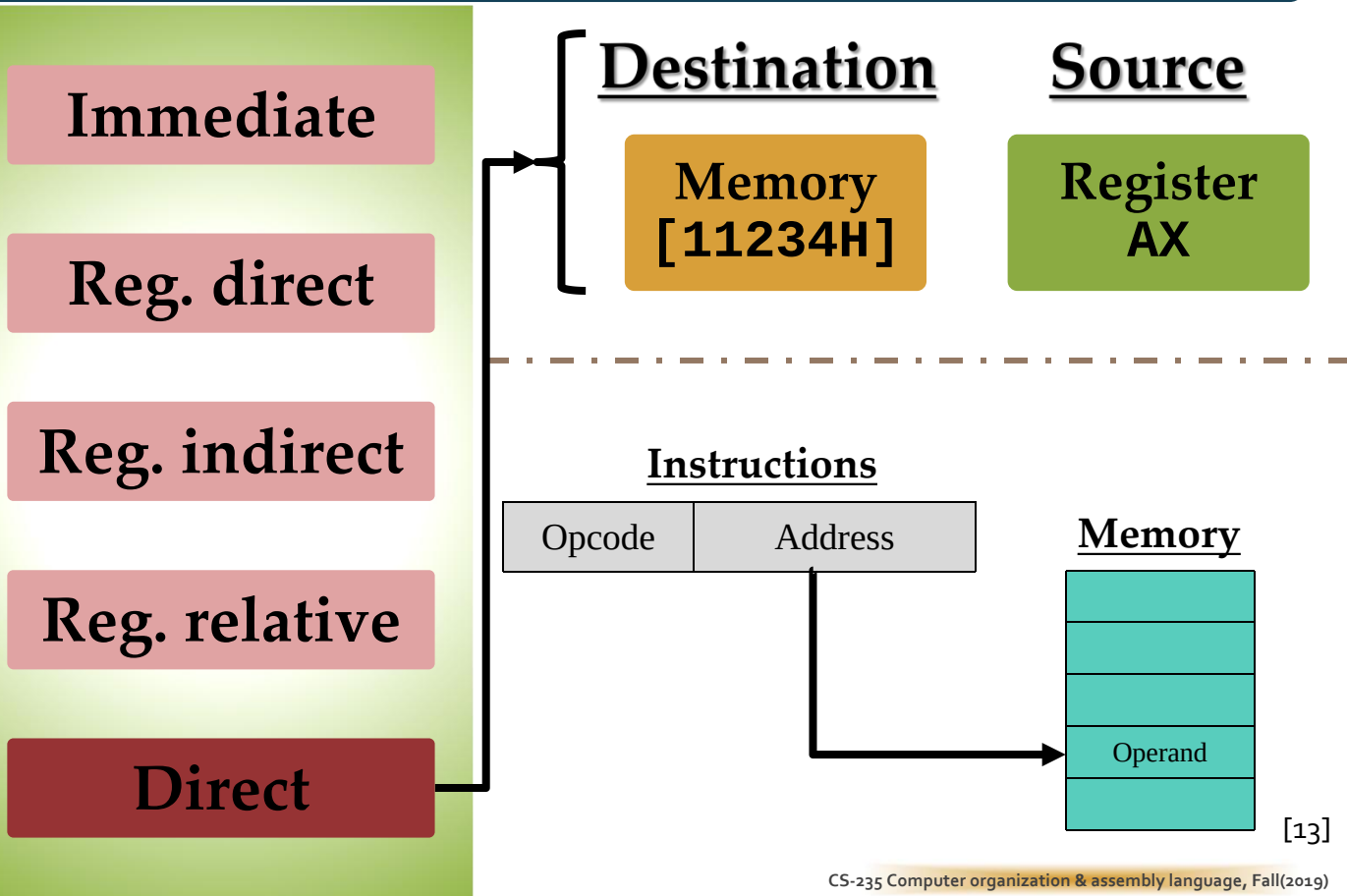
Reg. relative addressing modes

FIGURE 3–10 The operation of the MOV AX, [BX+1000H] instruction, when BX = 0100H and DS = 0200H.





Addressing modes





Addressing modes

Immediate

Reg. direct

Reg. indirect

Reg. relative

Direct

Destination

Source

Memory
[11234H]

Register
AX

Memory addr. << Memory addr.

- MOV [1234H], CL**

Memory address:

$DS \times 10H + DISP$

$10000H + 1234H =$
11234H

Direct Addressing modes

MOV AL, [1234H]

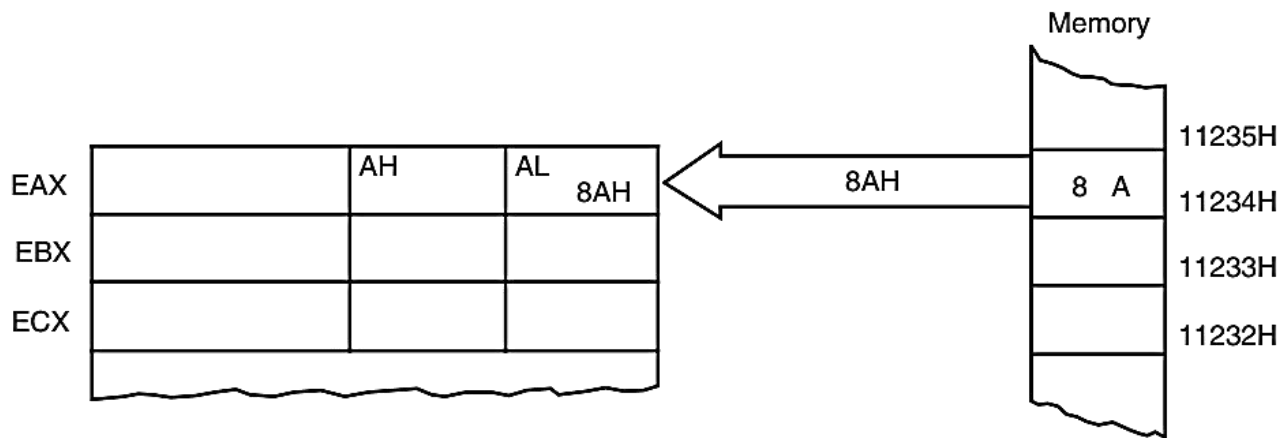


FIGURE 3–5 The operation of the `MOV AL,[1234H]` instruction when `DS = 1000H`.

Questions?

THANK YOU!