

<InfPALS/>

# Big Project

Session 1



# Project Overview - Pac-Man in Pygame

## > Session 1

- Game loop
- Drawing the board
- Drawing the player
- Player movement

## > Session 2

- Wall collisions

## > Session 3

- Implementing ghosts



# Starter Files

GitHub

# Understanding the Starter Files

- > There are some numbers and functions given:
  - Constants:
    - Define fixed values like screen size, tile dimensions, and game settings.
  - Board:
    - Represents the maze layout using a 2D array (list of lists) with values indicating tiles (empty space, pellets, etc.).
  - Player class:
    - Encapsulates player properties (position, direction, speed, score) and methods for movement, drawing, and interaction with the board.
  - `to_tile(x, y)`:
    - Converts a screen position (x, y) to its corresponding tile coordinates within the board array.
  - `draw_board(screen, show_powerup)`:
    - Renders the maze layout on the screen based on the board data, potentially considering power-up visibility.
  - `main()`:
    - The main loop that keeps the game running, handling user input, updating objects, rendering visuals, and controlling the frame rate.

# Game loop

- > At the bottom of the main function, implement the game loop:
- > 1. WHILE the game is running
  - a. CHECK for any events (quitting the game)
  - b. UPDATE the positions and actions of all objects in the game
  - c. CLEAR the screen
  - d. DRAW the game elements (board, player, ghosts, score, etc.)
  - e. DISPLAY the updated screen
  - f. CALCULATE the time difference since the last frame
  - g. CONTROL the frame rate (e.g., aim for 60 frames per second)

# Game loop – Hint

- **pygame.event.get()**: Retrieves a list of events that have occurred (like key presses).
- **pygame.quit()**: Quits the game.
- **player.move()**: Updates the player's position based on user input.
- **player.actions(board)**: Handles player interactions with the board (pellets, power-ups).
- **screen.fill()**: Fills the screen with a background colour.
- **draw\_board(screen, show\_powerup)**: Renders the maze layout on the screen. (This might be provided)
- **player.draw(screen)**: Draws the player sprite on the screen.
- **pygame.display.update()**: Updates the display to show the rendered graphics.
- **CLOCK.tick(fps)**: Limits the game loop to a certain number of frames per second.

# Draw the player

- > In `Player.draw()`
  - 1. Draw the player's image onto the screen at its current position

## Draw the player – Hint

- **screen.blit(image, rect):** Draws an image (player sprite) onto the screen at a specified position (rect).



# Player movement

## > In `Player.move()`:

- 1. Get user input (arrow keys)
- 2. SET `currentDirection` = player's current direction
- 3. IF horizontal movement is currently happening (left or right)
  - a. IF left key pressed AND possible to move left (check buffer zone around center)
    - i. SET `currentDirection` = Left
  - b. IF right key pressed AND possible to move right (check buffer zone around center)
    - i. SET `currentDirection` = Right
  - c. IF at a junction (check center coordinates within a buffer zone)
    - i. IF up key pressed A. SET `currentDirection` = Up
    - ii. IF down key pressed A. SET `currentDirection` = Down
- 4. ELSE (vertical movement is currently happening)
  - a. IF at a junction (check center coordinates within a buffer zone)
    - i. IF left key pressed A. SET `currentDirection` = Left
    - ii. IF right key pressed A. SET `currentDirection` = Right
  - b. IF up key pressed AND possible to move up (check buffer zone around center)
    - i. SET `currentDirection` = Up
  - c. IF down key pressed AND possible to move down (check buffer zone around center)
    - i. SET `currentDirection` = Down

# Player movement – Continued

## > In `Player.move()`:

- 5. UPDATE player's direction based on `currentDirection`
- 6. IF `currentDirection` is Left
  - a. DECREASE player's X position by speed
- ELSE IF `currentDirection` is Right
  - a. INCREASE player's X position by speed
- ELSE IF `currentDirection` is Up
  - a. DECREASE player's Y position by speed
- ELSE IF `currentDirection` is Down
  - a. INCREASE player's Y position by speed
- 7. Handle wrapping around the maze (check if going off one side, appear on the other)

# Player movement – Hint

- **player.direction:** Stores the player's current direction (left, right, up, down).
- **player.speed:** Defines the speed at which the player moves per frame.
- **player.rect:** Represents the player's position and size as a rectangle.
- **pygame.key.get\_pressed():** Returns a dictionary indicating which keys are currently pressed.

# Player actions

- > In `Player.actions()`:
  - 1. IF player is on a pellet
    - a. INCREASE player's score by pellet value
    - b. REMOVE pellet from the maze
  - 2. IF power pellet eaten
    - a. SET player to powered-up state
    - b. START power-up timer
  - ELSE IF powered-up state is active
    - a. DECREASE power-up timer
    - b. IF timer runs out
      - i. SET player to normal state

# Player actions – Hint

- **board[y][x]**: Accesses the value (empty space, pellet, power-up) at a specific tile on the board (y = row, x = column).
- **player.score**: Stores the player's current score.
- **player.powered\_up (boolean)**: Indicates if the player is currently in a powered-up state.
- **time.time()**: Gets the current system time in seconds (used for power-up timers).