NAO Challenge 2020

Team: DuoNao

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Planning as a tree search

- Iterative Deepening Search (with the AIMA library) in the space of possible choreographies
- Starting from a single-move choreography, we try to find a valid sequence of moves between two mandatory positions
- The solution must respect some <u>constraints</u>

Time constraint

- The entire choreography should respect a duration constraint of <u>max. 180</u> <u>seconds</u>. Each partial solution must respect a time limit which depends both on the number of sub-choreographies and on the time required by mandatory positions
- The duration of each action has been measured separately and put into the code
- At the same time, a <u>minimum of 5 moves</u> must be performed in every sub-choreography

Position compatibility constraint

- The algorithm takes into account preconditions and postconditions of each move
- Two possible position-related states: sit down / stand up
- If a move has no preconditions, than it can be executed from both states

Repetitiveness of moves

 When testing a possible goal state, we evaluate the entropy (C. Shannon) of the entire sequence of moves done so far

• The goal is reached if a certain entropy <u>minimum value</u> is reached (this avoids, when possible, repetitiveness of moves)

• The minimum value is slightly increased at each execution of the algorithm

Acceptable moves

At each step, applicable moves are selected on the basis of 3 criteria:

- 1. is the **remaining time** enough to complete the move?
- 2. are the **preconditions of the move** respected in the current state?
- 3. is the move <u>different</u> from the one which was performed last?

The list of acceptable moves is **randomly shuffled** each time to avoid any bias. This leads to always different solutions!

Demo

Thank you

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