

# Security Testing

YSc

Computer Security 2020/01/03

電影行

Q & A

# YSc

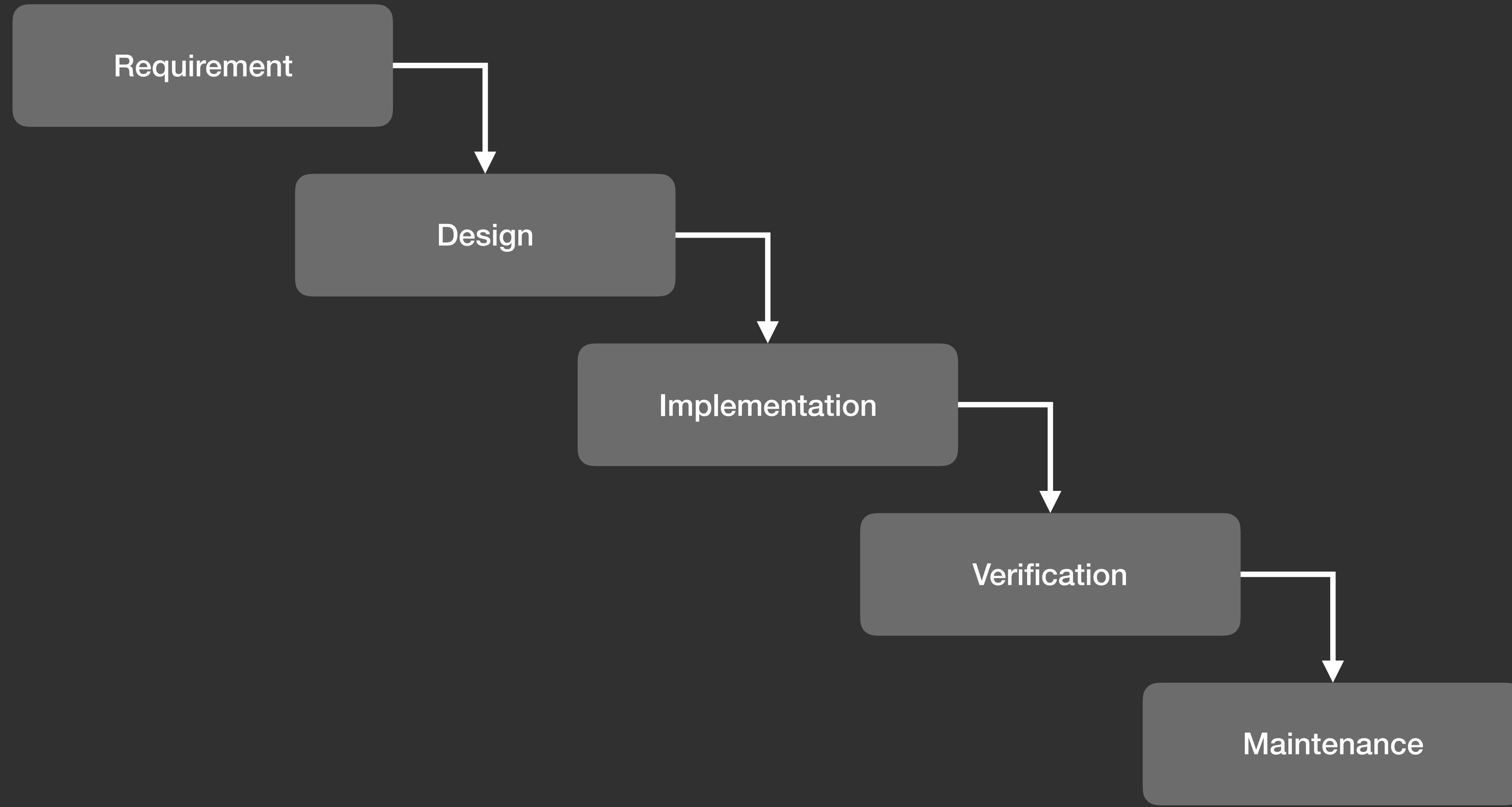
- Balsn CTF Team Co-Founder
- Bug Bounty Hunter
- HITCON CMT & Defense & Training Speaker
- Modern Web & DevOps Days Speaker
- 白帽觀點 <https://secview.io/>

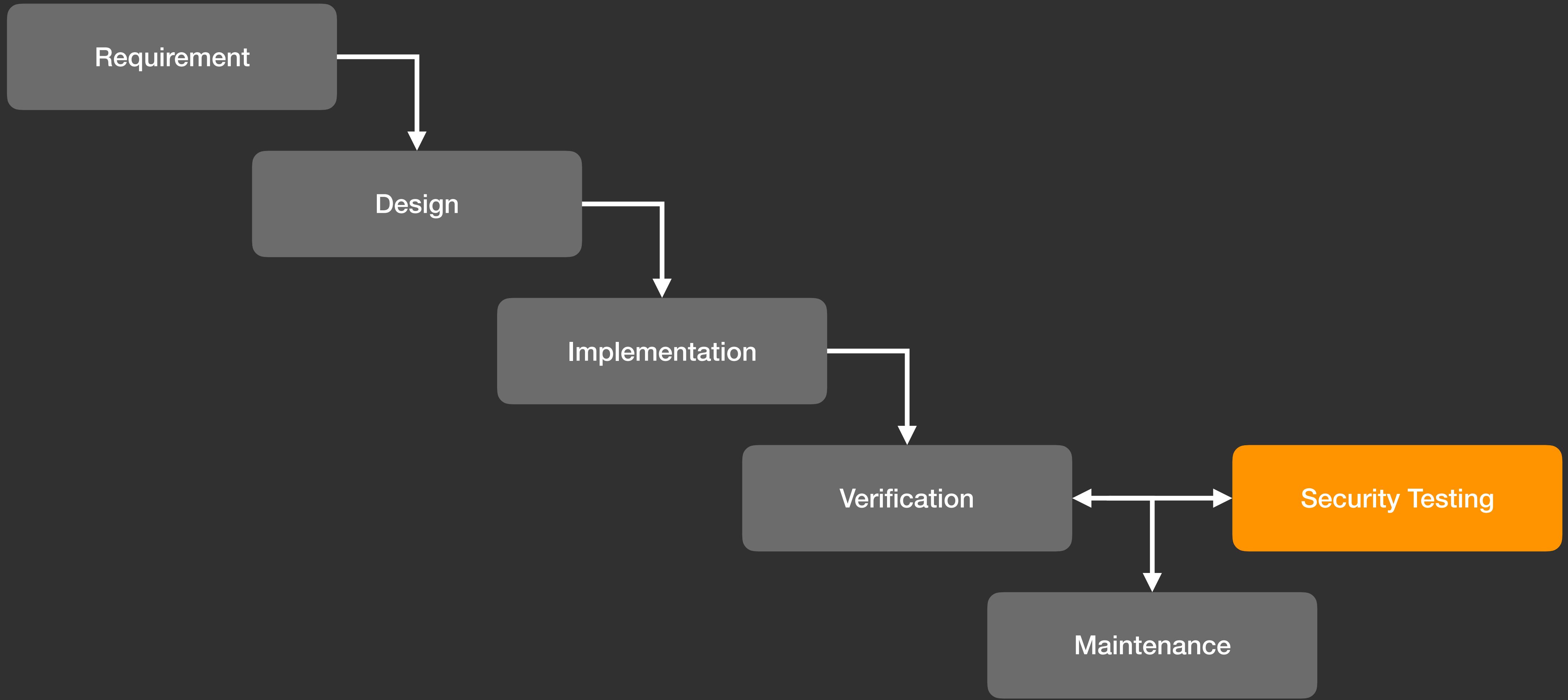


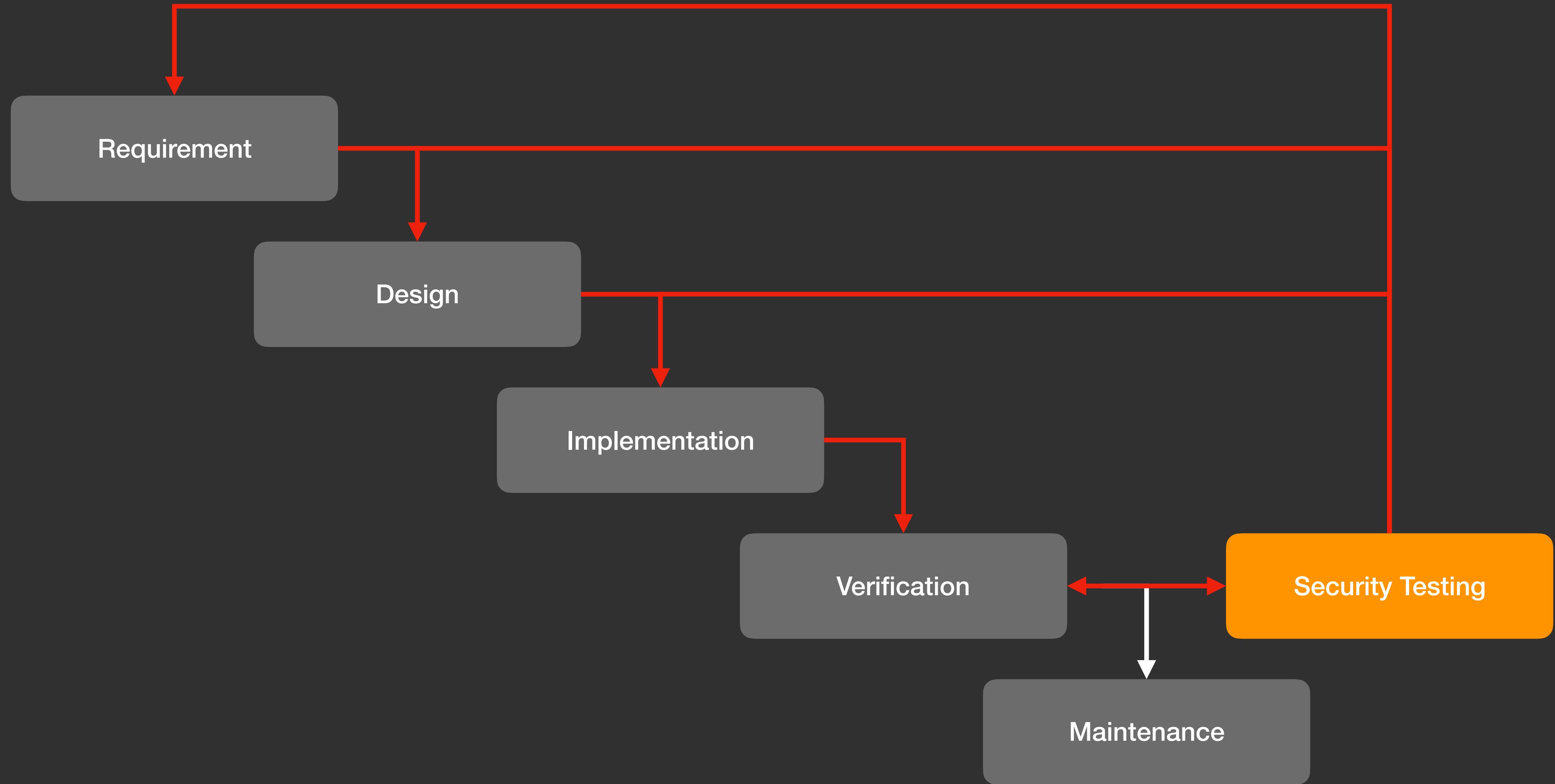
# 課程大綱

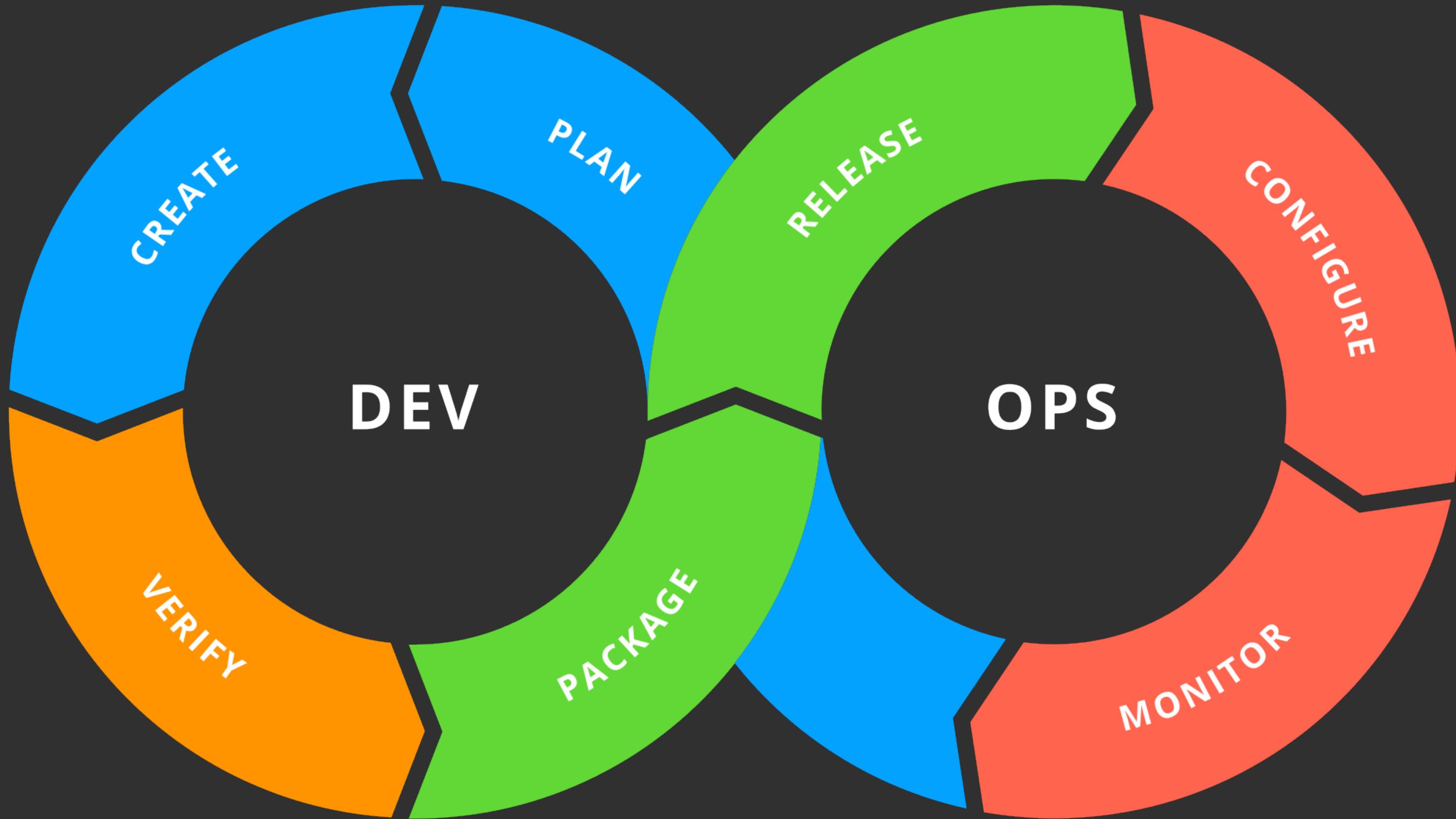
- DevOps & Security
- Security Testing

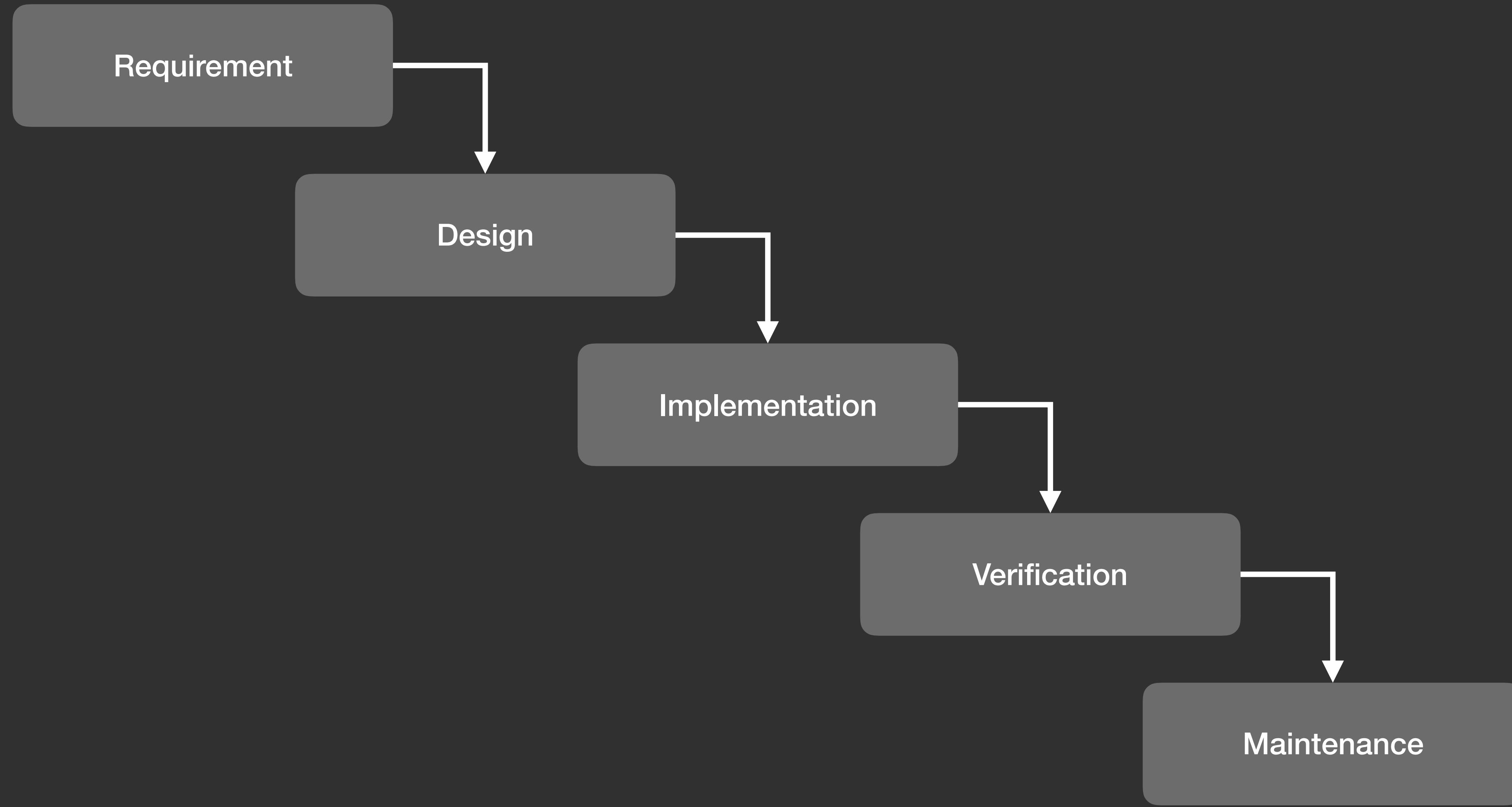
# DevOps & Security

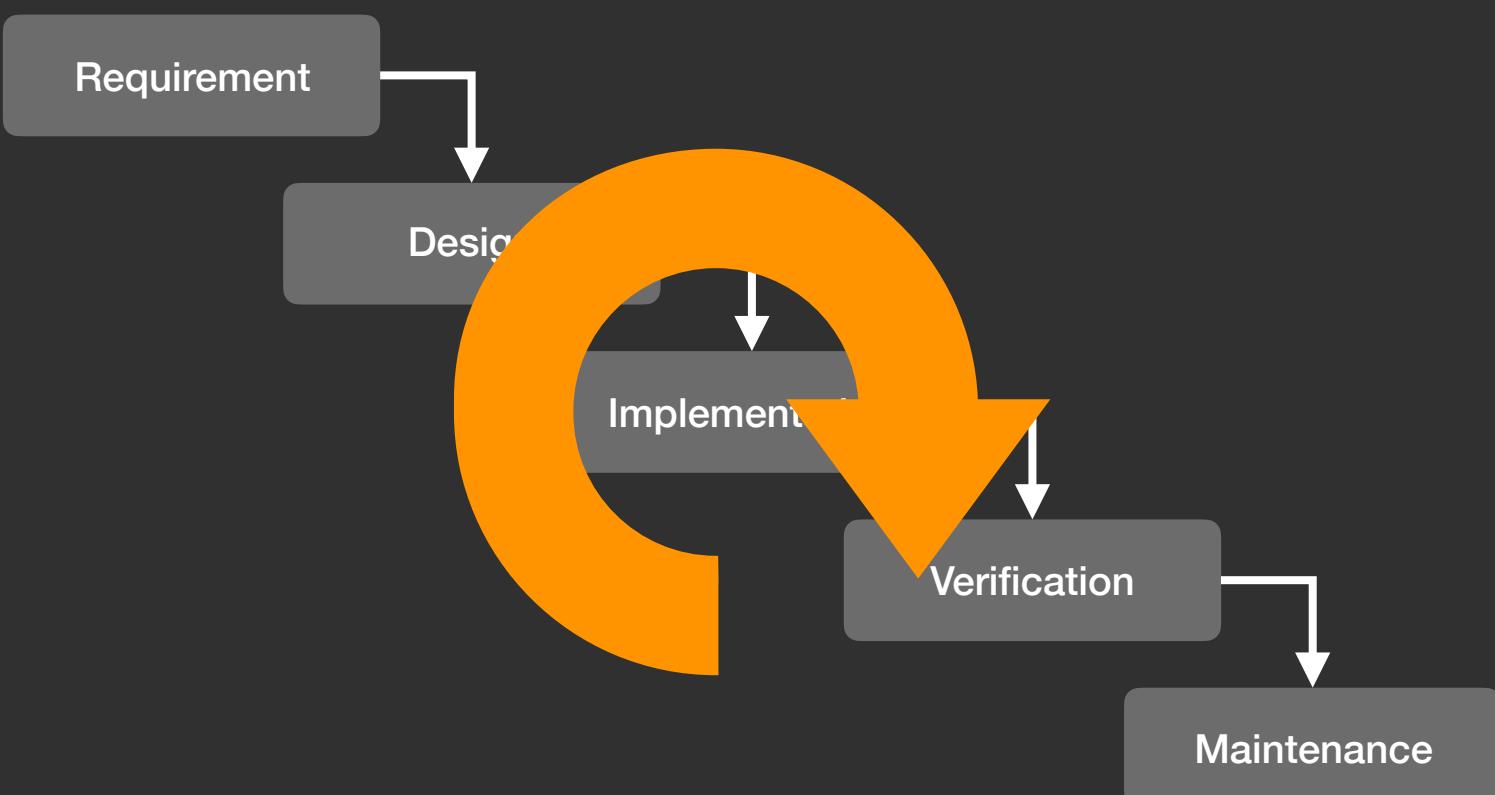
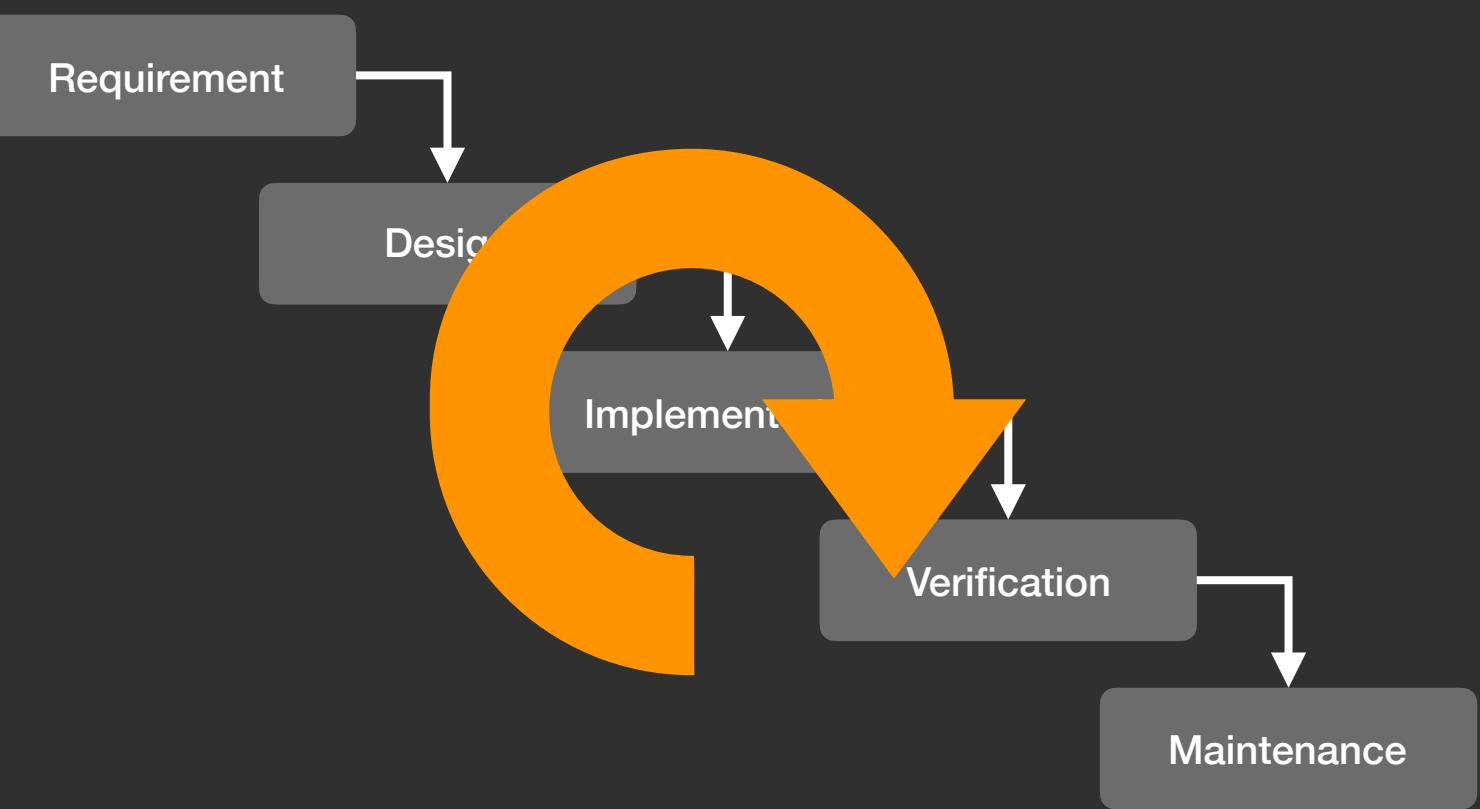
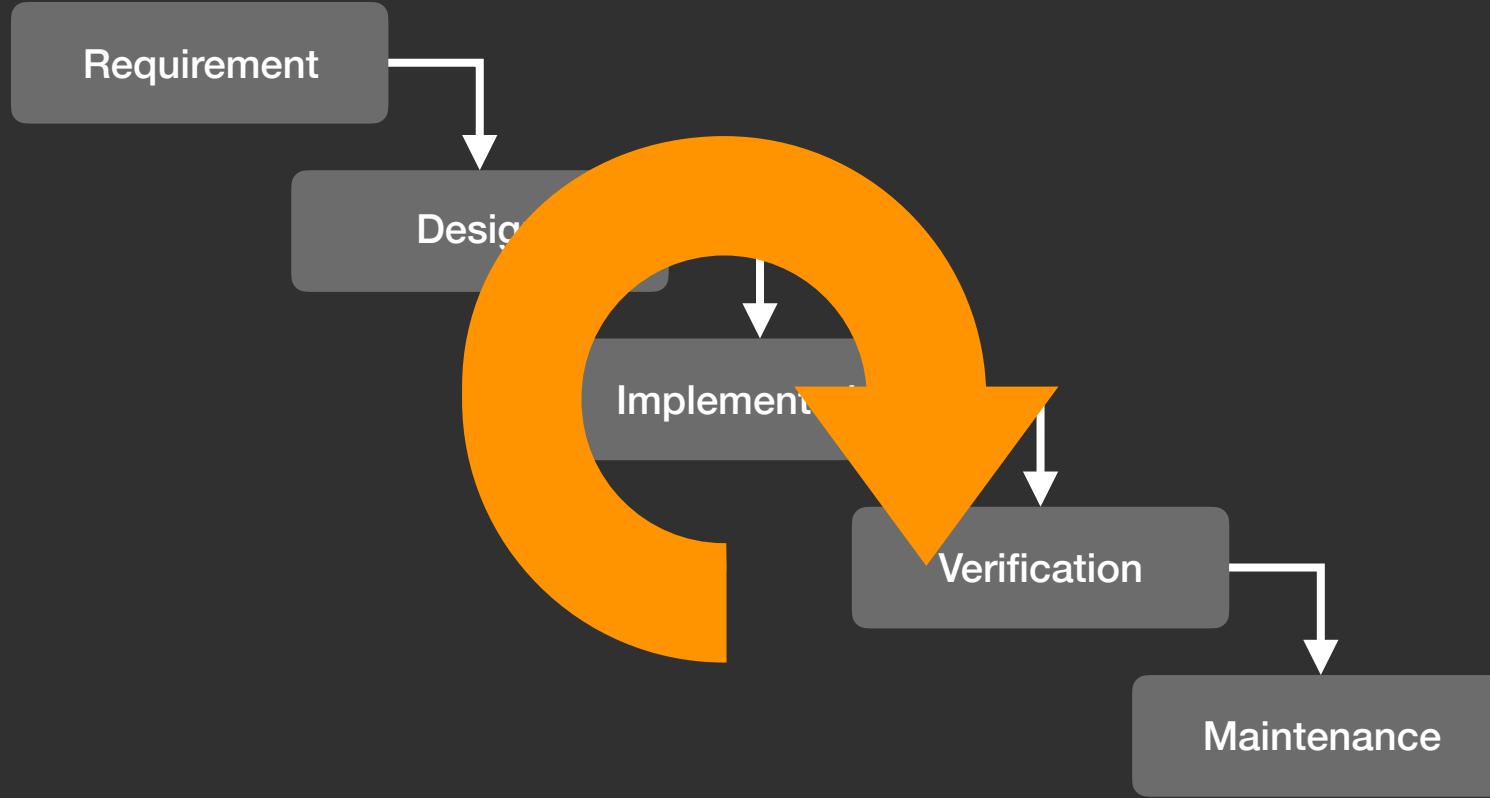


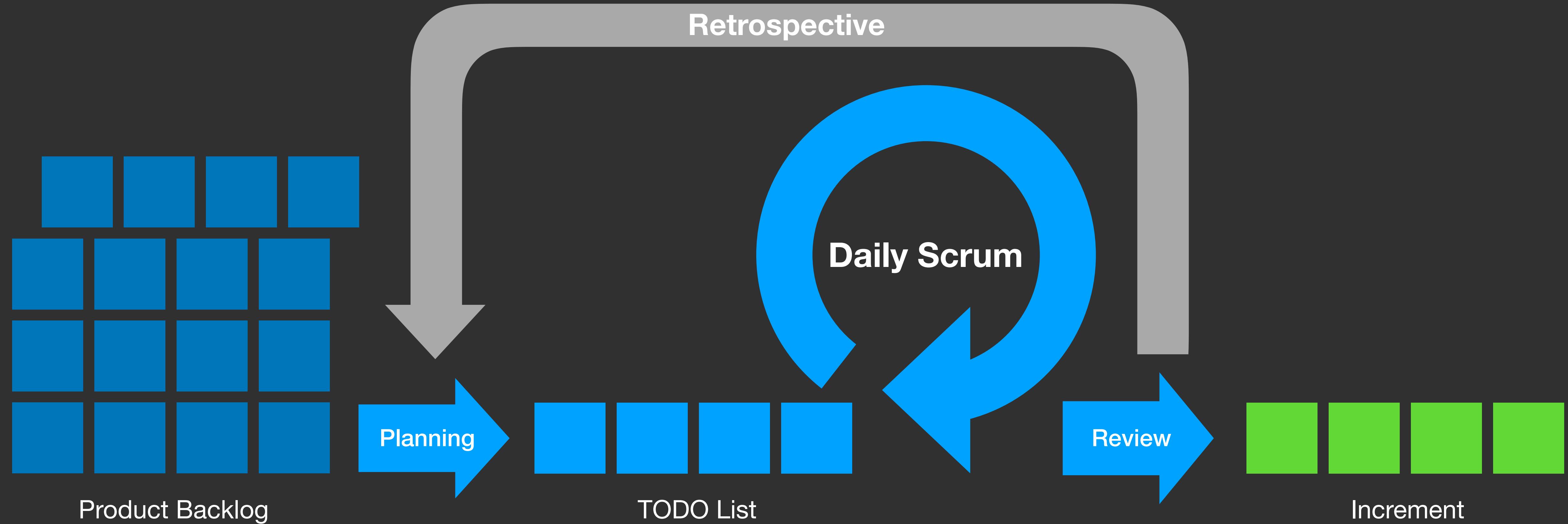












▶ Open 0) 123 🔍 0 +

Add support for a moduleless (single module) docs component

[Domain] Backend [Progress] In Prototype  
[Type] Feature

#27

Module paths should be configurable

[Domain] Backend [Type] Feature

#28

Add option to playbook to skip worktree(s)

[Domain] Backend [Type] Feature

#82



Separate content aggregator from git provider

[Domain] Backend [Type] Feature

#93



Gather UI acceptance test suite requirements

[Domain] Build / CI [Type] Decision

#95



Ignore duplicate component in same repository if matches component in HEAD

[Domain] Backend [Type] Bug

#120



Decide whether content aggregate should be sorted

[Domain] Architecture [Type] Design

#121



▶ [Progress] On Hold 0) 0 🔍 0

[Progress] Blocked 0) 0 🔍 0

[Progress] Preparing Change 0) 0 🔍 0

▶ [Progress] In Review 0) 15 🔍 0

Add (Apache) httpd redirect facility to redirect producer

[Domain] Backend [Type] Feature

#192



Docs improvement: Quick start guide

[Domain] Documentation [Type] Improvement

#299



Automatically register redirect for start page of component version

[Domain] Backend [Type] Feature

#379



Page version selector and canonical URL should take page aliases into account

[Domain] Backend [Type] Feature

#425



Document how to create a duplicate entry in the navigation that's independently selectable

[Domain] Documentation

#427

Document implicit hidden and non-publishable pages

[Domain] Documentation [Type] Feature

#461



Always add trailing newline to any generated files

[Domain] Backend [Type] Bug

#8

▶ Closed 0) [Progress] Change Required 0 🔍 0

Initiate default UI project

[Domain] Project Mgmt [Type] Task

#20

Set up job to run tests in GitLab CI

[Domain] Build / CI [Type] Task

#6

Architect the playbook software comp

[Domain] Architecture [Domain] Docum

[Type] Design

#10

Document playbook architecture dec

[Domain] Architecture [Domain] Docum

[Type] Design

#15

Configure coding style rules

[Domain] Backend [Type] Task

#5

Specify code contribution workflow

[Domain] Documentation [Type] Decisi

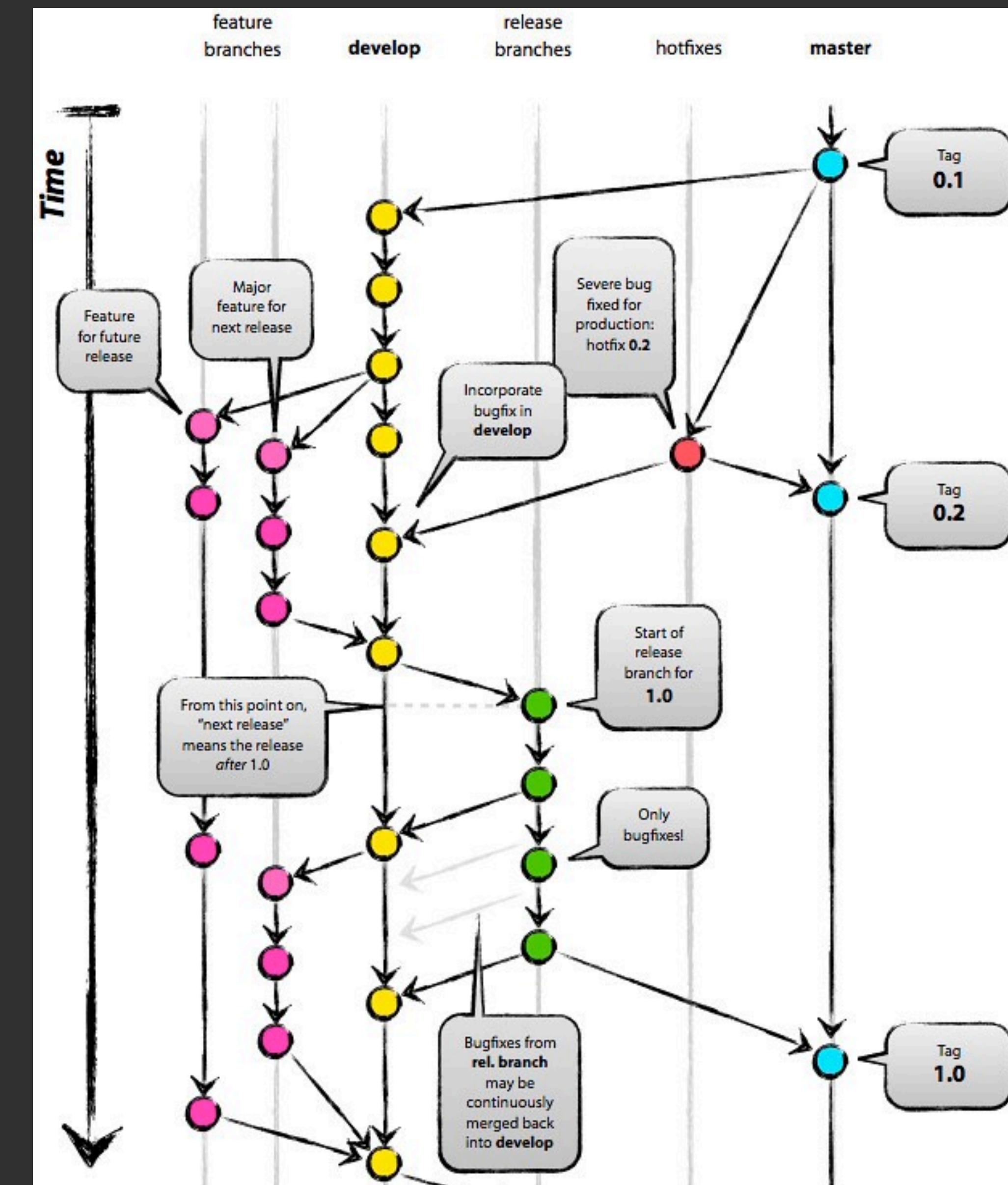
#13

Initiate README document

[Domain] Documentation [Type] Task

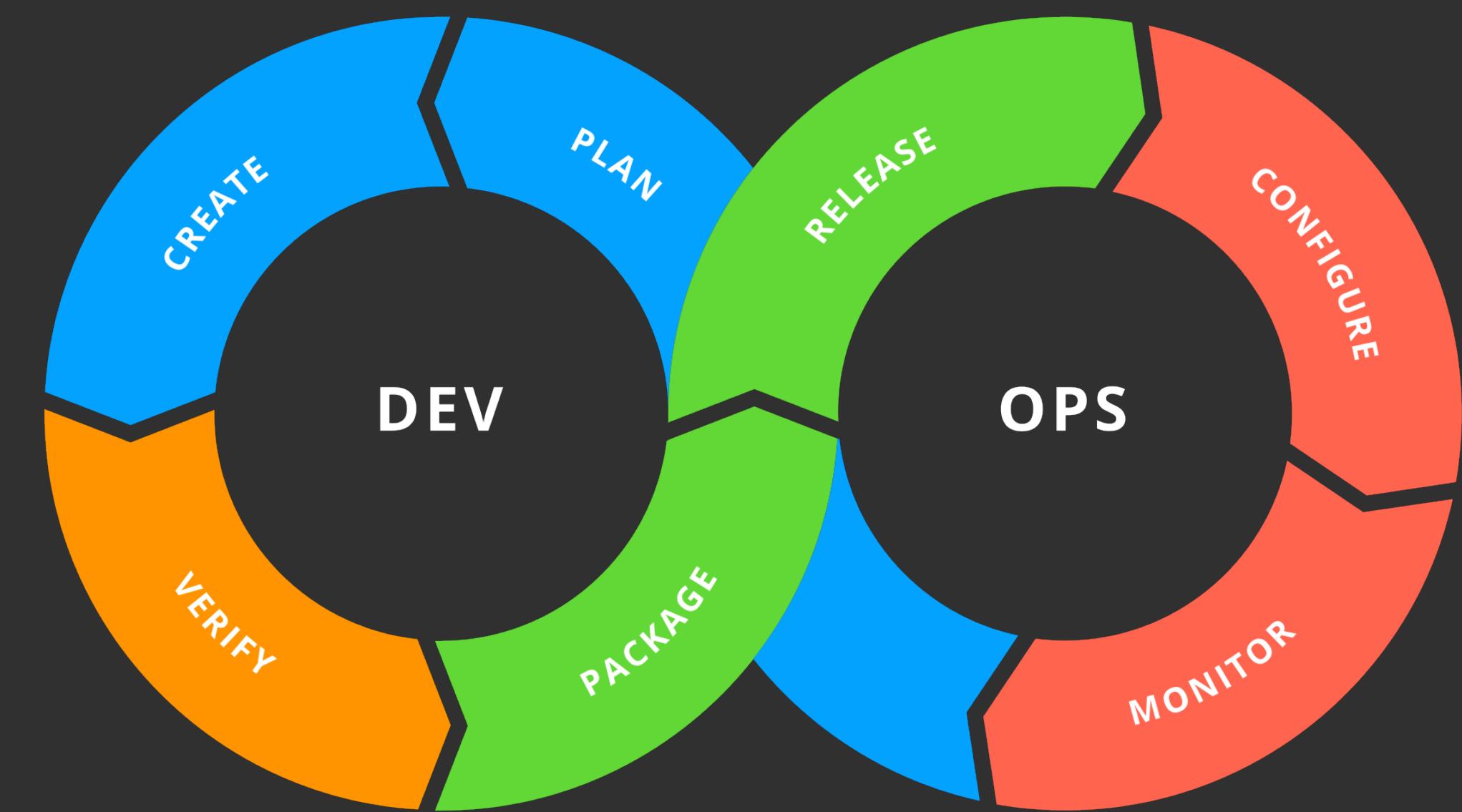
#8

# Git Flow

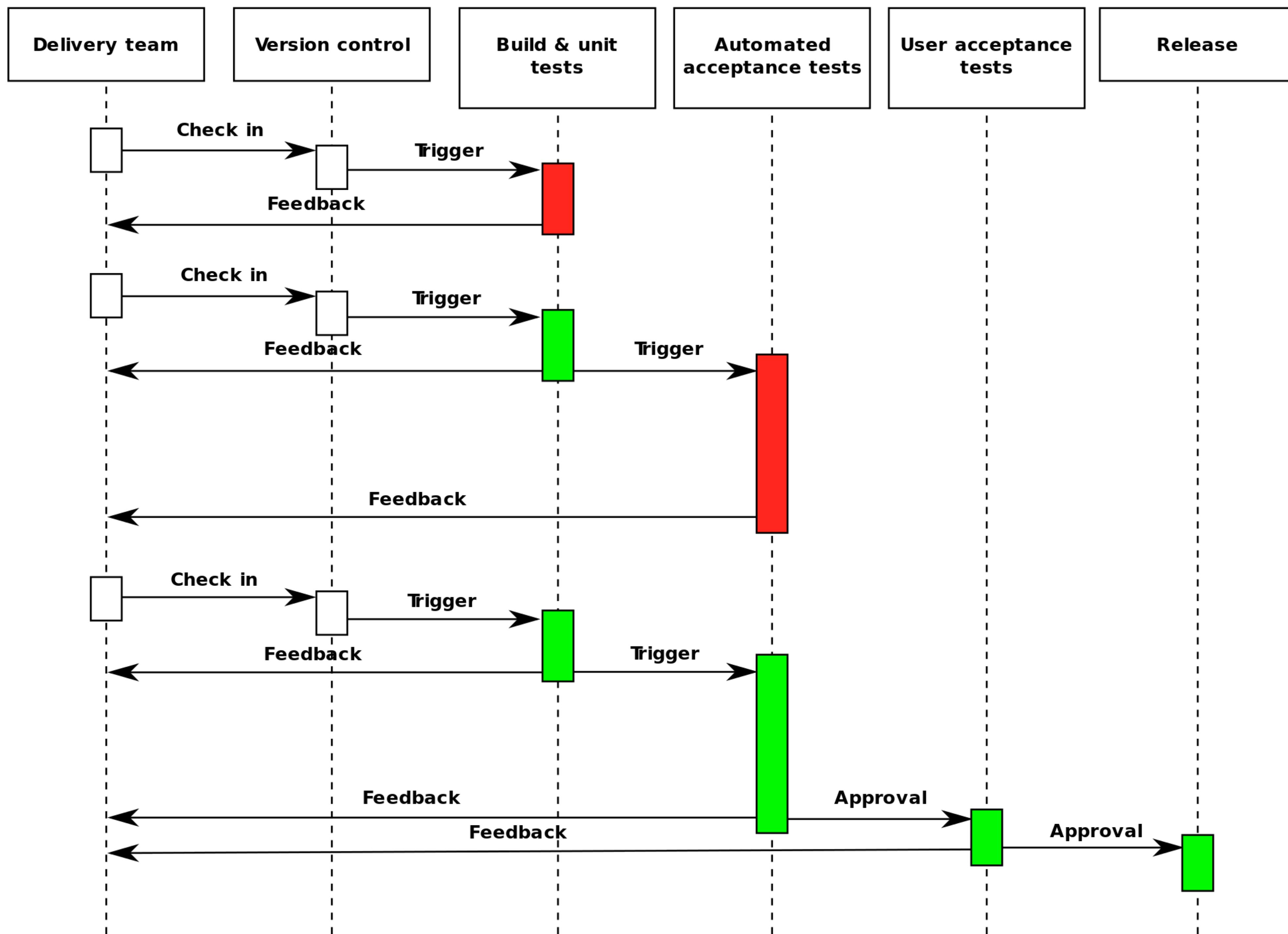


# CI / CD

- 持續整合 (Continuous Integration)
  - 將新開發的程式碼整合進主線 (e.g. release branch) 前的自動化檢查
  - 單元測試、格式檢查等等，為了解決錯誤、改善軟體品質
- 持續交付 (Continuous Delivery)
  - 為了可以快速開發，且保證軟體可以穩定、持續的保持在隨時可以釋出的狀況
  - 將主線上的程式碼部署到伺服器上的自動化腳本

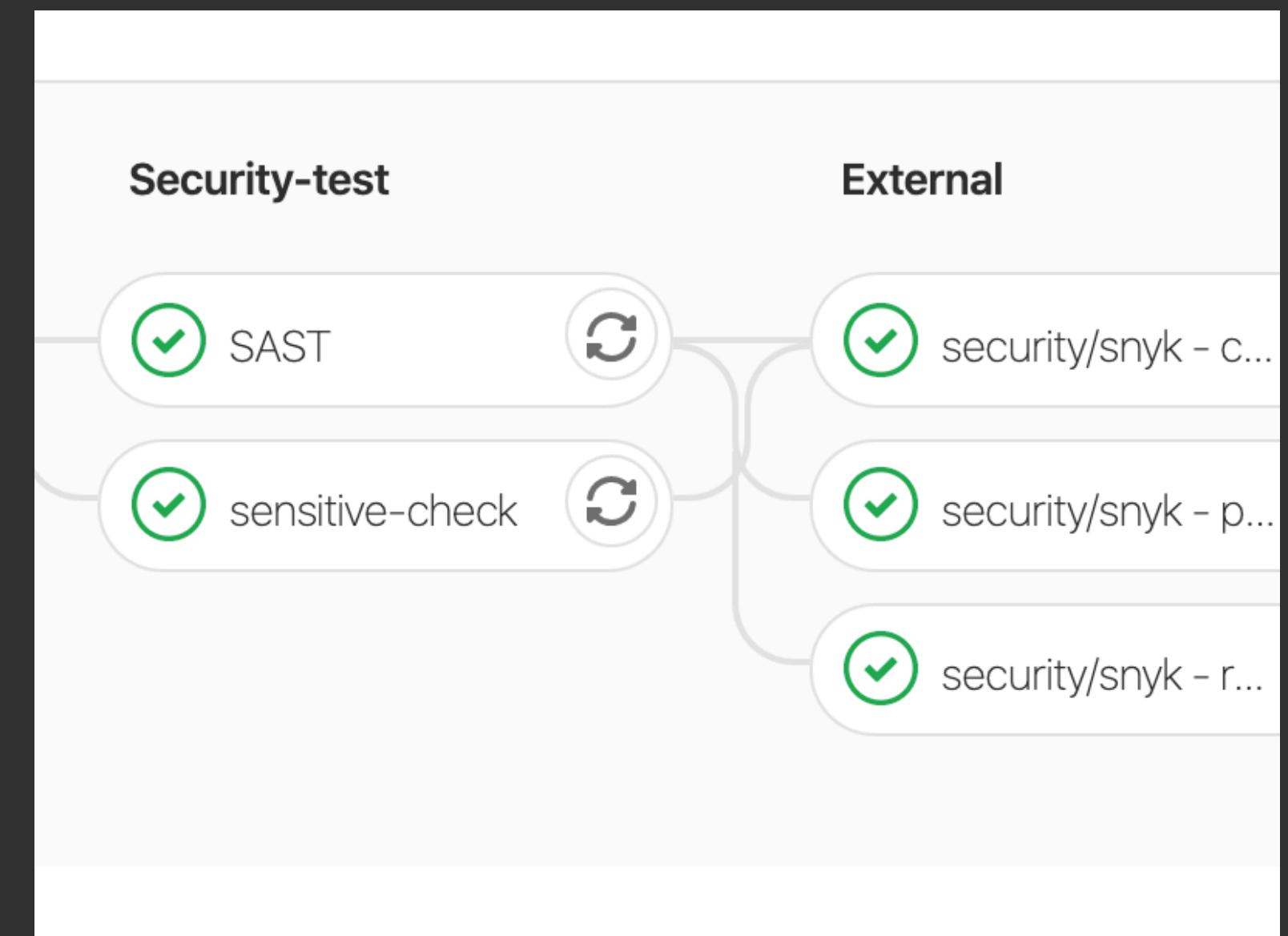






## Contents of .gitlab-ci.yml

```
1 stages:
2   - linter
3   - security-test
4   - deploy
5
6 image: python:3.7.5-alpine3.9
7
8 linter:
9   stage: linter
10  script:
11    - "/bin/sh ci/linter.sh"
12
13 sensitive-check:
14   stage: security-test
15  script:
16    - "/bin/sh ci/sensitive-check.sh"
17
18 SAST:
19   stage: security-test
20  script:
21    - "/bin/sh ci/sast.sh"
22
23 deploy:
24   stage: deploy
25  script:
```



Result	SUCCESS	Issues	0
Dependencies	101	Test type	Security
No results			No vulns are matching currently set filters.

# DefectDojo / django-DefectDojo

build error

Current Branches Build History Pull Requests > Build #2951 More options

**! master CRON Update README.md**

- Commit 6d56806 ↗  
Branch master ↗

Greg Anderson authored GitHub committed

**# 2951 errored**

Ran for 30 min 30 sec  
Total time 1 hr 20 min 14 sec  
12 hours ago

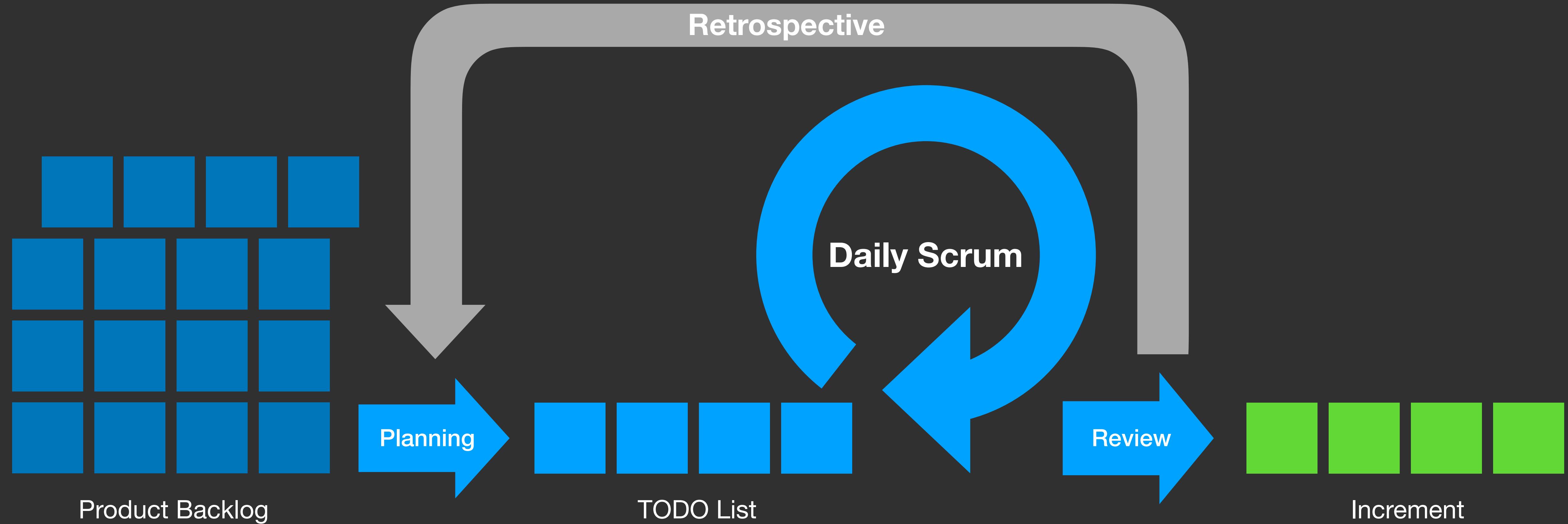
**Build jobs** View config

**Test** 14 min 8 sec

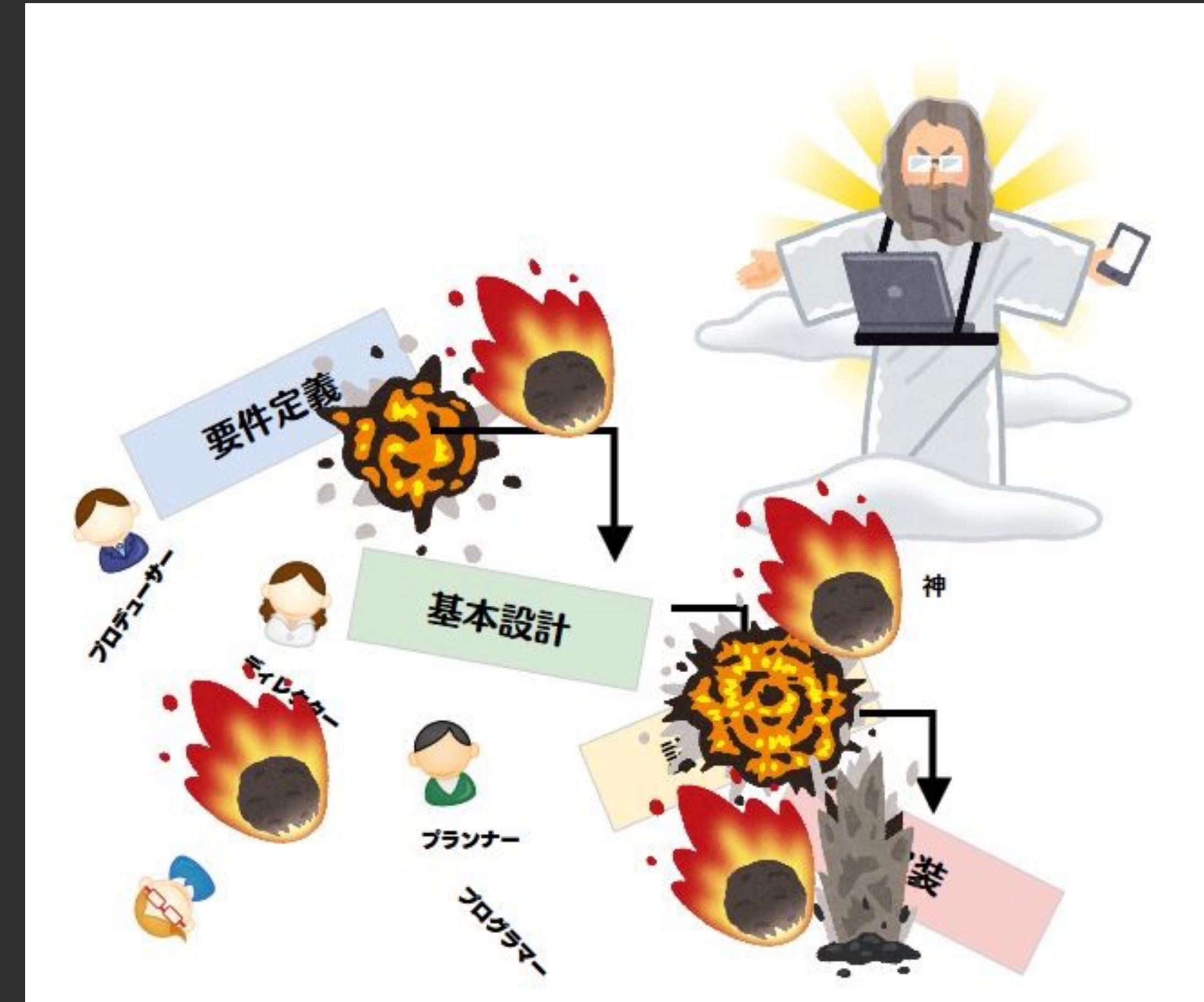
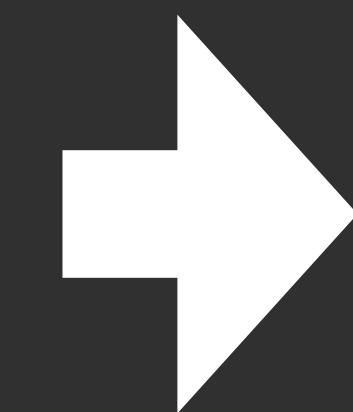
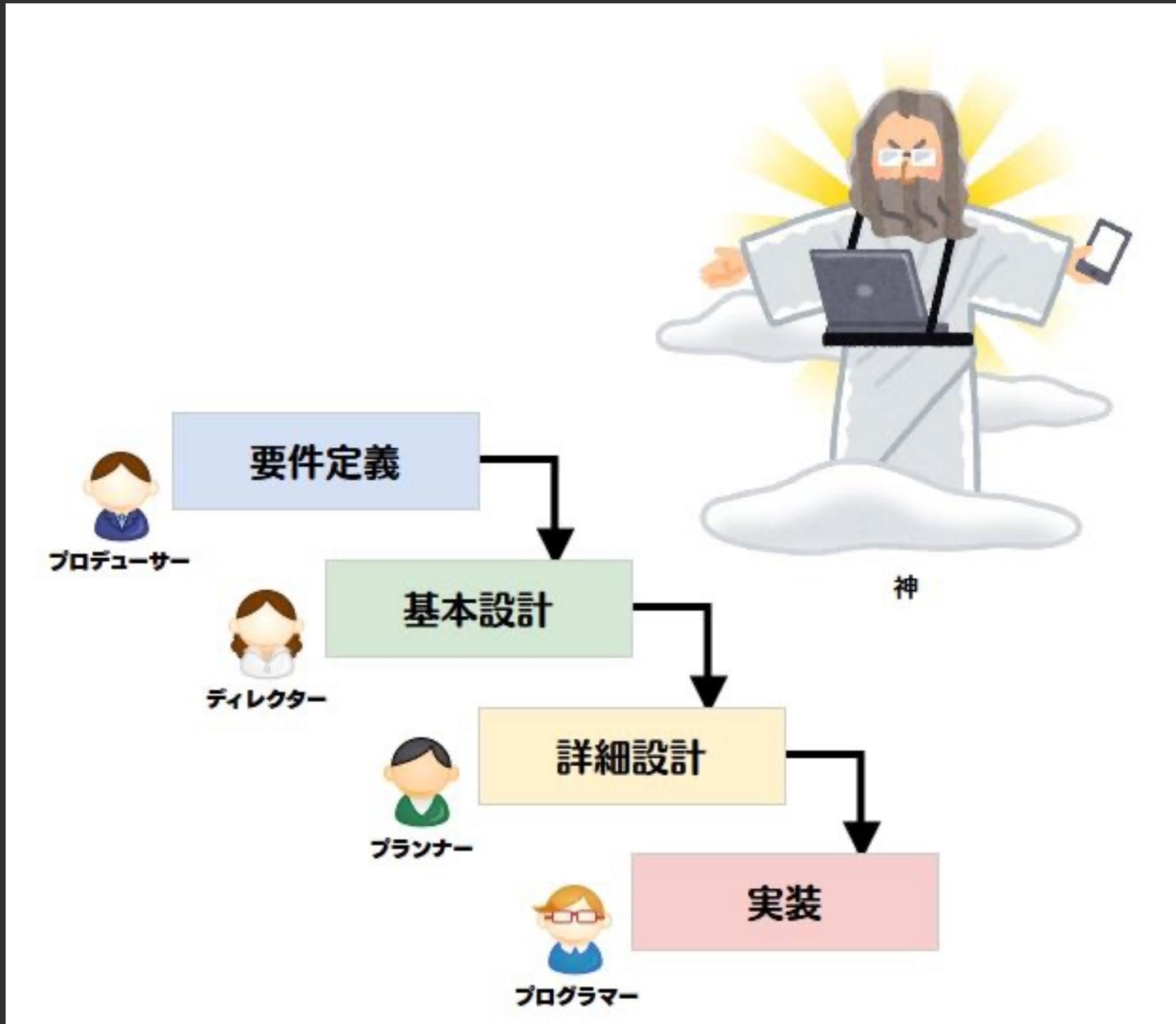
✓ # 2951.1	AMD64	🐧	</> no language set	BROKER=rabbitmq DATABASE=mysql	12 min 35 sec
✓ # 2951.2	AMD64	🐧	</> no language set	BROKER=rabbitmq DATABASE=postgres	12 min 27 sec
✓ # 2951.3	AMD64	🐧	</> no language set	BROKER=redis DATABASE=mysql	13 min 17 sec
✓ # 2951.4	AMD64	🐧	</> no language set	BROKER=redis DATABASE=postgresql	12 min 20 sec
✓ # 2951.5	AMD64	🐧	</> no language set	TEST=flake8	1 min 16 sec
✓ # 2951.6	AMD64	🐧	</> no language set	TEST=docker	6 min 49 sec
✓ # 2951.7	AMD64	🐧	</> no language set	TEST=snyk	5 min 26 sec

28 lines (28 sloc) | 635 Bytes

```
1 dist: xenial
2 language: minimal
3 services:
4   - docker
5 env:
6   global:
7     - K8S_VERSION=v1.13.4
8     - MINIKUBE_VERSION=v0.35.0
9     - HELM_VERSION=v2.13.0
10    - CHANGE_MINIKUBE_NONE_USER=true
11 matrix:
12   - BROKER=rabbitmq DATABASE=mysql
13   - BROKER=rabbitmq DATABASE=postgres
14   - BROKER=redis DATABASE=mysql
15   - BROKER=redis DATABASE=postgres
16   - TEST=flake8
17   - TEST=snyk
18   - TEST=docker
19 matrix:
20   allow_failures:
21     - env: TEST=snyk
22 jobs:
23   include:
24     - stage: deploy
25       env: TEST=deploy
26 before_install: ['./travis/before-install.sh']
27 before_script: ['./travis/before-script.sh']
28 script: ['./travis/script.sh']
```

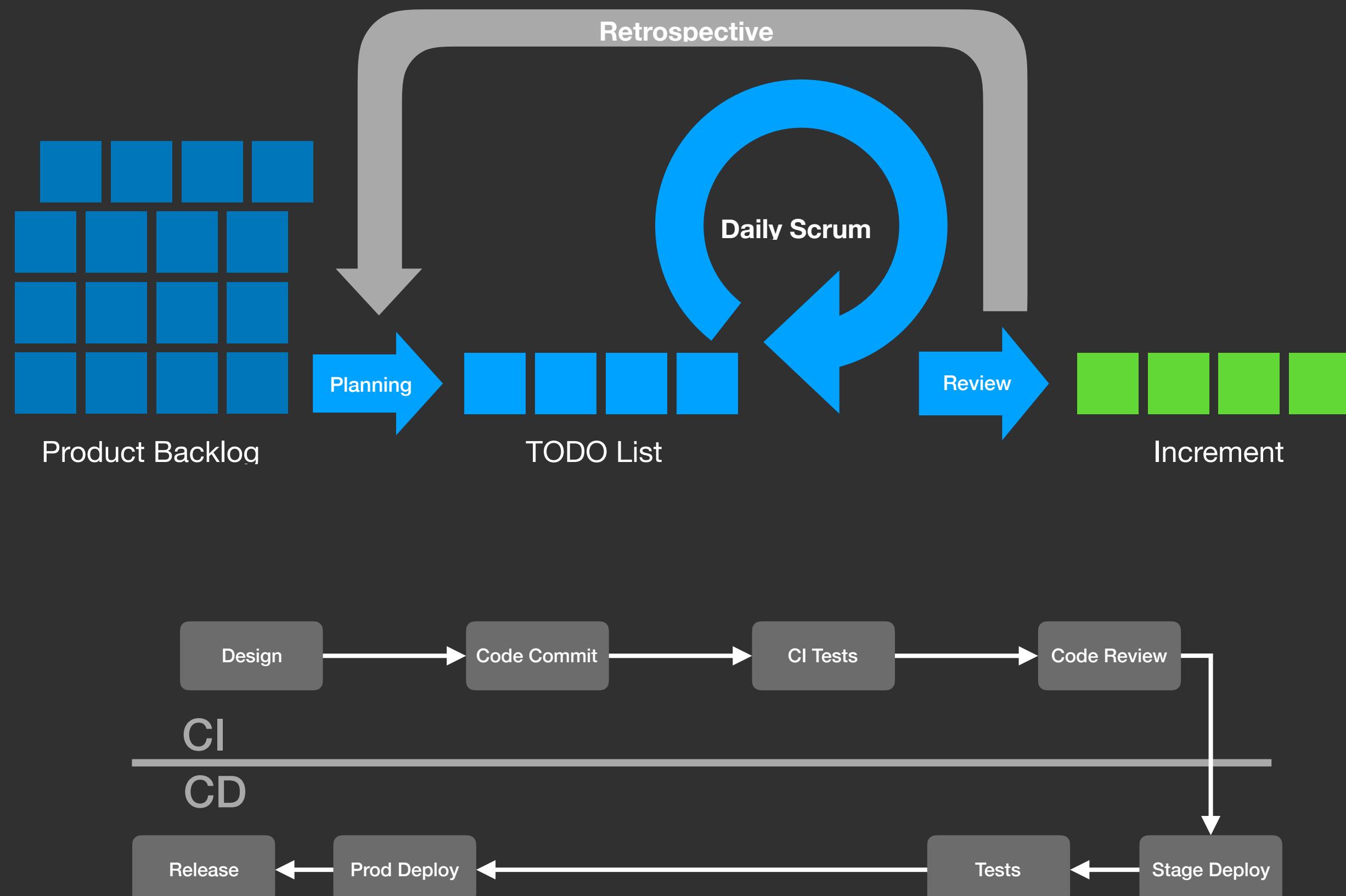


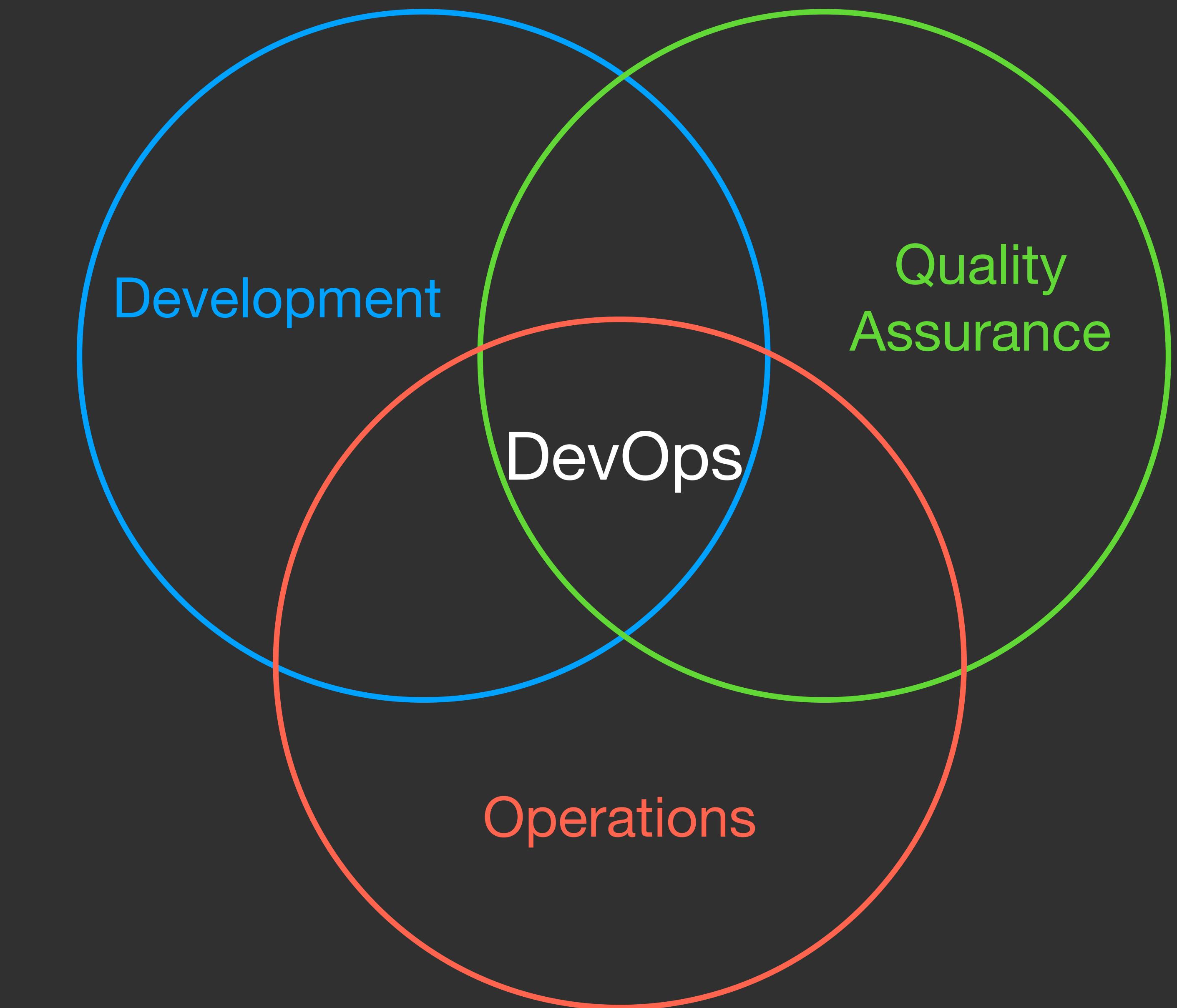
**Security ?**

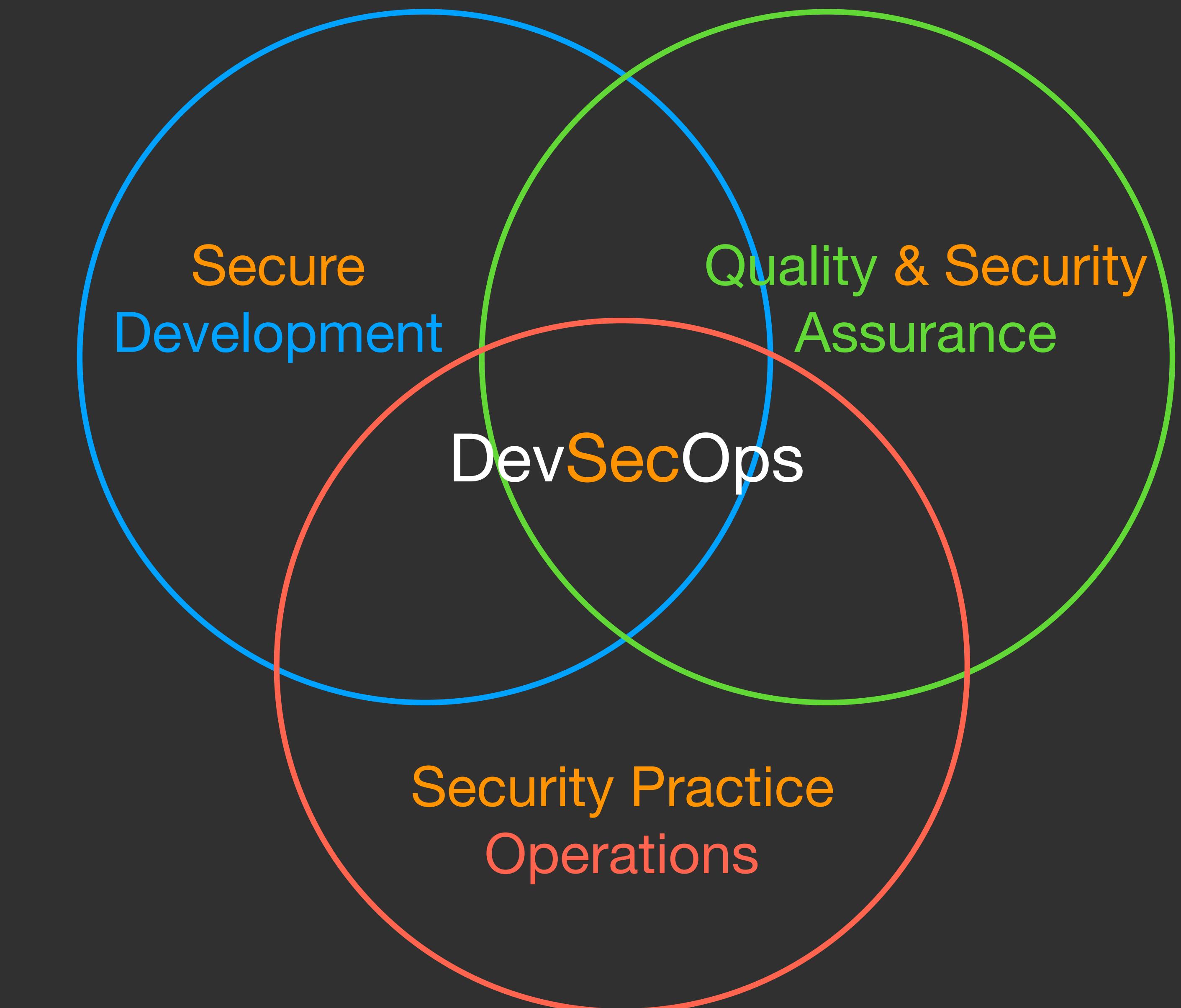


# Security ?

- 持續整合 (Continuous Integration)
- 持續交付 (Continuous Delivery)
- 程式碼品質 (Code Quality)
- 相依性組件、系統、套件 (Dependencies)
- 配置 (Configuration)
- 環境 (Environment)
- ...







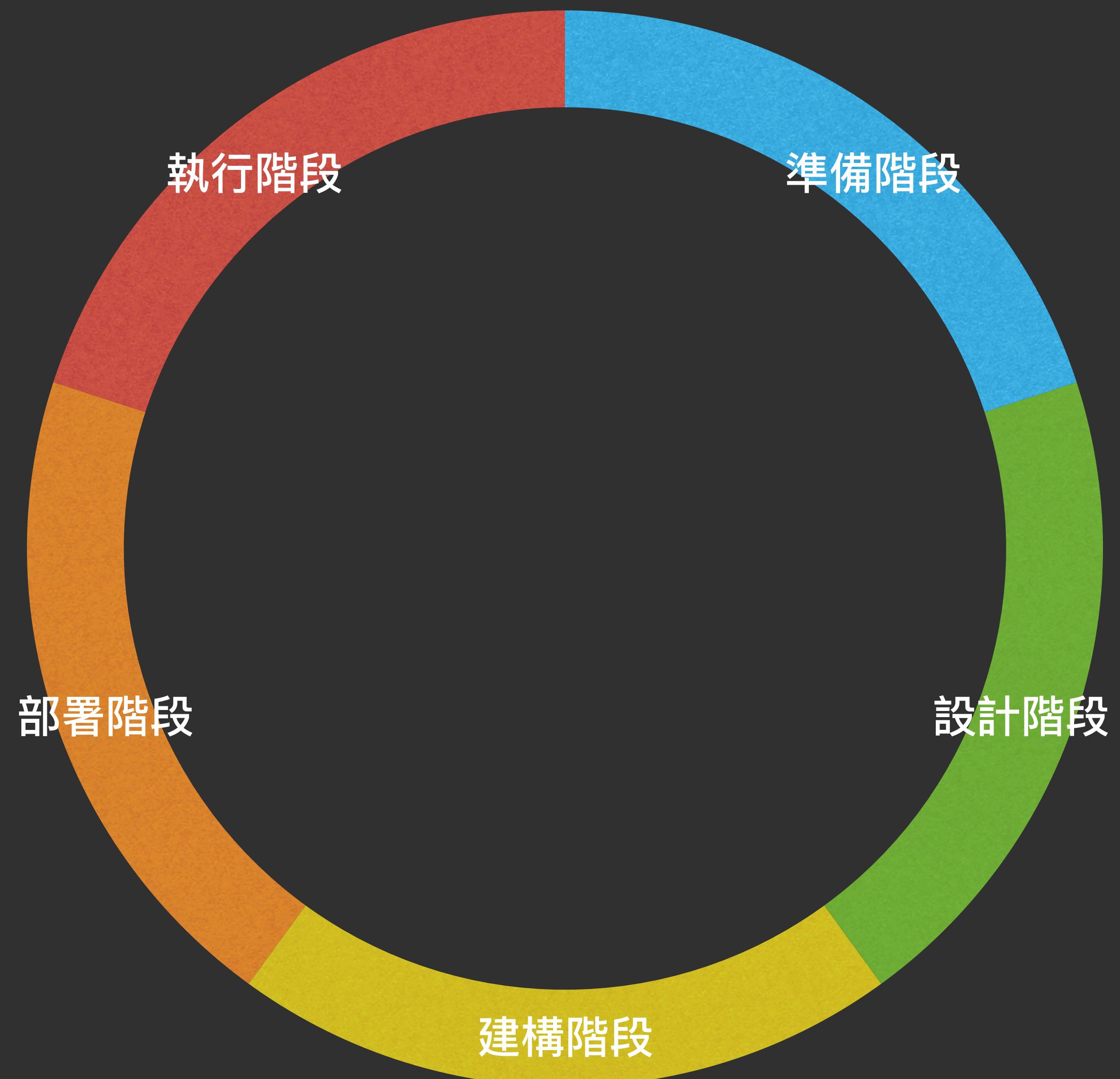
技術  
(方法論)

流程  
(開發階段)

人  
(理念)

# Security is **EVERYONE**'s job

*– AWS CTO Werner Vogels*



監控 (Monitor) 、運行時自我保護 (RASP) 、威脅偵測 (Threat Detection) 與反應 (Response)



執行階段

CD 階段、環境互動測試、軟體組建分析 (SCA) 、動態測試 (DAST) 、資安配置



部署階段

CI 階段、靜態掃描 (SAST) 、程式碼資安檢查 (Code Review) 、安全環境打包



建構階段

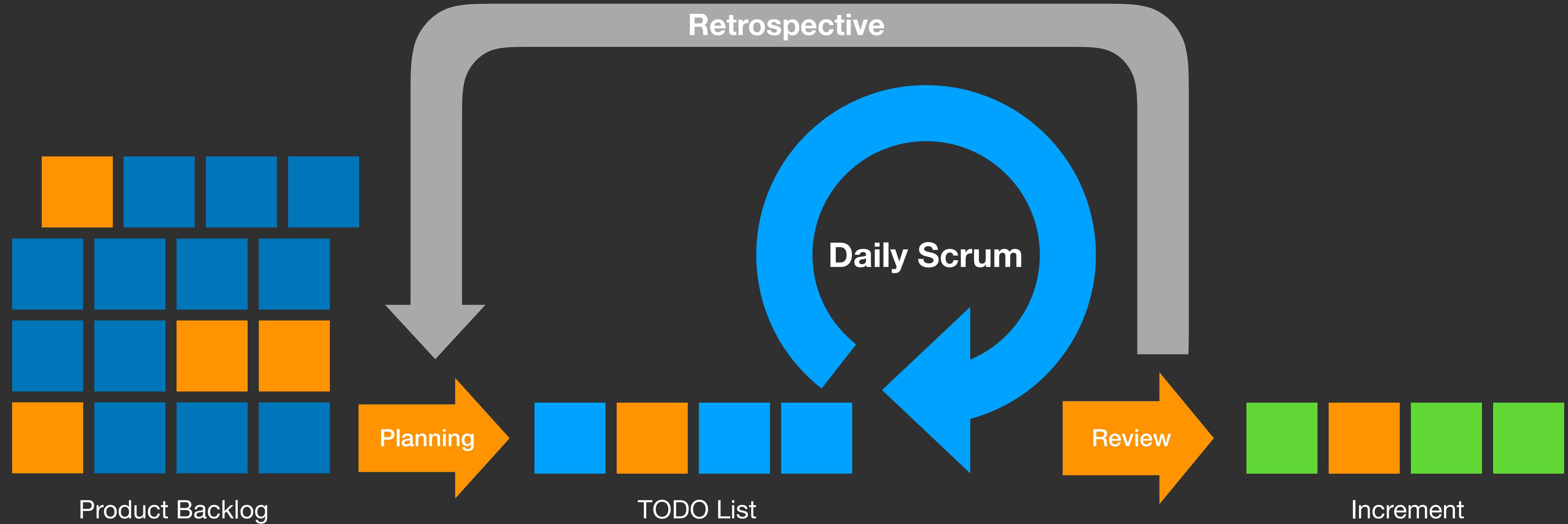
資產 (Assets) 管理、威脅模型 (Threat Model) 、風險評估 (Risk Assessment)

準備階段

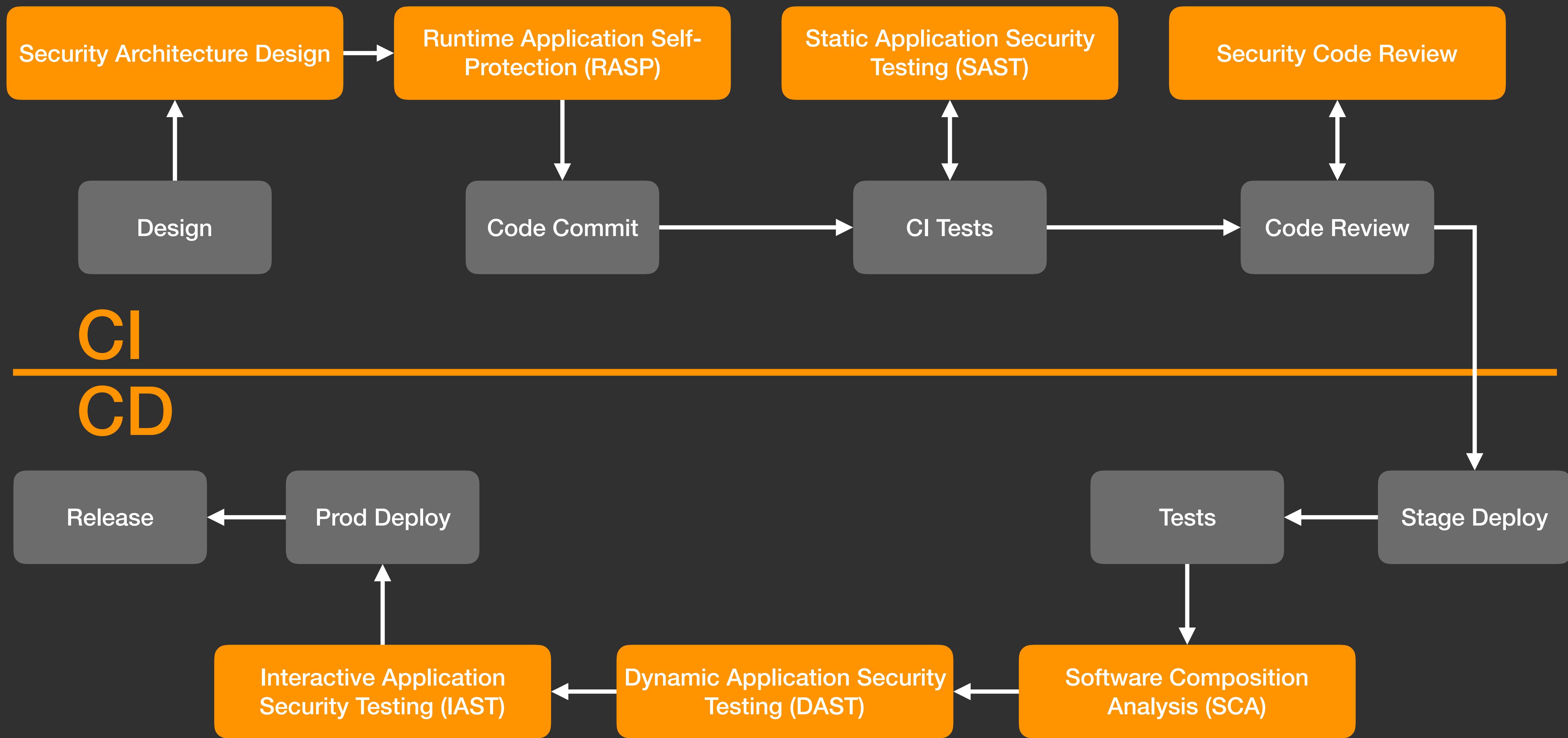
設計階段

資安系統架構、存取控制 (Access Control) 、機密資訊管理 (Secret Management)



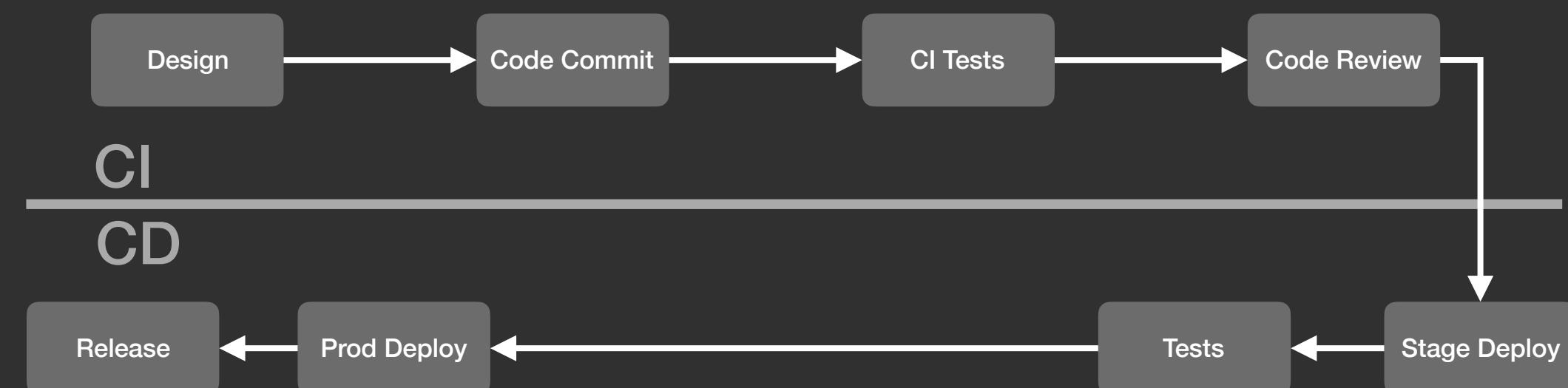
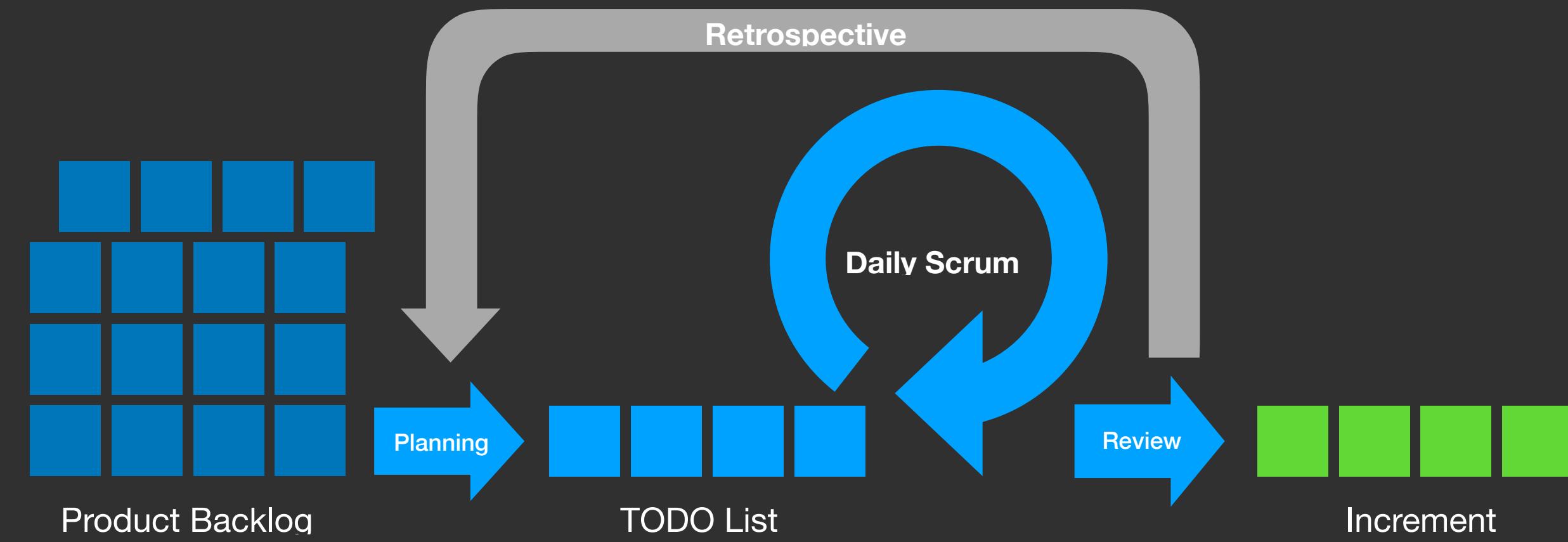






# DevOps & Security

- Waterfall vs DevOps
- Security in DevOps
- CI / CD



# Security Testing

電影行

Q & A

## Preparation

- 商業價值
- 標準化
- 風險評估
- 威脅模型

## Security Testing

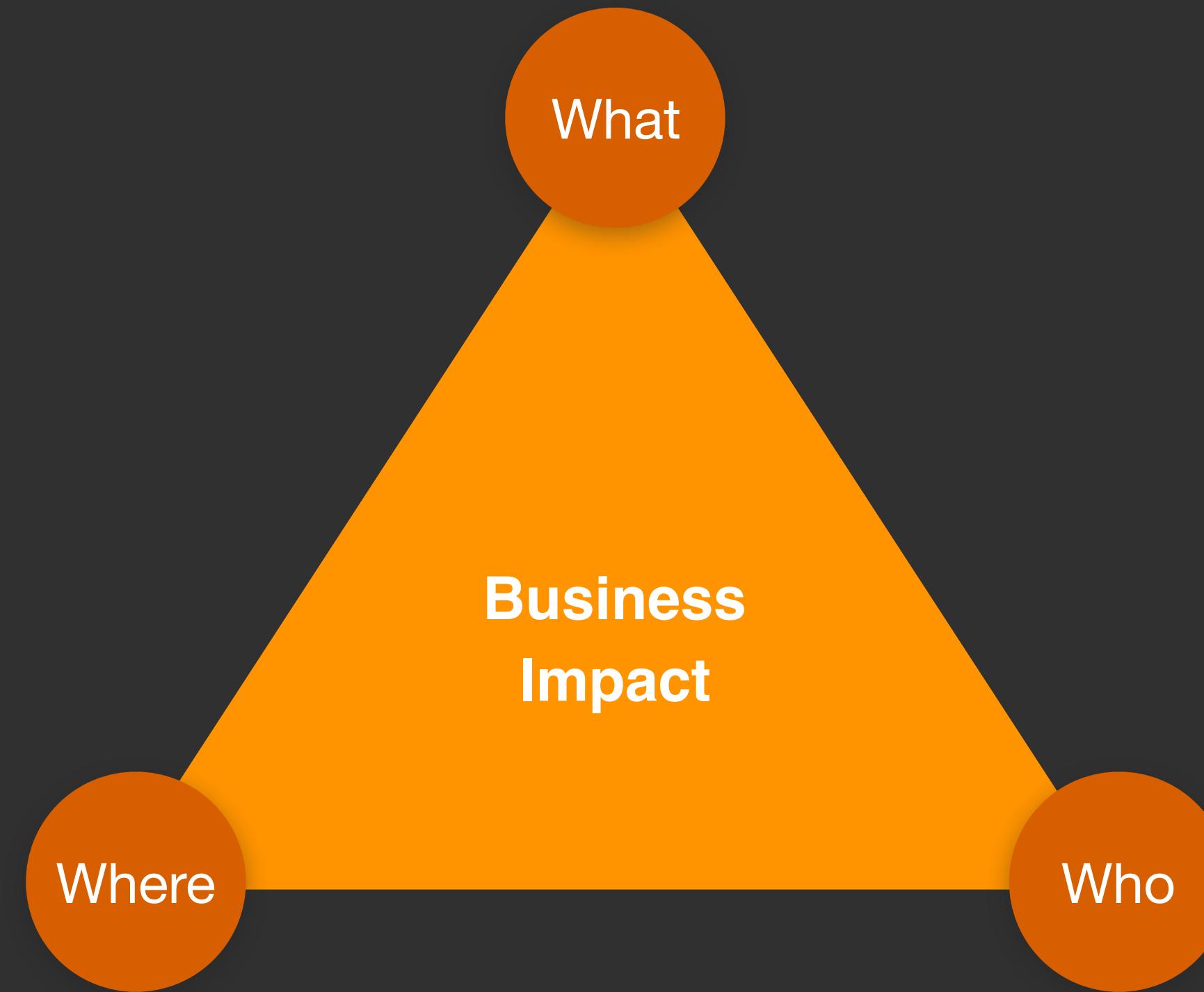
- 測試範圍
- OWASP Testing Guide V4
- 測試自動化

## Hardening

- 自動化過濾
- 弱點分析、回報
- 資安測試優化

# 威脅模型

- (What) 你要保護什麼？金鑰？客戶資料？
- (Who) 誰會攻擊？Script Kiddie？
- (Where) 從哪攻擊？網站？功能？人？
- (How) 怎麼攻擊？開源工具掃描？社交工程？

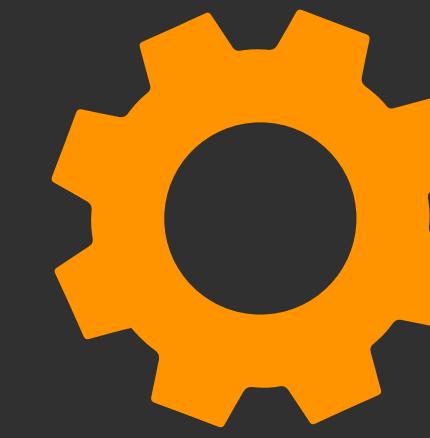




資料外洩



資安意識不足



錯誤配置

2022 年時會有 **95%** 的雲端資安威脅源自人為疏失。

*– Gartner*

<https://www.bnnext.com.tw/article/53826/awareness-cybersecurity-cloud>

# 標準化

- 威脅模型 (Threat Modeling)
  - STRIDE、PASTA、...
- 資安測試 (Security Testing)
  - OWASP Testing Guide V4
  - OWASP ASVS 3.0
- 弱點評估 (Vulnerability Assessment)
  - Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) 3.1

# OWASP Testing Guide V4

[https://www.owasp.org/index.php/  
OWASP Testing Guide v4 Table of Contents](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP_Testing_Guide_v4_Table_of_Contents)

- Information Gathering
- Configuration and Deploy Management Testing
- Identity Management Testing
- Authentication Testing
- Authorization Testing
- Session Management Testing
- Input Validation Testing
- Error Handling
- Cryptography
- Business Logic Testing
- Client Side Testing



靜態資安測試  
(SAST)



動態資安測試  
(DAST)

# Web Vulnerabilities ?

# AWS S3 Information Leak

<https://github.com/nagwww/s3-leaks>

Date	Description	
Mar 2018	<a href="#">Medical Records and Patient-Doctor Recordings Were Exposed</a>	information for employees as well as personally identifiable information for nearly 3,000 individuals left unsecured
Mar 2018	<a href="#">Jewelry site accidentally leaks personal details (and plaintext passwords!) of 1.3M users</a>	addresses, zip-codes, email addresses. He also claimed to have obtained plaintext passwords
Feb	<a href="#">S3 bucket open to world : Octoly</a>	real names, addresses, email addresses
Jan 22	<a href="#">Sensitive medical records on AWS bucket found to be publicly accessible</a>	
Dec 2017	<a href="#">Alteryx leave S3 bucket open for anonymous user : 120m american households exposed</a>	Home addresses, contact information, marital status, financial histories
Nov 2017	<a href="#">111 GB of internal customer information from National Credit Federation, a Tampa, Florida-based credit repair service</a>	- SSN - Drivers license numbers
Nov 2017	<a href="#">Uber, the hack happened couple months back was brought to light in Nov 2017&gt;</a>	personal information of drivers, including driver's license number
Nov 2017	<a href="#">NSA leak exposes Red Disk, the Army's failed intelligence system</a>	100 gigabytes of data from the NSA's Red Disk project, codenamed "Red
Nov 2017	<a href="#">Australia data leak: Nearly 50,000 government and private staffers' sensitive data publicly exposed</a>	S3 bucket left open by the Australian government
Oct 2017	<a href="#">How A Cloud Leak Exposed Accenture's Business</a>	

400

#341876

## SSRF in Exchange leads to ROOT access in all instances

Share:



State	<span>● Resolved (Closed)</span>	Severity	<span>Medium (6.9)</span>
Disclosed	<b>May 24, 2018 5:09am +0800</b>	Participants	
Reported To	<a href="#">Shopify</a>	Visibility	<span>Disclosed (Full)</span>
Asset	<a href="https://exchangemarketplace.com/">https://exchangemarketplace.com/</a> (Domain)		
Weakness	Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)		
Bounty	\$25,000		

[Collapse](#)

### SUMMARY BY SHOPIFY



Shopify infrastructure is isolated into subsets of infrastructure. [@0xacb](#) reported it was possible to gain root access to any container in one particular subset by exploiting a server side request forgery bug in the screenshotting functionality of Shopify Exchange. Within an hour of receiving the report, we disabled the vulnerable service, began auditing applications in all subsets and remediating across all our infrastructure. The vulnerable subset did not include Shopify core.

After auditing all services, we fixed the bug by deploying a metadata concealment proxy to disable access to metadata information. We

# SSRF to Root Access

<https://hackerone.com/reports/341876>

# The npm Blog

Blog about npm things.



## Reported malicious module: `getcookies`

Early May 2nd, the npm security team received and responded to reports of a package that masqueraded as a cookie parsing library but contained a malicious backdoor. The result of the investigation concluded with three packages and three versions of a fourth package being unpublished from the npm Registry.

No packages published to the npm Registry used the malicious modules in a way that would have allowed the backdoor to be triggered. Applications not published to the registry that directly required the malicious modules might have been vulnerable, but are out of the scope of our analysis.

### Initial report

Initial information from the community reported that the package `getcookies` contained a potential backdoor, that `express-cookies` and `http-fetch-cookies` depended upon `getcookies`, and that a popular package, `mailparser`, depended upon `http-fetch-cookies`.

### Triage

Upon receiving the report, npm's security team started triage. The goal of triage was determining

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- Shodan: <https://www.shodan.io/>
  - Censys: <https://censys.io/>
  - Sublist3r: <https://github.com/aboul3la/Sublist3r>
  - Nmap: <https://nmap.org/>

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  - Client Side Testing
- 
- Kube Hunter: <https://github.com/aquasecurity/kube-hunter>
  - Nginx configuration: <https://github.com/yandex/gixy>
  - SSLScan: <https://github.com/rbsec/sslscan>

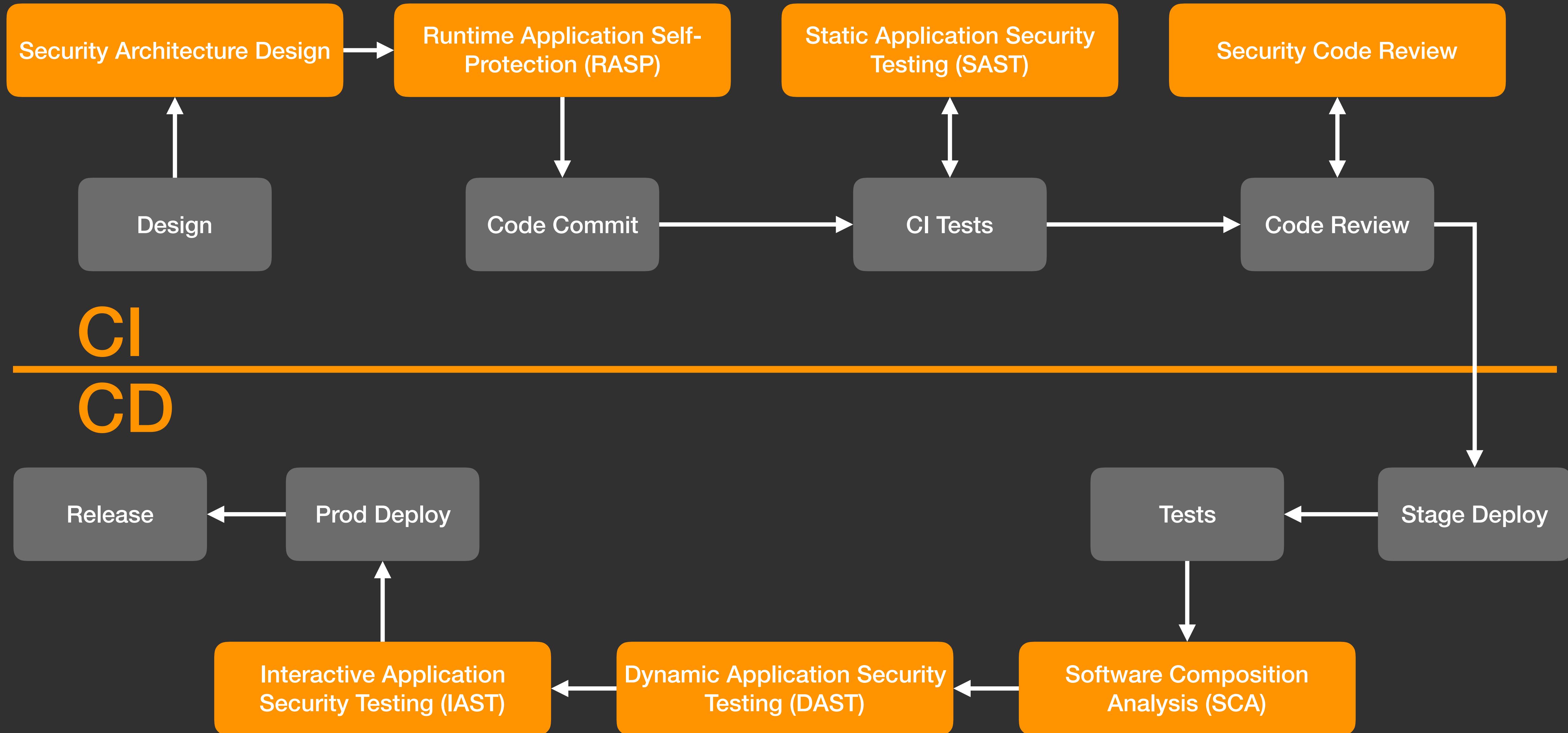
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- SAST Tools
- Python: <https://github.com/PyCQA/bandit>
- Go: <https://github.com/securego/gosec>
- ...

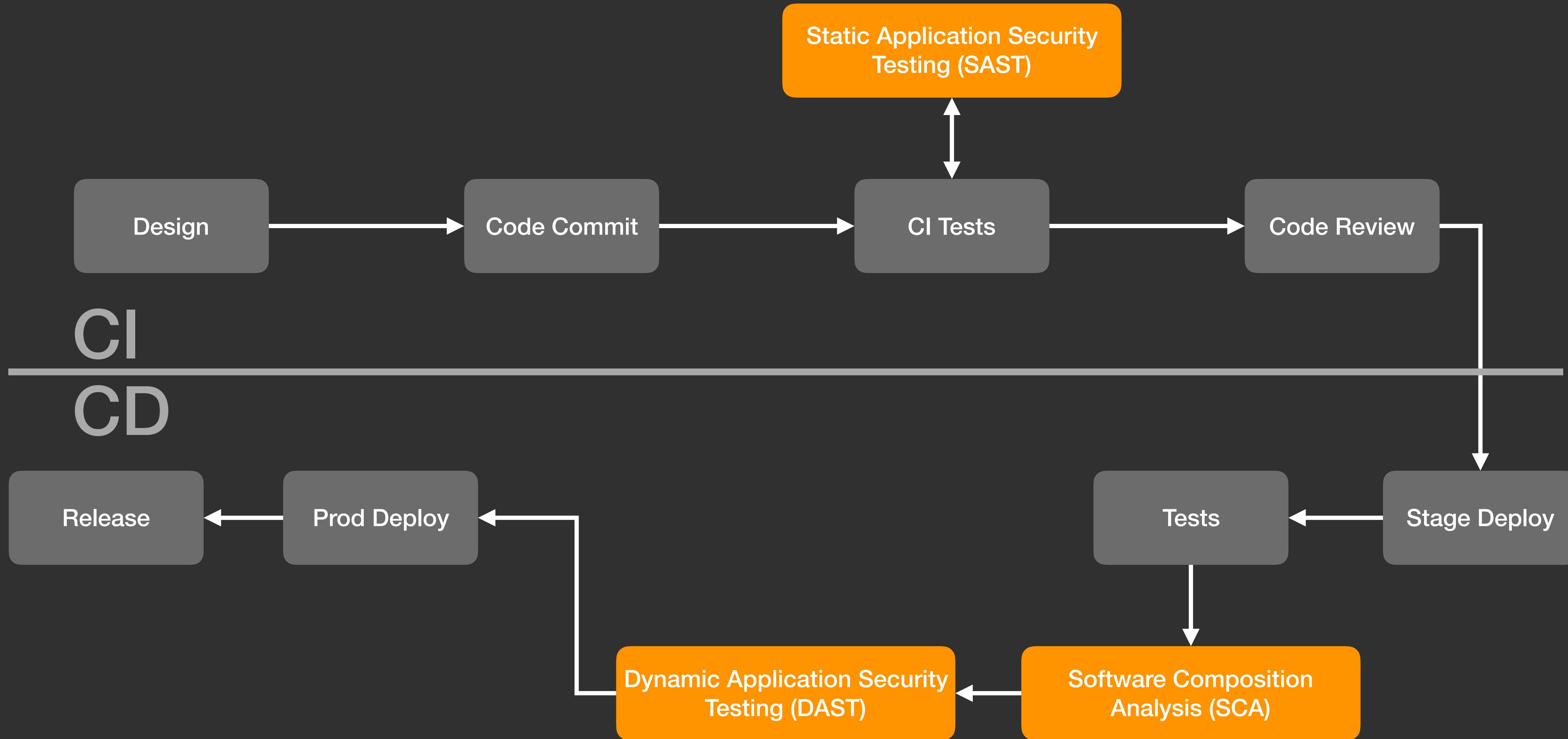
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- DAST Tools
  - OWASP ZAP: <https://github.com/zaproxy/zaproxy/wiki/ZAP-API-Scan>
  - Nikto2: <https://github.com/sullo/nikto>
  - Sqlmap: <https://github.com/sqlmapproject/sqlmap>
  - Arachni: <https://github.com/Arachni/arachni>
  - Behave: <https://github.com/behave/behave>

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  - Client Side Testing
- Software Composition Analysis (SCA)
  - JS libraries: <https://retirejs.github.io/retire.js/>
  - 3rd party libraries: <https://snyk.io/>
  - Container analysis: <https://github.com/coreos/clair>
  - Vuls: <https://github.com/future-architect/vuls>

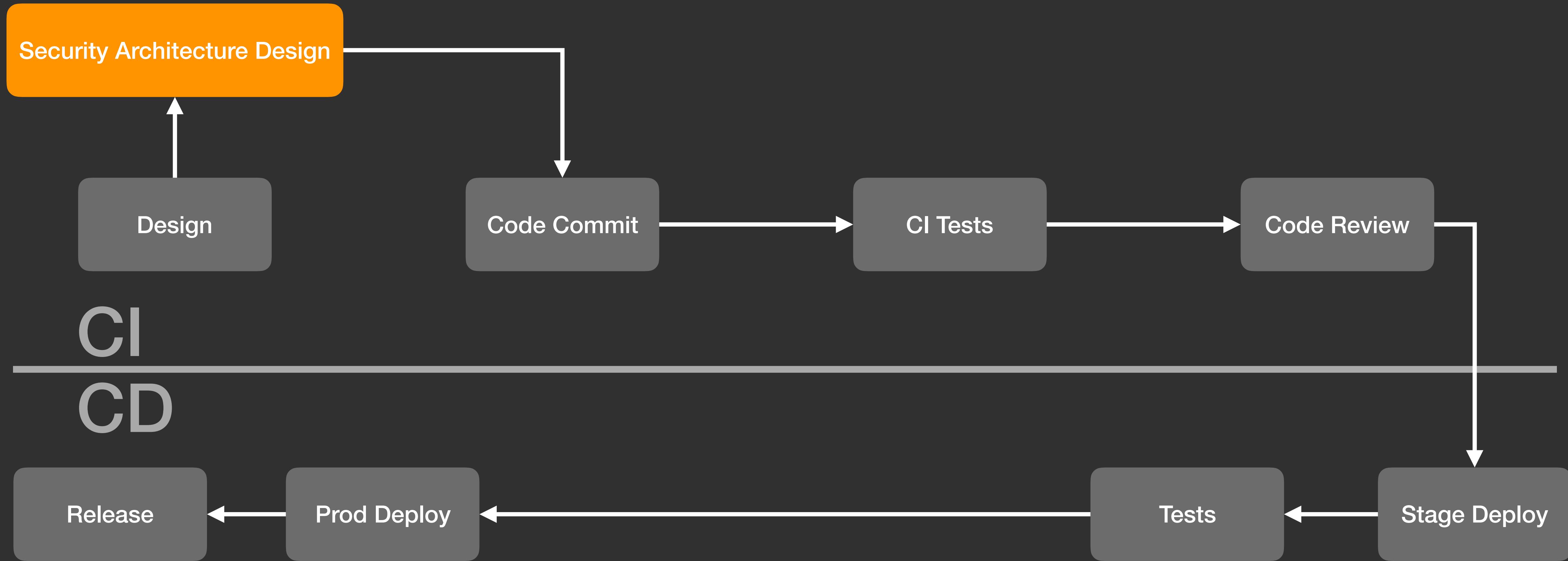
電影行

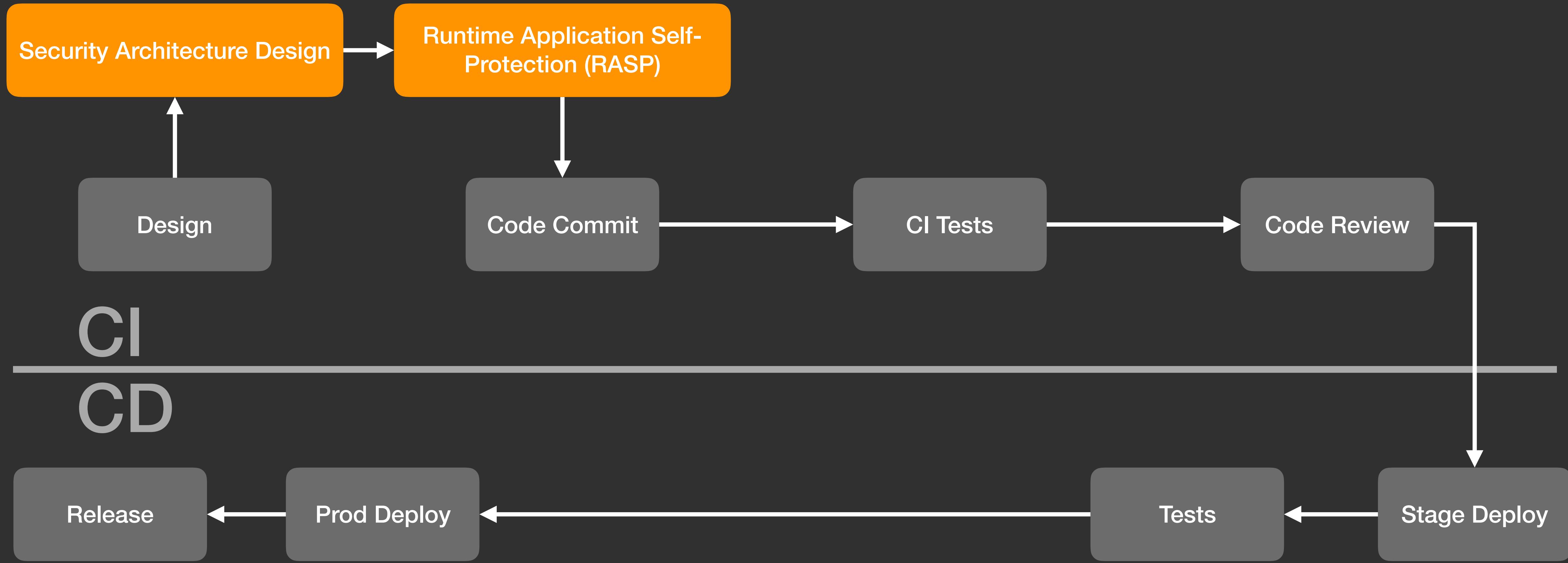


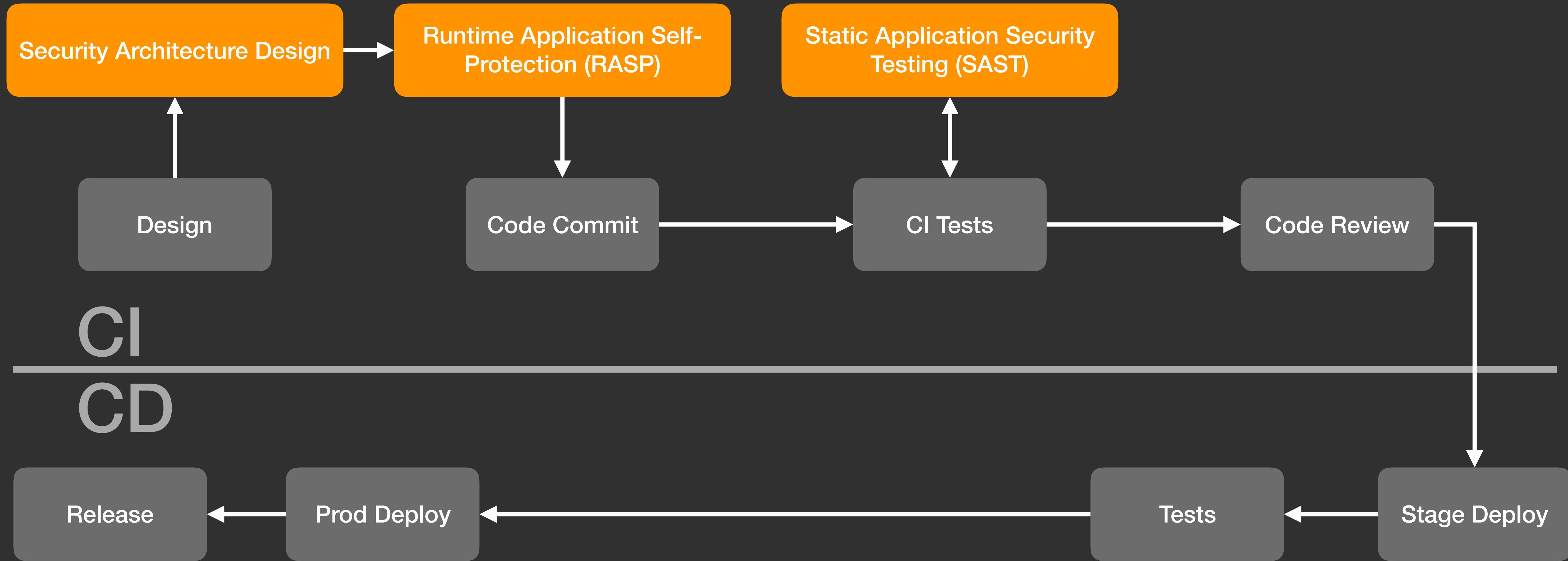


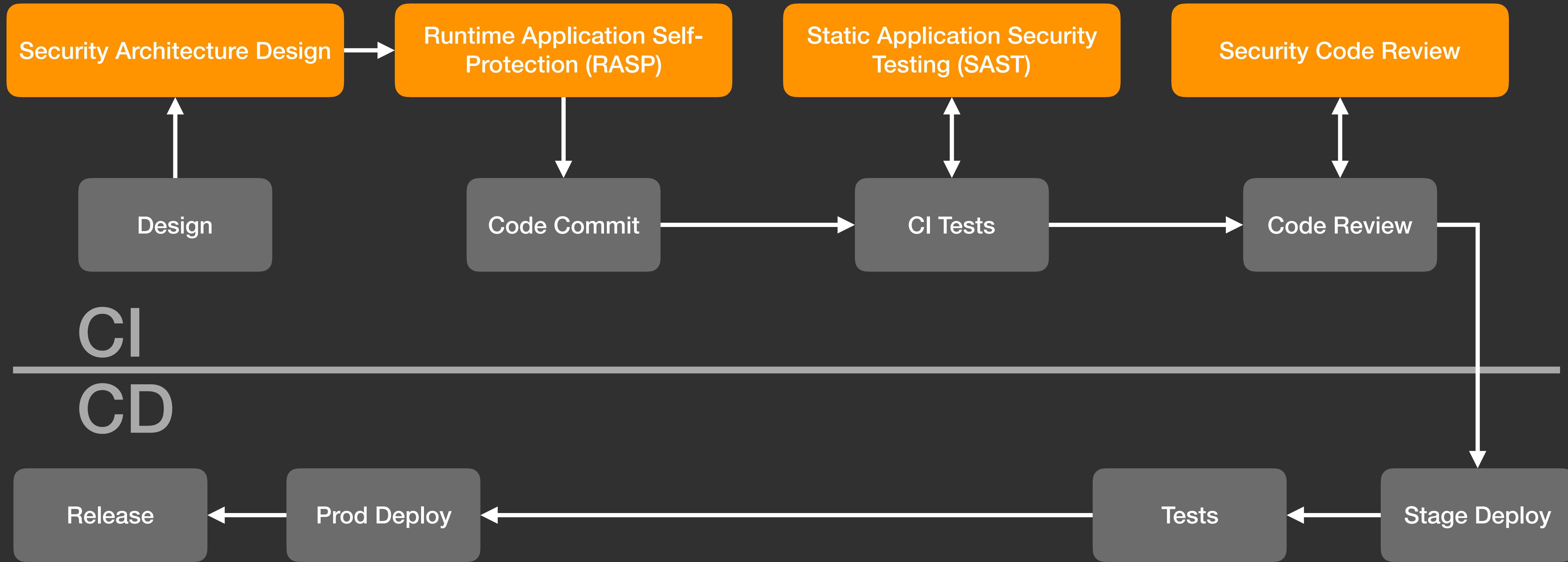


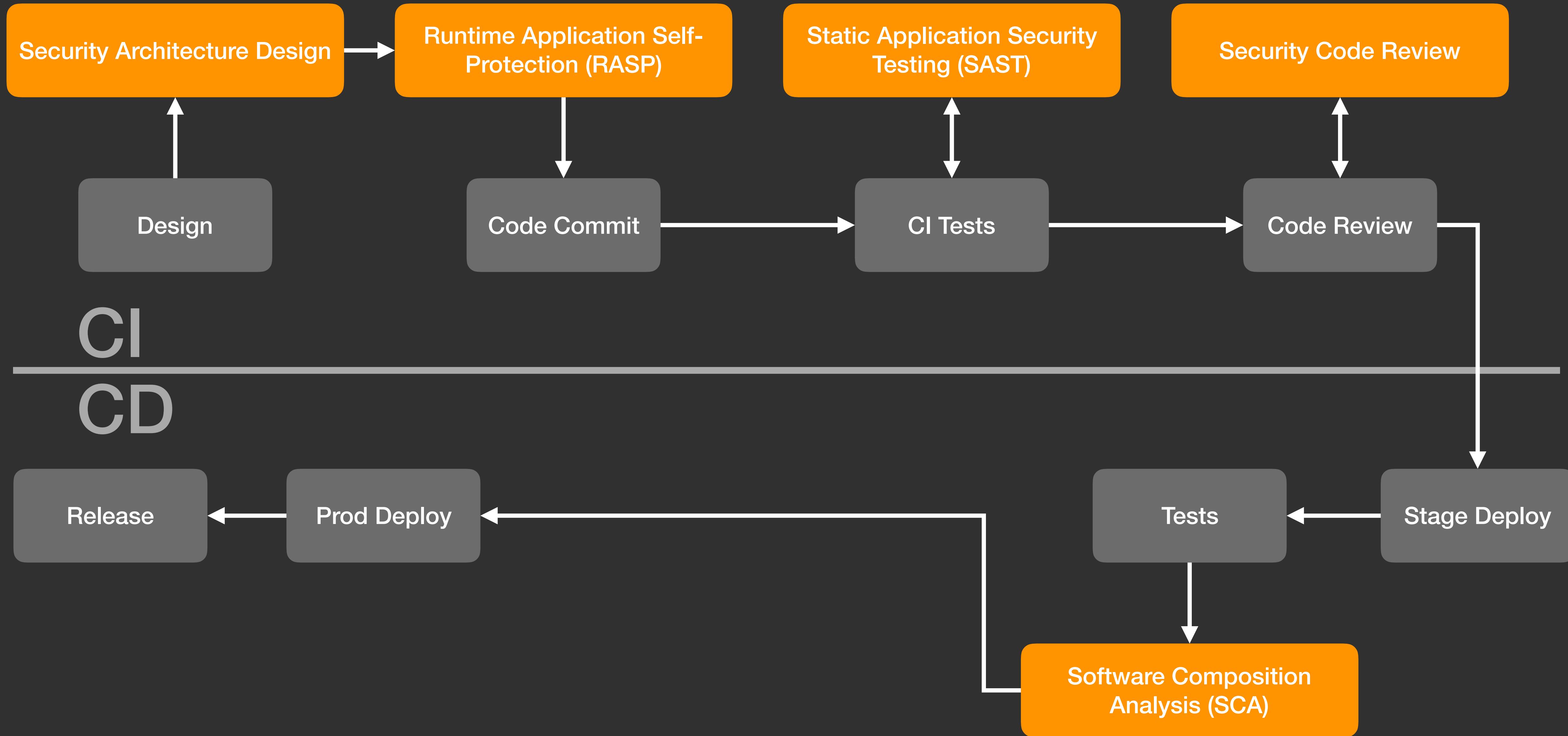


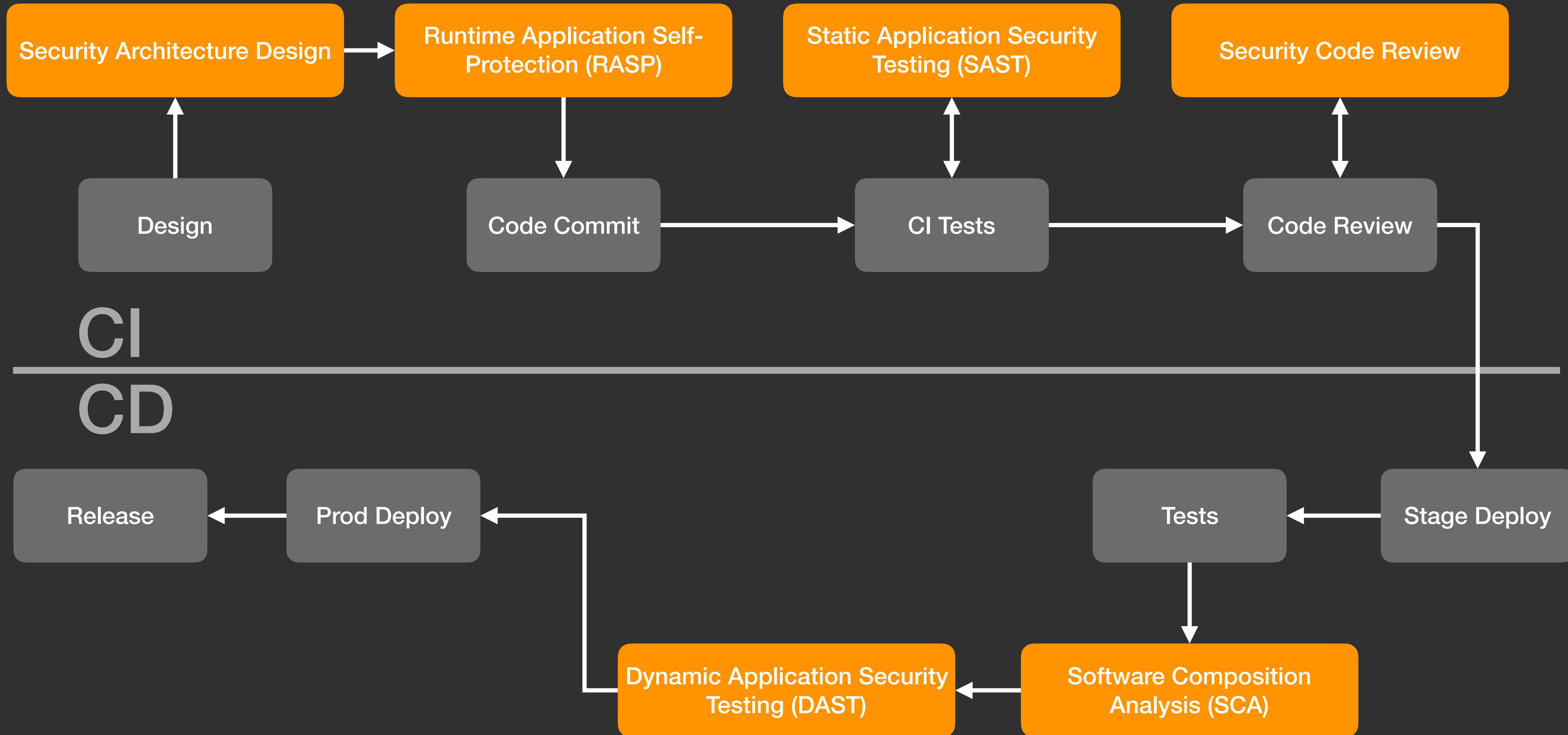


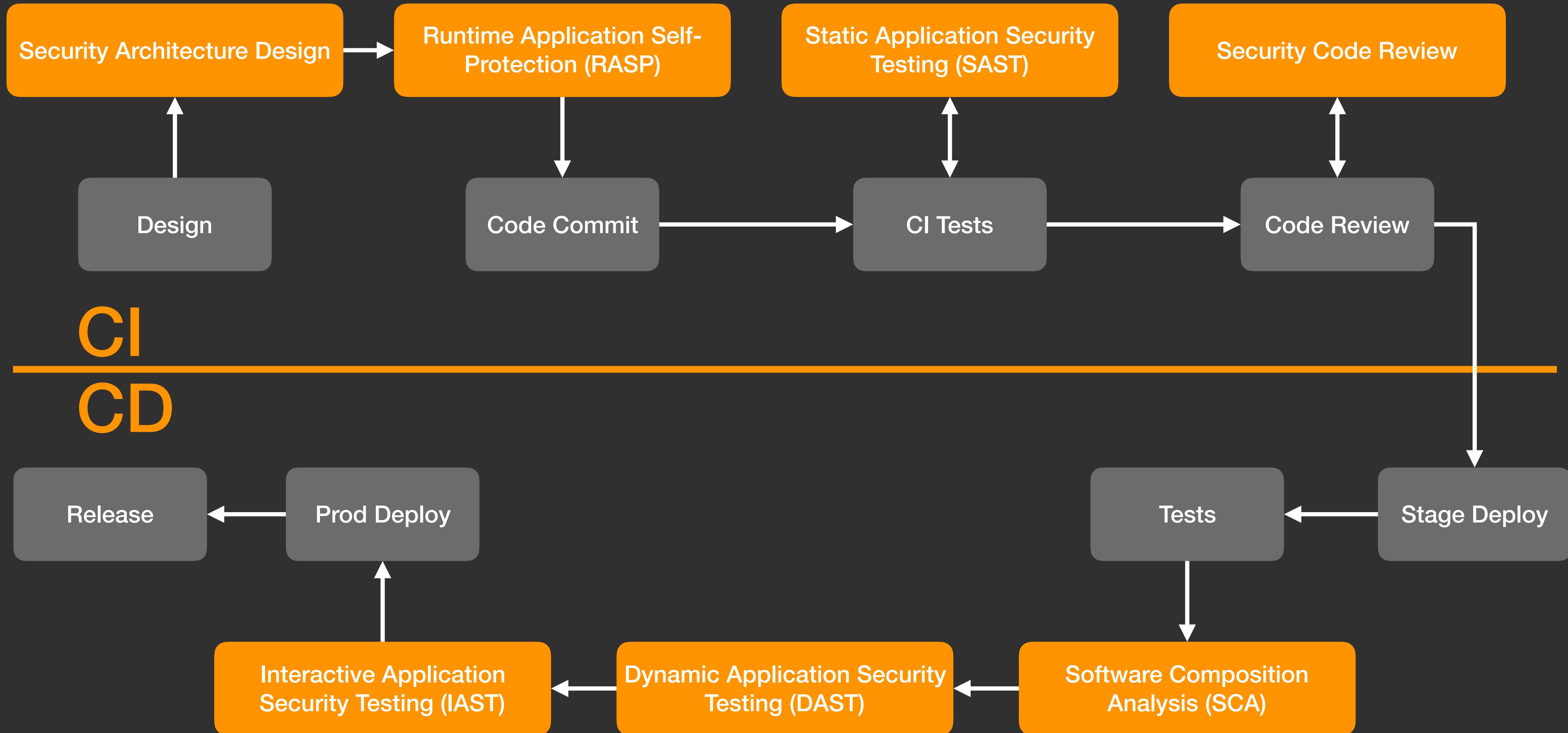














預防

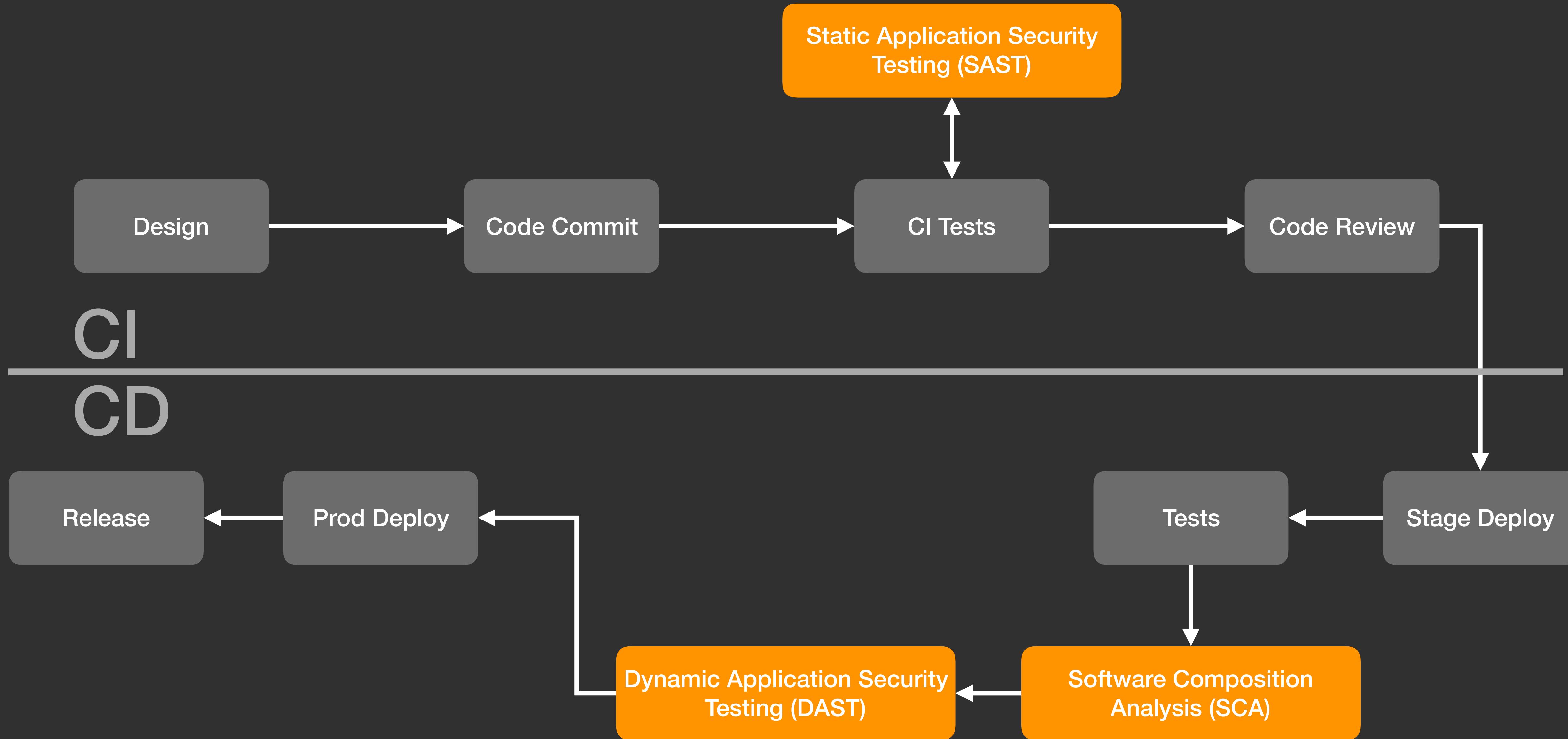
自動化測試

滲透測試

漏洞獎勵計劃

未找到

利用



## Static Application Security Testing (SAST)

### 靜態資安測試 (SAST)

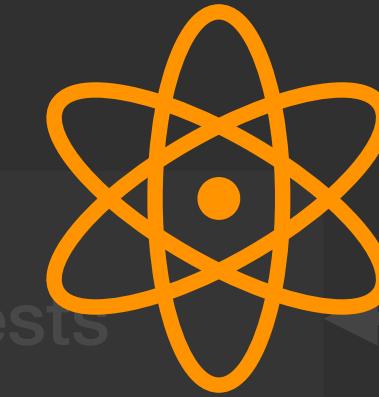
- Security linter、錯誤配置檢測
- 需要低偽陽性 (False Positive)
- 快速檢查

### 動態資安測試 (DAST)

- 輸入驗證測試
- 資訊收集、部署、認證授權測試
- 降低報告的內容和數量

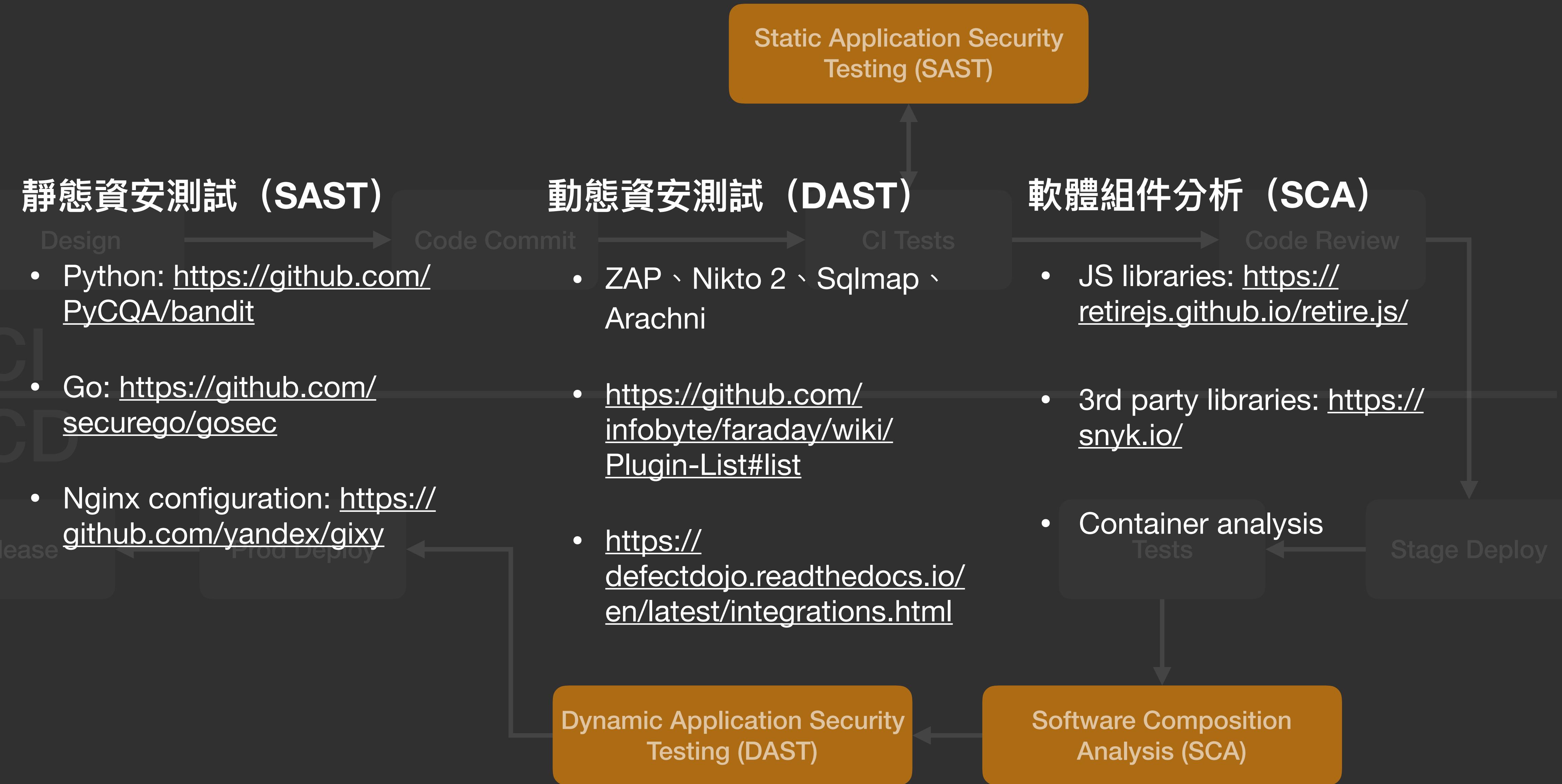
### 軟體組件分析 (SCA)

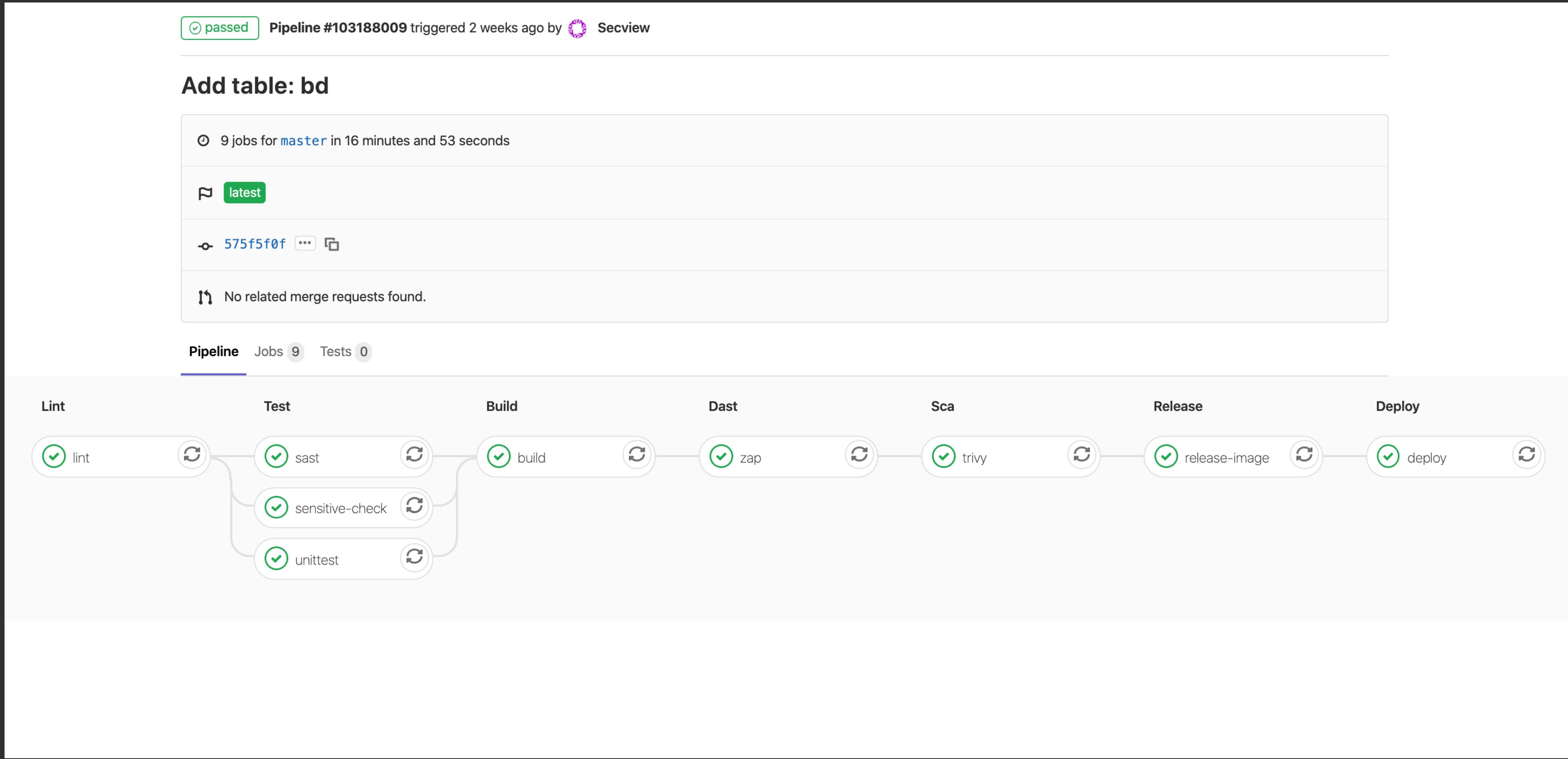
- 相依性套件
- 第三方函式庫、開發框架、Docker 映像檔、系統軟體套件



## Dynamic Application Security Testing (DAST)

## Software Composition Analysis (SCA)



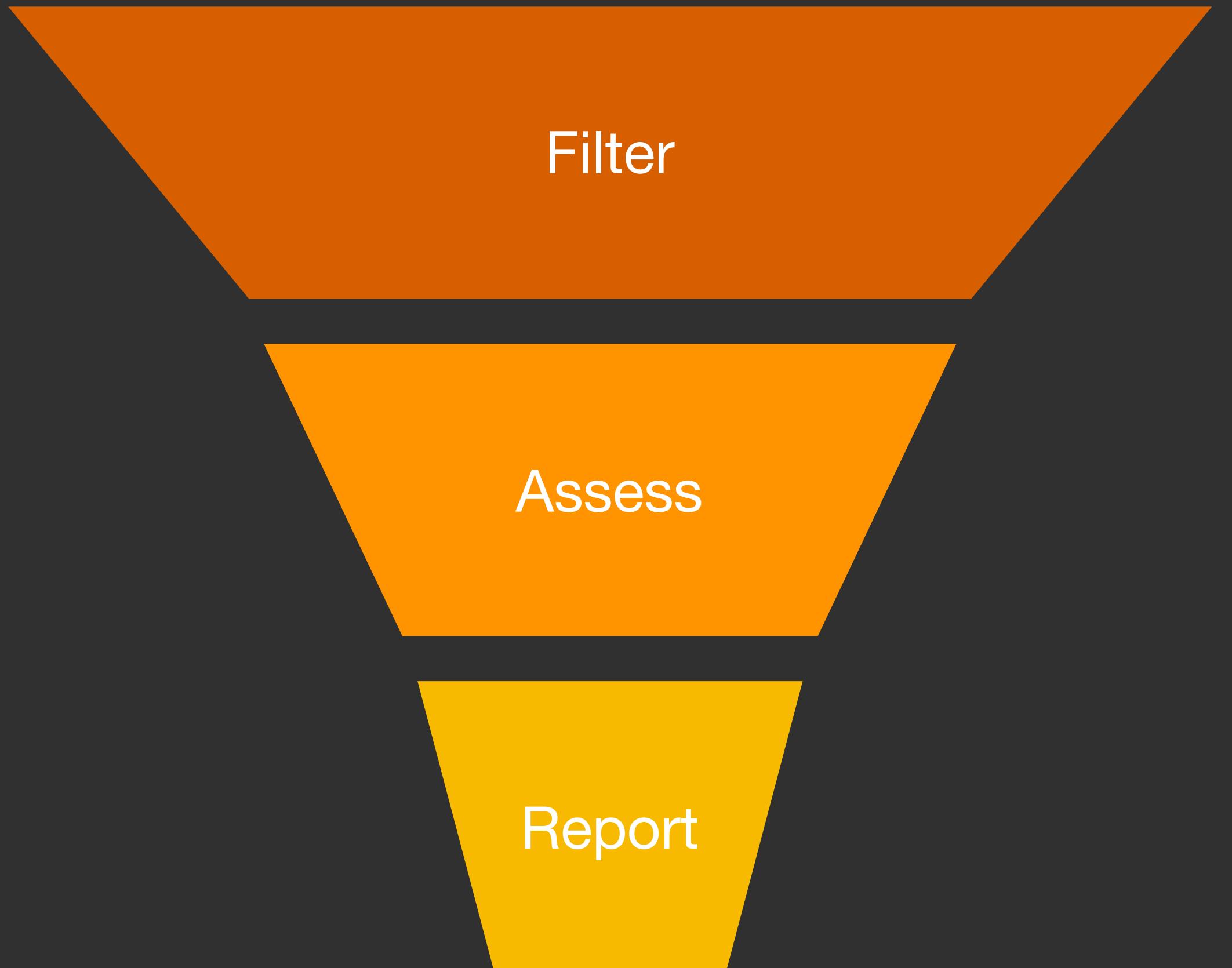


# Security Testing in CI / CD

SAST: <https://secview.io/posts/13-hitcon-defense-summit-2019/>

# 漏洞管理

- 自動化過濾 (Filter)
  - 偽陽性、重複掃到的問題 (Duplicate Issues)
- 嚴重性評估 (Assess)
  - CVSS 3.1
- 報告 (Report)
  - 嚴重性、優先順序、漏洞簡介、漏洞影響
  - 建議修復方法
- DefectDojo: <https://github.com/DefectDojo/django-DefectDojo>



## Preparation

- 商業價值
- 標準化
- 風險評估
- 威脅模型

## Security Testing

- 測試範圍
- OWASP Testing Guide V4
- 測試自動化

## Hardening

- 自動化過濾
- 弱點分析、回報
- 資安測試優化

## 標準化

資安測試項目、風險量化、威脅模型分析



## 模組化

Security-as-code  
資安程式化、資安架構、重複使用



## 自動化

測試、監控、過濾、回報與反應自動化、持續疊代



# Shift Left



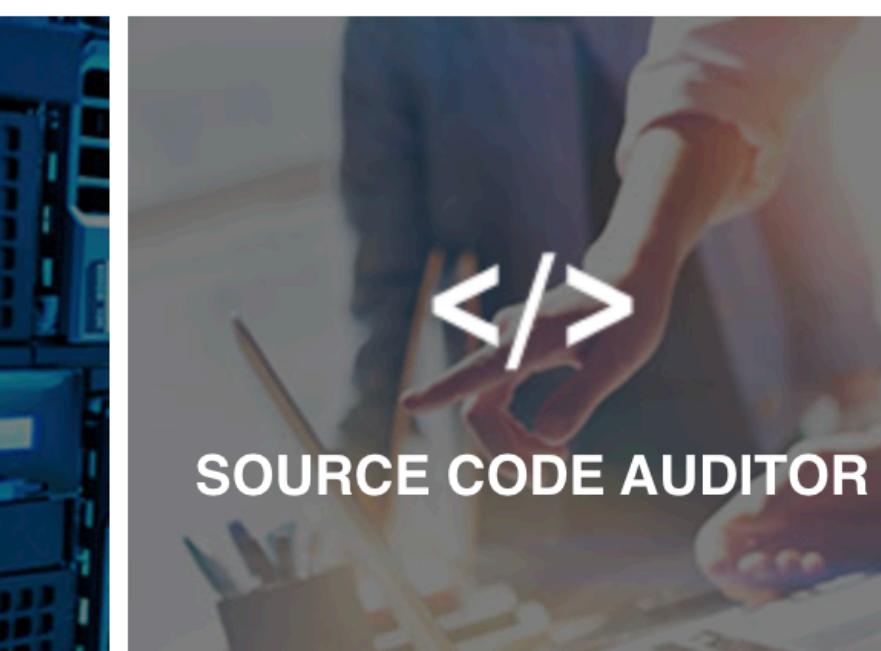
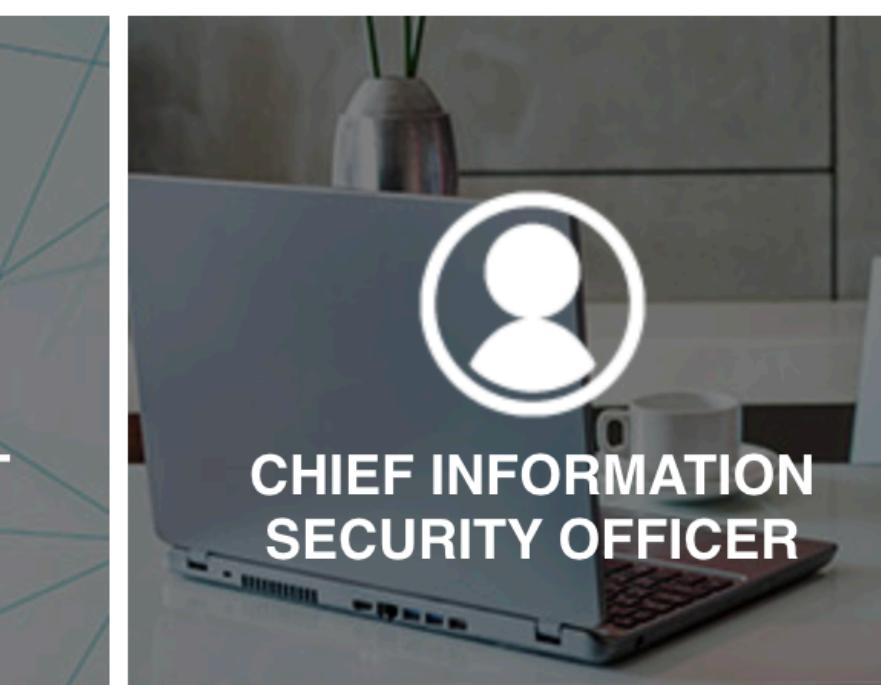
及早發現



持續檢測



降低成本





## KEEP DATA SAFE

Protect your company's data while you learn new skills and assess preventive security measures with these entry-level cyber security careers.

- Security Engineer
- Security Analyst
- Incident Responder
- Security Specialist



## STAY ONE STEP AHEAD

Thwart cybercrime by thinking like a hacker as you test and implement layered security systems and keep your company's data safe from cybercriminals.

- Vulnerability Assessor
- Penetration Tester
- Source Code Auditor
- Security Auditor



## FIND YOUR SPECIALTY

Fine tune your expertise by focusing on these specialized cyber security career fields. Become an expert in your chosen area of cybercrime prevention.

- Forensics Expert
- Security Consultant
- Cryptographer
- Security Engineer



## LEAD YOUR TEAM

Reach the pinnacle of the profession as a leader, and satisfy business goals while making decisions about your company's security and integrity.

- Security Administrator
- Cyber Security Manager
- Security Director
- Security Architect
- Chief Information Security Officer (CISO)

Q & A