root@raspi3/opt/sadmin/setup# ./setup.sh SADMIN Pre-Installation Verification Version 1.5 Checking if 'lsb_release' is installed ... Done Checking if 'python3' is installed ... Done All Verifications Pass ... SADMIN Setup V2.9 SADMIN Environment variable is now set to /opt/sadmin - The line below is now in /etc/profile.d/sadmin.sh and in /etc/environment - SADMIN=/opt/sadmin - This will make sure 'SADMIN' environment variable is set upon reboot - Initial SADMIN configuration file (/opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg) in place [SADM HOST TYPE] Specify if this host is to become a SADMIN [C]lient or [S]erver. Host will be a SADMIN [S]erver or a [C]lient [C] : s [SADM HOST TYPE] set to 'S' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg [SADM CIE NAME] This name that will appear in the heading of the web interface and on some report and email that SADMIN produce. Enter your Company Name : Batcave [SADM CIE_NAME] set to 'Batcave' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg [SADM MAIL ADDR] This field specify the email address of the system administrator. It is used by SADMIN Tools to send various email and alert. Enter System Administrator Email : batman@batcave.com [SADM_MAIL_ADDR] set to 'batman@batcave.com' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ [SADM MAIL TYPE] Default option for sending email after a script is finish. Can be overridden by changing SADM MAIL TYPE in SADMIN section of your script. [0] = Never send email. [1] = Only send the log when script finish with error (Default) [2] = Only send the log when script finish with success. [3] = Always send the script log when script finish. Enter default email type [1] : [SADM_MAIL_TYPE] set to '1' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg [SADM DOMAIN] Enter the default Domain Name to use when you will be adding a new server. Default domain name [maison.ca] : [SADM_DOMAIN] set to 'maison.ca' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg [SADM SERVER] Enter the name of the SADMIN Server - (MUST be a fully qualified domain name) This name can't be an alias in the DNS, it must be the real name of the server. It MUST be the result of the 'hostname' command on the SADMIN server. Enter SADMIN (FQDN) server name [raspi3.maison.ca] : Validating server name ...

```
[SADM SERVER] set to 'raspi3.maison.ca' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg
[SADM_MAX_LOGLINE]
Every time a script (python or bash script) that use SADMIN Tools is run,
it produce a log, in the dedicated directory ${SADMIN}/log.
    - The name of the Log file is "[HOSTNAME]_[NAME_OF_SCRIPT].log".
    - Log file are cumulative by default, but it can be overriden if you want.
    - This number indicate the maximum of lines you want to keep in your log.
    - This help keeping our log to a reasonnable size.
Maximum number of lines in LOG file [1000] :
[SADM_MAX_LOGLINE] set to '1000' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg
[SADM MAX RCHLINE]
When a (python or shell) script using the SADMIN tools start and ends,
it record the date/time and the ending status of your script in what we call
a RCH file ([R]eturn [C]ode [H]istory] file).
     - The RCH file name are "[HOSTNAME] [NAME OF SCRIPT].rch"
     - They are located in the directory ${SADM BASE DIR}/dat/rch.
     - This number represent the maximum number of lines that each RCH file can
contain.
A value of 100 lines is recommended.
This will keep an history of 50 days and is the default value.
Maximum number of lines in RCH file [100] :
[SADM MAX RCHLINE] set to '100' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg
-----
[SADM GROUP]
This is the primary user group that have access to all SADMIN directories.
    - All files in the $SADMIN directories are own by this group.
    - If others users need to access or used scripts located in $SADMIN,
      they must be part of this group.
    - The SADMIN default user group is 'sadmin'.
Enter SADMIN User Group [sadmin] :
Group sadmin is an existing group
[SADM GROUP] set to 'sadmin' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg
[SADM USER]
Main SADMIN user that have access to all SADMIN directories and files.
    - This user will be assign to the SADMIN user group you just specified.
    - The SADMIN default user name is 'sadmin'.
Enter the default user name [sadmin] :
User sadmin is an existing user
Add user sadmin to group sadmin
[SADM_USER] set to 'sadmin' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg
[SADM SSH PORT]
TCP/IP Port used for SSH.
SSH port number to connect to client [22] : 32
[SADM_SSH_PORT] set to '32' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg
[SADM NETWORK1]
```

```
Every day SADMIN will check the IP utilisation on your network.
     The result will be visible on SADMIN network web page.
    - You will be able to tell what IP are in use or not (respond to ping),
      and what DNS name each IP has (if any).
    - It will facilitate, the clean up of your DNS and IP usage.
    - Network should be specify in this form, '192.168.1.0"
Enter the network IP [192.168.1.0] :
[SADM NETMASK1]
Every day SADMIN will check the IP utilisation on your network.
    - The result will be visible on SADMIN network web page.
    - You will be able to tell what IP are in use or not (respond to ping),
      and what DNS name each IP has (if any).
    - It will facilitate, the clean up of your DNS and IP usage.
    - Netmask should specify the number bits use (1-30) (Default 24)
Enter the Network Netmask [1-30] [24] :
[SADM NETWORK1] set to '192.168.1.0/24' in /opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg
Checking SADMIN Client Package requirement
Running apt-get update... Done
Checking for net-tools ... Ok
Checking for ethtool ... Ok
Checking for gawk ... Ok
Checking for dmidecode ... Ok
Checking for util-linux ... Ok
Checking for mailutils ... Ok
Checking for libdatetime-perl libwww-perl ... Ok
Checking for parted ... Ok
Checking for bc ... Ok
Checking for facter ... Ok
Checking for util-linux ... Ok
Checking for lshw ... Ok
Checking for lsb-release ... Ok
Checking for openssh-client ... Ok
Checking for perl-base ... Ok
Checking for sudo ... Ok
Checking for nmon ... Ok
Checking for python pip3 command ... Done
Installing python3 PyMySQL module (pip3 install PyMySQL) ... Done
Creating 'sadmin' user sudo file
  - Creating SADMIN sudo file (/etc/sudoers.d/033_sadmin-nopasswd)
  - Permission on sudo file changed successfully
  - Ownership of sudo file changed successfully
Creating SADMIN client crontab file (/etc/cron.d/sadm client)
  - Client Crontab Permission changed successfully
  - Ownership of client crontab changed successfully
Adding 'sadmin' to /etc/hosts file
Checking SADMIN Server Package requirement
```

```
Running apt-get update... Done
Checking for rrdtool ... Installing rrdtool ... Done
Checking for php php-mysql php-common php-cli ... Installing php php-mysql php-
common php-cli ... Done
Checking for mariadb-server mariadb-client ... Installing mariadb-server mariadb-
client ... Done
Checking for arp-scan ... Installing arp-scan ... Done
Checking for fping monitoring-plugins-standard ... Installing fping monitoring-
plugins-standard ... Done
Checking for apache2 apache2-utils libapache2-mod-php ... Ok
Checking Firewall Information
  - Checking Firewall ... Not installed
Setup SADMIN MariaDB Database
Starting MariaDB Service - systemctl restart mysql.service
Enabling MariaDB Service - systemctl enable mysql.service
Problem with enabling MariabDB Service.
Return code is 1 - systemctl enable mysql.service
Standard out is
Standard error is Synchronizing state of mysql.service with SysV service script with /
lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable mysql
Failed to enable unit: Refusing to operate on linked unit file mysgl.service
--------
[SADM ROOT]
This is MySQL Database 'root' user password.
If the password isn't currently set, it will be set to the one you will enter.
If the password is currently set, we will test Database connection using it.
Enter MySQL Database 'root' user password :
Access to Database is working ...
Loading Initial Data in SADMIN Database ...
Done
Checking if 'sadmin' user exist in MariaDB ...
[SADM RW DBPWD]
Password read/write user "sadmin" on the SADMIN database.
You can give this password to people who have permission to update
server information in the database.
Enter Read/Write 'sadmin' database user password :
Creating 'sadmin' user ... Done
Checking if 'squery' user exist in MariaDB ...
[SADM RO DBPWD]
Password of the read only user "squery" on the 'sadmin' database
Give this password to people you want to consult server information,
but don't want them to modify any information in the Database.
Enter 'squery' database user password :
Creating 'squery' user ... Done
Inserting server 'raspi3' in Database ...
Done
Restarting MariaDB Server ... Done
```

```
Setup SADMIN Web Site
Making sure Web Server is started - systemctl restart apache2
  - Apache process user name : www-data
  - Apache process group name : www-data
Disable default apache configuration
SADMIN Web Site enable
  - SADMIN Web site configuration now in place (/etc/apache2/sites-enabled/
sadmin.conf)
 - Record Apache Process Owner in SADMIN configuration (/opt/sadmin/cfg/sadmin.cfg)
  - Setting Owner/Group on SADMIN WebSite(/opt/sadmin/www) ... Done
  - Setting Permission on SADMIN WebSite (/opt/sadmin/www) ... Done
  - Setting Permission on SADMIN WebSite images (/opt/sadmin/www/images) ... Done
  - Web Server Restarting - systemctl restart apache2 ... Done
  - Enabling Web Server Service - systemctl enable apache2 ... Done
Creating SADMIN server crontab file (/etc/cron.d/sadm server)
  - Server crontab permission changed successfully
  - Ownership of server crontab changed successfully
Run SADM scripts to feed Database and Web Interface
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm create sysinfo.sh' script ... Done
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm client housekeeping.sh' script ... Done
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm dr savefs.sh' script ... Done
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm cfg2html.sh' script ... Done
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm sysmon.pl' script ... Done
Enter password:
Enter password:
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm_fetch_clients.sh' script ... Done
Enter password:
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm_daily_farm_fetch.sh' script ... Done
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm_server_housekeeping.sh' script ... Done
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm_subnet_lookup.py' script ... Problem running /opt/
sadmin/bin/sadm_subnet_lookup.py
Error 1 - 2018.\overline{0}6.251\overline{1}:38:25 -
______
2018.06.25 11:38:25 - Starting sadm subnet lookup.py V1.9 - SADM Lib. V2.18
2018.06.25 11:38:25 - Server Name: raspi3.maison.ca - Type: Linux
2018.06.25 11:38:26 - O/S: Raspbian 9.4 - Code Name: Stretch
2018.06.25 11:38:26 -
Error connecting to Database 'sadmin'
>>>>>> 1045 Access denied for user 'sadmin'@'localhost' (using password: YES)
Running '/opt/sadmin/bin/sadm_database_update.py' script ... Problem running /opt/
sadmin/bin/sadm database update.py
Error 1 - 2018.06.25 11:38:29 -
______
2018.06.25 11:38:29 - Starting sadm_database_update.py V3.2 - SADM Lib. V2.18
Error connecting to Database 'sadmin'
>>>>>>> 1045 Access denied for user 'sadmin'@'localhost' (using password: YES)
```

SADMIN TOOLS - VERSION sadmin_0.86_20180625 - Successfully Installed

You need to logout and log back in before using SADMIN Tools, or type the following command (The dot and the space are important) . /etc/profile.d/sadmin.sh

This will make sure SADMIN environment variable is define.

USE THE WEB INTERFACE TO ADMINISTRATE YOUR LINUX SERVER FARM

The Web interface is available at http://sadmin.maison.ca or http://raspi3.maison.ca - For http://sadmin.maison.ca to work, 'sadmin.maison.ca' must be define in your DNS or /etc/hosts file.

- Use it to add, update and delete server from your server farm.
- View performance graph of your servers up to two years in the past.
- If you want, you can automatically update your server O/S at the time and day you scheduled.
- View your servers information (Network, Disks,...) (Usefull information in case of a Disaster Recovery)
- View your servers farm network IP and DNS name usage and spot if an IP free to use.
 - There is still more to come.

CREATE YOUR OWN SCRIPT USING SADMIN LIBRARIES

To create your own script using the SADMIN tools, you may want to take a look at the templates, run them and view their code.

- bash shell script : /opt/sadmin/bin/sadm_template.sh
- python script : /opt/sadmin/bin/sadm_template.py

For example, to create your own shell script :

copy /opt/sadmin/bin/sadm_template.sh /opt/sadmin/usr/bin/newscript.sh
modify it to your need, run it and see the results.

VIEW SADMIN FUNCTIONS IN ACTION AND LEARN HOW TO USE THEM BY RUNNING:

- /opt/sadmin/bin/sadmlib_std_demo.sh
- /opt/sadmin/bin/sadmlib_std_demo.py.

ENJOY !!

root@raspi3/opt/sadmin/setup#