

# Prince William County Police Department

# 2013 Annual Report



# TABLE OF CONTENTS



Message From the Chief of Police	3
County and Department At a Glance	4
Facilities Directory & Map	5
Department Organization Chart	6
Department Profile	7
Significant Achievements in 2013	8
Department Awards	15
Volunteers	18
Retirements	19
In Remembrance	20
2013 Crime Statistics	
Overview	23
Crime Statistics At-a-Glance	24
Index Crime	25
Violent vs. Property Crime	25
Crime Rate	26
Crime Rate and Population	26
Closure Rates	27
Murder –	
Historical Perspective	28
Violent Crimes –	
Historical Perspective	29
Property Crimes –	
Historical Perspective	30
Arrests, Index Crimes	31
Arrests, All Other Crimes	32
NIBRS Introduction	33
Illegal Immigration Enforcement	34
Illegal Alien Arrests, Index Crimes	35
Illegal Alien Arrests, Other Crimes	36
Traffic Enforcement	37
High-Risk Roadways	38

# MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF OF POLICE



To the citizens of Prince William County,

I am pleased to present the Annual Report for 2013, which provides an overview of your Police Department with respect to its mission, organization, and important activities and achievements over the 2013 calendar year.

This has been a year of significant progress for the Police Department. The crime rate continues to follow a 20-year pattern of decline. Not only can this be attributed to the officers who work tirelessly to keep the community safe, but equally to the citizens who remain vigilant in their efforts to be involved and observant, report suspicious activity, and properly secure their property.

Our constantly expanding Neighborhood Watch program and the concurrent decline in the crime rate illustrates the importance of the Department's relationship with the community. We continue to work with the public in order to increase education, awareness, and prevention strategies and I look forward to enduring success as we move into the next year.

The Board of County Supervisors approved funding for additional police officer positions, many of which will be used to expand the School Resource Officer program into all Prince William County middle schools. In regards to facility development, a design contract was approved for the new Central District Station and we continue to move forward with those plans.

You are always welcome to contact the Police Department's Public Information Office at (703) 792-7245, or my office at (703) 792-6650, for additional information concerning our programs and activities. On behalf of the Police Department I thank you for your continued support.

Yours Truly,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Stephan M. Hudson".

Stephan M. Hudson

Chief of Police

# THE COUNTY AT A GLANCE



## Board of County Supervisors

Corey A. Stewart, CHAIRMAN

At-Large

Michael C. May, VICE CHAIRMAN

Occoquan District

W.S. Wally Covington, III

Brentsville District

Martin E. Nohe

Coles District

Pete Candland

Gainesville District

John D. Jenkins

Neabsco District

Maureen S. Caddigan

Potomac District

Frank J. Principi

Woodbridge District

## County Executive

**Melissa S. Peacor**

## County Budget

\$962.5 million (FY14 adopted)

## County Employees

4,171.6 (full-time equivalent, FY14)

## Area

348 square miles / 222,615 acres

## Population

421,377 (provisional estimate, March 31, 2014)

## Median Household Income

\$93,744 (2012)

## Average Assessed Value

-- Single-Family Home \$335,292 (2013)

## Distance to Washington, D.C.

26 miles

# THE POLICE DEPARTMENT AT A GLANCE

## Chief

**Stephan M. Hudson**

## Department Budget

\$81.89 million (FY14 adopted)

## Police Officers

610

## Civilian Personnel

182 full time

(*incl. Animal Control & Crossing Guard*)

## Annual Training Totals

54,232 hours (recruit training)

56,784 hours (annual in-service training)

6,371 hours (firearms training)

## Public Safety Communications

Staff under joint management of Police and Fire Chiefs





## Primary Locations

### *Office of the Chief of Police*

**McCoart Building**

**1 County Complex Court**

**Prince William, Virginia 22192-9201**

**Eastern District**  
15948 Donald Curtis Drive  
Woodbridge, Virginia 22191  
703-792-7200

**Western District**  
8900 Freedom Center Blvd.  
Manassas, Virginia 22110  
703-792-5111

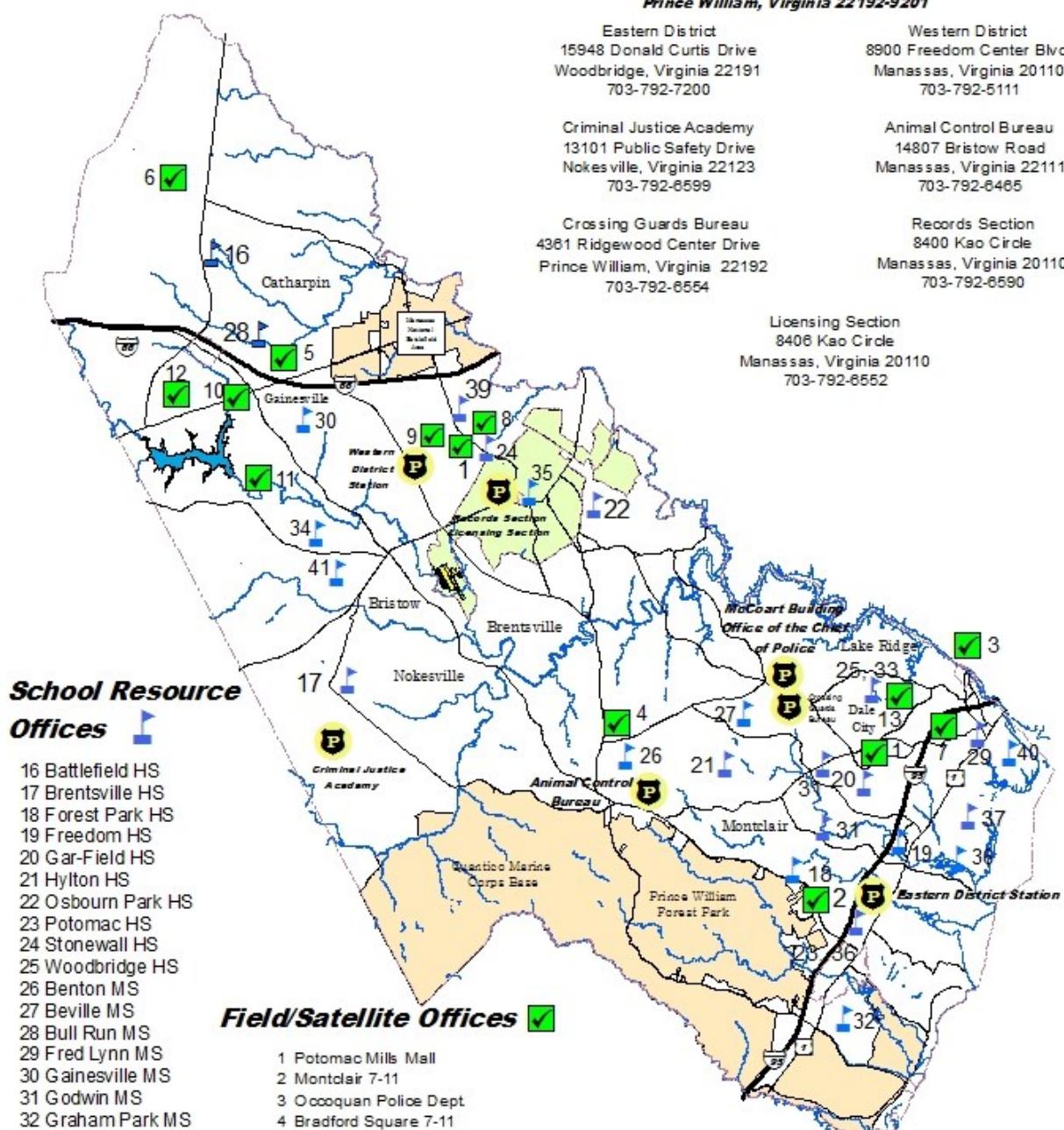
**Criminal Justice Academy**  
13101 Public Safety Drive  
Nokesville, Virginia 22123  
703-792-6599

**Animal Control Bureau**  
14807 Bristow Road  
Manassas, Virginia 22111  
703-792-6465

**Crossing Guards Bureau**  
4381 Ridgewood Center Drive  
Prince William, Virginia 22192  
703-792-6554

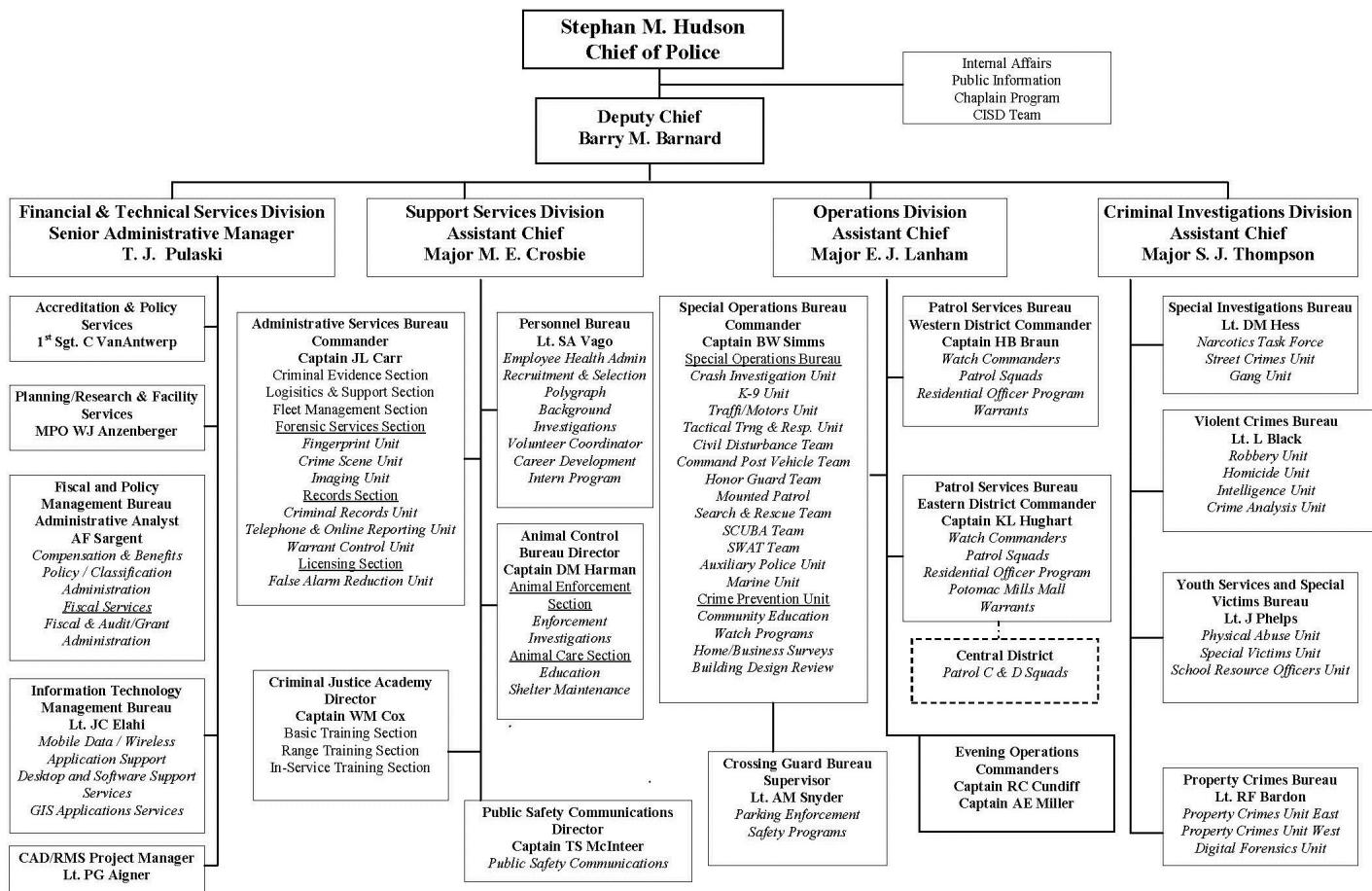
**Records Section**  
8400 Kao Circle  
Manassas, Virginia 20110  
703-792-6590

**Licensing Section**  
8406 Kao Circle  
Manassas, Virginia 20110  
703-792-6552



Prepared by PWC Police Department  
Office of the Chief

# 2013 DEPARTMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Police Department Senior Staff photo taken at the Western District Station.

# DEPARTMENT PROFILE

Prince William County was established in 1731 and is situated approximately 26 miles southwest of Washington, D.C. The County consists of 348 square miles and encompasses the independent cities of Manassas and Manassas Park, as well as the towns of Dumfries, Haymarket, Occoquan and Quantico.

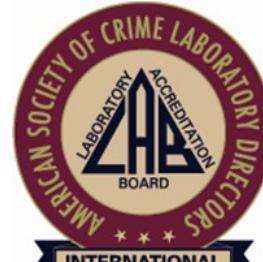
The Prince William County Police Department began operations on July 1, 1970. The Department started with 42 experienced police officers and operated out of the now-replaced Headquarters in the old Bennett School building in Manassas. The Department's budget that year was \$750,000 and the County's population was approximately 111,000.

The County has experienced tremendous growth since that time. With an estimated population of approximately 421,377 (*provisional estimate, March 31, 2014*), a variety of police services are required to accommodate the needs of our community. In FY 2014, the authorized strength of the Police Department was 610 officers and the operating budget was more than \$80 million.

The Department is comprised of four divisions and a variety of bureaus and specialty units. It is also supported by a Forensics Services Section, a traffic safety team, a strong Neighborhood Watch program, a Law Enforcement Explorers Post, and a Criminal Justice Academy. In 2013, the Academy provided more than 111,000 hours of basic and in-service training to Department personnel.

Finally, in its commitment to law enforcement excellence, the Department has been fully accredited by the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies, Inc. (CALEA) since 1987. In 2012, the Department and the Academy were both re-accredited, and the Department earned CALEA's Excellence Award. In 2009, CALEA's coveted Tri-ARC award was bestowed upon the Department for achieving concurrent accreditation in law enforcement, training and public safety communications. In 2011, the Forensics Services Section earned its inaugural accreditation from the American Society of Crime Laboratory Directors/Laboratory Accreditation Board (ASCLD/LAB), making the Department only one of two in the nation to hold the CALEA Tri-ARC award in concert with the ASCLD/LAB international accreditation.

The Department continues to embrace a community policing philosophy and strives to remain a modern and innovative law enforcement agency, using current crime fighting methods and progressive police technology.



## 2013 SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS



Chief Steve Hudson (center) is flanked by the Department's previous police chiefs at his ceremonial swearing-in on March 15, 2013. At left is Chief George T. Owens (1970-1988). At right is Chief Charlie T. Deane (1988-2012).

Colonel Stephan M. Hudson was ceremonially sworn in on March 15, 2013, as Prince William County's new Chief of Police, at an event that included Police Department promotions and a special recognition of a long-time Department volunteer who concluded his service with the Department and received a Plaque of Appreciation. Administering the oath of office was the Honorable Rossie D. Alston, Jr., Court of Appeals of Virginia. Chief Hudson is the third police chief in the Department's history.

Chief Hudson has served with the Prince William County Police Department for 30 years. He was appointed Chief of Police in February. Most recently, he served as Assistant Chief of the Operations Division and the Criminal Investigations Division (CID). He served as the Commander of Special Operations, Internal Affairs, and the Vice/Narcotics Bureau, and also supervised units in CID, the Criminal Justice Academy, and Patrol. Prior to becoming a supervisor, he served on the SWAT Team and was an Instructor at the Academy, a plainclothes detective and a patrol officer.

Chief Hudson is a graduate of American Public University with a master's degree in criminal justice. In addition, he has a bachelor's degree in business management from National-Louis University. He is a graduate of the FBI National Academy, the Professional Executive Leadership School at the University of Richmond, and the Police Executive Research Forum's Senior Management Institute for Police.

Chief Hudson is a member of the International Association of Chiefs of Police, the FBI National Academy Alumni, the Police Executive Research Forum, and the Virginia Police Chiefs Foundation, among others.

## 2013 SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS



The Department continued to support our community through Special Olympics events, such as the Torch Run, pictured above, that is held each June. Additionally, officers and other Department employees participated in the Santa Cop and Untrim-a-Tree programs that help needy children at the holidays.

The Department held its 34th Citizen Police Academy in 2013, and there are more than 470 crime prevention programs and Neighborhood Watch groups throughout the county working closely with the police to keep our community safe.

Taking a proactive stance to avoid widespread prescription drug and heroin abuse in the area, members of the Criminal Investigations Division's Special Investigations Bureau provided, and continue to provide, drug awareness/recognition

presentations to schools in Prince William, Manassas City, and Manassas Park.

Patrol officers and supervisors, as well as Special Operations Bureau personnel, regularly visited Prince William County elementary schools, eating lunch with students when feasible. This has been warmly received by school administrative staff, students, and parents.

The Automated License Plate Reader (ALPR) technology has been instrumental in closing out serial larcenies in Manassas. It also allowed officers to track down a homicide suspect wanted in the City of Manassas. This technology requires routine maintenance with limited funds; thus far, grant money has assisted in ensuring continued use of this equipment. In fact, in November 2013, Officer Mike Wantuck was presented with the

*Continued on page 10*

# 2013 SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS

*Continued from page 9*

National Capital Region's ALPR Case of the Quarter for the Second Quarter of 2012.

The Operations Division implemented proactive vehicle and foot patrols at local hotels, resulting in a number of substantial drug arrests, the unveiling of human trafficking, and the clearance of dozens of grand larceny cases that spanned Virginia from the Tidewater area to Fairfax.

The BOCS approved funding for 29 additional police officer positions. Fifteen of these officer positions will expand the School Resource Officer program to each high school and middle school in Prince William County as well as provide coverage to the County's four alternative high schools.

A \$1.98 million design contract for the new Central District Station was approved by the Board of County Supervisors on June 4, 2013. The project has a total budget of \$28 million. Planning and design will be completed by December 2014, with construction slated for fiscal years 2015-2016. The station (see *preliminary* illustration below) is scheduled to open in late 2016.

The Police Department became the only police department in the state to receive Environmental Excellence (E2) Certification from the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). The certification was presented on June 18, 2013, during the Board of County Supervisors meeting. Under the

*Continued on page 11*



*Preliminary architect's rendering of the new Central District Station that will be located on Davis Ford Road near the intersection with the Prince William Parkway.*

# 2013 SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS



Chief Steve Hudson (right) accepts a Certificate of Environmental Excellence from Richard Doucette, a representative from the DEQ's Northern Virginia Regional Office, outside the BOCS Chambers on June 18, 2013. Joining them are First Sergeant Susan Crosbie, Lieutenant Chris Feather, and Captain William Cox, Sr.

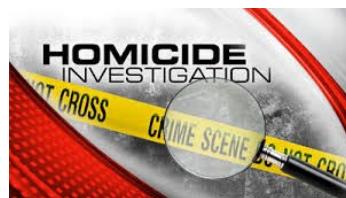
*Continued from page 10*

Virginia Environmental Excellence Program in Environmental Enterprise, or E2, is a facility in the early stages of implementing an environmental management system emphasizing pollution prevention. To meet the requirements of Executive Order 19, state agencies and institutions must address energy use, water use, waste reduction and travel.

DEQ promotes pollution prevention approaches and techniques, such as source reduction, energy conservation, water conservation, toxic chemical use reduction and the use of green building concepts, through a variety of programs.

## Criminal Investigations – Violent Crimes

The County experienced six homicides in 2013 and, due to diligent investigative work, made arrests

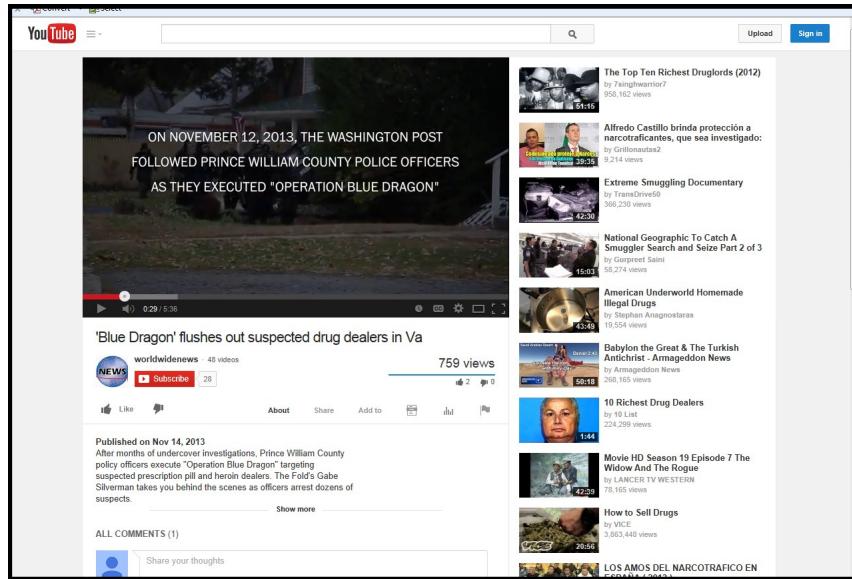


in four of the six cases by the end of 2013. The other two homicides from 2013 were cleared through arrests in early 2014.

- One incident involved a confrontation between two acquaintances related to rival gangs.
- One incident involved the victim being murdered in retaliation as a result of the victim's perceived involvement in a previous home invasion.

*Continued on page 12*

# 2013 SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS



*Part of Operation Blue Dragon's public awareness and education component involved giving members of a major news outlet unprecedented access to information on the growing drug problem and a firsthand look at enforcement efforts.*

*Continued from page 11*

- One incident involved the victim being murdered and robbed.
- One incident was in retaliation after the victim attempted to rob his drug dealer.
- One incident involved an infant death.
- One incident involved a neighbor stabbing another neighbor.

**Sexual Assault.** At the end of March 2013, a woman was visiting a friend in western Prince William County. She was abducted at gunpoint and



forced to walk to a nearby neighborhood where she was sexually assaulted and robbed of a smart phone. In early April 2013, detectives and patrol officers closed in on a juvenile who was a person of interest in many robberies and had an extensive history with police. He was arrested and charged with rape, abduction, robbery, grand larceny and use of a firearm in the commission of a felony.

## Criminal Investigations – Vice

**Operation Blue Dragon.** In July 2013 a growing drug trend was identified in greater Prince William County. The intelligence indicated widespread abuse of prescription medication and the strongly related surge in heroin availability and use. This problem was beginning to manifest itself in overdoses, an increase in Patrol-related heroin and pill arrests, and an increase in prescription fraud and heroin cases being developed in the Department's Special Investigations Bureau. National media outlets were chronicling similar stories of communities that had been overrun with diverted prescription medication and heroin abuse, complete with grim statistics related to overdose deaths and sad stories of families ripped apart by addiction.

The Prince William County-Manassas-Manassas Park Narcotics Task Force and the Department's Special Investigations Bureau joined in an effort to stop this growing trend in our communities. Operation Blue Dragon consisted of three components: enforcement, public awareness and

# 2013 SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS

*Continued from page 12*

education, and prevention and addiction support. The enforcement component involved identifying targets selling prescription drugs and heroin, and developing criminal cases against them through undercover operations. This was a complex undertaking.

The public awareness and education component involved giving members of a major news outlet unprecedented access to information on the growing drug problem and a firsthand look at enforcement efforts, allowing the public to see concerns about this drug trend and enforcement. Members of the task force also spoke to administrators and security personnel at schools in Prince William County and the cities of Manassas and Manassas Park. These classes are ongoing and are critical to informing front-line educators about the availability and abuse of prescription drugs and heroin among teens. The prevention and addiction support component involved providing every arrestee with information on local and national points of contact to help them seek treatment.

The task force members knew that opiate addiction is a profound issue. Without intervention, treatment and support, most of the people arrested would return to using drugs. On Nov. 12, 2013, the operation concluded with the arrests of most of the 46 local targets. Evidence recovered that day included pills, heroin, cash, nine guns and a vehicle seizure. This was in addition to the hundreds of doses that were taken off the streets through the undercover operations.

## Criminal Investigations – Property Crimes

**Appliance Larcenies.** In July 2013 Prince William County detectives conducted a controlled delivery of



more than \$10,000 worth of kitchen refrigerators. The appliances had been purchased using a

stolen or fraudulent credit card. Detectives arrested a suspect as a result of this incident, and began looking into the man's background. The investigation revealed that the suspect and others were using fraudulent or stolen credit cards to make online purchases of high-end appliances and other items (including cars and boats), eventually shipping them overseas. Once detectives completed their investigation they recovered items with an estimated total value of well over \$150,000. Prince William County detectives contacted the U.S. Secret Service, which assisted in the investigation.

**Serial Nighttime Burglaries.** Starting in October 2013 and continuing into the new year, a man preyed



on homes in eastern Prince William County. His arrest on numerous counts of burglary, grand larceny, attempted burglary and other charges ended the burglary spree and cleared eight reported cases.

**Smash and Grab Burglaries** Over several weeks in October and September 2013, CID worked nearly 30 "smash and grab" commercial business burglaries (or burglary attempts) that had been plaguing eastern Prince William County. The same unidentified perpetrators were believed to be responsible for similar burglaries in Fairfax, Loudoun, Stafford, Spotsylvania, Orange, Culpeper, and Fauquier counties in Virginia, as well as Frederick County, Md. The Department organized a regional task force to identify the suspects and stop the crimes. In the meantime, the perpetrators expanded their targets to include western Prince William County.

A patrol officer saw a suspicious vehicle traveling in the Manassas area, conducted a traffic stop, located narcotics in the console and other items that

# 2013 SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS

*Continued from page 13*

may have been linked to the crimes, as well as several burglarious tools and other items of interest.

The officer, suspecting that the two subjects he had stopped were involved in the rash of commercial burglaries, contacted his supervisors who called out Prince William County Police detectives. Detectives from several adjoining jurisdictions responded as well and were able to clear many cases in their respective jurisdictions.

Due to the officer's actions, Prince William County Police detectives were able to identify and arrest eight suspects involved in these crimes.

Additionally, members of the regional task force have cleared nearly 70 burglaries their jurisdictions.

## U.S. Marshals Service Fugitive Task Force

The mission of the U.S. Marshals Service Capital Area Regional Fugitive Task Force (CARFTF) is to locate and apprehend the most violent and dangerous fugitives throughout the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, as well as parts of Maryland and Virginia outside the metro area.

Founded in June 2003, the CARFTF has developed – and will continue to develop – relationships with numerous federal, state and local law enforcement agencies in order to help ensure the safety of the residents of our nation's capital and surrounding areas.

The Prince William County Police Department has participated in the CARFTF since February 2006, assigning a detective to the task force who helps police officers and detectives track down wanted persons who have fled the area or who are particularly elusive.

In 2013, members of the Task Force arrested 176 fugitives wanted by the Prince William County Police Department. Most of these individuals were wanted on felony charges including homicide, sex offenses, gang participation and firearms and drug violations.



# DEPARTMENT AWARDS & RECOGNITION IN 2013

**2013 Law Enforcement Award of Excellence (WRAP):** For the fourth consecutive year, Officer



Jeremy Schenck received this award for outstanding commitment in the fight against drunk driving in the Greater Washington area from the Washington Regional Alcohol Program (WRAP). Officer Schenck's 165 DUI arrests was the second highest total of all the awardees, who represent a dozen Washington metropolitan-area law enforcement agencies.

**Meritorious Service Award:** The Prince William Crime Prevention Council presented its Meritorious Service Award to Master Police Officer Marcia Whaley for her exceptional performance in the area of crime prevention within the boundaries of Prince William County.



**Sons of the American Revolution Law Enforcement Commendation Medal:** Officer Patrick Balchunas received this award for the lifesaving aid



he provided to a shooting victim on Jan. 28, 2013. The medal recognizes exceptional service in the field of law enforcement to an individual who has performed an exceptional act or service beyond that normally expected.

**VACP/VPCF Lifesaving Award:** Officer Joshua Boughman, Officer Luke Dean, and Officer Michael Scarsella received a 2013 Lifesaving Award from the Virginia Association of Chiefs of Police (VACP) and the Virginia Police Chiefs Foundation (VPCF). This lifesaving award is presented in recognition of a law enforcement officer's actions that put that officer in harm's way as an attempt is made to save the life of another. The honorees are credited with saving the lives of several County residents during a house fire.

**Outstanding Career Service Award:** Police Officer II William G. Ward is the 2013 recipient of the Prince William County Police Department's Outstanding Career Service Award. The award was created in 2006 and recipients are personally selected by the Chief of Police for various criteria, including having a minimum of 20 years with the Police Department and exemplifying the Department's mission and the County's vision and values. Officer Ward is only the fourth police officer to receive the award.

**County Executive's Award:** Three employees of the Police Department earned County Executive's Awards at a ceremony on May 31<sup>st</sup>: Senior Administrative Manager Thomas J. Pulaski and Captain Kevin L. Hughart were cited for their work on the Computer-Aided Dispatch/Records Management System Negotiation Team. Animal Shelter Manager Douglas R. Norman was cited for spearheading the County's first dog park at the Animal Shelter.

**PERF Leadership Award:** The Police Executive Research Forum (PERF) presented its highest honor, the Leadership Award, to retired Police Chief Charlie T. Deane. This award is presented annually to individuals who have made outstanding contributions to the field of law enforcement, and who exemplify the highest principles and standards of true leaders in policing.

**VASAP/MADD DUI Enforcement Award:** Officers Jeremy Schenck, Robert White, and Francis Johnson, and Investigator Chad Mason were honored by the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP) and the Northern Virginia chapter of Mothers Against Drunk Driving (MADD) at a ceremony on May 3, 2013. The four officers were recognized for their outstanding DUI enforcement

# DEPARTMENT AWARDS & RECOGNITION IN 2013

*Continued from page 14*

efforts in the County in the previous year. This is the fifth time Officer Schenck has received this award, and the second time for Officer White and Investigator Mason.

## O.W. Wilson Award for Career Achievement:



Tom Pulaaski, Senior Administrative Manager of the Department's Fiscal and Technical Services Division, received this award from the International Association of Law Enforcement Planners (IALEP).

**Valor Awards, Prince William Chamber of Commerce:** Thirty-seven Department employees earned Valor Awards during the 27th annual Prince William Chamber of Commerce Valor Awards for acts of bravery and valor in the conduct of their duties. Officer Joshua Boughman, Officer Luke Dean and Officer Michael Scarsella each earned a Silver Medal. Officer Michael Pope received the Lifesaving Merit Award. Sergeant Jeff Good, Officer Jonathan Zarkauskas, Officer Dirk-Jan Cumings, Officer Trevin Frame, Officer Daniel Guinn, Officer Gary Brunelle, Officer John Franklin, Officer Robert Davis, Officer Kelly Anderson, Officer Eric Garecht and Telecommunicator IV Tracy Zingg each earned a Lifesaving Award. Lieutenant Jarad Phelps, First Sergeant Liam Burke, First Sergeant Christopher Meurer, Sergeant Heather Younce, Administrative Support Assistant III Mary Munoz, Detective Donanthony King, Detective Daniel Downey Jr., Detective Heather Darling, Detective Whitney Lanier, Detective Kevin Carr, Detective Joseph Westerman, Detective John Lennox, Detective Colleen Grantham, Detective Marcos Spittal, Detective Michelle Nemerow, Detective David Cho, Detective Annie Tyrrell, Detective John Kelly, Detective Kimberly Norton, Detective Nicole Del Vecchio, Detective Gary Van Dyke and Detective

Robyn Hyatt each earned an Investigative Merit Award.

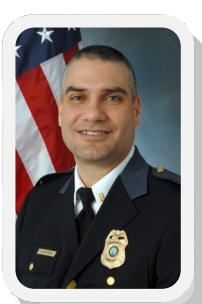
**USPCA National Trials:** Officer Bill VanAntwerp and K-9 Hawkeye took 1st place overall at the United States Police Canine Association (USPCA) PD1 National Trials, and was honored at the Region 3 Awards Banquet for his accomplishment.

## Prince William County Volunteer of the Quarter:



Chet Burke was named the PWC Volunteer of the Quarter for October-December 2012. He was recognized by the Board of County Supervisors at a meeting in April 2013. Mr. Burke is a volunteer with the Police Department.

## Prince William County Employee of the Month:



Then-First Sergeant Shawn Peak was named the PWC Employee of the Month for March 2013. He was recognized by the Board of County Supervisors at a meeting in March 2013.

## Safety Award for Excellence (SAFE):



Lieutenant Scott A. Kearns, supervisor of the Police Personnel Bureau, was part of a team that received a Safety Award for Excellence (SAFE). The awards were presented at a ceremony and reception on March 1, 2013. The SAFE awards -- sponsored by the County's Risk Management Office in cooperation with the County's Safety and Health Council -- recognize excellence in risk management and occupational safety and health.

## DEPARTMENT AWARDS & RECOGNITION IN 2013

### 2013 VACP/VPCF Lifesaving Award Winners



Officer Boughman



Officer Dean



Officer Scarsella

1



2



Department members received numerous awards in 2013. Photographs of some of the group awards include: 1. VACP/VPCF Lifesaving Award Winners; 2. Prince William Chamber of Commerce Valor Award recipients; and 3. VASAP/MADD DUI Enforcement Award winners (l. to r.) Officer Schenck, Officer White, Investigator Mason and Officer Johnson. They are joined by then-Eastern District Commander Captain Greg Smith, now retired.

3

# VOLUNTEERS

*The Prince William County Police Department extends sincere thanks to all of our dedicated volunteers who provided many hours of service to the Department and the community in 2013.*

<b>Administrative Services</b>	Theresa Thompson	<b>Explorer Post #1268</b>
Vince Hamilton	Bob Tyson	Greg Bahou
John W. Morrison	Marty Weaver	Jesus Bello
<b>Animal Control</b>	<b>Crime Solvers Board</b>	Jayde Benoit
William J. Graham	Dennis Brigs	Glen Brauninger
Rick Mensch	Tony Brula	Randall Carpenter
Vicki Smith	Jeanie Ingram	Olivia Cassandra
<b>Chaplains</b>	Todd Koegler	Notae Eddo
Gary Caruthers	Carole Long	Jared Griffith
Gene Chumley	Carrie Manderfield	Jacob Lynch
Richard Delap	Owen Thomas	Edward Medlin
Dennis Glusko	<b>Criminal Investigations Division</b>	Kiana Mohica
Fougere Gordon	Donald Sheehan	Brenda Pacheco
Alfred Jones, Jr.	<b>Operations Division-East</b>	Collin Papenfuss
Erich Junger	Chester Burke	Rebecca Portillo
Timothy Miner	Ed Roman	Richard Shannon
Bev Swayze	David Whitman	Emily Spence
Jennifer Weiner	Patricia Whitman	Matthew Worthy
<b>Crime Prevention Council</b>	<b>Operations Division-West</b>	
Belinda Bigelow	Hector Dittamo	
Lisa Caplinger	Theresa Dittamo	
Tim Castle	<b>Police Auxiliaries</b>	
Michelle Hackett	Lawrence R. Keller	
Bernard Mullen	Joseph W. Miller	
Irene Pospolita		
Yvonne Sullivan		

# RETIREMENTS

*On behalf of the entire Police Department, farewells and best wishes are extended to those individuals who retired in 2013.*



Atkinson

Sergeant Mark Atkinson

Officer Steven Bailey

Detective Sandy Conlon

Investigator Steven Fischer



Jaeger



Bailey

Sergeant Joni Jaeger

Sergeant John Piersol

Master Police Officer John Potter

Captain Robert McHale

Lieutenant Andrew Sentipal

Captain Greg Smith



Piersol

MIS Coordinator Stephen Vavrick

First Sergeant Brenda Walburn



Potter



Conlon



Fischer



McHale



Sentipal



Smith



Vavrick



Walburn

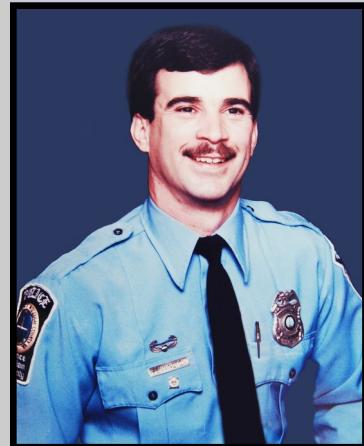
# IN REMEMBRANCE

## *Prince William County Police Officers Killed in the Line of Duty*



**Paul Thomas "Pete" White, Jr.**

October 27, 1973



**Philip Michael "Mike" Pennington**

November 22, 1990



**Chris Yung**

December 31, 2012

## IN REMEMBRANCE

### Oil Portrait of Officer Chris Yung is Unveiled on the First Anniversary of his Line-of-Duty Death



The Police Department honored the life and service of Officer Chris Yung on the first anniversary of his line-of-duty death, concluding with the unveiling of an official oil portrait of the fallen motorcycle officer during a solemn ceremony on Dec. 31, 2013.

Officer Yung was killed at the intersection of Nokesville Road and Piper Lane in Bristow on Dec. 31, 2012, at 2:03 p.m. He was responding to a separate traffic crash in Nokesville at the time of the incident.

The Department hosted a portrait unveiling ceremony at 2 p.m. on the one-year anniversary of his line-of-duty death at the Prince William County Criminal Justice Academy, 13101 Public Safety Drive in Nokesville. Members of Officer Yung's family attended the ceremony.

Police Chief Steve Hudson said the portrait of Officer Yung is a reminder of his service, his family and his sacrifice. "Chris was a good husband, father, son, brother and police officer," Chief Hudson said. "Chris lived a life of service, and all of us in this Department are honored that he chose to serve the people of Prince William County alongside us. Officer Yung was the third Prince William officer killed in the line of duty, and the last law enforcement officer in America to lose his life in 2012."

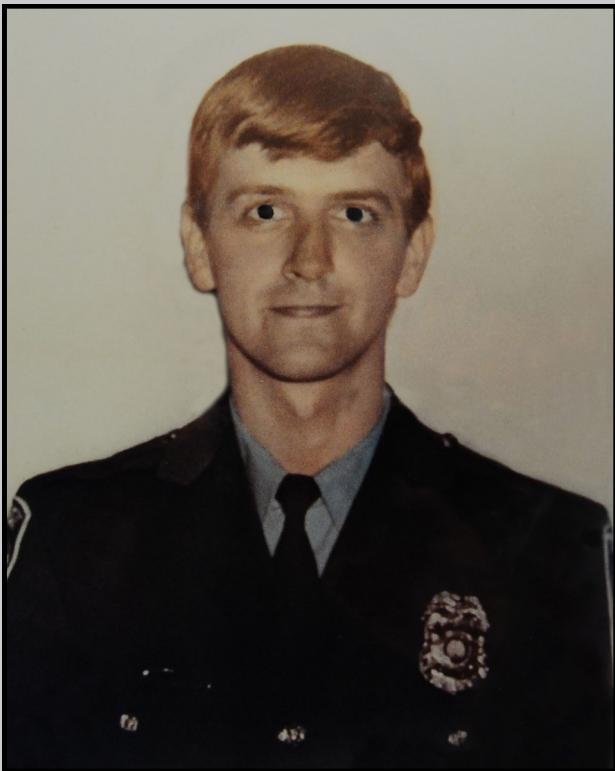
The portrait, which hangs alongside oil portraits of the Department's other two fallen officers at the Academy, was painted by Donald Poore. Mr. Poore, who painted the portraits of Officer Mike Pennington and Officer Pete White that hang at the Academy, lives in southwest Virginia. He is a former Virginia State Police trooper.



### Department Observes the 40<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the Line-of-Duty Death of Officer Paul T. White, Jr.

On Sunday, Oct. 27, 2013, the Police Department celebrated the service and commemorated the sacrifice of Officer Paul T. "Pete" White, Jr., who died in the line of duty 40 years ago on October 27<sup>th</sup>. Officer White was the first Prince William County Police Officer to suffer a line-of-duty death.

*Continued on page 22*



The observance was held at the Paul T. White, Jr., police station, 8900 Freedom Center Boulevard in Manassas. The event was attended by Officer White's surviving family, members of the Police Department, dignitaries and other guests.

"This Department is richer for all the men and women who daily do the work of keeping the peace and upholding the law, both now and over our history," Chief Steve Hudson said. "And we are the poorer for having lost Pete White so early in his life and career. Pete is woven into this Department's fabric and he will never be forgotten."

Officer White was a 1968 graduate of Falls Church High School in Fairfax County, Va., and attended Northern Virginia Community College in Annandale, Va. He joined the Metropolitan Police Department (MPD) in Washington, D.C., in April 1970.

Officer White had an interest in law enforcement from childhood and, when the age to be a fully-fledged police officer with the MPD was lowered to 20 shortly before his 20th birthday, he applied for the position and was hired. He was one of the youngest police officers in the MPD, and patrolled a beat in Georgetown. He served during the "May Day Protests" in 1971. These protests were a series of large-scale civil disobedience actions in Washington, D.C., in protest against the Vietnam War. The May riots resulted in the largest mass arrest in U.S. history — some 12,614 people — between the U.S. Park Police and the MPD.

He joined the Prince William County Police Department in 1971, and attended the 16<sup>th</sup> session of the Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Academy. Upon graduating from the academy in 1971, Officer White was assigned to work Patrol on A Squad, a position he held until his death.

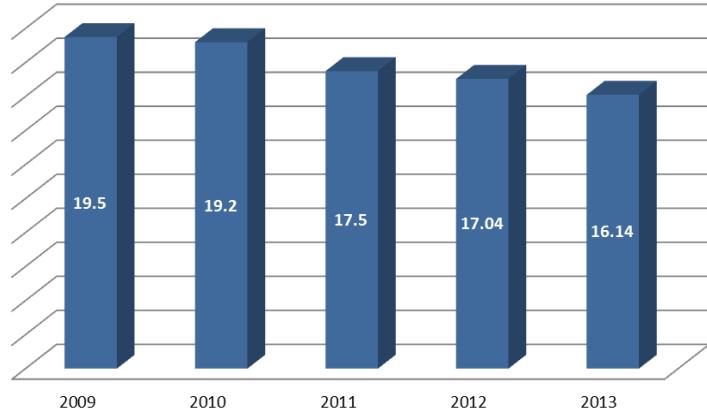
Officer White received numerous posthumous awards, including the Jaycees "Man of the Year" Award for 1973-74. He is survived by his wife, Christy; his brother Robert, and his family; and his brother Michael, and his family.

# OVERVIEW

## 2013 Crime Statistics—Index Crimes **Crime Rate Falls Again**

The overall crime rate continues to decline, measuring at 16.14 crimes per 1,000 residents. The number of reported property crimes fell by five percent, and the total number of reported violent crimes increased by 9.6 percent; however, violent crime accounts for only 7.1 percent of all crime in Prince William County.

Prince William County Crime Rate  
2009 - 2013



## Index Crimes Decrease by 4.13 Percent

**Compared to 2012, statistics for 2013 show:**

**Murder:** Increased from 2 to 6 (+200%\*)

**Rape:** Decreased from 67 to 58 (-13.4%)

**Aggravated Assault:** Increased from 168 to 188 (+11.9%)

**Robbery:** Increased from 201 to 228 (+13.4%)

**Burglary:** Decreased from 889 to 664 (-25.3%)

**Larceny:** Decreased from 5,367 to 5,310 (-1.1%)

**Motor Vehicle Theft:** Decreased from 351 to 300 (-14.5%)

\*There were six murders in 2013; which remains below the 10-year average of 8.6 murders per year.

## Closure Rates

### **Above National Averages**

- ◆ The closure rate for violent crime (56.25%) is well above the 2012 national average of 46.8%. *National figures for 2013 are not yet available.*
- ◆ The closure rate for property crime (23.10%) exceeds the 2012 national average of 19%. *National figures for 2013 are not yet available.*

## Introduction of the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS)

Currently, the Prince William County Police Department uses the Uniform Crime Reporting Program (UCR) to document crime in its Crime and Annual reports.

In 2000, the Commonwealth of Virginia implemented an expanded format for reporting crime known as Incident Based Reporting (NIBRS or IBR). The 2013 Crime Report, and the 2013 Annual Report, show the differences between the two reporting methods and offers an overview of the UCR and IBR crime statistics. See page 33 for additional details.

# AT-A-GLANCE



The crime rate in Prince William County — the ratio of the total number of index crimes per 1,000 residents — continues to fall.

Violent crime represents a small portion of the total crime, with 93 percent of all offenses being crimes against property.

The closure rate for violent crime (56%) and property crime (23%) are above the 2012 national averages. *National figures for 2013 are not yet available.*

## Of note:

### ◆ ***Violent Crime***

Reports of Violent Crime increased from 438 in 2012 to 480 in 2013 (+9.6%).

### ◆ ***Property Crime***

Reports of Property Crime decreased from 6,607 in 2012 to 6,274 in 2013 (-5%).

At-a-Glance	2012	2013
County population	413,396	418,395
Total Index crimes	7,045	6,754
Crime rate	17.04	16.14
Criminal arrests (adult & juvenile)	14,369	13,507
- Adult arrests	13,029	12,303
- Juvenile arrests	1,340	1,204
Total traffic citations	38,113	38,428
Traffic crash investigations	4,198	4,303
Total fatal traffic victims	18	16

Closure Rates	PWC 2012	National 2012*	PWC 2013	National 2013*
Violent Crime	63.2%	46.8%	56.25%	N/A
Property Crime	22.5%	19.0%	23.10%	N/A

\*Source: *Crime in the United States 2012*, Department of Justice. National figures for 2013 have not been released.

# INDEX CRIME

In 2013, reports of Part I (or "Index") Crime in Prince William County decreased 4.13 percent. As defined by the FBI, Index Crime includes: *murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny and motor vehicle theft*. It should be noted that crime statistics must be viewed in context with environmental influences.

Factors such as changes in reporting rates,

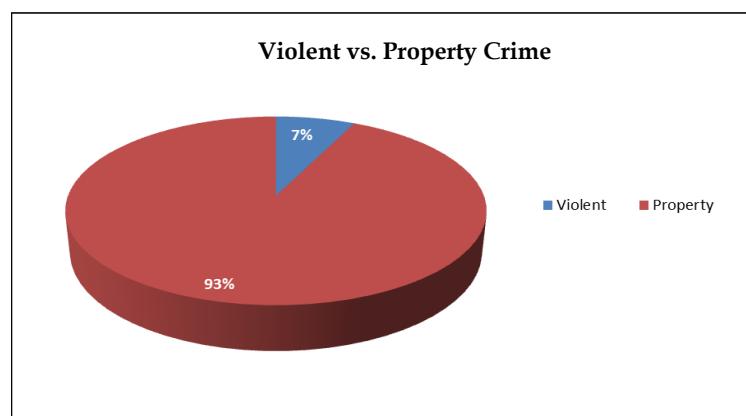
demographics, the economy, the law, and changes in police policies and resources can all have an influence on the number of reported crimes. It is also important to consider crime trends over multiple years.

Violent Crimes	2012	2013	Change	% Change
Murder	2	6	4	+200%
Rape	67	58	-9	-13.4%
Aggravated Assault	168	188	20	+11.9%
Robbery	201	228	27	+13.4%
<b>TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>+9.6%</b>
Property Crimes	2012	2013	Change	% Change
Burglary	889	664	-225	-25.3%
Larceny	5,367	5,310	-57	-1.1%
Motor Vehicle Theft	351	300	-51	-14.5%
<b>TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES</b>	<b>6,607</b>	<b>6,274</b>	<b>-333</b>	<b>-5.04%</b>
<b>TOTAL INDEX CRIMES</b>	<b>7,045</b>	<b>6,754</b>	<b>-291</b>	<b>-4.13%</b>

## VIOLENT VS. PROPERTY CRIME

Index Crime is further categorized into violent crimes (*murder, rape, aggravated assault and robbery*), and crimes against property (*burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft*).

*Property crimes make up 92.9 percent of all reported Index Crimes in Prince William County. Violent crimes constitute only 7.1 percent of Index Crimes.*



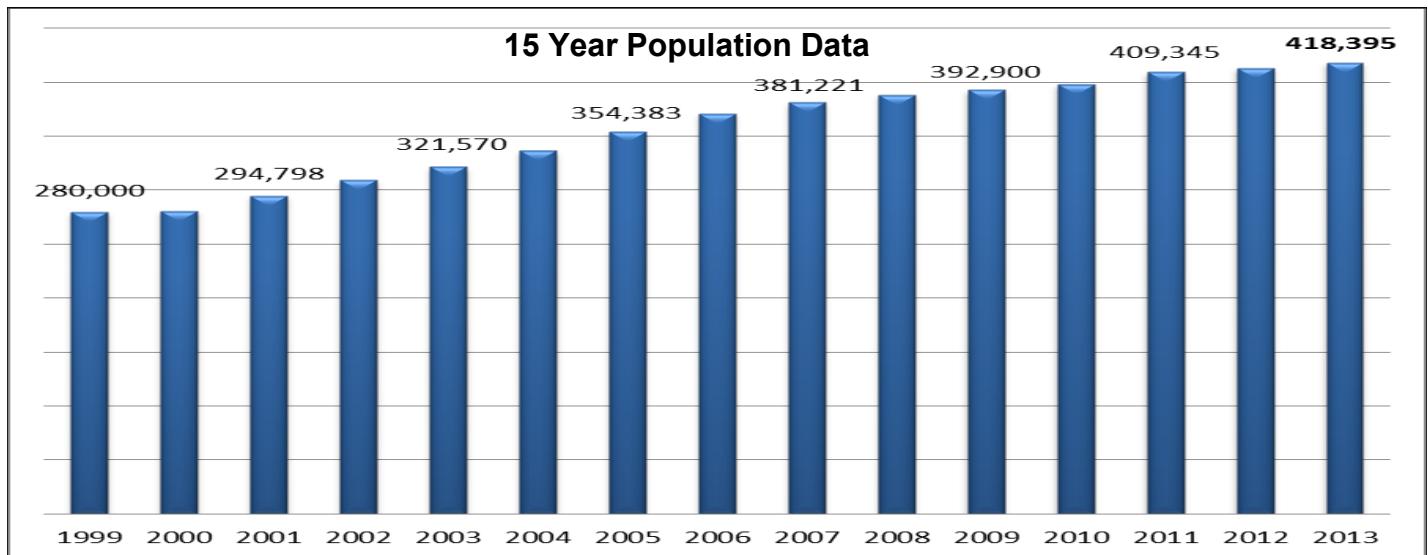
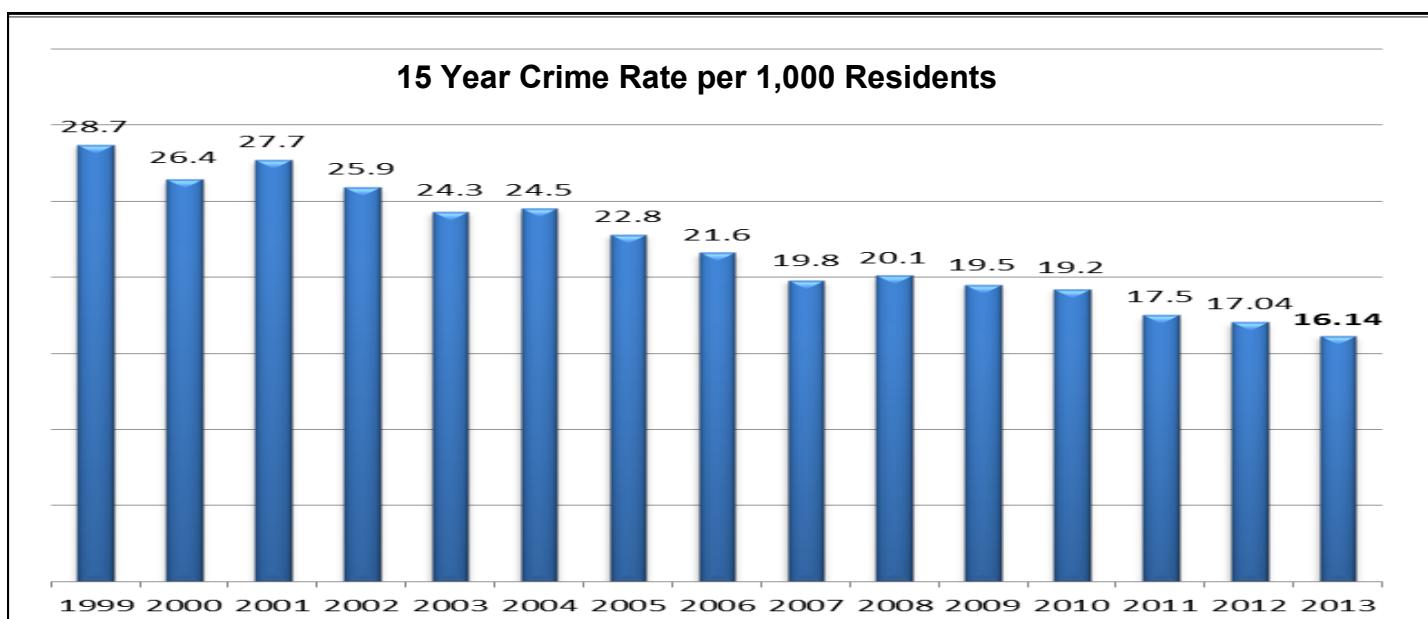
# CRIME RATE

The crime rate in Prince William County continued to decline in 2013 at 16.14 crimes per 1,000 residents. The crime rate is intended to serve as a basic indicator of overall crime trends and is a commonly accepted community measure.

It should be noted the crime rate is based on the incidence of Part I (or "Index") Crimes only. Index Crimes include: *murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft*. Furthermore, Uniform Crime Reporting

standards dictate that only the most serious offense in a multiple-offense incident be counted.

Because the crime rate is based on certain reported crimes only, it is not a comprehensive tracking of all crime. For a broader perspective, the arrest data for a more extensive catalog of crimes is presented on pages 31-32.



# CLOSURE RATES

An offense is cleared, or “closed,” in one of two ways: by arrest or by exceptional means. A case is cleared by arrest when all three of the following conditions are met for at least one person:

- ◆ Arrested
- ◆ Charged with the commission of the offense, and
- ◆ Turned over to the court for prosecution.

A case is cleared by exceptional means when there are elements beyond law enforcement’s control that

prevent the agency from arresting and formally charging the offender.

It is important to note that the number of offenses cleared is different than the number of persons arrested. For example, the arrest of one person may clear several crimes, yet the arrest of many persons may clear only one offense. Also, some clearances that are recorded in a certain calendar year may pertain to offenses that occurred in prior years.

## 2013 Closure Rates

Violent Crimes	Actual	Cleared	Closure Rate
Murder	6	4*	66.7%
Rape	58	52	89.7%
Aggravated Assault	188	135	71.8%
Robbery	228	79	34.6%
<b>TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>56.25%</b>
Property Crimes	Actual	Cleared	Closure Rate
Burglary	664	190	28.6%
Larceny	5,310	1,188	22.4%
Motor Vehicle Theft	300	71	23.7%
<b>TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES</b>	<b>6,274</b>	<b>1,449</b>	<b>23.10%</b>

\*All of the 2013 murders have been cleared. Arrests relating to the two remaining murders occurred during the 2014 calendar year.

## 2012 Closure Rates

Violent Crimes	Actual	Cleared	Closure Rate
Murder	2*	3**	150.0%
Rape	67	71	106.0%
Aggravated Assault	168	135	80.4%
Robbery	201	69	34.3%
<b>TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>63.5%</b>
Property Crimes	Actual	Cleared	Closure Rate
Burglary	889	216	24.3
Larceny	5,367	1,226	22.8%
Motor Vehicle Theft	351	44	12.5%
<b>TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES</b>	<b>6,607</b>	<b>1,486</b>	<b>22.5%</b>

\*Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program guidelines define Manslaughter by Negligence as a sub-category of Criminal Homicide. In addition to the two murders noted above, one negligent manslaughter offense occurred in 2012, therefore it is not scored as Murder.

\*\*In addition to the two 2012 murders that were cleared, one 2005 murder was also cleared in 2012.

# Historical Perspective

## MURDERS

Murders are the highest profile of violent crimes. Murder is defined as the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. The classification of this offense is based solely on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner or jury. This classification does not include deaths caused by negligence, suicide, or accident; justifiable homicides, and attempts to murder, or assaults to murder, which are scored as aggravated assaults.

As illustrated in the chart below, the number of murders in Prince William County has varied significantly from year to year, and has not followed a predictable pattern. The analysis of individual cases also does not reveal any indicators that can be directly correlated to the number of murders, or their causes.

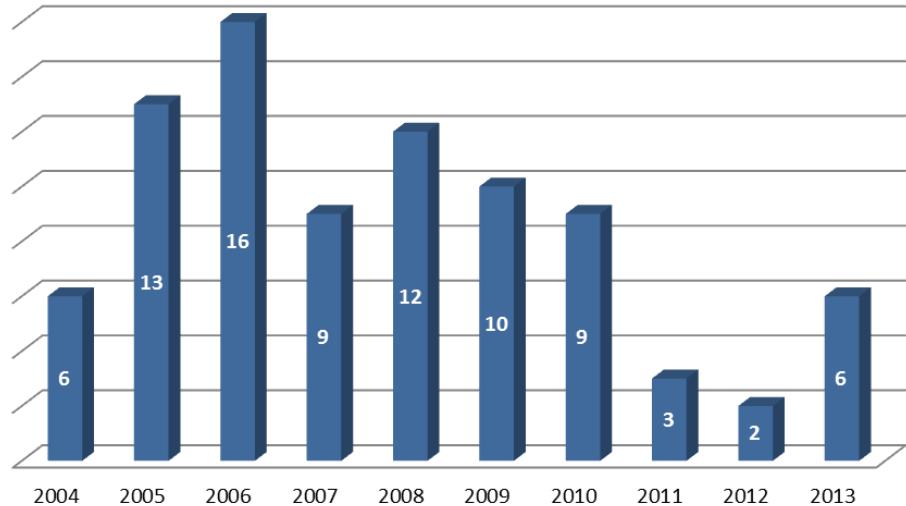
Arrests were made in all six murders. In two cases, murder suspects were arrested during the 2014 calendar year.

### 2013 Murders

- One incident involved a confrontation between two acquaintances related to rival gangs.
- One incident involved the victim being murdered in retaliation as a result of the victim's perceived involvement in a previous home invasion.
- One incident involved the victim being murdered and robbed.
- One incident was in retaliation after the victim attempted to rob his drug dealer.
- One incident involved an infant death.
- One incident involved a neighbor stabbing another neighbor.

Although the number of murders rose from two in 2012 to six in 2013; the number falls below the 10-year average of 8.6 murders per year.

**Murders  
2004 - 2013**

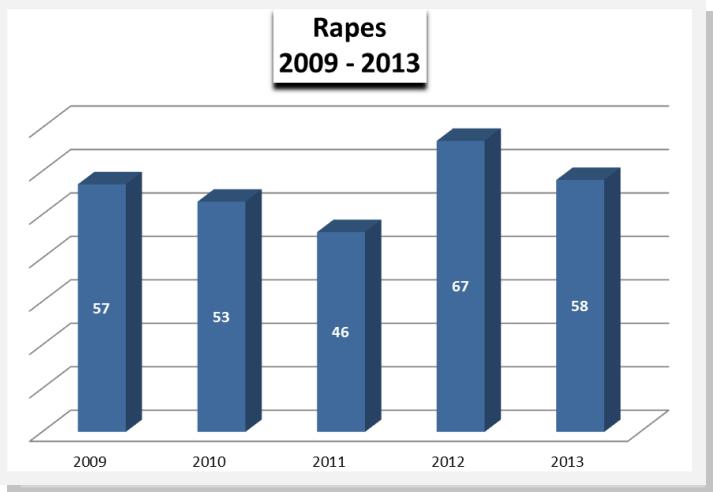


# Historical Perspective

## VIOLENT CRIMES

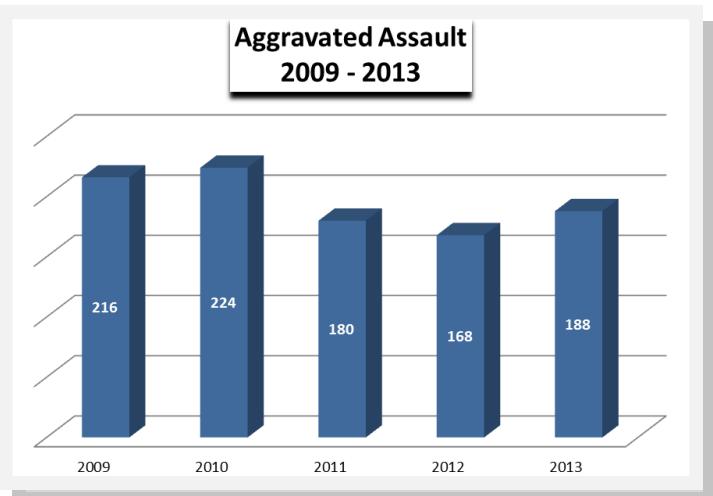
### RAPE

- ♦ Reported rapes declined by 13.4%
- ♦ 16 (27.6%) of the reported rapes occurred in years prior to 2013.
- ♦ 29 (50%) of the reported victims were juveniles.
- ♦ With exception to one case, all of the victims were related to or acquainted with the offender. The offender has been arrested in relation to this case.



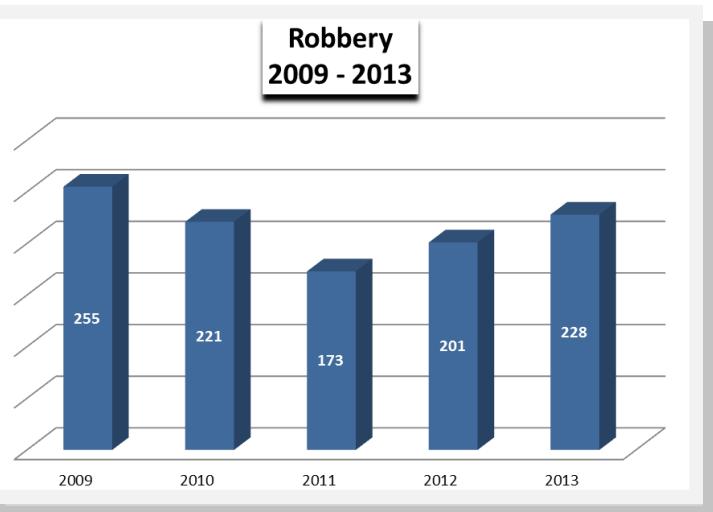
### AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

- ♦ There were 188 aggravated assaults in 2013, which resulted in 148 arrests.
- ♦ 6.9% involved the display or use of a firearm; 29.3% involved a knife or cutting instrument; another type of dangerous weapon was used during 31.4% of the incidents; and in 32.5% of the incidents, a weapon was not used.



### ROBBERY

- ♦ There were 228 robberies in 2013, totaling a 13.4% increase from the previous year.
- ♦ A majority, 59.5%, were non-business or "street robberies," while 26.2% were robberies in, or at, a commercial entity and 11.8% of the robberies occurred in other various locations. Six bank robberies occurred in 2013: 47.4% of the robberies were committed with a firearm; 15.8% were committed with another type of weapon; and 36.9% were strong-arm robberies.

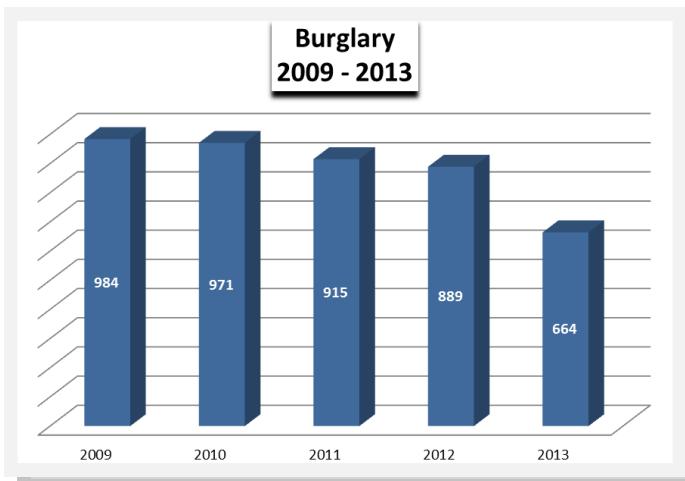


# Historical Perspective

## PROPERTY CRIMES

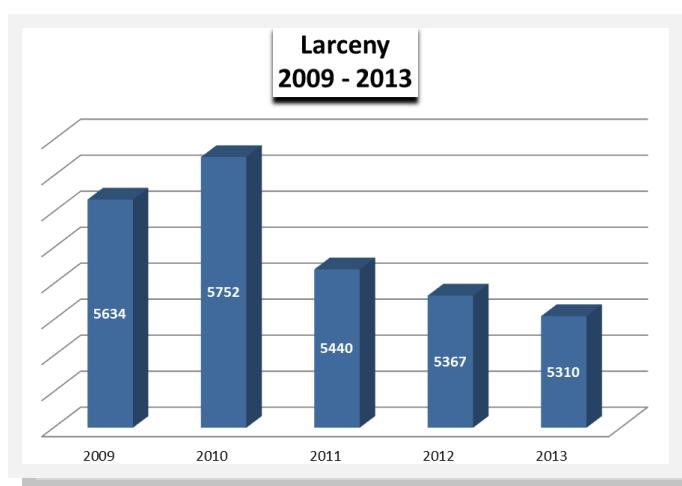
### BURGLARY

- ◆ There was a 25.3% decrease in the number of reported burglaries in 2013.
- ◆ Of the total reported burglaries, 76% were residential, and 24% were commercial burglaries.
- ◆ In collaboration with Neighborhood Watch groups, alert citizens, and professional crime analysts, police have been able to employ concerted efforts toward the prevention of burglaries.



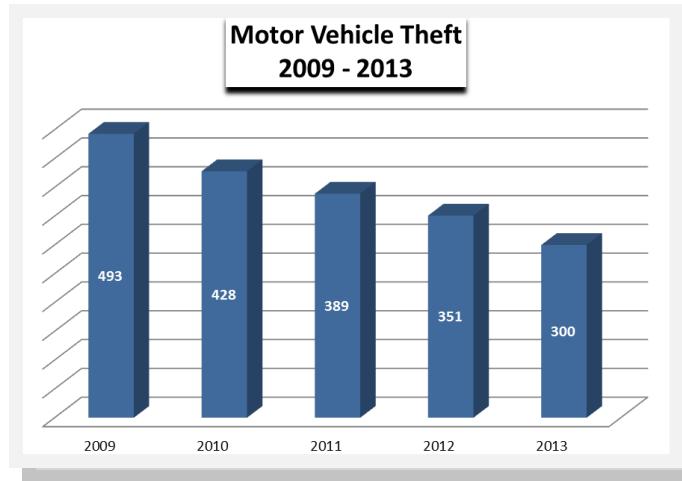
### LARCENY

- ◆ The report of larcenies decreased slightly (1.1%) from 5,367 in 2012 to 5,310 in 2013.
- ◆ Larceny makes up 84.6% of the total crimes against property and includes offenses such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, theft from motor vehicles, theft of motor vehicle parts, and all other general thefts.
- ◆ Motor vehicle theft is counted separately.



### MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

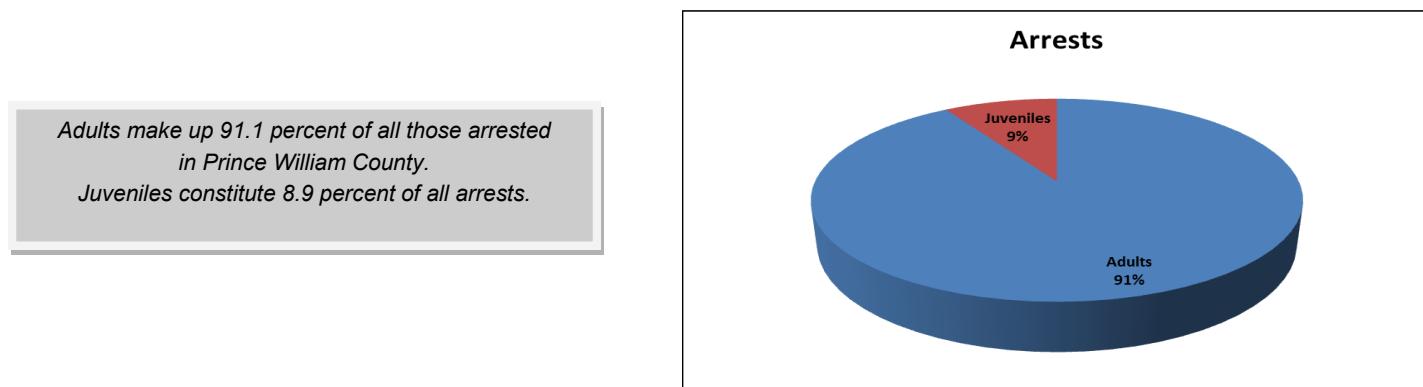
- ◆ Auto theft dropped 14.5% in 2013, continuing a downward trend.



# ARRESTS — All Crimes

The UCR program counts one arrest for each separate occasion a person is cited, arrested or summonsed for an offense. Because a person may be arrested multiple times during the year, the UCR arrest figures do not reflect the number of individual people who have been arrested. Rather, the data shows the number of times arrests have been made for a particular offense.

Arrest Totals (All Crime Offenses)	2012	% of 2012 Total	2013	% of 2013 Total
Adult Only	13,029	90.7%	12,303	91.1%
Juvenile Only	1,340	9.3%	1,204	8.9%
<b>ADULT &amp; JUVENILE COMBINED</b>	<b>14,369</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>13,507</b>	<b>100%</b>



# ARRESTS — Index Crimes

Arrests for Index crimes are listed in the below table. For crimes other than those designated as Index Crimes, arrest data may be found on the next page.

INDEX CRIMES	ADULT			JUVENILE			COMBINED		
	2012	2013	+/-	2012	2013	+/-	2012	2013	+/-
Murder	3	8	+5	0	0	0	3	8	+5
Forcible Rape	41	27	-14	3	7	+4	44	34	-10
Aggravated Assault	169	143	-26	9	5	-4	178	148	-30
Robbery	95	97	+2	17	16	-1	112	113	+1
Burglary	147	158	+11	53	42	-11	200	200	0
Larceny	1,101	1,142	+41	136	144	+8	1,237	1,286	+49
Motor Vehicle Theft	25	29	+4	4	12	+8	29	41	+12

# ARRESTS — All Other Crimes

*Note: Not every crime classification is listed individually.*

	ADULT			JUVENILE			COMBINED		
	2012	2013	+/-	2012	2013	+/-	2012	2013	+/-
Arson	7	7	0	6	1	-5	13	8	-5
Assaults ( <i>other than Aggravated</i> )	1,765	1,475	-290	266	226	-40	2,031	1,701	-330
Counterfeiting /Forgery	136	119	-17	0	2	+2	136	121	-15
Destruction of Property	146	145	-1	61	69	+8	207	214	+7
Disorderly Conduct	246	178	-68	71	21	-50	317	199	-118
Driving Under the Influence	2,061	1,783	-278	13	11	-2	2,074	1,794	-280
Drug Possession	1,283	1,349	+66	178	203	+25	1,461	1,552	+91
Drugs—Illegal Sale/Manufact.	466	532	+66	17	22	+5	483	554	+71
Embezzlement	144	150	+6	3	0	-3	147	150	+3
Family/Children Offenses	69	42	-27	0	0	0	69	42	-27
Fraud Offenses	335	245	-90	10	13	+3	345	258	-87
Gambling Offenses	0	1	+1	0	0	0	0	1	+1
Liquor Laws	182	267	+85	100	121	+21	282	388	+106
Prostitution Offenses	37	26	-11	0	0	0	37	26	-11
Public Drunkenness	975	885	-90	42	31	-11	1017	916	-101
Sex Offenses ( <i>other than Rape</i> )	132	108	-24	16	20	+4	148	128	-20
Stolen Property Offenses	58	70	+12	6	6	0	64	76	+12
Weapons Law Violations	164	184	+20	6	14	+8	170	198	+28
Curfew	0	0	0	180	132	-48	180	132	-48
All Other Offenses	3,241	3,132	-109	143	86	-57	3,384	3,218	-166
<b>TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS*</b>	2012	2013	+/-	2012	2013	+/-	2012	2013	+/-
No Operators License	X	X	X	X	X	X	1,562	1,665	+103
Reckless Driving	X	X	X	X	X	X	2,634	2,691	+57
Hit and Run	X	X	X	X	X	X	206**	226	+20
Revoked/Suspended O.L.	X	X	X	X	X	X	1,955	1,820	-135

\*Data is not compiled separately for adults and juveniles. See "Combined" data for all persons charged.

\*\*Correction in 2012 data

# NIBRS Introduction

## Uniform Crime Reporting Program (UCR)

In order to meet the need for reliable uniform crime statistics for the nation, the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program was implemented in 1930. As part of this national data-collection effort, summary crime data was requested from local police departments, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation was designated to collect, compile, and analyze these figures. Under this summary system, only limited data concerning the *most serious crime* occurring during a particular incident was reported.

## National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS)

In 2000, the Commonwealth of Virginia implemented an expanded format for reporting crime known as Incident Based Reporting (NIBRS or IBR). The IBR system requires that extensive data be reported for *each crime* occurring during a particular incident. According to the *Virginia Department of State Police*, some of the major benefits derived from the IBR system include: greater specificity in reporting; more correlation between offenses, property, victims, offenders, and arrestees; expanded victim/offender relationships; distinction between attempted and completed crimes and increased reporting of various circumstances relative to specific crimes. Prince William County crime statistics have historically been presented using the summary UCR format, allowing for consistent trend analysis and year-to-year comparisons for each crime. Furthermore, the FBI continues to use the traditional summary UCR system in its annual report of offense and arrest data, *Crime in the United States*.

Due to different reporting guidelines of the UCR and IBR programs, it should be noted the crime data will differ.

2013 Crime	UCR	IBR*
Murder	6	6
Rape	58	58**
Aggravated Assault	188	370
Robbery	228	244
Burglary	664	706
Larceny	5,310	5,542
Motor Vehicle Theft	300	314
<b>TOTAL INDEX CRIMES</b>	<b>6,754</b>	<b>7,240</b>

\*Source: Crime in Virginia 2013, Virginia Department of State Police

\*\*A computer software error resulted in only 43 rapes being reported to the State. The actual number is 58, which is reflected in the UCR/IBR comparison chart shown above.

Reporting Element	UCR	NIBRS
Number of Crimes Collected	Only collects data on Index Crimes. (Murder, Rape, Robbery, Larceny, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Motor Vehicle Theft)	Collects data on 22 "Group A" offenses, which include 46 specific crimes.
Number of Crimes Reported per Incident or Case	Only one offense per incident, the most serious crime, can be reported.	Up to 10 offenses are reported. Violent Crimes are counted individually by victim.
Crime Categories	Only collects data on Violent Crimes and Property Crimes	Collects data on Violent Crimes, Property Crimes & Crimes Against Society (e.g. drug offenses).

# ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT

At the direction of the Board of County Supervisors, the Prince William County Police Department actively enforces a local illegal immigration enforcement policy. All sworn officers and relevant civilian staff have received training on this policy.

As of July 2008, the policy mandates inquiry into the citizenship/immigration status of all persons taken into physical custodial arrest for a violation of state or local law. While remaining in accord with the law and sound policing practices, officers retain discretion to make an immigration status inquiry prior to physical custodial arrest.

The Police Department is committed to enforcing the policy in a fair, lawful and reasonable manner.

- We focus on illegal aliens who commit violations of state or local law.
- We protect crime victims and cooperative witnesses regardless of their immigration status.
- We do not tolerate racial profiling or bias-based policing.

The final report of the three-year, interdisciplinary, evaluation study of the illegal immigration policy was completed in November of 2010. The report is available to the public and is located on the Police Department web site, [www.pwcgov.org/police](http://www.pwcgov.org/police).

The Police Department's participation in the Immigrations and Custom Enforcement (ICE) 287g program expired in January 2013. Therefore, the statistical data presented in this report has not been verified through federal immigration authorities.

## ***Contacts with Suspected Illegal Aliens***

During 2013, suspected illegal aliens were charged with violations of law on 496 separate occasions.

> Physical arrests	477
> Released on a summons	19

## ***Total persons vs. illegal alien data***

- Of all 2013 arrests and summonses, one percent were of a person suspected to lack legal status.
- Of all criminal arrests, three percent of the arrestees were suspected to lack legal status.
- In 2013, a total of 38,428 traffic charges were issued in PWC. It has been determined that 87 of these infractions were committed by a person who was suspected to lack legal status. The following is a partial breakdown of these charges:

> No Operator's License	68
> Revoked/Suspended OL	9
> Hit & Run	7
> Reckless Driving	1

## ***Misdemeanor vs. Felony***

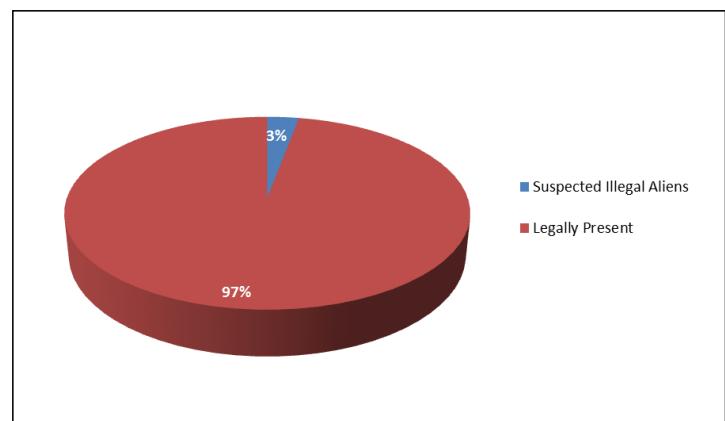
- Of the arrestees suspected to be illegal aliens, 85 percent were arrested on misdemeanor or traffic charges.
- Of the arrestees suspected to be illegal aliens, 15 percent were charged with a felony.

# SUSPECTED ILLEGAL ALIEN ARRESTS - All Crimes

The table at the bottom of this page contains data pertaining to the arrest of suspected illegal aliens charged with Index crimes. For crimes other than those designated as Part I, arrest data may be found on the next page.

The chart to the right represents arrests for all crimes that are tracked by the UCR, showing the percentage of arrests of persons who are suspected to lack legal presence.

ALL CRIMINAL ARRESTS  
*Legally Present v. Suspected Illegal Aliens*



## SUSPECTED ILLEGAL ALIEN ARRESTS - Index Crimes

The table below provides a breakdown of the total number of arrests compared to arrests of persons suspected of lacking legal status - for Index offenses only.

- ◆ Of the 1,831 Index arrests made in 2013, a total of 47 (2.6 percent) were arrests of suspected illegal aliens.
- ◆ Thirty-seven (78.7 percent) of the 47 suspected illegal aliens arrested for Index offenses were charged with property crimes.

### Total Arrests vs. Suspected Illegal Alien Arrests for Part I Crimes

*January 2013 to December 2013*

PART I CRIMES	Total Arrests	Suspected Illegal Alien Arrests	% Suspected Illegal Aliens
Murder	8	2*	25%
Forcible Rape	34	0	0%
Aggravated Assault	148	8	5.4%
Robbery	113	0	0%
Burglary	200	6	3%
Larceny	1,286	30	2.3%
Motor Vehicle Theft	41	1	2.4%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,830</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>2.6%</b>

\* Two suspected illegal aliens were arrested for murder in the same case.

# SUSPECTED ILLEGAL ALIEN ARRESTS

## Other Offenses

### Total Arrests vs. Suspected Illegal Alien Arrests for Other Offenses

January 2013 to December 2013

	Total Arrests	Suspected Illegal Alien Arrests	% Suspected Illegal Aliens
Arson	8	0	0%
Assaults ( <i>other than Aggravated</i> )	1,701	17	1%
Counterfeiting /Forgery	121	9	7.4%
Destruction of Property	214	1	0.5%
Disorderly Conduct	199	5	2.5%
Driving Under the Influence	1,794	151	8.4%
Drug Possession	1,552	21	1.4%
Drugs– Illegal Sale/Manufacture	554	2	0.4%
Embezzlement	150	0	0%
Family/Children Offenses	42	7	16.7%
Fraud Offenses	258	10	3.9%
Gambling Offenses	1	0	0%
Liquor Laws	388	0	0%
Prostitution Offenses	26	0	0%
Public Drunkenness	916	78	8.5%
Sex Offenses ( <i>other than Rape</i> )	128	10	7.8%
Stolen Property Offenses	76	0	0%
Weapons Law Violations	198	1	0.5%
All Other Offenses	3,218	50	1.6%
<b>TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS</b>	Total Charged	Suspected Illegal Aliens Charged	% Suspected Illegal Aliens
No Operators License	1,665	68	4.1%
Reckless Driving	2,691	1	0.04%
Hit and Run	226	7	3.1%
Revoked/Suspended O.L.	1,820	9	0.5%

# TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT

In 2013, there were 101 more reportable crashes than in the previous year, increasing the overall crash rate by 2.4 percent. The crash rate is based on the total number of Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) as reported by the County Department of Transportation.

In 2013, 16 people were killed in 16 motor vehicle crashes that occurred on the roadways of Prince William County.

In 2013, there were four alcohol/other intoxicants-related fatal crashes out of the total 16 fatal crashes. Two of these fatal collisions involved pedestrians who had consumed alcohol. Six pedestrians were killed in fatal vehicle crashes, representing 37.5 percent of all fatal

victims. Six (37.5 percent) of the fatal crashes were attributed to speeding. One of the fatal crashes involved a motorcycle and one fatal crash involved a tractor trailer.

Two of the fatal crashes were a result of drivers suffering from medical emergencies which contributed to their death.

In order to improve roadway safety, the Police Department will continue to aggressively enforce violations of traffic law.

CRASH DATA	2012	2013	% Change
Total traffic crashes	4,198	4,299	+2.4%
Total fatal crashes*	18	16	-11.1%
Total alcohol-related fatal crashes	11	4	-63.6%
Total fatal victims	18	16	-11.1%

TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT DATA	2012	2013	% Change
Traffic citations	38,113	38,428	+0.8%
DUI arrests	2,074	1,794	-14%
No operators license	1,562	1,665	+6.6%
Speeding citations	14,831	13,190	-11.1%
Speeding in a school zone	1,204	977	-18.9%
Seat belt violations	1,133	1,016	-10.3%
No child restraint	224	262	+17.0%
Parking citations	21,507	25,399	+18.1%
Commercial motor vehicle inspections	661 hours	718 hours	+8.6%

\* Reportable to the Division of Motor Vehicles under state reporting guidelines.

# HIGH-RISK ROADWAYS

Each year five intersections in each patrol district are selected for the Roadway Incident Management Program (RIMP). Targeted enforcement is employed at these intersections, which are determined based on the frequency of crashes during the previous year.

Despite a reduction in time spent on targeted enforcement (2,984 hours in 2013 compared to 3,389 hours in 2012), 20 percent **more** traffic violations were issued. Officers diligently enforced traffic laws at these high-risk intersections, issuing 1,469 traffic citations in 2013, compared to 1,223 in 2012.

Overall, the total number of reportable crashes at the designated RIMP locations increased by 37 percent. There were 219 reportable crashes, compared to the 160 that occurred at these intersections in 2012.

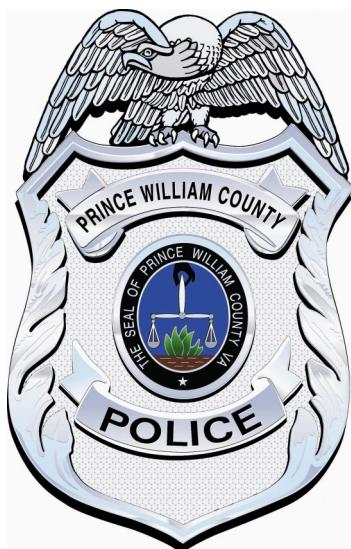
New intersections are targeted for RIMP enforcement in 2014. The Department will continue to take proactive measures in order to improve the safety of these, and all other, county roadways.

	2012		2013		% Change
	Summons	Crashes	Summons	Crashes	
<b>EASTERN DISTRICT</b>					
Dale Blvd. & Minnieville Rd.	108	22	212	34	+54.5%
Dale Blvd. & Neabsco Mills Rd.	113	13	79	19	+46.2%
Old Bridge Rd. & Harbor Dr.	37	15	56	17	+13.3%
PW Pkwy & Smoketown Rd.	147	18	293	17	-5.6%
PW Pkwy & Telegraph Rd.	151	17	147	31	+82.4%
<b>WESTERN DISTRICT</b>					
Balls Ford Rd. & Sudley Rd.	130	24	197	22	-8.3%
Lee Hwy & Heathcote Blvd.	49	7	35	15	+114.3%
Lee Hwy & Linton Hall Rd.	153	8	148	26	+225%
PW Pkwy & Dumfries Rd.	67	23	83	25	-8.7%
PW Pkwy & Sudley Manor Dr.	268	13	219	13	0%

## 2014 RIMP INTERSECTIONS

EASTERN DISTRICT	WESTERN DISTRICT
Dale Blvd. & Gideon Dr.	Ashton Ave. & Sudley Manor Dr.
Dale Blvd. & Minnieville Rd.	Balls Ford Rd. & Prince William Parkway
Gordon Blvd. & Old Stage Rd.	Balls Ford Rd. & Sudley Rd.
Minnieville Rd. & Spriggs Rd.	Prince William Parkway & Dumfries Rd.
Prince William Parkway & Minnieville Rd.	Lee Hwy. & Heathcote Blvd.

The mission of the Prince William County Police Department is to enhance the quality of life by providing police services through shared responsibility with the public.



*All crime information presented in this report is based on data compiled through the date of its publication. Any and all data is subject to change due to a variety of reasons, such as: change in offense classification, determination that certain offense reports were unfounded, late reporting, and/or UCR/IBR program guidance.*

**Prince William County Police Department**  
**The Office of the Chief of Police**  
**1 County Complex Court**  
**Prince William, Virginia 22192**



A NATIONALLY ACCREDITED LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY

