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/* CS 352 -- Mini Shell!
 *
 *   Matt Forbes - Assignment 1 - 9/23/11
 *
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

#include "proto.h"

/* Constants */

#define LINELEN 1024

/* Prototypes */

void processline (char *line);

/* Shell main */

int main (void)
{
    char    buffer [LINELEN];
    int     len;

    while (1) {

        /* prompt and get line */
        fprintf (stderr, "%s ", "");
        if (fgets (buffer, LINELEN, stdin) != buffer)
            break;

        /* Get rid of \n at end of buffer. */
        len = strlen(buffer);
        if (buffer[len-1] == '\n')
            buffer[len-1] = 0;

        /* Run it ... */
        processline (buffer);

    }

    if (!feof(stdin))
        perror ("read");

    return 0;          /* Also known as exit (0); */
}

void processline (char *line)
{
    pid_t   cpid;
    int     status,
            argc;
    char    **argv;

    argc = arg_parse(line, &argv);

    /* when no arguments, do nothing */
    if (argc == 0)
        return;
}
```

```
/* try calling a builtin, return if successful */
if (try_builtin(argc, argv))
    return;

/* Start a new process to do the job. */
cpid = fork();
if (cpid < 0) {
    perror ("fork");
    return;
}

/* Check for who we are! */
if (cpid == 0) {
    /* We are the child! */
    execvp(argv[0], argv);
    perror ("exec");
    exit (127);
}

/* free argv when parent */
free(argv);

/* Have the parent wait for child to complete */
if (wait (&status) < 0)
    perror ("wait");
}
```