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Binlog Server at Facebook

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Agenda

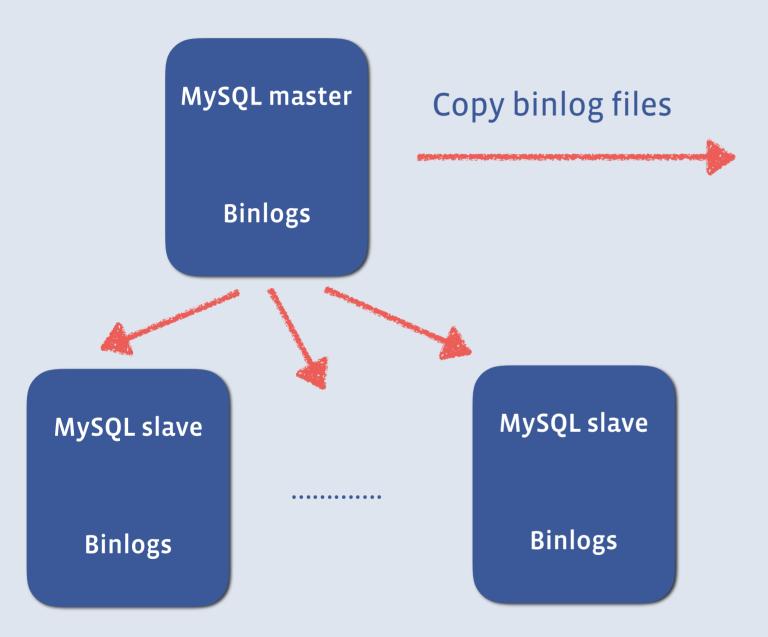
1 Motivation

2 Use cases

3 Design

4 Operational Commands

Binlog Storage at Facebook



HDFS

Binlog Backups

- Shared by replica-set
- Always copied from current master
- GTID makes replay safer
- Retention time: Weeks

* Binlog retention time: Hours

Replication Catchup

MySQL master

Change Master To

MySQL slave

ER_MASTER_HAS_PURGED
 _REQUIRED_GTIDS
 uuid: 1-500

Binlog retention time: Hours

Binlog Replay

MySQL master

GTID_PURGED uuid: 1-1000

mysqlbinlog
-- exclude-gtids=uuid:1-500

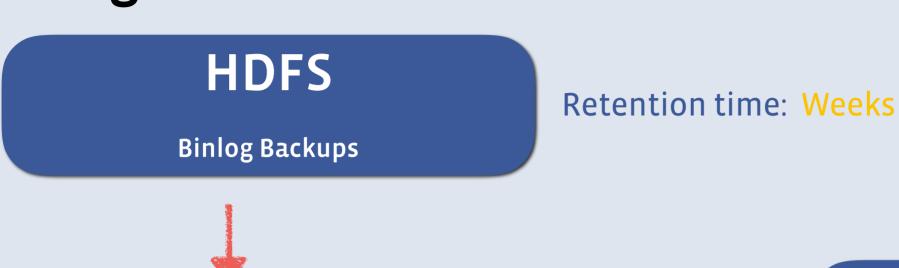
ER_MASTER_HAS_PURGED
_REQUIRED_GTIDS

Automation tools

Let's fetch binary logs

Binlog retention time: Hours

Binlog Server



Binlog Server

Change Master To / MySQLBinlog

Binlog data stream

Automation tools/ MySQL slave

Let's fetch old binary logs

Serves Binlogs Using MySQL Protocol

Motivation

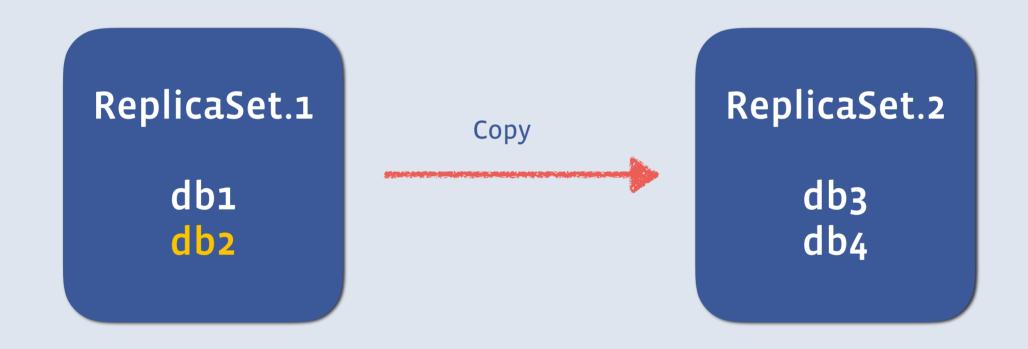
- Unified solution for binlog retrieve and replay
- Reduce binlog partition size on MySQL machines

Facebook Vs MaxScale

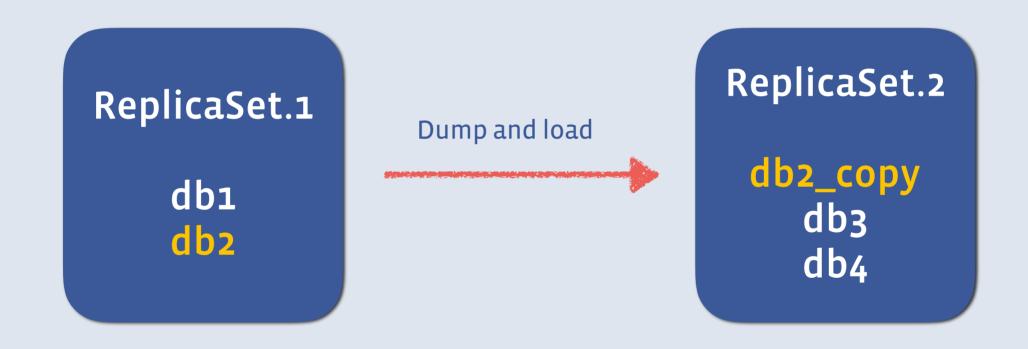
	Facebook	MaxScale
Binlog proxy (Intermediate replica)	Yes	Yes
Easy Failover	Yes	Yes
GTID support	Yes	No
Pluggable storage systems	Yes	No
Open Source	No	Yes

Use Cases

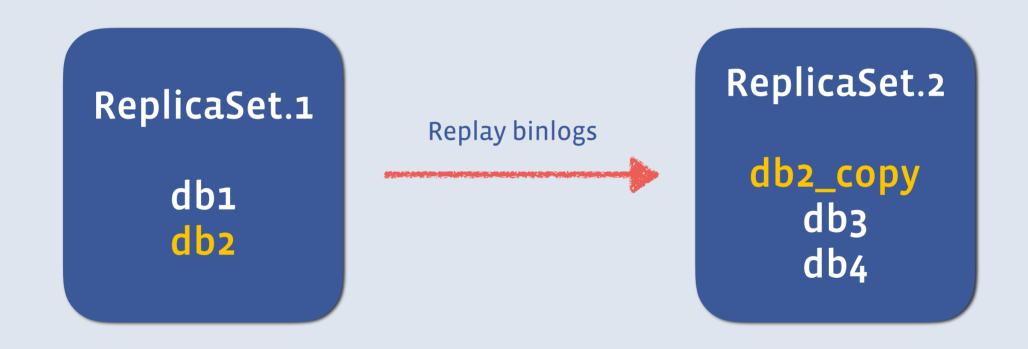
Moves shard across replica sets



Copies the database using MysqlDump



Replay the binlogs using mysqlbinlog from ReplicaSet.1



- Copy time is greater than local binlog retention time
- Retry



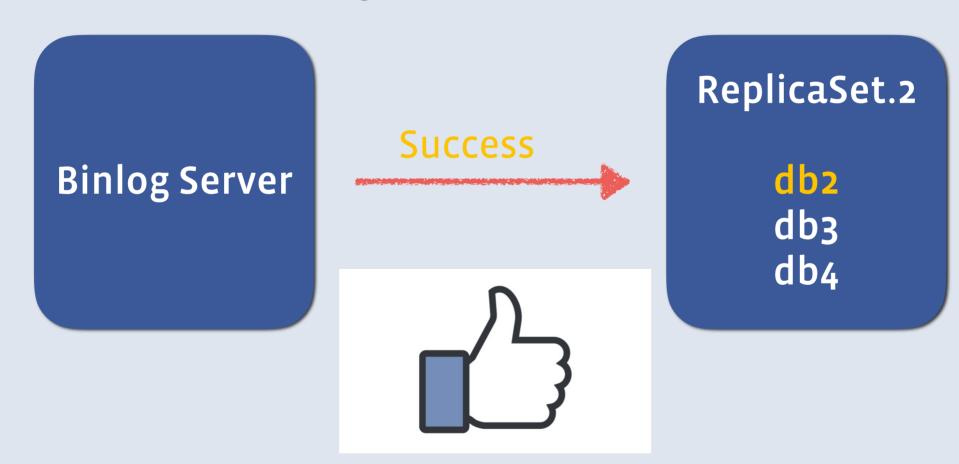
Retry OLM



- Retry... Retry...
- Failure!! Reach on-call

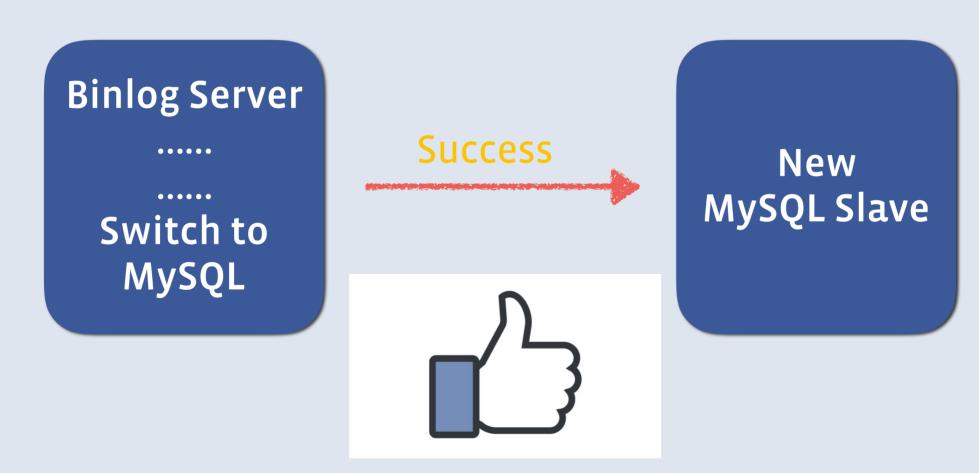


- Replay using binlog server.
- Copy time doesn't affect migration

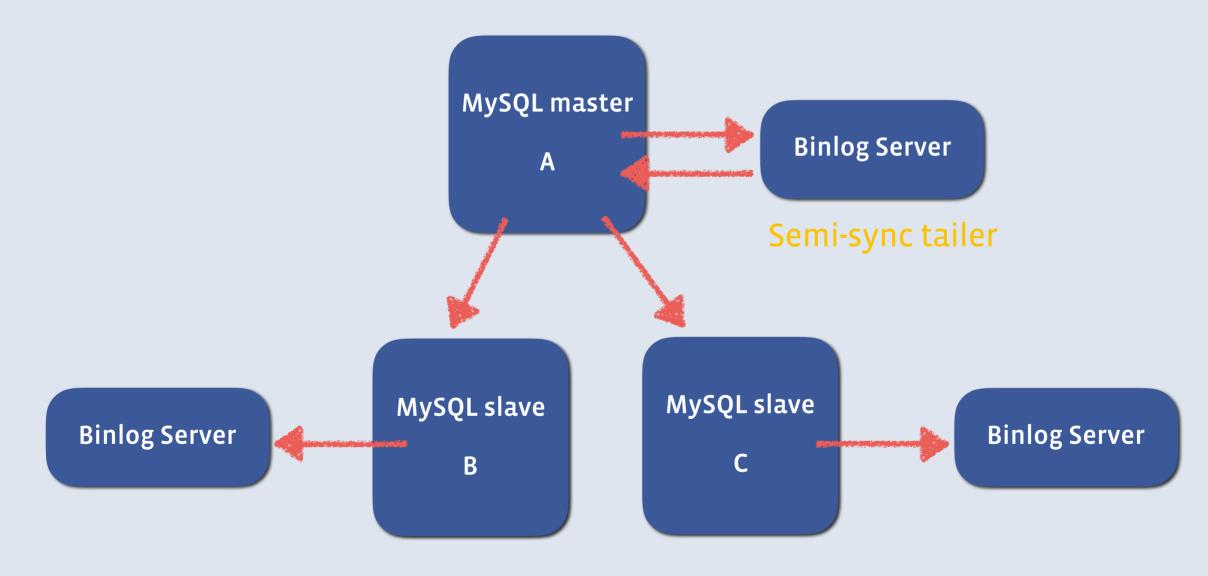


Creating New Replicas

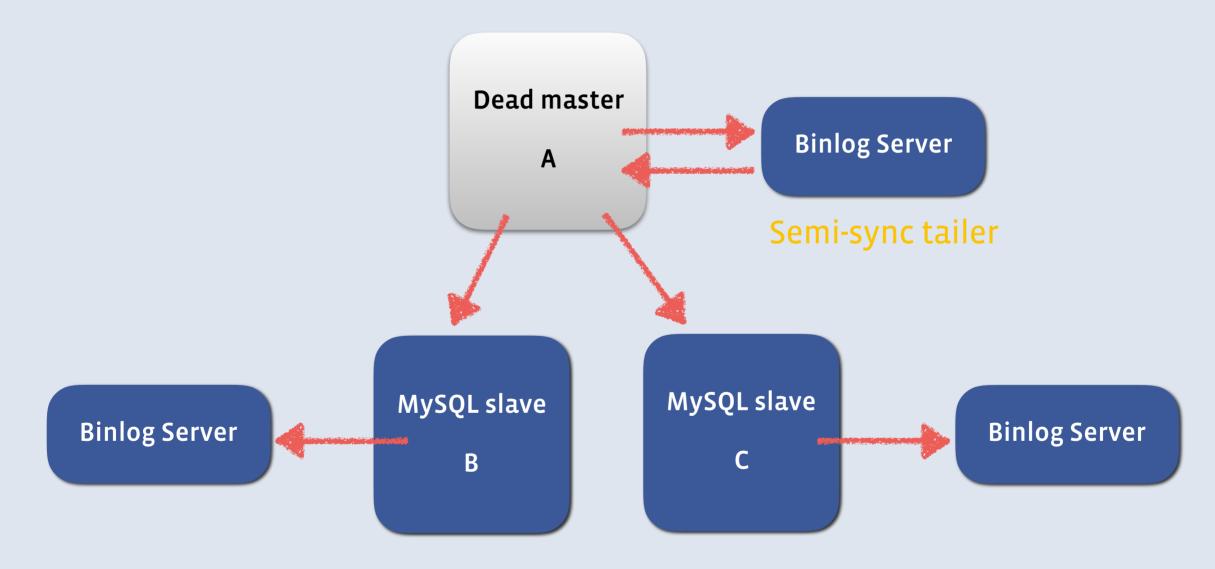
- Replay using Binlog Server. Switch back to actual MySQL master
- No retries!!



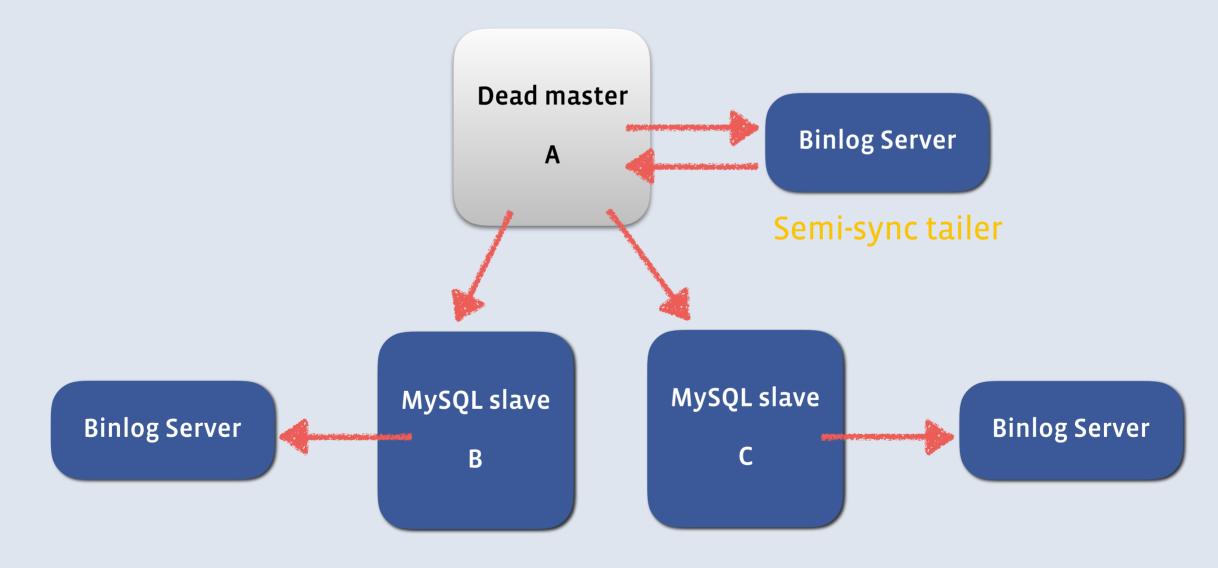
Binlog server used as semi-sync log tailers



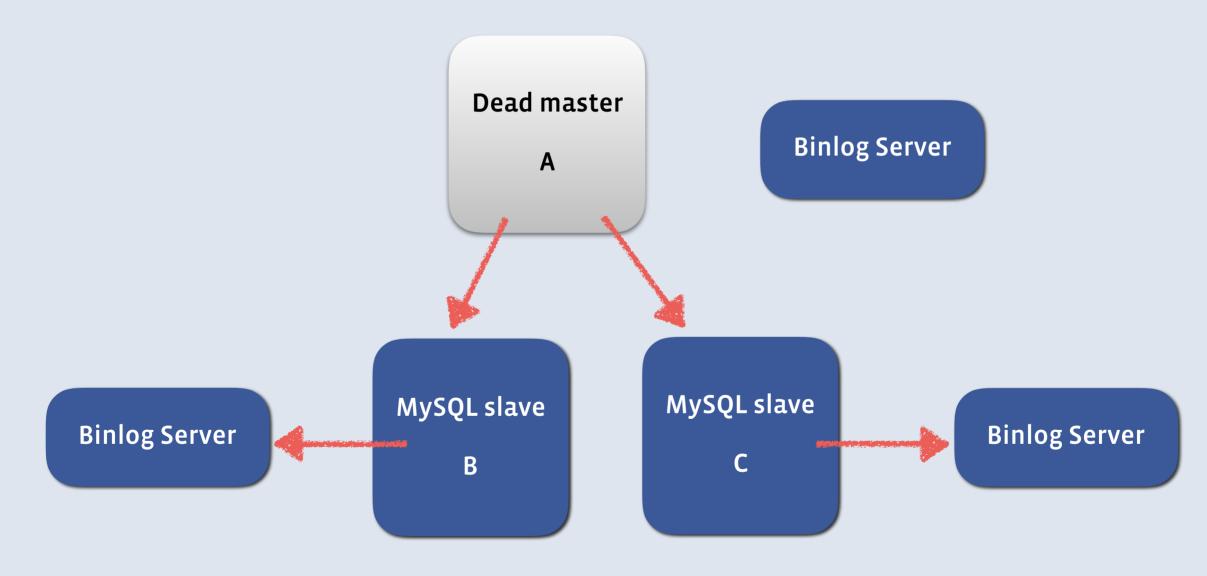
Dead master promotion is triggered



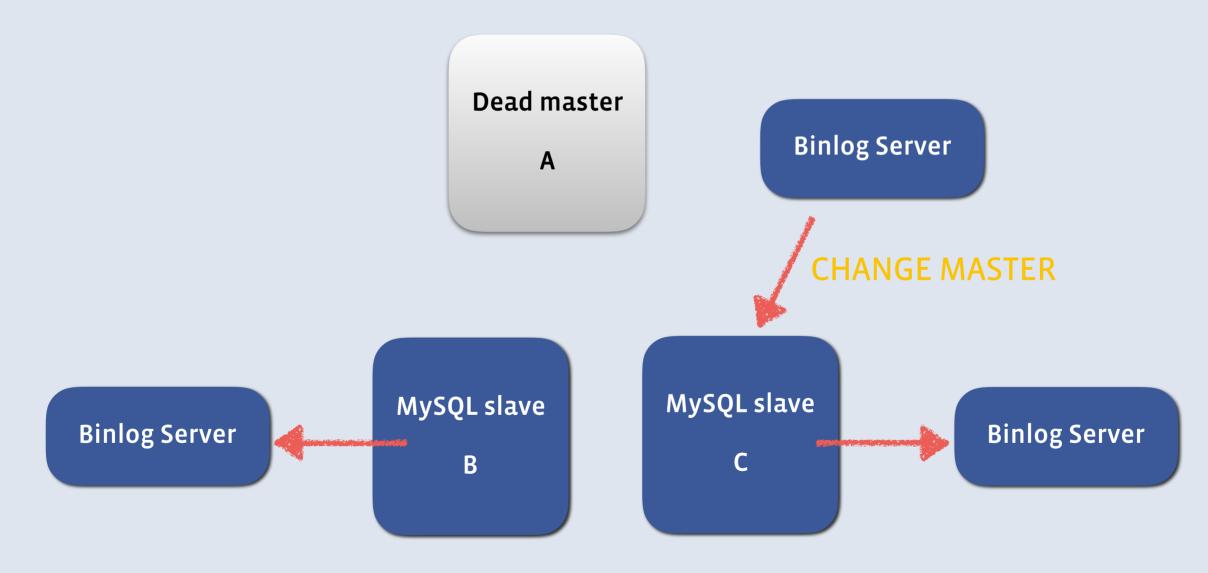
Stop binlog server's tailing to node fence dead master



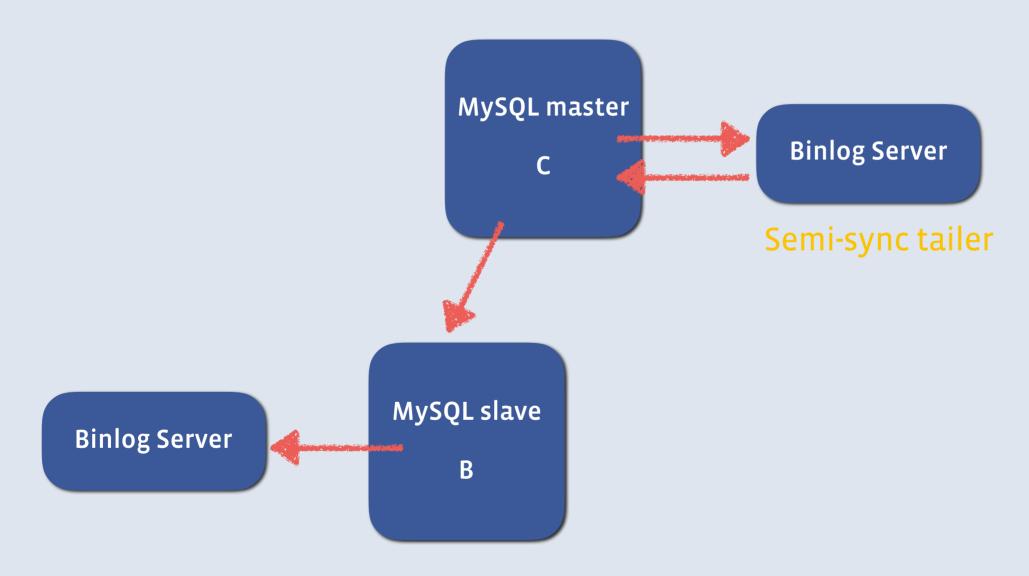
Pick a MySQL slave to promote



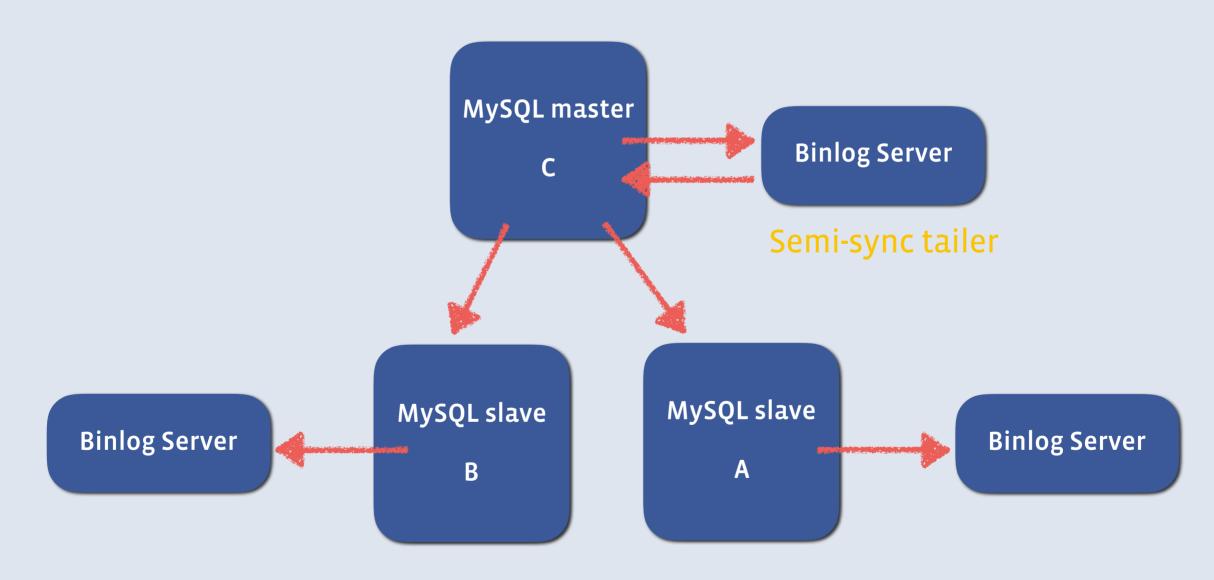
Catchup server C from binlog server using CHANGE MASTER



Promote server C as the new master



Recover dead master

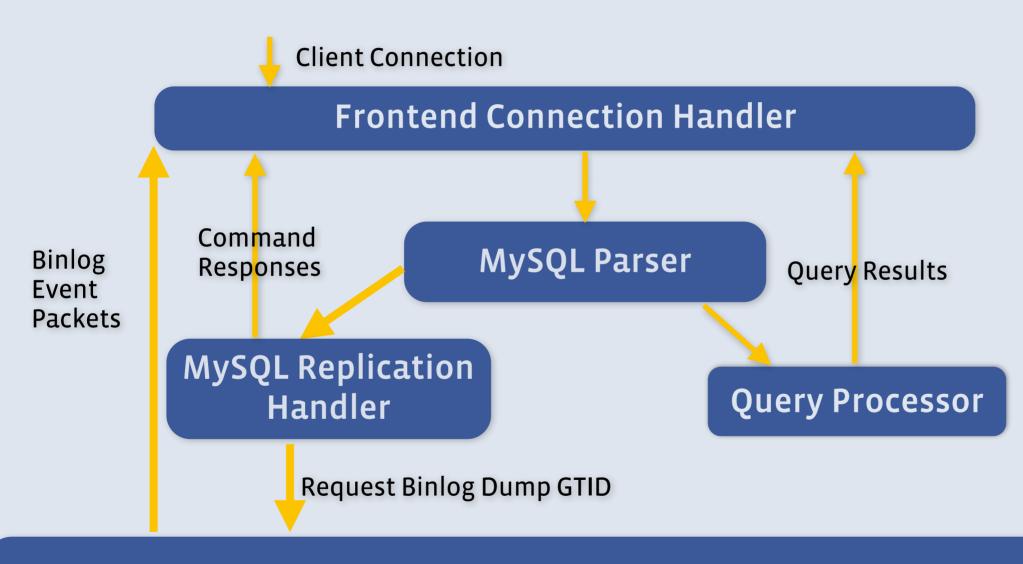


And more ...

- Point in time recovery of a single shard
- Disaster recovery of full MySQL instances
 - Binlog replay through replication is simpler, safer and reliable
- Binlog replay during Online Schema Change
 - Currently we are using table triggers to track deltas. With RBR, it is possible to replay per table binlog updates

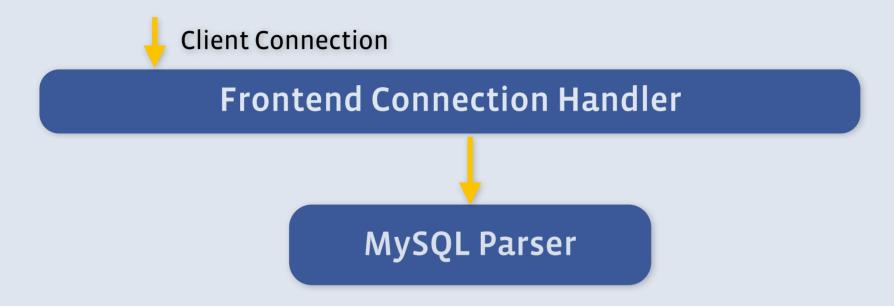
Design of Binlog Server

Binlog Server Architecture



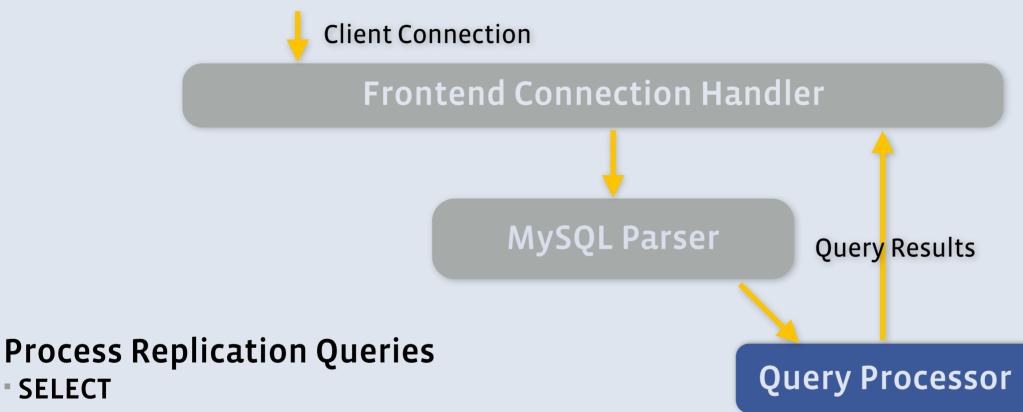
MySQL Binlog Storage Service

Handling MySQL Client Connections



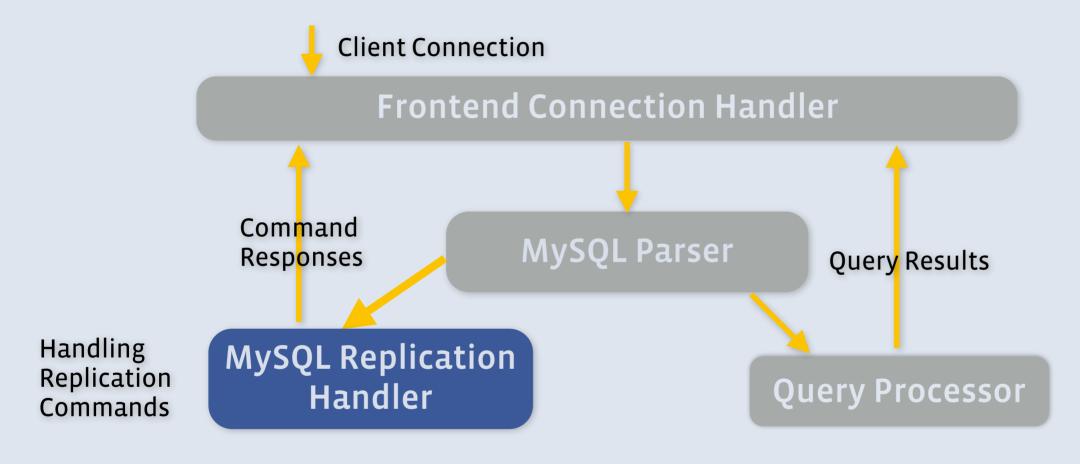
- Built on the existing framework
 - MySQL connection/handshake handler
 - A compact MySQL parser

Processing Replication Queries



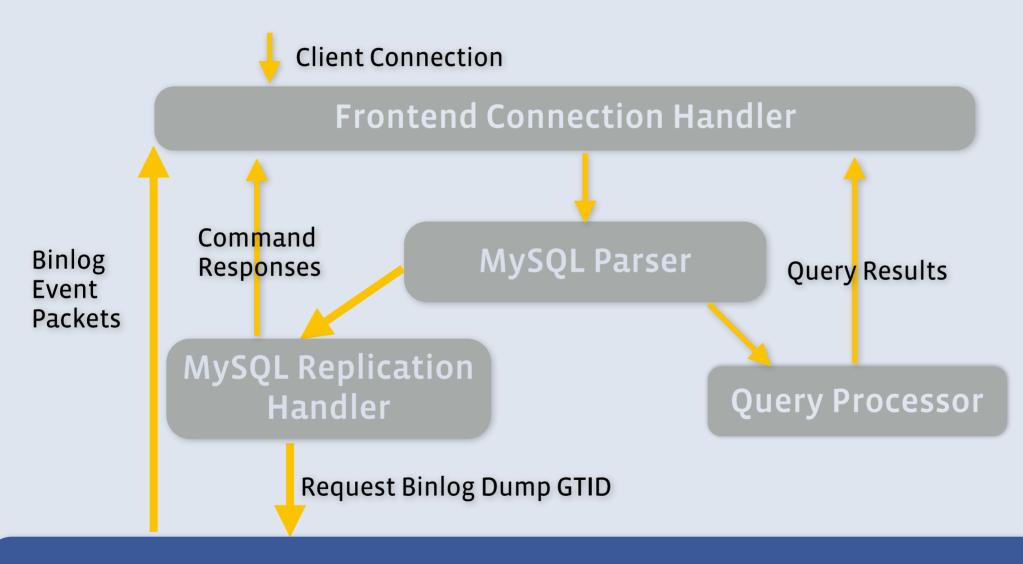
- SELECT
 - SERVER_ID, UNIX_TIMESTAMP, GTID_MODE, etc...
- SHOW
 - rpl_semi_sync_master_enabled, SERVER_UUID
- SET
 - SLAVE_UUID, MASTER_HEARTBEAT_PERIOD

Processing Replication Commands



- Enabling MySQL replication protocol
 - COM_REGISTER_SLAVE, and COM_BINLOG_DUMP_GTID

Handling Binlog Dump Requests



MySQL Binlog Storage Service

MySQL Binlog Storage Service

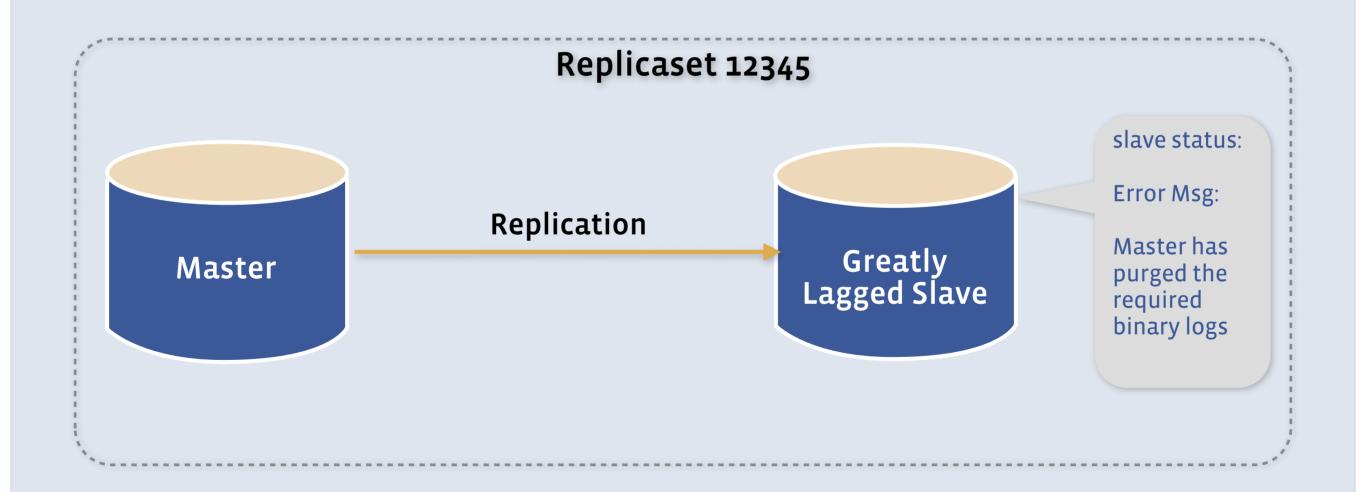
- A library to plug binlog storage features
- Implemented the majority of MySQL replication protocol in GTID mode
- Components:
 - Binlog reader to fetch binlogs on different storage medias
 - Binlog locator
 - Binlog writer in semi-sync/async mode

Binlog Server Operation Modes

- HDFS mode
 - Binlogs are backed up to HDFS with long retention time
 - Serving binlog backups on HDFS as a master
- Log-tailer mode
 - Backing up each MySQL instance's binlogs as a semi-sync tailer
 - Serving log-tailer's binlogs as a master

Components in HDFS mode

- Binlog reader/sender from HDFS
 - A customized HDFS version of "binlog dump thread"
- HDFS binlog locator
 - Uses info stored in locator DB for each replicaset
 - HDFS binlog paths
 - Previous GTID sets of each binlog
 - Locates the list of required HDFS binlogs
 - With a given GTID set



Binlog Server in HDFS mode



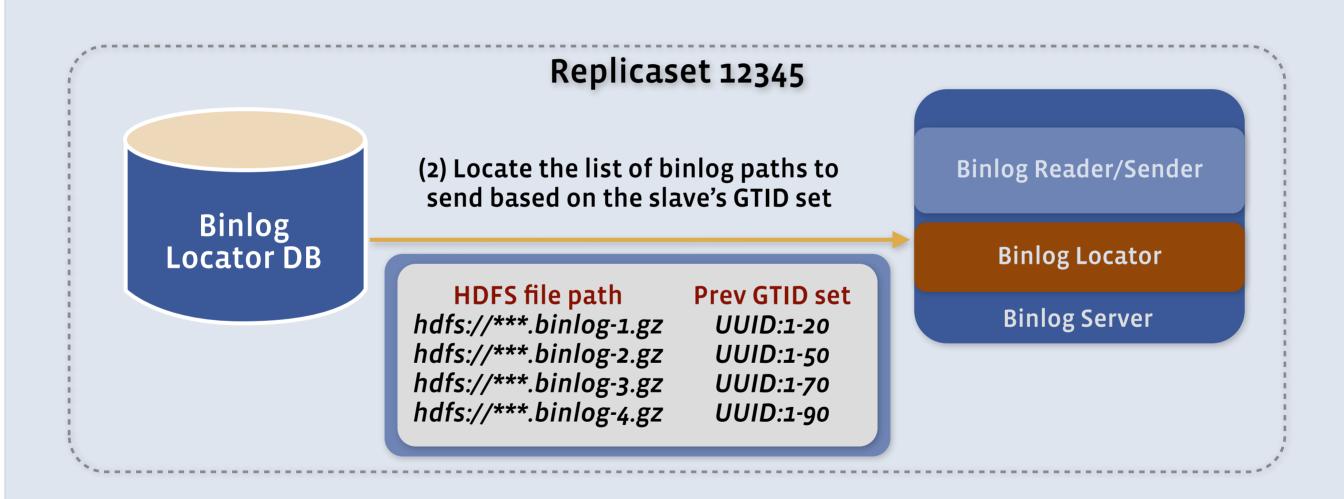
Binlog Reader/Sender

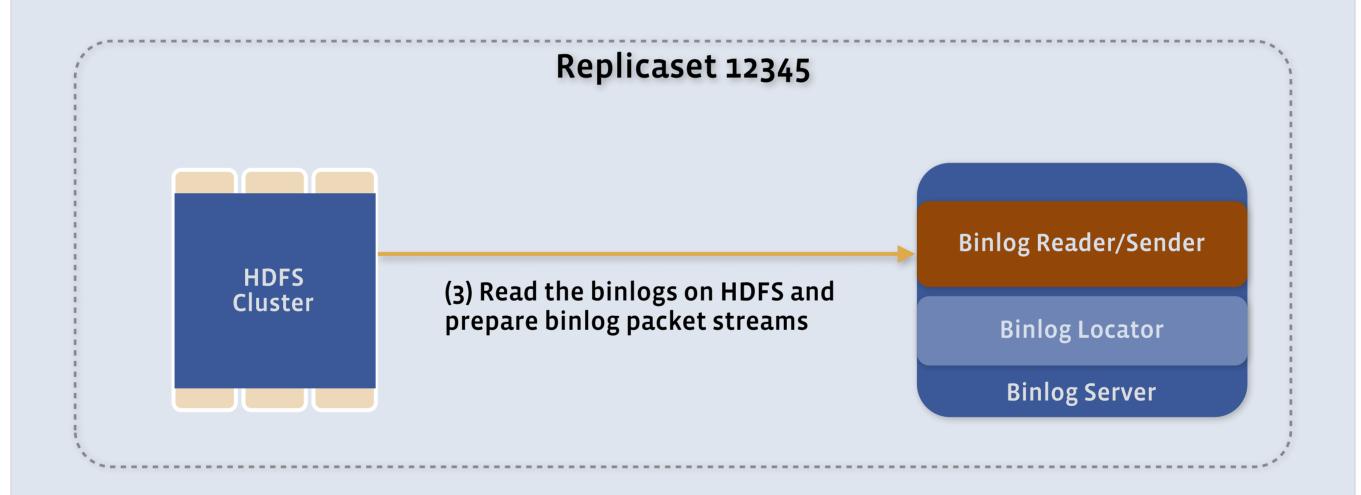
Binlog Locator

Binlog Server

(1) change master to Binlog Server; start slave;





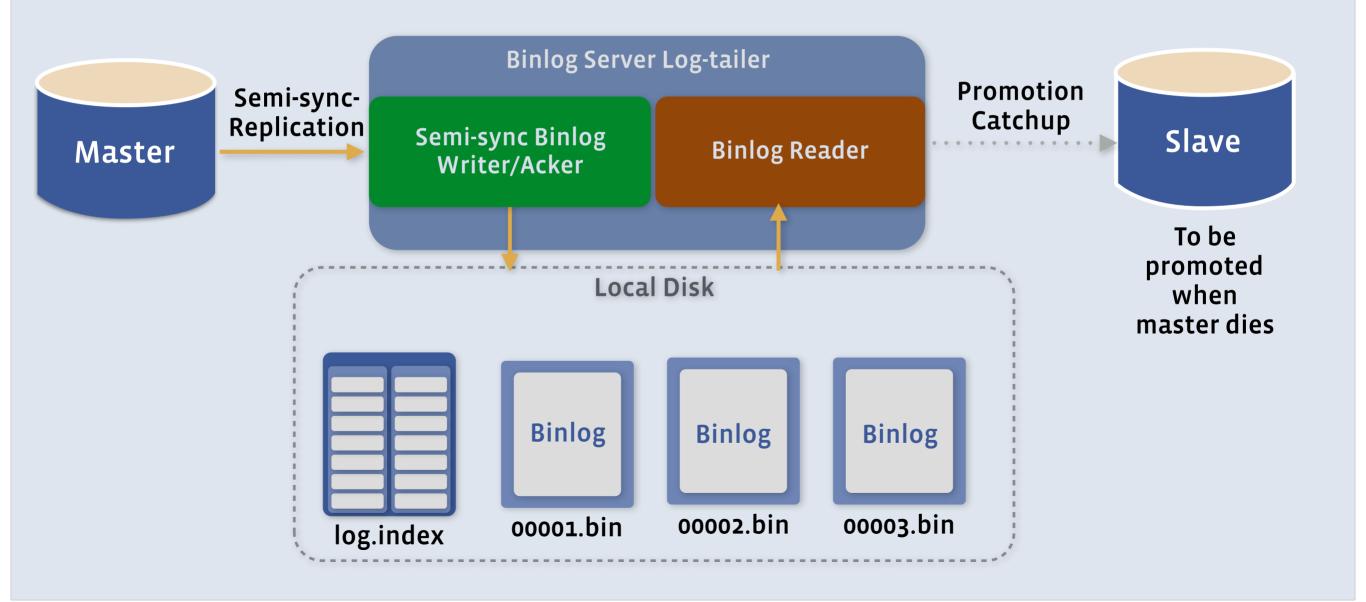




Components in Log-tailer mode

- Binlog writer with acknowledgment capability
 - Connecting to the MySQL as a semi-sync slave
 - Writing binlogs to the Disk
 - Acknowledge the MySQL when requested by the master
- Binlog reader/sender from Disk
 - A customized version of "binlog dump thread"

Binlog Server in Log-tailer mode



Show Master Status

HDFS mode

Log-tailer mode

Show Slave Status in Log-tailer mode

```
binlog_server> show slave status\G
Slave_IO_State: Waiting for master to send event
          Master Host: HOSTNAME
          Master Port: PORT
         Connect_Retry: 0
       Master_Log_File: binary-logs-xxxxxx.007964
   Read_Master_Loa_Pos: 97115
          Binlog_File: binary-logs-xxxxxx.007964
           Binlog_Pos: 97115
         Last IO Errno: 0
      Master_Server_Id: 3695980966
     Executed_Gtid_Set: ea4a5e01-b3e4-4273-a25e-88d06db8d1a5:1-902842.
b29a87bd-d60b-4455-9ab8-90d7b720f169:1-81669
      Mysql_Replicaset: REPLICA_SET_NAME
Replicaset_Tier_Version: VERSION_NUM
        Semisync_Slave: Yes
```

Show Master Logs in Log-tailer mode

```
binlog_server> show master logs with gtid\G
```

```
******* 1. row
```

Log_name: binary-logs-3306.007963

File_size: 131261

Prev_gtid_set: 561d1725-ed2e-458a-a496-77c65701e6d7:1-902253,

1e407547-ca35-4838-a19c-e3c90e33ebd4:1-81669

******** 2. row

Log_name: binary-logs-3306.007964

File_size: 110983

Prev_gtid_set: 561d1725-ed2e-458a-a496-77c65701e6d7:1-902590,

1e407547-ca35-4838-a19c-e3c90e33ebd4:1-81669

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Purging Logs in Log-tailer mode

binlog_server> purge logs to binary-logs-3306.007963; Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

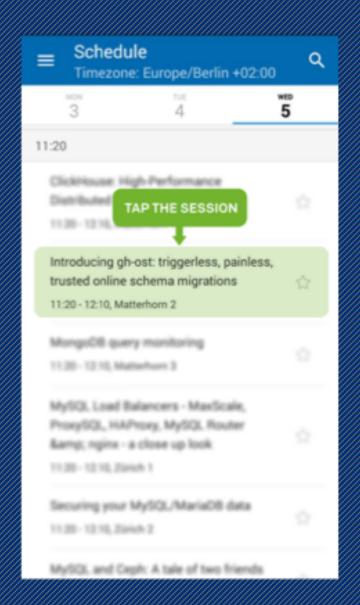
Start/Stop Slave in Log-tailer mode

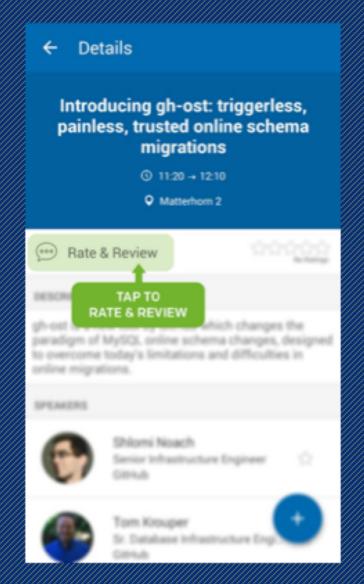
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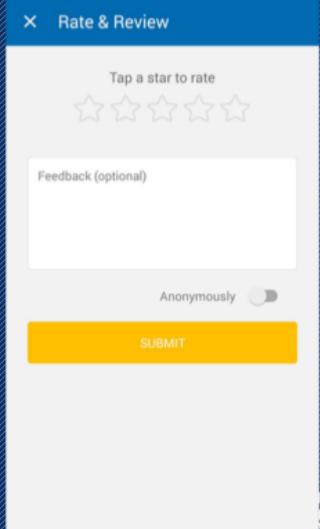
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Questions?

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