



Plotting Tips

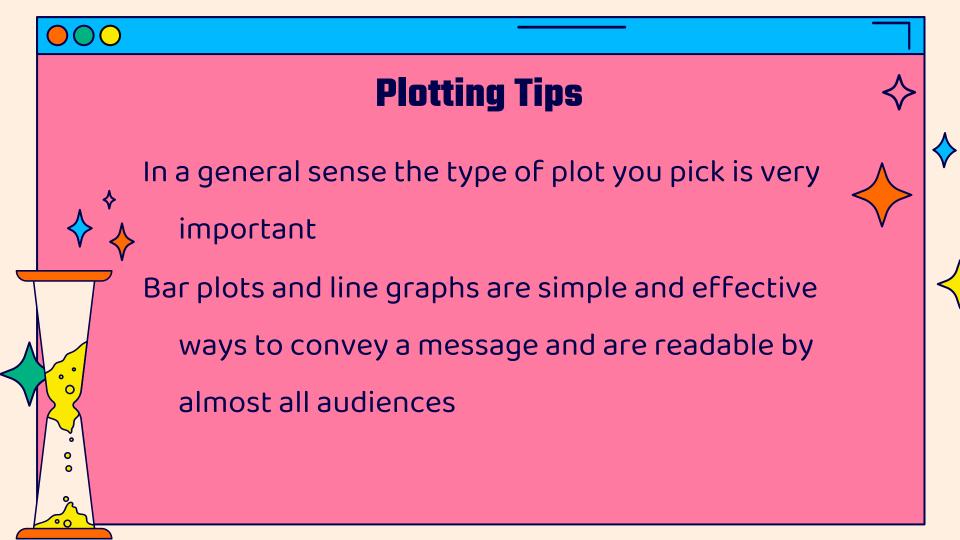


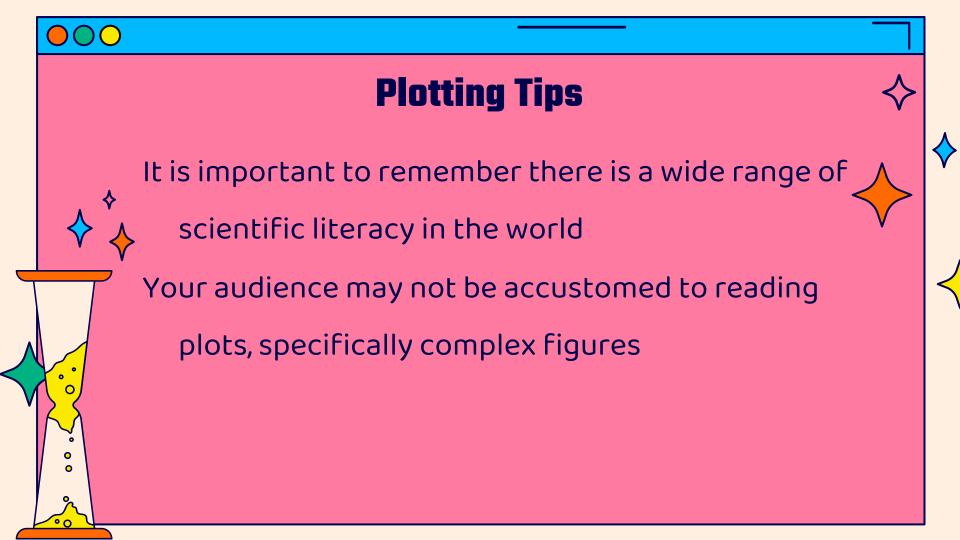
The first thing you need to consider when plotting is your **message**, the **audience**, and type of **plot**

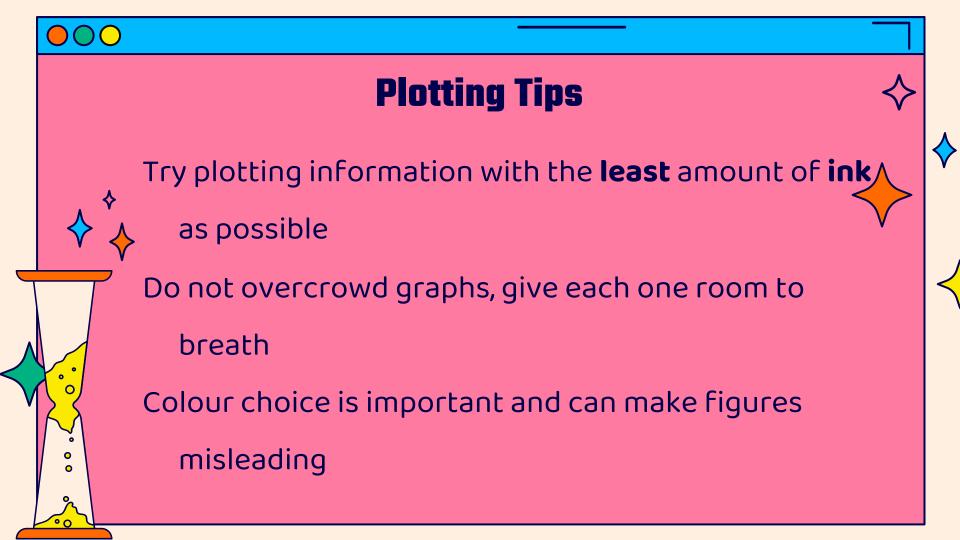


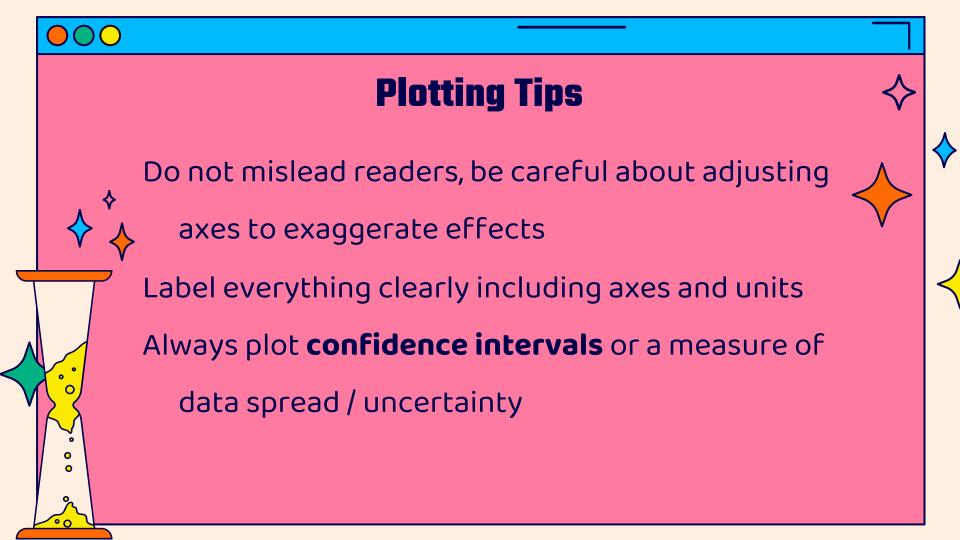
Making a graphic is always helpful for a reader but not always necessary. Can you say this image in words?

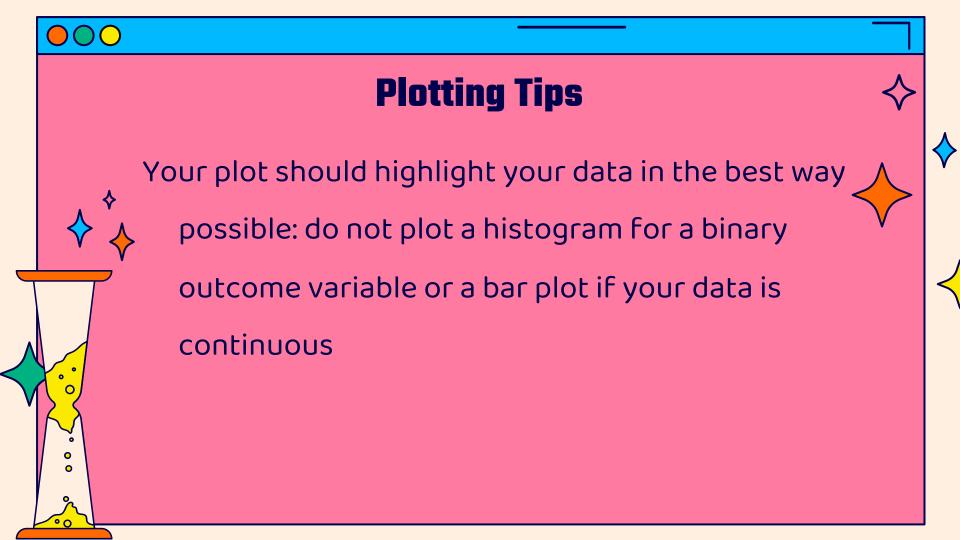








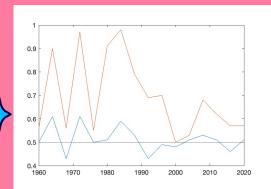


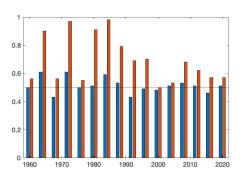


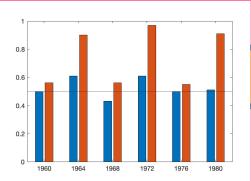


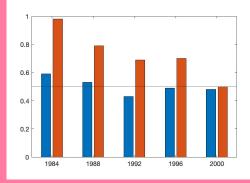
Plots tell a story

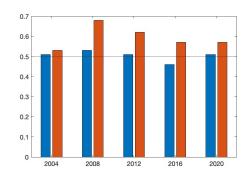


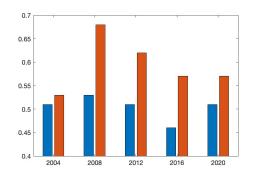














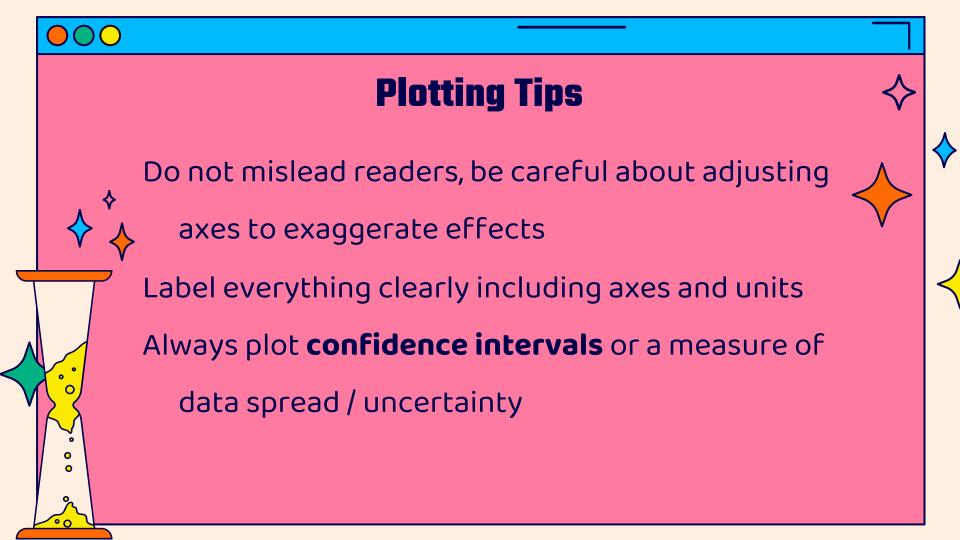


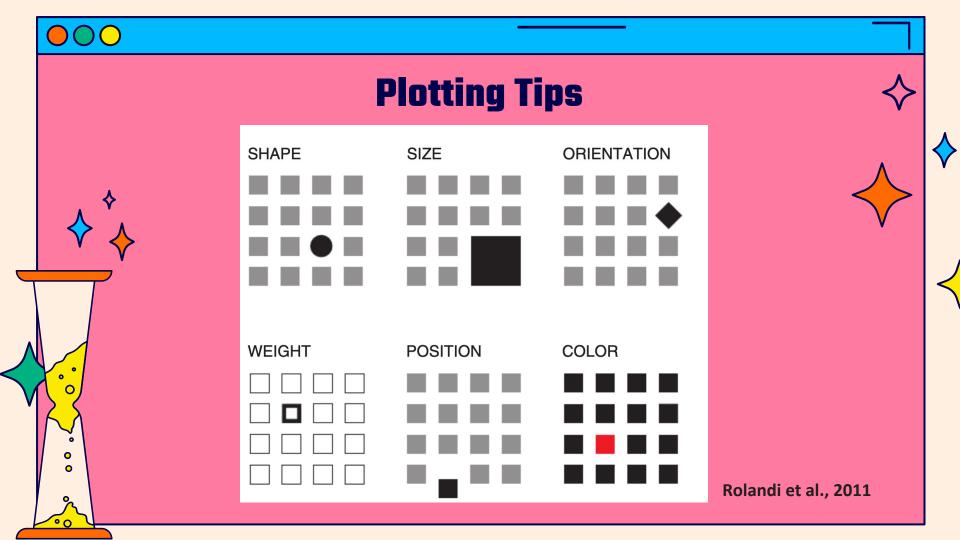


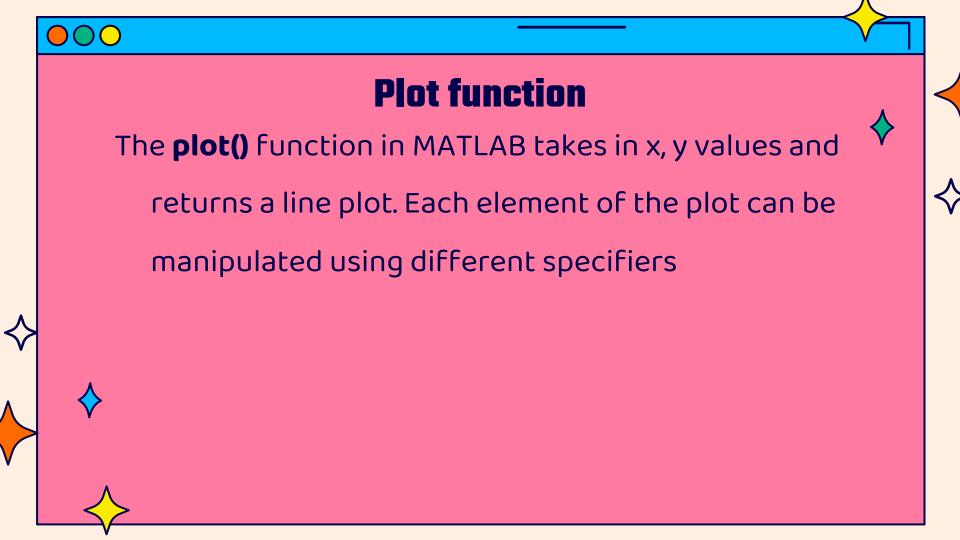


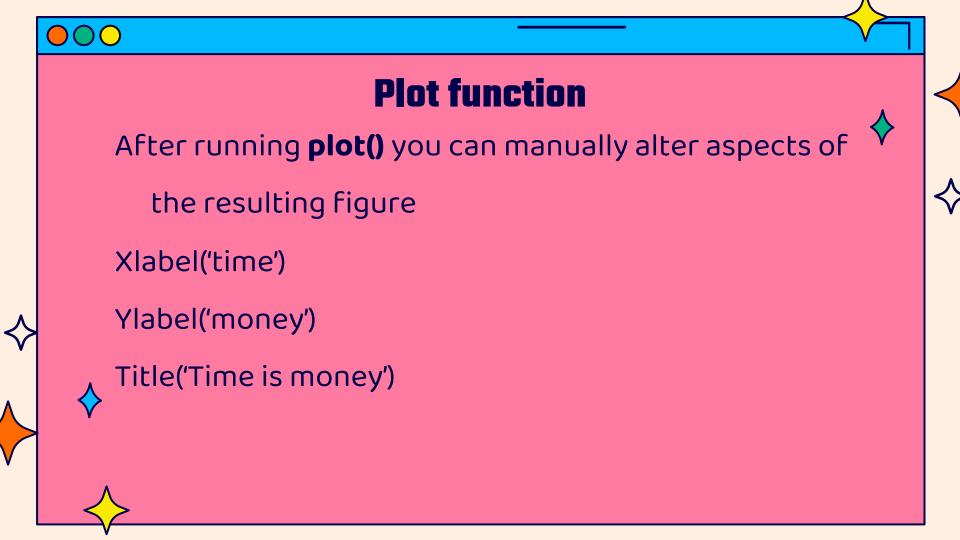


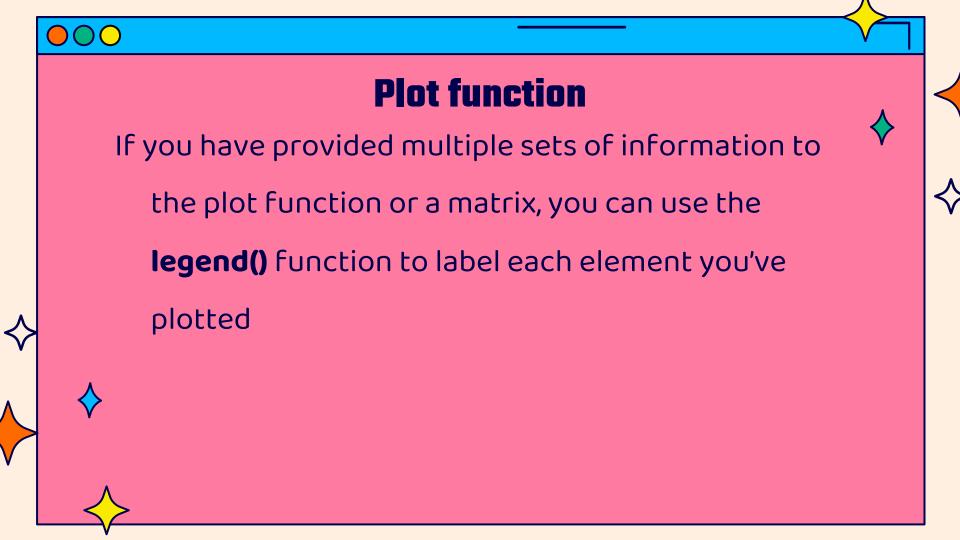














Plot Colours



You can change the colour of your lines by specifying one of the

following colours from the table





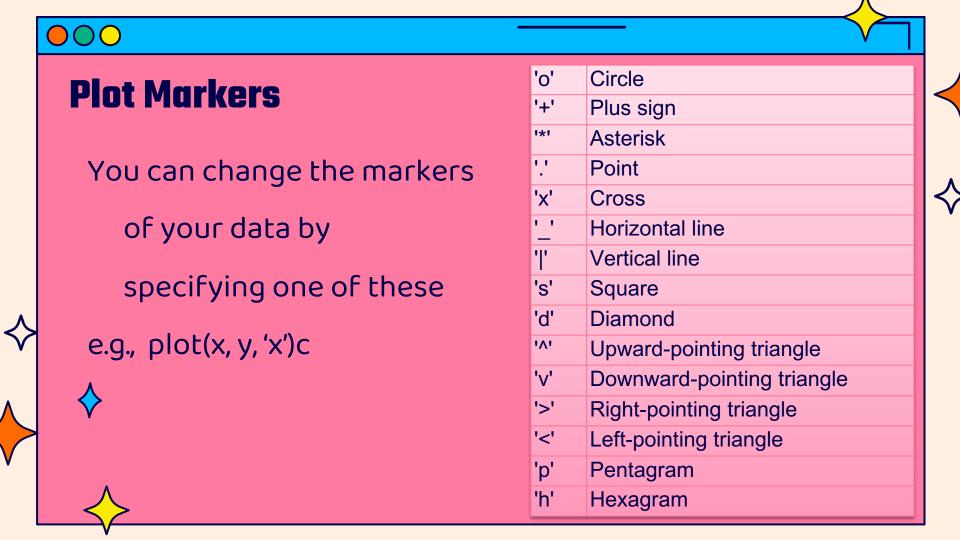
e.g., plot(x, y,	'r')
٨	



у	yellow
m	magenta
С	cyan
r	red
g	green
b	blue
W	white
k	black









Plot Lines

You can change the appearance of the lines of a plot()



e.g., plot(x, y, '-.') these can be combined with markers

and colours

\Diamond	P	lol	t(x,	у,	'X-	٠.٢ ′
$\langle \rangle$						

-	Solid line
	Dashed line
:	Dotted line
	Dotted line







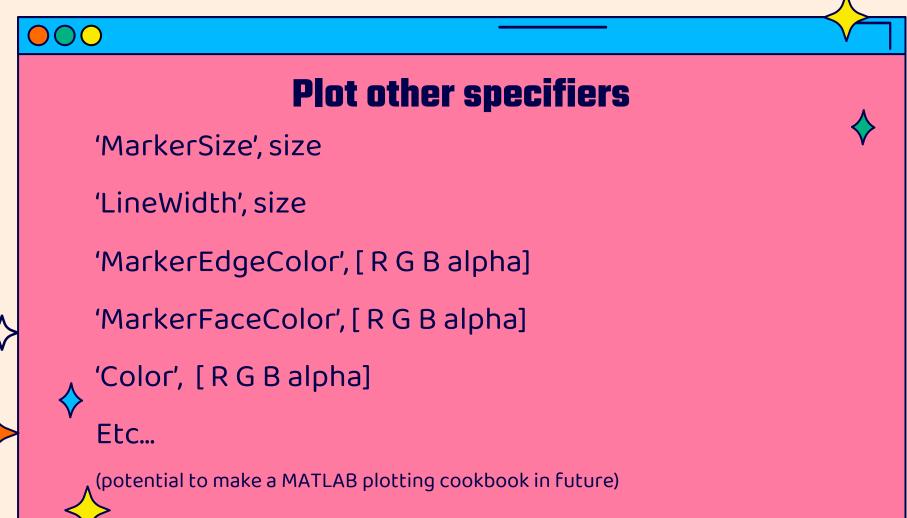






Figure and close all

I always recommend you begin a new graph by running **figure** this ensures that you are not overwriting any previous information you've plotted before

Reminder that close can be used to **close** currently opened figures



Hold on / off

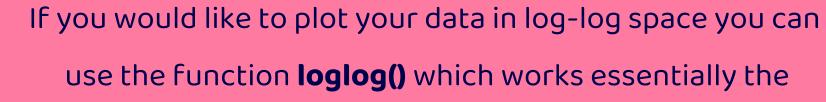
The command hold on allows one to **add to the existing axes** of a plot you just made. It is like adding another layer.

This does **not** need to be the **same type** of plot

Hold off removes this hold on the figure and allows you to overwrite them



Other Line plots



same way that plot does

Useful when data is decaying or exponentially growing



Error Bars





error, or CI

To plot error bars in MATLAB use the function

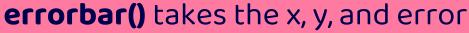










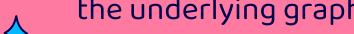




Use 'LineStyle' to remove line between x values this

allows you to plot the error bars separately from







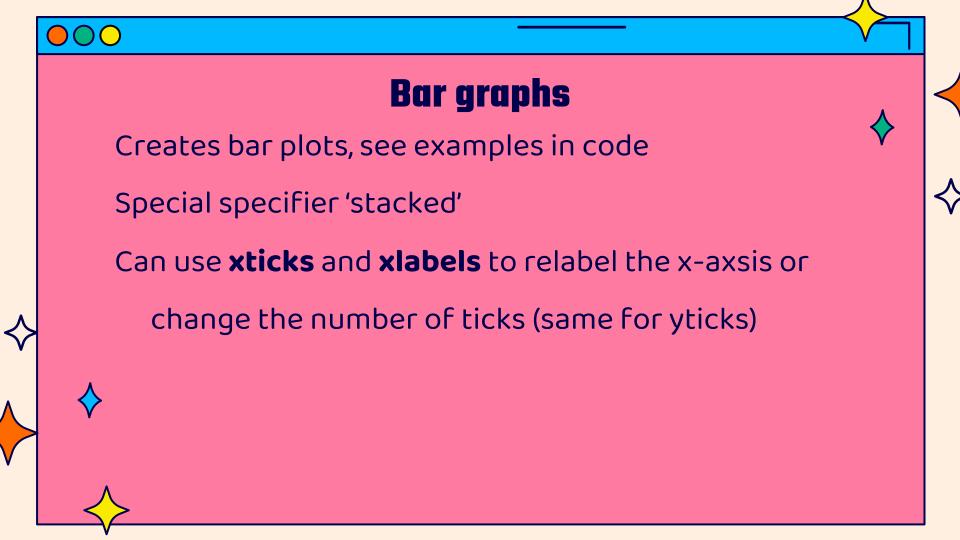












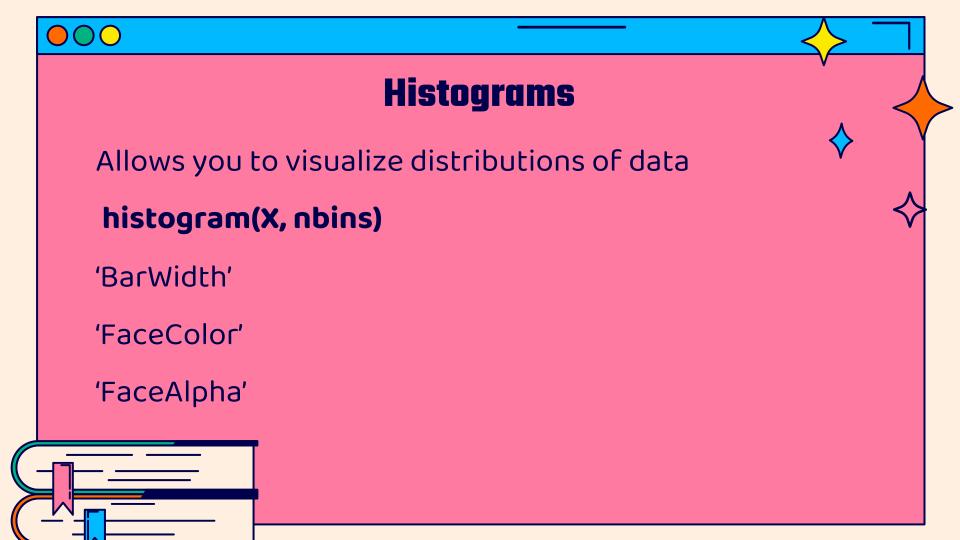


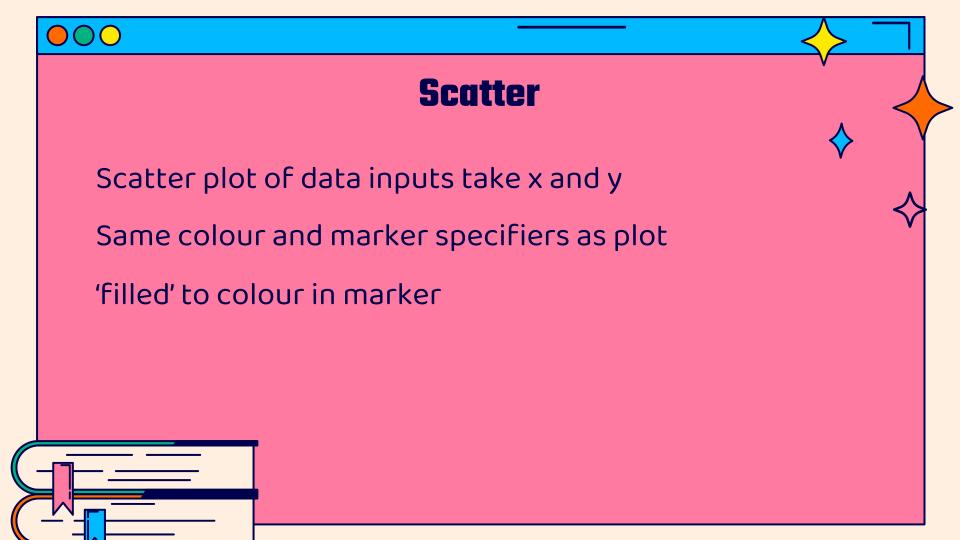
Plot but make it fashion

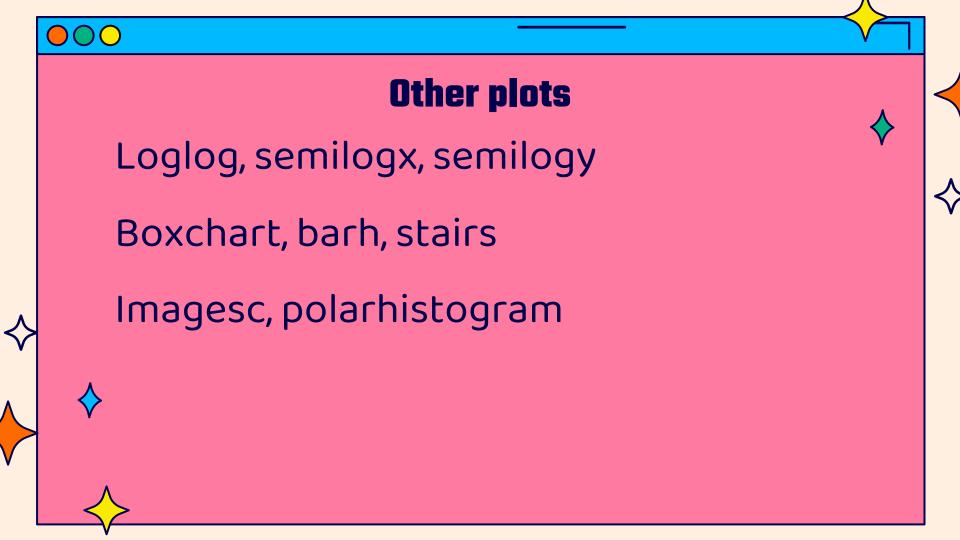
There are many toolboxes in addition to the basic functions of MATLAB, some are developed my MATLAB and others are **external** and need downloading

We will cover some additional methods to plot in MATLAB











Gramm



capacities. The code runs much like ggplot in R,

whereby data is fed into the gramm function and

each layer of the graph is added on top



See below for a cheat sheet summarizing gramm's capacities

https://github.com/piermorel/gramm/raw/master/gramm%20cheat%20sheet.pdf







Gramm



Gramm example script:

```
g=gramm('x',cars.Model\_Year,'y',cars.MPG,'color',cars.Cylinders,'subset',cars.Cylinders \sim = 3 \ \& \ cars.Cylinders \sim = 5);
```

g.facet_grid([],cars.Origin_Region);

g.geom_point();

g.stat_glm();

g.set_names('column','Origin','x','Year of production','y','Fuel economy (MPG)','color','# Cylinders');

g.set_title('Fuel economy of new cars between 1970 and 1982');

Figure('Position',[100 100 800 400]);



g.draw();

See example on their website







