

# SFUBeamer: a PDFLatex-based beamer template for the SFU community

A spin-off of the OsloMet template

#### **Javier Almonacid**

Department of Mathematics | Simon Fraser University July 14, 2023



### **Table of contents**

- 1 Overview
- 2 Mathematics
  - Theorem
  - Example
- 3 Highlighting
- 4 Lists
- **5** Effects (longer titles work best)
- 6 References

# **Mathematics**

#### Theorem (Fermat's little theorem)

For a prime p and  $a \in \mathbb{Z}$  it holds that  $a^p \equiv a \pmod{p}$ .

#### Proof.

The invertible elements in a field form a group under multiplication. In particular, the elements

$$1,2,\ldots,p-1\in\mathbb{Z}_p$$

form a group under multiplication modulo p. This is a group of order p-1. For  $a \in \mathbb{Z}_p$  and  $a \neq 0$  we thus get  $a^{p-1} = 1 \in \mathbb{Z}_p$ . The claim follows.

#### **Mathematics**

#### Example

The function  $\varphi \colon \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  given by  $\varphi(x) = 2x$  is continuous at the point  $x = \alpha$ , because if  $\epsilon > 0$  and  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  is such that  $|x - \alpha| < \delta = \frac{\epsilon}{2}$ , then

$$|\varphi(x)-\varphi(\alpha)|=2|x-\alpha|<2\delta=\epsilon.$$

# **Up Next** | **Highlighting**

# Highlighting

Sometimes it is useful to highlight certain words in the text.

#### Important message

If a lot of text should be highlighted, it is a good idea to put it in a box.

You can also highlight with the structure colour.

#### Lists

- Bullet lists are marked with a dark red box.
- Numbered lists are marked with a black number inside a dark red box.

Description highlights important words with gray text.

Items in numbered lists like 11 can be referenced with a dark red box.

#### Example

Lists change colour after the environment.

This is a good point to remind your audience what they have seen so far.

- Item 1.
- Item 2.
- Item 3.

# **Up Next** | **Effects (longer titles work best)**

Effects that control



- Effects that control
- when text is displayed

Theorem

This theorem is only visible on slide number 2.

- Effects that control
- when text is displayed
- 3 are specified with <> and a list of slides.



- Effects that control
- when text is displayed
- 3 are specified with <> and a list of slides.

- Effects that control
- when text is displayed
- are specified with <> and a list of slides.

Use **textblock** for arbitrary placement of objects.

It creates a box with the specified width (here in a percentage of the slide's width) and upper left corner at the specified coordinate (x, y) (here x is a percentage of width and y a percentage of height).

### References

- Y. Colin de Vèrdiere. Spectral theory of pseudo-differential operators of degree 0 and application to forced linear waves. *Anal. PDE* 13 (2020), no. 5, 1521–1537
- Y. Colin de Vèrdiere & L. Saint-Raymond. Attractors for two dimensional waves with homogeneous Hamiltonians of degree 0. Commun. Pure Appl. Anal. 73 (2020), no. 2, 421–462.
- **G. Davis, T. Jamin, J. Deleuze, S. Joubaud & T. Dauxois.** Succession of resonances to achieve internal wave turbulence. Phys. Rev. Lett 124 (2020), 204502.
- S. Dyatlov & M. Zworski. Microlocal analysis of forced waves. Pure Appl. Anal. 1 (2019), 359–384.
- J. Galkowski & M. Zworski. Viscosity limits for 0th order pseudo-differential operators. arXiv:1912.09840 (December 2019).
- L.R.M. Maas. Wave attractors: linear yet nonlinear. Int. J. Bifurcat. Chaos 15 (2005), no. 9, 2757–2782.

#### Thank you!