## Shinymeta app (...almost)

```
downloads <- metaReactive2({</pre>
 req(input$package)
 metaExpr(cranlogs::cran_downloads(input$package,
    from = Sys.Date() - 365, to = Sys.Date())
downloads rolling <- metaReactive({</pre>
 downloads() %>%
   mutate(count = zoo::rollapply(count, 7, mean, fill = "extend"))
output$plot <- metaRender(renderPlot, {
 ggplot(downloads rolling(), aes(date, count)) +
   geom line() +
   ggtitle("Seven day rolling average")
```



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                                                          This syntax is weird, sorry
  ggplot(downloads_rolling(), aes(date, count)) +
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    ggtitle("Seven day rolling average")
})
```

## Using shinymeta

- 1. You (the app author) identify the domain logic in your app code so we can separate it from the reactive structure
- 2. Within that domain logic, you **identify references to reactive values and reactive expressions** that need to be replaced with static values and static code, respectively
- 3. At runtime, **choose which pieces** of domain logic to export, and in what order
- 4. **Present the code** to the user (in a window, as a downloadable script or report, etc.)