

Faculty 9824
Institute name

Master Thesis

Thesis Title

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Abstract

The abstract should outline the main approach and findings of the thesis and must not be more than 500 words.

1 Introduction

This is where you introduce the main ideas of your thesis, and an overview of the context and background.

In a PhD, Chapter 2 would normally contain a literature review. Typically, Chapters 3–5 would contain your own contributions. Think of each of these as potential papers to be submitted to journals. Finally, Chapter 6 provides some concluding remarks, discussion, ideas for future research, and so on. Appendixes can contain additional material that don't fit into any chapters, but that you want to put on record. For example, additional tables, output, etc.

1.1 Rmarkdown

In this template, the rest of the chapter shows how to use Rmarkdown. The big advantage of using Rmarkdown is that it allows you to include your R code directly into your thesis, to ensure there are no errors in copying and pasting, and that everything is reproducible. It also helps you stay better organized.

For details on using *R Markdown* see <http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com>.

1.2 Results from analyses

We can fit a dynamic regression model to the sales data.

If y_t denotes the sales in quarter t , x_t denotes the corresponding advertising budget and z_t denotes the GDP, then the resulting model is:

$$y_t - y_{t-4} = \beta(x_t - x_{t-4}) + \gamma(z_t - z_{t-4}) + \theta_1\varepsilon_{t-1} + \Theta_1\varepsilon_{t-4} + \varepsilon_t \quad (1.1)$$

where

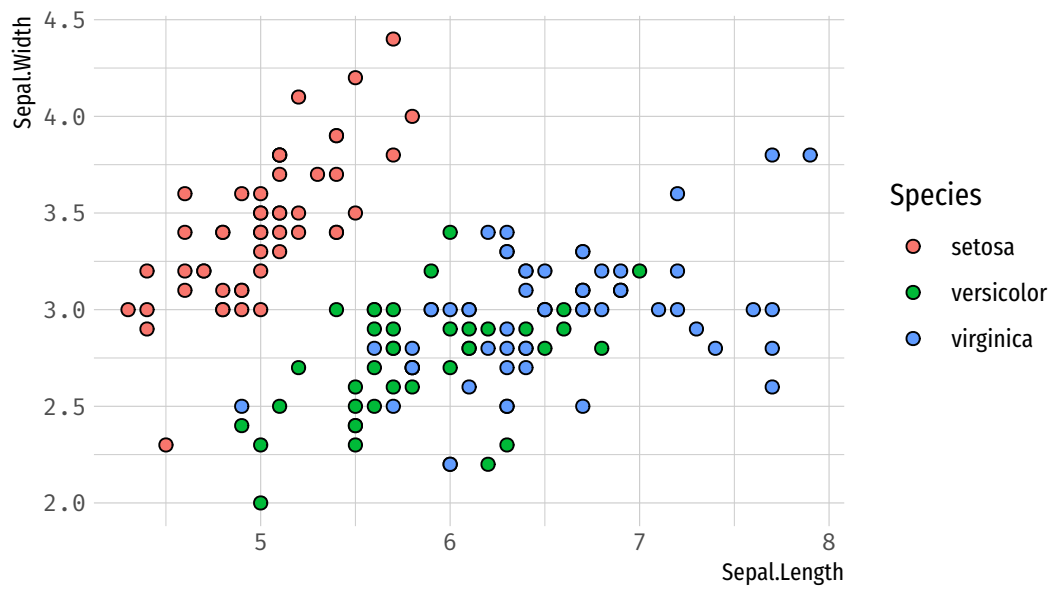
The `knitLatex` package is useful for generating tables from R output. Other packages can do similar things including the `kable` function in `knitr` which is somewhat simpler but you have less control over the result. If you use `knitLatex` to generate tables, don't forget to include `results="asis"` in the chunk settings.

1.3 Unrelated Code

A plot

```
library(ggplot2)
library(hrbrthemes)
library(firasans)

ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length, y = Sepal.Width, fill = Species)) +
  geom_point(shape = 21, size = 2) +
  theme_ipsum_fsc()
```



A table

Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa

2 Literature Review

This chapter contains a summary of the context in which your research is set.

Imagine you are writing for your fellow PhD students. Topics that are well-known to them do not have to be included here. But things that they may not know about should be included.

Resist the temptation to discuss everything you've read in the last few years. And you are not writing a textbook either. This chapter is meant to provide the background necessary to understand the material in subsequent chapters. Stick to that.

You will need to organize the literature review around themes, and within each theme provide a story explaining the development of ideas to date. In each theme, you should get to the point where your ideas will fit in. But leave your ideas to later chapters. This way it is clear what has been done beforehand, and what new contributions you are making to the research field.

All citations should be done using markdown notation as shown below. This way, your bibliography will be compiled automatically and correctly.

2.1 Exponential smoothing

Exponential smoothing was originally developed in the late 1950s. Because of their computational simplicity and interpretability, they became widely used in practice.

Empirical studies by Makridakis and Hibon (1979) and Makridakis et al. (1982) found little difference in forecast accuracy between exponential smoothing and ARIMA models. This made the family of exponential smoothing procedures an attractive proposition .

The methods were less popular in academic circles until Ord et al. (1997) introduced a state space formulation of some of the methods, which was extended in Hyndman et al. (2002) to cover the full range of exponential smoothing methods.

A Additional Stuff

You might put some computer output here, or maybe additional tables.

Note that line 5 must appear before your first appendix. But other appendices can just start like any other chapter.

Bibliography

- Hyndman, R. J., Koehler, A. B., Snyder, R. D., & Grose, S. (2002). A state space framework for automatic forecasting using exponential smoothing methods. *International Journal of Forecasting*, 18(3), 439–454.
- Makridakis, S., Anderson, A., Carbone, R., Fildes, R., Hibon, M., Newton, R. L. J., Parzen, E., & Winkler, R. (1982). The accuracy of extrapolation (time series) methods: Results of a forecasting competition. *Journal of Forecasting*, 1, 111–153.
- Makridakis, S., & Hibon, M. (1979). Accuracy of forecasting: An empirical investigation (with discussion). *Journal of Royal Statistical Society (A)*, 142, 97–145.
- Ord, J. K., Koehler, A. B., & Snyder, R. D. (1997). Estimation and prediction for a class of dynamic nonlinear statistical models. *Journal of American Statistical Association*, 92, 1621–1629.