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I. Introduction

1.01 Document Scope

The following documentation pertains to the AT Command Set to be used in conjunction with the Enfora GSM/GPRS OEM module, the Enabler-G.

1.02 Platform Reference and Use

The Enabler-G will be referred to using various terms, to include: MS (Mobile Station), TA (Terminal Adapter), DCE (Data Communication Equipment), or ME (Mobile Equipment).

The Enabler-G can be controlled via the use of a DTE (Data Terminal Equipment) platform by issuing the AT commands via a serial interface.

1.03 Command Syntax

The attention or "AT" prefix is required prior to entering any command. All commands require a carriage return or <CR> following the entry of the desired command. All command responses are encapsulated by a carriage return and line feed or <CR><LF>. The ASCII display of these characters is suppressed with only the modem response being presented.

AT message concatenation can be done using the ; <semicolon> between commands.

The following examples demonstrate the potential usage of AT commands presented:

Туре	Example	Descriptio
		n
Command Format Query	AT+GXXX=?	When entered will return the command format and value ranges.
Command Read	AT+GXXX?	When



		entered
		will return
		the current
		value
		assigned
		to the
		command.
Command Write	AT+GXXX= <value>,<value>,</value></value>	When
		entered
		will set the
		command
		to
		specified
		value(s).
Command Execution	AT+GXXX	When
		entered
		will
		execute
		the
		specified
		command.
Command Concatenatio	AT+CRC=1;S0=1	When
n		entered it
		will
		execute
		both the
		CRC and
		S0
		command.



1.04 Revision History

Date	Rev	Author	Description
3/14/2008	1.04	Diane O'Neil	Added Enabler-IIG AT Commands from
			GSM0107AT001 – Revision 1.09
			Added Enfora Mobile Tracker AT Commands
			from GSM2000AT001 – Revision 1.09
9/12/2008	1.05	Diane O'Neil	Edited \$GOPMD
			Added Output Event 59
			Edited \$GPSCLR
			Edited Bit 25 of the Bit Field Table in \$EVENT
			Edited Default Values of \$BATTLVL,
			\$WAKEENBL and \$WAKETIME
			Edited Appendix B
			Edited input and output event tables
			Edited \$WAKEENBL
			Edited \$MOTTRANS
			Edited \$BATTLVL
			Removed overspeed information
			Edited +CEER
			Edited \$MSCLS
			Added \$PASSWD, \$KEYDLY, \$KEYFNC,
			\$GPSOSI, \$SPDFILT, \$WALKER
			Removed \$EVNTRY
			Edited Input Event #72
			Edited %CSTAT
			Added second parameter to \$MSGSND
			Added \$CHGOFF



1.05 References

[GSM 07.05] GTS 07.05: January 1998 (GSM 07.05 version 5.5.0)

Use of Data Terminal Equipment - Data Circuit

terminating Equipment (DTE - DCE) interface for Short Message Service (SMS) and Cell Broadcast Service

(CBS), ETSI

[GSM 07.07] ETS 300 916: February 1998 (GSM 07.07 version 5.5.0)

AT command set for GSM Mobile Equipment (ME)

[T.32] T.32 (08/95) Asynchronous facsimile DCE control -

service class 2, ITU

[T V.25_TER] (ITU-T V.25 ter, 1997) ITU-T Recommendation V.25 ter;

Series V: data communication over the telephone network; Interfaces and voiceband modems; Serial asynchronous automatic dialing and control, ITU



II. Standard AT Commands

The following is the format in which all commands will be presented.

xx.xx (Command Number) Atx(Command) Xxxxx(Command Description)

Command Function (Description of the command function)

Command Functional

Group

(Functional group identification)

Command Format Query ATx=?

Response

ATx: (parameter1 name 1 - 15), (parameter2

name 1-10),...

Write Format ATx=<value>,<value>[,<optional value>],...

Response

OK or **ERROR**

Read Format ATx?

Response <value>,<value>,...

Execution Format ATx

Response OK, ERROR, or <value>

Parameter Values <value1>,<value2>

ATx: (1-15),(1-10)

Reference (Applicable standard reference)

Standard Scope Mandatory or Optional

Enfora Implementation

Scope

Full, Partial, or Not Supported

Notes (Additional command notes)

Please note that, where applicable, the <value> responses provided for the READ and EXECUTION formats are modem default values. All efforts will be made by Enfora, Inc. to keep these values current in the documentation but will not be responsible for any differences that may occur as a result subsequent software builds and version enhancements.



2.01 Commands Specified by GSM Rec. 07.07

(a) General Commands

(1) AT+CGMI Request Manufacturer Identification

Command Function This command is used to obtain the

manufacturer identification information.

Command Functional Equipment Information

Group

Command Format Query AT+CGMI=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CGMI Response Enfora, Inc.

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 5.1

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Return value is manufacturer specific.



(2) AT+CGMM Request Manufacturer Model

Identification

Command Function This command is used to obtain the

manufacturer model identification

information.

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query AT+CGMM=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CGMM

Response Enabler-II G Modem

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 5.2

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Return value is manufacturer specific.



(3) AT+CGMR Request Revision Identification

Command Function This command is used to obtain the

manufacturer embedded firmware

revision information.

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query AT+CGMR=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CGMR Response revision

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 5.3

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Return value is manufacturer specific.



(4) AT+CGSN Request IMEI

Command Function This command is used to obtain the

manufacturer International Mobile

Equipment Identity (IMEI).

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query AT+CGSN=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CGSN

Response 0044008824900101

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 5.4

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Return value is manufacturer specific.

The TA returns the International Mobile station Equipment Identifier (IMEI).



(5) AT+CSCS Select TE Character Set

Command Function This command is used to select the

terminal equipment character set.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query AT+CSCS=?

Response +CSCS: <"GSM", "IRA", "PCCP437",

"PCDN", "8859-1", "HEX", "UCS2">

OK

Write Format AT+CSCS=<chset>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CSCS?

Response +CSCS: "PCCP437"

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<chset> "GSM"

"IRA"

"PCCP437"
"PCDN"
"8859-1"
"HEX"
"UCS2"

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 5.5

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes Values are based on character set

support.



(6) AT+CIMI Request IMSI

Command Function This command is used to obtain the

International Mobile Subscriber Identity

(IMSI) value assigned to the SIM.

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query AT+CIMI=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CIMI

Response 310260101xxxxx

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 5.6

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Return value is manufacturer specific.

The TA returns the International Mobile

Subscriber Identity (IMSI).



(7) AT+WS46 Select Wireless Network

Command Function This command is used to select the

wireless network to operate with the TA.

Command Functional

Group

Network

Command Format Query

Response

AT+WS46=? +WS46: <12>

OK

Write Format AT+WS46=<n>

Response OK

Read Format AT+WS46? **Response** +WS46: 12

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<n> 12 (GSM Digital Cellular)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 5.9

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes Will provide available network interface

support selection.



(b) Call Control Commands

(1) AT+CSTA Select Type of Address

Command Function This command is used to select the type

of number to be used for further dialing

commands.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CSTA=?

+CSTA: <129 or 145>

OK

Write Format AT+CSTA=<n>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CSTA? **Response** +CSTA: 129

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<n> 129 (Dialing string without

International Access Code

character "+")

145 (Dialing string with International

Access Code character "+")

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.1

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(2) ATD Dial command

Command Function This command is used to setup an

outbound voice or data call.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format ATD1234567I;

ResponseNO DIALTONE or
NO CARRIER or

CONNECT <value> or

BUSY or

OK

Parameter Values

<n> V.25ter Dialing Digits = 0 - 9, *, #, +, A,

B, C

V.25ter Dialing Modifiers = , (comma),

T, P, !, @, W

<cmod> GSM Modifier Characters

I = Restrict CLI, i = Allow CLI

<;> Semicolon after dialing string or modifier

indicates voice call and forces TA into

command mode after successful

completion.



(2) ATD Dial command

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.2

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes

Modem Responses

NO DIALTONE if no dial tone is detected

NO CARRIER if call cannot be set up

CONNECT <value> when connected in a non-voice call

(data mode) <value> dependent on

ATX setting

BUSY if dialed number is busy

OK when successful voice call or TA ends

current call and returns to command

mode

Example:

ATD5551212I

The TA will dial the number 5551212 and will block the CLI when made.



(3) ATD> Originate Call Using Phonebook

Memory

Command Function This command is used to setup an

outbound voice or data call from a

specific phonebook location.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query ATD?

Response ATD<storage><n><cmod><;>

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format ATD>SD12I;

Response NO DIALTONE or NO CARRIER or

NO CARRIER or

CONNECT <value> or

BUSY or

OK

Parameter Values

<storage> Phonebook Location

<n> Storage location number in selected

phonebook

<cmod> GSM Modifier Characters

I = Restrict CLI, i = Allow CLI

<;> Semicolon after dialing string or modifier

forces TA into command mode after

successful completion.

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.3

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(3) ATD> Originate Call Using Phonebook Memory (continued)

Notes

Phonebook Location Values

"EN" SIM (or ME) emergency number SIM fixed-dialing-phonebook SIM last-dialing-phonebook SIM barred-dialing phonebook

"SD" SIM service numbers

"LR" Last received numbers (nonstandard)

"AD" Abbreviated dialing numbers

(nonstandard)

"LM" Last missed numbers (nonstandard) comb. of fixed and abbrev. dialing

phonebook (nonstandard)

"SM" comb. of fixed and abbrev. dialing

phonebook (nonstandard)

"UD" User defined

Modem Responses

NO DIALTONE if no dial tone is detected

NO CARRIER if call cannot be set up

CONNECT <value> when connected in a non-voice call

(data mode) <value> dependent on

ATX setting

BUSY if dialed number is busy

OK when successful voice call or TA ends

current call and returns to command

mode

Example:

ATD>FD2I

The TA will dial the number stored in memory location 2 the fixed-dialing phonebook. The call will block the CLI when made.



Call mode (4) AT+CMOD

Command Function This command is used to select the type

> of call mode desired for following dial (D) and/or answer (A) commands.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CMOD=? +CMOD: (0-3)

OK

Write Format AT+CMOD=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CMOD?

Response +CMOD: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A

N/A Response

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 Single service

> Alternating voice/fax (teleservice 1

> > 61)

2 Alternating voice/data

(bearer service 61)

3 Voice followed by data

(bearer service 81)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.4

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Default value will be 0. AT&F, restore

factory defaults will reset this value to 0.



(5) AT+CHUP Hangup call

Command Function This command is used to end all active

calls.

Call Control

AT+CHUP=?

Command Functional

Group

Command Format Query AT+ Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CHUP

Response OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.5

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Default value will be 0. AT&F, restore

factory defaults will reset this value to 0.



(6) AT+CBST Select Bearer service type

Command Function This command is used to select the

bearer service with data rate and the connection element to be used when

data calls are originated.

Command Functional Call Control

Group

Command Format Query AT+CBST=?

Response +CBST: (0-7, 12, 14, 65, 66, 68, 70,

71,75), (0-1), (0-3)

Write Format AT+CBST=<baud rate>,<name>,<ce>

Response OK/ERROR

Read Format AT+CBST? Response +CBST: 7,0,1

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

autobauding (automatic selection)

of the speed; this setting is possible in case of 3.1 kHz modem and non-transparent

service)

1 300 bps (V.21)

2 1200 bps (V.22)

3 1200/75 bps (V.23)

4 2400 bps (V.22bis)

5 2400 bps (V.26ter)

6 4800 bps (V.32)

7 9600 bps (V.32)

12 9600 bps (V.34)

14 14400 bps (V.32)

65 300 bps (V.110)



(6)	AT+CBST		lect Bearer service type ontinued)	
		66 68	1200 bps (V.110) 2400 bps (V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)	
		70	4800 bps (V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)	
		71	9600 bps (V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)	
		75	14400 bps (V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)	
<nar< th=""><th>ne></th><th>0</th><th>data circuit asynchronous (UDI or 3.1 kHz modem)</th></nar<>	ne>	0	data circuit asynchronous (UDI or 3.1 kHz modem)	
		1	data circuit synchronous (UDI or 3.1 kHZ modem)	

transparent

non-transparent

both, transparent preferred both, non-transparent preferred

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.7

0

2

3

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes N/A

Example:

<ce>

AT+CBST=7,0,1

Non-transparent
No name
9600 bps (V.32)



(7) AT+CRLP Radio link protocol parameters

Command Function This command is used to select the

radio link protocol parameters.

Command Functional Call Control

Group

Command Format Query AT+CRLP=?

Response +CRLP: (0-61), (0-61), (39-255), (1-255)

OK

Write Format AT+CRLP=<iws>,<mws>,<T1>,<N2>

Response OK/ERROR

Read Format AT+CRLP?

Response +CRLP: 61, 61, 48, 6

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<iws> IWF to MS window size

values = **0 to 61** (61 recommended)

<mws> MS to IWF window size

values = **0 to 61** (61 recommended)

<T1> Acknowledgement timer

values = 39 to 255 (10 msec

increments)

values = halfrate >380ms

(480 recommended) fullrate >600ms (780 recommended)

<N2> Retransmission attempts

values = >0 (6 recommended)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.8

Standard Scope Mandatory



(7) AT+ CRLP Radio link protocol parameters (continued)

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes N/A



(8) AT+CR Service Reporting Control

Command Function This command is used to control the

display of intermediate result code (+CR

<serv>) status.

Command Functional

Group

Response Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CR=? +CR: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CR=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CR?
Response +CR: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 disable

1 enable

<serv> ASYNC asynchronous transparent

SYNC synchronous transparent

REL ASYNC asynchronous non-

transparent

REL SYNC synchronous non-

transparent

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.9

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(8) AT+CR

Service Reporting Control (continued)

Notes

If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted at the point during connect negotiation at which the TA has determined which speed and quality of service will be used, before any error control or data compression reports are transmitted, and before any final result code (e.g. CONNECT) is transmitted.



(9) AT+CEER Extended Error Reporting

Command Function This command is used to control the

display of extended result codes for last

unsuccessful call setup, in-call

modification, last call release, last short

message, or last GPRS session.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query AT+CEER=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CEER

Response +CEER: < DEFBY >, <ORIGSIDE>,

<ORIGIN ENTITY>,

<VALUE>[,ERROR DESCRIPTION]

OK

Parameter Values

<DEFBY> (defined by) 0 - Standard

1 - Enfora

<ORIGSIDE> (originating side)

0 - Network

1 - MS

<ORIGIN_ENTITY>:

0 - SIM

1 - ACI

2 - RLP

3 - RR

4 - MM

5 - CC

6 - SS



(9) AT+CEER Extended Error Reporting (continued)

7 - SMSCP

8 - SMSRP

9 - SMSTP

10 - GMM

11 - SM

12 - FAD

13 - T30

14 - GRR

15 - PPP

16 - LLC

17 - SNDCP

18 - PKTIO

19 - PSI

<VALUE> See AT+CEER Table in Appendix B

<ERROR DESCRIPTION> Optional extended error description

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.10, Enfora

Specific responses

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(10) AT+CRC Cellular Result Codes

Command Function This command is used to control the

display of extended incoming call

information.

Command Functional

Group

Response Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CRC=? +CRC: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CRC=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CRC?
Response +CRC: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A



(10) AT+CRC Cellular Result Codes

(continued)

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 disable

1 enable

<type> ASYNC asynchronous transparent

SYNC synchronous transparent

REL ASYNC asynchronous non-

transparent

REL SYNC synchronous non-

transparent

FAX facsimile (TS 62)
VOICE normal voice (TS 11)

VOICE/ XXX voice followed by data (BS

81) (XXX is ASYNC, SYNC, REL ASYNC or

REL SYNC)

ALT VOICE/ XXX alternating

voice/data, voice

first (BS 61)

ALT XXX/VOICE alternating

voice/data, data first

(BS 61)

ALT VOICE/FAX alternating

voice/fax, voice first

(TS 61)

ALT FAX/VOICE alternating

voice/fax, fax first

(TS 61)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.11

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes When enabled, an incoming call is

indicated to the TE with unsolicited result code +CRING: <type> instead of

the normal RING.



(11) AT+CSNS

Single Numbering Scheme

Command Function

This command selects the bearer or teleservice to be used when mobile terminated single numbering scheme call is established. Parameter values set with +CBST command shall be used when **<mode>** equals to a data service. If +CBST parameter is set to a value that is not applicable to single numbering calls, ME/TA shall map the value to the closest valid one. E.g. if user has set <speed>=71, <name>=0 and <ce>=1 (non-transparent asynchronous 9600 bps V.110 ISDN connection) for mobile originated calls, ME/TA shall map the values into nontransparent asynchronous 9600 bps V.32 modem connection when single numbering scheme call is answered.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CSNS=? +CSNS: (0-7)

OK

Write Format Response

AT+CSNS = <mode>

OK

Read Format Response

AT+CSNS? +CSNS: 0

OK

Execution Format Response

N/A N/A



Single Numbering Scheme (11) AT+CSNS (continued) **Parameter Values** <mode> 0 voice 1 alternating voice/fax, voice first (TS 61) fax (TS 62) 2 alternating voice/data, voice first 3 (BS 61) 4 data alternating voice/fax, fax first 5 (TS 61) alternating voice/data, data first 6 (BS 61) 7 voice followed by data (BS 81) Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.17

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Fax not supported



(c) Network Service Related Commands

(1) AT+CNUM Subscriber Number

Command Function This command is used to obtain the

MSISDNs related to the subscriber.

Command Functional Network Information

Group

Command Format Query AT+CNUM=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CNUM

Response +CNUM: "Line1", "1 719 xxx xxxx", 145

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.1

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

NotesNot all SIMs are received from the

provider with the number stored on the

SIM.



(2) AT+CREG Network Registration Info

Command Function Write command controls the

presentation of an unsolicited result

code +CREG: <stat>.

Read command returns the status of result code, which shows whether the network has currently indicated the

registration of the ME.

Command Functional

Group

Network Information

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CREG=? +CREG: (0,2)

OK

Write Format AT+CREG=[<n>]

Response OK

Read Format AT+CREG?

Response +CREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(2) AT+CREG	Network Registration Info (continued)			
Parameter Values				
<n></n>	disable network registration unsolicited result code			
	1 enable network registration unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat></stat>			
	enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat>			
<stat></stat>	o not registered, ME is not currently searching a new operator to register to	у		
	1 registered, home network	.,		
	 not registered, but ME is currently searching a new operator to register to registration denied unknown registered, roaming 	У		
<lac></lac>	string type; two-byte location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal) string type; two-byte cell ID in hexadecimal format			
<ci></ci>				
Reference	GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.2			
Standard Scope	Optional			
Enfora Implementation Scope	Partial			
Notes	N/A			



(3) AT+COPS

Command Function

Write command forces an attempt to select and register the GSM network operator. <mode> is used to select whether the selection is done automatically by the ME or is forced by this command to operator <oper> (it shall be given in format <format>). If the selected operator is not available, no other operator shall be selected (except <mode> = 4). The selected operator name format shall apply to further read commands (+COPS?) also. <mode>=2 forces an attempt to deregister from the network. The selected mode affects to all further registration (e.g. after <mode>=2, ME shall be unregistered until <mode>=0 or 1 is selected).

Operator Selection

Read command returns the current mode and the currently selected operator. If no operator is selected, <format> and <oper> are omitted.

Test command returns a list of quadruplets, each representing an operator present in the network. Quadruplet consists of an integer indicating the availability of the operator <stat>, long and short alphanumeric format of the name of the operator, and numeric format representation of the operator. Any of the formats may be unavailable and will then be an empty field (,,). The list of operators comes in the following order: Home network, networks referenced in SIM, and other networks.

Command Functional Group

Network Information



(3) AT+COPS Operator Selection

(continued)

Command Format Query AT+COPS=?

Response +COPS: (2, ", ", "31022"), (3, ",

" ", "310380")

OK

Write Format AT+COPS=<mode>
Response [, <format> [, oper>]]

OK or

+CME ERROR: <err>

Read Format AT+COPS? **Response** +COPS: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A



(3) AT+COPS	•	rator Selection tinued)
Parameter Values		
<mode></mode>	0	automatic (<oper></oper> field is ignored)
	1	manual (<oper></oper> field shall be present)
	2	deregister from network
	3	set only <format></format> (for read command +COPS?), do not attempt registration/deregistration (<oper></oper> field is ignored); this value is not applicable in read command response
	4	manual/automatic (<oper></oper> field shall be present); if manual selection fails, automatic mode (<mode=0< b="">) is entered</mode=0<>
<format></format>	0 1	long format alphanumeric <oper></oper> short format alphanumeric
	2	<pre><oper> numeric <oper>; GSM Location Area Identification Number</oper></oper></pre>
<oper></oper>	opera	ator in format as in per <format></format>
<stat></stat>	0 1 2 3	Unknown Available Current Forbidden
Reference	GSM	Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.3
Standard Scope	Optic	onal
Enfora Implementation Scope	Partia	al
Notes		

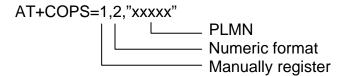


(3) AT+COPS

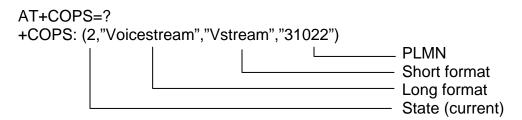
Operator Selection (continued)

Example:

To manually register the modem on a known PLMN:



To read operator information:





(4) AT+CLCK Facility Lock

Command Function This command is used to lock, unlock or

interrogate a ME or a network facility **<fac>**. When querying the status of a network service (**<mode>**=2) the response line for a "not active" case (**<status=0>**) should be returned only if service is not active for any **<class>**. Is

should be possible to abort the

command when network facilities are

set or interrogated.

Command Functional

Group

Supplemental Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CLCK=?

+CLCK: ("SC", "AO", "OI", "OX", "AI", "IR", "AB", "AG", "AC", "FD", "PC", "PP",

"PS", "PN", "PU", "PF", "AL")

OK

Write Format AT+CLCK=<fac>, <mode> [,<passwd>

[, <class>]]

Response If **<mode><>** 2 and command is

successful then OK

If <mode>=2 and command is

successful then

+CLCK:<status>,[,<class1>[<CR><LF

>

+CLCK: <status>, class2...]]

OK

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(4) AT+CLCK

Facility Lock (continued)

Parameter Values

<fac>

"SC" (SIM PIN 1)

"AO" (Barr All Outgoing Calls)

"OI" (Barr Outgoing International Calls)

"OX" (Barr Outgoing International Calls except Home Country)

"AI" (Barr All Incoming Calls)

"IR" (Barr Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the Home Country)

"AB" (All Barring Services)

"AG" (All Outgoing Barring)

"AC" (All incoming Barring)

"FD" (SIM Fixed Dialing Feature)

"PC" (Corporate Personalization, allows personalization to custom corporate group settings)

"PP" (Provider Personalization, allows for personalization to custom service provider defined groups)

"PS" PH-SIM (lock PHone to SIM card)
(ME asks password when other
than current SIM card inserted;
ME may remember certain
amount of previously used cards
thus not requiring password when
they are inserted)

"PF" lock Phone to the very First inserted SIM card (also referred in the present document as PH-FSIM) (ME asks password when other than the first SIM card is inserted)

"PN" Network Personalization (refer GSM 02.22 [33])

"PU" network sUbset Personalization (refer GSM 02.22 [33])

"AL" alternating Line service (PIN2)



(4) AT+CLCK Facility Lock (continued)

<mode> 0 Unlock

1 Lock

2 Query Status

<class> 1 voice

2 data

fax (fax not supported)all classes (default)short message service

<status> 0 off 1 on

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.4

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes

Example:

To set Network Personalization on first SIM inserted:

AT+CLCK="PF",1,"password",,"PN"

Password Lock

Lock module to very first SIM

inserted

To enable SIM PIN:

AT+CLCK="SC",1,"xxxx"

PIN
Enable
SIM PIN



(5) AT+CLCKCFG Set Facility Lock Configuration

Command Function This command set the configuration for

facility lock "PN" (network

personalization).

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CLCKCFG=?

+CLCKCFG: (0-2),("MCC"),("MNC"),

("NWSub")

OK

Write Format AT+CLCKCFG=<mode>,"MCC","MNC"

Response OK

Read Format AT+CLCKCFG?

Response +CLCKCFG: MCC,MNC,[NWSub]

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values <mode> 0 Disable

1 Enable 2 Disable all

"MCC Mobile Country Code
"MNC" Mobile Network Code
"NWSub" 2 digit Network Subset

Code (optional)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(5) AT+CLCKCFG Set Facility Lock Configuration

(continued)

Notes AT+CLCKCFG will return "Locked" if

facility is currently locked. Facility must

be unlocked using AT+CLCK or

AT+CPIN if currently receiving PH-SIM PIN from AT+CPIN? The usage of mode 2 requires that a value of ""999" be used for the MCC and "99" be used fro the MNC value. This acts as a safety for the Delete All mode.

Examples

AT+CLCKCFG = 1, "310", "200" Adds the MCC value 310 and MNC

value of 200 to the phones Country/Network code list.

AT+CLCKCFG=2,"999","99" Will disable/delete all MCC/MNC entries

from the phones Country/Network code

list.



Set Corporate Personalization Lock (6) AT+CLCKCP

Command Function This command allows the user to set.

> delete and or display the Corporate Provider personalization lock codes.

which are stored in the device.

Command Functional Enfora Specific

Group

Command Format Query AT+CLCKCP=?

Response +CLCKCP: (0-2), (0-FE)

OK

Write Format AT+CLCKCP= < operation code>,

<cp personalization code>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CLCKCP?

Response CP: "<cp_personalization_code(s)>"...

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

Operation to be performed. The < operation code >

> available options are: **0** => Delete the value

"cp_personalization_code", from the

current list stored in the device.

1=> Add the value

"cp_personalization_code", to the

current list stored in the device.

2=> Delete ALL entries from the device

stored list. When this operation is

selected the user MUST enter the value

of **D6** for the

cp personalization code. This acts

as safety



(6) AT+CLCKCP **Set Corporate Personalization Lock**

(continued)

< cp_personalization_code > **CP** personalization code which to set or

delete from the devices stored list. The valid range for this parameter is **0..FE**. The values are hexadecimal input only.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The **SIM** and **Device** must be

> programmed with valid SP(Service Provider Personalization) codes for CP personalization can be programmed. The **SIM** used for the device must be programmed and inserted into the device with valid CP and SP codes, and available to be read or this command will not store or delete device CP codes.

If the **SIM** does not support **CP**

personalization an error will be returned.

Examples

AT+CLCKCP=1,34 Adds the **Corporate** personalization

code 34 to the device stored list. If the

list is full an error will be returned.

AT+CLCKCP? Display current **Corporate** code list from

the device

CP: 34

OK

Deletes the code value 32 from the AT+CLCKCP=0,32

devices list. If the value is not found an

error is returned.

Deletes all entries from the CP device AT+CLCKCP=2,D6

list.



(7) AT+CLCKSP Set Provider Personalization Lock

Command Function This command allows the user to set,

delete and or display the Service Provider personalization lock codes, which are stored in the phone device.

Command Functional Enfora Specific

Group

Command Format Query AT+CLCKSP=?

Response +CLCKSP: (0-2),(0-FE)

OK

Write Format AT+CLCKSP= < operation code>,

<sp personalization code>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CLCKSP?

Response SP: "<sp_personalization_code(s)>"...

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

< operation code > Operation to be performed. The

available options are; **0** => Delete the value

"sp_personalization_code", from the

current list stored in the phone.

1=> Add the value

"sp_personalization_code", to the

current list stored in the phone.

2=> Delete ALL entries from the phone stored list. When this operation is

selected the user **MUST** enter the value

of **D6** for the

sp personalization code. This acts

as safety

< sp_personalization_code > SP personalization code which to set or

delete from the phones stored list. The valid range for this parameter is **0..FE**. The values are hexadecimal input only.



(7) AT+CLCKSP Set Provider Personalization Lock

(continued)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The SIM used for the phone must be

programmed and inserted into the phone with valid **SP** codes, and available to be read or this command will not store or delete phone **SP** codes.

If the SIM does not support SP

personalization an error will be returned.

Examples

AT+CLCKSP=1,34 Adds the **Service Provider** personalization code **34** to the phone stored list. If the list is full an error will be returned.

AT+CLCKSP? Display current **Service Provider** code

list from the phone

SP: 34

OK

AT+CLCKSP=0,32 Deletes the code value **32** from the

phones list. If the value is not found an

error is returned.

AT+CLCKSP=2,D6 Deletes all entries from the **SP** phone

list.



(8) AT+CPWD Change Password

Command Function This command is used to set a new

password for the facility lock function defined by command Facility Lock

+CLCK.

Command Functional

Group

Supplemental Services

Command Format Query AT+CPWD=?

Response +CPWD: ("SC", "AD", "OI", "OX", "AI",

"IR", "AB", "AG", "AC", "P2", "PC", "PP",

"PS", "PN", "PU", "PF")

OK

Write Format AT+CPWD = <fac>, [<oldpwd>],

<newpwd>

Response OK or

+CME ERROR: <err>

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A



(8) AT+CPWD

Change Password (continued)

Parameter Values

<fac>

"SC" (SIM PIN 1)

"AO" (Barr All Outgoing Calls)

"OI" (Barr Outgoing International Calls)

"OX" (Barr Outgoing International Calls except Home Country)

"AI" (Barr All Incoming Calls)

"IR" (Barr Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the Home Country)

"AB" (All Barring Services)

"AG" (All Outgoing Barring)

"AC" (All incoming Barring)

"P2" (SIM PIN 2)

"PC" (Corporate Personalization, allows personalization to custom corporate group settings)

"PP" (Provider Personalization, allows for personalization to custom service provider defined groups)

"PS" PH-SIM (lock PHone to SIM card)
(ME asks password when other
than current SIM card inserted;
ME may remember certain
amount of previously used cards
thus not requiring password when
they are inserted)

"PF" lock Phone to the very First inserted SIM card (also referred in the present document as PH-FSIM) (ME asks password when other than the first SIM card is inserted)

"PN" Network Personalization (refer GSM 02.22 [33])

"PU" network sUbset Personalization (refer GSM 02.22 [33])



(8) AT+CPWD Change Password

(continued)

<oldpwd> Password specified for the facility. If an

old password has not yet been set,

is not entered

<newpwd> "new password"

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.5

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes In order to change the password, the

applicable facility must be enabled. See

AT+CLCK.

Example:

Enter first password for Network Personalization:

AT+CPWD="PN",,"xxxx"

Password for Network Personalization
Network Personalization

To change SIM PIN:

AT+CPWD="SC","xxxx","yyyy"

New password
Old password
SIM PIN



(9) AT+CLIP Calling Line Identification

Presentation

Command Function This command refers to the GSM

supplementary service CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation) that enables a called subscriber to get the Calling Line Identity (CLI) of the calling

party when receiving a mobile

terminated call. The write command enables or disables the presentation of the CLI at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary

service CLIP in the network.

Command Functional

Group

Supplementary Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CLIP=? +CLIP: (0, 1)

OK

Write Format AT+CLIP=<n> Response +CLIP: <n> or

OK or

+CME ERROR: <err>

Read Format AT+CLIP?

Response +CLIP: <n>, <m>

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(9)	AT+CLIP	Calling Line Identification
		Presentation (continued)

Unsolicited Result Code When CLIP is enabled at the TE (and is

permitted by the calling subscriber), an unsolicited result code is returned after the first RING (or +CRING: <type>) at a

mobile terminating call

Voice call response format:

+CLIP: <number>, <type>,,,,<CLI

validity>

Data/FAX call response format: +CLIP: <number>, <type>

Parameter Values

<n> unsolicited results

codes

1 display unsolicited result codes

<m> 0 CLIP not enabled

1 CLIP enabled

2 Unknown

<number> string type phone number of calling

address in format specified by <type>

<type> type of address octet in integer format:

145 when dialing string includes

international access code character "+",

otherwise 129

<CLI validity> 0 CLI valid

1 CLI has been withheld by the

originator

3 CLI is not available due to interworking problems or limitations of originating network. <number> shall be an empty string ("") and

<type> value will not be

significant.

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(9) AT+CLIP Calling Line Identification

Presentation (continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.6

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(10) AT+CLIR

Calling Line Identification Restriction

Command Function

This command allows a calling subscriber to enable or disable the presentation of the CLI to the called party when originating a call.

The write command overrides the CLIR subscription (default is restricted or allowed) when temporary mode is provisioned as a default adjustment for all outgoing calls. This adjustment can be revoked by using the opposite command. This command, when used by a subscriber, without provision of CLIR in permanent mode the network will act according GSM 02.81 [3].

The read command gives the default adjustment for all outgoing calls (given in <n>), and also triggers and interrogation of the provision status of the CLIR service (given in <m>).

Command Functional Group

Supplementary Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CLIR=? +CLIR: (0, 1, 2)

OK

Write Format Response

AT+CLIR=[<n>]

N/A

Read Format Response

AT+CLIR?

+CLIR: <n>, <m>

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(10) AT+CLIR Calling Line Identification Restriction (continued)

Parameter Values

<n> (parameter sets the adjustment for

outgoing calls)

o presentation indicator is used according to the subscription of the

CLIR service

1 CLIR Invocation

2 CLIR suppression

<m> (parameter shows the subscriber CLIR

service status in the network)

0 CLIR not enabled

1 CLIR enabled in permanent mode

2 Unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)

3 CLIR temporary mode presentation

restricted

4 CLIR temporary mode presentation

allowed

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.7

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Fully

Notes N/A



(11) AT+COLP Connected Line Identification

Presentation

Command Function This command is enables a calling

subscriber to get the Connected Line Identity (COL) of the called party after setting up a mobile originated call. The command enables or disables the presentation of the COL at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service COLR in the

network.

Command Functional

Group

Supplementary Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+COLP=? +COLP: (0, 1)

OK

Write Format AT+COLP= [<n>]

Response OK

Read Format AT+COLP?

Response +COLP: <n>, <m>

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

56



(11) AT+COLP Connected Line Identification Presentation (continued)

Parameter Values

<n> (parameter sets/shows the result code

presentation status in the TA)

0 disable1 enable

<m> (parameter shows the subscriber COLP)

COLP not enabledCOLP enabled

2 Unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.8

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(12) AT+CCUG **Closed User Group**

Command Function This command allows control of the

Closed User Group supplementary

service.

Write command with <n>=1 enables to control the CUG information on the air interface as a default adjustment for all

following outgoing calls.

Command Functional

Group

Supplementary Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CCUG=?

+CCUG: (0, 1), (0,-10), (0-3)

OK

Write Format AT+CCUG= [<n> [,<index> [,<info>]]]

Response N/A

AT+CCUG? **Read Format** Response

+CCUG: 0, 0, 0

OK

N/A **Execution Format**

Response N/A

Parameter Values

disable CUG temporary mode <n> 0

> 1 enable CUG temporary mode

CUG index <index> 0-9

> no index preferred CUG taken 10

> > from subscriber data)

<info> 0 no information

> 1 suppress OA

2 suppress preferential CUG

suppress OA and preferential 3

CUG

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(12) AT+CCUG Closed User Group

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.9

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(13) AT+CCFC Call Forwarding Number and

Conditions

Command Function This command allows control of the call

forwarding supplementary service.
Registration erasure, activation,
deactivation, and status query are
supported. When querying the status of
a network service (<mode> = 2), the
response line for "not active" (<status>
= 0) should be returned only if service is

not active for any <class>.

Command Functional

Group

Supplementary Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CCFC=? +CCFC: (0-5)

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CCFC=<reas>, <mode> [,

<number>[,<type> [, <class>

[,<time>]]]]

Response If <mode> <> 2 and command

60

successful **OK**

If <mode> = 2 and command successful (only in connection with <reason> 03)

+CCFC: <status>,

<class1>[,<number>,<type>[,<time>]]

[<CR><LF>+CCFC:] OK

If error is related to ME functionality:

+CME ERROR: <err>



(13) AT+CCFC	Call Forwarding Number and Conditions (continued)
Parameter Values	
<reas></reas>	 unconditional mobile busy no reply not reachable all call forwarding all conditional call forwarding
<mode></mode>	 disable enable query status registration erasure
<number></number>	string type phone number of forwarding address in format specified by <type></type>
<type></type>	type of address in integer format; default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129
<class></class>	 voice data fax (fax not supported) short message service data circuit sync data circuit async
<subaddr></subaddr>	string type subaddress of format specified by <satype></satype>
<satype></satype>	type of subaddress octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.8); default 128



(13) AT+CCFC Call Forwarding Number and

Conditions (continued)

<time> time to wait before call is forwarded,

rounded to a multiple of 5 sec

Default is 20.

1...20..30 (only for **<reas>**=no reply)

<status> 0 not active

1 active

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.10

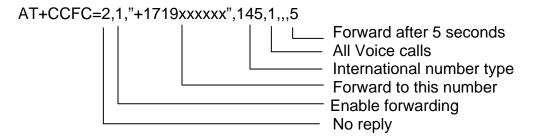
Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes

Example:

To call forward all voice calls, no reply after five seconds:





(14) AT+CCWA Call Waiting

Command Function This command allows control of the Call

Waiting supplementary service. Activation and deactivation are

supported.

Command Functional

Group

Results

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CCWA=? +CCWA: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CCWA=<n>,<mode>,<class>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CCWA?
Response +CCWA: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<n> Sets/shows results code presentation in

TA

0 Disable1 Enable

<mode> 0 Disable

1 Enable

2 Query status

<class> 1 Voice

2 Data

4 Fax (fax not supported)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.11

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial



(14) AT+CCWA Call Waiting (continued)

Notes Not all networks support call waiting for

data and fax. Please contact service

provider for details.

Example:





(15) AT+CHLD Call Hold and Multiparty

Command Function This command controls the

supplementary services Call Hold,

MultiParty and Explicit Call

Transfer. Calls can be put on hold, recovered, released, added to conversation and transferred.

Command Functional

Group

Supplementary Services

Command Format Query AT+CHLD=?

Response +CHLD: (0, 1, 1x, 2, 2x, 3, 4)

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CHLD=<n>

Response OK



(15)	AT+CHLD	Call Hold and Multiparty
		(continued)

Parameter Values

<n>

- O Terminate all held calls; or set UDUB (User Determined User Busy) for a waiting call, i.e. reject the waiting call.
- 1 Terminate all active calls (if any) and accept the other call (waiting call or held call)
- 1X Terminate the active call X (X= 1-7)
- Place all active calls on hold (if any) and accept the other call (waiting call or held call) as the active call
- 2X Place all active calls except call X (X= 1-7) on hold
- 3 Add the held call to the active calls
- 4 Connects the two calls and disconnects the subscriber from both calls (ECT).

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.12

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Call Hold, MultiParty and Explicit Call

Transfer are only applicable to teleservice 11(Speech Telephony).



(16) AT+CUSD Unstructured Supplementary Service

Command Function This command allows control of the

Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD)]. Both network and mobile

initiated operations are supported.

Parameter <n> is used to

disable/enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code (network initiated

operation) to the TE.

Command Functional

Group

Supplementary Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CUSD=? +CUSD: (0, 1, 2)

OK

Write Format

Response

+CUSD=[<n>[,<str>[,<dcs>]]]

OK

Read Format

Response

AT+CUSD? +CUSD: 0

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A

Parameter Values

<n>

0 disable the result code

presentation

1 enable the result code

presentation

2 cancel session

(when <str> parameter is not given,

network is not interrogated)

<str> actual USSD string in "quotes"

<dcs> language parameter see GSM 03.38

- Default 15 (Language unspecified)



(16) AT+CUSD Unstructured Supplementary Service

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.14

GSM Ref. 03.38 Chapter 5

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes

Example

AT+CUSD=1,"*201*35#",15

OK

+CUSD: 0,"*201*35#",15 (network response)

USSD stings can also be sent using the ATD command.

ATD*201*35#

OK

+CUSD: 0,"*201*35#",15 (network response)



(17) AT+CAOC Advice of Charge

Command Function This refers to Advice of Charge

supplementary service that enables subscriber to get information about the cost of calls. With **<mode>**=0, the execute command returns the current

call meter value from the ME.

Command Functional

Group

Supplementary Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CAOC=? +CAOC: (0-2)

OK

Write Format

Response

AT+CAOC=<mode>

Read Format AT+CAOC?
Response +CAOC: 1

OK

Execution Format AT+CAOC

Response +CAOC: "000000"

OK

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 Query CCM value

1 Deactivate2 Activate

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.15

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes When <mode>=0, execution command

will return the current call meter value.



(18) AT+CSSN

Command Function

Supplementary Service Notifications

This command refers to supplementary service related network initiated notifications. The set command enables/disables the presentation of notification result codes from TA to TE.

When <n>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, intermediate result code +CSSI: <code1>[,<index>] is sent to TE before any other MO call setup result codes are presented. When several different <code1>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSI result code.

When <m>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received during a mobile terminated call setup or during a call; or when a forward check supplementary service notification is received, unsolicited result code +CSSU:

<code2>[,<index>[,<number>,<type>[
,<subaddr>,<satype>]]] is sent to TE.
In case of MT call setup, result code is sent after every +CLIP result code (refer command "Calling line identification presentation +CLIP"). When several different <code2>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSU result code.



(18) AT+CSSN **Supplementary Service Notifications**

(continued)

Command Functional

Group

Supplementary Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CSSN=?

+CSSN: (0, 1), (0, 1)

OK

Write Format $AT+CSSN=\langle n \rangle, \langle m \rangle$

Response OK

Read Format AT+CSSN?

Response +CSSN: <n>, <m>

OK

N/A **Execution Format** N/A

Response

Parameter Values

(parameter sets/shows the +CSSI result <n>

code presentation status in the TA):

disable 1 enable

(parameter sets/shows the +CSSU <m>

result code presentation status in the

TA):

0 disable

1 enable

<code1> 0 unconditional call forwarding is

active

1 some of the conditional call

forwardings are active

2 call has been forwarded

3 call is waiting

4 this is a CUG call (also <index>

present)

5 outgoing calls are barred

6 incoming calls are barred

CLIR suppression rejected 7

call has been deflected 8



(18) AT+CSSN	Supplementary Service Notifications (continued)
<index></index>	refer "Closed user group +CCUG"
<code2></code2>	this is a forwarded call (MT call setup)
	this is a CUG call (also <index> present) (MT call setup)</index>
	2 call has been put on hold (during a voice call)
	3 call has been retrieved (during a voice call)
	4 multiparty call entered (during a voice call)
	5 call on hold has been released (this is not a SS notification) (during a voice call)
	forward check SS message received (can be received
	whenever) 7 call is being connected (alerting) with the remote party in alerting state in explicit call transfer operation (during a voice call)
	8 call has been connected with the other remote party in explicit call transfer operation (also number and subaddress parameters may be present) (during a voice call or
	MT call setup) this is a deflected call (MT call setup)
<number></number>	string type phone number of format specified by <type></type>
<type></type>	type of address octet in integer format
<subaddr></subaddr>	string type subaddress of format specified by <satype></satype>
<satype></satype>	type of subaddress octet in integer format

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(18) AT+CSSN Supplementary Service Notifications

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.16

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(19) AT+CLCC List current calls

Command Function Returns list of current calls of ME. If

command succeeds but no calls are available, no information response is

sent to TE.

Command Functional Ca

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query AT+CLCC=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CLCC

Response [+CLCC: <id1>,<dir>,<stat>,

-<mode>,<mpty>[,<number>,

<type>[,<alpha>]]

[<CR><LF>+CLCC: <id2>,<dir>,

<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>

[,<number>,<type>[,<alpha>]]

[...]]] OK

Parameter Values

<idx> integer type; call identification number

as described in GSM 02.30 [19]

subclause 4.5.5.1; this number can be used in +CHLD command operations

<dir> 0 mobile originated (MO) call

1 mobile terminated (MT) call



(19) AT+CLCC	List current calls (continued)
<stat></stat>	 (state of the call): 0 active 1 held 2 dialling (MO call) 3 alerting (MO call) 4 incoming (MT call) 5 waiting (MT call)
<mode></mode>	(bearer/teleservice): 0 voice 1 data 2 fax (fax not supported) 3 voice followed by data, voice mode 4 alternating voice/data, voice mode 5 alternating voice/fax, voice mode 6 voice followed by data, data mode 7 alternating voice/data, data mode 8 alternating voice/fax, fax mode 9 unknown
<mpty></mpty>	 call is not one of multiparty (conference) call parties call is one of multiparty (conference) call parties
<number></number>	string type phone number in format specified by <type></type>
<type></type>	type of address octet in integer format (refer GSM 04.08 [8] subclause 10.5.4.7)
<alpha></alpha>	string type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set</number>

+CSCS

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(19) AT+CLCC List current calls

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.17

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(20) AT+CPOL Preferred Operator list

Command Function This command is used to list and edit

the SIM preferred list of networks.

Command Functional

Group

Network

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CPOL=?

+CPOL: (1-*n*), (0-2)

OK

Write Format AT CPOL=[<index>][,

<format>[,<oper>]]

Response OK

Read Format AT+CPOL?

Response +CPOL: <index1>,<format>,<oper1>...

<index10>,<format>,<oper10>

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A

Parameter Values

<indexn>: integer type; the order number of

operator in the SIM preferred operator

list

<format>:

0 long format alphanumeric <oper>

1 short format alphanumeric

<oper>

2 numeric <oper>

<oper*n***>:** string type; **<format>** indicates if the

format is alphanumeric or numeric (see

+COPS)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.18

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(20) AT+CPOL

Preferred Operator list (continued)

Notes

This command is used to edit the SIM preferred list of networks. Execute command writes an entry in the SIM list of preferred operators (EF_{PLMNsel}). If <index> is given but <oper> is left out, entry is deleted. If <oper> is given but <index> is left out, <oper> is put in the next free location. If only <format> is given, the format of the <oper> in the read command is changed.



(21) AT+COPN Read Operator Names

Command Function Execute command returns the list of

operator names from the ME.

Command Functional

Group

Network

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+COPN

Response +COPN: <numeric1>,<alpha1>

[<CR><LF>+COPN: <numeric2>,

<alpha2>[...]]

OK

Parameter Values

<numericn> string type; operator in numeric format

(see +COPS)

<alpha*n*> string type; operator in long

alphanumeric format (see +COPS)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 7.19

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(d) ME Control and Status Commands

(1) AT+CPAS Phone Activity Status

Command Function Execution command returns the activity

status **<pas>** of the ME. It can be used to interrogate the ME before requesting action from the phone. Test command returns values supported by the ME as a

compound value.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CPAS=? +CPAS: (0-5) or

+CME ERROR: <err>

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CPAS

Response AT+CPAS: <pas>

OK



AT+CPAS **Phone Activity Status** (1) (continued) **Parameter Values** 0 Ready (ME allows commands <pas> from TA/TE) 1 Unavailable (ME does not allow commands from TA/TE) Unknown (ME is not guaranteed 2 to respond to instructions) Ringing (ME is ready for 3 commands from TA/TE, but the ringer is active) Call in progress (ME is ready for 4 commands from TA/TE, but a call is in progress) Asleep (ME is unable to process 5 commands from TA/TE because it is in a low functionality state) GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.1 Reference Standard Scope Optional Enfora Implementation Scope Full Notes N/A



(2) AT+CFUN Set Phone Functionality

Command Function Set command selects the level of

functionality <fun> in the ME. Level "full functionality" is where the highest level

of power is drawn. "Minimum

functionality" is where minimum power is

drawn.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CFUN=? +CFUN: (0,1,4), (0)

OK

Write Format AT+CFUN=<fun>,<rst>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CFUN?
Response +CFUN: 1

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<fun> 0 Minimum functionality

1 Full functionality

4 disable phone both transmit and

receive RF circuits

<rst> 0 Do not reset ME

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.2

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes Once the modem has left the minimum

functionality state, it will respond to AT+CFUN? with +CFUN: 1 regardless of whether the modem has reached full

functionality yet.



(3) AT+CPIN Enter PIN

Command Function Set command sends to the ME a

password that is necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.). If no PIN request is pending, no action is taken towards ME and an error message, +CME ERROR, is returned to TE. If the PIN required is SIM PUK or SIM PUK2, the second pin is required. This second pin, <newpin>, issued to replace the old pin in the SIM.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CPIN=?

OK

Write Format

Response

AT+CPIN=<"pin">,[<"newpin">]

Read Format AT+CPIN?

Response +CPIN: <code>

OK or

+CME ERROR: <err>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<code> READY ME is not pending

for any password

SIM PIN ME is waiting SIM PIN to

be given

SIM PUK ME is waiting SIM PUK to

be given

PH-SIM PIN ME is waiting phone-to-

SIM card password to be

given



(3) AT+CPIN

Enter PIN (continued)

PH-FSIM PIN

ME is waiting phone-tovery first SIM card password to be given

PH-FSIM PUK

ME is waiting phone-tovery first SIM card unblocking password to be

given

SIM PIN2 ME is waiting SIM PIN2 to

be given (this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command

resulted in PIN2

authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 17); if PIN2 is not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that ME does not block its

operation)

SIM PUK2 ME

ME is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given (this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2

authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 18); if PUK2 and new PIN2 are not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that ME does not block its operation)

op 0. a.u.o.

PH-NET PIN

ME is waiting network personalization password to be given



(3) AT+CPIN

Enter PIN (continued)

PH-NET PUK

ME is waiting network personalization unblocking password to be given

PH-NETSUB PIN

ME is waiting network subset personalization password to be given

PH-NETSUB PUK

ME is waiting network subset personalization unblocking password to be given

PH-SP PIN

ME is waiting service provider personalization password to be given

PH-SP PUK

ME is waiting service provider personalization unblocking password to be given

PH-CORP PIN

ME is waiting corporate personalization password to be given

PH-CORP PUK

ME is waiting corporate personalization unblocking password to be given



(3) AT+CPIN Enter PIN

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.3

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Commands which interact with ME that are accepted when ME is pending SIM PIN,SIM PUK, or PH-SIM are: +CGMI, +CGMM, +CGMR, +CGSN, D112; (emergency call),+CPAS, +CFUN, +CPIN, After payer on the modern peads 20, 25

power on the modem needs 20-25 seconds to initialize and completely read

the SIM.

* If AT\$AREG=1, and PIN is enabled, the modem will not complete the auto registration process until after the PIN has been entered (AT+CPIN).



(4) AT+CPIN2 Enter PIN2

Command Function Set command sends PUK2 to change

PIN2. If no PIN2 request is pending, no action is taken towards ME and an error message, +CME ERROR, is returned to

TE. The command will set PIN2 regardless of the state of PIN2 being

SIM PIN2 or SIM PUK2.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CPIN2=?

OK

Write Format

Response

AT+CPIN2=<"PUK2">,[<"newpin2">]

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values N/A

<code> READY ME is not pending

for any password

SIM PIN2 ME is waiting SIM PIN to

be given

SIM PUK2 ME is waiting SIM PUK to

be given



(4) AT+CPIN2

Enter PIN2 (continued)

SIM PIN2

ME is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given (this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2

authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 17); if PIN2 is not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that ME does not block its

operation)

SIM PUK2

ME is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given (this <code> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2

authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 18); if PUK2 and new PIN2 are not entered right after the failure, it is recommended that ME does not block its

operation)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A.



(5) AT+CSQ Signal Quality and Bit Error Rate

Command Function Execution command returns received

signal strength indication **<rssi>** and channel bit error rate **<ber>** from the

ME.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query AT+CSQ=?

Response +CSQ: (2-31,99),(99)

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CSQ

Response +CSQ: <rssi>, <ber>

OK

Parameter Values

1 -111 dBm

2-30 -109... -53 dBm **31** -51 dBm or greater

99 not known or not detectable

<ber> (in percent) **0-7** as RXQUAL values in the table in

GSM 05.08 [20] subclause 8.2.4

99 not known or not detectable

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.5

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes N/A



(6) AT+CPBS Select Phonebook Memory Storage

Command Function Set command selects phonebook

memory storage <storage>, which is used by other phonebook commands.

Command Functional

Group

Phonebook Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CPBS=?

+CPBS:

 $("\mathsf{EN"},"\mathsf{BD"},"\mathsf{FD"},"\mathsf{DC"},"\mathsf{LD"},"\mathsf{RC"},"\mathsf{LR"},$

"MT","AD","SM","SD","MC","LM","ON",

"UD")

OK

Write Format AT+CPBS=<storage>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CPBS?

Response +CPBS: <storage>, <used>, <total>

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(6) AT+CPBS Select Phonebook Memory Storage

(continued)

Parameter Values

<storage>

"EN" SIM (or ME) emergency number SIM fixed-dialing-phonebook SIM last-dialing-phonebook SIM barred-dialing phonebook

"SD" SIM service numbers "DC" MT dialed calls list "RC" MT received calls list

"LR" Last received numbers (nonstandard)

"MT" Combined MT and SIM/UICC

phonebook

"AD" Abbreviated dialing numbers

(nonstandard)

"LM" Last missed numbers (nonstandard)
"MC" MT missed (unanswered received) calls

list

"SM" comb. of fixed and abbrev. dialing

phonebook (nonstandard)

"ON" Active application in the UICC (GSM or

USIM) or SIM card (or MT) own

numbers (MSISDNs) list

"UD" User defined

<used> integer type value indicating the number

of used locations in selected memory

<total> integer type value indicating the total

number of locations in selected memory

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.11

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

NotesTo read the storage facilities, the correct

storage must be written to first and then

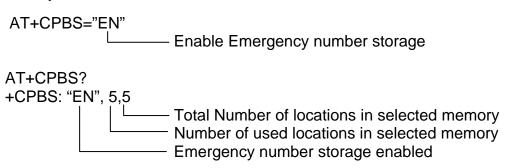
read.



(6) AT+CPBS

Select Phonebook Memory Storage (continued)

Example:





(7) AT+CPBR Read Phonebook Entries

Command Function Execution command returns phonebook

entries in location number range

<index1>... <index2> from the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS. If <index2> is left out, only location <index1> is returned.

Command Functional

Group

Phonebook Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CPBR=?

+CPBR: (1-250), 44,16

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format

Response

AT+CPBR=<index1>,<index2>,...

+CPBR: <index1>,<number>,

<type>,<text>

OK



(7) AT+CPBR Read Phonebook Entries

(continued)

Parameter Values

<index1>, <index2>, <index> integer type values in the range of

location numbers of phonebook memory

<number> string type phone number of format

<type>

<type> type of address octet in integer format

<text> string type field of maximum length

<tlength>; character set as specified by

command Select TE Character Set

+CSCS

<nlength> integer type value indicating the

maximum length of field <number>

<tlength> integer type value indicating the

maximum length of field <text>

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.12

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes This command will read the storage

facility that is set with AT+CPBS.



(8) AT+CPBF Find Phonebook Entries

Command Function Execution command returns phonebook

entries (from the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS) which alphanumeric field start with string

<findtext>.

Command Functional

Group

Phonebook Control

Command Format Query AT+CPBF=?

Response +CPBF: <nlength>, <tlength>

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CPBF=<"findtext">

Response +CPBF: <index1>, <number>,

<type>,<text><CR><LF>+CBPF: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text>...

OK



(8) AT+CPBF Find Phonebook Entries

(continued)

Parameter Values

<index1>, <index2> integer type values in the range of

location numbers of phonebook memory

<number> string type phone number of format

<type>

<type> type of address octet in integer format

<findtext>, <text>
string type field of maximum length

command Select TE Character Set

+CSCS

<nlength> integer type value indicating the

maximum length of field <number>

<tlength> integer type value indicating the

maximum length of field <text>

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.13

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

NotesThis command will find an entry within

the storage facility that is set with

AT+CPBS.

Example:

AT+CPBF="office"

+CPBF: 10,"19725551212",129,"office"



(9) AT+CPBW Write Phonebook Entries

Command Function Execution command writes phonebook

entry in location number <index> in the current phonebook memory storage

selected with +CPBS.

Command Functional

Group

Phonebook Control

Command Format Query AT+CPBW=?

Response +CPBW: (1-250), 44, (128-201), 16

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format AT+CPBW?

Response +CPBW: <index>, [<nlength>],

<types>, [<tlength>]

OK

Execution Format AT+CPBW=<index>,<number>,<type>

Response <text>

OK/+CME ERROR: <err>



(9) AT+CPBW Write Phonebook Entries

(continued)

Parameter Values

<index> integer type values in the range of

location numbers of phonebook memory

<number> string type phone number of format

<type>

<type> type of address octet in integer format;

default 145 when dialling string includes international access code character "+",

otherwise 129

<text> string type field of maximum length

<tlength>; character set as specified by

command Select TE Character Set

+CSCS

<nlength> integer type value indicating the

maximum length of field <number>

<tlength> integer type value indicating the

maximum length of field <text>

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.14

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

NotesThis command will write to the storage

facility that is set with AT+CPBS.

Example:

AT+CPBW=10,"17192326602",129,"Toms Office"



(10) AT+CMUT Mute Control

Command Function This command is used to enable and

disable the uplink voice muting during a

voice call.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CMUT=? +CMUT: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CMUT=<value>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CMUT?

Response +CMUT: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<value> 0 mute off

1 mute on

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.24

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(11) AT+CACM Accumulated Call Meter

Command Function Set command resets the Advice of

Charge related accumulated call meter value in SIM file EF_{ACM}. ACM contains the total number of home units for both the current and preceding calls. SIM PIN2 is usually required to reset the

value.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format AT+CACM?

Response +CACM: "000000"

OK

Execution Format AT+CACM=<passwd>

Response OK

Parameter Values

Reference

<passwd>: string type; SIM PIN2

GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.25

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Used in conjunction with AT+CAOC and

AT+CAMM

Example:

AT+CACM="1234" Password



(12) AT+CAMM Accumulated Call Meter Maximum

Command Function Set command sets the Advice of Charge

related accumulated call meter maximum value in SIM file EF_{ACMmax}. ACMmax contains the maximum number of home units allowed to be consumed by the subscriber. When ACM (refer +CACM) reaches ACMmax calls are prohibited (see also GSM 02.24 [26]). SIM PIN2 is usually

required to set the value.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CAMM=<acmmax>,<passwd>

Response OK

Parameter Values

<acmmax> string type; accumulated call meter

maximum value similarly coded as <ccm> under +CAOC; value zero

disables ACMmax feature

<passwd> string type; SIM PIN2

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.26

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Used in conjunction with AT+CACM and

AT+CAOC.



(13) AT+CPUC Price Per Unit and Currency Table

Command Function Set command sets the parameters of

Advice of Charge related price per unit and currency table in SIM file EF_{PUCT}.

Command Functional Phone Control

Group

Command Format Query N/A Response N/A

Write Format AT+CPUC=<currency>,<ppu>,

<passwd>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CPUC?

Response AT+CPUC: " ", " "

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<currency> string type; three-character currency

code (e.g. "GBP", "DEM"); character set

as specified by command Select TE

Character Set +CSCS

<ppu> string type; price per unit; dot is used as

a decimal separator (e.g. "2.66")

<passwd> string type; SIM PIN2

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.27

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(14) AT+CCWE Call Meter Maximum Event

Command Function Shortly before the ACM (Accumulated

Call Meter) maximum value is reached, an unsolicited result code +CCWV will be sent, if enabled by this command.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CCWE=? +CCWE: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CCWE=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CCWE?
Response +CCWE: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 Disables the call meter warning

event

1 Enable the call meter warning

event

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.28

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Used in conjunction with AT+CACM,

AT+CAOC and AT+CAMM



(15) AT+CSVM Set Voicemail Number

Command Function The number to the voice mail server is

set with this command. The parameters <number> and <type> can be left out if

the parameter <mode> is set to 0.

Command Functional Phone Control

Group

Command Format Query AT+CSVM=?

Response +CSVM: (0,1), (129, 145, 161)

OK

Write Format AT+CSVM=<mode>, <number>,

<type>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CSVM?

Response +CSVM: 0, " ", 129

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

1 Enable the voice mail number

<number> string type; Character string <0..9,+>

<type> integer type; Type of address octet

129 ISDN / telephony numbering plan. national / international

unknown

145 ISDN / telephony numbering plan, international number

161 ISDN / telephony numbering

plan, national number

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.30



(15) AT+CSVM Set Voicemail Number

(continued)

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The voicemail number is set in the SIM

by the service provider. Care should be taken when entering this command. If the voicemail number is lost or des not work, contact your service provider for

the correct voicemail number.



(16) AT+CLAE Set Language Event

Command Function This command is used to enable/disable

unsolicited result code +CLAV: <code>.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CLAE=? +CLAE: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CLAE=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CLAE? **Response** +CLAE: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 Disable

1 Enable

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.31

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(17) AT+CLAN Set Language

Command Function This command sets the language in the

ME. The set-command must confirm the selected language with the MMI-module in the ME. If setting fails, a ME error, +CME ERROR: <err>

subclause 9.2 for **<err>** values.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CLAN=? +CLAN: en, fr, de, it, es, pt, no, el, pl, in,

cs, zh, ar

OK

Write Format AT+CLAN=<code>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CLAN?
Response +CLAN: en

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<code> "en" English

"fr" French
"de" German
"it" Italian
"es" Spanish

"pt" Porteguese "no" Norwiegen

"el" Greek
"pl" Polish

"in" Indonesian "cs" Czech

"**zh**" Chinese "**ar**" Arabic

Mini-MT AT Command Set Reference Version 1.05



(17) AT+CLAN Set Language

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 8.33

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(18) AT+CMUX Set Multiplexing mode

Command Function This command is used to enable/disable

the GSM 07.10 multiplexing protocol control channel. Refer to subclause 9.2 for possible cerry values. The AT

for possible <err> values. The AT command sets parameters for the Control Channel. If the parameters are

left out, the default value is used.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query AT+CMUX=?

Response:

<mode>s),(list of

+CMUX: (list of supported

supported <subset>s),(list of supported

<port_speed>s),(list of supported
<N1>s),(list of supported <T1>s),(list of
supported <N2>s),(list of supported
<T2>s),(list of supported <T3>s),(list of

supported <k>s)

+CMUX: (1),(0),(1-5),(10-100),(1-255),(0-100),(2-255),(1-255),(1-7)

OK

Write Format AT+CMUX=<mode>,[<subset>],

<port_speed>,<N1>,<T1>, <N2>,<T2>,

<T3>[,<k>]

Response OK

Read Format AT+CMUX?

Response OK

If in CMUX it will return the current

settings

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(18) AT+CMUX Set Multiplexing Mode

(continued)

(multiplexer Transparency Mechanism)

1 Advanced option

<subset> This parameter defines the way in which

the multiplexer **control channel** is set up. A virtual channel may subsequently be set up differently but in the absence of any negotiation for the settings of a virtual channel, the virtual channel shall

be set up according to the control

channel <subset> setting.

0 UIH frames used only

<port_speed> (transmission rate):

1 9 600 bit/s

2 19 200 bit/s

3 38 400 bit/s

4 57 600 bit/s 5 115 200 bit/s

<N1> (maximum frame size):

10- 100

<T1> (acknowledgement timer in units of ten

milliseconds):

1-255,

<N2> (maximum number of re-transmissions):

10-100

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(18) AT+CMUX Set Multiplexing Mode

(continued)

<T2> (response timer for the multiplexer

control

channel in units of ten milliseconds):

2-255

NOTE: T2 must be longer than T1.

<T3> (wake up response timer in seconds):

1-255, where 10 is default

<k> (window size, for Advanced operation

with

Error Recovery options):

1-7

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 5.7

Standard Scope Mandatory if GSM 7.10 is used

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(19) AT+CMEE Report Mobile Equipment Errors

Command Function Set command disables or enables the

use of result code +CME ERROR: <err>
as an indication of an error relating to
the functionality of the ME. When

enabled, ME related errors cause +CME ERROR: <err> final result codes to be returned, instead of the default ERROR final result code. ERROR is returned normally when error is related to syntax, invalid parameters, or TA functionality.

Command Functional Response Control

Group

Command Format Query AT+CMEE=? +CMEE: (0-2)

OK

Write Format AT+CMEE=<n>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CMEE?
Response +CMEE: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A



(19) AT+CMEE Report Mobile Equipment Errors

(continued)

Parameter Values

<n> 0 Disable +CME ERROR

1 Enable +CME result code and

username values

2 Enable +CME result code and

ME verbose values

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 9.1

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes See Appendix B for error code

descriptions.



(e) Commands from TIA IS-101

(1) AT+FCLASS **GSM Class of Service**

Command Function Select Mode

Command Functional This command puts the TA into a

> particular mode of operation (data, voice etc.). This causes the TA to process information in a manner suitable for that type of information (rather than for other

types of information).

Group

Command Format Query AT+FCLASS=?

Response 0, 8

OK

Write Format AT+FCLASS=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT+FCLASS?

Response OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 Data

8 Voice

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter C.1

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes N/A



(2) AT+VTS DTMF and Tone Generation

Command Function This command allows the transmission

of DTMF tones and arbitrary tones (see note). These tones may be used (for example) when announcing the start of a recording period. The command is write only. In this profile of commands, this command does not operate in data

mode of operation

Command Functional

Group

Audio Functions

Command Format Query AT+VTS=?

Response +VTS: (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C,

#, *) OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+VTS=<**DTMF>**

Response OK



(2) AT+VTS	DTMF and Tone Generation (continued)
Parameter Values	
<dtmf></dtmf>	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C
Reference	GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter C.11
Standard Scope	Optional
Enfora Implementation Scope	Partial
Notes	In GSM this operates only in voice mode. Fixed tone duration.

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(3) AT+STTONE Start or Stop Generating a Tone

Command Function This command allows the user to start

generating a tone or stop generating a

tone.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT+STTONE=?

+STTONE: (0-1), (1-8,16-18), (0-

15300000)

OK

Write Format AT+STTONE=<mode>[,

<tone>[,<duration>]]

Response OK

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

< mode > 0=> Stop generating a tone. For stop

generating a tone, the AT command is

AT+STTONE=0, <tone>. **1**=> Start generating a tone.

< tone > The value of tone is as follows:

1 => Dial Tone

2 => Called Subscriber Busy

3 => Congestion

4 => Radio Path Acknowledge5 => Radio path not Available/Call

Dropped

6 => Error/Special Information

7 => Call Waiting Tone

8 => Ring Tone 16=> General Beep

17=> Positive Acknowledgement tone

18=> Negative Acknowledgement or

Error Tone



(3) AT+STTONE Start or Stop Generating a Tone

(continued)

When the optional tone is not present, default value is 16, which is a general

Beep.

< duration > 0-15300000 in milliseconds.

When the optional duration is not present, default value is 500ms. When the duration is 0, it plays once. When the duration is 0, all other tones play once except 2 => called subscriber

busy, which plays 4 times.

Reference Reference 3GPP TS 22.001 F.2.5

Comfort tones.

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes All tones generated by audio speaker.

The tones need to be stopped before

originating calls.

Examples

AT+STTONE=1,7,5000 Generate Call Waiting tone for 5

seconds.

AT+STTONE=0,7 Stop Call Waiting tone.



2.02 Commands Specified by GSM Rec. 07.05

(a) General Configuration Commands

(1) AT+CSMS Select Message Service

Command Function Set command selects messaging

service **<service>**. It returns the types of messages supported by the ME: **<mt>** for mobile terminated messages, **<mo>** for mobile originated messages

and

for broadcast type

messages.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CSMS=? +CSMS: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CSMS=<service>

Response +CSMS: 0,1,1,1

OK

Read Format AT+CSMS?

Response +CSMS: 0,1,1,1

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

1 Phase 2+ version

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.2.1

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(2) AT+CPMS **Preferred Message Storage**

Command Function Set command selects memory storages

<mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> to be

used for reading, writing, etc.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query AT+CPMS=?

+CPMS: ("SM"), ("SM"), ("SM") Response

OK

Write Format

AT+CPMS=<mem1>,<mem2>,<mem3>

Response +CPMS: (0-30), (0-30), (0-30)

OK

Read Format AT+CPMS?

+CPMS: "SM", (0-30), "SM", (0-30), Response

"SM", (0-30)

OK

Execution Format N/A N/A

Response

Parameter Values

<mem1> String type; memory from which

> messages are read and deleted (commands List Messages +CMGL, Read Message +CMGR and Delete Message +CMGD); defined values:

"SM" SIM message storage

<mem2> String type; memory to which writing

and sending operations are made (commands Send Message from

Storage +CMSS and Write Message to Memory +CMGW)); refer to <mem1>

for defined values



(2) AT+CPMS Preferred Message Storage

(continued)

<mem3> String type; memory to which received

messages are preferred to be stored (unless class of message defines a specific storage location; refer to command New Message Indications +CNMI); refer to<mem1> for defined

values

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.2.2

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes



(3) AT+CMGF **SMS Format**

Command Function Set command tells the TA, which input

and output format of messages to use.

<mode> indicates the format of

messages used with send, list, read and write commands and unsolicited result

codes resulting from received

messages. Mode can be either PDU mode (entire TP data units used) or text

mode (headers and body of the messages given as separate

parameters).

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CMGF=? AT+CMGF: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CMGF=<mode>

Response OK

AT+CMGF? Read Format +CMGF: 1 Response

OK

N/A **Execution Format** N/A

Response

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 PDU mode

1 Text mode

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.2.3

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes Use of PDU mode requires an in depth

understanding of PDU message and

header formats.



(b) Message Configuration Commands

(1) AT+CSCA Service Center Address

Command Function Set command updates the SMSC

address, through which mobile originated SMS are transmitted.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CSCA=?

OK

Write Format AT+CSCA=<"sca">,<tosca> Response +CSCA: <"sca">,<tosca>

OK

Read Format AT+CSCA?

Response +CSCA="12063130004", 145

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<"sca"> SMSC Address

<tosca> SC address Type-of-Address

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.3.1

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The service center address must be

present to complete delivery of SMS. Most SIMs are delivered from the service provider with a service center already programmed into the SIM. A "+"

should be entered in front of the smsaddress, but is not required by all

operators.



(2) AT+CSMP Set Text Mode Parameters

Command Function Selects additional values needed when

the SIM is sent to the network or placed

in storage.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CSMP=?

OK

Write Format AT+CSMP=<fo>,<vp>,<pid>,<dcs>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CSMP?

Response +CSMP: 17, 167, 0, 0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<fo> depending on the command or result

code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), or SMS-COMMAND (de-fault 2) in integer

format

<vp> depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo>

setting: GSM 03.40 TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default 167)), in time-string format (refer **<dt>**), or if is

supported, in enhanced format (hexadecimal coded string with

quotes)

<pid><pid>Protocol-Identifier in integer format

(default 0), refer GSM 03.40

<dcs> SMS Data Coding Scheme (default 0),

or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format depending on the command or result code: GSM 03.38



(2) AT+CSMP Set Text Mode Parameters

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.3.2

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(3) AT+CSDH Show Text Mode Parameters

Command Function Determines if detail information is shown

in result codes.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CSDH=? +CSDH=(0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CSDH=<show>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CSDH?
Response +CSDH: 1

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<show> 0 Do not show header values

1 Show the values in result codes

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.3.3

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(4) AT+CSCB Select Cell Broadcast Message Types

Command Function Select which types of CBm's are to be

received by the ME.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CSCB=? +CSCB: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CSCB=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CSCB?

Response +CSCB: 0," <mids> ", "<dcss> "

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 Message types specified in

<MIDS> and <DCCS> are

accepted

1 Message types specified in

<MIDS> and <DCCS> are not

accepted

<mids> string type; all different possible

combinations of CBM message identifiers (refer <mid>) (default is empty string); e.g. "0,1,5,320-478,922"

<dcss> string type; all different possible

combinations of CBM data coding

schemes (refer <dcs>) (default is empty

string); e.g. "0-3,5"

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.3.4

Standard Scope Optional



(4) AT+CSCB Select Cell Broadcast Message Types

(continued)

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes An understanding of CBM message

identifiers and CBM loading schemes is required to properly implement this command. Used in conjunction with

AT+CNMI.



(5) AT+CSAS Save Settings

Command Function Saves active message service

commands into non-volatile memory.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CSAS=? +CSAS: (0)

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CSAS

Response OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.3.5

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes AT+CRES retrieves stored profiles.

Settings specified in commands Service Center Address +CSCA, Set Message Parameters +CSMP and Select Cell Broadcast Message Types +CSCB are

saved.



(6) AT+CRES Restore Settings

Command Function Restores message service settings from

non-volatile memory to active memory.

Command Functional Short Message Services

Group

Command Format Query AT+CRES=?

Response +CRES: (0)

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CRES

Response OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.3.6

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Retrieves profiles stored using

AT+CSAS.



(c) Message Receiving and Reading Commands

(1) AT+CNMI New Message Indication to TE

Command Function Selects how incoming messages from

the network are indicated to the TE

when the TE is active.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query

Response

+CNMI: (0-2), (0-3), (0,2), (0,1), (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CNMI=<mode>, <mt>,

ds>,<bfr>

AT+CNMI=?

Response OK

Read Format AT+CNMI?

Response +CNMI: 1,1,0,0,0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 Buffer unsolicited result codes in

the TA

Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited

result codes when TA-TE link is

reserved

2 Buffer unsolicited result codes in

the TA when TA-TE link is reserved and flush them to the

TE after reservation



(1) AT+CNMI

New Message Indication to TE (continued)

<mt>

<mt></mt>	Receiving	n procedure for different message data coding schemes		
\III./	Receiving procedure for different message data coding schemes (refer GSM 03.38 [2])			
		·		
0	no class:	as in GSM 03.38, but use <mem3> as preferred</mem3>		
		memory		
	class 0:	as in GSM 03.38, but use <mem3> as preferred</mem3>		
		memory if message is tried to be stored		
	class 1:	as in GSM 03.38, but use <mem3> as preferred</mem3>		
		memory		
		as in GSM 03.38		
	class 3:	as in GSM 03.38, but use <mem3> as preferred</mem3>		
memory				
	message waiting indication group (discard message): as in GSM 03.38, but use <mem3> as preferred memory if</mem3>			
		message is tried to be stored		
	message waiting indication group (store message): as in GSM			
		03.38, but use <mem3> as preferred memory</mem3>		
1	as <mt>=0 but send indication if message stored successfully</mt>			
2	no class:	route message to TE		
	class 0:	as in GSM 03.38, but also route message to TE and		
		do not try to store it in memory		
	class 1:	route message to TE		
		as <mt>=1</mt>		
		route message to TE		
	message waiting indication group (discard message): as in GSM			
		03.38, but also route message to TE and do not try to		
		store it in memory		
	message	waiting indication group (store message): as <mt>=1</mt>		
3		route message to TE		
ľ	others:	o		
	oniois.	40 NIIIV-1		

 <	0 the	No CBM indications are routed to
		TE
	1	If CBM is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location
	is	
		routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CBMI: <mem>,<index></index></mem>



(1)	AT+CNMI	New Message Indication to TE
		(continued)

- New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code
- Class 3 CBMs are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes defined in
bm>=2. If CBM

storage

is supported, messages of other classes result in indication as defined in

defined in

-1

No SMS-STATUS_REPORTs are routed to the TE

1 SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code

TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this

command

is flushed to the TE when

<mode>

1...2 is entered.

TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1...2 is entered.

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.4.1

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes N/A

<ds>

<bfr>



(2) AT+CMGL List Messages

Command Function List messages from storage.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query AT+CMGL=?

Response +CMGL: ("REC UNREAD","REC

READ","STO UNSENT","STO

SENT","ALL")

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CMGL =<stat>

Response +CMGL: <index>, <stat>, <da/oa>,

[<alpha>, <scts>, <tooa/toda>, <length>] <CR><LF> data

OK

Parameter Values See Notes

<index> Memory location integer

<stat> Status of message

"REC UNREAD"
"REC READ"
"STO UNREAD"
"STO READ"

"ALL"

<do/oa> destination address

<alpha> alphanumeric representation of <da> or

<oa> corresponding to the entry found

in MT phonebook

<scts> Service center time stamp

<tooa/toda> Address Type-of-Address octet in

integer format

Length of message in octets



(2) AT+CMGL List Messages

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.4.2

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes Above settings for <stat> assume

AT+CMGF=1 (text mode). For

AT+CMGF=0 (PDU mode), the following <stat> values are supported: 0,1,2,3,4. Parameters in [] may or may not be reported dependent upon the setting

of AT+CMGF.

:

0 "Rec Unread"1 "Rec Read"2 "Sto Unsent"3 "Sto Sent"

"ALL"



(3) AT+CMGR Read Message

Command Function Read stored messages.

Command Functional Short Message Services

Group

Command Format Query N/A Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CMGR=<index>

Response +CMGR: <stat>, <oa>, <scts>,

[<tooa>, <fo>, <pid>, <sca>, <tosca>,

<length>]<CR><LF><data>

OK

Parameter Values

<stat> Status of message (Rec Read, Rec

Unread, Sto Unsent, Sto Sent)

<oa> Originating address

<scts> Service center time stamp

<tooa> Originating address – type of address

<fo> First octet

<pid><pid>< Protocol identifier</p>

<sca> Service center address

<tosca> Type of address

Length of message in octets

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.4.3



Read Message (continued) (3) AT+CMGR

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

The above parameters are for text Notes

mode.



(d) Message Sending and Writing Commands

(1) AT+CMGS Send Message

Command Function Sends message from the TE to the

network.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CMGS="<da>",[<toda>]

Response Enter text <cntl Z>

+CMGS <mr>

OK

Parameter Values

<da> Destination address

<mr> Message reference

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.5.1

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

NotesThe example provided is for text mode

(AT+CMGF=1). An in depth

understanding of PDU messages is

required for PDU mode.



(2) AT+CMSS Send Message from Storage

Command Function Sends message (with location value)

from preferred message storage.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+CMSS=<index>

Response +CMSS: <mr>

OK

Parameter Values

<index> Integer value of location number

supported by associated memory

<mr> Message reference

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.5.2

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The above is for text mode only.



(3) AT+CMGW Write Message to Memory

Command Function Writes message to preferred storage

location.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CMGW=<"da"><CR><LF>Text is

Response entered<cntlZ>

+CMGW: <index>

OK

Parameter Values

<da> Destination Address

<index> Integer value of memory location of the

stored message

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.5.3

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The above is for text mode only.



(4) AT+CMGD Delete Message

Command Function Deletes message from preferred storage

location.

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CMGD=<index>

Response OK

Parameter Values

<index> Integer value of memory location.

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.5.4

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If there is no message stored in the

selected index, an error will be returned.



(5) AT+CMGC **Send Command**

Command Function Execution command sends a command

> message from a TE to the network (SMS-COMMAND). The entering of PDU is done similarly as specified in command Send Message +CMGS. Message reference value <mr> is returned to the TE on successful

message delivery

Command Functional

Group

Short Message Services

Command Format Query

Response N/A

Write Format N/A N/A Response

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CMGC=<length> Response

PDU is given<ctrl-Z

+CMGC: <mr>[,<ackpdu>]

OK

N/A

Parameter Values

length of PDU message in octets <length>

<mr> Message reference

<ackpdu> data element of ack-pdu

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 3.5.5

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes This command only applicable to pdu

mode AT+CMGF=0.



2.03 Commands Specified by ITU-T Rec.V25ter as Referenced by GSM Rec. 07.07

(a) Generic TA Control Commands

(1) ATZ Set All TA Parameters to Default

Configuration

Command Function Set All TA Parameters to Default

Configuration.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format ATZ **Response** OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.1.1

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(2) AT&F Set All TA Parameters to Factory

Defined Configuration

Command Function Set All TA Parameters to Factory

Defined Configuration

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT&F **Response** OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.1.2

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(3) AT&V Display Current Profile

Command Function This command allows the user to view

the settings in the current profile.

Command Functional

Group

State control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT&V **Response** OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(4) AT&W Save Current Settings

Command Function This command allows the user to save

the current settings in memory.

Command Functional

Group

State control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT&W **Response** OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(5) ATI Manufacturer Information About TA

Command Function List manufacturer.

Command Functional Equipment Information

Group

Command Format Query N/A **Response** N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format ATI

Response Enfora, Inc.

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.1.3

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(6) AT+GMI TA Manufacturer ID

Command Function TA returns information about the

manufacturer.

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+GMI

Response Enfora, Inc.

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.1.4

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(7) AT+GMM TA Model ID

Command Function TA returns manufacturer model

identification.

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+GMM

Response Enabler-II G Modem

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.1.5

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(8) AT+GMR TA Revision Number

Command Function Returns software revision information.

Command Functional Equipment Information

Group

Command Format Query N/A Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+GMR Response <revision>

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.1.6

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(9) AT+GSN TA Serial Number

Command Function This command is used to obtain the

manufacturer International Mobile

Equipment Identity (IMEI).

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query AT+GSN=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT+GSN

Response 0044008824900101

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 5.4

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Return value is manufacturer specific.

The TA returns the International Mobile station Equipment Identifier (IMEI).



(10) AT+GCAP Request Overall Capabilities for TA

Command Function TA returns a list of additional capabilities

Command Functional Equipment Information

Group

Command Format Query N/A **Response** N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+GCAP

Response +GCAP: +CGSM,+FCLASS

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.1.9

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



Command Line Termination (11) ATS3

Character

Command Function Determines the character recognized by

the TA to terminate an incoming

command line.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query ATS3=?

Response S3(0-127)

OK

Write Format ATS3=<n>

Response OK

Read Format ATS3? Response 013

OK

Execution Format N/A N/A

Response

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 6.2.1

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(12) ATS4 Response Formatting Character

Command Function Determines the character generated by

the TA for result code and information

text.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query

Response

ATS4=? S4(0-127)

OK

Write Format ATS4=<n>

Response OK

Read Format ATS4? **Response** 010

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.2.2

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(13) ATS5 Editing Character

Command Function Determines the character recognized by

the TA as a request to delete the

preceding character form the command

line.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query ATS5=?

Response

S5(0-127)

OK

Write Format ATS5=<n>

Response OK

Read Format ATS5? **Response** 008

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.2.3

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(14) ATE Command Echo Mode

Command Function Determines whether the TA echoes

characters typed locally.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format ATE<value>

Response OK

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<value> 0 Do not echo characters locally

1 Echo characters locally

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.2.4

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(15) ATQ Result Code Suppression

Command Function Determines whether or not the TA

transmits any result code to the TE.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format ATQ<value>

Response OK

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

1 Result codes are suppressed and

not transmitted

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.2.5

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(16) ATV **Response Format**

Command Function Determines the DCE response format,

with or without header character, and

the use of numerical results code.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format ATV<value>

OK Response

Read Format N/A Response N/A

N/A **Execution Format** N/A Response

Parameter Values

<value> 0 DCE transmits limited headers

and trailers and numeric result

codes

1 DCE transmits full headers and

trailers and verbose response

text

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.2.6

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

N/A Notes



(17) ATX CONNECT Result

Command Function Determines whether or not the TA

transmits particular result codes.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format ATX<value>

Response OK

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<value> 0 Short result code format

1 Long result code format

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 6.2.7

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes For UDP and TCP PAD operation,

setting of ATX1 will display the network assigned IP after the CONNECT or

LISTEN message.



(18) AT&C DCD Usage

Command Function Controls the Data Carrier Detect signal.

Command Functional State Control

Group

Command Format Query N/A **Response** N/A

Write Format AT&C<value>

Response OK

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<value> 0 DCD always on

1 DCD matches the state of the remote modem's data carrier

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 6.2.8

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial



(19) AT&D DTR Usage

Command Function This command controls the Data

Terminal Ready signal.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format AT&D<value>

Response OK

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<value> 0 Ignore DTR

Modem switches from DATA to COMMAND mode when DTR

switches to off

2 When DTR switches to off,

disconnect the call

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 6.2.9

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial



(20) AT+IPR Fixed TE-TA Data Rate

Command Function Determines the data rate of the TA

serial interface.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query AT+IPR=?

Response +IPR: (75, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400,

4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 19200, 28800, 38400, 57600, 115200)

OK

Write Format AT+IPR=<rate>

Response OK

Read Format AT+IPR? Response +IPR: 19200

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<rate> 75, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800,

7200, 9600, 14400, 19200, 28800,

38400, 57600, 115200

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 6.2.10

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes When changing the value of AT+IPR,

the new baud rate is effective

immediately. In order to properly save the new setting and communicate with



(20) AT+IPR

Fixed TE-TA Data Rate (continued)

the modem, the user must change the baud rate of the communicating device to the new baud rate before any more communication with the modem can be accomplished.



(21) AT+ICF TE-TA Character Framing

Command Function This command determines the number

of data/stop/parity bits that will be used

by the TA serial interface.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query AT+ICF=?

Response +ICF: (1-6), (0-3)

OK

Write Format AT+ICF=<format>,<parity>

Response OK

Read Format AT+ICF?
Response +ICF: 3

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<format> 1 8 data, 2 stop, no parity

8 data, 1 stop,1 parity8 data, 1 stop, no parity

7 data, 2 stop, no parity7 data, 1 stop, 1 parity

6 7 data, 1 stop, no parity

<parity> 0 odd

evenmarkspace

Reference GSM Ref. 07.0 Chapter 6.2.11

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes If no parity is specified in **<format>**,

then **<parity>** is ignored.



(22) AT+IFC TE-TA Local Flow Control

Command Function This command determines the TE/TA

flow control interface.

Command Functional

Group

State Control

Command Format Query AT+IFC=?

Response +IFC: (0-2), (0-2)

OK

Write Format AT+IFC=<DCE_by_DTE>,

<DTE_by_DCE>

Response OK

Read Format AT+IFC?
Response +IFC: 2,2

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<DCE_by_DTE> 0 None

1 Xon/Xoff (not supported)

2 RTS

<DTE_by_DCE> 0 None

1 Xon/Xoff (not supported)

2 CTS

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 6.2.12

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial



(23) AT+ILRR TE-TA Local Rate Reporting

Command Function State Control

Command Functional

Group

Results

Command Format Query AT+ILRR=?

Response +ILRR: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+ILRR=<value>

Response OK

Read Format AT+ILRR?
Response +ILRR: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<value> 0 Disable reporting of local port

rate

1 Enable reporting of local port rate

Reference GSM Ref. 07.05 Chapter 6.2.13

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(b) Call Control Commands

(1) T Tone Dialing

Command Function Select tone dialing.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query N/A Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format ATT **Response** OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.2

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes This command has no effect on GSM.



(2) P Pulse Dialing

Command Function Select pulse dialing.

Command Functional Call Control

Group

Command Format Query N/A Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format ATP **Response** OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.3

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes This command has no affect on GSM.



(3) A Answer a Call

Command Function Answers an incoming call.

Command Functional Call Control

Group

Command Format Query N/A **Response** N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format ATA

Response

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.5

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Auto answer can be enabled using

ATS0.



(4) H Hook Control

Command Function Disconnect an existing call.

Command Functional Call Control

Group

Command Format Query N/A **Response** N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format ATH **Response** OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.6

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If data call or session is active, +++

(escape sequence) must be entered to go to command mode prior to sending

ATH command.



(5) O Return to Data State

Command Function This command issued to return to online

mode from command mode when a circuit-switched data call is active.

Command Functional Call Control

Group

Command Format Query N/A Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format ATO Response OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.7

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(6) +++ Escape Sequence

Command Function This command allows a user to escape

out of data mode to command mode in a CSD call or from connect or listen mode

to command mode in a GPRS call

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format +++

Response OK or no carrier

Parameter Values N/A

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The escape sequence requires a

guard period of 1 second before and after entering +++. Other wise the +++

will be considered data and

forwarded as data.

For CSD, to end the call ATH or

AT+CHUP must be entered. To return to

data mode issue ATO command.



(7) S0 Rings Before Automatic Answer

Command Function Sets the number of rings before

automatically answering a call for GSM and enables automatic answer to a network request for PDP activation.

Command Functional Call

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query ATS0=?

Response S0(0-255)

OK

Write Format ATS0=<value>

Response OK

Read Format ATS0?
Response <value>

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.8

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes ATS0=000 will disable auto answer for

GSM. If AT+CGAUTO is = to 2 or 3 (default), the MT shall attempt to perform a GPRS attach if it is not

already attached, when the 'S0=n' (n>0)

command is received.

With default settings, if ATS0=(>0) is sent immediately after power up, an error will be returned because the MT will attempt to do an attach before the AT+CREG state has changed to 1.



(8) **S6** Pause Before Blind Dialing

Command Function Sets the number of seconds to wait after

> dialtone detection before dialing. This is a dummy command and does not affect

functionality.

Command Functional Call Control

Group

Command Format Query ATS6=? Response

S6(2-10)

OK

Write Format ATS6=<value>

Response OK

Read Format ATS6? Response 002

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.9

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Does not affect GSM functionality.



(9) S7 Wait for Completion

Command Function This command sets the number of

seconds to wait after dial tone detection before dialing a number. This is a dummy command that will display a

value that has been set, but does not

affect functionality.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query

Response

ATS7=? S7(1-255)

OK

Write Format ATS7=<value>

Response OK

Read Format ATS7? **Response** 060

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.10

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Does not affect GSM functionality.



(10) S8 Dial Pause

Command Function This command sets the number of

seconds to wait for the comma dial modifier in the ATD dial string. This is a dummy command that will display a value that has been set, but does not

affect functionality.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query

Response

ATS8=? S8(0-255)

OK

Write Format ATS8=<value>

Response OK

Read Format ATS8? **Response** 002

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.11

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Does not affect GSM functionality.



(11) S10 Hang Up Delay

Command Function This command sets the length of time, in

tenths of seconds, to wait before disconnecting after the carrier is lost. This is a dummy command that will display a value that has been set, but

does not affect functionality.

Command Functional

Group

Call Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT+S10=? S10(1-254)

OK

Write Format ATS10=<value>

Response OK

Read Format ATS10? **Response** 001

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.12

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Does not affect GSM functionality.



III. Standardized GPRS AT Commands

(a) Commands Specified by GSM Rec. 07.07

(1) +CGDCONT Define PDP Context

Command Function Specifies PDP context parameter values

for a PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter,

<cid>.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query AT+CGDCONT=?

Response +CGDCONT: (1-6),"IP",,,(0),(0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CGDCONT=<cid>,<PDP_ Type>,

Response <APN>,<PDP_ADDR>,<d_comp>,

<h_comp>

OK

Read Format AT+CGDCONT?

Response +CGDCONT: <cid>,<PDP

Type>,<"APN">,<"PDP_ADDR">,

<d_comp>,<h_comp>

OK

N/A

Execution Format

Response N/A



(1) +CGDCONT Define PDP Context

(continued)

Parameter Values

<cid> PDP Context Identifier

<PDP_type> "IP"

<"APN"> "Access Point Name"

<"PDP_addr"> "Identifies the MT in the address space"

<d_comp> 0 off

1 on

<h_comp> 0 off

1 on

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.1

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes AT+CGDCONT must be entered before

Context activation.

AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","",0,0 may be entered for networks that dynamically assign the APN. Contact your service provider for correct APN information.



(2) +CGQREQ Quality of Service Profile (Requested)

Command Function Allows the TE to specify a Quality of

Service Profile that is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request

message to the network.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

Response

AT+CGQREQ=?

+CGQREQ: "IP",(1-3),(1-4),(1-5),(1-

9),(1-18,31)

OK

Write Format AT+CGQREQ=<cid>,,,,

<delay>, <reliability.>,

<peak>,<mean>

OK

Read Format AT+CGQREQ?

Response +CGQREQ: 1,0,0,0,0,0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<cid> numeric value of PDP context activation

<delay class> 1-4

<reliability class> 1-5

<peak throughput> 1-9

<mean throughput> 1-18,31

* For any parameter where network subscribed is desired, enter 0.



(2) +CGQREQ Quality of Service Profile (Requested)

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.2

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes A special form of the set command,

+CGQREQ=,... or +CGQMIN=,... provide a set of the default values of Quality of Service Profile for new PDP context definitions. AT+CGDCONT must

be entered into the modem prior to entering AT+CGQREQ command.



(3) +CGQMIN Quality of Service Profile (Minimum

Acceptable)

Command Function Allows the TE to specify a minimum

acceptable profile which is checked by the MT against the negotiated profile returned in the Activate PDP Context

Accept message.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CGQMIN=?

+CGQMIN: "IP",(1-3),(1-4),(1-5),(1-

9),(1-18,31)

OK

Write Format Response

AT=CGQMIN=<cid>, , cid>, , cedence,

Read Format AT+CGQMIN?

Response +CGQMIN: 1,0,0,0,0,0

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(3) +CGQMIN Quality of Service Profile (Minimum

Acceptable) (continued)

Parameter Values

<cid> numeric value of PDP context

activation

<delay class> 1-4

<reliability class> 1-5

<peak throughput> 1-9

<mean throughput> 1-18,31

* For any parameter where network

subscribed is desired, enter 0.

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.3

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes A special form of the set command,

+CGQREQ=,... or +CGQMIN=,... provide a set of the default values of Quality of Service Profile for new PDP context definitions. AT+CGDCONT must

be entered prior to entering AT+CGQMIN command.



(4) +CGATT GPRS Attach or Detach

Command Function The execution command is used to

attach the MT to, or detach the MT from

GPRS service.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CGATT=? +CGATT: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CGATT=<state>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CGATT?
Response +GCATT: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<state> 0 detached

1 attached

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.4

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If parameter **<state>**is omitted the

GPRS attach state will be changed.



(5) +CGACT PDP Context Activate or Deactivate

Command Function The execution command is used to

activate or deactivate the specified PDP

context (s).

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CGACT=? +:CGACT: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CGACT=<state>,<cid>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CGACT?
Response +CGACT: 1,0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<state> 0 deactivated

1 activated

<cid> numeric value of PDP context activation

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.5

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes It is not possible to omit the parameter

<state>. AT+CGDCONT command must be entered prior to context

activation.



(6) +CGDATA Enter Data State

Command Function The execution command causes the MT

to perform whatever actions are

necessary to establish communication between the TE and the network using

one or more GPRS PDP types.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CGDATA=? +CGDATA: "PPP"

OK

Write Format AT+CGDATA=<L2P>,<cid>

Response CONNECT

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<L2P> "PPP"

<cid> numeric value of PDP context activation

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.6

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Supported value for **<L2P>**: "PPP".



(7) +CGPADDR Show PDP Address

Command Function The execution command returns a list of

PDP addresses for the specified context

identifiers.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CGPADDR=?

+:CGPADDR: (1)

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CGPADDR=<cid>

Response +CGPADDR: 1

OK

Parameter Values

<cid> numeric value of PDP context activation

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.7

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(8) +CGAUTO Automatic Response to a Network

Request for PDP Context Activation

Command Function The set command disables or enables

an automatic positive response (autoanswer) to the receipt of a Request PDP Context Activation message from the

network.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CGAUTO=? +CGAUTO: (0-3)

OK

Write Format AT+CGAUTO=<n>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CGAUTO?
Response +CGAUTO: 3

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<n> turn off automatic response for

GPRS only

1 turn on automatic response for

GPRS only

2 modem compatibility mode,

GPRS only

3 modem compatibility mode.

GPRS and circuit switched calls

(default)



(8) +CGAUTO Automatic Response to a Network

Request for PDP Context Activation

(continued)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.8

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If parameter <n> is omitted it is

assumed to be 3 (modem compatibility mode, GPRS and circuit switched calls).



(9) +CGANS Manual Response to a Network

Request for PDP Context Activation

Command Function The execution command requests the

MT to respond to a network request for GPRS PDP context activation which has been signaled to the TE by the RING or

+CRING: unsolicited result code.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CGANS=?

+CGANS: (0,1),"PPP"

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT+CGANS+<response>,<L2P>

Response OK

Parameter Values

<response> 0 request is rejected

1 request is accepted

<L2P> "PPP"

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.9

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Supported value for **<L2P>**: "PPP".



(10) +CGCLASS GPRS Mobile Station Class

Command Function Sets the MT to operate to a specified

GPRS mobile class.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query AT+CGCLASS=?

Response +CGCLASS: ("B","CG","CC")

OK

Write Format AT+CGCLASS=<class>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CGCLASS?
Response +CGCLASS: "B"

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<class> "B" class B

"CG" class C in GPRS only mode "CC" class C in circuit switched only

mode (lowest)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.10

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If parameter **<class>** is omitted, a

detached mobile attaches with the last

class or the default class ("B").



(11) +CGEREP GPRS Event Reporting

Command Function Set command enables or disables

sending of unsolicited result codes, +CGEV: XXX from MT to TE in the case

of certain events occurring in the GPRS

MT or the network.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query AT+CGEREP=?

Response +:CGEREP: (0-2),(0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+CGEREP=<mode>,<bfr>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CGEREP? **Response** +CGEREP: 0,0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A



(11)	+CGEREP	GPRS Event Reporting
		(continued)

Parameter Values

<bfr>>

<mode></mode>	0	buffer unsolicited result codes in
		4

the MT

discard unsolicited result codes when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE

buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE when MT-TE link becomes available; otherwise forward them directly to the TE

0 MT buffer of unsolicited result

codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered

1 MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.12

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If parameter **<mode>** is omitted it is

assumed to be the value of the last command execution or the default value (0). If parameter **
bfr>** is omitted it is assumed to be the value of the last command execution or the default value

(0).



(12) +CGREG GPRS Network Registration Status

Command Function Controls the presentation of an

unsolicited result code +CGREG.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CGREG=? +CGREG: (0,2)

OK

Write Format AT+CGREG=1

Response OK

Read Format AT+CGREG?

Response +CREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameters

<n> o disable network registration

unsolicited result code

1 enable network registration

unsolicited result code +CGREG:

<stat>

2 enable network registration and

location information unsolicited result code +CGREG:

<stat>[,<|ac>,<ci>]

<stat> 0 not registered, ME is not currently

searching a new operator to

register to

1 registered, home network

2 not registered, but ME is currently

searching a new operator to

register to

3 registration denied

4 unknown

5 registered, roaming



(12) +CGREG GPRS Network Registration Status

(continued)

<la>> string type; two-byte location area code

in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3"

equals 195 in decimal)

<ci> string type; two-byte cell ID in

hexadecimal format

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.13

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Partial

Notes If parameter <n> is omitted the

command does nothing.



(13) +CGSMS Select Service for MO SMS Messages

Command Function The set command is used to specify the

service or service preference that the

MT will use to send MO SMS

messages.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT+CGSMS=? +CGSMS: (0-3)

OK

Write Format AT+CGSMS=<service>

Response OK

Read Format AT+CGSMS?
Response :+CGSMS: 3

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<service> 0 GPRS

1 circuit switched

2 GPRS preferred (use circuit switched if GPRS not available)
 2 circuit switched, preferred (use

3 circuit switched preferred (use GPRS if circuit switched not

available)

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.1.14

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If parameter <service> is omitted the

command does nothing. SMS over GPRS has not been fully tested.



(14) D Request GPRS Service

Command Function This command causes the MT to

perform whatever actions are necessary to establish communication between the

TE and the external PDN

Command Functional

Group

Modem Compatibility Command

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format D<GPRS_SC> <CID>#

Response Connect

Parameter Values

<GPRS_SC> *99

<CID> ***1

***2

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.2.1.1

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes ATD*99***1# - Dials GPRS call for

context activation 1. See +CGDCONT

for context activation definition.



(15) S0 Automatic Response to a Network

Request for PDP Context Activation

Command Function The V.25ter 'S0=n' (Automatic answer)

command may be used to turn off (n=0) and on (n>0) the automatic response to a network request for a PDP context

activation.

Command Functional

Group

Modem Compatibility Command

Command Format Query

Response

ATS0=? s0(0-255)

OK

Write Format ATS0=<n>

Response OK

Read Format ATS0? **Response** 000

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<n> do not answer

n>0 establish data session

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.2.2.1

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(16) A Manual Acceptance of a Network

Request for PDP Context Activation

Command Function The V.25ter 'A' (Answer) command may

be used to accept a network request for a PDP context activation announced by

the unsolicited result code RING.

Command Functional

Group

Modem Compatibility Command

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format A

Response Connect

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.2.2.2

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(17) H Manual Rejection of a Network

Request for PDP Context Activation

Command Function The V.25ter 'H' or 'H0' (On-hook)

command may be used to reject a network request for PDP context

activation announced by the unsolicited

result code RING.

Command Functional

Group

Modem Compatibility Command

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format H Response OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference GSM Ref. 07.07 Chapter 10.2.2.3

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



Indicator Control (18)+CIND

Command Function Set command is used to set the values

of MT indicators. Read command.

returns the status of MT indicators. If MT

is not currently reachable, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned. Refer subclause 9.2 for <err> values.

Test command returns pairs, where string value <descr> is a maximum 16 character description of the indicator and compound value is the allowed values for the indicator. If MT is not currently reachable, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned. Refer subclause 9.2

for <err> values.

Command Functional Group

AT+CIND=? **Command Format Query**

Response +CIND: ("signal",(0-5)),("smsfull",(0-1))

OK

Write Format AT+CIND=<signal>,<smsfull>

OK Response

Read Format AT+CIND?

+CIND: <signal>,<smsfull> Response

OK

Execution Format N/A

N/A Response

Parameter Values .

<signal> signal quality (0-5)

<smsfull> A short message memory storage in the

> MT has become full and a short message has been rejected (2), has

Mini-MT AT Command Set Reference Version 1.05



(18) +CIND Indicator Control

(continued)

become full(1), or memory locations are

available (0).

Reference 3GPP TS 27.GSM027 rel99 8.9

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(19) +CMER Mobile Termination Event Reporting

Command Function Set command enables or disables

sending

of unsolicited result codes from TA to TE in the case of key pressings, display changes, and indicator state changes. <mode> controls the processing of unsolicited result codes specified within this command. <bfr> controls the effect on buffered codes when <mode> 1, 2 or 3 is entered. If setting is not supported by the MT, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned. Refer subclause 9.2 for <err> values.

Test command returns the modes supported as compound values.

Command Functional Group

Command Format Query AT+CMER=?

Response +CMER: (0-2), (0-2), (0), (0-2), (0,1)

Write Format AT+CMER=[<mode>[,<keyp>[,<disp>

[,<ind>[,<bfr>]]]]]

Response OK

Read Format AT+CMER?

Response +CMER:<mode>,<keyp>,

<disp>,<ind>,<bfr>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 buffer unsolicited result codes in

the TA; if TA result code buffer is full, codes can be buffered in some other

place or the oldest ones can be

discarded



(19) +CMER

Mobile Termination Event Reporting (continued)

- 0 discard unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
- buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation; otherwise forward them directly to the TE
- 2 forward unsolicited result codes directly to the TE; TA-TE link specific inband technique used to embed result codes and data when TA is in on-line data mode

<keyp>

- 0 no keypad event reporting

NOTE 1: When this mode is enabled, corresponding result codes of all keys currently pressed should be flushed to the TA regardless of
bfr> setting.



(19) +CMER

Mobile Termination Event Reporting (continued)

2 keypad event reporting using result code +CKEV: <key>,<press>. All key pressings shall be directed from TA to TE.

NOTE 2: When this mode is enabled, corresponding result codes of all keys currently pressed should be flushed to the TA regardless of
bfr> setting.

<disp>

- 0 no display event reporting
- display event reporting using result code +CDEV:
 <elem>,<text>. <elem> indicates the element order number (as specified for +CDIS) and <text> is the new value of text element.
 Only those display events, which are not caused by +CDIS shall be indicated by the TA to the TE.
 Character set used in <text> is as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS
- display event reporting using result code +CDEV: <elem>,<text>. All display events shall be directed from TA to TE. Character set used in <text> is as specified by command Select TE Character Set +CSCS



	(19) +CMER	Mobile Termination Event Reporting (continued)	
	<ind></ind>	0 no indicator event reporting	
		indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <ind>,<value>. <ind> indicates the indicator order number (as specified for +CIND) and <value +cind="" are="" be="" by="" caused="" events,="" indicated="" indicator="" indicator.="" is="" new="" not="" of="" onl="" shall="" ta="" te<="" th="" the="" those="" to="" value="" which=""></value></ind></value></ind>	
		indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <ind>,<value>. All indicator events shall be directed from TA to TE</value></ind>	
	 	O TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 13 is entered</mode>	
		1 TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 13 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes)</mode>	
	Reference	3GPP TS 27.GSM027 rel99 8.10	
	Standard Scope	Mandatory	
Enfora Implementation Scope		Full	
	Notes	N/A	



3.02 Enfora Specific Commands

(a) SIM Toolkit Commands

(1) %SATC SET SIM Application Toolkit

Configuration

Command Function This command sets the configuration for

SIM application toolkit download

mechanism.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

AT%SATC=?

Command Format Query

Response

SATC: (<n>(0,1)),(<prflLen>(24))

OK

Write Format AT%SATC=<n>,<satPrfl>

Response OK

Read Format AT%SATC?

Response SATC: =<n>,<satPrfl >

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<n> o disable presentation of

unsolicited notifications result codes from the TA to the TE

1 enable presentation of unsolicited

notifications result codes from the

TA to the TE

<prfILen> Length in Bytes of the current <satPrfI>

<satPrfl> String type: SIM application toolkit

profile, starting with the first byte of the

profile.



(1) %SATC SET SIM Application Toolkit

Configuration (continued)

Reference GSM 11.14

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Associated commands

AT%SATT,AT%SATE, AT%SATR. Associate results codes %SATE,

%SATA,

%SATN and %SATI. String types in Hexadecimal format (refer to AT+CSCS)



(2) %SATE Send SAT Envelope Command

Command Function This command sends a SAT command

to the SIM, using the envelope

mechanism of SIM application toolkit.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format AT%SATE=<satCmd>
Response %SATE: <satRsp>

OK

Read Format AT%SATE?

Response OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<satCmd> String type: SIM application toolkit

command, starting with command tag

<satRsp> String type: SIM application toolkit

response, starting with first bye of

response data

Reference GSM 11.14

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Associated commands

AT%SATT,AT%SATC, AT%SATR. Associate results codes %SATE, %SATA, %SATN and %SATI. String types in Hexadecimal format (refer to

AT+CSCS)



(3) %SATR Send SAT Command Response

Command Function This command sends a SAT response

N/A

to a previously received SAT command.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response N/A

Write Format AT%SATR=<satRsp>

Response OK

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<satRsp> String type: SIM application toolkit

response, starting with first bye of

response data.

Reference GSM 11.14

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Associated commands

AT%SATT, AT%SATC, AT%SATE. Associate results codes %SATE,

%SATA, %SATN and %SATI. String types in Hexadecimal format (refer to

AT+CSCS)



(4) %SATT Terminate SAT Command or Session

Command Function This command is used to terminate a

SIM application toolkit command or

session

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format AT%SATT=<cs>

Response OK

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<cs> 0 user stop redialing

1 end of redialing reached

2 user ends session

Reference GSM 11.14

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Associated commands

AT%SATR,AT%SATC, AT%SATE. Associate results codes %SATE, %SATA, %SATN and %SATI. String types in Hexadecimal format (refer to

AT+CSCS)



(b) Basic Audio Commands

(1) \$VGR Microphone Receiver Gain

Command Function This command sets the receive level

gain for the microphone input.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$VGR=? \$VGR: (0-24)

OK

Write Format AT\$VGR=<rxgain>
Response \$VGR: <rxgain>

OK

Read Format AT\$VGR?

Response \$VGR: <rxgain>

OK

N/A

Execution Format

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<rxgain> 0 -12 dB

1 -11 dB

2 -10 dB

•••

24 +12 dB

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A

Notes Receiver gain settings are in 1 dB steps

from -12 to +12 dB.



Speaker Transmit Gain (2) **\$VGT**

Command Function This command is used to set the coarse

speaker transmit gain

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$VGT=? \$VGT: (0-12)

OK

Write Format AT\$VGT=<txgain> Response

\$VGT: <txgain>

OK

Read Format AT\$VGT?

\$VGT: <txgain> Response

OK

N/A **Execution Format**

Response N/A

Parameter Values

0 -6 dB <txgain>

> 1 -5 dB 2 -4 dB 3 -3 dB

12 +6 dB

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Tx gain settings in 1 dB steps from -6 to

+6 dB.



(3) \$VLVL Speaker Volume

Command Function This command is used to set the

speaker volume

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$VLVL=? \$VLVL: (0-5)

OK

Write Format AT\$VLVL=<volume>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$VLVL?

Response \$VLVL: <volume>

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<volume> 0 Mute

1 -24 dB 2 -18 dB 3 -12 dB 4 -6 dB 5 0 dB

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(4) \$VST Sidetone Volume

Command Function This command is used to set the

sidetone volume

Command Functional

Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response \$VST: (0-10)

OK

AT\$VST=?

Write Format AT\$VST=<sidetone level>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$VST

Response \$VST: =<sidetone level>

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<sidetone level> 0 mute

1 -23

2 -20 dB

3 -17 dB

4 -14 dB

5 -11 dB

6 -8 dB

7 -5 dB

8 -2 dB

9 +1 Db

10 +4 dB

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(c) Advanced Audio Commands

(1) \$DFIR Configure Downlink FIR Coefficients

Command Function This command allows the user to set the

downlink FIR filter coefficients to

improve voice quality.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$DFIR=? \$DFIR: 0-ffff, ... 0-ffff (32 entries)

OK

Write Format AT\$DFIR =<coeff1>,<coeff2>, ...

Response <coeff31>,<coeff32>

OK

Read Format AT\$DFIR?

Response \$DFIR: <coeff1>, <coeff2>, ... (12)

<coeff13>, <coeff14>, ... (12) <coeff25>, <coeff26>, ... (8)

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

< coeff1 > 0-ffff=> 2.14 fixed point number.

< coeff2 > 0-ffff=> 2.14 fixed point number.

• • •

< coeff31 > 0-ffff=> 2.14 fixed point number.

< coeff32 > 0-ffff=> 2.14 fixed point number.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(1) \$DFIR Configure Downlink FIR Coefficients

(continued)

Notes Only 31 coefficients are required for the

hw but programs being used to generate the coefficients output 32. The less modifications needed to the output the

better.

These coefficients are 2.14 fixed point

values input in hexadecimal.

Examples

AT\$DFIR =4000,0,0,...,0,0 4000 followed by all zeros is unity (pass

through mode).



(2) \$UFIR Coefficients

Command Function This command allows the user to set the

uplink FIR filter coefficients to improve

voice quality.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$UFIR=?

Response \$UFIR: 0-ffff, ... 0-ffff (32 entries)

OK

Write Format AT\$UFIR =<coeff1>,<coeff2>, ...

Response <coeff31>,<coeff32>

OK

Read Format AT\$UFIR?

Response \$UFIR: <coeff1>, <coeff2>, ... (12)

<coeff13>, <coeff14>, ... (12)

<coeff25>, <coeff26>, ... (8)

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

< coeff1 > 0-ffff=> 2.14 fixed point number.

< coeff2 > 0-ffff=> 2.14 fixed point number.

...

< coeff31 > 0-ffff=> 2.14 fixed point number.

< coeff32 > 0-ffff=> 2.14 fixed point number.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(2) \$UFIR Coefficients

(continued)

Notes Only 31 coefficients are required for the

hw but programs being used to generate the coefficients output 32. The less modifications needed to the output the

better.

These coefficients are 2.14 fixed point

values input in hexadecimal.

Examples

AT\$UFIR =4000,0,0,...,0,0 4000 followed by all zeros is unity (pass

through mode).



(3) **\$ESUP Echo Suppression Control**

Command Function This command allows the user to

configure the echo suppression settings

for the current voice mode (see

\$vselect)

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$ESUP=?

Response \$ESUP: (0-1), (0-1), (0-5),(0-1),(0-3),20,

3276,13392,256

OK

Write Format AT\$ESUP=<echo>, <continuous filtering>, type>,<echo level>, Response

<noise>,<noise level>

OK

Read Format AT\$ESUP?

\$ESUP: <echo>,<echo type>,<echo Response

level>,<noise>,<noise level>

N/A **Execution Format** N/A

Response

Parameter Values

< echo > **0**=> disable echo suppression.

1=> enable echo suppression.

< continuous filtering > 0 => off

1 => on

< echo level > 0 => 0 dB

> 1 => 2 dB **2** => 3 dB 3 => 12 dB **4** => 18 dB 5 = 24 dB

< noise > **0**=> disable noise suppression.

1=> enable noise suppression.



(3) \$ESUP Echo Suppression Control

(continued)

< noise level > 0 => no limit

1 => 6 dB 2 => 12 dB 3 => 18 dB

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Currently AT\$ESUP values must be

entered into the modem for each call

that is connected.

The **<continuous filtering>** parameter and **<echo level>** parameter can only be set while in an active voice call.

Examples

AT\$ESUP=1,1,3,0,0 Enable short suppression (12 dB) with

continuous filtering and noise

suppression disabled.

The last four parameters are used in fine-tuning handset level integration and are not documented as part of the module level integration. They will not have any effect on the GSM noise.



(4) \$PREAMP Set Uplink Voice Parameters

Command Function This command allows the user to enter

uplink voice specific parameters for the

current voice mode (see \$vselect).

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$PREAMP=?

\$PREAMP: (0-1), (0-24), (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT+PREAMP=<bias>, <gain>,<extra

Response

gain> OK

Read Format AT\$PREAMP?

Response \$PREAMP: <bias>,<gain>,<extra gain>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

< bias > 0=> 2v.

1=> 2.5v.

< gain > The value of the gain follows:

0 = > -12 dB

1 => -11 dB

2 => -10 dB

3 = -9 dB

. . .

21 => 9 dB

22 => 10 dB

23 => 11 dB

24 => 12 dB

< extra gain > 0 => 28.2 dB.

1 => 4.6 dB.



(4) \$PREAMP Set Uplink Voice Parameters

(continued)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Change in bias may or may not have an

affect, depending on hardware.

Extra gain is not support. Changing the value will have no affect on the module

configuration.

Examples

AT\$PREAMP =1,12,0 Max volume from the microphone.



(5) \$SPKCFG Set Downlink Voice Parameters

Command Function This command allows the user to

configure the downlink voice path parameters for the current voice mode

(see \$vselect).

Command Functional Enfora Specific

Group

Command Format Query AT\$SPKCFG=?

Response \$SPKCFG: (0-12), (0-5), (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT\$SPKCFG=<gain>,

<volume>,<filter>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$SPKCFG?

Response \$SPKCFG: <gain>,<volume>,<filter>

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

< gain > 0 = > -6 dB.

1 = > -5 db.

2=> -4 db.

3=> **-**3 db.

4=> -2 db.

5=> -1 db.

6=> 0 db.

7=> 0 db.

8=> 2 db.

)=> ∠ ub.

9=> 3 db.

10=> 3 db.

11=> 5 db.

12=> 6 db.



(5) \$SPKCFG Set Downlink Voice Parameters

(continued)

< volume > The value of volume is as follows:

0 => Mute 1 => -24 dB 2 => -18 dB 3 => -12 dB 4 => -6 db 5 => 0 dB

< filter > 0 - on

1 - off

Enable/disable voice filter. Filter coefficients set by \$DFIR/\$UFIR

commands

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A

Examples

AT\$SPKCFG=12,5,0 Max gain/volume with the filter enabled.

AT\$SPKCFG=12,0,0 Downlink voice is muted.

AT\$SPKCFG=8,4,1 Less than optimal voice quality with filter

disabled.



(6) \$VSELECT Voice Select

Command Function This command selects the voice mode

of the device. Only valid options applicable to the hardware will be allowed. All applicable constants and settings are loaded when the mode is

changed and at power up.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$VSELECT=? \$VSELECT: (0-2)

OK

Write Format AT\$VSELECT= <mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$VSELECT? **Response** \$VSELECT: 0

Execution Format AT\$VSELECT

Response \$VSELECT : <reset state>

OK

Parameter Values

<Mode> 0 Selects handset for voice

1 Selects headset for voice

2 Selects speakerphone for voice

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A

Examples

To set the voice mode to Headset:

AT\$VSELECT=1

OK



(d) TCP API Commands

(1) \$TCPAPI TCP API Control

Command Function This command allows the user to initiate

and terminate and query the status of the TCP API connection. *Please note* that the TCP API can only be used over

the air.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$TCPAPI=? \$TCPAPI: (0-1)

OK

Write Format AT\$TCPAPI=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$TCPAPI?

Response \$TCPAPI: <mode> (M-<Mgr Task>,R-

<Rec Task>,T-<Trans Task>,Idx

<Friend Index>)

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 = Disabled

1 = Enabled

<Mgr Task > TCP API Manager Task

0 = None

1 = Init

2 = Idle

3 = Connecting

4 = Connected

5 = Disconnecting



(1) \$TCPAPI TCP API Control (continued)

<Rec Task > TCP API Receive Task

0 = None 1 = Init 2 = Idle

3 = Connecting

4 = Waiting for Header 5 = Waiting for Frame

<Trans Task > TCP API Transmit Task

0 = None 1 = Init 2 = Idle

3 = Connected 4 = Sending

⟨Friend Index > Friend Index (1 − 10)

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(2) \$TCPSRC TCP API Source Ports

Command Function Specifies the TCP API source port

range used when making a TCPAPI

connection.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$TCPSRC=?

Response \$TCPSRC: (1024-65535),(1024-65535)

OK

Write Format AT\$TCPSRC=<Start Port Number>,

Response [<End Port Number>]

OK

Read Format AT\$TCPSRC?

Response \$TCPSRC: <Start Port Number>,

<End Port Number>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<Start Port Number> TCP API starting port number

<End Port Number > TCP API ending port number

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes

- Each connection attempt uses the next port number in sequence until the end port is passed. When this happens the port is set to the start port number.
- This current port number in use is retained over a power cycle.
- If only the start port number is provided, the end port number will be start port number + 49 (range of 50)



(3) \$TCPRETRYTO TCP API Retry Timeout

Command Function Specifies the number of seconds without

receiving a TCP level ACK that will cause the connection to be closed.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$TCPRETRYTO=?

\$TCPRETRYTO: (120-65535)

OK

Write Format AT\$TCPRETRYTO=<Timeout>

OK

Read Format AT\$TCPRETRYTO?

Response \$TCPRETRYTO: <Timeout>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<Timeout> TCP API retry timeout value

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes After closing the connection, the device

will attempt to reconnect using the FRIEND list. The purpose of this command is to provide an abort to the

TCP stack level retries.

Currently, the number of retries is 10 and the amount of time varies based on

calculated round trip time. The

minimum time allowed is 120 seconds.

Attempts to set the retry timeout to a value less than 120 or more than 65535

will result in an error.



(4) \$TCPIDLETO TCP API Idle Timeout

Command Function Specifies the number of seconds without

data traffic, in either direction, before

closing the connection.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$TCPIDLETO=?

Response \$TCPIDLETO: (0-65535)

OK

Write Format AT\$TCPIDLETO=<Timeout>

OK

Read Format AT\$TCPIDLETO?

Response \$TCPIDLETO: <Timeout>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<Timeout> TCP API idle timeout value

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes After closing the connection, the device

will attempt to reconnect using the

FRIEND list.



(5) \$TCPSTATS **TCP API Statistics**

Command Function Displays bytes transmitted and received

since last reset or last

AT\$TCPSTATS=0 command.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$TCPSTATS=? \$TCPSTATS: (0)

OK

AT\$TCPSTATS=<mode> **Write Format**

Response OK

Read Format AT\$TCPSTATS?

\$TCPSTATS: Rx < Rx Bytes>, Tx < Tx Response

Bytes>, M < Mode Change>, D < GPRS

Deactivate>,R <Restarts>, C <Connection Timeout>, | <Idle Timeout>, S <Socket Errors>

Execution Format N/A N/A

Response

Parameter Values

0 to clear TCPSTATS <clear>

<Rx Bytes> TCP API bytes received

<Tx Bytes> TCP API bytes transmitted

<Mode Changes> Mode change (AT\$TCPAPI=0)

<GPRS Deactivate> **GPRS** deactivate

<Restarts> TCP API restarts (AT\$TCPRESTRT)

<Connection Timeout> TCP API connection timeout

<ldle Timeout> TCP API idle timeout

<Socket Errors> TCP API socket errors



(5) \$TCPSTATS TCP API Statistics (continued)

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes AT\$TCPSTATS=0 will clear all TCP API

statistics.



(6) \$TCPRESTRT TCP API Restart

Command Function If a connection exists, it is dropped and

a new connection is attempted starting

at the beginning of the Friend list.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$TCPRESTRT=?

Response OK

Write Format AT\$TCPRESTRT

OK

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values N/A

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(e) UDP API Commands

(1) \$UDPAPI Modem API Address

Command Function This command allows the user to

query/set the API IP address and port number. Any UDP packet received from a local host and addressed to the

modem API IP and port will be

intercepted and processed as a modem API request. Any UDP packet received from a remote server and addressed to the modem API port will be intercepted

and processed as a modem API

request.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$UDPAPI=?

\$UDPAPI: "(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-

255)",(0-65535)

OK

Write Format AT\$UDPAPI="<API IP>",<API port>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$UDPAPI?

Response \$UDPAPI: "<APIIP>", <API port>

N/A

Execution Format

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<a>PI IP address for local API access

<API port >
Udp port number for local and remote

API access

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(2) \$APIPWD API Password

Command Function This command allows the user to

query/set the API password. A non-friend remote user must gain password

access before being allowed API

access.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$APIPWD=?

\$APIPWD: ("PASSWORD")

OK

Write Format AT\$APIPWD="<**API password>**"

Response OK

Read Format AT\$APIPWD?

Response \$APIPWD: "<API password>"

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<API password> 8 character string. A NULL password

indicates ALL remote users are allowed

API access.

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes See Enfora GSM-GPRS Family UDP-

API Reference GSM0102PB002MAN for further details regarding the use of the

API Password.



(f) Message Log Commands

(1) \$MSGLOGCL Message Log Clear

Command Function The \$MSGLOGCL command erases the

log file.

Command Functional

Group

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT\$MSGLOGCL

Response OK

Parameter Values None

Reference

Standard Scope

Enfora Implementation Scope

Notes



(2) \$MSGLOGDMP **Dump Unsent Messages to Serial**

Port

Command Function This command allows the user to dump

the contents of the unsent messages to the serial port. This command is nondestructive in that it does not actually remove the messages from the queue.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$MSGLOGDMP=?

Response

\$MSGLOGDMP:(0-3),(0-1),(1-83)

OK

Write Format AT\$MSGLOGDMP=<queue>,<format>,

bytes_per_line>

Response

OK

Read Format

Response

N/A

Execution Format

Response

N/A

Parameter Values

0 = event data that was configured to be <queue>

sent to a remote server via GPRS only

1 = event data that was configured to be sent to a remote server via GPRS primarily but also use SMS as backup method if GPRS is not

available

2 = event data that was configured to be sent to a remote server via SMS

only

3 = event data that was configured to be sent to a remote server via TCPAPI

only



(2) \$MSGLOGDMP Dump unsent messages to serial port

(continued)

byte that is not a printable ASCII
character, it will be displayed as '?'

1 = hex format (Each byte in message
is displayed as a two-digit hex
character representing the value of
the byte with spaces between each
byte. Maximum of 16 bytes per line.)

<bytes_per_line> 1-83 (default = 16) number of bytes

displayed per line for binary data (each byte is represented as a two-digit hex

value followed by a space)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

NotesThis command was developed primarily

as a troubleshooting utility to help debug problems related to handling unsent

messages in flash.

This feature is available in software

version 0.7.8, and later.



(3) \$MSGLOGEN Message Log Enable

Command Function The \$MSGLOGEN command has been

created to enable or disable saving GPS data generated via the event engine in

modem's memory

Command Functional

Group

Command Format Query AT\$MSGLOGEN=?

Response \$MSGLOGEN: (0-1)

OK

Write Format AT\$MSLOGEN=<setting>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$MSGLOGEN?

Response \$MSGLOGEN: <setting>

Execution Format

Response

Parameter Values

<setting> = 0 - 1 (possible valid values)

0 = Disable message logging (default). Event data is sent to the remote server upon occurrence.

1 = Enable message logging. Event data has to be read via AT\$MSGLOGEN

command or when

AT\$MSGLOGEN=0 is sent.

Reference Standard Scope

Enfora Implementation Scope



(3) \$MSGLOGEN

Message Log Enable (continued)

Notes

If AT\$MSGLOGEN command was enabled and any unsent messages exist in memory, then the unsent data will be sent to the remote server when data logging is disabled.



(4) \$MSGLOGRD **Message Log Read Data**

Command Function The \$MSGLOGRD command has been

created to read data from memory.

Command Functional

Group

Command Format Query AT\$MSGLOGRD=?

Response \$MSGLOGRD: (0-2),(0-x),(0-y)

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT\$MSGLOGRD?

Response \$MSGLOGRD: <queue>,<number of

messages>,<starting index>

OK

Parameter Values

<queue> = 0 – 2 (possible valid values).

> 0 = event data that was configured to be sent to a remote server via GPRS only

1 = event data that was configured to be sent to a remote server via GPRS primarily but also use SMS as backup method if GPRS is not

available

2 = event data that was configured to be sent to a remote server via SMS

only



(4) \$MSGLOGRD

Message Log Read Data (continued)

<number of messages> =

x = total number of messages one desires to read from the memory. A user can choose to read 1 message in which case x = 1 or read all messages in which case x = 65535.

<starting index> =

y = starting index number of messages that are stored in the memory.

NOTE: y cannot be greater than maximum number of stored messages.

Reference Standard Scope

Enfora Implementation Scope

Notes

AT\$MSGLOGRD? command returns 8 values. The first two values correspond to data stored for the GPRS queue. The next two values correspond to data stored for SMS AS BACKUP queue, and the last two values correspond to data stored for SMS queue

- Each value is comma (,) delimited.
- The first value of any queue represents "Total Number of Unread Messages". This value can be used as the <number of messages> field while reading messages
- The second value of any queue represents: "Total Number of Messages Stored for that Queue". Subtract the "Total Number of Unread Messages" from the "Total Number of Messages Stored for that Queue" and use that as the <starting



(4) \$MSGLOGRD

Message Log Read Data (continued)

index> of where to read data from in the memory.



(5) \$MSGLOGAL Message Log Alarm

Command Function This command allows a user to set

trigger conditions and send a message

when conditions are violated

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$MSGLOGAL=?

\$MSGLOGAL: (0-100),(0-10000),(0-4)

OK

Write Format Response AT\$MSGLOGAL=<pctg>,<msgs>,

<msgType>

Read Format Response AT\$MSGLOGAL?

\$MSGLOGAL: 0,0,0

OK

Execution Format Response N/A

Parameter Values

<pctg> This field specifies the trigger condition

when **x** Percentage of the message log buffer is filled with unsent messages. Valid values for this parameter are 0 – 100 % positive integer values only.

<msgs> Maximum number of messages stored

in

the message log buffer before sending a msg log alarm message. Valid values

for this parameter are 0-10000

messages. Note, the maximum number

of messages stored in the buffer depends on the message length. This does not imply that one can store 10,000 messages of any length. Maximum buffer size is 50Kbytes.



(5) \$MSGLOGAL Message Log Alarm

(continued)

<msgType> This parameter specifies the

medium/transport used to send the

alarm message

0 = send alarm message out the serial

port

1 = send alarm message via SMS to addresses specified by \$smsda

command

2 = send alarm message via UDP to address specified by \$friend command 4 = send alarm message via TCP to address specified by \$friend command

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The alarm message will have the

following

format: <mdmid>,<# of bytes available>,<# of unsent messages>.

Example: Send the following command at\$msglogal=1,0,0 to

enable message log alarm when 1% of memory is full with unsent messages. When alarm condition is triggered, you should see a message similar to this: "010754000056580,55399,12" over the serial port where "010754000056580" is the modem ID of the device, "55399" is the number of bytes available to store messages, and "12" is the number of unsent messages currently stored in buffer.

A new alarm message is sent only after the current alarm condition is cleared.



(g) GPS Commands

(1) \$GEOFNC Geo fencing a circular area

Command Function This command allows a user to send a

GPS message when the device moves in or out of a geographical area. The

distance is measured in meters.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$GEOFNC=?

Response \$GEOFNC: (1 – 25),(0 - 100000),(-90 -

+90),(-180 - +180)

OK

Write Format Response AT\$GEOFNC=<fenceNum>,<radius>,

<latitude>,<longitude>

OK

Read Format Response AT\$GEOFNC?

\$GEOFNC:

<fenceNum>,<radius>,<latitude>,<lon

gitude>

OK

Execution Format Response N/A

Parameter Values

< fenceNum> Defines the fence number

< radius > Defines radius of the circle from given

Latitude and Longitude coordinates

< latitude > Defines the latitude for the center point

of a circle

< longitude > Defines the longitude for the center

point of a circle

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional



(1) \$GEOFNC Geo fencing a circular area

(continued)

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes An AT\$EVENT command has to be set

to send a GPS message to the remote host when entering or exiting the fenced area. See the MT-G Users Manual for

example.



(2) \$GFDBNC Set Geofence Debounce Count

Command Function This command allows the user to set the

of consecutive geofence positions required to trigger an 'inside geofence'

or 'outside geofence' event.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$GFDBNC=?

Response \$GFDBNC:(0-250, 0-250)

OK

Write Format AT\$GFDBNC=<out_cnt>,

<in_cnt>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$GFDBNC?

Response \$GFDBNC: <out_cnt>, <in_cnt>

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A

Parameter Values

<out_cnt> consecutive GPS position reports

outside a geofence required to trigger '0' condition for geofence input event (see

\$EVENT)

<in cnt> consecutive GPS position reports inside

a geofence required to trigger '1'

condition for geofence input event (see

\$EVENT)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional



(2) \$GFDBNC

Set geofence debounce count (continued)

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The GPS reporting interval varies

depending on the product. For the MTGL, the updates are sent once a second so the \$GFDBNC counts correspond to seconds. For the MT-uL, the updates are sent once every two

seconds.



(3) \$GOPMD GPS Receiver Operation Mode

Command Function This command allows a user to set the

operation mode for the GPS receiver.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$GOPMD=?

\$GOPMD: (0-3),(1-3),(0,2-7200)

OK

Write Format Response

AT\$GOPMD=<**option**>,<**fixMode**>,<**reportInt**

erval> OK

Read Format Response AT\$GOPMD?

\$GOPMD:

=<option>,<fixMode>,<reportInterval>

OK

Execution Format Response N/A

Parameter Values

<option> 0 – Turn GPS receiver Off

1 – Autonomous2 – Reserved

3 - Enhanced Autonomous

< fixMode> 1 – One-Time Fix

2 - Low Power Navigation

3 - Timed Interval

< reportInterval> 0 – One-Time Fix or Native Mode

2 – 7200 Time in seconds at which the NMEA GPS data will be generated in Timed Interval

mode

NOTE: A value of 0 when fixMode = Timed Interval Mode is the same as turning the GPS

receiver Off.

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(3) \$GOPMD GPS Receiver Operation Mode

(continued)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(4) \$GPSCLR Clear GPS positioning information

Command Function This command allows the user to clear the

selected GPS positioning information.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$GPSCLR=? \$GPSCLR: (1-31)

OK

Write Format Response N/A

Read Format Response N/A

Execution Format Response AT\$GPSCLR=<mask>

Parameter Values

< mask> Bit mask specifying which GPS information

is to be cleared. Each bit specifies the GPS information that is to be cleared as enumerated

in the table below.

Bit value	GPS Info
1	LTO
2	Ephemeris
4	Almanac
8	GPS Time
16	Last known position

To select multiple items to clear, add the bit values of each item to be cleared. To clear LTO, Ephemeris and Almanac, the mask value is 7(1 + 2 + 4).



(4) \$GPSCLR Clear GPS Positioning Information

(continued)

Notes If GPS is positioning when this command is

issued, an error will be returned and the command will not be executed. GPS must be

stopped before issuing the \$GPSCLR

command using \$GOPMD=0.



(5) \$GPSDST GPS Destination IP Address

Command Function This command allows a user to set the

destination IP address and port number for

SUPL interface

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$GPSDST=?

\$GPSDST: "(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255)", "(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(

1), (supl srvr)

OK

Write Format Response

AT\$GPSDST=<ip_addr1>,<ip_addr2>,<port

Num>,

<DNS enable>,<DNS addr>

OK

Read Format Response AT\$GPSDST?

\$GPSDST:

<ip_addr1>,<ip_addr2>,<portNum>,

<DNS enable>,<DNS addr>

OK

Execution Format Response N/A

Parameter Values

<ip addr1> "(0-255).(0-255).(0-255)" Primary IP

address

<ip_addr2> "(0-255).(0-255).(0-255)" Secondary IP

address

<*portNum*> (0 – 65535) Port Number associated with the

IP address

<**DNS enable**> 0 – Disable DNS resolution for SUPL server

1 – Enable DNS resolution for SUPL server

<**DNS addr>** DNS address for the SUPL server. Format is:

www.myurl.com. HTTP:// is not required.



(5) \$GPSDST GPS Destination Address (continued)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If the **DNS enable** parameter is set to 1

(default setting) the **DNS addr** will be used to connect to the SUPL server. The **ip_addr1**

and *ip_addr2*parameters can be 000.000.000.000 (default settings).



(6) \$GPSFLASH Flushing of GPS NVRAM to the FFS

Command Function This command allows the user to specify the

interval, in minutes, at which the modem will stop positioning, write GPS' NVRAM to the

FFS and then resume positioning.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$GPSFLASH=?

\$GPSFLASH: (0-1440)

OK

Write Format Response AT\$GPSFLASH=(0-1440)

OK

Read Format Response AT\$GPSFLASH?

\$GPSFLASH: < interval>, < remaining>

OK

Execution Format Response AT\$GPSFLASH

ERROR

Parameter Values

<interval in minutes at which the modem will

stop positioning, write GPS' NVRAM to the

FFS and then resume positioning.

< remaining> Seconds remaining in the current interval. It

will be this many seconds until Whistler stops positioning, writes GPS' NVRAM to the FFS

and then resumes positioning.

Notes If the interval is set to 0, then the Whistler will

never stop positioning to write NVRAM.



(7) \$GPSLCL Send message to the Serial Port

\$GPSLCL Configure sending of GPS message to the

Serial Port

Command Function This command allows the user to configure

sending of GPS data on the USB port.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$GPSLCL=?

Response \$GPSLCL: (0 - 5), (0-63)

OK

Write Format AT\$GPSLCL=<option>,<nmeaMsgs>

Response OK or ERROR

Read Format AT\$GPSLCL?

\$GPSLCL: < option>, < nmeaMsgs>

Response OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A



(7) \$GPSLCL

Configure sending of GPS message to the Serial Port (continued)

Parameter Values

<option>

- 0 Disable sending of GPS data to the local USB port when the device is in AT command mode (*Default*)
- 1 Enable sending of GPS NMEA ASCII data to the local USB port when the device is in AT command mode
- 2 Enable sending of GPS NMEA ASCII data to the local USB port. This option has to be sent by the user in DUN mode. Data sent as a result of this option will always contain a UDP/IP header. Data will be sent to the IP address and port number set by \$UDPAPI command. This option has no effect on the operation of the modem when entered via the AT command mode.
- 3 Reserved
- 4 Reserved

<nmeaMsgs>

This field is the bit-wise OR of the type of messages desired. The user has following message options to select from. Maximum value for <*nmeaMsgs*> in this case would be 3F



(7) \$GPSLCL

Configure sending of GPS message to the Serial Port (continued)

User Selectable Bits	Type of NMEA Message
0x01	GGA
0x02	GLL
0x04	GSA
0x08	GSV
0x10	RMC
0x20	VTG

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(8) \$GPSODOM GPS Odometer History

Command Function This command allows the user to read

the hourly Odometer history for four days – starting with the current day.

Command Functional Enfora Specific

Group

Command Format Query AT\$GPSODOM=?
Response \$GPSODOM: (0-3)

OK

Write Format N/A

Response

Read Format AT\$ GPSODOM=<day > Response \$ GPSODOM: <day >

<date (DDMMYY - GMT)>

<Hour 0 (Hundreds of meters traveled between **Midnight** and **1 AM**>

<Hour 1 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 010000 and 015959>

<Hour 2 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 020000 and 025959>

<Hour 3 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 030000 and 035959>

<Hour 4 (Hundreds of meters traveled between **040000** and **045959**>

<Hour 5 (Hundreds of meters traveled between **050000** and **055959**>

<Hour 6 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 060000 and 065959>

<Hour 7 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 070000 and 075959>

<Hour 8 (Hundreds of meters traveled between **080000** and **085959**>

<Hour 9 (Hundreds of meters traveled between **090000** and **095959**>

<Hour 10 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 100000 and 105959>



(8) \$GPSODOM

GPS Odometer History (continued)

<Hour 11 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 110000 and 115959> <Hour 12 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 120000 and 125959> <Hour 13 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 130000 and 135959> <Hour 14 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 140000 and 145959> <Hour 15 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 150000 and 155959> <Hour 16 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 160000 and 165959> <Hour 17 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 170000 and 175959> <Hour 18 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 180000 and 185959> <Hour 19 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 190000 and 195959> <Hour 20 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 200000 and 205959> <Hour 21 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 210000 and 215959> <Hour 22 (Hundreds of meters traveled between 220000 and 225959> <Hour 23 (Hundreds of meters traveled)</p> between 230000 and 235959>

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<day > 0 = today

1 = yesterday (1 day ago)

2 = 2 days ago 3 = 3 days ago

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(8) \$GPSODOM

GPS Odometer History (continued)

Notes

Distance traveled within an hour is only saved on top of every hour and during an Ignition off (if configured). Distance for the current hour is not saved in the event of a power cycle.

Hour displayed is in Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) zone.



(9) \$GPSQUAL GPS Quality Filters

Command Function This command allows the user to

set/query the filter values used to determine when to interpret GPS data

as valid.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$GPSQUAL=?

Response \$GPSQUAL:(0-1), (0-255)

OK

Write Format AT\$GPSQUAL="<fix type>,<HDOP

level>"

Response OK

Read Format AT\$GPSQUAL?

Response \$GPSQUAL:<fix type>,<HDOP level>

Execution Format N/A

Response

Parameter Values

<fix type> 0 (default) = consider GPS data valid if

\$GPGSA fix is either 2D GPS fix (2) or

(3D) Differential GPS fix (3).

1 = consider GPS data valid only if \$GPGSA fix is (3D) Differential GPS fix

(3).

<HDOP level> 0 (default) = do not use HDOP value

from \$GPGSA sentence when determining whether GPS is valid

1-255 = consider GPS data valid only if HDOP value from \$GPGSA sentence is less than or equal to indicated this

HDOP limit.

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(9) \$GPSQUAL GPS Quality Filters

(continued)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes



(10) \$GPSRD Read current GPS ASCII data

Command Function This command allows a user to read

current NMEA format GPS data.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$GPSRD=?

Response \$GPSRD: [(0-3F),(0-63)], (0-1)

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format AT\$GPSRD=<nmeaMsgs>,<decimal>

"\$GPG....."

Response OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values The output NMEA sentence depends on

whether the <**nmeaMsgs**> parameter is entered in Hex or Decimal format. By default, the <**decimal**> parameter is not required and <**nmeaMsgs**> parameter has to be entered as HEX value without

the preceding "0x" characters as outlined in Hex Format table below.

<nmeaMsgs> This field is the sum of the type of

NMEA messages desired. A user has the following message options to select from. Maximum value for <*nmeaMsgs*> in this case would be 3F in Hex format

or 63 in decimal format.



(10) \$GPSRD

Read current GPS ASCII data (continued)

Hex Format

User Selectable	Type of NMEA Message
0x01	GGA
0x02	GLL
0x04	GSA
0x08	GSV
0x10	RMC
0x20	VTG

Decimal Format

User	Type of NMEA
Selectable	Message
1	GGA
2	GLL
4	GSA
8	GSV
16	RMC
32	VTG

< decimal> 1 = < nmeaMsg> value has to be sum of

User Selectable values from decimal

table format

0 = select values out of hex table format

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(11) \$GPSSRC GPS Source Port Number

Command Function This command allows a user to set the source

port number for SUPL interface

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$GPSSRC=?

\$GPSSRC: (0-65535)

OK

Write Format Response AT\$GPSSRC=<portNum>

OK

Read Format Response AT\$GPSSRC?

\$GPSSRC: < portNum>

OK

Execution Format Response N/A

Parameter Values

<portNum> 0-65535: Source port number for SUPL

interface

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(12) \$LTODL LTO download and LTO data

Command Function This command allows the user to initiate

an LTO download, and query the status of an LTO download and of the LTO data. An LTO download cannot be initiated if a download is already in progress, or in the absence of a GPRS

registration.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$LTODL=?

Response \$LTODL

OK

Write Format Response N/A

OK

Read Format Response AT\$LTODL?

\$LTODL: < Ito_valid>, < dnld_sts>,

<failures>, <dnld_year>, <dnld_month>, <dnld_day>, <dnld_hour>, <dnld_min>,

<dnld_sec>,

OK

Execution Format Response AT\$LTODL

OK

Parameter Values

< **Ito valid**> 0 – Current LTO data is not valid

1 – Current LTO data is valid

<dnld_sts> 0 - LTO download is not in progress

1 – LTO download is in progress

< failures> Number of LTO download failures since

last successful download



(12) \$LTODL LTO Download

(continued)

<dnld_year> Year of completion of last LTO

download

<dnId_month> Month of completion of last LTO

download

< dnld_day> Day of completion of last LTO download

<dnld_hour> Hour of completion of last LTO

download

< dnld_min> Minute of completion of last LTO

download

< dnld sec> Second of completion of last LTO

download

Notes If the download completes when the

modem does not know the time, the time reported will be the age of the LTO

data in hours, minutes, seconds.

Example:

Events that will display when an LTO download starts, completes or fails.

at\$event=8,1,64,1,1

at\$event=8,3,44,8,0

at\$stoatev=8,at\$msgsnd=0,"LTO started"

at\$event=9,1,64,2,2

at\$event=9,3,44,9,0

at\$stoatev=9,at\$msgsnd=0,"LTO complete"

at\$event=10,1,64,3,3

at\$event=10,3,44,10,0

at\$stoatev=10,at\$msgsnd=0,"LTO failed"



(13) \$LTORATE Set LTO File Download Frequency

Command Function This command allows a user to set the

frequency at which the LTO file will be downloaded from the GPS server

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$LTORATE =?

\$LTORATE: (0,4-48)

OK

Write Format Response AT\$LTORATE =< frequency>

OK

Read Format Response AT\$LTORATE?

\$LTORATE: < frequency>

OK

Execution Format Response N/A

Parameter Values

< frequency 0: disable downloading of LTO file from the

server

4-48: frequency (in hours) at which the LTO file

will be downloaded from the GPS server

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(14) \$ODOMETER MT Trip Odometer

Command Function The \$ODOMETER command records

how far the vehicle has traveled in one trip. The user can reset the odometer at

the beginning of a new trip.

Command Functional

Group

Command Format Query AT\$ODOMETER=?

Response \$ODOMETER: (0-400000000)

Write Format AT\$ODOMETER=1234 (where 1234 is

distance in meters)

Response OK

Read Format AT\$ODOMETER?

Response \$ODOMETER xxxx (xxxx=distance

traveled in meters)

Execution Format

Response

Parameter Values

Reference

Standard Scope

Enfora Implementation Scope



(14) \$ODOMETER

Odometer (continued)

Notes

The user shall be able to set a seed value for the Virtual Odometer (including a value of 0 but not higher than the maximum value of 4000000000)

The AT&F command shall not reset the seed value to 0.

The Virtual Odometer reading would be a 4-byte value starting from 0 to 4000000000 (maximum of approximately 2500000 miles before it rolls over to 0)

The unit for Virtual Odometer shall be in METERS.

The Virtual Odometer history shall be updated every second

The Virtual Odometer history shall be saved once a minute in modem's memory. This value shall be retained through an internal or external reset and can be read upon the next power up or during run time mode. The delta distance traveled between the minute marks could be lost due to an unexpected external or non-modem originated reset. However, the total distance traveled till the prior minute would still be preserved.



(15) \$GPSOSI Set and Query the GPS Overspeed

Interval

Command Function This command allows the user to define

the criteria for a GPS overspeed event. A GPS overspeed event occurs when a minimum speed is maintained for a

specific duration of time.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$GPSOSI=?

\$GPSOSI: (0 – 65535),(0-65535)

OK

Write Format Response AT\$GPSOSI=(0-65535),(0-65535)

OK

Read Format Response AT\$GPSOSI?

\$GPSOSI: <speed>, <interval>, <status>, <max_speed>, <duration>

OK

Execution Format Response AT\$GPSOSI

ERROR

Parameter Values

<speed> Speed, in nautical miles/hr, that must be

met and/or exceeded to trigger the GPS

overspeed event.

<interval> Number of consecutive seconds for

which <speed> must be maintained to trigger the GPS overspeed event.

< status> If 1, then < max speed> and < duration>

represent a GPS overspeed interval that is currently active. If 0, they represent the previous GPS overspeed interval.



(15) \$GPSOSI GPS Overspeed Interval

(continued)

<max_speed> The highest speed that was attained in

the current or previous GPS overspeed

interval.

< duration> Number of consecutive seconds that the

speed was at or above <speed>.

Notes If <speed> is set to zero, the GPS

overspeed event is disabled.



(h) Motion Sensor Commands

(1) \$WAKEENBL Motion Wake Enable

Command Function This command allows the user to

set/query the optional conditions used by the MSP430 to wake the modem. The modem will always be activated by a Power-On Reset or application of external (USB) power. The optional wake conditions controlled via this command include motion state

transitions and motion timer expirations.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$WAKEENBL=?

Response \$WAKEENBL:(0-31)

OK

Write Format AT\$WAKEENBL=<wake conditions>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$WAKEENBL?

Response \$WAKEENBL:<wake conditions>

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<wake conditions>1 – transition from "stopped" to "moving"

state

2 – transition from "moving" to "stopped"

state

4 – current state is "moving" (no

transition required)

8 – current state is "stopped" (no

transition required)

16 - Push-to-Call (PTC) button is

pressed



(1) \$WAKEENBL Motion Wake Enable

(continued)

Multiple wake conditions can be specified by adding these values. For example, AT\$WAKEENBL=12 would enable MSP430 to wake modem for transition to "stopped" or "moving" state

(4 + 8 = 12).

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The Mini-MT motion sensor generates

interrupts based on movement of a ballbearing in the sensor device. Each interrupt increments a motion count. Once a second the MSP 430 takes the motion count, clips it if necessary, and filters it to produce a filtered motion

count.



(2) \$WAKEINTVL Interval Wakeup Timer

Command Function This command allows the user to

set/query a timer used to periodically wake up the modem at a user-defined

interval (in minutes).

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$WAKEINTVL=?

Response \$WAKEINTVL:(0-65535)

OK

Write Format AT\$WAKEINTVL=<interval>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$WAKEINTVL?

Response \$WAKEINTVL:<interval>

Execution Format N/A

Response

Parameter Values

<interval> Number of minutes between each

attempt to wake up the modem (if modem is already awake, no action is taken). If value is zero, the wake interval

feature is disabled.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes This command relays the <interval>

value to the MSP430. If the value is non-zero, the MSP430 starts a counter, counting down from the interval value. When the count reaches zero, the

microprocessor wakes the modem if the modem is inactive (asleep). Regardless



(2) \$WAKEINTVL

Interval Wakeup Timer (continued)

of whether it needs to wake the modem or not, the microprocessor resets it count and starts the cycle all over again.

The interval value is also stored by the modem in non-volatile memory. So if the battery is removed (therefore causing the microprocessor to lose its memory of the interval value), the modem relays the interval value to the MSP430 at power-up (when the battery is installed) and the cycle starts again at this point.

This command is completely independent of the \$wakeenbl and \$wakertc commands. Although it would normally be used instead of the \$wakeenbl and \$wakertc commands, you can use this command in conjunction with the other commands.

For example, let's suppose you wanted the modem to be awake whenever the device was in motion, but you also wanted the modem to wake up for at least five minutes once an hour even if there was no motion. You could use the following commands:

(Wake up any time there is motion) at\$wakeenbl=4 (Stay awake for at least five minutes) at\$waketime=300 (Must detect no motion for 120 consecutive seconds before declaring unit stopped) at\$mottrans=120 (default) (Check modem every 60 minutes and wake it up, if asleep) at\$wakeintvl=60



(3) \$WAKERTC RTC Wakeup Timer

Command Function This command allows the user to

set/query a wakeup timer that is initially

set based on RTC inputs.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$WAKERTC=?

Response \$WAKERTC:(0,,6),(0..99),(1..12),

(1..31),(0..23),(0..59),(0..59)

OK

Write Format AT\$WAKERTC=<rtc_wkday>,

<rtc_year>,<rtc_month>,<rtc_day>,

<rtc_hour>,<rtc_min>,<rtc_sec>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$WAKERTC?

Response \$WAKERTC: <mins_left>

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values Parameters are positional dependent,

any parameter may be omitted with the use of the comma (',') as a place holder on command line. If a parameter is omitted then the current (\$RTCTIME)

value in the hardware is used.

<rtc_wkday>
Current week day matching time day

being set. The week day values range

from 0..6, where:

0 -> Sunday, 1 -> Monday, 2-> Tuesday, 3 -> Wednesday, 4 -> Thursday, 5 -> Friday, and 6 ->

Saturday



(3) \$WAKERTC RTC Wakeup Timer

(continued)

<rtc_year>
The year on which the time is being set

to. The RTC supports years 2000-2099. The data is entered as a two digit value

0..99.

<rtc_month>
The month on which the time is being

set to. Values range from 1..12.

<rtc_hour>
The hour on which the time is being set

to. Values range from 0 to 33.

<rtc_min>
The minute on which the time is being

set to. Values range from 0..59.

<rtc_sec> The second on which the time is being

set to. Values range from 0..59.

<mins_left> The number of minutes remaining

before the \$WAKERTC timer will expire.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(3) \$WAKERTC

RTC Wakeup Timer (continued)

Notes

When setting the \$WAKERTC timer, the RTC inputs are compared against the current (\$RTCTIME) hardware values to determine the number of minutes remaining until the target time arrives. (If modem is already awake when target time arrives, no action is taken.) Therefore, it is important that the \$RTCTIME values have been set properly before executing this command (this normally happened upon initial GPS acquisition each time the modem is activated). This calculated value is loaded into the MSP430, which starts counting down until the number of minutes has expired.



(4) \$VIBNOW Exercise Vibration Motor

Command Function This command allows the user to

exercise the vibration motor for a user-

defined number of seconds.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$VIBNOW=?

Response \$VIBNOW:(1-255)

OK

Write Format AT\$VIBNOW=<secs>

Response OK

Read Format N/A

Execution Format N/A

Response

Parameter Values

<secs> number of seconds the vibration motor will be active.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes



(5) **\$WAKETIME**

Command Function

Control time that modem is in active state

This command allows the user to set/query the amount of time that the modem will remain in the active state before going into Mini-MT "sleep" mode. When the Mini-MT is in sleep mode, the modem is completely shut down to conserve power. The MSP430 is responsible for re-awakening the modem at the appropriate time based on user's configuration settings.

Once a second, the modem executes the code to determine if it is time to sleep based on the following algorithm:

- 1. Internal waketime count is incremented.
- 2. If there is an active call or ringing state, code will exit and modem will not initiate sleep command.
- 3. If device is currently in moving state and \$wakeenbl is set to wake modem on moving state, code will exit and modem will not initiate sleep command.
- 4. If device is currently in stopped state and \$wakeenbl is set to wake modem on stopped state, code will exit and modem will not initiate sleep command.
- 5. If external (USB) power is currently applied, flag will be set, code will exit and modem will not initiate sleep command. If external power is removed and flag is set, modem will reset internal waketime count to 0.



(5) \$WAKETIME

Control time that modem is in active state (continued)

6. If \$waketime value = 0, code will exit and modem will not initiate sleep command.

7. If internal waketime count less than \$waketime value, code will exit and modem will not initiate sleep command.

8. If waketime count greater than \$waketime value and all checks above have passed, modem will initiate sleep command. This is the equivalent of executing the at\$off command which allows the modem to shut down gracefully (de-register from network, save current status to flash, update MSP430 with current date/time, etc.)

Command Functional Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$WAKETIME=?

\$WAKETIME:(0-4294967295)

OK

Write Format

Response

AT\$WAKETIME="<waketime>"

OK

Read Format

Response

N/A

Execution Format

Response

N/A

Parameter Values

<waketime>

Time in seconds that modem will be active before shutting down to conserve power. If <waketime>is 0 (default), modem will stay active indefinitely.

Reference N/A



(5) \$WAKETIME Control time that modem is in active

state

(continued)

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A

Example To set up the modem to stay awake

while device is in moving state and sleep while device is in stopped state, use the

following commands:

AT\$WAKETIME=60 AT\$MOTTRANS=120 AT\$WAKEENBL=4

Modem will wake up on motion

(\$WAKEENBL=4) and stay in motion for

at least 120 seconds

(\$MOTTRANS=120). Since \$waketime count (60) expires before the \$mottrans, code will not initiate sleep while motion state is still moving. When motion state transitions to moving, \$waketime algorithm will immediately be able to

initiate sleep command.



(6) \$MOTTRANS Motion Transition Count

Command Function This command allows the user to

set/query the motion transition count used to declare an intermediate period between the "moving" and "stopped" states. For example, this might be used to inhibit the immediate transition from "moving" to "stopped" when a vehicle is

waiting at a red light.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$MOTTRANS=?

Response \$MOTTRANS:(5-65535)

OK

Write Format AT\$MOTTRANS=<transition count>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$MOTTRANS?

Response \$MOTTRANS:<transition count>

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<transition count>
Number of seconds to remain in moving

state as long as filtered motion count is

below motion stop threshold before

declaring the "stopped" state.



(6) \$MOTTRANS Motion Transition Count

(continued)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The Mini-MT motion sensor generates

interrupts based on movement of a ballbearing in the sensor device. Each interrupt increments a motion count. Once a second the MSP430 takes the motion count, clips it if necessary, and filters it to produce a filtered motion

count.



(i) Mini-MT Control Commands

(1) \$RINGIND Ring Indicator

Command Function This command configures the Mini-MT

to either ring, vibrate, or remain silent

when a call comes in.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$RINGIND = ? **Response** \$RINGIND: (0-2)

OK

Write Format AT\$RINGIND = <option>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$RINGIND?
Response RINGIND: <option>

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<option> 0 = ring

1 = vibrate

2 = off (neither ring nor vibrate)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(2) \$BATTLVL Battery Level

Command Function This command allows the user to view

the approximate remaining battery level

percentage.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format AT\$BATTLVL?

Response \$BATTLVL: <percentage>

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<percentage> Approximate percentage of battery life

remaining.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

NotesWhen the modem wakes up, the initial

readings related to the battery level are not a reliable indicator of the actual battery level. So for the first 50 seconds after the modem wakes up, the modem

collects battery level readings to establish an initial battery level



(2) \$BATTLVL

Battery Level (continued)

percentage. If \$BATTLVL is queried before this initial percentage is established following a power up reset, \$BATTLVL will return 50.

To send a low battery message, you would typically set up the following input event (using event group 20 and 15% for the low battery threshold in this case):

AT\$EVENT=20,0,59,0,15

The modem determines battery state. If the battery state changes in "hibernate" mode the controller will not know until the modem wakes up and sends a message to the controller.



(3) \$EMERNUM Emergency Phone Number

Command Function This command allows the user to query

and set the phone number used when the emergency call buttons are pressed.

See the Mini-MT User's Guide for instructions on making an emergency

call.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$EMERNUM=?

Response \$EMERNUM: "Number"

OK

Write Format AT\$EMERNUM="<emergency

number>"

Response OK

Read Format AT\$EMERNUM?

Response \$EMERNUM:"<emergency number>"

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<emergency number> Phone number used for emergency

assistance

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(4) \$KEYSND Keybeep Sound Setting

Command Function This command allows the user to

enable/disable the internal keybeep sounds that are played when a button is pressed. This allows the user to set up custom keybeep sounds using the event

engine.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$KEYSND=?

Response \$KEYSND:(0-1)

OK

Write Format AT\$KEYSND=<setting>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$KEYSND?

Response \$KEYSND:<setting>

Execution Format N/A

Response

Parameter Values

<setting> 0 – play keybeep sounds hard-coded in

the software (default)

1 – disable internal keybeep sounds

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes



(4) \$KEYSND

Keybeep Sound Setting (continued)

Example

Use the following commands to set up custom keybeep sounds using the at+sttone command:

(Disable default keybeep sounds) at\$keysnd=1

(Generic keybeep sound) at\$stoatev=3,at+stone=1,16,100

(Volume Up button event) at\$event=95,1,58,4,4 at\$event=95,3,44,3,0

(Volume Down button event) at\$event=96,1,58,3,3 at\$event=96,3,44,3,0

(Push-To-Call button event) at\$event=97,1,58,2,2 at\$event=97,3,44,3,0

(User-Defined button event) at\$event=98,1,58,1,1 at\$event=98,3,44,3,0

(Geofence button event – no GPS lock) at\$stoatev=2,at+sttone=1,18,100 at\$event=99,1,58,0,0 at\$event=99,2,27,0,0 at\$event=99,3,44,2,0

(Geofence button event – GPS lock)
(at\$event=1,1,58,0,0 is factory default)
(at\$event=1,49,3,1,805 is factory
default)
at\$stoatev=1,at+sttone=1,17,100
at\$event=1,2,27,1,1
at\$event=1,3,44,1,0



(j) Dynamic IP/Wakeup-Keep Alive Commands

(1) \$WAKEUP

Modem to Server Wakeup/Keep Alive

Command Function

This command allows the user to configure the modem wakeup/keep alive parameters. These parameters control how the modem initiates contact with its server friends. Parameters can be selected so that a wakeup message sequence is executed every time the modem receives a new IP, and/or after a requested period has passed since the previous wakeup sequence has completed. A wakeup message sequence consists of sending <max retry> messages to each server friend in sequence (i.e. server 2 is contacted after all retries for server 1 is complete) and is complete when each server friend has received <max retry> messages, or upon receipt of an acknowledge message from a server.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$WAKEUP=?

\$WAKEUP: (0-2),(0-10080)

OK

Write Format

Response

AT\$WAKEUP=<wakeup mode>,<retry

period>

OK

Read Format AT\$WAKEUP?

Response \$WAKEUP: <wakeup mode>, <retry

period>

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(1) \$WAKEUP Modem to Server Wakeup/Keep Alive

(continued)

Parameter Values

<wakeup mode> 0 = No wakeup messages sent

1 = Send one message upon receipt of new IP and every <retry period>

minutes

2 = send acknowledgement message using at\$acktm parameters upon receipt of new IP and every <retry

period> minutes message

<retry period >
The number of minutes for keep alive

period. Zero indicates no retries.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

NotesWhen this command is used, it will

generate event group 0 events in the

event

table when the AT\$EVENT? command

is

issued.

The <retry period> parameter of this command populates the event timer value when the AT\$EVTIM4? command is issued. The AT\$EVTIM value will be in seconds. The parameter will also generate additional event group 0

entries.



(1) \$WAKEUP

Modem to Server Wakeup/Keep Alive (continued)

If AT\$EVDEL=0 is issued or any entry for group 0 is deleted, this command MUST be re-entered for proper functionality. If a read command is issued, it will not reflect the true state of the AT\$WAKEUP setting.

Wakeup messages are sent to the IPs specified in AT\$FRIEND and to the port specified in AT\$UDPAPI command.



(2) \$ACKTM Acknowledgment Message Period &

Retry Number

Command Function This command allows the user to

configure the modem msg acknowledge behavior. If server acknowledgement is selected for a message, the message will be re-sent every <retry period>

number of seconds until the

acknowledge message sequence is complete, or until an acknowledge message is received from a server. An acknowledge message sequence consists of sending <max retry> messages to each server friend in sequence (i.e. server 2 is contacted after all retries for server 1 is complete) and is complete when each server friend has received <max retry> messages, or

upon receipt of an acknowledge message from a server.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$ACKTM=?

\$ACKTM: (0-255),(0-3600),(0,1)

OK

Write Format

Response

AT\$ACKTM=<max retry>,<retry

period><IP reselect>

OK

Read Format

Response

AT\$ACKTM?

\$ACKTM: <max retry>, <retry period

>, <IP reselect>

Execution Format

Response

N/A



(2) \$ACKTM

Acknowledgment Message Period & Retry Number (continued)

Parameter Values

<max retry>

The maximum number of times an acknowledge message is re-sent to a single friend server. After all retries to the friend server are exhausted, the modem will move on to the next friend server if one exists. If there are no more friend servers available, the modem will start PDP activation recovery if the recovery option is selected; otherwise, the message will be discarded.

In the case of the default acknowledge wakeup message: The maximum number of wakeup messages the modem will send to each server friend upon receipt of a new IP, or upon expiration of each keep-alive period. Zero indicates no wakeup message should be sent

<retry period >

The number of seconds between successive message retries. Zero indicates no retries.

<IP reselect >

- **0** IP reselection is OFF.
- If an acknowledge message has not been received after all friend servers and retries for the message are exhausted, assume a problem with round-trip communication and initiate IP reselection.

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

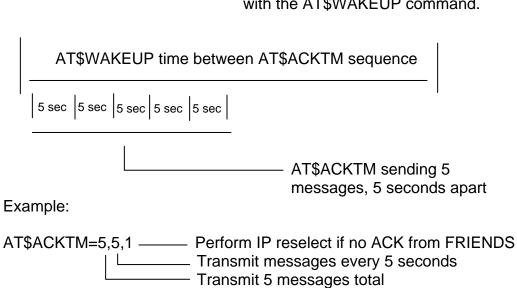


(2) \$ACKTM

Acknowledgment Message Period & Retry Number (continued)

Notes

This command is used in conjunction with the AT\$WAKEUP command.





(3) \$MDMID Modem ID

Command Function This command allows the user to

query/set the modem ID. The modem ID is copied into each wakeup message

sent from the modem. (see

AT\$WAKEUP)

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$MDMID=?

\$MDMID: ("MODEM ID")

OK

Write Format AT\$MDMID ="<modem ID >"

Response OK

Read Format AT\$MDMID?

Response \$MDMID: "<modem ID >"

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<modem ID > 0-20 character string in ASCII format.

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Changing the modem ID will

automatically clear the contents of

Message Log.



(4) \$FRIEND **Set/Query API Friends**

Command Function This command allows the user to

> configure the modem friend/server list. A friend is always allowed remote API

access. Friend servers can be configured to receive WAKEUP messages whenever the modem receives a new IP, or after a certain period has elapsed. (see AT\$WAKEUP)

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

\$FRIEND=?

\$FRIEND: (1-10),(0,1),"(0-255).(0-255).(0-255).(0-255)" ,(0-65535),(0-3)

OK

Write Format

AT\$FRIEND =<friend number>, <server indication>,"<friend IP> or Response <DNS name>", <destination port>,

<usage>

OK



(4) \$FRIEND

Set/Query API Friends (continued)

Read Format Response

AT\$FRIEND? \$FRIEND: =01, <server indication>,"<friend IP> or <DNS name>". <destination port>, <usage> \$FRIEND: =02. <server indication>,"<friend IP> or <DNS name>". <destination port>, <usage> \$FRIEND: =03, <server indication>,"<friend IP> or <DNS name>", <destination port>, <usage> \$FRIEND: =04, <server indication>,"<friend IP> or <DNS name>". <destination port>, <usage> \$FRIEND: =05. <server indication>,"<friend IP> or <DNS name>". <destination port>, <usage> \$FRIEND: =06, <server indication>,"<friend IP> or <DNS name>", <destination port>, <usage> \$FRIEND: =07, <server indication>,"<friend IP> or <DNS name>". <destination port>, <usage> \$FRIEND: =08, <server indication>."<friend IP> or <DNS name>". <destination port>, <usage> \$FRIEND: =09, <server indication>."<friend IP> or <DNS name>". <destination port>, <usage> \$FRIEND: =10. <server indication>,"<friend IP> or <DNS name>", <destination port>, <usage>



(4) \$FRIEND Set/Query API Friends

(continued)

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<friend number> friend identification (1-10).

<server indication> 0 = Friend is not a server.

1 = Friend is a server.

<friend IP> friend IP value.

OR

<DNS name> friend DNS name

<destination port> friend destination port (TCP API only).

<usage> 0 = Unspecified (treated as UDPAPI)

1 = TCPAPI 2 = UDPAPI

3 = TCPAPI and/or UDPAPI

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If destination port and usage are not

resent in the command, it is assumed to be a UDPAPI friend with the destination port filled in with the UDPAPI port

number and usage = 0.

You will use either the Friend IP address or the Friend DNS name, but not both.



(k) PAD Commands

(1) \$PADDST PAD Destination IP/Port

Command Function This command allows the user to

query/set the PAD destination IP and

port address.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$PADDST=?

\$PADDST: "(0-255),(0-255),(0-255),(0-

255)",(0-65535)

OK

Write Format AT\$PADDST ="<**PAD** destination

Response IP> or <PAD destination DNS name>",<PAD destination port>

OK

Read Format AT\$PADDST?

Response \$PADDST: ="<**PAD destination IP**> or

N/A

N/A

<PAD destination DNS name>",<PAD

destination port>

Execution Format

Response

Parameter Values

PAD destination IP > Destination IP for PAD data, PAD data

is sent to and received from this IP. A destination IP address of 0 will allow PAD access from any IP destination, and will cause all locally generated PAD

data to be sent to the IP address associated with the last remotely

received PAD data.

OR

<PAD destination DNS name> Destination DNS name for PAD data.



(1) \$PADDST Set/Query PAD Destination IP/Port

(continued)

<PAD destination port >
Destination port for PAD data. PAD

data is sent to and received from this port. A destination port of 0 will allow PAD access from any port, and will cause all locally generated PAD data to be sent to the port associated with the last remotely received PAD data.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes A value of 0 will allow any IP/port

access to the TCP PAD. If populated

and in passive, server mode

(AT\$ACTIVE=0) the TCP PAD will limit

access to the IP/port defined.

You will use either the PAD Destination

IP Address, or the PAD Destination

DNS Name, but not both.



(2) \$PADSRC PAD Source Port

Command Function This command allows the user to

query/set the API PAD source port.
Remote data received from a valid destination address to this source port will be processed as incoming PAD data. This port is also used as the source port for all data sent to the PAD destination. This value must be different

than the UDPAPI port.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$PADSRC=?

\$PADSRC: (0-65535)

OK

Write Format AT\$PADSRC = <PAD source port>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$PADSRC?

Response \$PADSRC: <PAD source port>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

PAD source port > PAD source port is used as the source

port in all outgoing PAD data messages. The remote host must use this port number as the destination port for PAD

data sent to the device.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(3) \$ACTIVE TCP PAD State

Command Function This command determines the active or

passive state of the TCP PAD

connection.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$ACTIVE=? \$ACTIVE: (0-1)

OK

Write Format AT\$ACTIVE =<state >

Response OK

Read Format AT\$ACTIVE?

Response \$ACTIVE: <state>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<state> 0 TCP PAD passive/server mode

1 TCP PAD active/client mode

Reference N/A



(3) \$ACTIVE TCP PAD State

(continued)

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If passive is chosen, the PAD will be in

server mode and listen for inbound TCP

connection requests. If active is

chosen, the PAD will be in client mode and will initiate a connection based on the ATDT command, or if atd*99# is used to initiate a GPRS connection, the values populated in AT\$PADDST. A value of 0 indicates passive, server mode of operation. A value of 1 indicates active, client mode of

operation. ATDT will be used to initiate the passive, server mode functionality. If ATDTxxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/xxxx is used, it will override the passive mode and

replace the AT\$PADDST parameters as

it does in UDP PAD mode.



(4) \$PADBLK PAD Block Size

Command Function This command allows the user to

query/set the PAD block size.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$PADBLK=? PADBLK: (3-512)

OK

Write Format AT\$PADBLK =<block size >

Response OK

Read Format AT\$PADBLK?

Response \$PADBLK: <block size>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

> requested PAD block size (number of bytes) unless an enabled forward character or PAD timeout forces the data to be sent out at a smaller block size. Block size does NOT include the

IP or TCP/UDP header size.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(5) \$PADBS PAD Backspace Character

Command Function This command allows the user to

query/set the PAD backspace character. If PAD edit is enabled via AT\$PADCMD, this character will cause the previous character to be deleted from the PAD output buffer. If the previous character has already been forwarded due to a PAD timeout or receipt of an enabled forward character, receipt of the PAD edit character will have no affect.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$PADBS =? \$PADBS: (0-ff)

OK

Write Format AT\$PADBS =<backspace character>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$PADBS?

Response \$PADBS: <backspace character>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

**<baseline

<baseline

Hex representation of user selected**

backspace character. Normal backspace character is 08.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(6) \$PADFWD PAD Forward Character

Command Function This command allows the user to

query/set the PAD forward character. If

PAD forward is enabled via

AT\$PADCMD, receipt of this character will immediately forward all currently

buffered PAD data.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$PADFWD =? \$PADFWD: (0-ff)

OK

Write Format AT\$PADFWD =<forward character>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$PADFWD?

Response \$PADFWD: <forward character>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<backspace character > Hex representation of user selected

forward character. Default forward character is 0D (Carriage return).

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(7) \$PADTO PAD Timeout Value

Command Function This command allows the user to

query/set the PAD timeout value. Data will be forwarded to the PAD destination even if the PAD block size has not been reached if <pad timeout> period has elapsed since the last PAD character was received from the local host.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$PADTO

\$PADTO: (0-65535)

OK

Write Format AT\$PADTO = <PAD timeout>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$PADTO

Response \$PADTO: <PAD timeout>

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<PAD timeout> The number of tenths of seconds to wait

for the receipt of more PAD data before forwarding the currently accumulated PAD buffer to the PAD destination. A value of zero disables the PAD timeout feature. If the PAD timeout feature is disabled, no data will be forwarded to the destination until either an enabled forward character is received, or the selected PAD buffer size is reached.

(50 = 5 seconds)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(8) \$PADCMD **PAD Command Features**

Command Function This command allows the user to

set/query PAD configuration options.

Command Functional **Enfora Specific**

Group

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$PADCMD=?

\$PADCMD: (0-FFFF)

OK

Write Format AT\$PADCMD =<pad feature select >

Response OK

Read Format AT\$PADCMD?

\$PADCMD: "<pad feature select >" Response

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

Add Bitwise Hex word to enable/Disable <pad feature select >

features.

Bit 1, 1 =Enable Forwarding on Character defined by \$PADFWD 0 = Disable Forwarding on Character

defined by \$PADFWD

Bit 2, 1 = Forward Character defined by

\$PADFWD with the data

0 = Do not forward Character defined by

\$PADFWD with the data

Bit 8, 1 = Enable \$PADBS Character. 0 = Disable \$PADBS and send \$PADBS

character with the data.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional



(8) \$PADCMD

PAD Command Features (continued)

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes

A +++ is an escape sequence to exit PAD mode. Disabling of the escape sequence is not supported, however the escape is only applicable when there is a 1 second guard time before and after the +++. If the guard period is not met before and after the escape sequence, it

will be forwarded as data.



(9) \$CONNTO TCP PAD Connection Timeout

Command Function This command is used to indicate the

amount of time, in seconds, to spend attempting to make a TCP connection.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

AT\$CONNTO=?

Command Format Query

Response \$CONNTO: (0, 10-3600)

OK

Write Format AT\$CONNTO =<timeout>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$CONNTO?

Response \$CONNTO: <timeout>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<timeout> 0 = Infinite timeout value

10-3600 = timeout value in seconds

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes A value of 0 will indicate infinite

connection wait time. This command pertains to client mode operation only.



TCP PAD Idle Timeout (10) \$IDLETO

Command Function This command sets the length of time, in

seconds, a TCP session connection will

remain active without the remote connection sending any data.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$IDLETO=?

Response \$IDLETO: (10-86400)

OK

AT\$IDLETO =<timeout> **Write Format**

Response OK

Read Format AT\$IDLETO?

\$IDLETO: <timeout> Response

Execution Format N/A

N/A Response

Parameter Values

<timeout> 10-86400 = timeout value in seconds

Reference N/A

Optional Standard Scope

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes If no communication is received from the

remote connection in the specified time,

the modem will gracefully attempt to

close the connection.

T-Mobile and AT&T networks will shut

down a TCP connection if the

connection is idle.



(11) DP Dial Command for UDP PAD

Command Function This command is used to invoke the

UDP PAD via a dial command.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format (Using IP Address)

atdp<IP_ADDRESS>/<UDP Port

Number>

(Using DNS Name)

atdp"<PAD Destination DNS Name>",

<UDP Port Number>

Response Connect

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<IP_ADDRESS> IP Address of the destination host. Or,

<PAD Destination DNS Name> DNS Name of the destination host.

<UDP Port Number> UDP Port number. If no UDP port

number is required, a value zero (0)

should be specified here.

Reference GSM 11.14

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(11) \$ DP Dial Command for UDP PAD

(continued)

Notes This command will override the

AT\$PADDST settings for the current

connected session.

DNS Name supported on software

versions 0.7.6 and higher

Example:

atdp123.456.789.1/0 atdp123.456.789.2/3000 atdp"www.enfora.com",0 atdp"www.enfora.com",3000



(12) DT Dial Command for TCP PAD

Command Function This command is used to invoke the

TCP PAD via a dial command.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format (Using IP Address)

atdt<IP ADDRESS>/<TCP Port

Number>

(Using DNS Name)

atdt"<PAD Destination DNS Name>",

<TCP Port Number>

Response Connect

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<IP_ADDRESS> IP Address of the destination host. Or,

<PAD Destination DNS_Name> DNS Name of the destination host.

TCP Port Number> TCP Port number. If no TCP port

number is required, a value zero (0)

should be specified here.

Reference GSM 11.14

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(12) \$ DT Dial Command for TCP PAD

(continued)

Notes This command will override the

AT\$PADDST settings for the current

connected session.

DNS Name supported on software

versions 0.7.6 and higher

Example: atdt123.456.789.1/0

atdt123.456.789.2/3000 atdt"www.enfora.com",0 atdt"www.enfora.com",3000



(I) Event Processing Commands

(1) \$EVENT User Defined Input/Output

Command Function This command allows the user to customize

the modem's input and output capabilities. Any combination of input events can be monitored to trigger any combination of output events.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$EVENT=?

\$EVENT: (0-99),(0-3),(0-255),(-2147483647 -

2147483647),(-2147483647 - 2147483647)

Write Format AT\$EVENT=<event group>,<event

Response type>,<event category>,<parm1>,<parm2>

OK

Read Format AT\$EVENT?

Response \$EVENT: evgp evtyp evcat p1 p2

1A 0 27 1 1 1B 3 22 0 0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A



(1) \$EVENT

User Defined Input/Output (continued)

Parameter Values

<event group>

This parameter defines the group number of a group of events and the order they are executed. Events are grouped together to control execution sequence. A group number has to have at least one input event and one output event. Multiple input events within a group number would be treated as a logical **AND** condition. Multiple output events within a group number would be executed individually in a sequential manner.

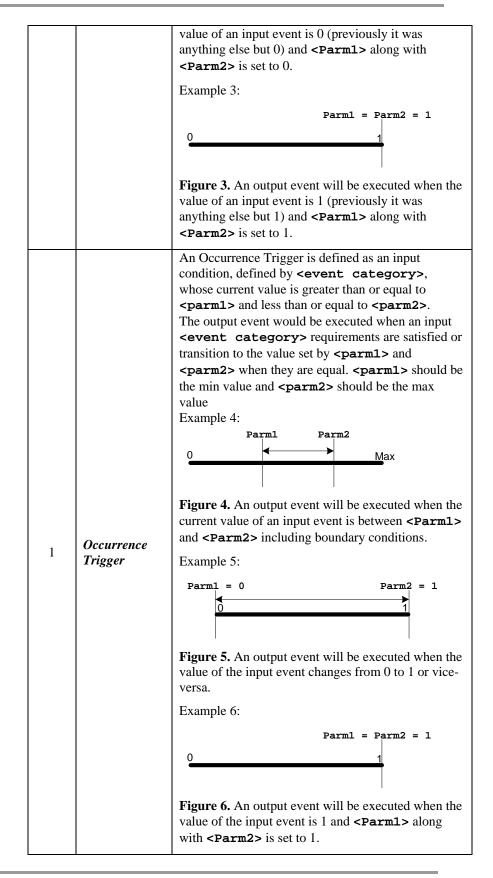
Valid values for group number are: 1 thru 99.

<event type>

This parameter defines the type of event: Input or Output. An Input event can be defined as: Transition, Occurrence, or Input. The output event is executed when input event conditions are met.

defined by <event category="">, whose value was previously <parm1> or less is now greater than <parm2> or was greater or equal to <parm2> is now less than <parm2> but greater than <parm1>. The output event would be executed when an input <event category=""> requirements are satisfied or transition to the value set by <parm1> and <parm2> when they are equal. <parm1> should be the min value. Example 1: Transition Trigger Transition Trigger Parm1 Parm2 Max Figure 1. An output event will be executed when the value of an input event exceeds <parm1></parm1></parm1></parm2></parm1></event></parm1></parm2></parm2></parm2></parm1></event>	Value	Type of event	Description
Figure 2. An output event will be executed when the		Transition	A transition Trigger is defined as an input condition, defined by <event category="">, whose value was previously <parm1> or less is now greater than <parm2> or was greater or equal to <parm2> is now less than <parm2> but greater than <parm2> but greater than <parm2> is now less than <parm2> but greater than <parm1>. The output event would be executed when an input <event category=""> requirements are satisfied or transition to the value set by <parm1> and <parm2> when they are equal. <parm1> should be the min value and <parm2> should be the max value. Example 1: Parm1 Parm2 O Max Figure 1. An output event will be executed when the value of an input event exceeds <parm1> (previously it was <parm1> or less) or decreases to a value less than <parm2> (previously it was <parm2> or greater). Example 2: Parm1 = Parm2 = 0</parm2></parm2></parm1></parm1></parm2></parm1></parm2></parm1></event></parm1></parm2></parm2></parm2></parm2></parm2></parm2></parm1></event>







2	Input Trigger	An Input Trigger is defined as an input condition, defined by <event category="">, that should be used as a logical AND condition to another input condition defined as Transition Trigger or an Occurrence Trigger. An Output event is not triggered when Input Trigger condition is valid. The input event, defined as Input Trigger, is valid when within the event range defined by <parm1> and <parm2> or when <parm1> and <parm2> are equal.</parm2></parm1></parm2></parm1></event>
3	Output	An Output event is executed when all input event conditions (defined as Transition Trigger, Occurrence Trigger, or Input Trigger) for that particular <event group=""></event> are met.

<event category>

This parameter defines the actual Input or Output Event number and their valid range for **<parm1>** and **<parm2>**.

The below table defines the values for **<event category>**, **<parm1>** and **<parm2>** parameter for input events defined as a *Transition Trigger*, *Occurrence Trigger*, or *Input Trigger*.

event	Parm1	Parm2	Description
category			
0	N/A	N/A	Reserved
1	N/A	N/A	Reserved
2	N/A	N/A	Reserved
3	N/A	N/A	Reserved
4	N/A	N/A	Reserved
5	N/A	N/A	Reserved
6	N/A	N/A	Reserved
7	N/A	N/A	Reserved
8	1	1	Modem power up indication
			Modem GSM registration (see
9	0 to 5	0 to 5	AT+CREG command description
9	0 10 3	0 10 3	for GSM registration status
			information)
			Modem GPRS registration (see
10	0 to 8	0 to 8	AT%CGREG command description
10	0 to 8	0 10 8	for GPRS registration status
			information)
			Receipt of IP address.
11	0 or 1	0 or 1	0 = No IP address
			1 = Valid IP address obtained
12	1	1	Timer 1 (set by AT\$EVTIM1)
13	1	1	Timer 2 (set by AT\$EVTIM2)
14	1	1	Timer 3 (set by AT\$EVTIM3)
15	1	1	Timer 4 (set by AT\$EVTIM4)
	0		GPS Distance (unit of measurement
16	to	1000000	is: meters)
	1000000		



			Maximum Valority (unit of
17	0 to 250	250	Maximum Velocity (unit of measurement is: Knots)
18	N/A	N/A	Reserved
19	N/A	N/A	Reserved
20	IN/A	IN/A	Reserved
20			Geo Fence #1. See AT\$GEOFNC
			I
21	0 or 1	0 or 1	command for details on setting a
21	0 01 1	0 01 1	circular geo-fence
			0 = Leaving Geofence area
22	0 or 1	0 or 1	1 = Entering Geofence area Geo Fence #2
23	0 or 1		Geo Fence #3
		0 or 1	
24	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #4
25	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #5
26	N/A	N/A	Reserved
27	0 . 1	0 . 1	GPS Status
27	0 or 1	0 or 1	0 = Invalid GPS data
20	BT/A	% T/A	1 = Valid GPS data
28	N/A	N/A	Reserved
	0.		Invalid GPS data for a period of
29	0 to	1000000	time (unit of measurement is:
	1000000		increment of GPS reporting interval
			defined in \$GOPMD command)
	0.		Unit staying Idle in one place (unit
30	0 to	1000000	of measurement is: increment of
	1000000		GPS reporting interval defined in
			\$GOPMD command)
			Geo Fence #6. See AT\$GEOFNC
21	0 1	0 1	command for details on setting a
31	0 or 1	0 or 1	circular geo-fence
			0 = Leaving Geofence area
22	0 1	0 1	1 = Entering Geofence area
32	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #7
33	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #8
34	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #9
35	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #10
36	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #11
37	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #12
38	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #13
39	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #14
40	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #15
41	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #16
42	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #17
43	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #18
44	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #19
45	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #20
46	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #21
47	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #22
 48	0 or 1	0 or 1	Geo Fence #23
10			
 49	0 or 1 0 or 1	0 or 1 0 or 1	Geo Fence #24 Geo Fence #25



			1	T
Will only				**Input Event Counter. This event
work on	51	0	0	will occur when a counter reaches
occurrence	31	U	U	the maximum number of a selected
trigger, not				Input event count.
transitions				New SMS indication.
	52	0 or 1	0 or 1	0 = SMS message read from SIM
	32	0 01 1	0 01 1	1 = New SMS message received
				Current Input Event Counter count
	53	0 to -1	0 to -1	that can be used as an AND
	33	0 10 -1	0 10 -1	
	~ .	0.1	0.1	condition with other input events
	54	0-1	0-1	Geofence Exist
	55	N/A	N/A	Reserved (Do Not Use)
	56	N/A	N/A	Reserved (Do Not Use)
		0-	0-	Messages to be sent Over-The-Air
	57	2147483	21474836	exist
		647	47	
		-		Keypress Event
				0 = Set Geofence key pressed
				1 = User Defined key pressed
	58	0 - 4	0 - 4	2 = Push To Call key pressed
				3 = Volume Down key pressed
				4 = Volume Up key pressed
				Battery Level Event
	59	0-100	0-100	Approximate percentage of battery
	37	0 100	0 100	life left
				(0-100% - see \$BATTLVL)
		0-	0-	Number of unsent messages
	60	2147483	21474836	
		647	47	
	61	0-100	0-100	Memory full percentage
				Motion Status
	62	0-1	0-1	1 = moving
	02	0-1	0-1	0 = stopped
				Power Source
	62	0.1	0.1	
	63	0-1	0-1	1 = External power
				0 = Battery power
				1 = LTO download started
	64	1 – 3	1 - 3	2 = LTO download completed
	Ü.			successfully
				3 = LTO download failed
				Receipt of Incoming Call with Call
				Identifier matching one the numbers
				configured via the \$EVCID
	65	1 to 5	1 to 5	command. <parm1> and <parm2></parm2></parm1>
	-			correspond to range \$EVCID
				entries which will generate the input
				event.
	66	1	1	Timer 5 (set by AT\$EVTIM5)
	66			
	67	1	1	Timer 6 (set by AT\$EVTIM6)
1	68	1	1	Timer 7 (set by AT\$EVTIM7)
	69	1	1	Timer 8 (set by AT\$EVTIM8)



	0-	0-	Current \$ODOMETER value
70	4000000	40000000	Current #ODOWIETER value
70			
71	000 N/A	00 N/A	Pagamyad
/1	IN/A	IN/A	Reserved
			0 = A GPS overspeed interval has
72	0-1	0-1	ended
			1 = A GPS overspeed interval has
			begun
			Key Release Event
			0 = Set Geofence key released
73	0-4	0-4	1 = User Defined key released
, -			2 = Push To Call key released
			3 = Volume Down key released
			4 = Volume Up key released
74	N/A	N/A	Reserved
75	N/A	N/A	Reserved
76	N/A	N/A	Reserved
77	N/A	N/A	Reserved
78	N/A	N/A	Reserved
79	N/A	N/A	Reserved
			User Variable 0:
			User variable is in range indicated
			by parm1 and parm2. Value can be
	0-	0-	manipulated via output events 61,
			62 and 63. Value is initialized to
80	2147483		zero (0) when modem powers up.
	647	47	Value can be queried via
			AT\$EVTQRY=80. (AT\$EVTQRY
			will not return the correct value if
			AT\$EVTEST has been used to
			manipulate event.)
	0-	0-	User Variable 1:
81	2147483	21474836	See Input Event 80 for detailed
-	647	47	information
	0-	0-	User Variable 2:
82	2147483	21474836	See Input Event 80 for detailed
02	647	47	information
	0-	0-	User Variable 3:
83	2147483	_	See Input Event 80 for detailed
0.5	647	47	information
	0-7	0-	User Variable 4:
84	2147483	Ŭ	See Input Event 80 for detailed
07	647	47	information
	0-	0-	User Variable 5:
85	2147483	-	See Input Event 80 for detailed
63	647	47	information
		0-	User Variable 6:
97	0-	-	
86	2147483		See Input Event 80 for detailed
	647	47	information
0.7	0-	0-	User Variable 7:
87	2147483	21474836	See Input Event 80 for detailed
	647	47	information



		0-	0-	User Variable 8:
	88	2147483	21474836	See Input Event 80 for detailed
		647	47	information
		0-	0-	User Variable 9:
	89	2147483	21474836	See Input Event 80 for detailed
		647	47	information

The below table defines the values for **<event category>**, **<parm1>** and **<parm2>** parameter for output events defined as *Output*.

•			butput events defined as <i>Output</i> .
event category	Parm1	Parm2	Description
0	N/A	N/A	Reserved
1	N/A	N/A	Reserved
2	N/A	N/A	Reserved
3	N/A	N/A	Reserved
4	N/A	N/A	Reserved
5	N/A	N/A	Reserved
6	N/A	N/A	Reserved
7	N/A	N/A	Reserved
8	N/A	N/A	Reserved
9	N/A	N/A	Reserved
10	N/A	N/A	Reserved
11	N/A	N/A	Reserved
12	N/A	N/A	Reserved
13	N/A	N/A	Reserved
14	N/A	N/A	Reserved
15	N/A	N/A	Reserved
16	N/A	N/A	Reserved
17	N/A	N/A	Reserved
18	N/A	N/A	Reserved
19	N/A	N/A	Reserved
20	N/A	N/A	Reserved
21	N/A	N/A	Reserved
22	N/A	N/A	Reserved
23	N/A	N/A	Reserved
24	N/A	N/A	Reserved
25	N/A	N/A	Reserved
26	N/A	N/A	Reserved
27	N/A	N/A	Reserved
28	N/A	N/A	Reserved
29	N/A	N/A	Reserved
30	N/A	N/A	Reserved
31	N/A	N/A	Reserved
32	N/A	N/A	Reserved
33	N/A	N/A	Reserved
34	N/A	N/A	Reserved
35	N/A	N/A	Reserved
36	N/A	N/A	Reserved
37	N/A	N/A	Reserved
38	N/A	N/A	Reserved
39	N/A	N/A	Reserved



41 42 42 43 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 45 45 46 47 48 48 49 49 40 41 42 42 43 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44				G III
See Bit	40			
41 42 43 44 44 4				<u> </u>
See Bit-Field 1-15 0 2147483 647 42 43 44 1-15 0 2147483 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 6				number listed in \$UDPAPI command based on
Acknowledge. This message is controlled by SackTM command for number of retries sent. This message has to be acknowledged to avoid sending of retries.				Parm1 and Parm2 values
Field Table 647 Field	41		C D:4	Generate and transmit a UDP message with
Table below 42 43 43 43 43 44 44 45 46 47 48 48 49 40 40 41 41 42 43 44 44 45 46 47 48 46 47 48 48 49 40 40 41 40 41 41 42 43 44 44 45 46 47 48 48 49 49 40 40 40 41 40 41 41 42 43 44 45 46 46 47 48 48 49 49 40 40 40 40 41 40 41 41 42 43 44 44 45 46 47 48 48 49 49 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40		0-		Acknowledge. This message is controlled by
See Bit See Bit See Bit See See See See See See See See See S		2147483		\$ACKTM command for number of retries sent.
Sending of retries. Generate and transmit one UDP Message to all IP address listed in \$FRIEND command and port number listed in \$IDPAPI command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values		647		This message has to be acknowledged to avoid
Generate and transmit one UDP Message to all IP address listed in \$FRIEND command and port number listed in \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values			below	
Paddress listed in \$FRIEND command and port number listed in \$UDPAPI command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values	42			Generate and transmit one UDP Message to all
number listed in \$UDPAPI command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values Resets the timer (Timer #1 – Timer #8) specified by Parm2 to the time (in seconds) specified by Parm2. Parm2, when set to 0, resets the timer to the time last set by \$EVTIMx command. A value other than 0 would set the timer to expire at the new specified interval (e.g. xx,3,43,1,180 would set timer 1 to expire in 180 seconds). Execute AT command stored at index number of the \$STOATEV command. Parm1 identifies the index number. Execute AT command stored at index number of the \$STOATEV command. Parm1 identifies the index number. See Bit-Field Table below 54-58) AFF O 0 to -1 Input Event Counter Reserved Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate ATSEVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event address & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values below N/A Reserved See Bit-Field Table below See Bit-Field Table				IP address listed in \$FRIEND command and port
Resets the timer (Timer #1 – Timer #8) specified by Parm1 to the time (in seconds) specified by Parm2. Parm2, when set to 0, resets the timer to the time last set by \$EVTIMx command. A value other than 0 would set the timer to expire at the new specified interval (e.g. xx,3,43,1,180 would set timer 1 to expire in 180 seconds). 44				number listed in \$UDPAPI command based on
Resets the timer (Timer #1 – Timer #8) specified by Parm1 to the time (in seconds) specified by Parm2. Parm2, when set to 0, resets the timer to the time last set by \$EVTIMx command. A value other than 0 would set the timer to expire at the new specified interval (e.g. xx,3,43,1,180 would set timer 1 to expire in 180 seconds). 44				-
by Parm1 to the time (in seconds) specified by Parm2. Parm2, when set to 0, resets the timer to the time last set by \$EVTIMx command. A value other than 0 would set the timer to expire at the new specified interval (e.g. xx,3,43,1,180 would set timer 1 to expire in 180 seconds). 44 1 - 15 0 See Bit-Field Table below 46 N/A N/A Reserved 47 0 0 to -1 1 - 25 0 1 - 25 0 - 1000000 1000000 50 0 - 57 0 to -1 1 N/A N/A Reserved 51 N/A N/A Reserved 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 N/A N/A Reserved 54 0 to -1 0 to -1 See Bit-Field Table below 55 N/A N/A Reserved 56 N/A N/A Reserved 57 See Bit-Field Table below 58 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 51 See Bit-Field Table below 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 N/A N/A Reserved See Bit-Field Table below 55 O-See Bit-Field Table below 56 See Bit-Field Table below 57 See Bit-Field Table below 58 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below See Bit-Field Table below See Bit-Field Table below See Bit-Field Table below See Bit-Field Tabl	43			
Parm2, Parm2, when set to 0, resets the timer to the time last set by \$EVTIMx command. A value other than 0 would set the timer to expire at the new specified interval (e.g. xx,3,43,1,180 would set timer 1 to expire in 180 seconds). 44				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
to the time last set by \$EVTIMx command. A value other than 0 would set the timer to expire at the new specified interval (e.g. xx,3,43,1,180 would set timer 1 to expire in 180 seconds). Execute AT command stored at index number of the \$STOATEV command. Parm1 identifies the index number. See Bit-Field Table below 54-58) 46 N/A N/A Reserved 47 0 0 to -1 Input Event Counter 48 0 0 Reset Event Counter to zero 49 1 - 25				-
value other than 0 would set the timer to expire at the new specified interval (e.g. xx,3,43,1,180 would set timer 1 to expire in 180 seconds). Execute AT command stored at index number of the \$STOATEV command. Parm1 identifies the index number. See Bit-Field Table below 46 N/A N/A Reserved 47 0 0 to -1 Input Event Counter 48 0 0 Reset Event Counter to zero 49 1 - 25 1000000 Input Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 50 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Parm3 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Parm3 is the value to emulate for the input event Parm4 address & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values 51 N/A N/A Reserved See Bit-Field Table below See Bit-Field Table Bit-Field Table below See Bit-Field Table Bit-Field Table Bit-Field Table Bit-Field Table				
the new specified interval (e.g. xx,3,43,1,180 would set timer 1 to expire in 180 seconds). Execute AT command stored at index number of the \$STOATEV command. Parm1 identifies the index number. See Bit-Field Table below 54-58) See Bit-Field 0 to -1 Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Paddress & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values See Bit-Field Table below		1 – 8	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
would set timer 1 to expire in 180 seconds). Execute AT command stored at index number of the \$STOATEV command. Parm1 identifies the index number. See Bit-Field Table below 46 N/A N/A Reserved 47 0 0 to -1 Input Event Counter 48 0 0 Reset Event Counter to zero 49 0-57 0 to -1 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Paddress & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values 50 N/A N/A Reserved 51 N/A N/A Reserved 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 N/A N/A Reserved 54 O-2147483 647 See Bit-Field Table below 55 O-2147483 647 See Bit-Field Table below 56 See Bit-Field Table below 57 See Bit-Field Table below 58 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 51 See Bit-Field Table below 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 See Bit-Field Table below 54 See Bit-Field Table below 55 O-2147483 647 See Bit-Field Table below 56 See Bit-Field Table below 57 See Bit-Field Table below 58 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 51 O-2147483 647 See Bit-Field Table below 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 See Bit-Field Table below 54 See Bit-Field Table below 55 O-2147483 647 See Bit-Field Table below 56 See Bit-Field Table below 57 See Bit-Field Table below 58 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 51 See Bit-Field Table below 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 See Bit-Field Table below 54 See Bit-Field Table below 55 See Bit-Field Table below 56 See Bit-Field Table below 57 See Bit-Field Table below 58 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 51 See Bit-Field Table below 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 See Bit-Field Table below 54 See				
See Bit-				
the \$STOATEV command. Parm1 identifies the index number. 45				would set time! I to expire in 100 seconds).
the \$STOATEV command. Parm1 identifies the index number. 45	44			Execute AT command stored at index number of
See Bit-Field O-2147483 647 O O to -1 Input Event Counter O to -1 O to -1 Input Event Counter O to -1 O		1 – 15	0	
45 O-2147483 Field Table below S4-58 46 N/A N/A Reserved 47 O O to -1 48 O O Reset Event Counter 48 O O Reset Event Counter 49 O O to -1 1 - 25 O O to -1 1000000 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event 61 Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event 51 N/A N/A Reserved 52 See Bit Field Table below 53 N/A N/A Reserved 54 O See Bit Field Table below 55 O See Bit Field T		1 13	O	-
1	45		See Bit-	
Table below 54-58) 46 N/A N/A Reserved 47 0 0 to -1 Input Event Counter 48 0 0 Reset Event Counter to zero 49 1-25 0-1000000 Emulate & longitude with radius specified by parm2 50 0 -57 0 to -1 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event 51 N/A N/A Reserved 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 N/A N/A Reserved 54 0-2147483 647 55 0-2147483 647 56 Table below 57 See Bit-Field Table below 58 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 51 See Bit-Field Table below 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 See Bit-Field Table below 54 Command See Bit-Field Table below 55 See Bit-Field Table below 56 See Bit-Field Table below 57 See Bit-Field Table below 58 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 51 See Bit-Field Table below 52 See Bit-Field Table below 53 See Bit-Field Table below 54 See Bit-Field Table below 55 See Bit-Field Table below 56 See Bit-Field Table below 57 See Bit-Field Table below 58 See Bit-Field Table below 59 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below 50 See Bit-Field Table below	1.5	0-		
below 54-58) 46 N/A N/A Reserved 47 0 0 to -1 Input Event Counter 48 0 0 Reset Event Counter to zero 49 1 - 25			Riela	laddresses configured via SSIVISUA command
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48 0 0 Reset Event Counter to zero 49	46	647	Table below	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58)
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52	47 48 49	647 N/A 0 0 1 - 25	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 - 10000000	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while
53 N/A N/A Reserved 54 0- 2147483 647 See Bit- below 55 0- 2147483 647 See Bit- Field Table below 56 Table below 57 O- 2147483 647 See Bit- Field Table below 58 Sends data over SMS to the first indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA command 59 See Bit- Field Table below 50 See Bit- Field Table command	47 48 49 50	647 N/A 0 0 1 - 25 0 - 57	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 0 - 1000000 0 to -1	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event
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53 N/A N/A Reserved 54 0- 2147483 647 See Bit- below 55 0- 2147483 647 See Bit- Field Table below 56 Sends data over SMS to the first indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA command 57 See Bit- Field Table Table 58 Sends data over SMS to the second indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA command	47 48 49 50	647 N/A 0 0 1 - 25 0 - 57 N/A	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 0- 10000000 0 to -1 N/A See Bit-	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Reserved Generate and transmit one TCP/IP Message to IP
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54 O- 2147483 647 See Bit-Field Table below 55 O- 2147483 647 See Bit-Field Table below See Bit-Field Table below See Bit-Field Table command Sends data over SMS to the first indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA destination address configured via \$SMSDA command	47 48 49 50	647 N/A 0 0 1 - 25 0 - 57 N/A	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 0- 10000000 0 to -1 N/A See Bit- Field Table	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Reserved Generate and transmit one TCP/IP Message to IP address & port number listed by \$FRIEND
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Table below See Bit- Sends data over SMS to the second indexed SMS 147483	50 51 52	647 N/A 0 0 1 - 25 0 - 57 N/A 0 to -1	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 -1000000 0 to -1 N/A See Bit-Field Table below N/A	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Reserved Generate and transmit one TCP/IP Message to IP address & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values
55 See Bit- Sends data over SMS to the second indexed SMS Field destination address configured via \$SMSDA command	50 51 52	647 N/A 0 0 1 - 25 0 - 57 N/A 0 to -1 N/A	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 1000000 0 to -1 N/A See Bit- Field Table below N/A See Bit-	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Reserved Generate and transmit one TCP/IP Message to IP address & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values Reserved Sends data over SMS to the first indexed SMS
Field destination address configured via \$SMSDA command	50 51 52	647 N/A 0 0 1 - 25 0 - 57 N/A 0 to -1 N/A 0- 2147483	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 1000000 0 to -1 N/A See Bit- Field Table below N/A See Bit- Field Tible	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Reserved Generate and transmit one TCP/IP Message to IP address & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values Reserved Sends data over SMS to the first indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA
2147483 Field destination address configured via \$SMSDA command	50 51 52	647 N/A 0 0 1 - 25 0 - 57 N/A 0 to -1 N/A 0- 2147483	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 1000000 0 to -1 N/A See Bit- Field Table below N/A See Bit- Field Table	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Reserved Generate and transmit one TCP/IP Message to IP address & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values Reserved Sends data over SMS to the first indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA command
$\begin{bmatrix} 214/483 \\ 647 \end{bmatrix}$ Table command	50 51 52 53 54	647 N/A 0 0 1 - 25 0 - 57 N/A 0 to -1 N/A 0- 2147483 647	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 1000000 0 to -1 N/A See Bit- Field Table below N/A See Bit- Field Table	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Reserved Generate and transmit one TCP/IP Message to IP address & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values Reserved Sends data over SMS to the first indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA command
below below	50 51 52 53 54	0 1 - 25 0 - 57 N/A 0 to -1 N/A 0 to -1 0-2147483 647	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 1000000 0 to -1 N/A See Bit- Field Table below N/A See Bit- Field Table below See Bit- See Bit- Field See Bit-	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Reserved Generate and transmit one TCP/IP Message to IP address & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values Reserved Sends data over SMS to the first indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA command Sends data over SMS to the second indexed SMS
	50 51 52 53 54	0 1 - 25 0 - 57 N/A 0 to -1 N/A 0 to -1 N/A 0- 2147483 647	Table below N/A 0 to -1 0 1000000 N/A See Bit- Field Table below N/A See Bit- Field Table below See Bit- Field Table	(For select \$SMSDA entries, see event categories 54-58) Reserved Input Event Counter Reset Event Counter to zero Set geo-fence specified by parm1 to current latitude & longitude with radius specified by parm2 Emulate AT\$EVTEST command via event engine. Parm1 is the input event number while Parm2 is the value to emulate for the input event Reserved Generate and transmit one TCP/IP Message to IP address & port number listed by \$FRIEND command based on Parm1 and Parm2 values Reserved Sends data over SMS to the first indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA command Sends data over SMS to the second indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA



56	0- 2147483 647 0- 2147483 647	Field Table below	Sends data over SMS to the third indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA command Sends data over SMS to the fourth indexed SMS destination address configured via \$SMSDA
	0- 2147483	Table below See Bit- Field	command Sends data over SMS to the fourth indexed SMS
	0- 2147483	below See Bit- Field	Sends data over SMS to the fourth indexed SMS
	0- 2147483	See Bit- Field	
	2147483	Field	
58	2147483		destination address configured via \$SMSDA
58		Table	
58	047		command
58		below	
	0-	See Bit-	Sends data over SMS to the fifth indexed SMS
1		Field	destination address configured via \$SMSDA
1	2147483	Table	command
	647	below	
			Turns off the modem. (Not to be confused with
59	0	0	sleeping where RTC continues to function. This
			command shuts down all modem functions.)
60	0	See Bit-	Generate and transmit a serial message to main
	-	Field	serial port (only applicable if bit 0 of Parm1 = 0
		Table	
	647	below	,
61		0-	Sets user variable indicated in parm1 (see Input
	0-9	2147483	
		647	,
62		0-	Increments user variable in parm1 (see Input
	0-9	2147483	
		647	
63		0-	Decrements user variable in parm1 (see Input
	0-9	2147483	
1	1	647	· •
60 61 62	0- 2147483 647 0-9	See Bit- Field Table below 0- 2147483 647 0- 2147483	command shuts down all modem functions.) Generate and transmit a serial message to main serial port (only applicable if bit 0 of Parm1 = for ASCII format) Sets user variable indicated in parm1 (see Input Events 80-89) to value indicated in parm2. Increments user variable in parm1 (see Input Events 80-89) by value indicated in parm2.

Bit-Field Table

Parm2 value is obtained as a result of selecting individual bit-fields from the table below.

Parm2	
Bit 0:	1 = send all data generated as a result of this table in Binary
	format
	0 = send all data generated as a result of this table in ASCII
	format
Bit 1:	1 = add parm1 data to UDP message (4 – bytes in Binary
	format, 11 – bytes of data in ASCII format)
	0 = do not add parm1 data to outbound UDP message
Bit 2:	1 = add \$MDMID value (22 – bytes of ASCII data – irrespective
	of Bit– 0 setting)
	0 = do not add \$MDMID value
Bit 3:	N/A
Bit 4:	N/A
Bit 5:	N/A
Bit 6:	N/A
Bit 7:	1 = add input <event< b=""> category> number (1 – byte in binary</event<>
	format, 3 – bytes in ASCII format)
	0 = do not add input <event< b=""> category> number</event<>



Bit 8:	1 = add GPS data (3 – bytes of Date information in Binary
Dit o.	format or up to 80 – bytes of \$GPGGA NMEA message if
	Bit-0 is set to 0)
	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
Bit 9:	1 = add GPS data (1 - bytes of Status information in Binary)
	format or up to 80 – bytes of \$GPGLL NMEA message if
	Bit-0 is set to 0)
	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
Bit 10:	1 = add GPS data (3 – bytes of Latitude information in Binary
	format or up to 80 – bytes of \$GPGSA NMEA message if
	Bit-0 is set to 0)
	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
Bit 11:	1 = add GPS data (4 - bytes of Longitude information in Binary)
	format or up to two 80 – bytes of \$GPGSV NMEA message
	if Bit-0 is set to 0)
71.12	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
Bit 12:	1 = add GPS data (2 – bytes of Velocity information in Binary
	format or up to 80 – bytes of \$GPRMC NMEA message if
	Bit-0 is set to 0)
Dit 12.	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
ын 13:	1 = add GPS data (2 – bytes of Heading information in Binary format or up to 80 – bytes of \$GPVTG NMEA message if
	Bit-0 is set to 0)
	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
Rit 14.	1 = add GPS data (3 – bytes of Time information in Binary
Dit 14.	format or 0 bytes if Bit-0 is set to 0)
	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
Bit 15:	1 = add GPS data (3 - bytes of Altitude information in Binary
	format or 0 bytes if Bit-0 is set to 0)
	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
Bit 16:	1 = add GPS data (1 – byte of Number Of Satellites In View
	information in Binary format or 0 bytes if Bit-0 is set to 0)
	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
Bit 17:	N/A
Bit 18:	1 = send this OTA message via SMS when GPRS services is not
	available
	0 = send this OTA message via GPRS only
Bit 19:	1 = send Last Valid GPS data if current data is invalid
77. 25	0 = send current GPS data – valid or invalid
Bits 20:	1 = add Odometer reading (4 – bytes of Odometer information in
	Binary format or 11 – bytes if Bit-0 is set to 0)
D:4 : 21	0 = do not add this particular field of GPS data
Bits 21:	1 = add RTC time (6 – bytes of RTC time in Binary format or 13
	bytes if Bit-0 is set to 0)0 = do not add RTC time with GPS data
Rite 22	1 = Replace/append modem ID field with 10-byte modem ID
DITS 223	(including one leading and one ending space character) if bit-
	0 is set to 0. Replace/append it with 8-bytes long modem ID
	value if bit-0 is set to 1 (no leading or ending space characters
	in binary mode).
	(NOTE : bit-22 setting overrides bit-2 setting)
	0 = sent the modem ID as defined by Bit-2
	er e g

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Bit 23:	I = Add battery level (1-byte in Binary format or 3-bytes if Bit-0
	is set to 0)
	0 = Do not add battery level
Bit 24:	N/A
Bit 25:	0 - Do not add cell information
	1 - Add cell information as follows (see GSM0000TN012 -
	Engineering Mode Manual for details of the %EM
	Bit 24:

command):
If Binary format (Bit0=1) is selected, please refer to the "Bit 25 Binary Format" table below.

If ASCII format (Bit0=0) is selected please refer to the "Bit 25 ASCII Format" table below.



Bit 25 Binary Format Table			
MCC	3 bytes - equivalent to mcc digits returned		
	from AT%EM=2,4		
MNC	3 bytes - equivalent to mnc digits returned		
	from AT%EM=2,4		
Serving Cell LAC	2 bytes - equivalent to lac returned from		
	AT%EM=2,1		
Serving Cell CellID	2 bytes - equivalent to cell_id returned		
	from AT%EM=2,1		
Serving Cell ARFCN	2 bytes - equivalent to arfcn returned from		
	AT%EM=2,1		
Serving Cell signal strength	1 byte - equivalent to rxlev returned from		
	AT%EM=2,1 in Idle mode or rxlev_f in		
	Dedicated mode		
Serving Cell timing advance	1 byte - equivalent to tav returned in		
	AT%EM=2,1		
Neighbor Cell 0 LAC	2 bytes - equivalent to lac_nc[0] returned		
	from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 0 CellID	2 bytes - equivalent to cell_id_nc[0]		
	returned from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 0 ARFCN	2 bytes - equivalent to afrcn_nc[0]		
	returned from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 0 rxlev	1 byte - equivalent to rxlev_nc[0] returned		
	from AT%EM2,3		
Neighbor Cell 1 LAC	2 bytes - equivalent to lac_nc[1] returned		
	from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 1 CellID	2 bytes - equivalent to cell_id_nc[1]		
	returned from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 1 ARFCN	2 bytes - equivalent to afrcn_nc[1]		
	returned from AT% EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 1 rxlev	1 byte - equivalent to rxlev_nc[1] returned		
	from AT%EM2,3		
Neighbor Cell 2 LAC	2 bytes - equivalent to lac_nc[2] returned		
	from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 2 CellID	2 bytes - equivalent to cell_id_nc[2]		
	returned from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 2 ARFCN	2 bytes - equivalent to afrcn_nc[2]		
	returned from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 2 rxlev	1 byte - equivalent to rxlev_nc[2] returned		
	from AT%EM2,3		
Neighbor Cell 3 LAC	2 bytes - equivalent to lac_nc[3] returned		
N. II. G. II. G. II.	from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 3 CellID	2 bytes - equivalent to cell_id_nc[3]		
N. 11 GHAARRA	returned from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 3 ARFCN	2 bytes - equivalent to afrcn_nc[3]		
Naighban Cell 2 m 1	returned from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 3 rxlev	1 byte - equivalent to rxlev_nc[3] returned		
Naighban Call 4 LAC	from AT%EM2,3		
Neighbor Cell 4 LAC	2 bytes - equivalent to lac_nc[4] returned		
Naighbar Call 4 Callin	from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 4 CellID	2 bytes - equivalent to cell_id_nc[4]		
Neighbor Call 4 ADECNI	returned from AT%EM=2,3		
Neighbor Cell 4 ARFCN	2 bytes - equivalent to afrcn_nc[4]		



	returned from AT%EM=2,3
Neighbor Cell 4 rxlev	1 byte - equivalent to rxlev_nc[4] returned
	from AT%EM2,3
Neighbor Cell 5 LAC	2 bytes - equivalent to lac_nc[5] returned
	from AT%EM=2,3
Neighbor Cell 5 CellID	2 bytes - equivalent to cell_id_nc[5]
	returned from AT%EM=2,3
Neighbor Cell 5 ARFCN	2 bytes - equivalent to afrcn_nc[5]
	returned from AT%EM=2,3
Neighbor Cell 5 rxlev	1 byte - equivalent to rxlev_nc[5] returned
	from AT%EM2,3

Bit 25 ASCII Format Table

If ASCII format (Bit0=0) is selected: Variable length string is appended to message with semicolons separating cells Serving Cells and Neighbor Cells) and commas separating the fields within a cell as follows:

mcc,mnc,sc_lac,sc_cell_id,sc_arfcn,sc_rxlev,sc_tav; lac_nc0,cell_id_nc0,arfcn_nc0,rxlev_nc0; lac_nc1,cell_id_nc1,arfcn_nc1,rxlev_nc1; lac_nc2,cell_id_nc2,arfcn_nc2,rxlev_nc2; lac_nc3,cell_id_nc3,arfcn_nc3,rxlev_nc3; lac_nc4,cell_id_nc4,arfcn_nc4,rxlev_nc4;

lac_nc5,cell_id_nc5,arfcn_nc5,rxlev_nc5

mcc	equivalent to mcc digits returned from AT%EM=2,4
mnc	equivalent to mnc digits returned from AT%EM=2,4
sc_lac	equivalent to lac returned from AT%EM=2,1
sc_cell_id	equivalent to cell_id returned from AT%EM=2,1
sc_arfcn	equivalent to arfcn returned from AT%EM=2,1
sc_rxlev	equivalent to rxlev returned from AT%EM=2,1 in
	Idle mode or rxlev_f in Dedicated mode
sc_tav	equivalent to tav returned from AT%EM=2,1
lac_nc0	equivalent to lac_nc[0] returned from AT%EM=2,3
cell_id_nc0	equivalent to cell_id_nc[0] returned from
	AT%EM=2,3
arfcn_nc0	equivalent to arfcn_nc[0] returned from
	AT%EM=2,3
rxlev_nc0	equivalent to rxlev_nc[0] returned from
	AT%EM=2,3
lac_nc1	equivalent to lac_nc[1] returned from AT%EM=2,3
cell_id_nc1	equivalent to cell_id_nc[1] returned from
	AT%EM=2,3
arfcn_nc1	equivalent to arfcn_nc[1] returned from
	AT%EM=2,3
rxlev_nc1	equivalent to rxlev_nc[1] returned from
	AT%EM=2,3
lac_nc2	equivalent to lac_nc[2] returned from AT%EM=2,3
cell_id_nc2	equivalent to cell_id_nc[2] returned from
	AT%EM=2,3
arfcn_nc2	equivalent to arfcn_nc[2] returned from
	AT%EM=2,3



rxlev_nc2	equivalent to rxlev_nc[2] returned from AT%EM=2,3
lac_nc3	equivalent to lac_nc[3] returned from AT%EM=2,3
cell_id_nc3	equivalent to cell_id_nc[3] returned from AT%EM=2,3
arfcn_nc3	equivalent to arfcn_nc[3] returned from AT%EM=2,3
rxlev_nc3	equivalent to rxlev_nc[3] returned from AT%EM=2,3
lac_nc4	equivalent to lac_nc[4] returned from AT%EM=2,3
cell_id_nc4	equivalent to cell_id_nc[4] returned from AT%EM=2,3
arfcn_nc4	equivalent to arfcn_nc[4] returned from AT%EM=2,3
rxlev_nc4	equivalent to rxlev_nc[4] returned from AT%EM=2,3
lac_nc5	equivalent to lac_nc[5] returned from AT%EM=2,3
cell_id_nc5	equivalent to cell_id_nc[5] returned from AT%EM=2,3
arfcn_nc5	equivalent to arfcn_nc[5] returned from AT%EM=2,3
rxlev_nc5	equivalent to rxlev_nc[5] returned from AT%EM=2,3

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Maximum of 150 events (input and

output).



User Defined Incoming Call Number (2) \$EVCID

Event

Command Function This command allows the user to define

up to 5 separate incoming call number

user input events

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$EVCID=?

\$EVCID: (0-5),(0-2), 44

OK

Write Format AT\$EVCID=<entry>,<mode>[,

<number>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$EVCID?

Response \$EVCID: <entry>,<mode>,<number>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

Selects which CID entry to modify <entry> 1-5

<mode> 0 Disable event generation for

incoming call number

Enable event generation for 1 incoming call number and suppress ring indication and respond to network with busy

signal.

2 Enable event generation for

incoming call number and do not

suppress ring indication.



(2) \$EVCID User Defined Incoming Call Number

Event (continued)

<number> string type;Character string

[~]<0..9,+,?>. Where <?> is a single character wildcard. If number starts with '~' it will match to any incoming call number with 0 or more digits preceding the remaining digits in the string. This is useful for matching to local, national and international ISDN telephony numbering

plans.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes In the event the incoming call number

matches more than one incoming call number selection, the mode selection will be based on priority order. The priority order will be for entries 1 through 5 with entry 1 having the highest priority.



(2) \$EVCID

User Defined Incoming Call Number Event (continued)

Example:

These commands will cause the example in AT\$EVENT to trigger for incoming call numbers matching event call id 2 or event call id 3.

AT\$EVCID=2,1,"123456789?" // Define incoming call number with the last digit a wildcard AT\$EVCID=3,1,"~123456789" // Define incoming call number to allow For local and international prefixes

AT\$EVENT=1,1,65,2,3

Ending range of 3 (high)
Starting range of 2 (high)
Activate Incoming Call Number Event
Input event
Event group 1



(3) \$EVTIM# User Defined Input Event Timers

Command Function This command allows the user to define up

to 8 separate periodic input events in 1

second increments

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$EVTIM#=?

Response \$EVTIM#: (0-604800)

OK

Write Format AT\$EVTIM#=<rate>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$EVTIM#?
Response \$EVTIM#: <rate>

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<rate> number of seconds between each

generated input event.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes AT\$EVTIM4 will affect the values in

AT\$WAKEUP. Do not use this event timer

if you are using AT\$WAKEUP.

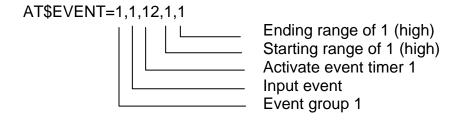


(3) \$EVTIM#

User Defined Input Event # = <1- 8> (continued)

Example:

These commands will cause the example in AT\$EVENT to trigger every 60 seconds.



AT\$EVTIM1=60



(4) \$EVTEST Generate Test Input Event

Command Function This command allows the user to generate

any input event. This is useful for testing

the user event table.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

Write Format Response

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT\$EVTEST=<event>,<state>

Response OK

Parameter Values

<event> input event number

<state> input event test state

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A

Example:

This example will cause the example provided in the AT\$EVENT to trigger.







(5) \$EVDEL Delete Event

Command Function This command allows the user to delete

items from the user generated event table. Entering only the group number will delete

the whole group.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT\$EVDEL=<group><letter ID>

Response OK

Parameter Values

<group> event list group number

<letter ID>
letter indicating which element of the group

(optional)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes

Example:

AT\$EVDEL=1 Will delete all entries event group 1

AT\$EVDEL=1b Will delete only the second entry in event group 1



(6) \$EVDELA Delete Event

Command Function This command allows the user to delete all

user generated events from the event table.

Command Functional Enfora Specific

Group

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT\$EVDELA

Response OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(7) \$STOATEV Store AT Command Events

Command Function This commands allows the user to store AT

command output events. The AT command

is executed upon the triggering of the

associated input event.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$STOATEV=?

Response \$\$STOATEV: (1-25)<,AT commands>

OK

Write Format AT\$STOATEV = <1-25>,

Response < AT command >

OK

Read Format AT\$ STOATEV?

Response \$STOATEV: AT Event# AT Cmds

2

... 25

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<1-25 > AT event index.

<AT command> AT command associated with the AT event

index. The AT command is not checked for

validity.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(7) \$STOATEV Store AT Command Events

(continued)

Notes This command is used in conjunction with

the Dynamic Input Output event

(AT\$EVENT). The output event associated with this command is event 44. When output event 44 is defined in the event

table, Parm1 defines which index to refer to. The AT command associated with the

index is executed.

When storing command to dial a voice call, a "v" replaces the ";" at the end of the dial

string..ie atd17195551212v

Example:

Initiate a voice call from abbreviated dialing phone book store location 1.

AT\$STOATEV=1,ATD>AD1	V
	Dial number in phonebook location 1
	AT Command event index



(8) \$EVTIMQRY Event Counter

Command Function This command shows the current count for

the event counter of the timer specified

indicated by the argument.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$EVTIMQRY=? \$EVTIMQRY: (1-8)

OK

Write Format AT\$EVTIMQRY=<timer_index>

Response \$EVTIMQRY:<timer_index>=<count>

OK

Read Format AT\$EVTIMQRY?

Response ERROR

Execution Format AT\$EVTIMQRY=8

Response \$EVTIMQRY: 8=0.000

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference ITU-T Ref. V.25ter Chapter 6.3.8

Standard Scope Mandatory

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes



(m) Real-Time Clock Commands

(1) \$RTCTIME Real Time Clock Time

Command Function This command handles the querying of the

RTC time registers.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$RTCTIME=?

Response \$RTCTIME: (0..6), (0..99), (1..12), (1..31),

(0..23), (0..59), (0..59)

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format AT\$RTCTIME?

Response \$RTCTIME: <rtc_wkday>, <rtc_year>,

<rtc_month>, <rtc_day>, <rtc_hour>,

<rtc min>, <rtc sec>"

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

<rtc month>



(1) \$RTCTIME Real Time Clock Time

(continued)

Parameter Values Parameters are positional dependent, any

parameter may be omitted with the use of the **comma (',')** as a place holder on command line. If a parameter is omitted then the current value in the hardware is

used.

< rtc_wkday > Current week day matching time day being

set.

The week day values range from 0..6,

where;

0->Sunday, 1->Monday, 2->Tuesday, 3->Wednesday, 4->Thursday, 5->Friday,

and 6->Saturday.

< rtc_year > The year on which the time is being set to.

The RTC supports years 2000-2099. The data is entered as a two digit value 0..99. The month on which the time is being set

The month on which the time is being s

to. Values range from 1..12.

<rtc_day> The day on which the time is being set to.

Values range from 1..31.

<rtc_hour> The hour on which the time is being set to.

Values range from 0..24 for 24-Hour mode

settings.

NOTE: only 24-Hour mode currently

supported.

<rtc_min> The minute on which the time is being set

to. Values range from 0..59.

<rtc_sec>
The second on which the time is being set

to. Values range from 0..59.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(1) \$RTCTIME Real Time Clock Time

(continued)

Notes Currently all time is based on 24-Hour time

format.



(n) IP Router Commands

(1) \$HOSTIF Configure Host to Modem Interface

Command Function This command allows the user to configure

the desired Host to Modem interface. This parameter determines the behavior of the

ATD command.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$HOSTIF=?

(0-3)

Write Format AT\$HOSTIF=<host interface>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$HOSTIF=?

Response HOSTIF: <host interface>

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<host interface> 0 = Establish normal external Dial up

networking modem to network

connection.

1 = Establish UDP PAD session. Upon establishment of a network activation, a CONNECT message will be displayed. "No

Carrier" or error will indicate failed or

terminated UDP PAD session.

2 = Establish TCP PAD session Upon establishment of a network activation, a CONNECT message for at\$active=1, or a LISTEN message for at\$active=0 will be displayed. "No Carrier" or error will indicate failed or terminated TCP PAD session.
3 = Establish non-GPRS PPP connection.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(1) \$HOSTIF

Configure Host to Modem Interface (continued)

Notes

When HOSTIF = 3, all port connection requests must originate from the Host system. When the modem is configured for this mode, it is operating as a nonconfigurable router / firewall. FTP active mode is not supported. Some programs may require a remote proxy in order to work.



(2) \$CONN Initiate Network Connection

Command Function This command allows the user to initiate a

network connection while the modem already has a local PPP connection. This command is only valid when AT\$HOSTIF=3 after the local PPP connection has been

established.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT\$CONN

Response OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes This feature is only valid when

AT\$HOSTIF=3.



(3) \$DISC Disconnect Network Connection

Command Function This command allows the user to initiate a

network disconnect. This command is only valid for AT\$HOSTIF=3 after the local PPP connection has been established or overthe-air as an API command when in TCP

PAD mode.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT\$DISC

Response OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

NotesThis command will only disconnect the

network connection when AT\$HOSTIF=3. The local PPP connection will remain

active.

This command can also be used to function as a disconnect request for TCP PAD. It must be sent over the air using the UDPAPI

AT Command write sequence



(4) \$LOCIP Display Local Modem to Host IP & DNS

Command Function This command allows the user to query the

modem's locally assigned IP.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format AT\$LOCIP?

Response <"IP">,<"DNS1">,<"DNS2">

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<IP> local host to modem IP

<DNS1> local host to modem DNS1

<DNS2> local host to modem DNS2

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(5) \$NETIP Display Network Assigned IP & DNS

Command Function This command allows the user to query the

modem's network assigned IP.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format AT\$NETIP?

Response <"IP">,<"DNS1">,<"DNS2">

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<IP> network assigned IP

<DNS1> network assigned DNS1

<DNS2>
network assigned DNS2

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(6) \$GATEWAY Gateway IP

Command Function This command allows the user to select a

gateway IP. Windows CE 3.0 devices and some Linux platforms require a gateway address. Default value "0.0.0.0" indicates that no gateway IP will be requested from the host. A non-zero value will cause the modem to request the indicated gateway IP

from the host.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$GATEWAY=? \$GATEWAY: ("<**IP**>")

OK

Write Format AT\$GATEWAY ="<IP >"

Response OK

Read Format AT\$GATEWAY?
Response \$GATEWAY: "<IP >"

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<IP> gateway IP address.

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(o) Network Commands

(1) \$MSCLS Set GPRS Multislot Class

Command Function This command is used to set the GPRS

multislot class.

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$MSCLS=? \$MSCLS: (1-10)

OK

Write Format AT\$MSCLS=<msclass>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$MSCLS?

Response \$MSCLS: <msclass>

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<msclass> 1-10

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The value is saved when using AT&W

command. To return to default MS class,

use AT&F command.



(2) \$CGEER Get PDP Context Activation Reject

Cause

Command Function This command is used to get the last GPRS

PDP context activation reject cause.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$CGEER=?

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT\$CGEER

Response \$CGEER: <reject cause>

OK

Parameter Values

< reject cause > no PDP reject cause

insufficient resources

missing or unknown APN

unknown PDP address or PDP type

user authentication failed

activation rejected by GGSN activation rejected, unspecified

service option not supported

requested service option not subscribed service option temporarily out of order

NSAPI already used

protocol errors



(2) \$CGEER Get PDP Context Activation Reject

Cause (continued)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Default reject cause is "no PDP reject

cause". <reject cause> is reset to this default reject cause by PDP context activation confirmed or PDP context

deactivation confirmed.



(3) \$LOCI Location Information Configuration

Command Function This command allows the user to enable

storage of the GSM LOCI info in the

modem NVMEM

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$LOCI=?

(0-1)

OK

Write Format AT\$LOCI=<mode>

<cr>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$ LOCI?

Response \$LOCI: <mode>,<IMSI>,<TMSI>,<LAI>,

<TMSI Time>,<LOC UPDATE STATUS>

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A

Parameter Values

o GSM LOCI information is stored in

the SIM

1 GSM LOCI information is stored in

the Modem

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes: The GSM LOCI is saved in non-volatile

memory every time the SIM's GSM LOCI is updated. AT&W is not needed to save the

settings.



(4) %BAND Frequency Band Information

Command Function This command sets the Frequency bands

the modem will scan for available network

service.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT%BAND=?

%BAND: (0-1),(<band>)*

OK

Write Format AT%BAND= <mode>,<band>

Response N/A

Read Format AT%BAND?

Response %BAND: 0,<band>

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 automatic

1 manual

<bar>band> 1 GSM 900 MHz

2 DCS 1800 MHz

4 PCS 1900 MHz

8 EGSM channels (in 900 band but not

all the GSM channels)

16 850

Examples of combining 11 GSM/EGSM/DCS

Primary bands 15 GSM/EGSM/DCS/PCS

20 850/PCS

31 GSM/EGSM/DCS/PCS/850

Reference

Standard Scope Optional



(4) %BAND Frequency Band Information

(continued)

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A

Notes Usable frequency bands dependent on

product type. Do not enter <band> in Write

command if <mode> is automatic.

Examples The parameter values for <band> can be

added together to support multiple

frequency bands.

1 + 8 = 9 – The value of 9 is a combination of adding the bands 1 and 8 together, which would include the complete 900 MHz band.,

supported by the Enfora radio.

1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 16 = 31 – The combination of all values supports the quad-band radio.



(p) Network Monitoring Commands

(1) \$AREG Auto Registration

Command Function This command sets the auto registration

state of the modem

Command Functional

Group

Enfora specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$AREG=? \$AREG: (0,2)

OK

Write Format AT\$AREG=<state>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$AREG?

Response \$AREG: <state>

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<state> 0 Autoreg off

1 Autoreg on

2 Auto GPRS Activation on Power up.

(for \$hostif=1 and 2, MT will perform GPRS activation and go into PAD data mode. For Hostif=0 and 3, MT will perform GPRS activation, but remain in AT command mode)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(1) \$AREG

Auto Registration (continued)

Notes

This command sets GMS registration state. When set to 1, upon power on, the modem will automatically register on the GSM network. To set the modem to automatically attach to the GPRS network on power on, see AT%CGAATT command.

AT+CGDCONT must be entered and saved before MT is placed in AREG=2.

* If PIN is enabled, the modem will not complete the auto registration process until after the PIN has been entered (AT+CPIN).



(2) \$RESET Reset Modem

Command Function This command is used to perform a modem

reset.

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query N/A

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT\$RESET

Response N/A

Parameter Values N/A

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Execution of this command will perform a

full reset of the software stack. If the modem is currently registered onto the GSM/GPRS network, the modem will perform a detach before performing the

stack reset.



(3) \$NETMON **Monitor Network Availability**

Command Function This command allows the modem to take

> aggressive network recovery action based upon the results of continuous network

monitoring.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$NETMON=?

Response \$NETMON: (0,5-1440),(0-10),(0-255),(0-1)

OK

Write Format AT\$NETMON= < net_unavail_min>, Response <reset_cnt>,<ping check>,<rst timers>

OK

Read Format AT\$NETMON?

Response \$NETMON: "<net_unavail_min >,

<reset_cnt>,<ping check>,<rst timers>"

Execution Format N/A N/A

Response



(3) \$NETMON

Monitor Network Availability (continued)

Parameter Values

<net unavail min >

Number of minutes the network must remain unavailable before current GPRS Activation is released, and a new GPRS Activation is attempted. Network availability is determined by monitoring GPRS attach status (AT%CGREG) and valid Network IP (AT\$NETIP). A value of zero means the GPRS Activation will never be released via AT\$NETMON.

<reset cnt >

Number of GPRS Activations attempted before all volatile network knowledge is erased and the modem performs a soft reset. A value of 1 indicates the modem will perform a graceful detach from the network and then a soft reset of the device. For values greater than 1, the modem will attempt a GPRS deactivation / activation sequence every <net_unavail_min> until the number of attempts equals <reset_cnt>. The modem then will perform a graceful detach from the network and then a soft reset. A value of zero indicates that a modem reset will never occur via AT\$NETMON.

<ping check >

Number of minutes between modeminitiated ping checks. If no network data
has been received within <ping check>
minutes, the modem will initiate pings (up to
4 ICMP messages are generated) to the 1st
server on the \$FRIEND list. If no ping
response is received to any of the 4 ICMP
messages, the modem will initiate pings to
the next server in the list. If no ping
response is returned from any of the
\$FRIEND servers, a new IP is obtained via
a modem-initiated GPRS de-activation /



(3) \$NETMON Monitor Network Availability

(continued)

activation sequence. A value of zero indicates that the modem will never initiate

a ping check.

any activity on the serial port

1 Do not reset the network monitoring timers if there is activity on the serial ports

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes This command is intended for extreme

activation conditions, such as repeatedly moving in and out of coverage areas, or for modems that are required to be attached to

the network continuously.



(q) Miscellaneous Commands

(1) %NRG Network Registration and Service

Selection

Command Function Set command forces an attempt to select

and register the GSM network operator. <regMode> is used to select whether the selection is done automatically by the ME or is forced by this command to operator

<opr> (it shall be given in format

<oprf>rmt>).

Command Functional

Group

Network

Command Format Query AT%NRG=?

Response %NRG: (0,1,4),(0-3),(0-2)

OK

Write Format AT%NRG=<regMode>, <srvMode>,

Response <oprFrmt>, <opr>

OK

Read Format AT%NRG?

Response %NRG==<regMode>, <srvMode>,

<oprFrmt>, <srvStat>, <opr>

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(1) %NRG Network Registration and Service

Selection (continued)

Parameter Values

<regMode> 0 automatic registration (<opr>

field is ignored)

1 manual registration (<opr> field shall be

present on registration attempt)

4 both

<srvMode> 0 full service

1 limited service

2 no service

3 set registration mode only

short format alphanumeric <opr>

2 numeric <opr>>

1 limited service

2 no service

<opr> string type

<oprFrmt> indicates if the format is alphanumeric or

up to 16 characters long and short format up to 8 characters; numeric format is the GSM Location Area Identification number (refer GSM 04.08 subclause 10.5.1.3) which consists of a three BCD digit country code coded as in ITU-T E.212 Annex A, plus a two BCD digit network code, which is administration specific; returned <opr>
shall not be in BCD format, but in IRA characters converted from BCD; hence the number has structure: (country code digit

numeric; long alphanumeric format can be

3)(country code digit 2)(country code digit 1)(network code digit 2)(network code digit

1)



(1) %NRG Network Registration and Service

Selection (continued)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A

Notes The command %NRG is an expansion of

the +COPS command. The new command allows specifying the service state of the registration. For a list of current available network operators please use the test

command of +COPS>



(2) %CACM Query Accumulated Call Meter Using

PUCT

Command Function Returns the current value of the

accumulated call meter, calculated with the values given by the price per unit and currency table stored in SIM. Refer

subclause 9.2 of [GSM 07.07] for possible

<err> values.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT%CACM

Response %CACM: <cur>,<price>

OK

Parameter Values

<cur> string type; three-character currency code

(e.g. "GBP", "DEM"); character set as

specified by command Select

<price> string type; calculated price value of

accumulated call meter; dot is used as a

decimal separator (e.g. 2.66)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A



(3) %CAOC Query Current Call Meter Using PUCT

N/A

Command Function Returns the current value of the current call

meter, calculated with the values given by

the price per unit and currency

table stored in SIM. Refer subclause 9.2 of [GSM 07.07] for possible **<err>>** values.

Command Functional

Group

Phone Control

Command Format Query

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format AT%CAOC

Response %CAOC: <cur>,<price>

OK

Parameter Values

<cur> string type; three-character currency code

(e.g. "GBP", "DEM"); character set as

specified by command Select

<price> string type; calculated price value of

accumulated call meter; dot is used as a

decimal separator (e.g. 2.66)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A



(4) %CPI

Call Progress Information

Command Function

This command refers to call progress information, which is indicated by the network during call establishment. The set command enable/disables the presentation of unsolicited notification result codes from TA to TE. When <mode>=1 and a call progress information is received during a call establishment, intermediate result code %CPI: <cld>,<msqType>,<ibt>,<tch> is sent to TE. <cld> identifies the call in the call table. The value of <msgType> describes the layer 3-message type that was used to transfer the call progress information. The state of TCH assignment and the use of in-band tones for that call can be monitored by the values of <ibt> and <tch>. Test command returns values supported by the TA as compound value.

Command Functional Group

Call Control

Command Format Query

Response

AT%CPI=? %CPI: (0-3)

OK

Write Format Response

AT%CPI=<mode>

OK

Read Format Response

AT%CPI? %CPI: 0

OK

Execution Format Response

N/A N/A



(4) %CPI Call Progress Information

(continued)

Parameter Values

<mode> (parameter sets/shows the result code

presentation status in the TA)

0 disable1 enable2 status

3 append cause and ALS bearer state

to unsolicited result code

<cld> integer type; call identification number as

described in GSM 02.30 subclause 4.5.5.1

<msgType> (layer 3 message type)

0 setup message

disconnect message

2 alert message

3 call proceed message4 synchronization message5 progress description message

6 connect

reset request for call reestablishmentreset confirm for call reestablishment

9 call release10 call reject

11 mobile originated call setup

<ibt> (status of the usage of in-band tones)

no in-band tonesin-band tones

<tch> (TCH assignment)

TCH not assignedTCH assigned

Reference N/A

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A



(4) %CPI Call Progress Information (continued)

Notes %CPI=4 appends an Advanced Cause

Code (For Experienced Users Only)



(5) %CTV **Call Timer Value**

Command Function Returns the current value of the last call

> duration in seconds. Refer subclause 9.2 of [GSM 07.07] for possible <err> values

Command Functional

Group

Results

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A N/A Response

Execution Format

%CTV: <dur> Response

Parameter Values

<dur> integer type; represents the duration of the

AT%CTV

last call in unit of seconds.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A



(6) %SNCNT Query (or Reset) the Byte Counters

(Only GPRS)

Command Function Returns (or resets) the byte counts of every

current connection.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS

Command Format Query

Response

AT%SNCNT=? %SNCNT: (0)

OK

Write Format %SNCNT=<rst>

Response OK

Read Format AT%SNCNT?

Response %SNCNT: <nsapi1>, <upo>, <dno>,

<upp>, <dnp><CR><LF>

%SNCNT: <nsapi2>, <upo>, <dno>,

<upp>, <dnp><CR><LF>

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<rst> resets the counters if rst = 0

<nsapi> connection id

<up>> uplink octets count.

<dno> downlink octets count.

<up>> uplink packets count.

<dnp> downlink packets count.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A



(7) %CGAATT Automatic Attach and Detach Mode

Command Function This command is used to chose the

behavior of the attach procedure.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT%CGAATT=?

%CGAATT: (0,1),(0,1)

OK

Write Format AT%CGAATT=<att_m>,<det_m>

Response OK

Read Format AT%CGAATT? Response %CGAATT: 1.1

OK

Execution Format

Response

<att_m> automatic attach mode

automatic attachmanual attach

<det m> automatic detach mode

0 automatic detach after last context

deactivation

1 manual detach

Reference

Standard Scope

Enfora Implementation Scope

Notes When automatic attach/detach is enabled

and at\$areg=1 or 2, the modem will

automatically attach onto and detach from the GPRS network upon power on or power

down.



(8) %CGPPP PPP Negotiation Selection

Command Function This command is used select the type of

negotiation protocol.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT%CGPPP=? %CGPPP: (0-3)

OK

Write Format AT%CGPPP=<pt>

Response OK

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<pt><pt> (authentication protocol)

0 No authentication (ignore login +

pwd)

1 PAP **2** CHAP

3 automatic authentication

Reference N/A

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

NotesThis command is used in conjunction with

the %CGPCO command.



(9) %CGPCO Set Type of Authentication, Username

and Password

Command Function This command sets the type of

Authentication, username and password for

GPRS context activation.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT%CGPCO=?

%CGPCO: 0,(0-251),(1-2)

OK

Write Format AT%CGPCO=<Input format>,

"<Authentication data>",

<cid>

Response OK

Read Format AT%CGPCO?

Response CGPCO: 0,"<PCO Hex string>",1

CGPCO: 0,"<PCO Hex string>",2

OK

AT%CGPCO?

CGPCO: 1,"<Username,Password>",1 CGPCO: 1,"<Username,Password>",2

OK

Execution Format

Response

N/A N/A



(9) %CGPCO Set Type of Authentication, Username

and Password (continued)

Parameter Values

1 - Inputs specified in ASCII

<Authentication data Authentication data (ASCII)

<username>,<password> where

Username: Maximum 64 bytes ASCII string. Password: Maximum 64 bytes ASCII string.

Authentication data (Hexadecimal):

Protocol Configuration Option specified in Hex value; maximum size is equal to 251

bytes.

<cid> 0 – The new username and password is to

be applied to all context Activation.

1 – The new username and password is to

be applied to Context identifier 1.

2 – The new username and password is to

be applied to Context identifier 2.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes

If %CGPCO is set with the input format of 0

(hexadecimal), then the setting of AT%CGPPP will be ignored.

Username and Password are case

sensitive.



(9) %CGPCO

Set Type of Authentication, Username and Password (continued)

Example:

Example of ASCII input parameters:

AT%CGPCO=1, "username, password", 1

AT%CGPCO?

CGPCO: 1,"username,password",1 (PAP:80C023160101001608757365726E616D65087061737 776F726480211001010010810600000000830600000000)

Example of Hex input parameters:

AT%CGPCO=0, "80C023160101001608757365726E616D650870617373 776F726480211001010010810600000000830600000000", 1



(10) %ALS Alternating Line Service

Command Function Alternate Line Service provides the MS with

the capability of associating two alternate

lines with one IMSI. A user will

be able to make and receive calls on either line as desired and will be billed separately for calls on each line. Each line will be associated with a separate directory number (MSISDN) and separate

subscription profile.

Command Functional

Group

GPRS Commands

Command Format Query

Response

AT%ALS=? %ALS: (0,1)

OK

Write Format AT%ALS=<line>

Response OK

Read Format AT%ALS? **Response** %ALS: 0

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

line number

0 line one

1 line two

Reference

Standard Scope

Enfora Implementation Scope



(11) %CGREG GPRS Extended Registration State

Command Function This command reports extended

information about GPRS registration state. %CGREG behaves exactly as +CGREG does. In addition %CGREG supports three

states +CGREG does not support.

Command Functional GPRS Commands

Group

OK

Write Format AT%CGREG=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT%CGREG?

Response %CGREG: <n>,<stat>,[,<lac>,<ci>,<act>]

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> enable or disable extended GPRS

registration state reporting

0 do not report registration state

do report registration state

enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]

3 enable network registration, location

information, and

activated/deactivated PDP context unsolicited result code +CGREG:

<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>,<act>].



(11) %CGREG	GPRS Extended Registration State (continued)
<state></state>	 not registered registered to home network not yet registered, but searching for network to register to registration denied unknown state registered to foreign network (roaming) limited service (cell might be overloaded) GSM call active no cell available next attempt to update MS
<lac></lac>	string type; two-byte location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal)
<ci></ci>	string type; two-byte cell ID in hexadecimal format
<act></act>	0 deactivated1 activated
Reference	N/A
Standard Scope	N/A
Enfora Implementation Scope	N/A
Notes	N/A



(12) %EM Engineering Mode

Command Function This command allows the user to view

engineering mode functions including Serving cell and neighboring cell

information

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT%EM=?

Response %EM: (2-3),(1-13)

OK

Write Format AT%EM=<mode>,<type>

Response OK

Read Format AT%EM?

Response Error

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

< mode > 2 AT Command

3 PCO

<type> See Engineering Mode Document

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Please see the Engineering mode Manual

Technical note GSM0000TN012 for complete details of this command.



(13) \$PKG Request Firmware Package

Command Function This command is used to obtain the

firmware package version.

Command Functional

Group

Equipment Information

Command Format Query N/A **Response** N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT\$PKG

Response <firmware version>

OK

Parameter Values N/A

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Return value is manufacturer specific.



(14) \$SNDMSG Send Test Message

Command Function This command allows the user to send the

requested test message to the destination IP and port as defined in AT\$FRIEND and

AT\$UDPAPI.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific Test Command

Command Format Query

Response

N/A N/A

Write Format AT\$SNDMSG=<test message select >

Response OK

Read Format N/A **Response** N/A

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<test message select > AND selected HEX options into a single

16 bit word.

01=Send Remote Ack Test Msg

02=Send Remote Broadcast Test Msg 04=Send Remote Fire & Forget Test Msg

08=Send Local PAD Test Msg 10=Send Local UDP Test Msg

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(15) \$SMSDA Destination Address for SMS Messages

Command Function This command allows a user to configure

the phone number or email address for

sending of event data.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$SMSDA=?

\$SMSDA: (1 - 5),"1234...","123.."

Write Format Response AT\$SMSDA=<index>,<dest

addr>,<gateway number>

Read Format Response AT\$SMSDA?

\$SMSDA: 1,"<dest addr>","<gateway

number>"

\$SMSDA: 2,"<dest addr>","<gateway

number>",

\$SMSDA: 3,"<dest addr>","<gateway

number>",

\$SMSDA: 4,"<dest addr>","<gateway

number>",

\$SMSDA: 5,"<dest addr>","<gateway

number>",

OK

Execution Format Response N/A

Parameter Values

< index> 1 – 5 defines the index number for

destination address

< dest addr> 38 characters or less phone number or

email address

<gateway> 7 characters or less gateway number for

email address

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional



(15) \$SMSDA Dest

Destination Address for SMS messages (continued)

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes The *gateway number* is provided by the

Network Provider (ex: AT&T, Cingular, etc) and is only used for sending email over SMS. It is not required if you are sending

SMS to a phone number.

If using this command with a international number (preceded by a "+") it may be required to change the command

at+csca=145.

An AT\$EVENT command has to be set to

send a GPS message over SMS.



(16) \$UDPMSG Send and Receive UDP Messages

Command Function This command allows the user to send

UDP/IP data packets while in AT command mode. The destination IP address is set by the \$friend command while the port number is set by the \$udpapi command. The modem must have a GPRS context activation established (\$areg=2

command setting).

Incoming messages addressed to the modem's IP and port specified in

AT\$UDPAPI will be displayed on the serial

port with the unsolicited response \$UDPMSG: followed by the message.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$UDPMSG=? **(**0-1),(0-2),("data")

OK

Write Format AT\$UDPMSG=<format>,<type>,<data>

<cr>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$ UDPMSG?

Response OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

my data")

1 <data> is an ASCII-Hex bytes (i.e.:

050a25)



(16) \$UDPMSG Send and Receive UDP Messages

(continued)

<type> 0 message will only be sent to the first IP

address in the friend's list and to port number mentioned by the \$UDPAPI

command

1 message will be sent via the ACK method (controlled by \$ACKTM command) to the IP address listed in \$FRIEND and port number listed by \$UDPAPI command
 2 message will be sent to all IP address in \$FRIEND command at port number listed

by \$UDPAPI command.

<data> "ABCD" (Data to be transmitted in quotes)

(NOTE: HEX format data shall always be

entered as two ASCII

characters per byte. ex: 0x5 should be

entered as 05)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes Data received from OTA shall be sent to the

modem's serial port as:

\$UDPMSG: <text> (ASCII or Binary data) (NOTE: Binary message will be displayed

as two ASCII Hex characters.

<data> field from the at\$udpmsg command

will be sent to IP address(es)

listed in the \$FRIEND command and at

port number defined by \$UDPAPI

command.



(16) \$UDPMSG

Send and Receive UDP Messages (continued)

<data> sent or received OTA shall be appended with a 4-byte UDP-API header as follows:

Bytes 0 - 1: First 2 bytes of <data> field Byte 2: 0x06 for ASCII data type or 0x07 for Binary data type

Byte 3: reserved

Byte 4 - n: <data> minus the first two bytes

^{*} A minimum of 2 and maximum of 250 ASCII characters are support. For HEX, a minimum of 2 and maximum of 125 bytes are supported.



(17) \$LUPREJ Get LUP Reject Cause

Command Function This command is used to get the last

Location Area Update cause.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$LUPREJ=?

Response \$LUPREJ: (0,1)

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT\$LUPREJ

Response \$LUPREJ: <output>,<cause>,<MCC/MNC>

OK

Parameter Values

<cause> Location Area Update reject cause. See

notes section for reject codes.

<MCC/MNC> Mobile network that issued the Reject

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(17) \$LUPREJ

Get LUP Reject Cause (continued)

Notes

LUP Reject codes:

02	RC_IMSI_IN_HLR
03	RC_ILLEGAL_MS
04	RC_IMSI_IN_VLR
05	RC_IMEI_NOT_ACCEPTED
06	RC_ILLEGAL_ME
11	RC_PLMN_NOT_ALLOWED
12	RC_LA_NOT_ALLOWED
13	RC_ROAMING_NOT_ALLOWED
17	RC_NETWORK_FAILURE
22	RC_CONGETION
32	RC_SERVICE_NOT_SUPPORTED
33	RC_SERVICE_NOT_SUBSCRIBED
34	RC_SERVICE_ORDER
38	RC_IDENTIFIY
95	RC_INCORRECT_MESSAGE
96	RC_INVALID_MAND_MESSAGE
97	RC_MESSAGE_TYPE_NOT_IMPLEM
98	RC_MESSAGE_TYPE_INCOMPAT
99	RC_IE_NOT_IMPLEM
100	RC_CONDITIONAL_IE
101	RC_MESSAGE_INCOMPAT
111	RC_UNSPECIFIED

Examples

AT\$LUPREJ

\$LUPREJ: 0,13,310260

Network 310260 (TMO) reject the Location Area Update for roaming not allowed



(18) \$MSGSND Message Send

Command Function The \$MSGSND command has been

created to allow sending of data from

one mode to another.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$MSGSND=?

\$MSGSND: (0-4),("ASCII DATA")

OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format

Response

AT\$MSGSND=<destination>,<"data">

OK

Parameter Values

<destination>0 – 4 (possible Valid Values)

0 = <"data"> is sent out the serial port 1 = <"data"> is sent to all SMS addresses

listed in AT\$SMSDA command.

2 = <"data"> is sent via GPRS to first IP

address, configured as server, in

AT\$FRIEND command and port number

defined by AT\$UDPAPI command

3 = <"data"> is sent via GPRS to IP address and Port number listed in the AT\$PADDST

command

4 = <"data"> is sent via GPRS to first IP

address, configured as server, in

AT\$FRIEND command and port number for

TCP API values



(18) \$MSGSND Message Send (continued)

<"data"> a maximum of 50 bytes ASCII characters

*If <"data"> shall contain the ';' character (semicolon) the hexadecimal equivalent

'\3b' must be used instead.

Reference

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A

Example:

AT\$MSGSND=0,"hello;"

ERROR

OK

AT\$MSGSND=0,"hello\3b"

OK hello;



(19) \$OFF Power off command

Command Function This command allows the user to perform a

software-controlled shutdown. The modem gracefully deregisters from the network before powering down so it may take a few

seconds before current consumption

decreases.

N/A

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response N/A

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT\$OFF

Response None, unit powers down

Parameter Values None

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes



(20) \$PWRMSG Power On Message

Command Function This command allows the user to change

the default Power-Up message.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$PWRMSG=?

Response \$PWRMSG: "message"

Write Format AT\$PWRMSG="new pwr up message"

Response OK

Read Format AT\$PWRMSG?

Response \$PWRMSG: "AT-Command Interpreter

Ready"

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<message> New Power up Message

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A

Example:

AT\$PWRMSG ="Ready To Go"

OK

AT\$PWRMSG?

\$PWRMSG: "Ready To Go"

AT\$RESET Ready To Go



(21) %CSTAT Unsolicited SIM status

Command Function Enable/disable unsolicited status reports

from SIM processes

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT%CSTAT=?

Response %CSTAT: (0,1)

Write Format AT%CSTAT=<mode>

Response OK

Read Format AT%CSTAT?

Response %CSTAT: <mode>

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<mode> 0 = disabled

1 = enabled

Reference None

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A

Notes N/A

Example:

AT%CSTAT=1

After power on, the following unsolicited results codes will be delivered to the SIM as the processes are have been initialized and

are initialized.

%CSTAT: EONS, 0 EONS not ready %CSTAT: PHB, 1 Phonebook ready

%CSTAT: SMS, 1 SMS Ready

%CSTAT: RDY, 1 All SIM functions ready



(22) \$SRN Module Serial Number

Command Function This command will return the serial number

of the module.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$SRN=?

Response OK

Write Format N/A Response N/A

Read Format N/A Response N/A

Execution Format AT\$SRN

Response \$SRN: xxxxxxxxxxxx

Parameter Values N/A

Reference N/A

Standard Scope N/A

Enfora Implementation Scope N/A

Notes Returned values are unique for each

module



(23) \$USRVAL User Value

\$USRVAL Script Version

Command Function Allows the user to store a value in flash

memory which can later be retrieved.

Command Functional

Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$USRVAL=?

Response OK

Write Format AT\$USRVAL=<hex value>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$USRVAL?

Response \$USRVAL:(hex value)

OK

Execution Format N/A **Response** N/A

Parameter Values

<hexval> (0-FFFFFFF)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(24) \$DLYCALL Call Delay

Command Function This command provides a delay between

the detection of the Push-To-Call (PTC) button press and the actual initiation of the call to the dispatch number. The delay allows the event engine time to perform tasks such as sending GPS data via UDP while the modem is still GPRS registered.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$DLYCALL=?

Response \$DLYCALL=(0-5)

OK

Write Format AT\$DLYCALL=<seconds>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$DLYCALL?

Response \$DLYCALL: <seconds>

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

<seconds> Number of seconds to delay between

detection of PTC button press and initiation

of call.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(25) \$DSPNOTIF **Dispatch Notification**

Command Function This command is used to control the

> 'Dispatch Notification' LED. It is used primarily via the AT command over SMS function to notify the user that the user

should call the dispatch number.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

AT\$DSPNOTIF=? **Command Format Query** Response

\$DSPNOTIF:(0-1)

Write Format AT\$DSPNOTIF=<state>

Response OK

Read Format AT\$DSPNOTIF? Response

\$DSPNOTIF:<state>

OK

OK

Execution Format N/A Response N/A

Parameter Values

1 = causes dispatch notification LED to <state>

0 = caused dispatch notification LED to

stop flashing

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full



(26) \$DSPATCH Dispatch Phone Number

Command Function This command allows the user to query/set

the phone number used when the CALL

button is pressed

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$DSPATCH=?

Response \$DSPATCH:"Number"

OK

Write Format AT\$DSPATCH="<dispatch number>"

Response OK

Read Format AT\$DSPATCH?

Response \$DSPATCH:"<dispatch number>"

OK

Execution Format N/A

Response N/A

Parameter Values

<dispatch number> Phone number used when CALL button is

pressed

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A



(27) \$ATPASSWD Set authorization for AT commands for

serial, SMS and API

Command Function This command allows the user to enable or

disable authorization for AT commands for the serial, SMS and API. It also sets the password required to run this command

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query AT\$ATPASSWD=?

Response \$ATPASSWD:

("oldpasswd",mask|"newpasswd")

OK

Write Format Response N/A

Read Format Response N/A

Execution Format Response AT\$ATPASSWD=

<"oldpasswd","newpasswd">
AT\$ATPASSWD=<"passwd",mask>

Parameter Values

< oldpasswd> Specified when the password is being

changed.

< newpasswd> This is the value of the new password and

is specified only when the password is being changed. It must be no more than eight characters in length and must be

enclosed in double quotes.

<passwd> Specified when changing the AT command

authorization mask.

< mask> Bit mask specifying which interfaces will be

authorized to enter AT commands. Each bit specifies one interface as enumerated in

the table below.



(27) \$ATPASSWD

Set authorization for AT commands for serial, SMS and API (continued)

Bit value	Interface
1	Serial Port
2	SMS
4	API

To select multiple items to authorize, add the bit values of each interface to be authorized. To authorize API and SMS only, the mask value is 6 (4 + 2). AT commands entered over the serial port will not execute and will reply with ERROR.

Notes N/A



(28) \$KEYDLY

Key Delay

Command Function

The \$KEYDLY allows the user to configure the sensitivity of the Mini-MT buttons by setting a programmable delay before a button press is considered valid. Modem must be reset for new settings to take

effect.

Command Functional Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$KEYDLY=?

\$KEYDLY:(1-255),(1-255)

OK

Write Format Response

AT\$KEYDLY=<delay>,<ptcdly>

OK

Read Format Response

AT\$KEYDLY?

\$KEYDLY: <delay>,<ptcdly>

Execution Format

Response

N/A

Parameter Values

<delay>

Delay increment before button down event will be acted on. Value increments are roughly in tenths of a second (usually a little longer). You will need to experiment to find the best setting for your application.

Optional separate delay value for PTC button only. If this value is present and valid, this value will be used for the PTC button. Otherwise, the **<delay>** value will

be used for the PTC button also.



(28) \$KEYDLY Key Delay

(continued)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes None

Example The following script settings can be used to

test the key function delays:

at&f

/* Disable default keypress functions */

at\$keyfnc=1

/* Disable default keypress sounds */

at\$keysnd=1

/* Set keypress delay to roughly 5 secs (actually ends up more like 6 secs) */

/* Use optional PTC delay parameter to keep PTC button delay ~300 msecs */ at\$keydly=50,3

/* Set up messages for keypress events */

at\$stoatev=10,at\$msgsnd=0,"UserDef Button is Down"

at\$stoatev=11,at\$msgsnd=0,"UserDef Button is Up"

at\$stoatev=12,at\$msgsnd=0,"GeoFnc Button is Down"

at\$stoatev=13,at\$msgsnd=0,"GeoFnc Button is Up"

at\$stoatev=14,at\$msgsnd=0,"+ Button is Down"

at\$stoatev=15,at\$msgsnd=0,"+ Button is Up"

at\$stoatev=16,at\$msgsnd=0,"- Button is Down"

at\$stoatev=17,at\$msgsnd=0,"- Button is Up"

at\$stoatev=18,at\$msgsnd=0,"PTC Button is Down"

at\$stoatev=19,at\$msgsnd=0,"PTC Button is Up"

/* Set up UserDef keypress events */

at\$event=10,0,58,1,1

at\$event=10,3,44,10,0

at\$event=11.0.73.1.1

at\$event=11,3,44,11,0

/* Set up GeoFnc keypress events */

at\$event=12,0,58,0,0

at\$event=12,3,44,12,0

at\$event=13,0,73,0,0



(28) **\$KEYDLY**

Key Delay (continued)

```
at$event=13,3,44,13,0
/* Set up + keypress events */
at$event=14,0,58,4,4
at$event=14,3,44,14,0
at$event=15,0,73,4,4
at$event=15,3,44,15,0
/* Set up - keypress events */
at$event=16,0,58,3,3
at$event=16,3,44,16,0
at$event=17,0,73,3,3
at$event=17,3,44,17,0
/* Set up PTC keypress events */
at$event=18,0,58,2,2
at$event=18,3,44,18,0
at$event=19,0,73,2,2
at$event=19,3,44,19,0
at&w
at$reset
```

Delay only affects the key down events. If key is not held down long enough, you will still get the key up events.



(29) \$KEYFNC Key Function Disable

Command Function The \$KEYFNC command enables the user

to disable the hard-coded actions of the Mini-MT buttons (initiate phone call via PTC button, increase/decrease volume via +/-buttons, and play special tones for geo-fnc button depending on whether GPS data is currently valid). The buttons can still be used via the event engine (see EVENT) when the default hard-coded actions are disabled (for example, to execute a user-defined action and play a customized tone).

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response AT\$KEYFNC=?

\$KEYFNC:(0-62)

OK

Write Format

Response AT\$KEYFNC=<status>

OK

N/A

Read Format

Response AT\$KEYFNC?

\$KEYFNC: <status>

Execution Format

Response

enoneo

Parameter Values

<status> 0 = hard-coded key functions enabled

(default)

1 = all hard-coded key functions disabled

The following values can be OR'ed together

to disable combinations of buttons:



(29) \$KEYFNC

Notes

Key Function Disable (continued)

2 = Volume Up (+) key function disabled 4 = Volume Down (-) key function disabled

8 = Push-to-Call key function disabled (for making calls)

16 = GeoFnc key function disabled (but does not delete default event group 1 – use AT\$EVDEL to delete default action for setting geofence via this button)

32 = User Defined key function disabled (no action required – just provided here for

completeness)

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

To disable PTC and GeoFnc buttons without losing volume up/down functions, use \$KEYFNC=24 (8 + 16).

When PTC button function is disabled (\$KEYFNC=1 or \$KEYFNC=8), pressing PTC button will still wake the modem depending on the \$WAKEENBL setting (see

Motion Wake Enable). The default

\$WAKEENBL value of 20 wakes modem on

motion or PTC button press.

Also note that button sounds are disabled via the \$KEYSND command (see Keybeep

Sound).



(30) \$WALKER

Sets Walking Mode

Command Function

This command allows the user to set/query a walking mode for the device.

This command primarily concerns the odometer calculations. By default, the device assumes that odometer calculations are related to vehicles. Therefore, internal odometer calculations are optimized for the device characteristics when operating in that environment. In particular, walking speeds are filtered out. This command allows the device to remove the restrictions for odometer calculations if its primary function will be to track walking speeds and to optimize itself for a walking application.

Command Functional Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query Response

AT\$WALKER=? \$WALKER:(0-1)

OK

Write Format Response

AT\$WALKER=<mode>

OK

Read Format Response

AT\$WALKER?

\$WALKER: <mode>

Execution Format

Response

N/A

Parameter Values



(30) \$WALKER Sets Walking Mode

(continued)

<mode> 0 = primary use of odometer is to track

vehicle (default)

1 = primary use of odometer is to track at walking speeds (odometer will be updated for all valid GPS data if motion sensor indicates device is moving and USB power is not connected). Filtering of GPS data based on \$GPSQUAL and \$SPDFILT still applies (this command would typically be used in conjunction with \$SPDFILT to cap

the maximum walking speed).

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A

Example N/A



(31) \$SPDFILT Sets filtering values for GPS status

based on motion

Command Function This command allows the user to set/query

filtering values for GPS status based on

motion.

If the filtering checks of this command are not met, the GPS lock status is invalidated and all subsequent actions based on a valid

GPS lock status (such as geofence

calculations and odometer updates) will not

be performed for the data in that GPS

frame.

Command Functional Group Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$SPDFILT=?

\$SPDFILT:(0-1), (0-255),(0-1)

OK

Write Format

Response AT\$SPDFILT=<mot_sens>,<speed>,

<nmea ind>

OK

Read Format

Response AT\$SPDFILT?

\$SPDFILT: <mot sens>,<speed>,

<nmea_ind>

Execution Format

Response

N/A

Parameter Values

<mot_sens> 0 = do not reject GPS lock status based on

motion sensor status (default)

1 = allow GPS lock status to be rejected

based on motion sensor status



(31) \$SPDFILT

Sets filtering values for GPS status based on motion (continued)

On rare occasions, the GPS engine incorrectly detects motion when the device is not moving. Setting this flag invalidates the GPS lock status if the motion sensor indicates that the device is not moving, but the GPS data indicates a speed greater than 0.

<speed>

0 = do not reject GPS lock status based on speed (default)

1 - 255 = allow GPS lock status to be rejected based on this speed (in knots)

On rare occasions, the GPS engine generates speed values that are obviously too high based on the application. Setting this upper speed threshold, allows the code to invalidate the GPS lock status for a speed that is not possible for your application.

<nmea_ind>

0 = do not filter NMEA sentences (default) 1 = insert 'invalid' indicator into NMEA sentences that would otherwise be valid if not for filtering values:

- for \$GPGGA sentences, '0' is inserted into the Fix Quality field
- for \$GPGLL sentences, 'V' is inserted into the 'Data Valid' field
- for \$GPGSA sentences, '1' is inserted into the Fix Type field
- for \$GPRMC sentences, 'V' is inserted into the Status field



(31) \$SPDFILT Sets filtering values for GPS status

based on motion (continued)

In some cases, this will cause deviation from the standard NMEA format, but it allows you to get a positive indication that your filter values are being effective. In particular, the presence of \$GPRMC latitude/longitude/speed values when the Status field indicates the data is not valid provides immediate feedback that it is your filtering that is rejecting the GPS data.

This field is also applicable to the filtering criteria specified in the \$GPSQUAL command.

Reference N/A

Standard Scope Optional

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

Notes N/A

Example N/A



(32) \$CHGOFF

Charger Off

Command Function

In order to extend the MiniMT battery life, the battery charging cycle has been modified to charge the battery up to 100%, then disable the charging circuit until the battery falls to 90%, where it will start charging again. This AT command allows the user to disable this charging option to ensure that the device will be as close to 100% as possible when USB power is removed (for example, after charging

overnight).

Command Functional Group

Enfora Specific

Command Format Query

Response

AT\$CHGOFF=? \$CHGOFF:(0-1)

OK

Write Format Response

AT\$CHGOFF=<option>

OK

Read Format

Response AT\$CHGOFF?

\$CHGOFF: <option>

Execution Format

Response

N/A

Parameter Values

<option> 1 = (default) Disable charging when battery

level is 100%. Charging will resume when battery level falls to 90%. This option protects the battery from damage in applications where USB power will constantly be present for months.

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(32) \$CHGOFF **Charger Off**

(continued)

0 = Enable constant charging as long as USB power is present. This option ensures the battery is as close as possible to 100%

when USB power is removed.

Reference N/A

Optional **Standard Scope**

Enfora Implementation Scope Full

None **Notes**

Example N/A



Appendix A – Result Codes

Result Codes

Modem Verbose Response	Modem Terse Response	Definition
OK	0	command successful completed; ready
CONNECT	1	entering data transfer state
RING	2	Ring indication detected
NO CARRIER	3	connection terminated
ERROR	4	Command abnormally completed, ready
NO DIALTONE	6	Dial tone not found
BUSY	7	Busy signal detected
NO ANSWER	8	connection completion timeout

Unsolicited Result Codes

Result Code	Definition	
+CCCM: <ccm></ccm>	Current call meter value	AT+CACM=1
+CCWA: <number>,<type></type></number>	Call Waiting Status	AT+CCWA=1
, <class>[,<alpha>]</alpha></class>		
+CLAV: <code></code>	ME Language Change	AT+CLAE=1
+CLIP: <number></number>	Calling Line Identification	AT+CLIP=1
, <type>[,<subaddr></subaddr></type>	Presentation	
, <satype>[,<alpha>]]</alpha></satype>		
+CME ERROR: <err></err>	ME Error Result Code	AT+CMEE=x
+COLP: <number></number>	Connected Line Identification	AT+COLP=1
, <type>[,<subaddr></subaddr></type>	Presentation	
, <satype>[,<alpha>]]</alpha></satype>		
+CR: <type></type>	Service Reporting Control	AT+CR=1
+CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat>	Registration status indication	AT+CREG=1
+CRING: <type></type>	Incoming Call Indication	AT+CRC=1
+CSSI: <code1>[,<index>]</index></code1>	Supplementary Services Result	AT+CSSN=1,1
	Code	
+CSSU: <code2></code2>	Supplementary Services Result	AT+CSSN=1,1
[, <index>[,<number>,</number></index>	Code	
<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>]]]</satype></subaddr></type>		
+CUSD: <m>[,<str>,<dcs>]</dcs></str></m>	Indication of Incoming USSD	AT+CUSD=1
	String	
+CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat>	GPRS Registration Status	AT+CGREG=1



SMS Unsolicited Result Codes

Result Code	Definition	AT Command
+CMTI: <mem>,<index></index></mem>	Indication of new	AT+CNMI=1,1
	short message	
+CMT: <length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length>	Short Message	AT+CNMI=1,2
	output Directly to TE	
	(PDU mode)	
+CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,</dcs></mid></sn>	Incoming Cell	AT+CNMI=1,0,2
<page>,<pages><cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></pages></page>	Broadcast Message	
	routed directly to TE	
+CDS: <length><cr><lf><pdu></pdu></lf></cr></length>	SMS status report	AT+CNMI=1,0,0,1,
	routed directly to the	AT+CSMP=49,
	TE	

SAT Application Toolkit Result Codes

Result Code	Definition	AT Command
%SATI: <satcmd></satcmd>	Indication of SAT	AT%SATC=1
	command	
%SATE: <satrsp></satrsp>	Indication of SAT	AT%SATC=1
	envelope response	
%SATA: <rdl></rdl>	SAT pending call	AT%SATC=1
(<rdl> redial timeout for the call in</rdl>	alert	
milliseconds.)		
%SATN: <satntfy></satntfy>	Notification of SAT	AT%SATC=1
(<satntfy> commands or responses</satntfy>	commands and	
sent my the ME to SIM or handled by	responses sent by	
the ME.)	ACI	



Appendix B – Error Codes

General Error Codes

Modem Numeric Response	Modem Verbose Response
0	phone failure
1	no connection to phone
2	phone-adaptor link reserved
3	operation not allowed
4	operation not supported
5	PH-SIM PIN required
6	PH-FSIM PIN required
7	PH-FSIM PUK required
10	SIM not inserted
11	SIM PIN required
12	SIM PUK required
13	SIM failure
14	SIM busy
15	SIM wrong
16	incorrect password
17	SIM PIN2 required
18	SIM PUK2 required
20	memory full
21	invalid index
22	not found
23	memory failure
24	text string too long
25	invalid characters in text string
26	dial string too long
27	invalid characters in dial string
30	no network service
31	network timeout
32	network not allowed - emergency calls only
40	network personalization PIN required
40	network personalization PIN required
41	network personalization PUK required
42	network subset personalization PIN required
43	network subset personalization PUK required
44	service provider personalization PIN required
44	service provider personalization PIN required
45	service provider personalization PUK required



Modem Numeric Response	Modem Verbose Response
46	corporate personalization PIN required
47	corporate personalization PUK required
48	SIM personalization PIN required
49	SIM personalization PUK required
100	unknown

GPRS Error Codes

Modem Numeric Response	Modem Verbose Response
25 (19)	LLC or SNDCP error
26 (1a)	Insufficient resources
27 (1b)	Unknown or missing access point name
28 (1c)	Unknown PDP address or PDP type
29 (1d)	User authentication failed
30 (1e)	Activation reject by GGSN
31 (1f)	Activation rejected, unspecified
32 (20)	Service option not supported
33 (21)	Requested service option not subscribed
34 (22)	Service option temporarily out of order
35 (23)	NSAPI already used
36 (24)	Regular PDP context deactivation
37 (25)	QoS not accepted
38 (26)	Network Failure
39 (27)	Reactivation requested
40 (28)	Feature not supported
103	Illegal MS
106	Illegal ME
107	GPRS services not allowed
111	PLMN not allowed
112	Location area not allowed
113	Roaming not allowed in this location area
132	service option not supported
133	requested service option not subscribed
134	service option temporarily out of order
148	unspecified GPRS error
149	PDP authentication failure
150	invalid mobile class



SMS Error Codes

Modem Numeric Response	Modem Verbose Response
1	unassigned (unallocated) number
8	operator determined barring
10	call barred
21	short message transfer rejected
27	destination out of service
28	unidentified subscriber
29	facility rejected
30	unknown subscriber
38	network out of order
41	temporary failure
42	congestion
47	resources unavailable, unspecified
50	requested facility not subscribed
69	requested facility not implemented
81	invalid short message transfer ref. value
95	invalid message, unspecified
96	invalid mandatory information
97	message type non-existent or not implemented
98	message not compatible with SM protocol state
99	information element non-existent or not impl.
111	protocol error, unspecified
127	interworking, unspecified
128	telematic interworking not supported
129	short message type 0 not supported
130	cannot replace short message
143	unspecified TP-PID error
144	data coding scheme (alphabet) not supported
145	message class not supported
159	unspecified TP-DCS error
160	command cannot be actioned
161	command unsupported
175	unspecified TP-Command error
176	TPDU not supported
192	SC busy
193	no SC subscription
194	SC system failure
195	invalid SME address
196	destination SME barred
Modem Numeric	Modem Verbose Response



Response	
197	SM rejected-duplicate SM
208	SIM SMS storage full
209	no SMS storage capability in SIM
210	error in MS
211	memory capacity exceeded
255	unspecified error cause
300	ME failure
301	SMS service of ME reserved
302	operation not allowed
303	operation not supported
304	invalid PDU mode parameter
305	invalid text mode parameter
310	SIM not inserted
311	SIM PIN required
312	PH-SIM PIN required
313	SIM failure
314	SIM busy
315	SIM wrong
316	SIM PUK required
317	SIM PIN2 required
318	SIM PUK2 required
320	memory failure
321	invalid memory index
322	memory full
330	SMSC address unknown
331	no network service
332	network timeout
340	no +CNMA acknowledgement expected
500	unknown error
512	failed to abort
255	other error



Release Causes for Extended Error Reporting (+CEER)

	Error Description		
-1,2			
1	unassigned number		
3	no route to destination		
6	channel unacceptable		
8	operator determined barring		
16	normal call clearing		
17	user busy		
18	no user responding		
19	user alerting		
21	call rejected		
22	number changed		
26	non selected user clearing		
27	destination out of order		
28	invalid number format		
29	facility rejected		
30	response to status enquiry"		
31	normal		
34	no channel available		
38	network out of order		
41	temporary failure		
42	switching equipment congestion		
43	access information discarded		
44	requested channel unavailable		
47	resources unavailable		
49	quality of service unavailable		
50	requested facility unsubscribed		
55	incoming calls barred within CUG		
57	bearer capability not authorized		
58	bearer capability not available		
63	service not available		
65	bearer service not implemented		
68	ACM reached ACM maximum		
69	facility not implemented		
70	only restricted bearer cap. avail.		
79	service not implemented		
81	invalid TI		
87	no member of CUG		
	Error Description		



88	incompatible destination
91	invalid transit network selection
95	incorrect message
96	invalid mandatory information
97	message type not implemented
98	message type incompatible
99	info element not implemented
100	conditional info element error
101	message incompatible
102	recovery on time expiry
101	unsuccessful GPRS attach
102	unsuccessful PDP context activation
103	GPRS detach
104	GPRS PDP context deactivation
128	NoService
202	timer 303 expiry
203	establishment failure
210	no error
211	operation failed
212	timeout
213	bearer service not compatible



Appendix C – Default AT Values

ATE Enable Command Echo

Default Value: 1

Default Value Meaning: Echo on.

ATQ Result Code Suppression

Default Value: (

Default Value Meaning: DCE transmits result codes.

ATV Set Result Code Format Mode

Default Value: 1

Default Value Meaning: Information response:

<CR><LF><text><CR><LF>

ATX Set ATD Call Result Code Selection and Call Progress Monitoring Control

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Dial tone and busy detection are disabled.

AT&C Set circuit Data Carrier Detect (DCD) function mode

Default Value: 1

Default Value Meaning: DCD matches the state of the remote modem's

carrier.

AT&D Set Circuit Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Function Mode

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: TA ignores status on DTR.

ATSO Set Number of Rings Before Automatically Answering the Call

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Automatic answering is disabled.

ATS3 Write Command Line Termination Character

Default Value: 13

Default Value Meaning: Command line terminal character is ASCII 13.

ATS4 Set Response Formatting Character

Default Value: 10

Default Value Meaning: Response formatting character is ASCII 10.

ATS5 Write Command Line Editing Character

Default Value: 8

Default Value Meaning: Command line editing character is ASCII 8.



AT+WS46 Select Wireless Network

Default Value: 12

Default Value Meaning: GSM Digital Cellular.

AT+CBST Select Bearer Service Type

Default Value: speed=7, name=0, ce=1

Default Value Meaning: Over the air baud rate is 9600, no name, non-

transparent connection element.

AT+CRLP Select Radio Link Protocol Param. for Orig. Non-Transparent

Data Call

Default Value: iws=61,mws=61,T1=48,N2=6

Default Value Meaning: <iws> 0-61 Interworking window size

(IWF to MS)

<mws> 0-61 Mobile window size

(MS to IWF)

<T1> 48-78-255 Acknowledgement timer

(T1 in 10 ms units)

<N2> 1-6-255 Re-transmission attempts

N2

AT+CR Service Reporting Control

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Disable.

AT+FCLASS Fax: Select, Read or Test Service Class

Default Value: 0
Default Value Meaning: Data.

AT+CRC Set Cellular Result Codes for Incoming Call Indication

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Disable.

AT+ILRR Set TE-TA Local Rate Reporting

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Disable reporting of local port rate.

AT+IPR Set Fixed Local Rate

Default Value: 115200

Default Value Meaning: The data rate of TA serial interface is 115200.

AT+CMEE Report Mobile Equipment Error

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Disable CME Error reporting.



AT+CSMS Select Message Service

Default Value: service=0,mt=1,mo=1,bm=1

Default Value Meaning: Service=0: CSMS_SERV_GsmPh2

Mt=1: mobile terminated message enable Mo=1: Mobile originated message enable Bm=1: broadcast type message enable

AT+CMGF Select SMS Message Format

Default Value: 1

Default Value Meaning: Text Mode.

AT+CNMI New SMS Message Indications

Default Value: mode=1,mt=1,bm=0,ds=0,bfr=0

Default Value Meaning: Mode=1: Discard indication and reject new

received message unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved Mt=0: prefer memory under

different class

Mt=1: If SMS-DELIVER is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the

TE using unsolicited result code:+CMTI:

<mem>,<index>

Bm=0: no CBM indications

Ds=0: no status report indications

Bfr=0: TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE

when <mode>1...3 is entered

AT+CREG Network Registration

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Not registered.

AT+CGREG Network Registration

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Not registered.

AT+CLIP Calling Line Identification Presentation

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Calling Line Identification Presentation disabled.

AT+CLIR Calling Line Identification Restriction

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Calling Line Identification Restriction disabled.

AT+COLP Connected Line Identification Presentation

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Connected Line Identification Presentation disabled.



AT+COPS Operator Selection

Default Value: mode=0, format=0,oper="operator"
Default Value Meaning: Mode=0: Automatic selection

Format=0: long format alphanumeric Oper="operator", the name of the operator

AT+CSCS Select Character Set

Default Value: "PCCP437"

Default Value Meaning: Character set equals PCCP437.

AT+CSNS Single Numbering Scheme

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Single numbering scheme set to voice.

AT+CAOC Advice of Charge

Default Value: 1

Default Value Meaning: Advice of charge deactivated.

AT+CSSN Supplementary Services Notification

Default Value: 0.0

Default Value Meaning: Supplementary Service notifications disabled.

AT+CPBS Select Phonebook Memory Storage

Default Value: "AD"

Default Value Meaning: Phonebook storage facility set to abbreviated

dialing.

AT+CLAE Set Language Event

Default Value: 1

Default Value Meaning: Language Event enabled.

AT+CLAN Set Language

Default Value: "en"
Default Value Meaning: English.

AT+CPMS Preferred Message Storage

Default Value: "SM","SM","SM"

Default Value Meaning: Store short messages in SIM.

AT+CSDH Show Text Mode Parameters

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Do not show header values.

AT+IFC Local Flow Control

Default Value: 2,2

Default Value Meaning: Hardware flow control enabled.



AT+ICF Character Framing

Default Value: 3

Default Value Meaning: 8 bits, 1 stop bit, parity ignored.

AT+CGDCONT Define PDP Context

Default Value:

Default Value Meaning: No context defined.

AT+CGQREQ Quality of Service (requested)

Default Value: 1,0,0,0,0,0
Default Value Meaning: Subscribed.

AT+CGQMIN Quality of Service (minimum)

Default Value: 1,0,0,0,0,0
Default Value Meaning: Subscribed.

AT+CGAUTO Automatic Response to Network Request of PDP Context Activation

Default Value: 3

Default Value Meaning: Modem Capability mode, GPRS and Circuit

switched calls.

AT+CGCLASS GPRS Mobile Station Class

Default Value: "B"

Default Value Meaning: Class B.

AT+CGEREP GPRS Events Reporting

Default Value: 0.0

Default Value Meaning: Reporting disabled.

AT+CGSMS Select Service for MO SMS

Default Value: 3

Default Value Meaning: Circuit Switched Preferred.

AT%CGPPP PPP Negotiation Selection

Default Value: 3

Default Value Meaning: Automatic authentication.

AT+CMOD Call Mode

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Single call mode service.

AT+CFUN Set Phone Functionality

Default Value: 1

Default Value Meaning: Minimum functionality.



AT+CMUT Mute Control

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Muting off.

AT+CSVM Set Voicemail Number

Default Value: 0,"",129

Default Value Meaning: No voicemail number entered.

AT+CSTA Select Type of Address

Default Value: 129

Default Value Meaning: Dialing string without International Access Code

character "+".

AT+CCUG Closed User Group

Default Value: 0,0,0

Default Value Meaning: Closed User Group disabled.

AT+CCWA Call Waiting

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Call Waiting disabled.

AT+CUSD Unstructured Supplementary Service

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Unstructured Supplementary Service disabled.

AT+CPAS Phone Activity Status

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Ready (ME allows commands

from TA/TE).

AT+CCWE Call Meter Maximum Event

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Call Meter Warning Event disabled.

AT+CGDATA Enter Data State

Default Value: PPP

Default Value Meaning: Use PPP as PDP context activation protocol.

AT%CGAATT Automatic Attach and Detach Mode

Default Value: 0,1

Default Value Meaning: Automated GPRS Attach, manual GPRS detach.

AT\$AREG Set Auto Registration

Default Value: 1

Default Value Meaning: Auto registration set to on.



AT\$BAT Battery Status Query

Default Value: 0,0,0

Default Value Meaning: No battery detected.

AT\$UDPAPI Modem API Address

Default Value: "199.245.180.013",1720
Default Value Meaning: Default UDP API IP and Port.

AT\$APIPWD API Password

Default Value: ""

Default Value Meaning: No password defined.

AT\$FRIEND Modem Friends (NOT affected by AT&F)
Default Value: 1,0,"0.0.0.0".....10,0,"0.0.0.0"

Default Value Meaning: No friends defined.

AT\$HOSTIF Configure Host to Modem Interface

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Normal network PPP connection.

AT\$MDMID Modem ID

Default Value: ""

Default Value Meaning: No modem id defined.

AT\$WAKEUP Modem to Server Wakeup/Keep Alive

Default Value: 0,0

Default Value Meaning: No wakeup or keep alive messages sent.

AT\$EVENT User Defined Input/Output

Default Value: evgrp evtyp evcat p1 p2 Default Value Meaning: No events populated.

AT\$EVTIM(x) User Defined Input Event Timers

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: No event timers populated.

AT\$ACKTM Acknowledgment Message Period & Retry Number

Default Value: 0.0

Default Value Meaning: No acknowledgment event count and period

defined.

AT\$PADBLK PAD Block Size

Default Value: 512

Default Value Meaning: PAD block size.



AT\$PADBS PAD Backspace Character

Default Value: 08

Default Value Meaning: PAD backspace character is backspace key.

AT\$PADFWD PAD Forward Character

Default Value: 0D

Default Value Meaning: PAD forwarding character is carriage return.

AT\$PADTO PAD Timeout Value

Default Value: 50

Default Value Meaning: PAD forwarding timeout is 5 seconds.

AT\$PADDST PAD Destination IP/Port

Default Value: 0.0.0.0.,0

Default Value Meaning: No PAD destination IP and port defined.

AT\$PADSRC PAD Source Port

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: No PAD source port defined.

AT\$PADCMD PAD Command Features

Default Value: 1B

Default Value Meaning: All PAD features enabled.

AT\$ACTIVE TCP PAD State

Default Value: 1

Default Value Meaning: Active/client mode.

AT\$CONNTO TCP PAD Connection Timeout

Default Value: 60

Default Value Meaning: TCP Connection timer 1 minute.

AT\$IDLETO TCP PAD Idle Timeout

Default Value: 120

Default Value Meaning: TCP Idle timer 2 minutes.

AT\$VGR Microphone Receiver Gain

Default Value: 20

Default Value Meaning: Receive level gain is 8 dB.

AT\$VGT Speaker Transmit Gain

Default Value: 12

Default Value Meaning: Coarse transmit speaker gain is +6 dB.



AT\$VLVL Speaker Volume

Default Value: 4

Default Value Meaning: Speaker volume is set to –6 dB.

AT\$VST Sidetone Volume

Default Value: 4

Default Value Meaning: Side tone volume set to –14 dB.

AT\$GATEWAY Gateway IP

Default Value: 0.0.0.0

Default Value Meaning: No Gateway IP defined.

AT\$VSELECT Voice Select

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Selects handset for voice

AT\$SPKCFG Set Downlink Voice Parameters

Default Value: 8,4,0

Default Value Meaning: 2 dB of gain, -6 dB of volume, filter on

AT\$PREAMP Set Uplink Voice Parameters

Default Value: 0,20,0

Default Value Meaning: 2V bias, 8 dB of gain, 0 dB of extra gain.

AT\$ESUP Echo Suppression Control

Default Value: 1,1,3,1,3

Default Value Meaning: Enable echo supp. for short echo type, echo level

18 dB, enable noise supp. at 18 dB.

AT\$TCPAPI TCP API Control

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: TCP API Disabled

\$BATTLVL BATTERY LEVEL

Default Value: 50

Default Value Meaning: The battery has 50% power left

\$DLYCALL DELAY CALL

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: No user-defined delay between pressing the PTC

button and placing a call.

\$DSPATCH DISPATCH NOTIFICATION PHONE NUMBER



Default Value: 12345678123456789

Default Value Meaning: This is the number the Mini-MT will call when the

PTC button is pressed.

\$DSPNOTIF DISPATCH NOTIFICATION

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Dispatch notification is not active.

EMERGENCY NUMBER \$EMERNUM

Default Value: 411

Default Value Meaning: This is the emergency number the Mini-MT will call

when the emergency call sequence is performed.

SEVENT User-defined Input/Output

Set Geofence at current location Default Value:

Event group 1 configured for half-mile geofence **Default Value Meaning:**

when pressing geofence button.

\$GEOFNC Geo fencing a circle area

Default Value: 1,0,0,0 - (default for push button)

2,0,0,0

3,0,0,0

4,0,0,0

5,0,0,0

6,0,0,0

7,0,0,0

8,0,0,0

9,0,0,0

10,0,0,0

11,0,0,0

12,0,0,0

13,0,0,0

14,0,0,0

15,0,0,0

16,0,0,0

17,0,0,0

18,0,0,0

19,0,0,0

20,0,0,0

21,0,0,0

22,0,0,0

23,0,0,0

24,0,0,0

25,0,0,0



Default Value Meaning: feature disabled

\$GPSLCL GPS Local Subscription

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: feature disabled

\$GPSRD Read current GPS NMEA data

Default Value: N/A
Default Value Meaning: N/A

\$MOTTRANS MOTION TRANSITION COUNT

Default Value: 120
Default Value Meaning: N/A

\$MSGLOGCL MESSAGE LOG CLEAR

Default Value: N/A
Default Value Meaning: N/A

\$MSGLOGEN MESSAGE LOG ENABLE

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Message log is enabled

\$MSGLOGRD MESSAGE LOG READ DATA

Default Value: N/A
Default Value Meaning: N/A

\$MSGSND MESSAGE SEND

Default Value: N/A
Default Value Meaning: N/A

\$ODOMETER TRIP ODOMETER

Default Value: N/A
Default Value Meaning: N/A

\$RINDIND RING INDICATOR

Default Value: 0



Default Value Meaning: The Mini-MT is configured for audible ring for

incoming calls

\$WAKEENBL MOTION WAKE ENABLE

Default Value: 20

Default Value Meaning:

\$WAKEINTVL INTERVAL WAKEUP TIMER

Default Value: 0

Default Value Meaning: Mini-MT will not be scheduled to wakeup at an

interval.

\$WAKERTC RTC WAKEUP TIMER

Default Value:

Default Value Meaning: The Mini-MT is not configured to wake up based

on future date/time.

\$WAKETIME Modem Wake Duration

Default Value: 60

Default Value Meaning: Mini-MT will go to sleep after one minute if USB is

not connected and motion status is stationary.