



Cook Book: GSM2228CB001

Enfora® Mini-MT Mobile Tracker Event Cookbook

Revision 1.01

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Objective:

The intent of this document is to provide information that details the steps necessary to configure the Enfora® Mini-MT LED interface.

Supported devices:

GSM2228 Mini-MT

Equipment Needed:

In this example the requirements are:

- An Enfora GSM2228 Mini-MT modem
- A notebook or desktop computer with any version of Microsoft Windows that has the HyperTerminal communications program. If this hardware is not available, the user could use a DOS terminal emulation program or DUMB ASCII terminal.

References:

- Enfora Mini-MT User Guide

• GSM2228AT001 - Enfora Mini-MT AT Command Set Reference

GSM0000AN015 - Event Monitor and Reporting Overview



Procedures:



Please note that the following event commands are examples only. When implementing, use the command AT\$EVENT? to query the event table and use the next sequential event group number. Failure to do so could potentially cause unpredictable results.

Some of these examples require that communication is established with a remote server. Read and understand the appropriate Quick Start Guide for your device prior to attempting these examples. Always verify that the local serial connection session is actually established with the Enfora Mini-MT modem.



Please note that the following event commands are examples only. For these events to operate the Mini-MT must be in the wake state or connected to a power source.



1. Mini-MT Mobile Tracker LED Definitions

There are four LED's used to provide status to the user. They are (from left to right) CALL, ON, GPS, and BAT. The LED functions are defined in the table below.

Power Mode	CALL	ON	GPS	BAT
	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	Red
Hibernate	OFF	OFF	OFF	Low Battery, less than 20% Slow Blink 250mS/10Sec Low Battery, less than 5%
Active / Battery	Blink when receiving or originating call 500mS/1 Sec Blink for missed call 2 Sec/2 Sec Solid during call	Slow blink 500mS/10Sec	Blink when locked 500mS/2 Sec	OFF Low Battery, less than 20% Slow Blink 250mS/10Sec Low Battery, 5% or less, or turns OFF
Active / Aux	Blink when receiving or originating call 500mS/1 Sec Blink for missed call 2 Sec/2 Sec Solid during call	ON solid	Blink when locked 500mS/2 Sec	Fast Blink, during charge 500mS/2 Sec OFF when charged

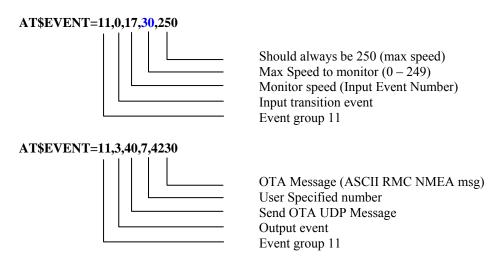


2. Max Speed Exceeded Reporting Configuration

Note: The following examples require the Mini-MT device to report to a remote server. If you do not have one configured, refer to the appropriate Quick Start guide to enable communication with Enfora's test server.

Type the following commands to send a GPS RMC NMEA message OTA when the Mini-MT exceeds 30 Knots.

Maximum Speed = **30** (knots) (**30** Knots \approx 35 mph \approx 56 Km/Hr)





Results:

Parameter 2 Decode is as follows:

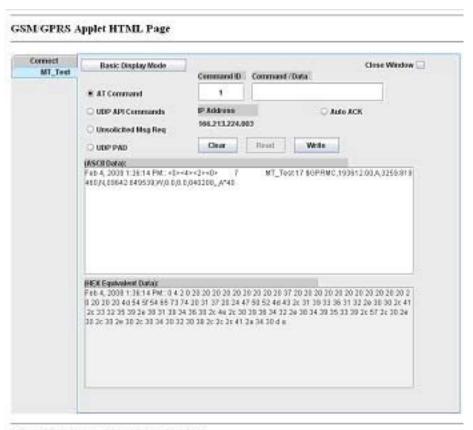
```
Param2 decode = 4230
Bit 00 > ASCII
Bit 01 > PARAM1 11 bytes ASCII
Bit 02 > MDMID added 22 bytes ASCII
Bit 03 >
Bit 04 >
Bit 05 >
Bit 06 >
Bit 07 > Input Event Number 3 bytes ASCII
Bit 08 >
Bit 09 >
Bit 10 >
Bit 11 >
Bit 12 > RMC NMEA Data max 80 bytes ASCII
Bit 13 >
Bit 14 >
Bit 15 >
Bit 16 >
Bit 17 >
Bit 18 >
Bit 19 >
Bit 20 >
Bit 21 >
```

A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to the IP address (set by **AT\$FRIEND**) and port number (set by **AT\$UDPAPI**) every time the device exceeds speed of 30 Knots. The MT modem has to go below the set speed of 30 Knots in order to trigger the event again.

The output message format is generated based on the number "4230" set in the second **AT\$EVENT** command.

Below is the example output that would be seen if the modem were setup to report to the Enfora test server.





Created by Chang Patel 8/03/06, updated by ng: 07/11/07

Described below is the data package that should be received by the server.

• Row 1 indicates the Byte number.

Note: Bytes 0 through 27 are part of IPV4 header. Bytes 28 and greater are the actual packet Payload. Bytes 32 and greater are controlled by the Parameter 2 value.

- Row 2 displays the data in HEX format, and
- Row 3 and/or 4 describe each block of the message.

Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	IP Header data														
	IP Header														

Byte 16	Byte 17	Byte 18	Byte 19	Byte 20	Byte 21	Byte 22	Byte 23	Byte 24	Byte 25	Byte 26	Byte 27	Byte 28	Byte 29	Byte 30	Byte 31
						U	DP He	ader da	ta			00	04	02	00
TD	TT 1		`				IIDD I	T 1				ASCII G	PS data	Status	reserved
IP	Heade	r (contd)				UDP I	Header				U	DP-AF	I Head	er



Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	37	20	20	20	20	20	20
			Us	er Spec	ified N	umber ('	/)					M	odem I	D	
D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-	D-4-
Byte 48	Byte 49	Byte 50	Byte 51	Byte 52	Byte 53	Byte 54	Byte 55	Byte 56	Byte 57	Byte 58	Byte 59	Byte 60	Byte 61	Byte 62	Byte 63
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	4D	54	5F	54	65	73	74
					Mod	dem ID o	continu	ed (1	IT_Te	st)					
							_				_				
Byte 64	Byte 65	Byte 66	e Byt	_	Byte 69	e Byte 70	Byte 71	Byte 72	Byte 73	Byte 74	Byte 75	Byte 76	Byte 77	Byte 78	Byte 79
20	66	39			36		20	31	37	34	38	20	31	37	34
Modem ID]	Mask	comn		Data	space		•	A/D	1			Δ	/D 2	
continued	d		(GPIO					11/10				11/	<i>D 2</i>	
Byte	Byte	Byte	e Byt	e Byt	e Byt	e Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
38	20	31	37	20	24	47	50	52	4D	43	2C	31	39	32	35
A/D 2 continued		ut Event (17)	Number		(\$0	GPRMC,1	93612.00			A RMC r N,09642		W,0,0,0,0	040208,	A*40)	
	ı				<u> </u>			, ,	,						
Byte 96	Byte 97	Byte 98	e Byt	e Byte			Byte 103	Byte 104	Byte 105	Byte 106	Byte 107	Byte 108	Byte 109	Byte 110	Byte 111
34	31	2E			20		2C	33	33	30	31	2E	35	32	39
	·	<u> </u>	ı	ı	AS	CII NME	A RMC r	nessage (continue	d	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1
Byte 112	Byte 113	Byte 114	,			, ,	Byte 119	Byte 120	Byte 121	Byte 122	Byte 123	Byte 124	Byte 125	Byte 126	Byte 127
32	2C	4E					34	32	2E	35	36	37	35	2C	57
	ı	ı	ı	ı	AS	CII NME	A RMC n	nessage (continue	d	ı	l .		·	1
Byte 128	Byte 129	Byte 130					Byte 135	Byte 136	Byte 137	Byte 138	Byte 139	Byte 140	Byte 141	Byte 142	Byte 143
2C	33	31	2E		20		30	36	2E	31	2C	32	31	30	37
					AS	CII NME	A RMC n	nessage	continue	d					
					•		•				•	,			
Byte 144	Byte 145	Byte 146					Byte 151	Byte 152	Byte 153	Byte 154	Byte 155	Byte 156			
30	34	2C	_	_	2C		2A	35	33	0D	0A	00			
1															

ASCII NMEA RMC message continued...



3. Time-Distance Reporting Configuration

Type the following commands to send a GPS RMC NMEA message OTA to a remote Server when time and/or distance settings are violated. Users must use Event Timer 1 (\$EVTIM1) for minimum time and Event Timer 2 (\$EVTIM2) for maximum time when setting up for this feature. The time and/or distance feature is designed as described in the example table below:

Minimum Time (seconds)	Maximum Time (seconds)	Distance (meters)	Comments
0	0	0	FEATURE DISABLED
0	0	100	GPS message sent every 100 meters
0	60	0	GPS message sent every 60 seconds
0	60	100	GPS message sent every 60 seconds if the vehicle has not moved 100 meters. GPS messages will be sent every 100 meters if the vehicle is moving and traveling the distance of 100 meters in less than 60 seconds. In short, message is sent upon expiration of time or moving of distance – whichever occurs first.
30	X	0	GPS message sent every 30 seconds ($x = don't care$)
30	0	100	GPS message sent when the vehicle has moved 100 meters and 30 seconds have elapsed.
30	60	100	GPS message sent every 60 seconds if the vehicle is idle and not moving or moving slowly. If the vehicle is moving, then GPS message will be sent when 30 seconds have expired and 100 meters have been moved.

Choose only one option, from options 1-6 below, using section as a reference.



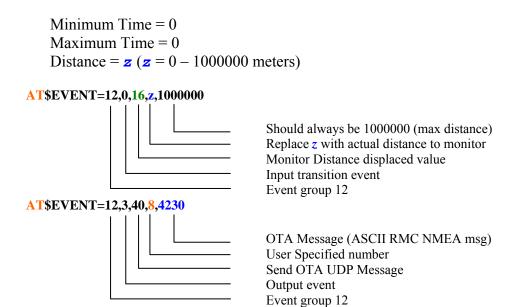
Before attempting another option delete the existing events by issuing the following commands:

AT\$EVDEL=12 AT\$EVDEL=13

The following AT command settings provide examples of the use of event processing to configure the Time and/or Distance feature.

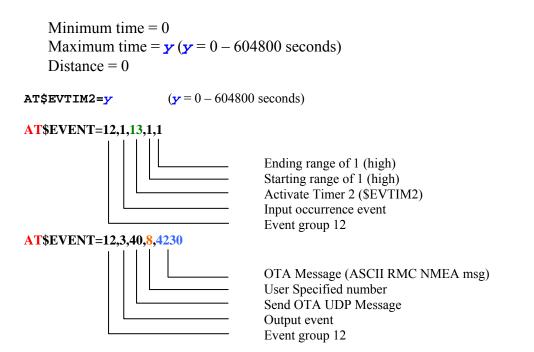


a. Send GPS message when a predefined distance is moved.



Results: A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to a remote user at every **z** meters. The output message is described under **Section 7. Results.**

b. Send GPS message when Maximum Time expires.





Results: A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to a remote user at

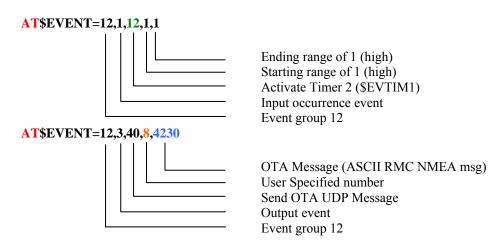
every y time interval. The output message is described under

Section 7, Results.

c. Send GPS message when Minimum Time expires.

Minimum time =
$$\mathbf{x}$$
 ($\mathbf{x} = 0 - 604800$ seconds)
Maximum time = 0
Distance = 0

 $AT\$EVTIM1=x \qquad (x = 0 - 604800 \text{ seconds})$

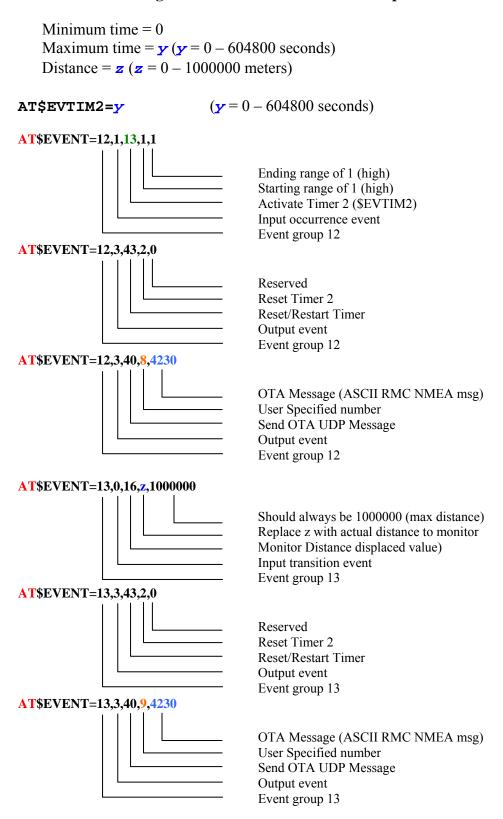


Results: A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to a remote user at every x time interval. The output message is described under

Section 7, Results.



d. Send GPS message when Time OR Distance has elapsed.





Results: A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to a remote user

every time the device travels z distance or y time interval has elapsed. The output message is described under **Section 7**,

Results.

e. Send GPS message based on Time AND Distance.

In this instance, a GPS message will not be sent to the remote user until the device travels specified distance and time has expired.

Minimum time = \mathbf{x} ($\mathbf{x} = 0 - 604800$ seconds) Maximum time = 0Distance = z (z = 0 - 1000000 meters) (x = 0 - 604800 seconds)AT\$EVTIM1=x **AT\$EVENT=12,1,12,1,1** Ending range of 1 (high) Starting range of 1 (high) Activate Timer 2 (\$EVTIM1) Input occurrence event Event group 12 **AT**\$EVENT=12,0,16,**z**,1000000 Should always be 1000000 (max distance) Replace z with actual distance to monitor Monitor Distance displaced value Input transition event Event group 12 **AT\$EVENT=12,3,43,1,0** Reserved Reset Timer 1 Reset/Restart Timer Output event Event group 12 **AT\$EVENT=12,3,40,8,4230** OTA Message (ASCII RMC NMEA msg) User Specified number Send OTA UDP Message

> Output event Event group 12



Results: A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to a remote user

every time the device travels z distance and x time interval has elapsed. The output message is described under **Section 7**,

Results.

f. Send GPS message based on Minimum Time AND Distance OR when Maximum Time has elapsed.

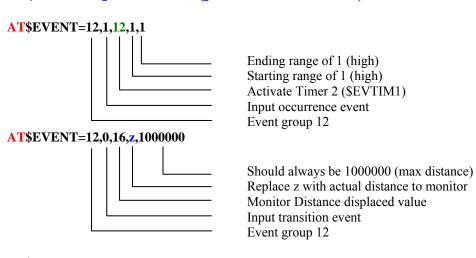
In this instance, a GPS message will not be sent to the remote user until the device travels specified distance and minimum time has expired or distance has not been traveled and maximum time has expired.

Note: Maximum Time has to be greater than Minimum Time

Minimum time = \mathbf{x} ($\mathbf{x} = 0 - 604800$ seconds) Maximum time = \mathbf{y} ($\mathbf{y} = 0 - 604800$ seconds) Distance = \mathbf{z} ($\mathbf{z} = 0 - 1000000$ meters)

AT\$EVTIM1=x (x = 0 - 604800 seconds)

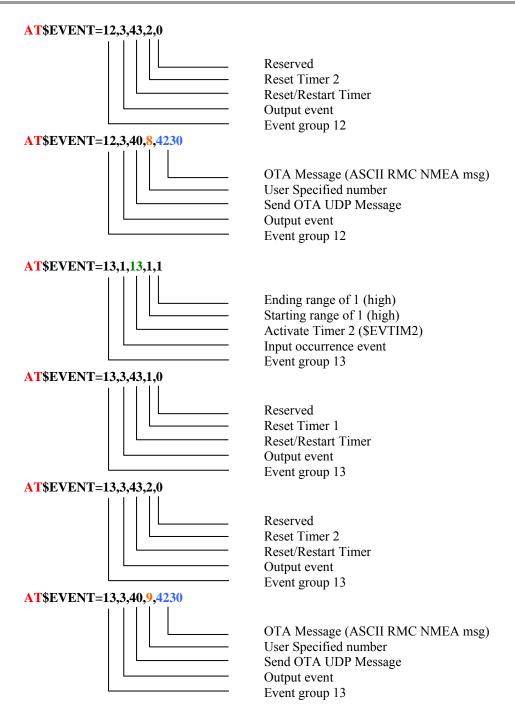
AT\$EVTIM2=y (y = 0 - 604800 seconds)



AT\$EVENT=12,3,43,1,0

Reserved
Reset Timer 1
Reset/Restart Timer
Output event
Event group 12





Results:

A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to a remote user every time the device travels **z** distance and **x** time interval has elapsed **OR y** time interval has elapsed The output message is described under **Section 7**, **Results.**



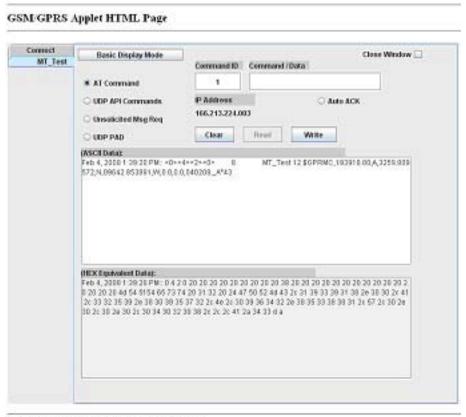
g. Results:

A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to the IP address (set by **AT\$FRIEND**) and port number (set by **AT\$UDPAPI**).

The output message format is generated based on the number "4230" set in section a above with the **AT\$EVENT** command.

The output message format is generated based on the number "4230" set in the second AT\$EVENT command.

Below is the example output that would be seen if the modem were setup to report to the Enfora test server based on example A-3.



Created by Chinag Patel 8/03/06, updated by my: 07/11/07



Bytes 32 - 42 and 81 - 83 will change depending on which option (1 - 6) was selected during section a.



Described below is the data package that should be received by the Server.

• Row 1 indicates the Byte number.

Note: Bytes 0 through 27 are part of IPV4 header. Bytes 28 and greater are the actual packet Payload. Bytes 32 and greater are controlled by the Parameter 2 value.

- Row 2 displays the data in HEX format, and
- Row 3 and/or 4 describe each block of the message.

Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7	Byte 8	Byte 9	Byte 10	Byte 11	Byte 12	Byte 13	Byte 14	Byte 15
	IP Header data														
	IP Header														

Byte 16	Byte 17	Byte 18	Byte 19	Byte 20	Byte 21	Byte 22	Byte 23	Byte 24	Byte 25	Byte 26	Byte 27	Byte 28	Byte 29	Byte 30	Byte 31
	UDP Header data										00	04	02	00	
												ASCII C	GPS data	Status	reserved
IP.	Header	(contd)				UDP I	Header				U	DP-AP	I Head	ler

Byte 32	Byte 33	Byte 34	Byte 35	Byte 36	Byte 37	Byte 38	Byte 39	Byte 40	Byte 41	Byte 42	Byte 43	Byte 44	Byte 45	Byte 46	Byte 47
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	38	20	20	20	20	20	20
	User Specified Number (8)												odem l	D	

Byte 48	Byte 49	Byte 50	Byte 51	Byte 52	Byte 53	Byte 54	Byte 55	Byte 56	Byte 57	Byte 58	Byte 59	Byte 60	Byte 61	Byte 62	Byte 63
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	4d	54	5f	54	65	73	74
	Modem ID continued (MT_Test)														

Byte 64	Byte 65	Byte 66	Byte 67	Byte 68	Byte 69	Byte 70	Byte 71	Byte 72	Byte 73	Byte 74	Byte 75	Byte 76	Byte 77	Byte 78	Byte 79
20	66	39	2C	20	36	20	31	37	34	38	20	31	37	34	38
Modem ID	Mask comma Data spa								A/D 1				A/I	7.2	
continued			GP	IO					Λ/D 1				/\(\frac{1}{1}\)	<i>J</i> <u>2</u>	

	yte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte
8	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
2	20	31	32	20	24	47	50	52	4d	43	2c	31	39	35	33	34
	/D 2 tinued	Input	Event Nu (12)	ımber	ASCII NMEA RMC message (\$GPRMC,193198.00,A,3259.809572,N,09642.853881,W,0.0,								0.0,0.0,0	40208,,,,	A*43)	

Byte 96	Byte 97	Byte 98	Byte 99	Byte 100	Byte 101	Byte 102	Byte 103	Byte 104	Byte 105	Byte 106	Byte 107	Byte 108	Byte 109	Byte 110	Byte 111
37	2e	39	32	2c	41	2c	33	33	32	32	2e	37	32	38	34
					ASCI	I NMEA	RMC me	essage co	ntinued.						

| Byte |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 112 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 121 | 122 | 123 | 124 | 125 | 126 | 127 |
| 2c | 4e | 2c | 30 | 39 | 36 | 32 | 34 | 2e | 36 | 38 | 33 | 39 | 2c | 57 | 2c |



	ASCII NMEA	RMC mess	age continued
--	------------	----------	---------------

Byte 128	Byte 129	Byte 130	Byte 131	Byte 132	Byte 133	Byte 134	Byte 135	Byte 136	Byte 137	Byte 138	Byte 139	Byte 140	Byte 141	Byte 142	Byte 143
35	36	2e	32	2c	30	35	39	2e	30	2c	32	31	30	37	30
					ASCI	NMEA	RMC me	essage co	ntinued.						

Byte 144	Byte 145	Byte 146	Byte 147	Byte 148	Byte 149	Byte 150	Byte 151	Byte 152	Byte 153	Byte 154			
34	2c	30	34	2c	45	2a	35	46	0d	0a			

ASCII NMEA RMC message continued...



4. Geo-Fencing Configuration

The Enfora Mini-MT allows a user to configure maximum of 25 circular shape geo-fences. Enfora Mini-MT can be configured to send GPS messages to a remote user (server) whenever a device enters or exits a geo-fenced area. The geo-fence feature has to be configured with two commands: **AT\$GEOFNC** and **AT\$EVENT**. To configure sending messages when a device enters or exits the geo fenced area, follow the example below:

NOTE:

- NMEA messages provide Latitude and Longitude information in "Degrees Minute.Minute" format.
- To obtain the decimal value for Degrees, take *Minute.Minute* of the actual Latitude or Longitude and divide it by 60.
- Latitude value should be between –90.0 to +90.0 Degrees
- Longitude value should be between -180.0 to +180.0 Degrees.
- Latitude North of Equator line should always be positive Value.
- Latitude South of the Equator line should always be negative value.
- Longitude East of the GMT line should always be positive.
- Longitude West of the GMT line should always be negative

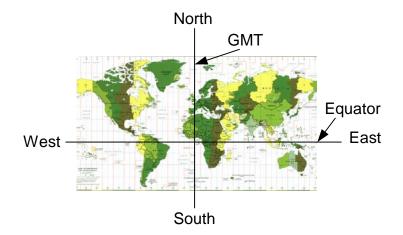


Figure 1. Map of World Displaying Latitude and Longitude

Ex: Send a NMEA RMC GPS message when the Mini-MT moves **in/out** of the geo-fence area 1. Geo fence 1 is a **100** meter radius from the center point defined by Latitude = 33 01.5023 (North) and Longitude = 096 42.3853 (West). According to figure 6 above, Latitude of 33 01.5023 (North) would be a positive value (since its above the Equator line) but Longitude of 96 42.3853 (West) would be a negative value since it is west of the GMT line.



Verify each AT command sent to the modem returns **OK**.

Radius: 100 meters

Latitude: 33 01.5023 North = 33 + 01.5023/60

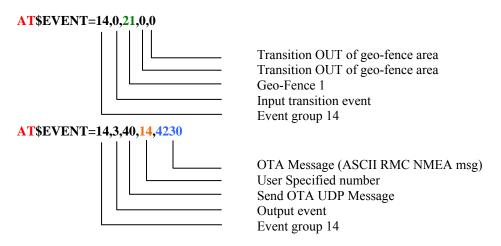
= 33.02503833

Longitude: $096 \ 42.3853 \ \text{West} = -96 + 42.3853/60$

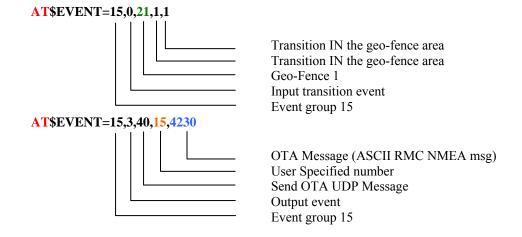
= -96.70642167

AT\$GEOFNC=1,100,33.02503833,-96.70642167

a. Send a GPS message when the unit leaves geo-fence 1



b. Send a GPS message when the unit enters geo-fence 1



Results: A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to a remote user every time the device enters or exits the geo fence area. The output message is described under **Section B, Results.**



To add Geo-Fence 2, send the following commands to the Mini-MT and verify that an **OK** is returned.

AT\$GEOFNC=2,100,34.02503833,-97.70642167 AT\$EVENT=16,0,22,0,0 AT\$EVENT=16,3,40,16,4230 AT\$EVENT=17,0,22,1,1 AT\$EVENT=17,3,40,17,4230

For additional Geofences, repeat the 5 commands below by changing the GeoFence (index) number (**A**), radius (**100**), latitude (**34.02503833**), and longitude (**-97.70642167**) information for **AT\$GEOFNC** command. And, increment the Event group numbers (**B**, **C**), Input Event (**D**), and User Specified Number (**E**, **F**) for **AT\$EVENT** command.

Use the following table for the relationship between the numbers

AT\$GEOFNC=A,100,34.02503833,-97.70642167 AT\$EVENT=B,0,D,0,0 AT\$EVENT=B,3,40,E,4230 AT\$EVENT=C,0,D,1,1 AT\$EVENT=C,3,40,F,4230



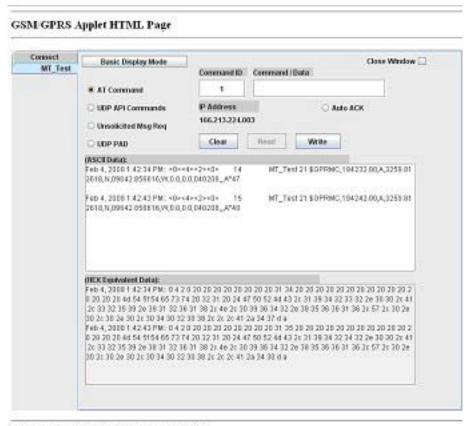
GeoFence	Input Trigger	Lea	ve GeoFence	Ent	er GeoFence
	Event number	Event	User Number	Event	User Number
Α	D	В	E	C	F
1	21	14	14	15	15
2	22	16	16	17	17
3	23	18	18	19	19
4	24	20	20	21	21
5	25	22	22	23	23
6	31	24	24	25	25
7	32	26	26	27	27
8	33	28	28	29	29
9	34	30	30	31	31
10	35	32	32	33	33
11	36	34	34	35	35
12	37	36	36	37	37
13	38	38	38	39	39
14	39	40	40	41	41
15	40	42	42	43	43
16	41	44	44	45	45
17	42	46	46	47	47
18	43	48	48	49	49
19	44	50	50	51	51
20	45	52	52	53	53
21	46	54	54	55	55
22	47	56	56	57	57
23	48	58	58	59	59
24	49	60	60	61	61
25	50	62	62	63	63

Results:

A GPS RMC NMEA message will be sent to the IP address (set by **AT\$FRIEND**) and port number (set by **AT\$UDPAPI**) when it enters or exits a defined geo fence.

The output message format is generated based on the number "4230" set in above example with the **AT\$EVENT** command.





Created by Chinag Fatel 8/03/04, updated by mp: 07/11/07



Bytes 32-42 will change depending on what is programmed in the "user specified field". Bytes 81-83 will change with geo-fence number



Described below is the data package that should be received by the Server when the modem exits GeoFence 1.

• Row 1 indicates the Byte number.

Note: Bytes 0 through 27 are part of IPV4 header. Bytes 28 and greater are the actual packet Payload. Bytes 32 and greater are controlled by the Parameter 2 value.

- Row 2 displays the data in HEX format, and
- Row 3 and/or 4 describe each block of the message.

Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7	Byte 8	Byte 9	Byte 10	Byte 11	Byte 12	Byte 13	Byte 14	Byte 15
	IP Header data														
							IP H	eader							

Byte 16	Byte 17	Byte 18	Byte 19	Byte 20	Byte 21	Byte 22	Byte 23	Byte 24	Byte 25	Byte 26	Byte 27	Byte 28	Byte 29	Byte 30	Byte 31
	UDP Header data									00	04	02	00		
TD		1	`				LIDDI	- ·				ASCII C	GPS data	Status	reserved
IP	Header	(contd)				UDP I	Header				U	DP-AP	I Head	ler

Byte 32	Byte 33	Byte 34	Byte 35	Byte 36	Byte 37	Byte 38	Byte 39	Byte 40	Byte 41	Byte 42	Byte 43	Byte 44	Byte 45	Byte 46	Byte 47
20	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 31 34 20												20	20	20
			Use	r Speci	ified N	umber ((14)					M	odem l	D	

Byte 48	Byte 49	Byte 50	Byte 51	Byte 52	Byte 53	Byte 54	Byte 55	Byte 56	Byte 57	Byte 58	Byte 59	Byte 60	Byte 61	Byte 62	Byte 63
20															
					Mod	dem ID	continu	ued (MT_Te	st)					

Byte 64	Byte 65	Byte 66	Byte 67	Byte 68	Byte 69	Byte 70	Byte 71	Byte 72	Byte 73	Byte 74	Byte 75	Byte 76	Byte 77	Byte 78	Byte 79
20	66	39	2C	20	36	20	31	37	34	38	20	31	37	34	38
Modem	Ma	Mask comma Data spa							A /D 1				A /T		
ID continued			GP	IO					A/D I				A/I) 2	

Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
20	32	31	20	24	47	50	52	4d	43	2c	31	39	32	35	32
A/D 2 continued	Input	Event Nu (21)	imber	ASCII NMEA RMC message (\$GPRMC,194232.00A,3259.812618,N,09642.856616,W,0.0,0.0,040208,,,A*47)											

I	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte	Byte
	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111
Ī	37	2e	38	38	2c	41	2c	33	33	30	31	2e	34	38	35	30
	ASCII NMEA RMC message continued															

| Byte |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 112 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 121 | 122 | 123 | 124 | 125 | 126 | 127 |
| 2c | 4e | 2c | 30 | 39 | 36 | 34 | 32 | 2e | 35 | 35 | 30 | 34 | 2c | 57 | 2c |



	ASCII NMEA	RMC mes	sage continued
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Byte 128	Byte 129	Byte 130	Byte 131	Byte 132	Byte 133	Byte 134	Byte 135	Byte 136	Byte 137	Byte 138	Byte 139	Byte 140	Byte 141	Byte 142	Byte 143
32	31	2e	31	2c	32	36	39	2e	38	2c	32	31	30	37	30
	ASCII NMEA RMC message continued														

Byte 144	Byte 145	Byte 146	Byte 147	Byte 148	Byte 149	Byte 150	Byte 151	Byte 152	Byte 153	Byte 154			
34	2c	30	35	2c	45	2a	35	39	0d	0a			

ASCII NMEA RMC message continued...

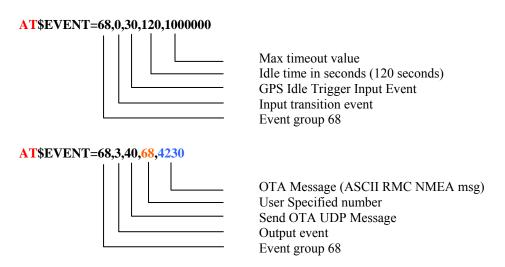


5. GPS Idle Trigger

The Enfora Mini-MT maintains GPS Idle count. The Idle count is incremented every second that the unit has not moved and is stationary in one position. The user can elect to receive a GPS message when the Idle count is exceeded. Idle count is measured in seconds.

Note: A GPS Idle Trigger message will only be sent once when the timer expires. The message will not be repeated if the device/vehicle has not moved.

a. To send a GPS message when the device/vehicle stays idle for 2 minutes (120 seconds), configure as follows:



b. Query the EVENT table:

AT\$EVENT?

The table should reflect the following:

\$EVENT: evgp evtyp evcat p1 p2 68A 0 30 120 1000000 68B 3 40 68 4230

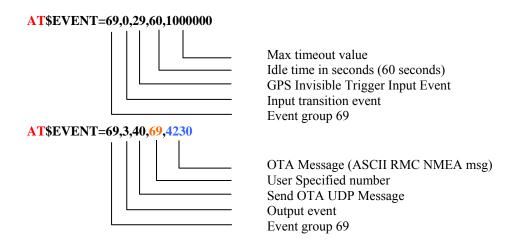


6. GPS Invisible Trigger

The Enfora Mini-MT maintains GPS Invisible count. The Invisible count is incremented every second when the unit does not have valid GPS data. The user can elect to receive a message when the Invisible count exceeds a set period. Invisible count is measured in seconds.

Note: A GPS Invisible Trigger message will only be sent once when the timer expires. The message will not be repeated if the device/vehicle has not acquired valid GPS data.

a. To send a message when the GPS has not locked for 1 minute (60 seconds), configure as follows:



b. Query the EVENT table:

AT\$EVENT?

The table should reflect the following:

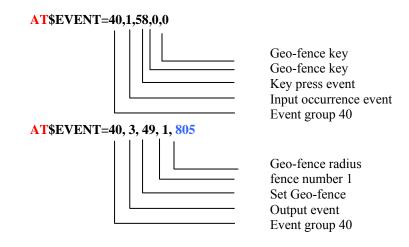
\$EVENT: evgp evtyp evcat p1 p2 69A 0 29 60 1000000 69B 3 40 69 4230



7. Set geo-fence with button press (This is the default condition)

The following procedure will configure the Mini-MT to set a geo-fence when the "①" button is pressed.

Configure the EVENT engine for the following events:





8. Send a SMS message at a preset battery level percent

The following procedure will configure the Mini-MT to set a SMS to a defined user when the battery level is between 21 to 19 percent.

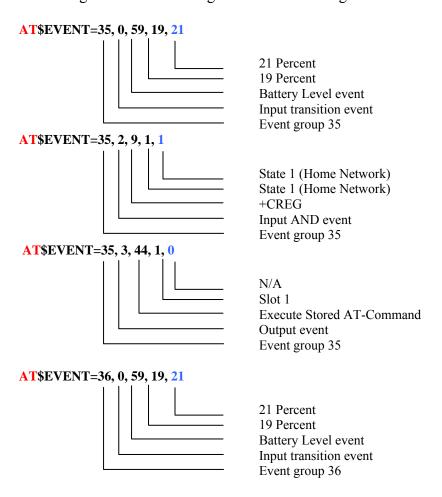
a. Enter the following 'Stored AT Command"

AT\$STOATEV=1,AT\$MSGSND=1,"LOW BATTERY"

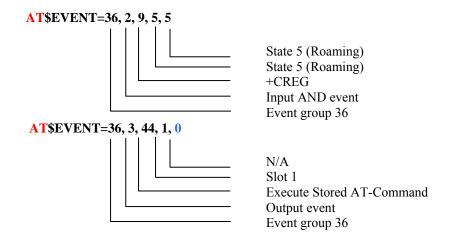
b. Configure the telephone number and or email address to send the SMS to.

AT\$SMSDA=1,"somebody@nowhere.com","0000" AT\$SMSDA=2,"555-555-1212"

c. Configure the EVENT engine for the following events:









9. Configure the user button "<" to send a UDP message

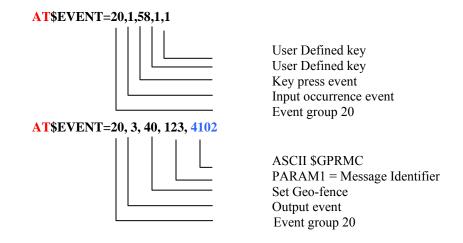
The following procedure will configure the Mini-MT to set a UDP message to a server defined in the friends list.

a. Enter the following AT Commands:

Note: The following settings assume the user is using the Enfora test UDP server.

AT\$FRIEND=1,1,"apitest.enfora.com",1721,3 AT\$UDPAPI=,1721 AT\$MDMID="TEST-MINIMT" AT\$WAKEUP=1,1 AT\$AREG=2

b. Configure the EVENT engine for the following events:





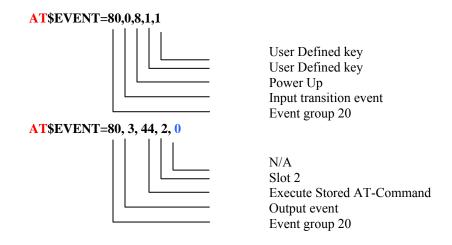
10. Configure the Mini-MT to emit a tone on wakeup

The following procedure will configure the Mini-MT to emit a tone on wakeup.

a. Enter the following AT Commands:

AT\$STOATEV=2,AT+STTONE=1,7,1000

b. Configure the EVENT engine for the following events:



Mini-MT Cookbook Revision 1.01



Revision History

Date	Rev	Author	Description
12/13/06	1.00	MCook	Initial Release.
03/21/08	1.01	DONeil	Edited Param2 value from 4350 to 4230
			Cleared BIT information for BITs 03, 04, 05 and 06
			Added new screen shots and edited ASCII NMEA RMS messages
			Corrected the description in chapter 11
			Removed "stay awake while moving" section