LATEX submissions are mandatory. Submitting your assignment in another format will result in a loss of 10 points on the assignment. The template is here.

Problem 1

[5pts] Prove or disprove: For every integer n, if n is even then $n^2 + 1$ is prime.

Proof:

Problem 2

[5pts] Prove or disprove: The average of any two odd integers is odd.

Proof:

Problem 3

[5pts] Prove or disprove: For any rational number r, then $3r^2 - 2r + 4$ is rational. (Read the next problem before attempting.)

Proof:

Problem 4

[10 pts] Prove that if one solution of a quadratic equation of the form $x^2 + bx + c = 0$ is rational, with b and c being rational, then the other solution is also rational.

Proof:

Problem 5

[5pts] As a follow-up to the last question, let $p(x) = a_k x^k + a_{k-1} x^{k-1} + \ldots + a_1 x^1 + a_0$ be a polynomial. Show that the rationals are closed under polynomial evaluation, i.e. if r is a rational number, then p(r) is also rational. (The purpose of this problem is to emphasize that when you want to prove something very general, it helps to prove something specific and gain intuition first.)

Proof:

Problem 6

[10 pts] Prove that if the decimal representation of a nonnegative integer n ends in d_1d_0 and if $4|(10d_1+d_0)$, then 4|n.

Proof:

Problem 7

[10 pts] A matrix A has 3 rows and 4 columns:

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} \end{bmatrix}$$

The 12 entries in the matrix are to be stored in *row major* form in locations 7609 to 7620 in a computer's memory. This means that the entires in the first row (reading left to right) are stored first, then entries in the second row, and finally entries in the third row.

- Which location with a_{22} be stored in?
- Write a formula in i and j that gives the integer n so that a_{ij} is stored in location 7609 + n.
- Find formulas in n for r and s so that a_{rs} is stored in location 7609 + n.
- Now generalize! Let M be a matrix with m rows and n columns, and suppose that the entries are stored in the computer's memory in row major form in locations $N, N+1, N+2, \ldots, N+mn-1$. Find formulas in k for r and s so that a_{rs} is stored in location N+k.

Proof:

Problem 8

[10 pts] We define reciprocal of a nonzero real number x as 1/x. Consider the statement "The reciprocal of any irrational number is irrational." Prove this statement using both contraposition and contradiction.

Proof:

Problem 9

[10pts] Prove that there exists a **unique** prime number of the form $n^2 + 4n - 5$, where n is a positive integer.

Proof:

Problem 10 [15pts]

Find a formula for

$$\frac{1}{1\cdot 2} + \frac{1}{2\cdot 3} + \dots + \frac{1}{n\cdot (n+1)}$$
 $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ (positive integers)

Prove that your formula is correct. Be sure to state whether you are using strong induction or weak induction.

Proof:

Problem 11

[12pts] Show by induction that $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$, $(n+3)^2 \ge n^2 + 9$. Be sure to state whether you are using strong induction or weak induction.

Proof:

Problem 12 (Extra Credit)

[10pts] Prove that

$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} j(j+1)(j+2)\cdots(j+k-1) = \frac{n(n+1)(n+2)\cdots(n+k)}{k+1}$$

for all positive integers k and n.

Proof:

Problem Reflection

[3pts] Exercise a growth mentality by reflecting on this assignment and your work. Feel free to say whatever you want, but you are required to answer the following. You are graded on whether you complete this, not on what you say.

- How many hours did you spend on this assignment?
- What problem was hardest? Why?
- What problem was easiest? Why?