## Problem Set 10 (Answer Key)

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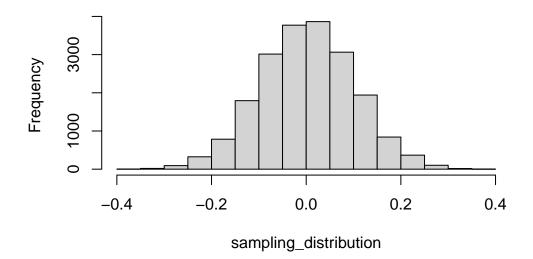
```
1. Load the data
  library(tidyverse)
-- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.2 --
v ggplot2 3.3.6 v purrr 0.3.4
v tibble 3.1.8 v dplyr 1.0.9
v tidyr 1.2.0 v stringr 1.4.0
v readr 2.1.2 v forcats 0.5.1
-- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
  library(here)
here() starts at C:/Users/jo22058/Documents/intro-political-methodology
  load( here('data/ces-2020/cleaned-CES.RData') )
  # recode as 0-1 variable
  ces <- ces |>
   mutate(china_tariffs = as.numeric(china_tariffs == 'Support'))
  ces |>
    summarize(pct_support = mean(china_tariffs))
```

```
# A tibble: 1 x 1
  pct_support
        <dbl>
1
           NA
  # drop out the people who didn't respond to that question
  ces <- ces |>
    filter(!is.na(china_tariffs))
    summarize(pct_support = mean(china_tariffs))
# A tibble: 1 x 1
  pct_support
        <dbl>
        0.592
1
  3. What's the difference in tariff support for men and women?
  ces |>
    group_by(gender) |>
    summarize(pct_support = mean(china_tariffs))
# A tibble: 2 x 2
  gender pct_support
  <chr>
               <dbl>
1 Female
               0.591
2 Male
               0.594
  4. Write a function that samples 100 respondents and computes the difference in means.
  diff_in_means <- function(sample_size = 100){</pre>
    small_ces <- ces |>
       slice_sample(n = sample_size) |>
      mutate(male = as.numeric(gender == 'Male'))
```

linear\_model <- lm(china\_tariffs ~ male,</pre>

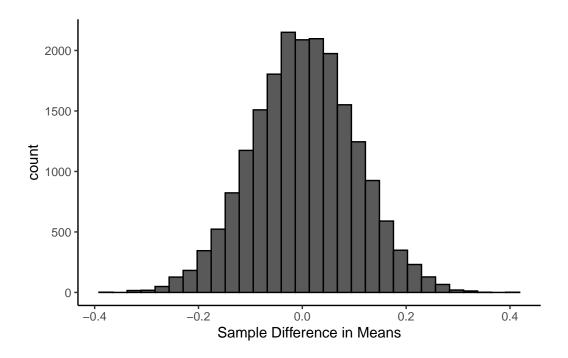
data = small\_ces)

## Histogram of sampling\_distribution



```
ggplot(mapping = aes(x=sampling_distribution)) +
  geom_histogram(color = 'black') +
  theme_classic() +
  labs(x = 'Sample Difference in Means')
```

`stat\_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



What's the expected value?

mean(sampling\_distribution)

[1] 0.002899952

Standard error?

sd(sampling\_distribution)

[1] 0.09922471