

EMOTION

AND ITS ROLE AS A UNIVERSAL LANGUAGE

facial expressions of emotion are universal, not learned differently in each culture

- Charles Darwin, The Expression of Emotions in Man and Animals

THEORETICAL RATIONALE

WHY EMOTION?

Emotions are universal

Many scientists believe that there are seven universal emotions that humans are biologically-hardwired to express

Facial expressions account for nearly 70% of all non-verbal communication

WHY AI?

AI is everywhere

Artificially-intelligent systems can be trained to identify faces and recognize emotions using the same basic visual scanning techniques done by humans

These systems have many different applications in consumer technology





HOW EMOTION IS EXTRACTED

PRE-PROCESSING

Images from a dataset are normalized, so inconsistencies do not affect learning

ANALYSIS

Viola-Jones algorithms from OpenCV and TFLearn detect features

CLASSIFICATION

Input is then mapped to the softmax output layer nodes

Cropped and resized to a 48x48 input image

Subsets are scanned for facial markers

The unit with the highest activation gets selected

THE FER2013

A large, publicly-available dataset used to train and validate the CNN's emotion-detecting capabilities

28,709 faces

Used to train and validate the model

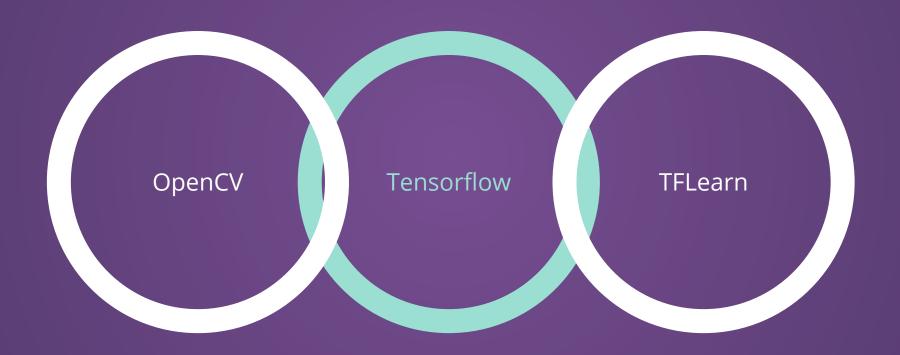
48x48 pixel

Tokenized grayscale images

100 epochs

To converge to 67% accuracy (approx. ~40 hrs)

CONVENTIONAL FACIAL RECOGNITION USING IMAGE CLASSIFIERS AND FEATURE DETECTORS



A. Gudi. Recognizing semantic features in faces using deep learning. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1512.00743, 2015*

NETWORK BASICS: IMAGE CLASSIFIERS AND FEATURE DETECTORS

♦ Tensorflow

o machine learning
framework

\Diamond TFLearn

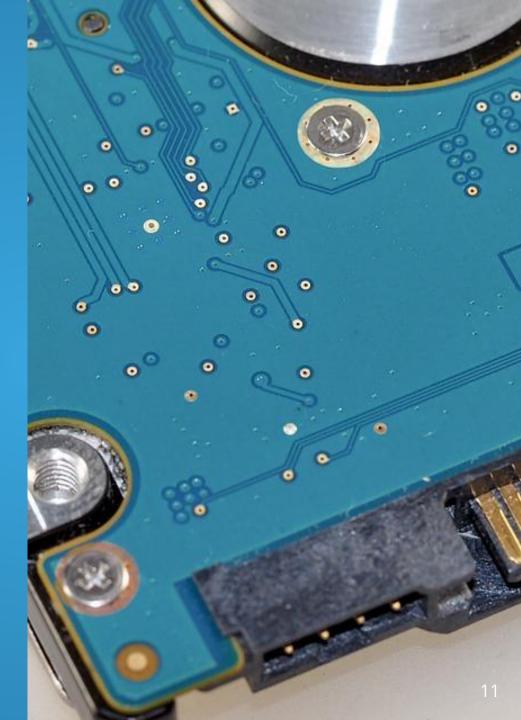
o high-level API for deep learning

OpenCV

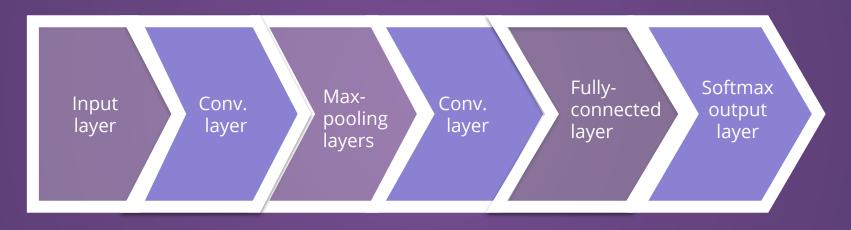
o open-source computer vision APIs

Docker

o python/tensorflow runtime environment



EMOTION RECOGNITION NETWORK STRUCTURE



FER2013 grayscale images [48x48]

Detect input "features" [5x5] x 64 Apply local Append + kernels [3 x 3]

update weights [5x5] x 64 Мар emotions to faces [14524x1]

Мар faces to emotion [1x7]

SUMMARY OF NETWORK OPERATIONS



FER2013 images come pre-cropped to 48x48 px, and have been cleaned up, rescaled and converted into a numpy-readable array



EDIT

OpenCV Viola-Jones algorithm normalizes factors like face location, low image quality, in-plane tilt and rotation to filter out poor data



ITERATE

Kernels ("filters") operate on subsets of the input matrix to quickly discard unnecessary artifacts and retain the facial expression features



COMPARE

The AlexNet CNN model uses TFLearn and OpenCV libraries to calculate Haar-features and reduce negative windows (cascade filters)



UPDATE

Error backpropagation functions from TFLearn library are used to update the activation weights in the convolutional layers



CLASSIFY

The fully-trained deep net selects the softmax output neuron that has the highest activation given by the ReLU Rectifier: max(x, 0)

PERFORMANCE MATRIX USING INITIAL DATASET

| | Anger | Disgust | Fear | Нарру | Neutral | Sad | Surprise |
|----------|-------|---------|------|-------|---------|------|----------|
| Anger | 0.5 | | | | | | |
| Disgust | | 0.62 | | | | | |
| Fear | | | 0.37 | | | | |
| Нарру | | | | 0.90 | | | |
| Neutral | | | | | 0.80 | | |
| Sad | | | | | | 0.28 | |
| Surprise | | | | | | | 0.77 |

^{*} Data provided by TU Delft and @isseu on Github, ran using the same neural net and training set



FUTURE WORK + CONSIDERATIONS

Train the network using various datasets

- ♦ Reduced FER2013
- JapaneseFemale FacialExpressions(JAFFE)
- ♦ CK+ dataset

Analyze for other facial feature characteristics

- ♦ Gender
- ♦ Age
- ♦ Race

Implement emotion-detection in consumer tech

- Automatic playlist generation
- Mood prediction in behavioral health apps







REAL-T CLASSIFI

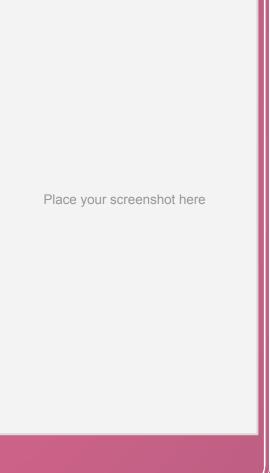
Trained classifier operates on individual frames from a live video stream





ANDROID PROJECT

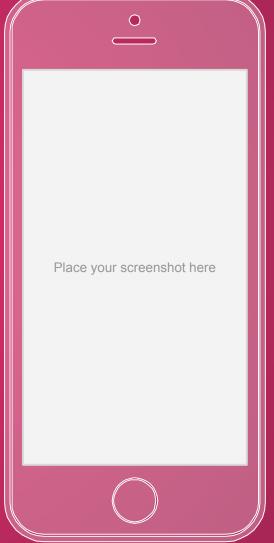
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Show and explain your web, app or software projects using these gadget templates.



CREDITS

A. Gudi. Recognizing semantic features in faces using deep learning. arXiv preprint arXIV:1512.00743, 2015.

C.R. Darwin. *The expression of the emotions in man and animals.* John Murray, London, 1872

OpenSourceComputerVision Face detection using haar cascades. URL https://docs.opencv.org/master/d7/d8b/tutorial_py_face_detection.html

TFLearn. TFLearn: Deep learning library featuring a higher-level API for Tensorflow. URL http://tflearn.org

Kaggle. Challenges in representation learning: Facial expression recognition challenge, 2013.

THANKS

ANY QUESTIONS?

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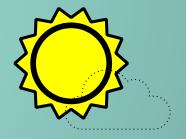
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- Change fill color and opacity
- Change line color, width and style

sn't that nice? :)

Examples:









Now you can use any emoji as an icon!

And of course it resizes without losing quality and you can change the color.

How? Follow Google instructions https://twitter.com/googledocs/status/730087240156643328



