STUDYPE

**Predicting Financial Time Series using Deep Learning** 

# Module3. Important Metrics for Financial Time Series Prediction

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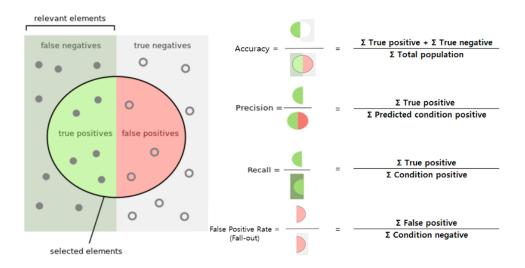
Note. Special thanks to Taejin Kim from KAIST who carefully suggest ideas and review the materials

# Important Metrics for Financial Time Series Prediction

I don't agree with the metrics which are conventionally used in ML or Finance for our situation

### Metrics from Machine Learning

- We know conventional metrics from Machine Learning
  - For Categorical Outcome: Confusion Matrix



For Continuous Variable: Mean Absolute Error

$$ext{MAE} = rac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} |y_i - x_i|}{n} = rac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} |e_i|}{n}$$

# Does it still hold for financial time series prediction?

Without theory, how do we assure whether our algorithms have consistent alpha seeking capability?



# Does it still hold for financial time series prediction?

- The key of trading algorithm is consistent performance over multiple periods, rather than a profit from short time periods regardless of how much they are profitable (lucky punch).
  - "지속적으로 수익을 내는 것이 아닌, 한번에 크게 번 알고리즘은 좋은 알고리즘이 아니다"
- However, aforementioned metrics do not measure consistency of profitability

#### We shouldn't use some common metrics in ML

- For example: mean average return
  - We usually calculate mean average return
  - However, if we lose 10% and gain 10% then our remaining budget become 99% (100\*0.9\*1.1 = 99), not 100%
  - Therefore, we need to evaluate the return by geometric mean of return rather than arithmetic average



#### Metrics from Finance Literature

- Also, I think common metrics in Finance doesn't fit well on ML problems
  - For example: Sharpe Ratio
    - There are two key parameter:
      - Standard Deviation
      - Portfolio Return
      - (assume Rf is fixed)
    - Measuring Standard
       Deviation is so Naïve

      Approach
      - How do we determine the size of windows under highly volatile situation?

#### The ELI5 Version of the Sharpe Ratio

$$R_p - R_f$$

Where:  $R_p$  = Portfolio Return

 $R_f$  = Risk-Free Rate (3-month Treasury Rate is standard)

 $\sigma_p$  = Portfolio Risk, aka Standard Deviation of Returns





# We need a new standard of metrics for algorithm evaluation

- Although there are scarce literature in Finance for algorithmic trading
- We need a valid set of measurements for evaluation of algorithms
- Thus, below list of measurements are not from literature, but ideas from brainstorming
  - Measurement for Consistency
  - Measurement for Robustness
  - Measurement for Risk



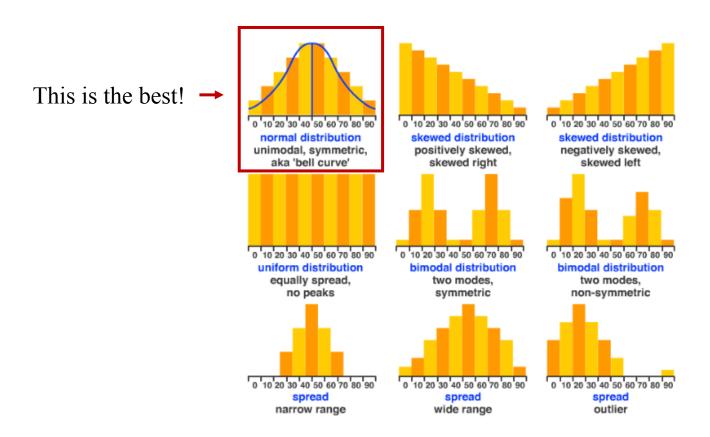
#### Measurement for Consistency

- Evaluate truncated geometric average return
- Try to evaluate the performance at usual situation
  - Measuring the average performance by removing top 10% and bottom 10% returns in magnitude, after then evaluate the geometric average return by remaining 80%



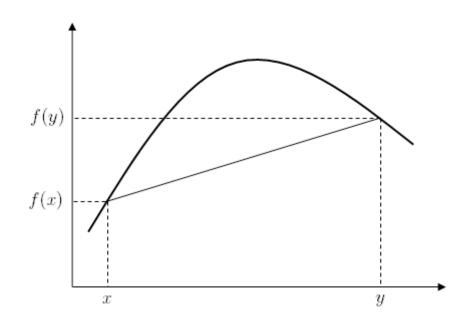
#### Measurement for Robustness

• Are the distributions of the average performance of the algorithm on different test samples (sampled by different periods) normally distributed?



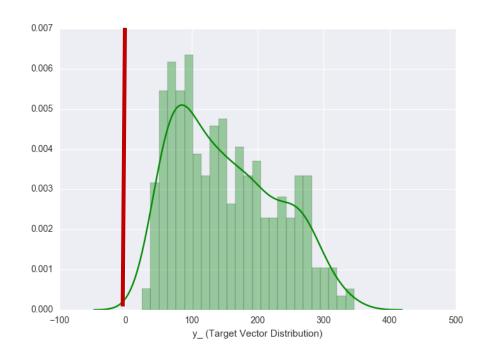
#### Measurement for Robustness

- Performance should be concave for the nearby hyper-parameter
  - If your algorithm is so right then the performance should be consistent for minor parameter changes
  - For example: 10-minute trading, 11-minute trading, etc. all have similar profitability



#### Measurement for Risk

- How many test samples show loss of principal (원금 손실 비중)
  - Choose the algorithm with less number of loss of principal



#### Measurement for Risk

- Measuring maximum drawdown
  - Choose the algorithm with the minimum of maximum drawdown



- 역사적 상황에서 입을 수 있었던 최대 손실
- 전체 기간 내 전략의 최대 손실



# **Another Tips**

- How do we reflect such ideas on our algorithms?
  - Develop customized loss functions
- Draw your portfolio value in log scale
  - If your strategy is consistently good then the portfolio value over time should be flat (log scale makes it much visible)

# Thank you ©

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