

Setting up a PyQGIS development machine

GEO1005 (2017-18 Q2)

Spatial Decision Support for Planning and
Crisis Management

Jorge Gil

Developing Python plugins for QGIS requires the installation and configuration of several software packages.

It is a complicated process, but once completed, making plugins is a smooth procedure and you can focus on implementing the functionality and testing the interaction of your plugin.

After completing these steps, your machine will be ready to make sophisticated plugins.

1. Install QGIS 2.18 LTR
2. Install ‘Plugin Builder’ and ‘Plugin Reloader’ QGIS plugins
3. Install ‘pip’
4. Install the ‘Plugin Builder Tool’ (pb_tool)
5. Mac/Linux: Install Qt Creator
6. Mac/Linux: Setup the environment paths
7. Install PyCharm
8. Windows: Setup PyCharm shortcut
9. Configure PyCharm



Check if OSGeo4W shell is installed correctly:

- Locate the QGIS shortcut
- Locate the Qt Designer / Creator shortcut
- Find OSGeo4W shell shortcut
- Run shell as administrator
- Type ‘pyrcc4’ and press enter
- If it gives an error move to the next step
- Otherwise jump to slide 6



Only if the previous step fails!

- Run the QGIS OSGeo4W Network installer
- Choose *Advanced Install* and select to install:
 - Libs -> qt4-devel
 - Libs -> python-pip
 - Libs -> setuptools
- If not present download the QGIS OSGeo4W Network installer version and install it:

<http://www.qgis.org/en/site/forusers/download.html>

- Choose to install Desktop -> qgis-ltr

<http://www.kyngchaos.com/software/qgis>



"The beast is actively interested only in now, and, as it is always now and always shall be, there is an eternity of time for the accomplishment of objects."
- the wisdom of Tarzan

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QGIS

Mac OS X installers for QGIS. For OS X Mt Lion and newer. Install the Current version to stay up to date on features. Install the Long Term Support version for feature stability for a year.

Install Note: OS X security may block installation, as I'm not an "identified developer" (ie not paying Apple to develop software). There a simple way to force it to install - right-click the installer file and select Open, this will trigger an extra option in the security warning to install it anyways. You only have to do this once, the system will remember the QGIS installer for any future installs (new major versions *may* reset this).

Table of Contents

- QGIS
 - Current
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Current

All required items are included on the disk image.

WARNING: QGIS *will* crash if Qt4 developer components are installed in the standard /Developer location. Either rename /Developer/Applications/Qt/Plugins or uninstall Qt before running QGIS.

Optional:

- other Python Modules for plugins

Download:

- QGIS 2.18.0-1 [286.4 MiB].

See the QGIS website for more information about, and help with, QGIS.

QGIS includes its own internal copies of GRASS, Orfeo Toolbox, SAGA and TauDEM.

Long Term Support

All required items are included on the disk image.

WARNING: QGIS *will* crash if Qt4 developer components are installed in the standard /Developer location. Either rename /Developer/Applications/Qt/Plugins or uninstall Qt before running QGIS.

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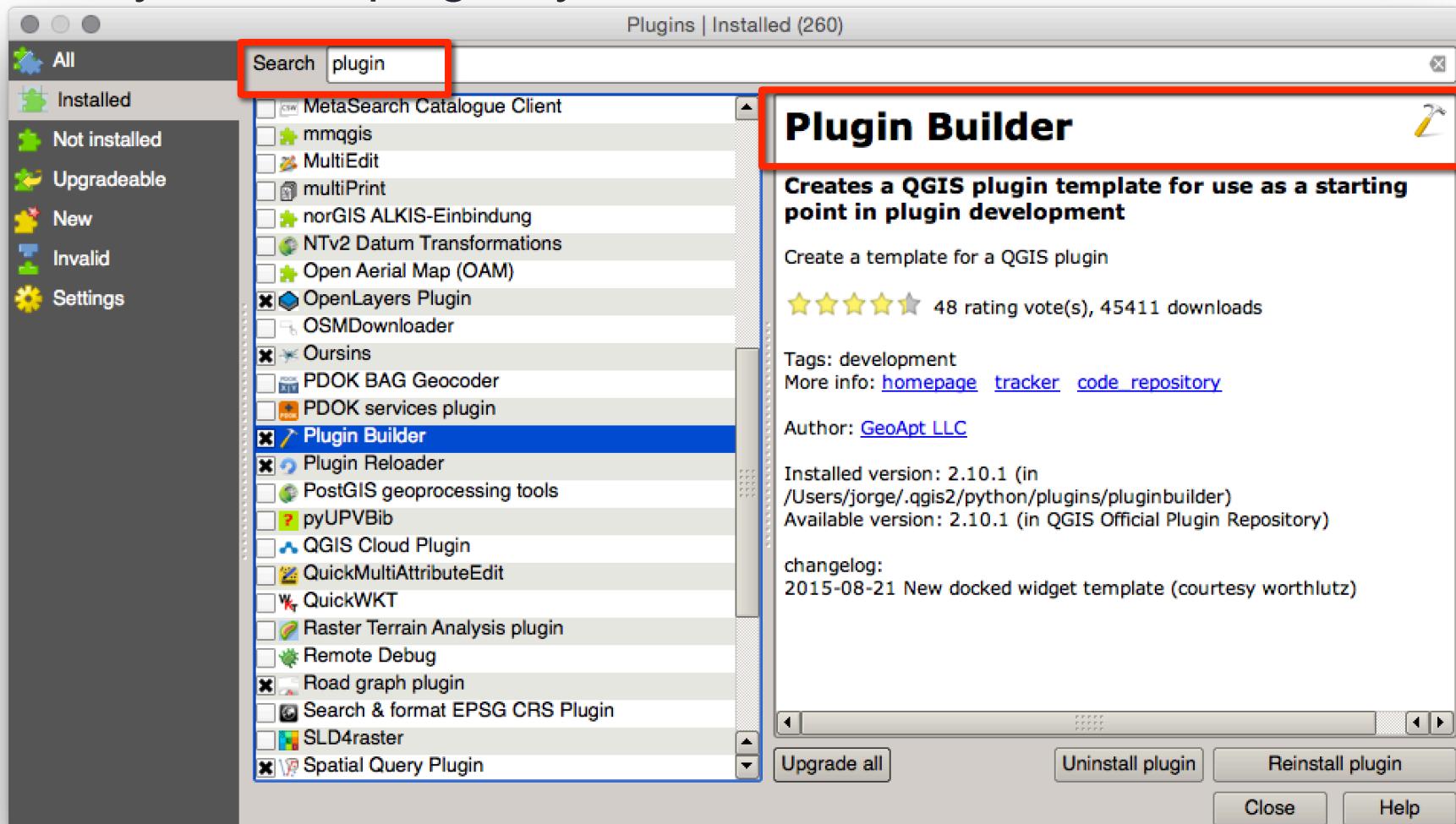
Download:

- QGIS 2.14.8-1 [270.1 MiB].

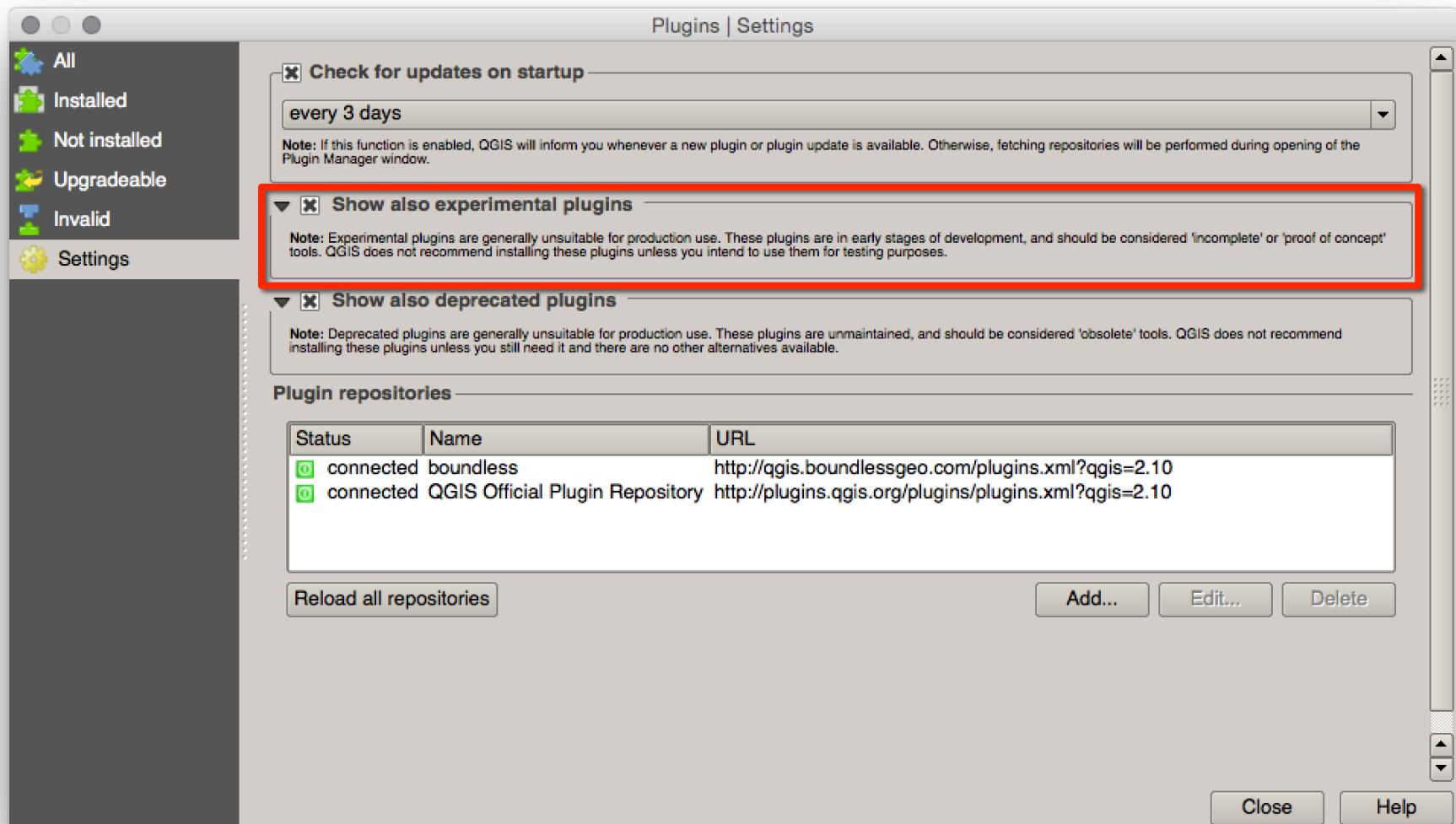
See the QGIS website for more information about, and help with, QGIS.

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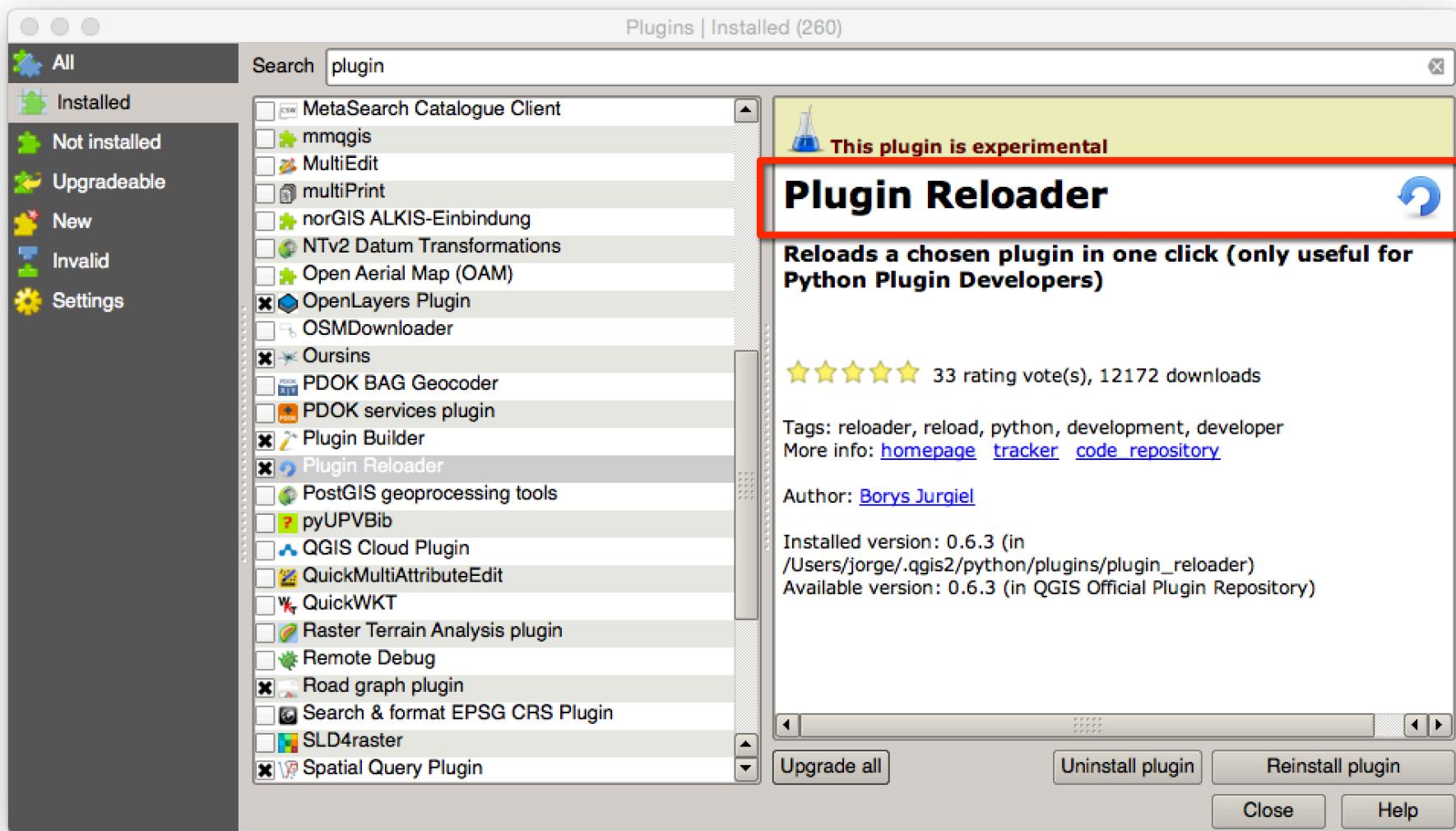
Start QGIS and go to Plugins Manager. Use the search to easily find the plugins you need.



In Settings Check the box to display experimental plugins.



In Settings Check the box to display experimental plugins.

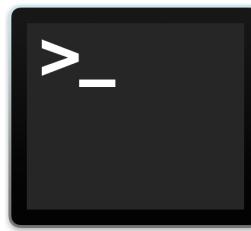


Install ‘pip’ using the command line

Pip is a command line Python package installer.

Check if you have pip:

1. Windows: start the OSGeo4W Shell command line window as administrator;
2. Mac OSX: start the terminal;



3. Type ‘pip’ on the command prompt;
4. Press Enter.
5. If you see a screen ason the right...
pip is already installed,
skip the next step!

```
jorge-macbook:Downloads jorge$ pip
Usage:
  pip <command> [options]

Commands:
  install                         Install packages.
  uninstall                        Uninstall packages.
  freeze                           Output installed packages in requirements format.
  list                            List installed packages.
  show                            Show information about installed packages.
  search                           Search PyPI for packages.
  wheel                           Build wheels from your requirements.
  help                            Show help for commands.

General Options:
  -h, --help                         Show help.
  --isolated                         Run pip in an isolated mode, ignoring environment variables and user configuration.
  -v, --verbose                       Give more output. Option is additive, and can be used up to 3 times.
  -V, --version                       Show version and exit.
  -q, --quiet                          Give less output.
  --log <path>                        Path to a verbose appending log.
  --proxy <proxy>                     Specify a proxy in the form [user:passwd@]proxy.server:port.
  --retries <retries>                  Maximum number of retries each connection should attempt (default 5 times).
  --timeout <sec>                     Set the socket timeout (default 15 seconds).
  --exists-action <action>            Default action when a path already exists: (s)witch, (!)gnore, (w)ipe, (b)ackup.
  --trusted-host <hostname>          Mark this host as trusted, even though it does not have valid or any HTTPS.
  --cert <path>                        Path to alternate CA bundle.
  --client-cert <path>                Path to SSL client certificate, a single file containing the private key and the certificate in PEM format.
  --cache-dir <dir>                  Store the cache data in <dir>.
  --no-cache-dir                     Disable the cache.
  --disable-pip-version-check       Don't periodically check PyPI to determine whether a new version of pip is available for download. Implied with --no-index.

jorge-macbook:Downloads jorge$
```

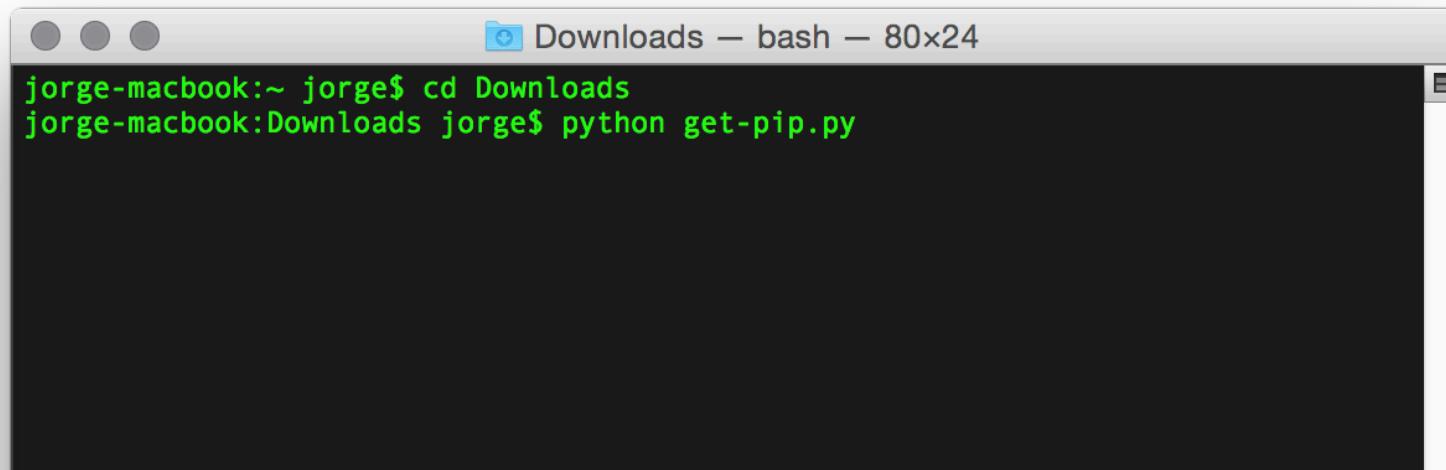
Install ‘pip’ using the command line

It is available from the OSGeo4W network installer, under libs (python-pip).

Otherwise download: <https://bootstrap.pypa.io/get-pip.py>

Install ‘pip’:

1. Using the Shell or Terminal, change directory to the download location (cd [path])
2. Type and execute: ‘python get-pip.py’
3. MacOSX: sudo python get-pip.py
4. Wait for the installation to complete and it should work...
5. Test by typing and executing: pip

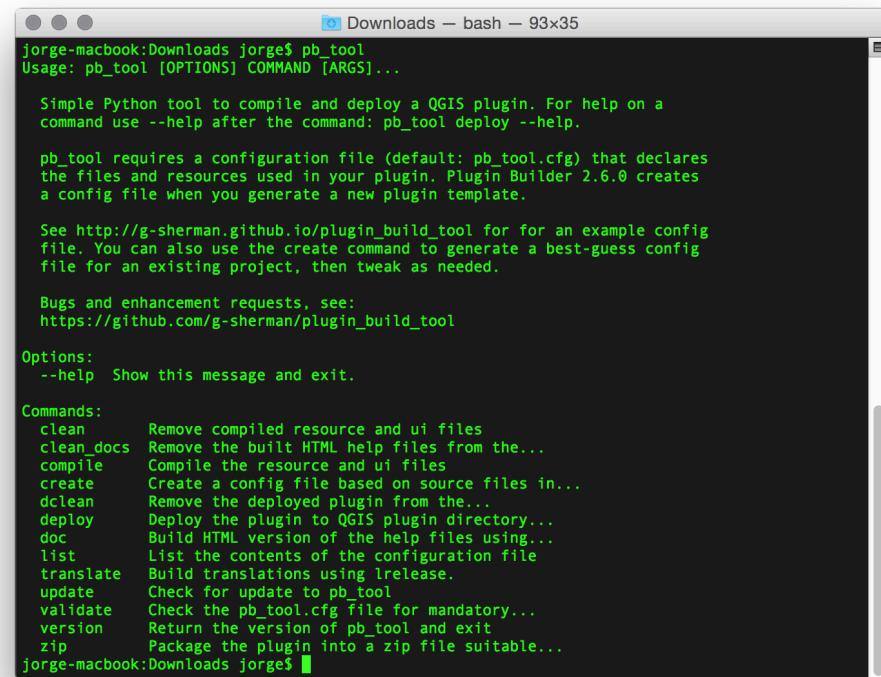


```
jorge-macbook:~ jorge$ cd Downloads
jorge-macbook:Downloads jorge$ python get-pip.py
```

Install the ‘Plugin Builder Tool’ using the command line

To install use the Shell or the Terminal:

1. Type and execute ‘pip install pb_tool’
2. On MacOSX: ‘sudo pip install pb_tool’
3. Close and reopen the terminal window
4. Type and execute ‘pb_tool’ to test
5. You should see the screen on the right...



```
Jorge-macbook:Downloads jorge$ pb_tool
Usage: pb_tool [OPTIONS] COMMAND [ARGS]...
      Simple Python tool to compile and deploy a QGIS plugin. For help on a
      command use --help after the command: pb_tool deploy --help.

      pb_tool requires a configuration file (default: pb_tool.cfg) that declares
      the files and resources used in your plugin. Plugin Builder 2.6.0 creates
      a config file when you generate a new plugin template.

      See http://g-sherman.github.io/plugin_build_tool for for an example config
      file. You can also use the create command to generate a best-guess config
      file for an existing project, then tweak as needed.

      Bugs and enhancement requests, see:
      https://github.com/g-sherman/plugin_build_tool

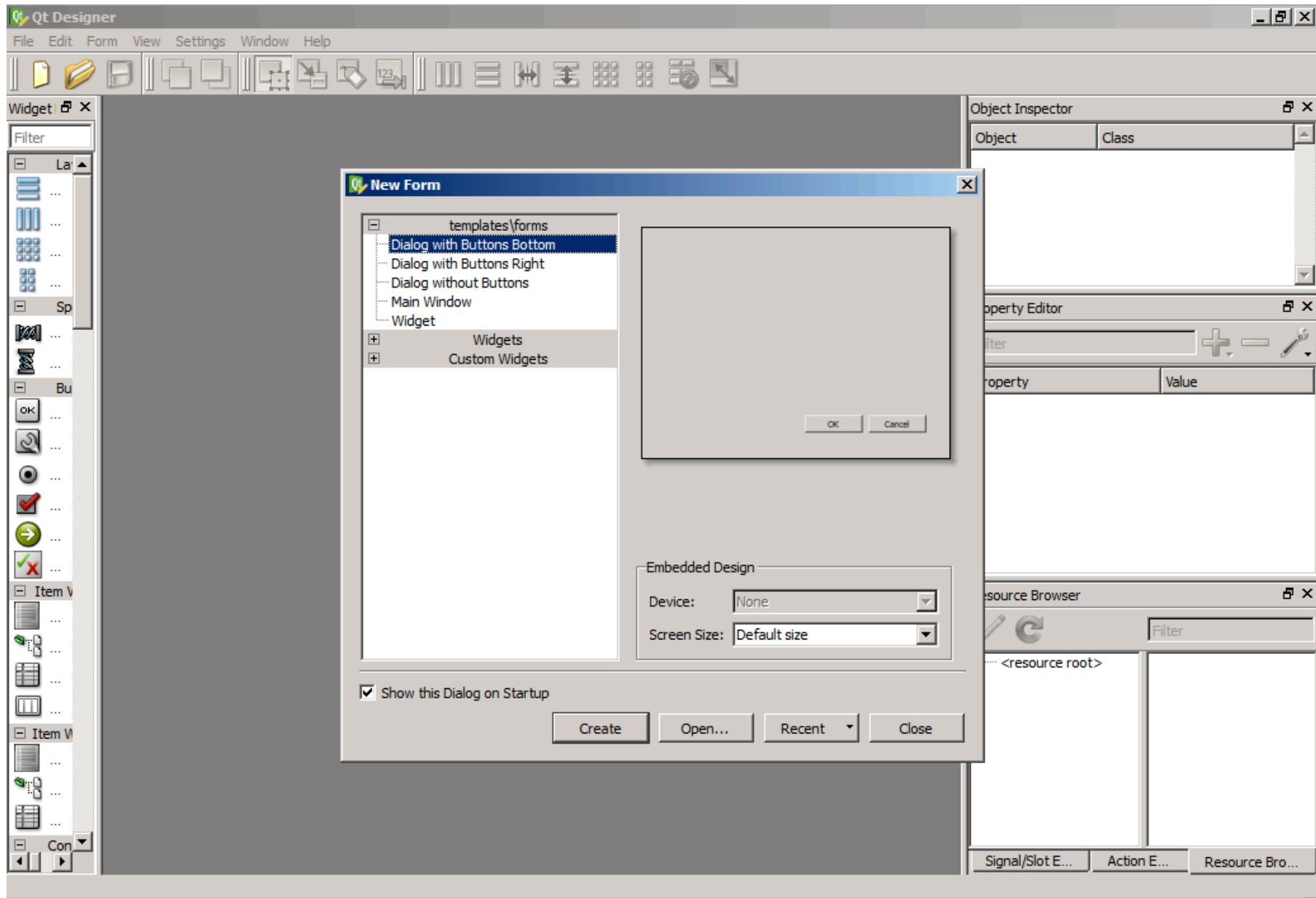
      Options:
      --help Show this message and exit.

      Commands:
      clean      Remove compiled resource and ui files
      clean_docs Remove the built HTML help files from the...
      compile    Compile the resource and ui files
      create     Create a config file based on source files in...
      dclean    Remove the deployed plugin from the...
      deploy     Deploy the plugin to QGIS plugin directory...
      doc        Build HTML version of the help files using...
      list       List the contents of the configuration file
      translate  Build translations using lrelease.
      update    Check for update to pb_tool
      validate  Check the pb_tool.cfg file for mandatory...
      version   Return the version of pb_tool and exit
      zip       Package the plugin into a zip file suitable...

jorge-macbook:Downloads jorge$
```

For details see the website:

https://g-sherman.github.io/plugin_build_tool/



- Install Mac OSX developer tools from the ‘App Store’
- Start the developer tools to agree with the license terms
- Close Xcode
- Download and install Qt Creator:

https://download.qt.io/official_releases/qtcreator/4.4/4.4.1/qt-creator-opensource-mac-x86_64-4.4.1.dmg

Edit the `.bash_profile` in your Home folder to use the QGIS app folder and the included Python packages.

Start the Terminal, and type:

1. to create the file if it doesn't exist:
 - `touch ~/.bash_profile`
2. to open file for editing:
 - `open ~/.bash_profile`

Write the following commands (in bold) in the text file:

1. **`QGISBASE="/Applications/QGIS.app/Contents"`**
2. **`export PATH=/usr/bin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/bin/:${QGISBASE}/MacOS/bin`**
3. **`export DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH=${QGISBASE}/MacOS/lib`**
4. **`export PYTHONPATH=:${QGISBASE}/Resources/python:$PYTHONPATH`**

Ready to
develop QGIS
plug-ins!

(but it can be better...)

An IDE (Integrated Development Environment) does much more than a simple code editor:

- create projects and manage related files
- refactor modules and variable names
- syntax highlighting
- code completion
- checks code for compliance with standards
- runs compilation and other tools
- synchronises with the github repository
- has debugging tools

PyCharm is a popular Python IDE.

The free Community version does not have the remote debugger. (more on this later)

The Pro version has a 30 days trial, but students can obtain a free license by registering using their academic TU Delft email.

Download and install the version for your system:

<https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/download/>

Eclipse with PyDev is an alternative Python IDE, but only use it if you're very familiar with it...

The screenshot shows the PyCharm IDE interface with the following details:

- Project:** SpatialDecision (~/github/GEO1005/SpatialDecision)
- Editor:** spatial_decision_dockwidget.py
- Toolbars:** Standard toolbar with icons for file operations, search, and help.
- Status Bar:** Shows "Updating skeletons for /System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/bin/python2.7..."
- Bottom Status:** 6 chars, 576:13, LF, UTF-8, Git: master

```
23  from PyQt4 import QtGui, QtCore, uic
24  from qgis.core import *
25  from qgis.networkanalysis import *
26  from qgis.gui import *
27  import processing
28
29  # matplotlib for the charts
30  from matplotlib.backends.backend_qt4agg import FigureCanvasQTAgg as FigureCanvas
31  from matplotlib.figure import Figure
32
33  # Initialize Qt resources from file resources.py
34  import resources
35
36  import os
37  import os.path
38  import random
39  import csv
40  import time
41
42  from . import utility_functions as uf
43
44
45  FORM_CLASS, _ = uic.loadUiType(os.path.join(
46      os.path.dirname(__file__), 'spatial_decision_dockwidget_base.ui'))
47
48
49  class SpatialDecisionDockWidget(QtWidgets.QDockWidget, FORM_CLASS):
50
51      closingPlugin = QtCore.pyqtSignal()
52      #custom signals
53      updateAttribute = QtCore.pyqtSignal(str)
54
55
56      def __init__(self, iface, parent=None):
57          """Constructor."""
58          super(SpatialDecisionDockWidget, self).__init__(parent)
59          # Set up the user interface from Designer.
60          # After setupUI you can access any designer object by doing
61          # self.<objectname>, and you can use autoconnect slots - see
62          # http://qt-project.org/doc/qt-4.8/designer-using-a-ui-file.html
63          # #widgets-and-dialogs-with-auto-connect
64
```

In Windows you need to tell PyCharm the location of the Python interpreter that comes with QGIS.

- Download this batch file from Brightspace and edit:
- Change the OSGEO4W_ROOT variable path to your OSGeo4W installation path
- Change the QGIS and PyCharm application paths
- Save the file
- **ALWAYS** start PyCharm using this shortcut

```
@echo off
SET OSGE04W_ROOT=C:\OSGeo4W64

call "%OSGE04W_ROOT%\bin\o4w_env.bat"

path %PATH%;%OSGE04W_ROOT%\apps\qgis-ltr\bin

set PYTHONPATH=%PYTHONPATH%;%OSGE04W_ROOT%\apps\qgis-ltr\python;
set PYTHONPATH=%PYTHONPATH%;%OSGE04W_ROOT%\apps\Python27\Lib\site-packages
set QGIS_PREFIX_PATH=%OSGE04W_ROOT%\apps\qgis-ltr

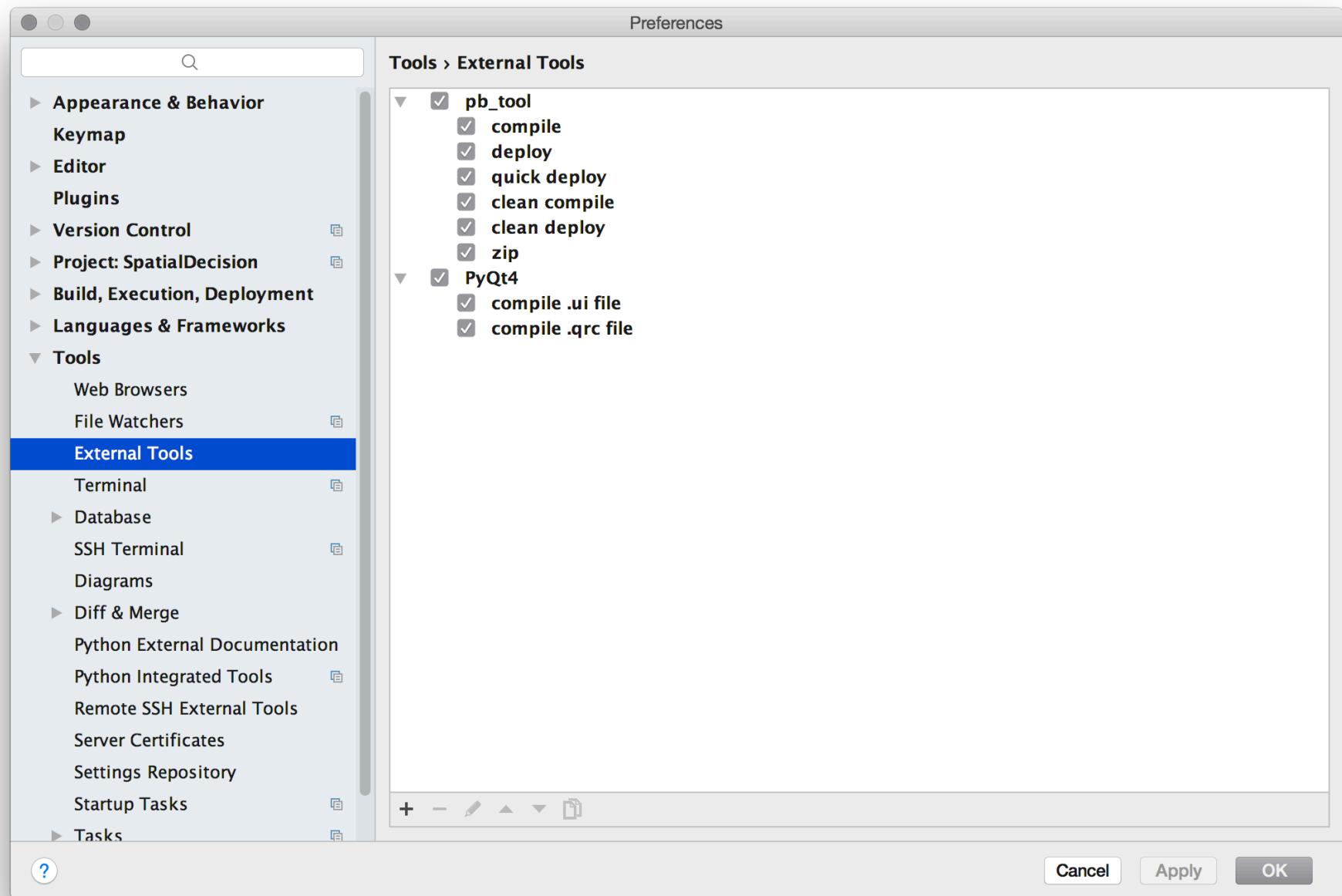
start "PyCharm aware of Quantum GIS" /B "C:\Program Files (x86)\JetBrains\PyCharm 2016.2.3\bin\pycharm.exe" %*
```

To configure PyCharm to use the pb_tools:

- Click “Configure > Preferences...” in the Welcome window or
- Go to “File > Settings...” (Windows) or
- Go to “PyCharm > Preferences...” (Mac OSX)

Configuration tasks:

- Create ‘External Tools’ for compiling and deployment
- Add ‘External Tools’ tools to menus and toolbar
- Create a QGIS aware PyCharm command
- Create a QGIS remote debug configuration



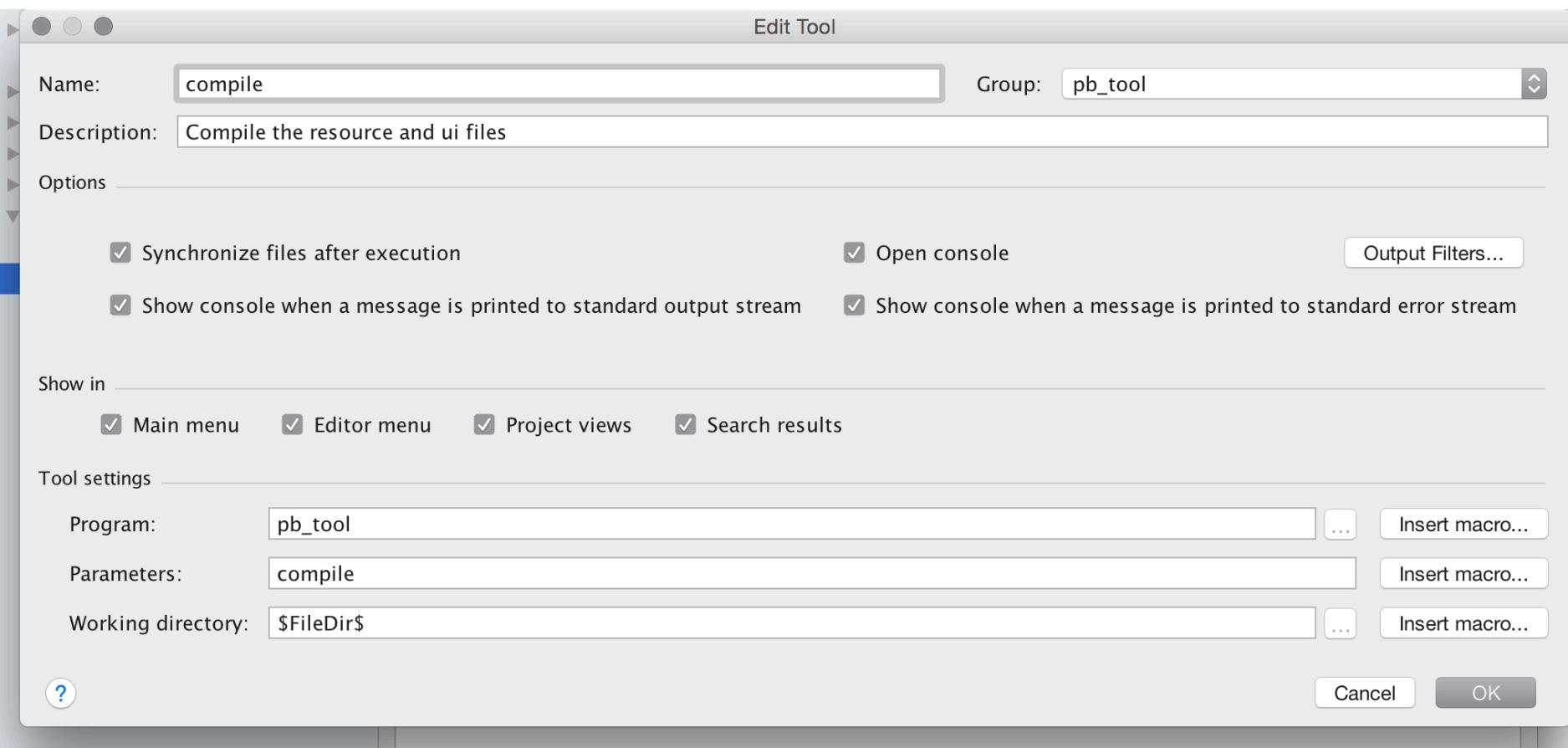
Create ‘External Tools’ for pb_tool

pb_tool has a collection of commands that make it very easy to make plugins available in QGIS for use and testing.

- **Compile** – process resources and ui files that need to be converted to python.
- **Deploy** – compile and copy the relevant plugin files into the QGIS plugins directory.
- **Quick deploy** – only updates the plugin files, it’s faster than deploy
- **Clean compile** – deletes the compiled files.
- **Clean deploy** – deletes the plugin from the QGIS plugins directory.
- **Zip** – creates a zip file with the relevant plugin files for distribution.

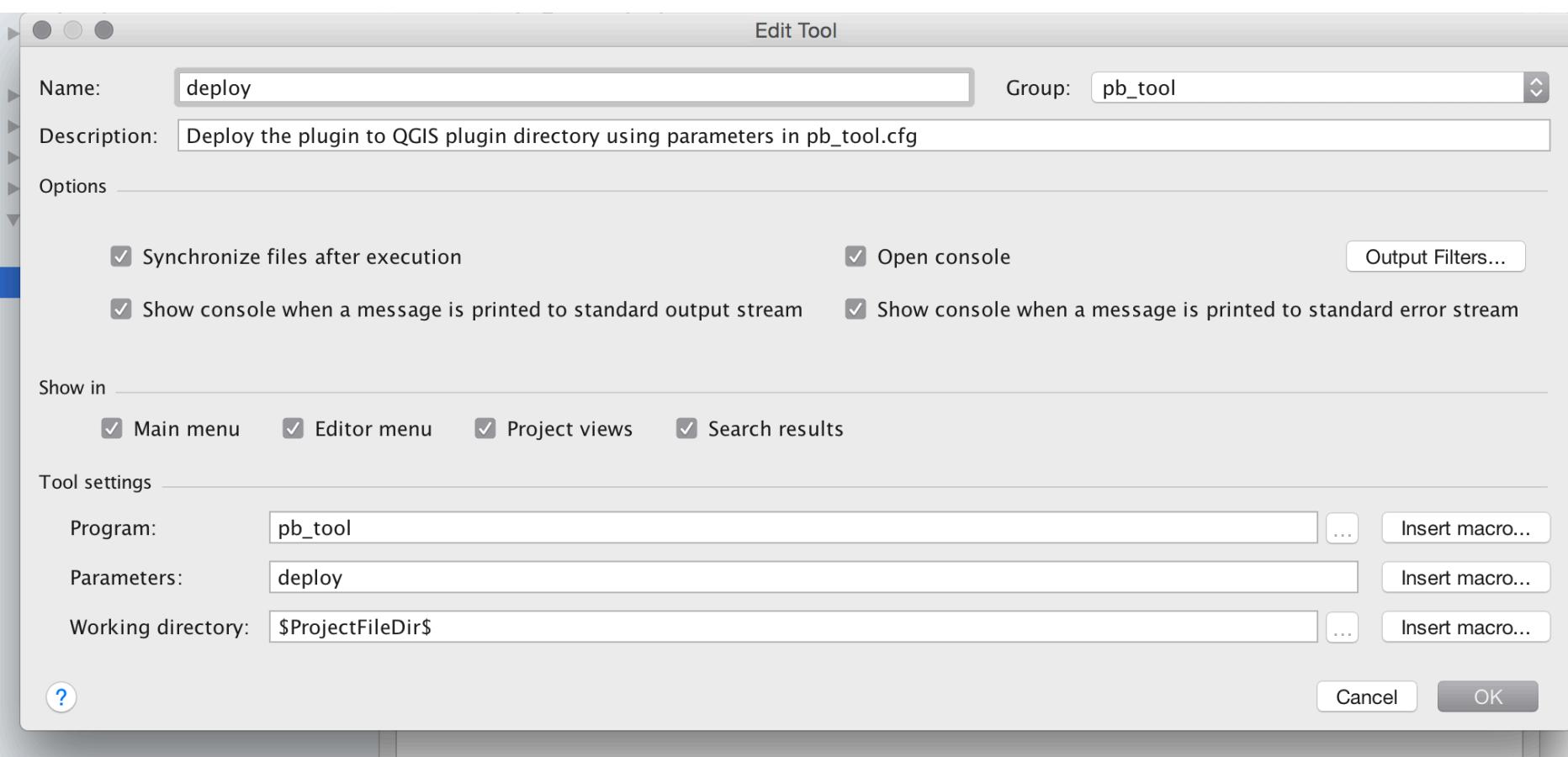
Set-up pb_tool - compile

- Compiles the user interface and resources files.
- Only required occasionally when those change



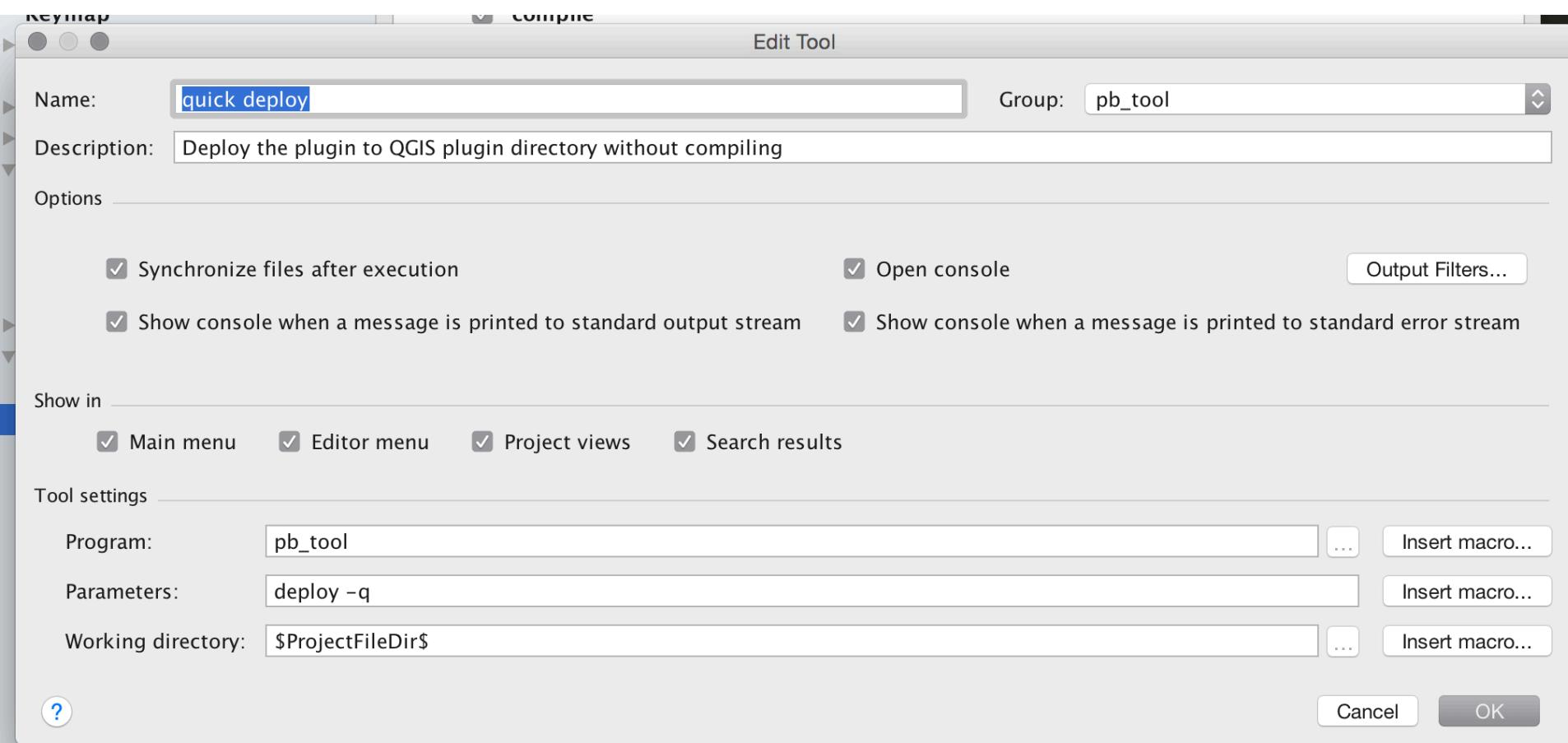
Set-up pb_tool - deploy

- Prepares the project and copies the plugin files into the plugins folder.
- Slower and asks the user for confirmation.



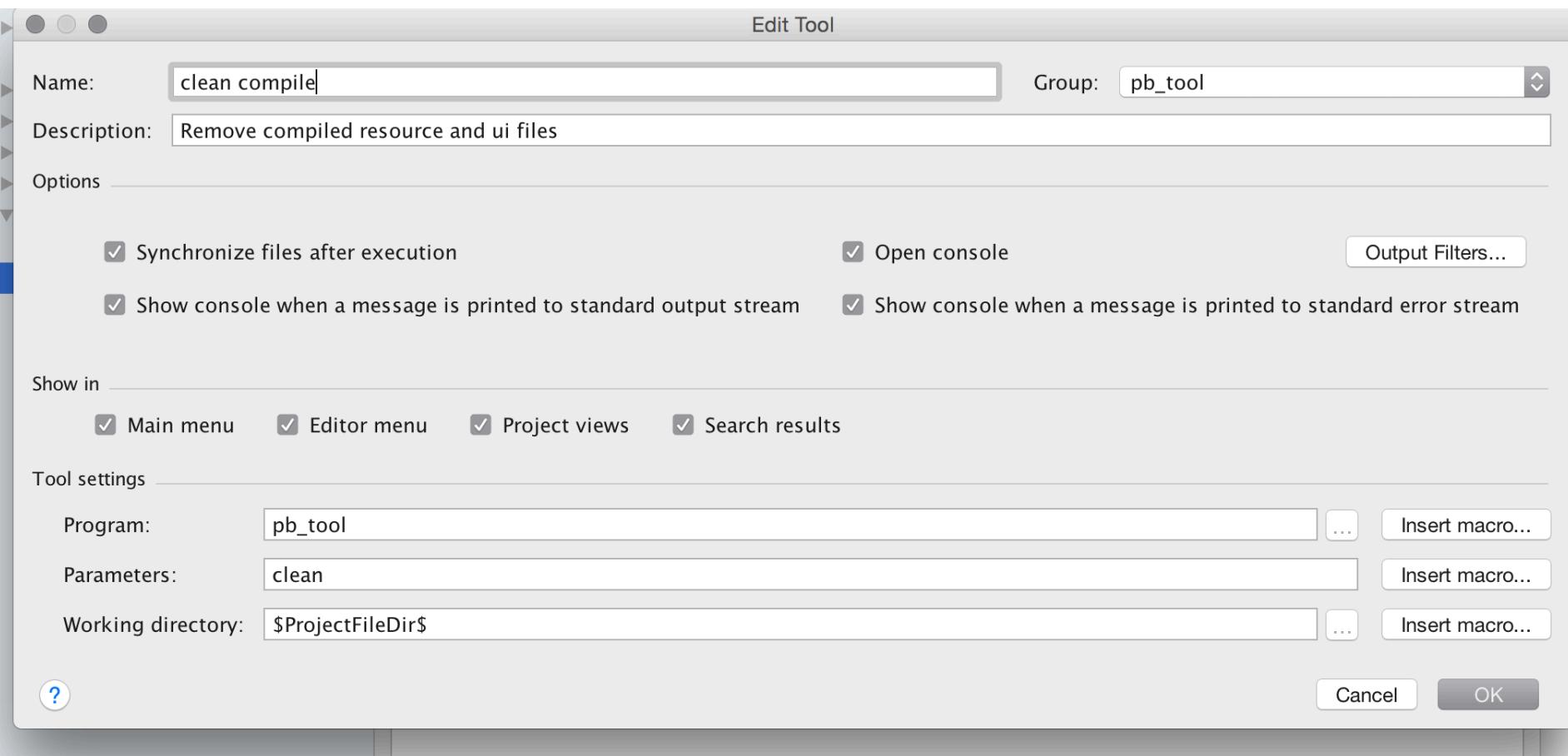
Set-up pb_tool – quick deploy

- Updates the project in the plugins folder, only copying relevant files.
- Does not require user intervention.



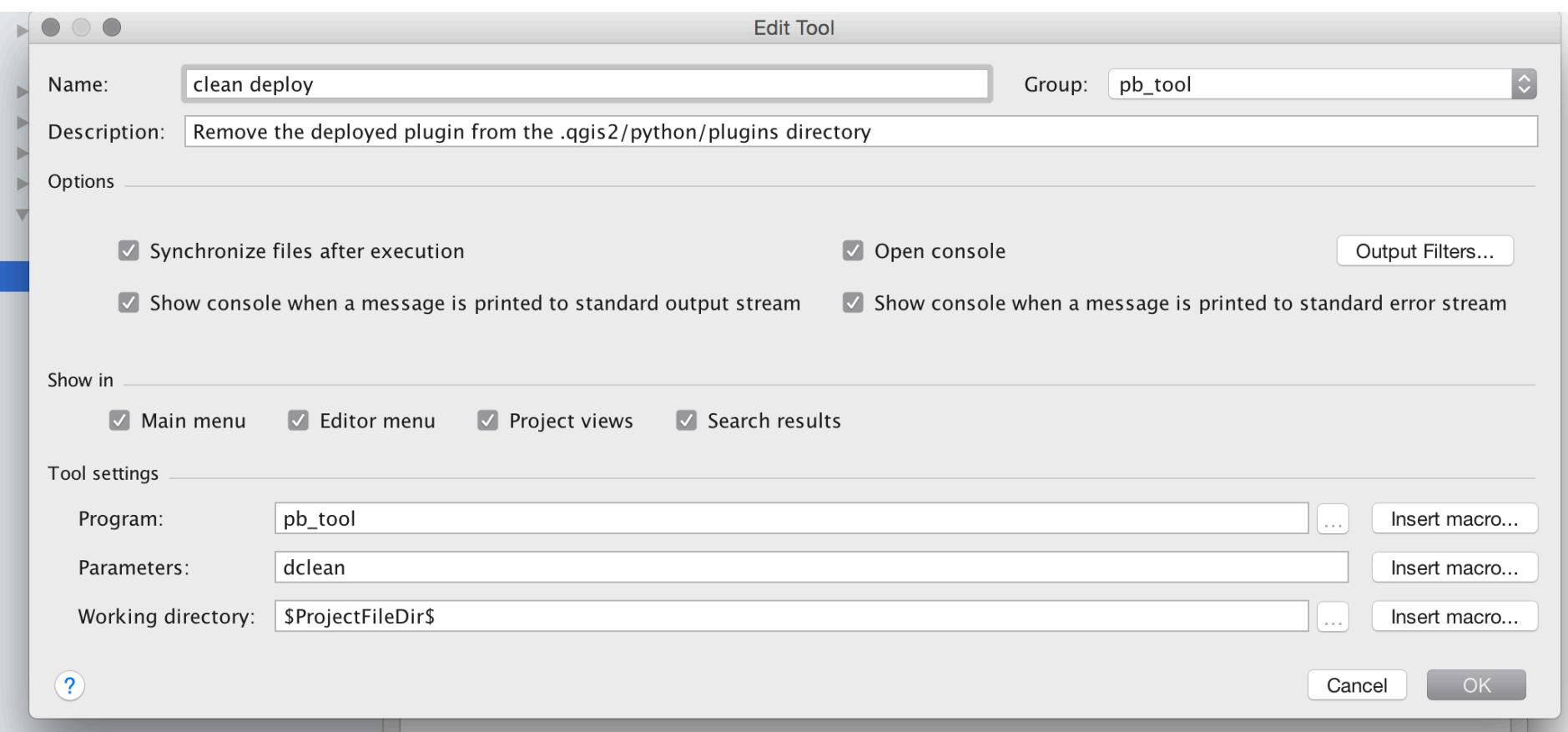
Set-up pb_tool – clean compile

- Removes the previously compiled resources and compiled ui files



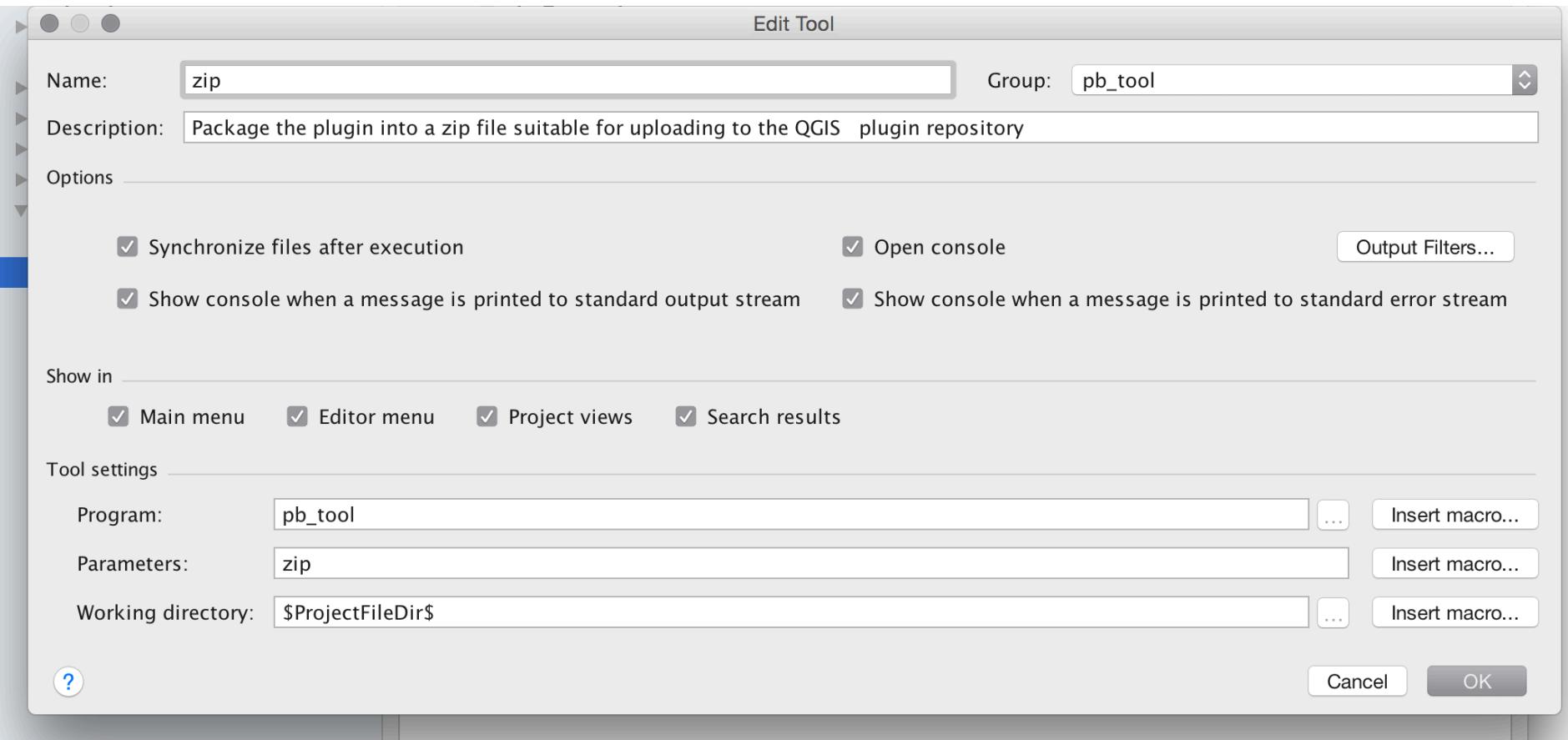
Set-up pb_tool – clean deploy

- Removes the previously deployed plugin from the QGIS plugins folder

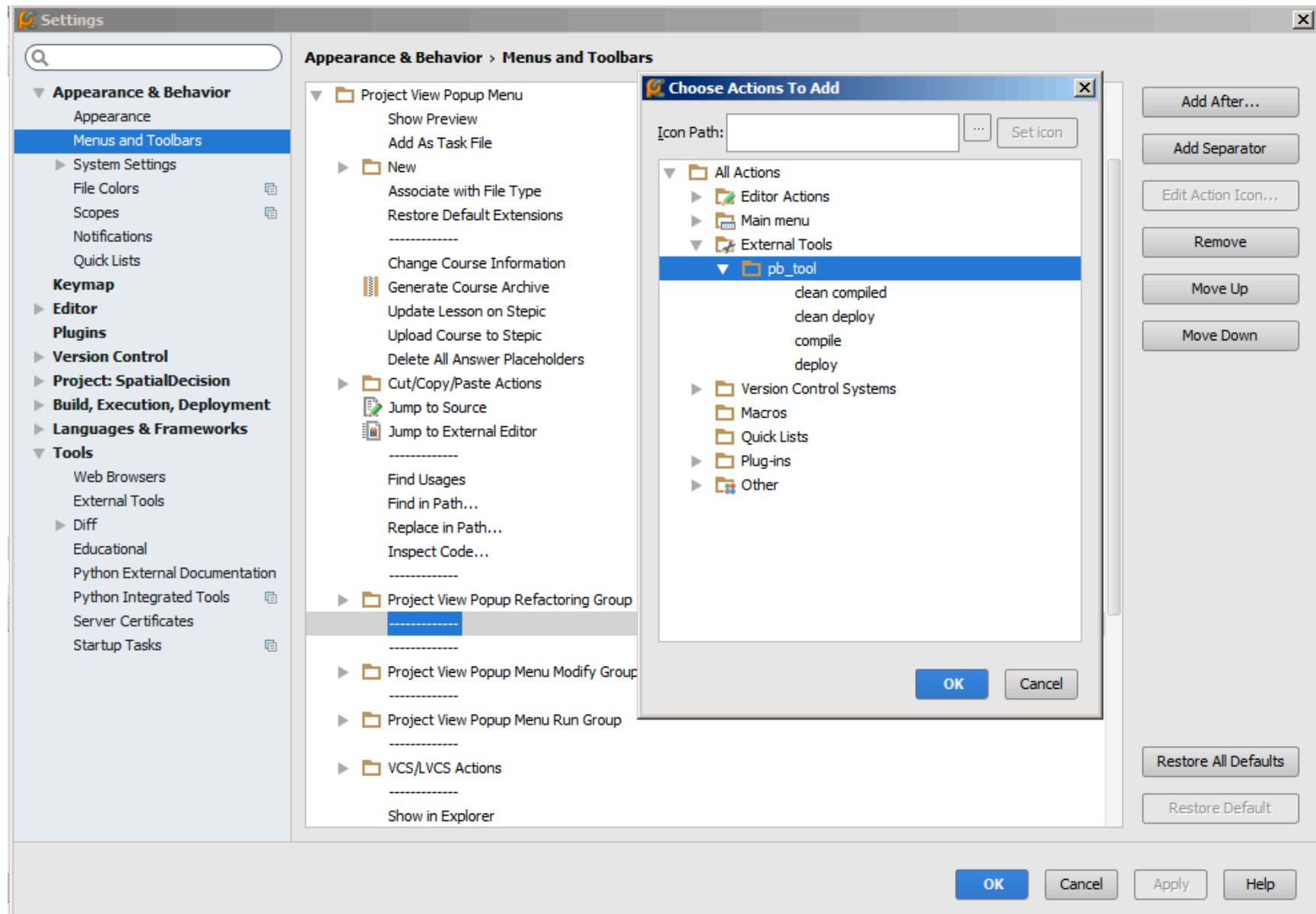


Set-up pb_tool - zip

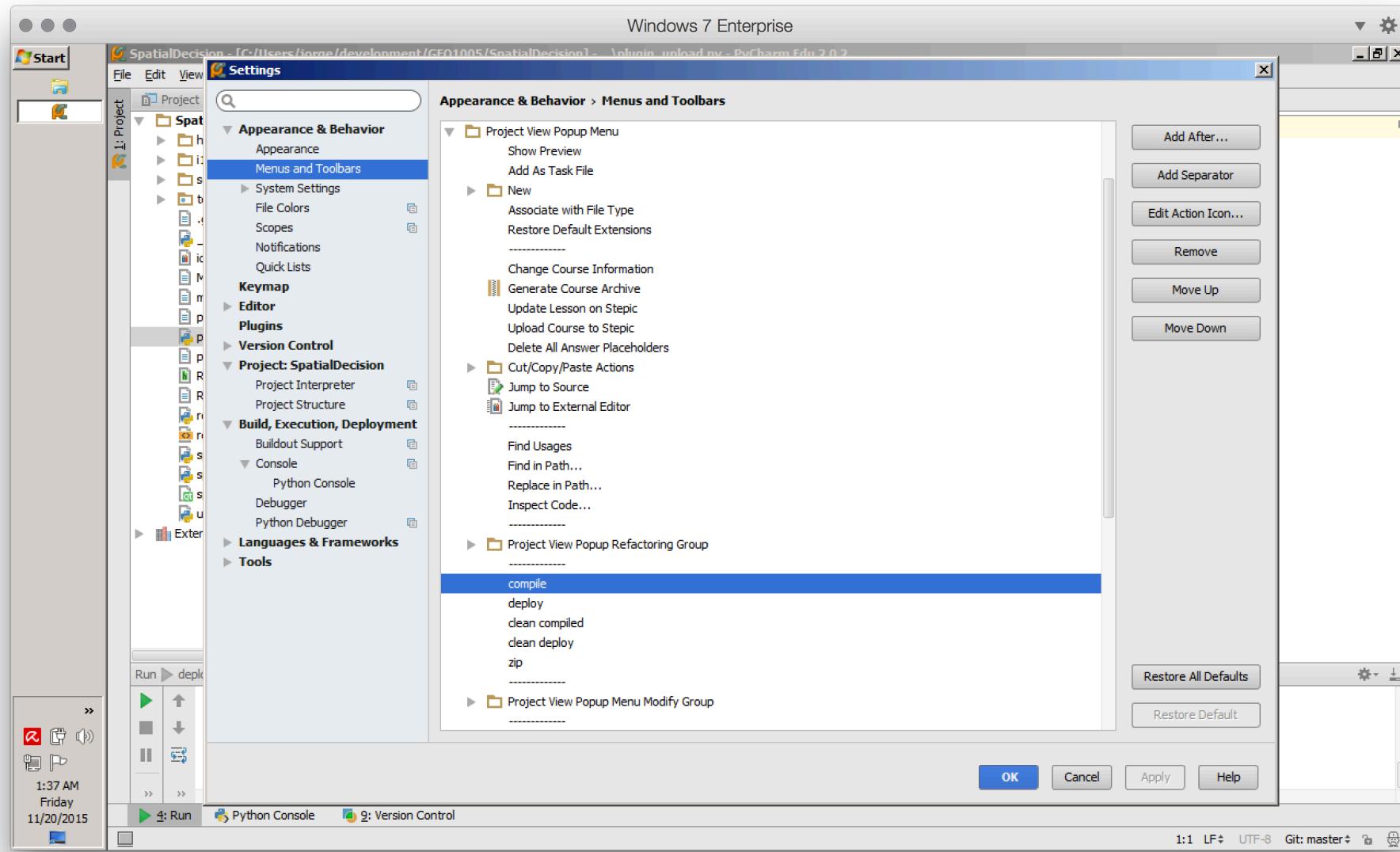
- Creates a clean zip file of the plugin for distribution



- Click 'Apply' after creating the External Tools

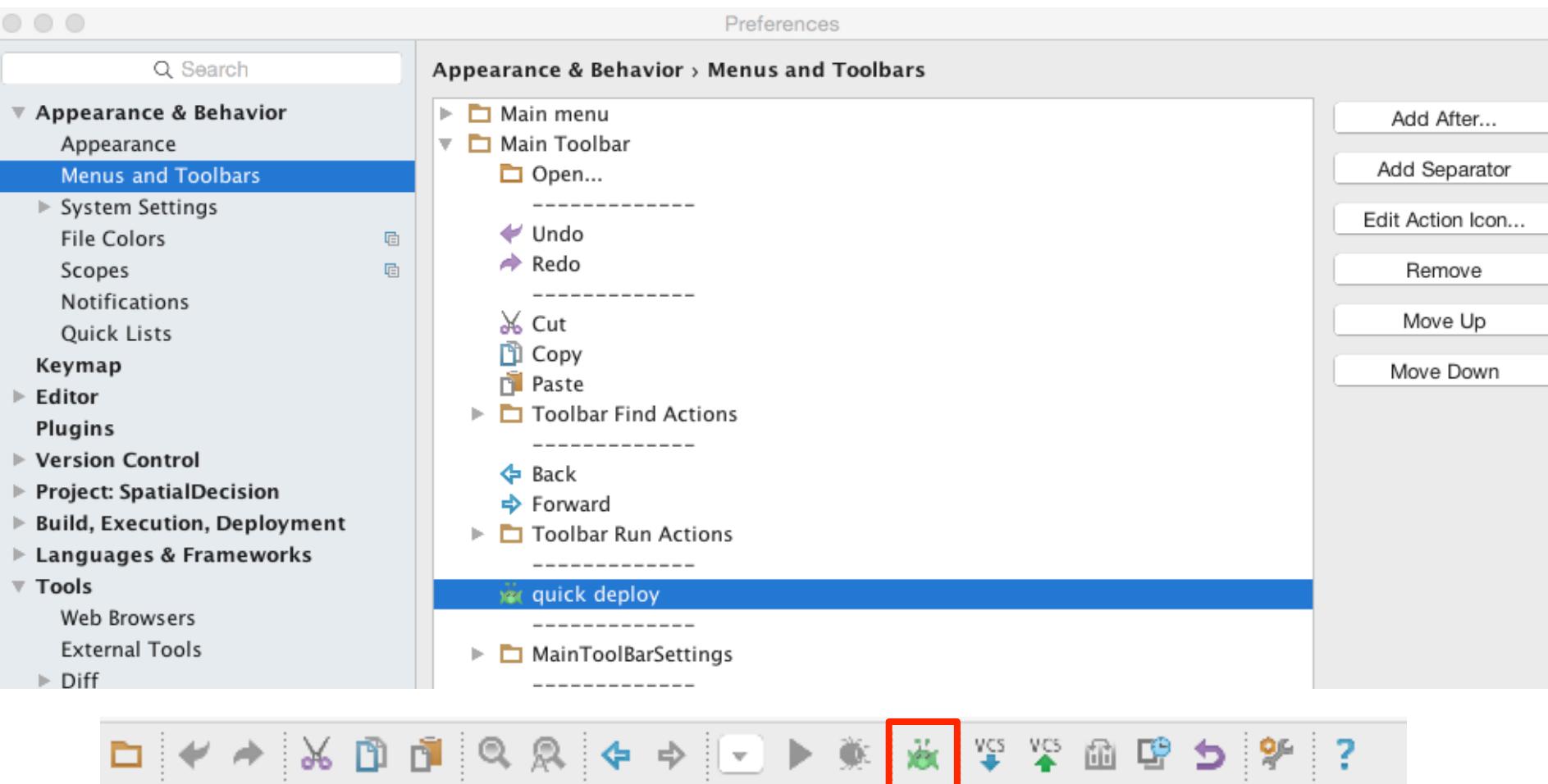


- Add individual tools or the 'pb_tool' group



Add 'Quick deploy' to the main toolbar

- Add button next to the debug button, for example.
- Click 'Ok' when finished.

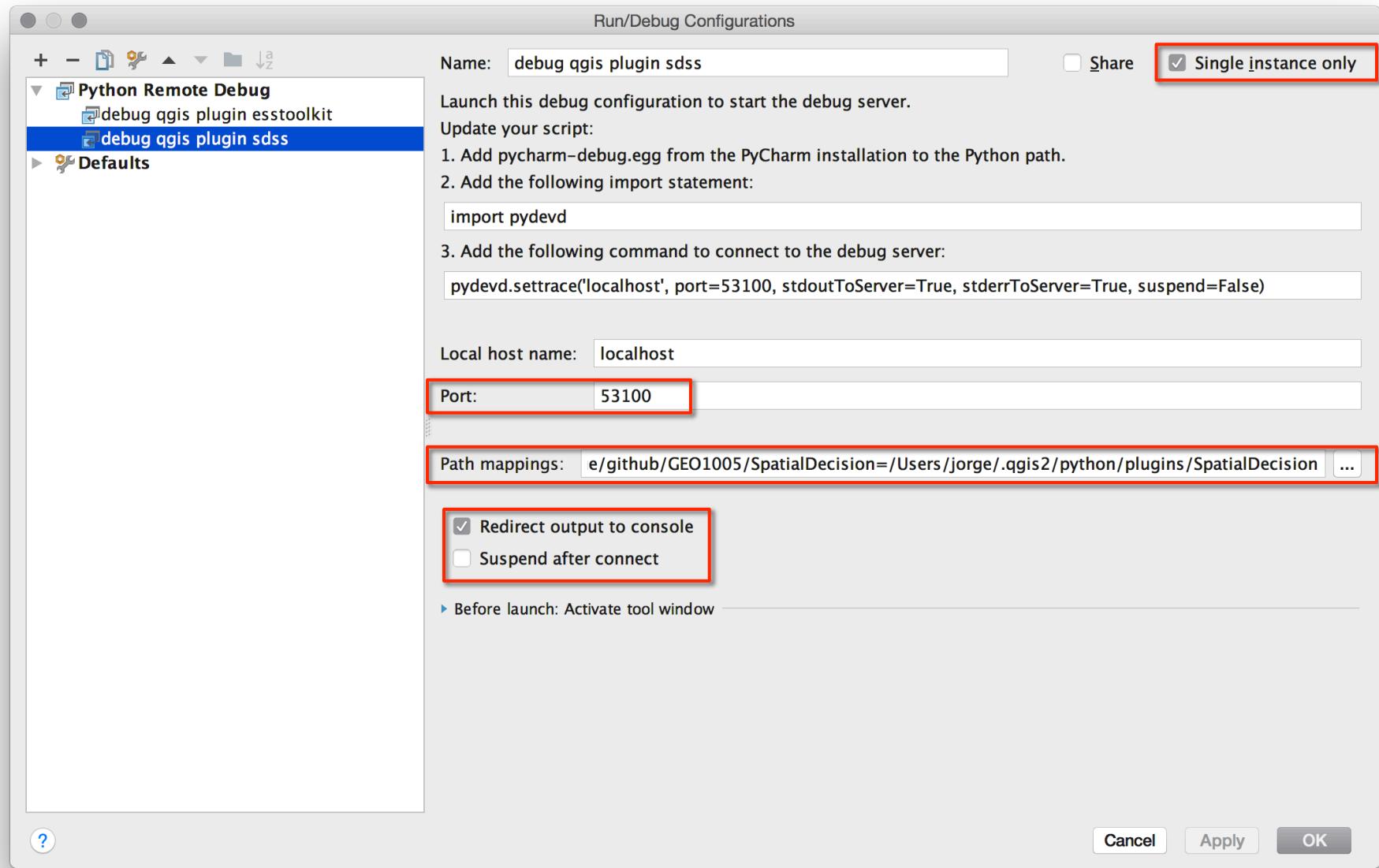


Install the pydevd Python package to allow remote debugging in PyCharm Pro.

- Locate the egg file in the Pycharm installation folder:
 - Windows: \Program Files (x86)\JetBrains\PyCharm xxxxx\debug-eggs\pycharm-debug.egg
 - OS X: Applications/PyCharm/Contents/debug-eggs/pycharm-debug.egg
- Copy the pycharm-debug.egg file to some location
- Start the OSGeo4W Shell or the OS X Terminal
- Change to the ‘pycharm-debug.egg’ location
 - `Cd ...`
- Install the debugger using:
 - `python -m easy_install pycharm-debug.egg`
- Or if you’re on Mac OSX:
 - `sudo python -m easy_install pycharm-debug.egg`

In PyCharm go to menu ‘Run’ > ‘Edit Configurations...’
(See screenshot on next slide)

- Click the ‘+’ sign to add a configuration
- Select ‘Python Remote Debug’
- Give a name to the configuration, e.g. project name debug
- Check ‘Single instance only’
- Change the port to ‘53100’
- Uncheck ‘Suspend after connect’
- Add path mappings, between the source code folder and the deployed plugin folder (in .qgis2)
 - Click ‘...’ and type the path to the source (left) and plugin (right)
- Click ‘Ok’



Ready to
develop QGIS
plug-ins!
(at last...)