# STAT 215A Fall 2020 Week 3

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#### **Announcements**

#### Office Hours:

- Next week:
  - o Bin: Tuesday 10-10:40, Thursday 1-2pm
  - James: Tuesday 1-3pm, Thursday 2-4pm
- After that:
  - Bin: Tuesday 1-2pm, Thursday 1-2pm
  - James: Monday 2-4pm, Thursday 2-4pm

Lab 1 Due: Thursday, Sept 17 at 11:59pm

### Lab 1: What to do if you're stuck

Some thoughts if you're stuck:

- Use your domain knowledge and curiosity to come up with questions you may want to answer
- Look at smaller parts of the data
  - Zoom in on a specific day or time of day

#### Lab 1: Clarifications

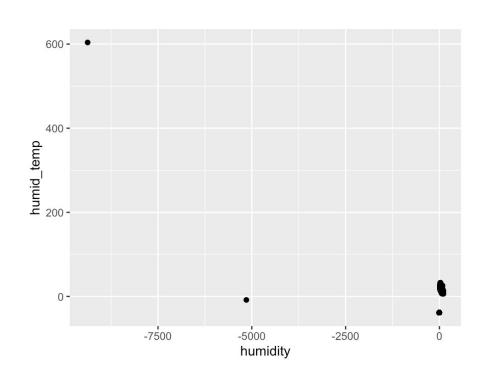
- If you wanted to do something but didn't have time, <u>say so!</u>
- Your .Rmd should generate the plot directly (i.e., put the plotting code in the .Rmd file)
- "Recall the three realms of data science: data / reality,
  algorithms / models, and future data / reality. Where do the
  different parts of this lab fit into those three realms?"
  - OK if you want to argue not all three realms are covered, but explain why.

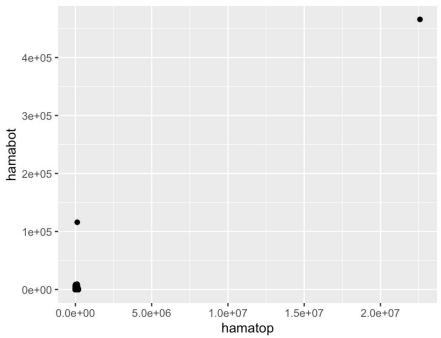
### Lab 1: Using .gitignore

Please be sure to add a .gitignore file to the top directory of your stat-215-a repository:

- Useful examples here: <a href="https://github.com/github/gitignore">https://github.com/github/gitignore</a>
- Add what you don't want to be put in version control:
  - data/ (matches
  - documents/
  - o \*.CSV
  - Exception: !dont\_ignore\_me.csv
  - gitignore uses <u>globbing patterns</u>. See https://git-scm.com/docs/gitignore
- Citations: include in bibliography, but don't push pdfs

### Lab 1: Findings

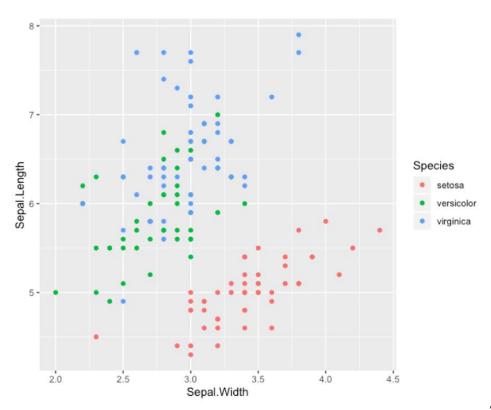




#### Lab 1: Check-in

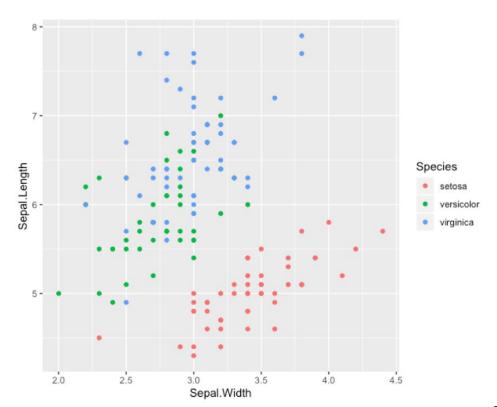
- How is it going?
- Having fun?
- Challenges?
- Questions?
- Remember it's due Thursday, Sept 17 at 11:59pm!!
- Berkeley SCF Resources: <a href="https://github.com/berkeley-scf">https://github.com/berkeley-scf</a>

### Motivation for today



### (Selfish) motivation for today

As your GSI, it can become monotonous to look at 100+ plots with the same gridded gray ggplot background and the same default ggplot color scheme... please don't make me go through that



#### Let's fix this

- Built-in and custom ggplot themes
- Color schemes
- Heatmaps with superheat
- GGally pair plots
- Ridge Density Plots
- Interactive plots

### Quick improvements to the classic ggplot theme

Recall in the gapminder lab last week, we had defined this theme\_nice in utils.R

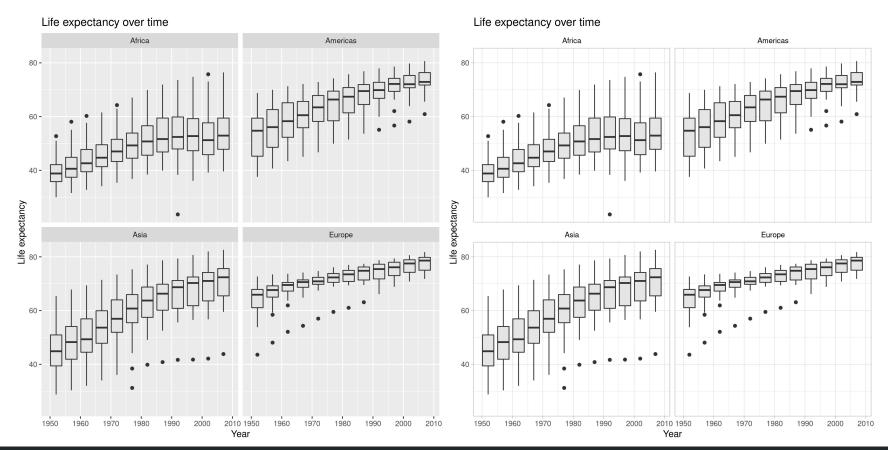
```
> theme_nice <- theme_classic() + theme(axis.line.y = element_blank())</pre>
```

Then to use this modified theme, we simply ran something like

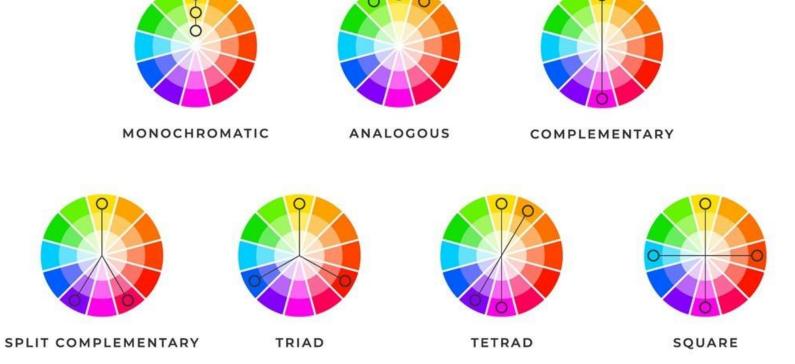
```
> ggplot(gapminder %>% filter(continent != "Oceania")) +
+ facet_wrap(~continent) +
+ geom_boxplot(aes(x = year, y = life_exp, group = year), fill = "grey90") +
+ theme_nice
```

- Built-in ggplot themes: <a href="https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/ggtheme.html">https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/ggtheme.html</a>
- Or simply google "custom ggplot themes"

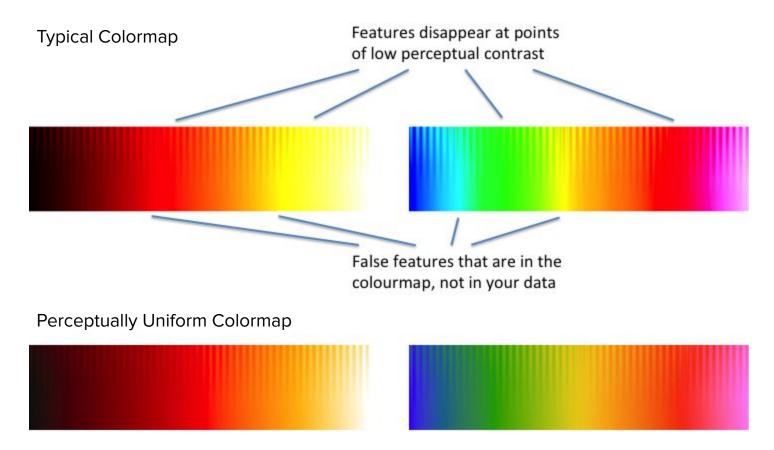
### Custom ggplot themes with theme ()



### Color schemes

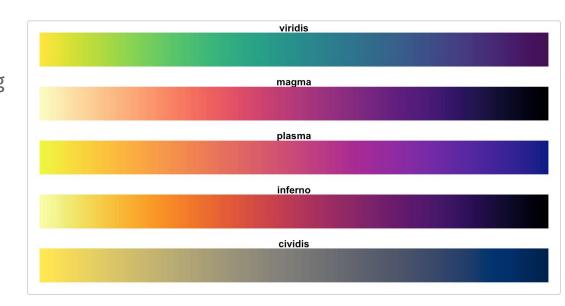


### Color choice can lead to misleading visualizations

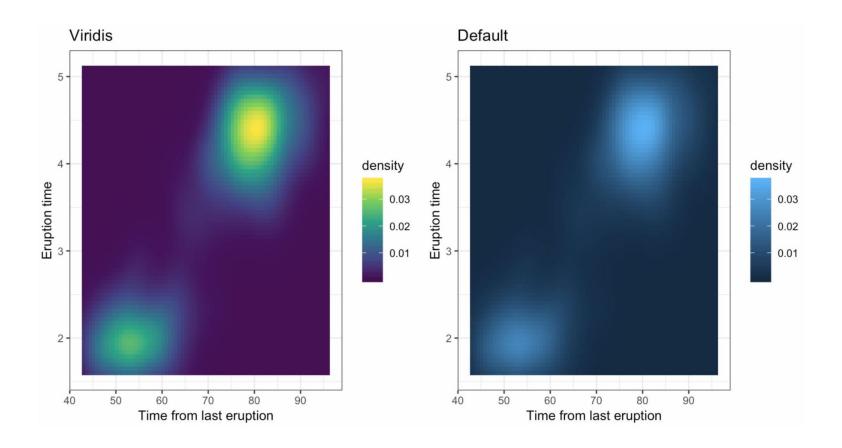


#### Viridis color scheme

- Makes pretty plots!
- Perceptually uniform colors (meaning changes in the data should be accurately decoded by our brains)
  - Another colormap with this quality is RColorBrewer
- Perceived by most common forms of color blindness



### Viridis color scheme



#### Color schemes

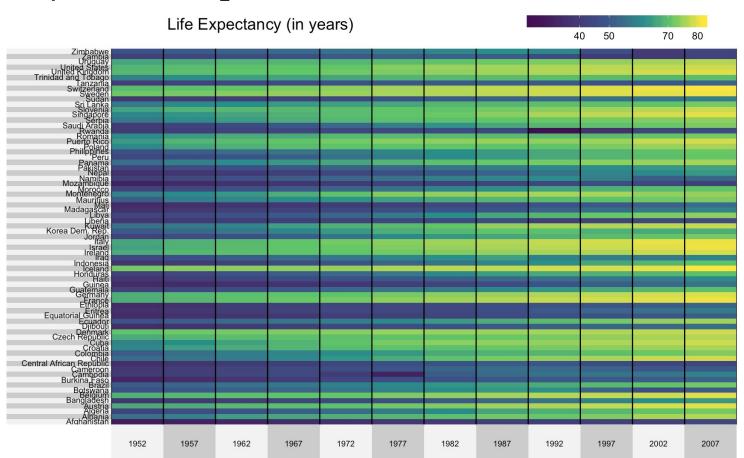
- Default color scheme in base R or ggplot is not always the best choice
- Think about what you are trying to convey in the plot
- Color choices can affect the way we perceive the plot
- Some helpful websites
  - https://coolors.co/app
  - http://colorbrewer2.org/
  - https://color.hailpixel.com/

# Beyond the world of ggplot...

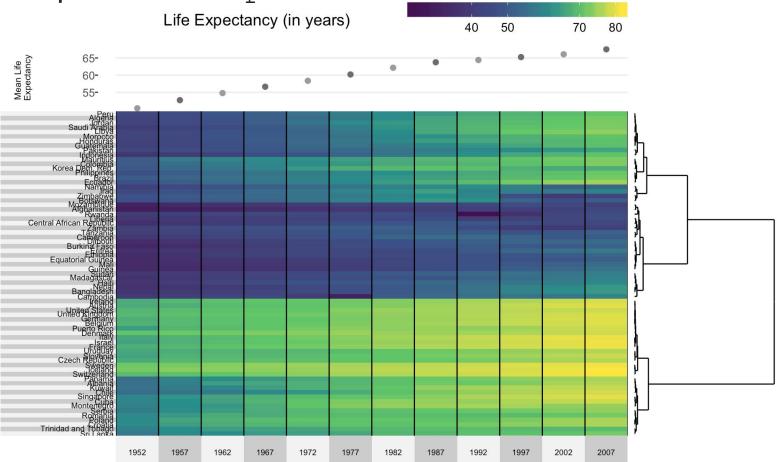
### Heatmaps with superheat

```
install.packages("devtools")
devtools::install_github("rlbarter/superheat")
library(superheat)
```

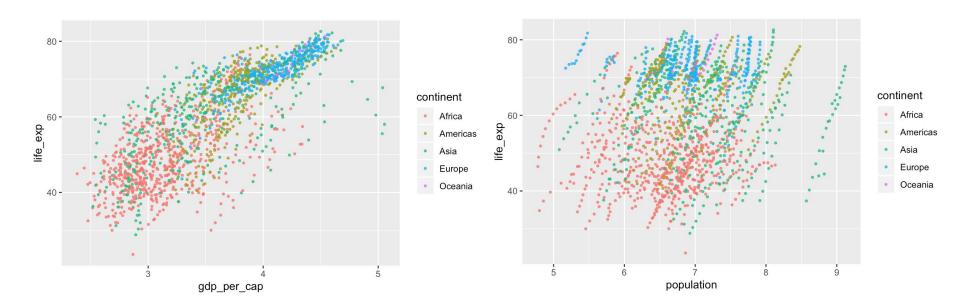
### Heatmaps with superheat



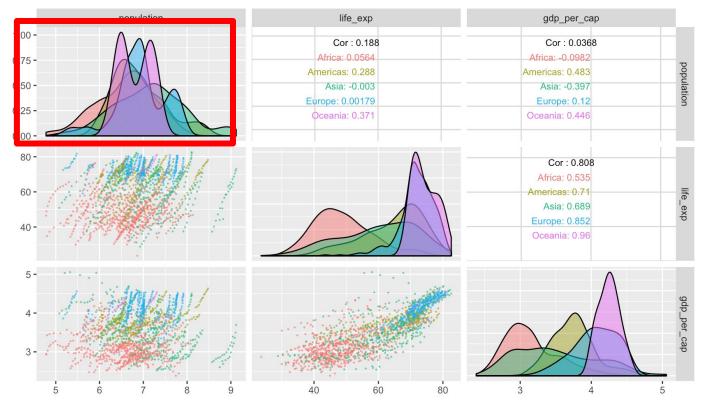
### Heatmaps+ with superheat



### Pair plots

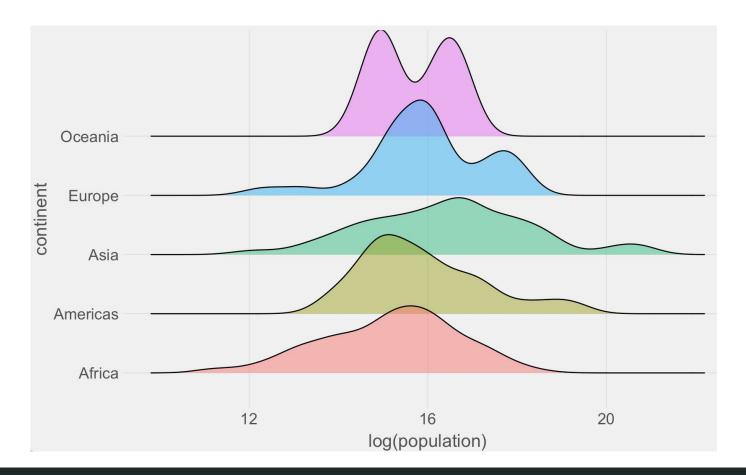


### Pair plots with GGally::ggpairs



 A word of caution: be wary of over-plotting; consider subsampling points, limiting the number of variables in pair plot, etc.

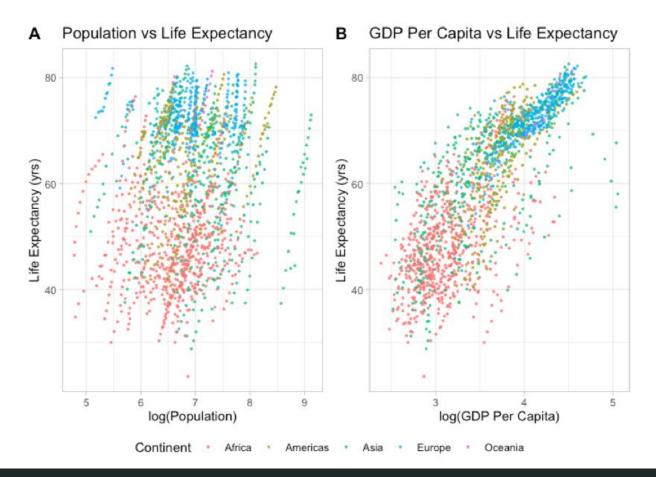
### ggridges: another way of viewing multiple densities



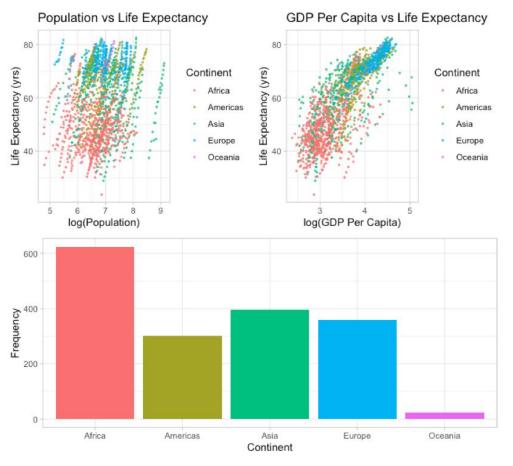
### Creating sub-plots

- Two useful functions:
  - o ggpubr::ggarrange()
    o gridExtra::grid.arrange()
- Can easily set a common legend and subplot labels with ggarrange ()
- grid.arrange() is better for fancier "non-matrix" arrangements

### ggpubr::ggarrange



gridExtra::grid.arrange

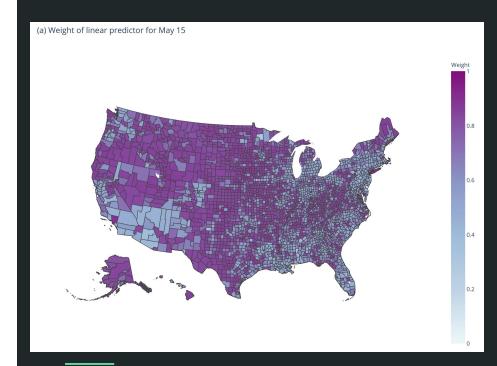


### Interactive plots

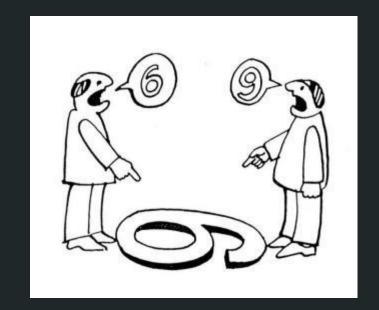
• Shiny:

https://shiny.rstudio.com/gallery

- Tutorial: <a href="https://shiny.rstudio.com/tutoria">https://shiny.rstudio.com/tutoria</a>1/
- Plotly: <a href="https://plot.ly/r/">https://plot.ly/r/</a>
- Crosstalk: <u>https://rstudio.github.io/crosstalk/u</u> sing.html
- Highcharter:
   <a href="http://jkunst.com/highcharter/hcha">http://jkunst.com/highcharter/hcha</a>
   <a href="rt.html">rt.html</a>



## Probability perceptions



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