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My Example Computed Manuscript Created in Rmarkdown

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Abstract A mock computed manuscript created in RStudio using {Rmarkdown}. The {Bookdown} and {Rticles} packages were used to output the text in Springer Nature's desired manuscript format.

Keywords

1 Introduction

"Literate programming" is a style of programming that uses computational notebooks to weave together code, explanatory text, data and results into a single document, enhancing scientific communication and computational reproducibility. 1–3 (These references were added into the document using RStudio's integration with the open-source Zotero reference manager⁴ plus the Better BibTeX Zotero plugin.)

Several platforms for creating such documents exist.⁵ Typically, these documents interleave code and text 'blocks' to build a computational narrative. But some, including R Markdown, Observable, and the Jupyter Book extension to the Jupyter ecosystem, also allow authors to include and execute code "inline" – that is, within the text itself.

This makes it possible to create fully executable manuscripts in which the document itself computes and inserts values and figures into the text rather than requiring authors to input them manually. This is in many ways the 'killer feature' of computed manuscripts: it circumvents the possibility that the author will enter an incorrect number, or forget to update a figure or value should

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new data arise. Among other uses, that allows authors to automatically time-stamp their documents, or insert the current version number of the software they use into their methods. For instance, this document was built at **02 Feb 2022 14:04:10 MST** and calls the following R packages: {tidyverse} ver. **1.3.0**, {ggbeeswarm} ver. **0.6.0** and {bookdown} ver. **0.24**.

In this manuscript, created in RStudio using the R Markdown language, we will demonstrate a more practical example. (A JavaScript version is available at https://observablehq.com/d/7a08166446057936.)

2 Results

2.1 Inline computation

Imagine we are analyzing data from a clinical trial. We have grouped subjects in three bins and measured the concentration of some metabolite. (These data are simulated.)

Rather than analyzing those data and then copying the results into our manuscript, we can use the programming language R to do that in the manuscript itself. Simply enclose the code inside backticks, with the letter r. For instance, we could calculate the circumference and area of a circle:

$$A = \pi r^2, C = 2\pi r$$

You could write "A = `r pi * r^2` and C = `r 2 * pi * r`". Plugging in the radius r = 10, that evaluates to "A = 314.16 and C = 62.83".

Returning to our dataset, we can count the rows in our table to determine the number of samples, and insert that into the text. Thus, we have **99** (simulated) subjects in our study (see Table 1; see R/mock_data.R in the GitHub repository for code to generate a mock dataset). Note that the tables, figures and sections in this document are numbered automatically thanks to the {bookdown} package.

The average metabolite concentration in this dataset is **185.36** (range: **78** to **298**). We have **32** subjects in Group 1, **43** subjects in Group 2, and **24** in Group 3. (The numbers in **bold face type** throughout this document are computed values.)

2.2 Incorporating new data

Now suppose we get another tranche of data (Table 2). There are **60** subjects in this new dataset, with an average concentration of **185.13** (range: **77 to 299**).

Combining the two datasets, we have a total of **159** subjects with an average metabolite concentration of **185.28** (range: **77 to 299**). We now have **55** subjects in Group 1, **60** in Group 2, and **44** in Group 3. The concentration distribution for each group in this joint dataset is shown graphically in Figure 1.

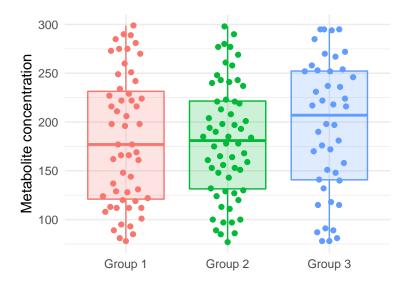


Fig. 1 Metabolite concentration of clinical trial subjects

2.3 Importing a child document

Authors can break long manuscripts into more manageable pieces by placing each chapter or section in their own Markdown file and using the R Markdown child option. Though most of the text (and code) in this document is contained in the file computed_manuscript.Rmd, the text for this section comes from child_doc.Rmd. Citations that are created in the child automatically get inserted into the final document, making it possible to create a single, unified bibliography. For instance, here's a reference for the R Markdown Cookbook.⁶

In this child document, we'll add a third set of numbers to our growing dataset (Table 3; note that the table, figure and section numbering in this child document matches that of the larger manuscript).

The new dataset describes **50** samples. Folding them into our existing data gives us **209** subjects, with **69** in Group 1, **74** in Group 2, and **66** in Group 3. The new concentration distribution is shown graphically in Figure 2.

3 Code

The following code was used to load, merge, and plot the (simulated) clinical trial data in Figure 1:

load libraries
library(tidyverse)

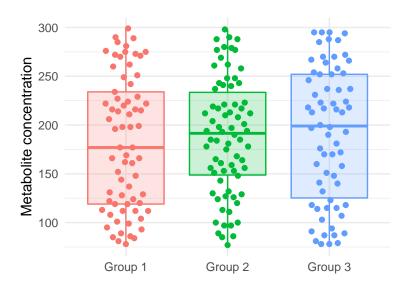


Fig. 2 Metabolite concentration of final clinical trial dataset

```
library(ggbeeswarm)
library(bookdown)
# read in some initial data
df1 <- read_csv('data/example-data-1.csv')</pre>
# read new dataset
df2 <- read_csv('data/example-data-2.csv')</pre>
# merge datasets
final_data <- rbind(df1, df2)</pre>
# create a box-plot with overlaid points
create_plot <- function(mytable) {</pre>
  p <- mytable \%>\%
    ggplot(aes(x = class, y = conc, fill = class, color = class)) +
    geom_boxplot(outlier.shape = NA, alpha = 0.2) +
    ggbeeswarm::geom_quasirandom(width = 0.25) +
    xlab("") +
    ylab("Metabolite concentration") +
    theme_minimal() +
    theme(legend.position = "none")
  p
}
```

 ${\bf Table~1}~{\rm Initial~subject~data}$

ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc
ID_1	Group 2	153	_	ID_34	Group 2	221	_	ID_67	Group 3	148
ID_{-2}	Group 1	224	_	$ID_{-}35$	Group 1	112	_	$ID_{-}68$	Group 1	281
ID_3	Group 2	127	_	$ID_{-}36$	Group 3	246	_	$ID_{-}69$	Group 3	295
ID_{-4}	Group 2	194	_	$ID_{-}37$	Group 2	190	_	$ID_{-}70$	Group 2	111
$ID_{-}5$	Group 1	251	_	$ID_{-}38$	Group 1	177	_	$ID_{-}71$	Group 2	132
$ID_{-}6$	Group 1	81	_	ID_39	Group 1	148	_	${\rm ID}_72$	Group 2	261
${ m ID}$ -7	Group 2	100	_	$ID_{-}40$	Group 2	290	_	$ID_{-}73$	Group 1	122
ID8	Group 1	270	_	$ID_{-}41$	Group 2	151	_	$ID_{-}74$	Group 2	124
$ID_{-}9$	Group 2	100	_	$ID_{-}42$	Group 2	159	_	$ID_{-}75$	Group 1	234
ID_10	Group 1	161	_	$ID_{-}43$	Group 2	113	_	$ID_{-}76$	Group 2	184
$ID_{-}11$	Group 3	158	_	$ID_{-}44$	Group 1	249	_	$ID_{-}77$	Group 3	272
$ID_{-}12$	Group 3	118	_	$ID_{-}45$	Group 1	124		$ID_{-}78$	Group 1	242
$ID_{-}13$	Group 2	143	_	$ID_{-}46$	Group 3	87	_	$ID_{-}79$	Group 2	277
$ID_{-}14$	Group 2	258	_	$ID_{-}47$	Group 1	166	_	$ID_{-}80$	Group 3	236
$ID_{-}15$	Group 3	224	_	$ID_{-}48$	Group 1	196	_	ID_81	Group 1	101
$ID_{-}16$	Group 3	254	_	$ID_{-}49$	Group 1	112		ID82	Group 3	218
$ID_{-}17$	Group 3	190	_	$ID_{-}50$	Group 1	289	_	ID83	Group 2	130
$ID_{-}18$	Group 2	148	_	$ID_{-}51$	Group 2	161	_	ID84	Group 1	128
$ID_{-}19$	Group 1	89	_	$ID_{-}52$	Group 3	270	_	ID85	Group 3	252
$ID_{-}20$	Group 2	89	_	$ID_{-}53$	Group 2	237	_	ID86	Group 1	198
ID_21	Group 3	253	_	ID_54	Group 2	280	_	ID_87	Group 1	169
$ID_{-}22$	Group 3	231	_	$ID_{-}55$	Group 2	175	_	ID88	Group 2	185
$ID_{-}23$	Group 1	112	_	$ID_{-}56$	Group 2	223	_	ID89	Group 1	216
$ID_{-}24$	Group 2	277	_	$ID_{-}57$	Group 3	295	_	$ID_{-}90$	Group 2	185
$ID_{-}25$	Group 2	197	_	$ID_{-}58$	Group 1	275	_	ID_91	Group 2	97
$ID_{-}26$	Group 2	208	_	$ID_{-}59$	Group 2	120	_	$ID_{-}92$	Group 2	165
$ID_{-}27$	Group 2	193	_	$ID_{-}60$	Group 1	78	_	$ID_{-}93$	Group 3	89
$ID_{-}28$	Group 3	141	_	$ID_{-}61$	Group 3	78	_	$ID_{-}94$	Group 2	221
$ID_{-}29$	Group 1	206	_	$ID_{-}62$	Group 3	140	_	$ID_{-}95$	Group 1	162
$ID_{-}30$	Group 2	168	_	$ID_{-}63$	Group 3	294	_	$ID_{-}96$	Group 1	131
$ID_{-}31$	Group 2	298	_	ID_64	Group 3	295	_	ID_97	Group 1	93
ID_32	Group 1	144	_	$ID_{-}65$	Group 3	285	_	$ID_{-}98$	Group 2	240
ID_33	Group 2	241	_	$ID_{-}66$	Group 2	129	_	ID_99	Group 2	86

plot the data
create_plot(final_data)

4 Colophon

This manuscript was built at 02 Feb 2022 14:04:11 MST using the following computational environment and dependencies:

R version 4.0.4 (2021-02-15)
Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin17.0 (64-bit)

 ${\bf Table~2~Second~batch~of~subject~data}$

ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc
ID_100	Group 2	219	_	ID_120	Group 2	85	_	ID_140	Group 2	77
ID_101	Group 2	243	_	$ID_{-}121$	Group 3	181	_	ID_141	Group 1	299
$ID_{-}102$	Group 2	213		$ID_{-}122$	Group 3	216	_	$ID_{-}142$	Group 3	222
ID_103	Group 1	177	_	$ID_{-}123$	Group 1	222	_	$ID_{-}143$	Group 1	85
ID_104	Group 3	197	_	ID_124	Group 3	252	_	ID_144	Group 1	273
$ID_{-}105$	Group 2	198	_	${\rm ID_125}$	Group 1	166	_	$ID_{-}145$	Group 3	115
ID_106	Group 1	120	_	$ID_{-}126$	Group 2	204	_	$ID_{-}146$	Group 1	290
$ID_{-}107$	Group 3	170		$ID_{-}127$	Group 2	243	_	$ID_{-}147$	Group 2	269
$ID_{-}108$	Group 3	78	_	$ID_{-}128$	Group 3	198	_	$ID_{-}148$	Group 2	97
ID_109	Group 1	129	_	$ID_{-}129$	Group 1	119	_	ID_149	Group 1	229
ID_110	Group 1	137	_	ID_130	Group 1	198	_	ID_150	Group 3	176
ID_111	Group 3	217		$ID_{-}131$	Group 3	151	_	$ID_{-}151$	Group 2	164
$ID_{-}112$	Group 1	227		$ID_{-}132$	Group 3	115	_	$ID_{-}152$	Group 3	172
ID_113	Group 3	81		ID_133	Group 3	237	_	$ID_{-}153$	Group 1	222
ID_114	Group 2	248	_	ID_134	Group 2	178	_	ID_154	Group 1	285
ID ₋ 115	Group 1	211	_	$ID_{-}135$	Group 1	275	_	ID ₋ 155	Group 2	153
ID_116	Group 1	113		ID_136	Group 2	178	_	$ID_{-}156$	Group 3	132
$ID_{-}117$	Group 1	216	_	$ID_{-}137$	Group 3	267	_	$ID_{-}157$	Group 2	156
ID_118	Group 3	91	_	$ID_{-}138$	Group 1	95	_	$ID_{-}158$	Group 1	260
ID_119	Group 3	258	_	ID ₋ 139	Group 1	108	_	ID ₋ 159	Group 2	201

 ${\bf Table~3}~{\bf Third~batch~of~subject~data}$

ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc
ID_160	Group 2	210		ID_177	Group 2	288		ID_194	Group 3	123
ID_161	Group 3	107		$ID_{-}178$	Group 1	262	_	$ID_{-}195$	Group 2	212
$ID_{-}162$	Group 2	262	_	$ID_{-}179$	Group 2	217	_	ID_196	Group 1	99
ID_163	Group 1	215	_	ID_180	Group 3	87	_	$ID_{-}197$	Group 3	264
$ID_{-}164$	Group 1	220	_	ID_181	Group 3	266	_	ID_198	Group 2	279
ID ₋ 165	Group 3	288	_	ID ₋ 182	Group 3	79	_	ID ₋ 199	Group 2	126
ID_166	Group 3	287	_	ID_183	Group 1	152	_	ID_200	Group 1	276
$ID_{-}167$	Group 3	213	_	ID_184	Group 3	223	_	$ID_{-}201$	Group 3	213
ID_168	Group 1	84	_	$ID_{-}185$	Group 3	118	_	$ID_{-}202$	Group 2	212
$ID_{-}169$	Group 3	160	_	$ID_{-}186$	Group 1	214	_	$ID_{-}203$	Group 1	104
$ID_{-}170$	Group 2	194	_	ID_187	Group 3	200	_	ID_204	Group 1	199
$ID_{-}171$	Group 1	119	_	ID_188	Group 1	271	_	$ID_{-}205$	Group 1	272
$ID_{-}172$	Group 3	218	_	$ID_{-}189$	Group 3	237	_	ID_206	Group 1	86
$ID_{-}173$	Group 2	217	_	ID_190	Group 3	170	_	$ID_{-}207$	Group 2	181
$ID_{-}174$	Group 3	103	_	ID_191	Group 2	156	_	$ID_{-}208$	Group 3	114
ID ₋ 175	Group 3	94	_	ID_192	Group 2	288	_	ID_209	Group 2	248
ID_176	Group 3	270	_	ID_193	Group 3	193				

```
## Running under: macOS Big Sur 10.16
##
## Matrix products: default
         /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRblas.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
## locale:
## [1] en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8
## attached base packages:
                graphics grDevices utils
## [1] stats
                                               datasets methods
                                                                   base
##
## other attached packages:
##
    [1] bookdown_0.24
                         ggbeeswarm_0.6.0 forcats_0.5.1
                                                           stringr_1.4.0
##
    [5] dplyr_1.0.5
                         purrr_0.3.4
                                          readr_2.1.1
                                                           tidyr_1.1.3
   [9] tibble_3.1.6
##
                         ggplot2_3.3.3
                                          tidyverse_1.3.0
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
   [1] Rcpp_1.0.7
                         lubridate_1.8.0 assertthat_0.2.1 digest_0.6.29
## [5] utf8_1.2.2
                                          cellranger_1.1.0 backports_1.2.1
                         R6_2.5.1
   [9] reprex_2.0.0
                         evaluate_0.14
                                          highr_0.9
                                                           httr_1.4.2
##
## [13] pillar_1.6.4
                         rlang_0.4.12
                                          readxl_1.3.1
                                                           rstudioapi_0.13
## [17] rticles_0.22
                         rmarkdown_2.11
                                          labeling_0.4.2
                                                           bit_4.0.4
## [21] munsell_0.5.0
                         broom_0.7.6
                                          compiler_4.0.4
                                                           vipor_0.4.5
## [25] modelr_0.1.8
                         xfun_0.29
                                          pkgconfig_2.0.3
                                                           htmltools_0.5.2
                                          crayon_1.4.2
## [29] tidyselect_1.1.1 fansi_1.0.0
                                                           tzdb_0.2.0
## [33] dbplyr_2.1.0
                         withr_2.4.3
                                          grid_4.0.4
                                                           jsonlite_1.7.2
## [37] gtable_0.3.0
                         lifecycle_1.0.1 DBI_1.1.1
                                                           magrittr_2.0.1
## [41] scales_1.1.1
                         cli_3.1.0
                                          stringi_1.7.6
                                                           vroom_1.5.7
## [45] farver_2.1.0
                         fs_1.5.2
                                          xml2_1.3.3
                                                           ellipsis_0.3.2
## [49] generics_0.1.1
                         vctrs_0.3.8
                                          tools_4.0.4
                                                           bit64_4.0.5
## [53] glue_1.6.0
                         beeswarm_0.4.0
                                          hms_1.1.1
                                                           parallel_4.0.4
## [57] fastmap_1.1.0
                         yaml_2.2.1
                                          colorspace_2.0-0 rvest_1.0.2
## [61] knitr_1.37
                         haven_2.3.1
```

The current Git commit details are:

[8d57aa4] 2022-02-02: Create a third dataset for the child doc. Add 'start' parameter to build_mo

References

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