Noname manuscript No. (will be inserted by the editor)

My Example Computed Manuscript Created in Rmarkdown

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Abstract A mock computed manuscript created in RStudio using {Rmarkdown}. The {Bookdown} and {Rticles} packages were used to output the text in Springer Nature's desired manuscript format.

Keywords

1 Introduction

"Literate programming" is a style of programming that uses computational notebooks to weave together code, explanatory text, data and results into a single document, enhancing scientific communication and computational reproducibility. 1–3 (These references were added into the document using RStudio's integration with the open-source Zotero reference manager⁴ plus the Better BibTeX Zotero plugin.)

Several platforms for creating such documents exist.⁵ Typically, these documents interleave code and text 'blocks' to build a computational narrative. But some, including R Markdown, Observable, and the JupyterBook extension to the Jupyter ecosystem, also allow authors to include and execute code "inline" – that is, within the text itself.

This makes it possible to create fully executable manuscripts in which the document itself computes and inserts values and figures into the text rather than requiring authors to input them manually. This is in many ways the 'killer feature' of computed manuscripts: it circumvents the possibility that the author will enter an incorrect number, or forget to update a figure or value should

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2 Jeffrey M. Perkel,

new data arise. Among other uses, that allows authors to automatically time-stamp their documents, or insert the current version number of the software they use into their methods. For instance, this document was built at **31 Jan 2022 16:23:21 MST** and calls the following R packages: {tidyverse} ver. **1.3.0**, {ggbeeswarm} ver. **0.6.0** and {bookdown} ver. **0.24**.

In this manuscript, created in RStudio using the R Markdown language, we will demonstrate a more practical example. (A JavaScript version is available at https://observablehq.com/d/7a08166446057936.)

2 Results

2.1 Inline computation

Imagine we are analyzing data from a clinical trial. We have grouped subjects in three bins and measured the concentration of some metabolite. (These data are simulated.)

Rather than analyzing those data and then copying the results into our manuscript, we can use the programming language R to do that in the manuscript itself. Simply enclose the code inside backticks, with the letter r. For instance, we could calculate the circumference and area of a circle:

$$A = \pi r^2, C = 2\pi r$$

You could write "A = `r pi * r^2` and C = `r 2 * pi * r`". Plugging in the radius r = 10, that evaluates to "A = 314.16 and C = 62.83".

Returning to our dataset, we can count the rows in our table to determine the number of samples, and insert that into the text. Thus, we have **99** (simulated) subjects in our study (see Table 1; see R/mock_data.R in the GitHub repository for code to generate the mock dataset). Note that the tables, figures and sections in this document are numbered automatically thanks to the {bookdown} package.

The average metabolite concentration in our dataset is 185.36 (range: 78 to 298). We have 32 subjects in Group 1, 43 subjects in Group 2, and 24 in Group 3. (The numbers in **bold face type** throughout this document are computed values.)

2.2 Incorporating new data

Now suppose we get another tranche of data (Table 2). There are 60 subjects in this new dataset. Their average concentration is 185.13 (range: 77 to 299).

Combining the two datasets, we have a total of **159** subjects. The revised average metabolite concentration is **185.28** (range: **77 to 299**). We now have **55** subjects in Group 1, **60** subjects in Group 2, and **44** in Group 3. The concentration distribution for each group is shown graphically in Figure 1.

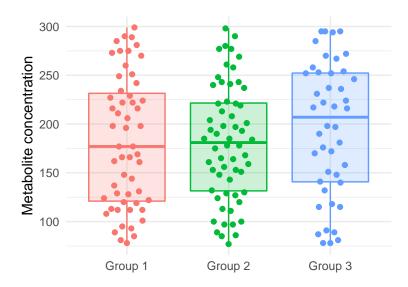


Fig. 1 Metabolite concentration of clinical trial subjects

3 Code

The following code was used to load, merge, and plot the (simulated) clinical trial data:

```
# load libraries
library(tidyverse)
library(ggbeeswarm)
library(bookdown)
# read in some initial data
df1 <- read_csv('data/example-data-1.csv')</pre>
# read new dataset
df2 <- read_csv('data/example-data-2.csv')</pre>
# merge datasets
final_data <- rbind(df1, df2)</pre>
# plot the data
p <- final_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = class, y = conc, fill = class, color = class)) +
  geom_boxplot(outlier.shape = NA, alpha = 0.2) +
  ggbeeswarm::geom_quasirandom(width = 0.25) +
  xlab("") +
```

4 Jeffrey M. Perkel,

 ${\bf Table~1}~{\rm Initial~subject~data}$

ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc
ID_1	Group 2	153	_	ID_34	Group 2	221	_	ID_67	Group 3	148
ID_{-2}	Group 1	224	_	$ID_{-}35$	Group 1	112	_	$ID_{-}68$	Group 1	281
ID_3	Group 2	127	_	$ID_{-}36$	Group 3	246	_	$ID_{-}69$	Group 3	295
ID_{-4}	Group 2	194	_	$ID_{-}37$	Group 2	190	_	$ID_{-}70$	Group 2	111
$ID_{-}5$	Group 1	251	_	$ID_{-}38$	Group 1	177	_	$ID_{-}71$	Group 2	132
$ID_{-}6$	Group 1	81	_	ID_39	Group 1	148	_	${\rm ID}_72$	Group 2	261
ID_{-7}	Group 2	100	_	$ID_{-}40$	Group 2	290	_	$ID_{-}73$	Group 1	122
ID8	Group 1	270	_	$ID_{-}41$	Group 2	151	_	$ID_{-}74$	Group 2	124
$ID_{-}9$	Group 2	100	_	$ID_{-}42$	Group 2	159	_	$ID_{-}75$	Group 1	234
$ID_{-}10$	Group 1	161	_	$ID_{-}43$	Group 2	113	_	$ID_{-}76$	Group 2	184
$ID_{-}11$	Group 3	158	_	$ID_{-}44$	Group 1	249	_	$ID_{-}77$	Group 3	272
$ID_{-}12$	Group 3	118	_	$ID_{-}45$	Group 1	124	_	$ID_{-}78$	Group 1	242
$ID_{-}13$	Group 2	143	_	$ID_{-}46$	Group 3	87	_	$ID_{-}79$	Group 2	277
$ID_{-}14$	Group 2	258		$ID_{-}47$	Group 1	166		$ID_{-}80$	Group 3	236
$ID_{-}15$	Group 3	224	_	$ID_{-}48$	Group 1	196	_	ID_81	Group 1	101
ID_16	Group 3	254	_	$ID_{-}49$	Group 1	112	_	ID82	Group 3	218
$ID_{-}17$	Group 3	190	_	$ID_{-}50$	Group 1	289	_	ID83	Group 2	130
ID_18	Group 2	148		$ID_{-}51$	Group 2	161		ID84	Group 1	128
$ID_{-}19$	Group 1	89		$ID_{-}52$	Group 3	270		ID85	Group 3	252
$ID_{-}20$	Group 2	89	_	$ID_{-}53$	Group 2	237	_	ID86	Group 1	198
$ID_{-}21$	Group 3	253		$ID_{-}54$	Group 2	280		ID87	Group 1	169
$ID_{-}22$	Group 3	231	_	$ID_{-}55$	Group 2	175	_	ID88	Group 2	185
$ID_{-}23$	Group 1	112		$ID_{-}56$	Group 2	223		ID89	Group 1	216
$ID_{-}24$	Group 2	277		$ID_{-}57$	Group 3	295		$ID_{-}90$	Group 2	185
$ID_{-}25$	Group 2	197	_	$ID_{-}58$	Group 1	275	_	ID_91	Group 2	97
$ID_{-}26$	Group 2	208	_	$ID_{-}59$	Group 2	120	_	$ID_{-}92$	Group 2	165
$ID_{-}27$	Group 2	193	_	$ID_{-}60$	Group 1	78	_	$ID_{-}93$	Group 3	89
$ID_{-}28$	Group 3	141	_	$ID_{-}61$	Group 3	78	_	$ID_{-}94$	Group 2	221
ID_29	Group 1	206		$ID_{-}62$	Group 3	140		$ID_{-}95$	Group 1	162
$ID_{-}30$	Group 2	168	—	$ID_{-}63$	Group 3	294	—	ID_96	Group 1	131
$ID_{-}31$	Group 2	298	_	ID_64	Group 3	295	_	$ID_{-}97$	Group 1	93
$ID_{-}32$	Group 1	144	_	$ID_{-}65$	Group 3	285	_	$ID_{-}98$	Group 2	240
$ID_{-}33$	Group 2	241	_	$ID_{-}66$	Group 2	129	_	$ID_{-}99$	Group 2	86

```
ylab("Metabolite concentration") +
theme_minimal() +
theme(legend.position = "none")
p
```

4 Colophon

This manuscript was built at 31 Jan 2022 16:23:22 MST using the following computational environment and dependencies:

```
## R version 4.0.4 (2021-02-15)
```

Table 2 New subject data

ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc	_	ID	Class	Conc
ID_100	Group 2	219		ID_120	Group 2	85		ID_140	Group 2	77
ID_101	Group 2	243	_	$ID_{-}121$	Group 3	181	_	ID_141	Group 1	299
$ID_{-}102$	Group 2	213	_	$ID_{-}122$	Group 3	216	_	$ID_{-}142$	Group 3	222
ID_103	Group 1	177	_	$ID_{-}123$	Group 1	222	_	$ID_{-}143$	Group 1	85
ID_104	Group 3	197	_	$ID_{-}124$	Group 3	252	_	ID_144	Group 1	273
$ID_{-}105$	Group 2	198	_	${\rm ID_125}$	Group 1	166	_	$ID_{-}145$	Group 3	115
ID_106	Group 1	120	_	$ID_{-}126$	Group 2	204	_	ID_146	Group 1	290
$ID_{-}107$	Group 3	170	_	$ID_{-}127$	Group 2	243	_	$ID_{-}147$	Group 2	269
ID_108	Group 3	78	_	$ID_{-}128$	Group 3	198	_	$ID_{-}148$	Group 2	97
ID_109	Group 1	129	_	$ID_{-}129$	Group 1	119	_	ID_149	Group 1	229
ID_110	Group 1	137	_	ID_130	Group 1	198	_	ID_150	Group 3	176
ID_111	Group 3	217	_	ID_131	Group 3	151	_	$ID_{-}151$	Group 2	164
$ID_{-}112$	Group 1	227		$ID_{-}132$	Group 3	115		$ID_{-}152$	Group 3	172
ID_113	Group 3	81	_	ID_133	Group 3	237	_	$ID_{-}153$	Group 1	222
ID_114	Group 2	248	_	ID_134	Group 2	178	_	ID_154	Group 1	285
ID_115	Group 1	211	_	ID ₋ 135	Group 1	275	_	ID ₋ 155	Group 2	153
ID_116	Group 1	113	_	ID_136	Group 2	178	_	$ID_{-}156$	Group 3	132
$ID_{-}117$	Group 1	216	_	$ID_{-}137$	Group 3	267	_	$ID_{-}157$	Group 2	156
ID_118	Group 3	91	_	$ID_{-}138$	Group 1	95	_	$ID_{-}158$	Group 1	260
ID_119	Group 3	258		ID ₋ 139	Group 1	108		ID ₋ 159	Group 2	201

```
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin17.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: macOS Big Sur 10.16
##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRblas.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
## locale:
## [1] en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats
                graphics grDevices utils
                                              datasets methods
                                                                 base
##
## other attached packages:
                        ggbeeswarm_0.6.0 forcats_0.5.1
## [1] bookdown_0.24
                                                          stringr_1.4.0
## [5] dplyr_1.0.5
                        purrr_0.3.4
                                         readr_2.1.1
                                                          tidyr_1.1.3
                      ggplot2_3.3.3
## [9] tibble_3.1.6
                                         tidyverse_1.3.0
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] Rcpp_1.0.7
                       lubridate_1.8.0 assertthat_0.2.1 digest_0.6.29
## [5] utf8_1.2.2
                        R6_2.5.1
                                         cellranger_1.1.0 backports_1.2.1
                     evaluate_0.14
## [9] reprex_2.0.0
                                         highr_0.9
                                                         httr_1.4.2
## [13] pillar_1.6.4
                        rlang_0.4.12
                                         readxl_1.3.1
                                                          rstudioapi_0.13
```

6 Jeffrey M. Perkel,

```
## [17] rticles_0.22
                                           labeling_0.4.2
                                                            bit_4.0.4
                         rmarkdown_2.11
## [21] munsell_0.5.0
                         broom_0.7.6
                                           compiler_4.0.4
                                                            vipor_0.4.5
## [25] modelr_0.1.8
                         xfun_0.29
                                           pkgconfig_2.0.3
                                                            htmltools_0.5.2
## [29] tidyselect_1.1.1 fansi_1.0.0
                                           crayon_1.4.2
                                                            tzdb_0.2.0
## [33] dbplyr_2.1.0
                         withr_2.4.3
                                           grid_4.0.4
                                                            jsonlite_1.7.2
## [37] gtable_0.3.0
                         lifecycle_1.0.1
                                          DBI_1.1.1
                                                            magrittr_2.0.1
## [41] scales_1.1.1
                         cli_3.1.0
                                           stringi_1.7.6
                                                            vroom_1.5.7
## [45] farver_2.1.0
                         fs_1.5.2
                                           xml2_1.3.3
                                                            ellipsis_0.3.2
                                                            bit64_4.0.5
## [49] generics_0.1.1
                         vctrs_0.3.8
                                          tools_4.0.4
## [53] glue_1.6.0
                                                            parallel_4.0.4
                         beeswarm_0.4.0
                                          hms_1.1.1
## [57] fastmap_1.1.0
                         yaml_2.2.1
                                           colorspace_2.0-0 rvest_1.0.2
## [61] knitr_1.37
                         haven_2.3.1
```

The current Git commit details are:

[e186c2c] 2022-01-31: Update Rmd text.

References

- 1. Shen, H. Interactive notebooks: Sharing the code. *Nature* **515**, 151–152 (2014).
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